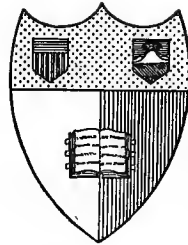


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SECTION III.



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1879. He was also a member of the Constitutional Convention in 1889.

BROTHER DANFORTH is a thorough New Englander, counting no labor too heavy, no sacrifice of personal comfort or gain too great, if thereby some benefit should accrue to his native State. As a business man he is shrewd, far-seeing and successful. He holds the position of Treasurer of several Fire Insurance Companies of New Hampshire, and is a member of the Investment Committee of the Union Guaranty Savings Bank of Concord. He was for two years President of the New Hampshire Club.

In 1859 BROTHER DANFORTH married an estimable lady, a teacher in the public schools of Nashua, N. H., Mary A. Holmes, who entered into rest in 1878.

Faithful to all duties and responsibilities, he retains the confidence and esteem of his fellow-citizens.

In his pleasant home, surrounded with friends and every social and intellectual advantage, actively identified with the commercial, social and Masonic life of his city, he has apparently before him many years of extended usefulness.

**BRO. JOHN COATS**, first Grand Master of Masons of Maryland, was born in the city of Philadelphia, July 11, 1751. His parents were of the denomination of Friends, or Quakers, and were people in apparently comfortable if not affluent circumstances; for they were able to give their son not only the advantages of a good academic and professional education, but after their death a very handsome patrimony. He received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the celebrated school established by Dr. Shippen, in the city of Philadelphia, and entered upon the practice of his profession in his native city just previous to the commencement of hostilities in the war of the Revolution. But the call to arms found him in the ranks of his countrymen, and it was his fortune to become one of that devoted band which followed Arnold into Canada in 1775. He participated in all the hardships, fatigues and dangers of the remarkable march through the wilderness of the North to join General Montgomery beneath the walls of Quebec, was present at the assault upon that city and its fortifications, and witnessed the death of his chief in command, being himself severely wounded while scaling the ramparts. Subsequently, and after he had fully recovered from his wounds, he again embarked in the cause of his country. And it is said that with an entire unselfishness, a trait which seems to have marked every important act of his life, he devoted his whole patrimony to the enlisting and equipment of a body of soldiers, in command of which he joined the main army under Washington. That he bore himself honorably and creditably in the service of his country is attested by the fact that to the end of his life he enjoyed the esteem and friendship of many of the officers whose acquaintance and intimacy he had formed while in the service. His rank and services entitled him to membership in the Society of the Cincinnati, and we

find his name recorded in the Maryland Branch of that society.

BRO. COATS was made a Mason in the old Lodge, No. 3, in Philadelphia, about the year 1755. This Lodge was at that time under the "Moderns." The Provincial Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, under the "Ancients," was organized in 1764, but it is said that the records were either mislaid or carried away during the confusion of the war, for which reason we are unable to trace the Masonic career of BRO. COATS during the early years of that Grand Body. From the earliest records in the possession of the Grand Lodge of that State at present, we find that in 1779 Grand Master Ball appointed BRO. COATS his Deputy, a position he continued to hold even after he took up his residence in Maryland. Throughout these records his name figures conspicuously, and it appears that he manifested an earnest zeal in the cause of Masonry. It is said that few were his equals in a knowledge of the rituals and ceremonies, and in that which he so loved and enjoyed it was ever his desire that others should participate.

Having previously resided temporarily in Maryland, in 1773, we find that on the 16th of September of that year he received a warrant from the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, for Lodge No. 17, Queenstown, Queen Anne County, and of which he was for several years the Master. After removing to that State and settling permanently in 1780, we find that he received from the same Grand Lodge a warrant to hold a Lodge at Cambridge, and still later we find him presenting the petition for a Lodge at Talbot Court House (now Easton), and we doubt not that most of the Lodges at that period on the Eastern Shore of Maryland were organized and instituted through his instrumentality.

He took a prominent part in the formation of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Maryland, and the estimation in which he was held by the Brethren of that jurisdiction is fully attested by the fact that he was elected Grand Master at the preliminary organization of the Grand Lodge in 1783, and again at its full and complete organization in 1787, holding the position until 1793, with the exception of an interval of one year. Impaired health finally determined him to decline further re election.

BRO. COATS was married June 22, 1779, to Miss Susannah Murry, and the fruits of this union were two daughters and a son, but one of whom, a daughter, survived him. His son, John H. Coats, was a lieutenant in the United States Navy, and died in 1807 in the twenty-first year of his age.

BRO. COATS died November 30, 1810, and was buried in the common burial ground at Easton, at his own request. This burial ground he had been chiefly instrumental in securing for the use of strangers, and for which he contributed largely from his own slender means. After resting here some eighteen years, his remains were removed to a more favorable site and a suitable monument erected over them by the Brethren,



commemorative of the services he had rendered to the Fraternity. The monument is a simple obelisk of marble upon a base about twelve feet high, and bears this inscription :

TO THE MEMORY OF  
DOCTOR JOHN COATS,  
FIRST GRAND MASTER  
OF THE GRAND LODGE  
OF MARYLAND,

THIS MONUMENT IS ERECTED BY HIS  
BRETHREN OF COATS LODGE No. 76,  
A. S. L. 5828.

**BRO. JAMES BESTOR MERRITT**, 33°, Grand Master of the Grand Consistory of California, 1893, was born in the town of Spring Hill, Marengo County, Alabama, December 31, 1839, where his father and mother were at the time engaged in teaching. His father, James B. Merritt, after whom he was named, was a descendant of Jacques Maurite, who, being expelled from France at the revocation of the Edict of Nantes, by Louis XIV, had settled in the Huguenot Colony on the east line of New York State. His mother, Sarah Goodwin Humphrey, was a lineal descendant of Martin Humphrey, the first settler of the town of Simsbury, Connecticut. His father died a few days previous to his birth and was buried on the day he was born. A few months later the widowed mother returned to Simsbury, Conn., with her child, where she had a mother and grandmother living. Being, however, a woman of great energy and strong character she soon went to the south again and resumed her avocation as a teacher; in the meanwhile leaving her son with her mother and grandmother. When the son had reached the age of nine years, his mother married a second time, and to a well known resident of Simsbury. The son was carefully trained and educated in the several excellent schools of Norwalk, Conn., and of Wilbraham and Amherst, Mass.

After leaving school, he was employed for some time in a fuse manufactory; thus securing the practical training and knowledge which has since proved of such signal benefit to him. In 1857 he taught school in New Jersey, and in the following year in Connecticut. He then went to Adams County, Illinois, where he devoted his time to teaching and farming. Five years later, on May 26, 1863, he married Miss Catharine E. Cormeny, a native of York, Pennsylvania, but at the time a resident of Payson, Illinois. In September, 1864, he returned to Connecticut and ran a grist and saw mill at Simsbury till February, 1866, when he once more went to Illinois, locating at Payson, and in addition to farming taught school during the winter months, till 1871. He then went to California, arriving there on the 28th of October, 1871, where he took charge of the fuse factory at Seminary Park for its proprietors, Toy, Bickford & Co., of Simsbury, Conn., which business he has successfully managed ever since. When in 1879 the three fuse factories combined, he assumed the management of the San Fran-

cisco office. In April, 1887, he became a partner of the firm, then Ensign, Bickford & Co., and has retained his interest therein to the present time.

**BRO. MERRITT** has also enjoyed the distinction of having had placed upon his shoulders the responsibility which public trust imposes. He was elected and served as a Justice of the Peace in Payson, Ill., in 1870 and 1871, and again in California in 1874, '5, '6, '7 and '8. He is one of the leading men in the social and civic circles of his adopted State; his unquestioned integrity, judgment and good sense, sustained by a liberal education, giving him a most elevated position in the esteem and regard of the community in which he resides.

Early in life he had united with the Congregational Church of Simsbury, Conn., and subsequently, on his going to the Pacific Coast, united with the First Congregational Church at Alameda, for which he built a house of worship. Later, however, he sold the property and left the society. He then united with the First Presbyterian Church of Oakland, of which he has since been an active and consistent member.

**BRO. MERRITT** was made a Mason in St. Mark's Lodge, No. 36, of Simsbury, Conn., January 22, 1866; dimitted and affiliated with Payson Lodge, No. 379, at Payson, Ill., October 10, 1866; dimitted and affiliated with Oak Grove Lodge, No. 215, of Alameda, California, in August, 1881, and of which Lodge he is still a member. In 1882 he was elected and served as Junior Warden of the latter Lodge; in 1883, as Senior Warden, and was re-elected in 1884; and in 1885 became its Worshipful Master. In the following year, 1886, he was appointed Inspector of the 24th Masonic District of California, and discharged the duties thereof with marked ability.

He was made a Royal Arch Mason in Alameda Chapter, No. 36, (now Oakland Chapter, No. 36) of Oakland, Cal., March 2, 1881; and a Royal and Select Master, in Oakland Council, No. 12, June 15, 1882. He was elected and served as King of his Chapter in 1891; and in his Council filled respectively the office of Deputy Master in 1883, and Thrice Illustrious Master in 1884. The same year he was appointed Grand Steward of the Grand Council R. S. and S. M. of California. The year following, 1885, he was elected Principal Conductor of the Work; in 1886-'87, Deputy Grand Master, and in 1888, M. Ill. Grand Master.

He was created a Knight of the Red Cross, July 19, 1881, and received the Order of the Temple and of Malta, August 23, 1881, in Oakland Commandery, No. 11, K. T., at Oakland, Cal. He was appointed Standard Bearer in 1882-83; was elected Generalissimo in 1884-85, and Em. Commander in 1887.

He received the several grades of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, from the 4th to the 30th, inclusive, in the bodies of that Rite located in the Valley of San Francisco, in October and November, 1882, and the 31st and 32d, in the Grand Consistory of Califor-





BROTHER JAMES B. MERRITT, 33°,

GRAND MASTER OF THE GRAND CONSISTORY M.M.S.S. 32° A.A.S.R. OF CALIFORNIA.

HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33° OF A.A.S.R. SOUTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.





*James B. Merritt 33°*

Grand Master of the Grand Consistory of M. R. S. 32° A. A. S. R. of  
California



nia, at the same place, January 11, 1883. He became a charter member of Oakland Lodge of Perfection, No. 12 (as Senior Warden), of Gethsemane Chapter of Rose-Croix No. 5, and De Molay Council of Kadosh No. 2, of Oakland, October 12, 1883. He was elected Venerable Master of Oakland L. of P. No. 12, in 1885; Wise Master of Gethsemane Chapter Rose-Croix No. 5, in 1886, and Em. Commander of De Molay Council of Kadosh No. 2, in 1887. He served as Bearer of the Beauseant of the Grand Consistory of California in 1886, 87, 88 and 89; was elected Grand Constable in 1890; Grand Preceptor in 1891; Grand Prior in 1892 and Venerable Grand Master in 1893.

He was elected a Knight Commander of the Court of Honor, and received the Thirty-third degree as Honorary Inspector General of the Supreme Council for the Southern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States, in October, 1886; and was crowned at San Francisco, California, January 16, 1887, by Ill. Thomas H. Caswell, 33°, Active Inspector General and Deputy for the Supreme Council.

In October, 1892, he attended the meeting of the Supreme Council, 33°, in Washington, D. C., and while there received the Royal Order of Scotland from Bro. J. H. Drummond, Prov. Grand Master of the United States.

He crossed the "hot sands" with the first San Francisco Caravan in August, 1883, and is a member of Islam Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

Together with Mrs. Merritt, he joined Oak Leaf Chapter, No. 8, Order of the Eastern Star of Oakland, Cal., in June, 1883, and served as its Worthy Patron in 1887. This is said to be the largest Chapter in the United States, having over 300 members.

Ill. Bro. MERRITT is also identified with several other organizations such as Garden City Lodge No. 1745, Knights of Honor, and Ashler Lodge No. 145, A. O. U. W. of Alameda, being a charter member of each, and is also an active member of the Masonic Veterans Association of the Pacific Coast, since April 14, 1887.

He enjoys in an eminent degree that popularity which follows in all cases the zealous discharge of duty, courteous deportment and the exhibition of rare good judgment. These traits have not only reflected honor upon him, but have added a lustre to the fair name of the Fraternity on the Pacific Coast. He is ever alive to the interests of the Order, and cheerfully labors to advance the work in whatever grade he may be placed.

His residence at Seminary Park, Alameda County, Cal., where he has lived since he first went to that State, is the centre of his best affections, the hearthstone around which are gathered the objects of his warmest regards. These are his estimable wife, and four daughters and a son. The latter of these is also a Mason, and rapidly advancing in the footsteps of his Ill. father, while two of the daughters, with the mother, are "Eastern Stars."

**BRO. THOMAS HOPKINSON**, Provincial Grand Master of Pennsylvania, was born in London, April 6, 1709. He received the advantages of the best schools of England of that period, and entered upon the profession of the law. About 1731 he emigrated to Pennsylvania and settled in the city of Philadelphia. Here he soon became Deputy Clerk of the Orphans' Court, and on the death of Charles Read, Esq., the Clerk, he succeeded to the office. He also became Master of the Rolls from June 20, 1736, until 1741; Deputy Prothonotary and afterwards Prothonotary of Philadelphia County, and was chosen a Common Councilman October 6, 1747. Two years later he became a County Justice. Subsequently he received a royal commission from England appointing him a Judge of the Admiralty in the Province of Pennsylvania.

**BRO. HOPKINSON** was made a Mason in St. John's Lodge of Philadelphia, November 5, 1733. In June, 1734, he was chosen one of the Wardens of the Grand Lodge, and served in said office during the term of the then G. M. Bro. Franklin. In June, 1735, he was appointed Deputy Grand Master by the then G. M. Bro. James Hamilton, and in June, 1736, he was elected to the honorable station of Grand Master.

**BRO. HOPKINSON** took an active interest in all the public enterprises of the time, being one of the incorporators of the Library Company, one of the original trustees of the College, now the University of Pennsylvania, and was the first President of the Philosophical Society. He was an able coadjutor of Bro. Franklin, and rendered him valuable assistance in his electrical experiments. His son, Francis Hopkinson, became one of the immortal signers of the Declaration of Independence, and his grandson, Joseph Hopkinson, is best known as the author of our National song, "Hail Columbia." The distinguished sire of these patriot sons died in Philadelphia November 5, 1751, in the forty-second year of his age, and as yet a comparatively young man.

**BRO. GEORGE PLATER**, the sixth Governor of the State of Maryland, was born in St. Mary's County, Md., in 1736. His father, the Hon. George Plater, was for many years a member of Lord Baltimore's Council of State, naval officer at Patuxent, and subsequently Secretary of State; dying in 1755, in the sixtieth year of his age. The son, the subject of our sketch, enjoyed the advantages of the excellent schools existing at this early period of the Colony, and in 1753, graduated from William and Mary College with distinguished honors. He early in life became closely and prominently connected with the affairs of the Province of Maryland, and one of the popular leaders identified with the independence of the Colonies. He was a member of the Convention of 1776, which framed the Constitution of the State, and was one of the five able and distinguished patriots chosen by this convention to prepare the "Declaration of Rights;" his associates being Charles Carroll, barrister,



Samuel Chase, Charles Carroll of Carrollton, and Robert Goldsborough.

He was also a delegate to the Colonial Congress from 1778 to 1781. At the Convention held at Annapolis, April, 1788, for the purpose of ratifying the Constitution of the United States, he was chosen as the presiding officer, and served with signal ability. In 1791, he was elected to the gubernatorial office of the State, becoming the sixth in the line of succession.

**BRO. PLATER** was made a Mason in the old Leonardtown Lodge, and became its Junior Warden, at its organization, June 6, 1759. The proceedings of the Lodge show, that he was an active member and constant in his attendance between the years 1759 and 1762, serving several terms as Worshipful Master.

**BRO. GOVERNOR PLATER** died at Annapolis, Maryland, February 10, 1792, universally respected and honored for his many rare virtues and eminent abilities as a man and a patriot.

**BRO. OTIS EVERETT WELD**, 33<sup>o</sup>, was born in the City of Boston, Massachusetts, May 14, 1840. He is a son of John Davis Weld and Hannah Elizabeth Weld, *née* Everett, a daughter of Otis Everett, after whom he was named. He was educated in the public schools of Boston, and is a graduate of the High School of that city. He entered the employ of John D. & M. Williams, wine and spirit merchants of that city on July 15, 1856, as a clerk, and ten years later, on February 1, 1866, was admitted as a partner in the business. He was eminently prosperous, and in 1882 succeeded to the sole proprietorship of the business—a business which had been established as early as 1812, and had attained a markedly prominent standing in the commercial circles of New England.

**BRO. WELD** was somewhat imbued with the military spirit in his younger days, which led him to join the Independent Corps of Cadets of Boston, in 1859. He was elected and commissioned First Lieutenant of a company in November, 1863, and served for some ten years, when he resigned and was honorably discharged January, 1873. He was also the Treasurer of the corps for several years. With the corps he was mustered into the U. S. service in May, 1862, and did duty for several weeks at Fort Warren, in Boston Harbor. He has never held any political office, the interests of his business requiring his entire and exclusive attention, aside from the time devoted to the trusts which he represents; being Trustee and Guardian in several Estates, as also a director in the Boylston Insurance Company and the Third National Bank of Boston.

**BRO. WELD** was first introduced to Masonic light in Lodge Eleusis, Boston, January 18, 1866, was crafted March 26, and raised a Master Mason May 17, 1866. He filled the respective offices of Senior Deacon, Junior Warden and Senior Warden, and in December, 1872, was elevated to the office of Worshipful Master, and re-elected in 1873. He has since been elected one of the Trustees of the Lodge Fund, which position

he still holds. In December, 1879, he was elected Junior Grand Warden of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts and became a prominent member December, 1880. He is also a member of the Board of Directors of the Grand Body.

**BRO. WELD** was made a Royal Arch Mason in St. Andrew's R. A. Chapter, Boston, in 1866 and 1867; receiving his final degrees February, 1867. He became a Life Member in 1874, and is one of the Trustees of the Chapter Funds. In 1867 he was also created a Knight Templar in St. Bernard Commandery of Boston, in which he has filled the several subordinate offices, and in 1873 and 1874 was elected and served as its Eminent Commander. He was made a Life Member, January 12, 1876, and in December, 1877, was elected Treasurer, a position which he still holds. He received the degrees of Royal and Select Master in Boston Council, R. and A. S. M., September 30, 1869, and is a Life Member of said Body.

The degrees of the A. A. S. R. were conferred upon **BRO. WELD** in the Boston Lodge of Perfection, in Boston Council, P. of J., and in Mt Olivet Chapter of Rose-Croix, April 24, 1868. He has filled several minor offices in the Council, is a Life Member of both Council and L. of P., and has been an Honorary Member of the Rose-Croix Chapter since April 7, 1871. In the latter body he has held the office of M. E. P. K., Junior Warden for ten years, declining promotion always. The Consistorial degrees were conferred in Boston Consistory in May, 1868, and of this body **BRO. WELD** is also a Life Member.

He was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector General, 33<sup>o</sup>, and elected an Honorary Member of the Supreme Council for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction, at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, September 18, 1878.

**ILL. BRO. WELD** is one of Boston's most prominent business men, enjoying the fullest esteem and confidence of its business circles. In all his relations, both social and commercial, he commands the highest regards of his associates, by reason of his sterling qualities of heart and mind. Especially is this the case with his Masonic brethren, by whom he is held in the greatest esteem. Averse to official promotion; ever indicating a retiring disposition, his official Masonic life is not so extended as many others; yet his interest and zeal in the work of the Fraternity has been none the less. He has been a staunch supporter of the Order, one of its ablest councillors, and moreover, a model example of its sublime teachings and ennobling sentiments.

**BRO. THOMAS PROCTOR**, the distinguished Revolutionary General and resident of Philadelphia, was born in 1740. His military career is a conspicuous feature of American history, too voluminous, however, to condense within the limits of this sketch. He it was who first brought to the notice of President Thomas Mifflin of the Executive Council of Pennsylvania, by letters of February 3, 1790, the propriety of





BROTHER OTIS E. WELD, 33<sup>o</sup>,

PAST EM.<sup>o</sup> COMMANDER OF ST. BERNARD COMMANDERY, OF BOSTON, MASS.

HON.<sup>o</sup> MEM.<sup>o</sup> OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33<sup>o</sup> OF A.<sup>o</sup> A.<sup>o</sup> S.<sup>o</sup> R.<sup>o</sup> NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.







*Yours fraternally*  
*Otis E. Weld 33°*

P. Em. Com. St. Bernard Commandery, Boston, Mass.  
Hon. Mem. Sup. Coun. 33° A. A. S. R. N. M. J.



celebrating the birthday of our esteemed Bro.: Washington. He was also a member of the committee appointed to notify Bro.: Washington of the contemplated design to unite all the Grand bodies under a National Body, and to make him (Bro.: Washington) the Grand Master of the latter body.

BRO.: PROCTOR was made a Mason in Philadelphia, Lodge No. 2 (now Montgomery, No. 12).

While in the army, he, in conjunction with his Masonic associates in the Pennsylvania line, applied to the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania for a warrant to hold a Lodge in the 1st Penna. Regiment of Artillery, which was granted, and BRO.: PROCTOR made the Master of the Lodge.

He returned to the bosom of his family at the close of the war, and for the remaining years of his life was a prominent factor in the social and commercial circles of his native city. He died March 16, 1807, in the sixty-seventh year of his age, highly respected and universally beloved, both as a citizen and a Mason.

**BRO.: JOHN JACOB ASTOR**, Grand Treasurer of the G.: L.: of New York, 1798, 1799 and 1800, was born in the village of Waldorf, in the Duchy of Baden, Germany, July 17, 1763. At the age of sixteen he joined his brother in London in the business of making musical instruments, and four years later (1783) embarked for Baltimore, taking a stock of instruments with him. These he exchanged in New York for furs, which he took to London and disposed of to great advantage. Thus encouraged he resolved to devote himself to the fur trade, and with this in view made himself acquainted with the various European markets and carefully studied the different kinds of furs. On returning to America he established himself in New York, which was henceforth his permanent place of residence. His enterprise and thrift soon enabled him to ship his furs in his own vessels, which brought back cargoes of foreign produce, thereby reaping a double profit. In sixteen years he had acquired a fortune of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Such was his diligence and so great were his talents for business, that when his commerce covered the seas, he was enabled to control the action of his shipmasters and supercargoes in the minutest details, and rarely if ever was he known to have erred either in judgment or in a knowledge of the facts. He conceived the vast scheme of connecting the fur trade with the Pacific by means of a line of trading-posts extending from the Great Lakes along the Missouri and Columbia to the mouth of the latter river, where he founded Astoria in April, 1811, to be used as a central depot, and then, by getting possession of one of the Sandwich Islands as a station, to supply China and the Indies with furs directly from the Pacific Coast. The disasters which befel two of the expeditions sent out to the Pacific for this purpose, and the desertion of one of the principal agents or partners in the enterprise, and his betrayal of Astor's plans to the

Northwest (British) Fur Company, prevented the success of this scheme.

BRO.: ASTOR invested largely in real estate, erected numerous buildings, both public and private, and thus, from the almost unexampled rise in the value of this kind of property in New York during the first half of the present century, added immensely to his rapidly increasing wealth.

BRO.: ASTOR was made a Mason in Holland Lodge, No. 8, of New York City, in 1790, and was Master of that Lodge in 1798. In the following June, 1798, he was elected Grand Treasurer of the Grand Lodge, serving three years.

At his death on March 29, 1848, his property was estimated at not less than twenty million of dollars. Among his bequests were four hundred thousand dollars for the establishment of a library in New York, fifty thousand dollars to his native village in Germany, thirty thousand dollars to "The German Society of New York," thirty thousand dollars to "The Home for Aged Ladies," five thousand dollars each to "The Blind Asylum," and "The Half-Orphan Asylum," and two thousand dollars to the church of which he was a member. Almost the whole of his property was left to his son, William B. Astor, who, subsequently, added nearly as much more to the endowment of the library, so that it is now one of the most liberally endowed institutions of the kind on the American continent.

The bequest to his native village of Waldorf has resulted in the founding of an institution that appears to be doing a great deal of good in a quiet German manner. It is called the Astor House and the leading objects of the institution are: 1. The care of the poor, who, through age, disease or other causes, are incapable of labor; 2. The rearing and instruction of poor children, especially those who live in Waldorf. Non-residents are received if there is room, but they must make compensation for their board and instruction. Children are received at the age of six, and maintained until they are fifteen or sixteen. Besides school instruction, there is ample provision for physical culture. They are trained in active and industrious habits, and each of them, according to his disposition, is to be taught a trade, or instructed in agriculture, market gardening, the care of vineyards, or of cattle, with a view to rendering them efficient farm servants or stewards. It is also in contemplation to assist the blind, the deaf and dumb, and finally, to establish a nursery for very young children left destitute. Catholics and Protestants are admitted on equal terms, religious differences not being recognized in the applicants for admission. Some time having elapsed before the preliminary arrangements were completed, the accumulated interest of the fund went so far towards paying for the buildings, that of the original fifty thousand dollars not less than forty-three thousand have been permanently invested for the support of the Institution. It was opened with much cere-



mony, January 9, 1854, the same year the Astor Library was opened to the public in the city of New York. Thus, BRO.: ASTOR has left, both in his native and his adopted home, institutions which shall as living monuments commemorate his great benevolence and true Masonic virtues.

**BRO.: J. SIMPSON AFRICA**, Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, was born in the borough of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, September 15, 1832. His parents were Daniel Africa and Elizabeth Isabella (Simpson) Africa. He was educated at the Huntingdon Academy and trained as a surveyor and civil engineer; and for more than thirty years was actively engaged in that profession. In this he followed the paths of his father and a maternal uncle, and has been succeeded in said business by one of his sons, (J. Murray Africa), a graduate of the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, of Troy, New York.

Paternally, BRO.: AFRICA is of German extraction and maternally, Scotch. His ancestors have resided in Pennsylvania for more than a century and a half. Mrs. Africa, to whom he was married January 1, 1856, was a Miss Dorothea C. Greenland, eldest daughter of Joshua Greenland, then Sheriff of Huntingdon County, and a sister of General Walter W. Greenland, at present Adjutant-General of Pennsylvania. This estimable lady died November 15, 1886, leaving surviving her three sons, B. Franklin, a member of Lodge, No. 300, Standing-stone Chapter, No. 201, and Huntingdon Commandery, Huntingdon, Penna.; J. Murray, also a member of the same bodies; and Walter G., residing in the City of Manchester, N. H., and a member of the Masonic bodies there, up to and including the 32°.

BRO.: AFRICA enjoys the highest esteem of his neighbors, and early received their confidence and favor. He was for a time the secretary of the borough of Huntingdon, its engineer, and at different times its chief burgess. He was the treasurer of the Huntingdon Presbyterian Church and one of its trustees for a number of years, and also is a director of the First National Bank of that place.

He has been at all times an ardent adherent of the Democratic party, and ever actively entered into the spirit of a political campaign in the advancement of his party's interest. He early became a recognized leader in its ranks, and his services were commensurately rewarded by the favor of political preferment. From 1853 to 1857 he served as surveyor of the county of Huntingdon, to the great satisfaction of his constituents. In 1858 and 1859 he was elected to the position of Journal Clerk in the State Senate, and in 1860 as a member of the House of Representatives. From 1875 to 1879 he served as Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania. From 1881 to 1883 he was cashier of the First National Bank of Huntingdon, Penna., and in 1882 was elected Secretary of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania for the term beginning May, 1883. At the close of his term in 1887, he was chosen President of the Union Trust Company,

of Philadelphia, which position he now acceptably fills.

BRO.: AFRICA was initiated in Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 300, of Huntingdon, Penna., January 16, 1866; was crafted March 1, 1866; and raised June 11, 1866. He was made a Royal Arch Mason in Standing-Stone R.: A.: Chapter, No. 201, of Huntingdon, October 20, 1868.

During the years 1869, 1870 and 1871, he served as Secretary of his Lodge. In 1872 he became Junior Warden, and in 1873 was advanced to the position of Senior Warden; becoming its Worshipful Master in 1874.

He was elected and served as Junior Grand Warden of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania in 1885 and 1886; as Senior Grand Warden in 1887 and 1888; as Deputy Grand Master in 1889 and 1890; and as Grand Master in 1891 and 1892.

BRO.: AFRICA has ever manifested a very deep interest in the welfare of the fraternity, and is looked upon as a recognized authority in whatever may pertain to the history of the Craft. He delivered the historical address at the Sesqui-Centennial of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, in June, 1882, for which he received the highest commendation from the brethren present upon that occasion. He has also been prominent in committee work in the Grand Body, especially on the Committee of Correspondence in 1883 and 1884. He is also the Representative of the Grand Lodges of Missouri and New Hampshire near the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania.

BRO.: AFRICA has also served as Secretary, Scribe, King, and High Priest of Chapter No. 201, wherein he is held in the highest esteem by his royal confreres. He does not belong to any other fraternal or secret order than that of the "Ancient and honorable Fraternity of Free and Accepted Masons of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," and to that alone he gives his warmest attachment and tenderest regards. He has been the recipient of many evidences of the fraternal regard and esteem in which he is held by the Brethren of the Royal Craft; and he feels proud of the fact that all of his sons and all of his brothers-in-law (five in number) are "travelling the same road"; three of them having served as Masters of their respective Lodges.

**BRO.: JOHN CRAWFORD, M.D.**, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, 1801-1813, was born in Ireland, on the 3d of May, 1746, and died a citizen of Baltimore, on the 9th day of May, 1813, aged sixty-seven years. He was the second son of a clergyman of the North of Ireland, who was of an illustrious though impoverished family, a scholar, a man of elevated genius and of extraordinary virtue. These excellent traits were inherited by the son, as shown by his enthusiastic devotion to the Bible, and his energetic and practical piety, which were for so many years the leading characteristics of his mind. He was sent at the age of seventeen to the College of





BROTHER J. SIMPSON AFRICA,

PAST GRAND MASTER OF THE GRAND LODGE OF PENNSYLVANIA.





1875

*J. Simpson Africa*

Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania.





Dublin to pursue his classical studies, and later to the University of Leyden, an institution at that time in high reputation, and from which he received his degree of Doctor of Medicine. He afterwards made two voyages to the East Indies as Surgeon in the East India Company's service, and at his return received the thanks of the Company, with a considerable present in addition to his pay, for the uncommon zeal with which he had performed his duty, and the important services he had rendered.

In 1778 he was married, and soon after received the appointment of Physician to the Hospital in Barbadoes, whither he immediately went with his family. A situation at once so honorable and lucrative, he filled indeed with honor; but careless of wealth, those golden opportunities of acquiring a colossal fortune, which were placed within his reach, by contracts given him for supplying the British fleets on the West India Station, he transferred without compensation or share in the profits to others, with excessive, and, indeed, almost reprehensible liberality. Another striking instance of his disinterestedness occurred about this period. In 1780, almost the whole island of Barbadoes was torn to pieces by a tremendous hurricane. Amidst the general destruction which swept away houses, plantations and property of every kind, his remained uninjured. Not a single medicine was left in the island except what was in his possession. He disdained to profit by the disaster of his fellow-creatures. His medicines were dispensed with a liberal hand to all who needed them, and his coffers were enriched with no gold wrung from the distresses of humanity.

In 1782 ill health compelled him to return to England. During this voyage, his wife, to whom he was deeply attached, died under an accumulation of mournful circumstances, and left him with two infant children. He proceeded to England, where he remained until the recovery of his health, when he returned to Barbadoes. Not long after he went to Demerara, where he was appointed Physician to the Colony by the Dutch Government, in whose possession it then was; and who conferred on him distinguished honors for the exemplary manner in which he discharged the important duties of his station.

In 1794 ill health again obliged him to seek relief in a European climate. He went to England, and thence passed over to Holland, for the purpose of arranging some affairs with the Government there. In the meantime the Colony of Demerara was transferred to the English; and on his return from Holland he was offered the same appointment by the British Government, which he had before held under the Dutch. He declined the appointment, however, and was induced by his brother-in-law to come to this country in 1796.

He established himself in the City of Baltimore, and by the unaffected urbanity of his address, manners and his innate dignity of mind and benevolence of soul, soon gained for himself the acquaintance and esteem

of all whose respect is valuable, of every class of his fellow-citizens. With the assistance of a few men of influence, he labored with unwearied industry, until he accomplished the establishment of the "Baltimore Dispensary," from which hundreds yearly receive the inestimable blessing of health. Of this institution Dr. Crawford continued to his death, one of the most active and useful managers. He also, very early became a member of the "Hibernian Benevolent Society" in which he filled more than one distinguished office, no less to his honor, than to the advantage of that description of our fellow-citizens, who have been driven to seek that happiness and safety here, which were denied to them, in their own oppressed and ravaged country. To his indefatigable exertions is the State of Maryland, indebted for the establishment of the Penitentiary—that noble monument of the Union of Justice with Mercy in the administration of her laws. He was also one of the founders of the "Bible Society of Baltimore," that most laudable and truly fraternal association of Christians of every denomination, for the noble purpose of dispensing the light of Gospel truths to the indigent of every persuasion. He is also further entitled to the distinction of having been the first one to introduce vaccination into the City of Baltimore.

BRO. CRAWFORD was admitted to membership in Amicable Lodge, No. 25, of Baltimore, in December, 1798, and shortly afterwards was elected Master of the Lodge. In June, 1799, he was elected Deputy Grand Master of the Grand Lodge, and re-elected the following year. In May, 1801, he was elected Grand Master, and was continuously re-elected, with the exception of one year, until the time of his death, 1813. We have no record as to when and where he was first introduced to Masonic light, but in an address delivered before the Grand Lodge in 1801, and published at the time, a copy of which is extant, he referred to the fact that he had then been a Mason for over thirty years. It is therefore probable that he received his Symbolic degrees either in the East or West Indies, if not in Europe, at an early age.

BRO. CRAWFORD was not only active in the service of the Grand Lodge and Symbolic Masonry, but was also active in the other branches of the Order. At the reorganization of the Grand R. A. Chapter of Maryland and the District of Columbia, January 21, 1807, he was elected Grand High Priest, and was Chairman of the Committee that framed the first Royal Arch Constitution for that jurisdiction. He was also a member of the Old Lodge of Perfection organized in Baltimore, by Ill. Bro. Wilmans, in 1792.

The attack of illness, to which he fell a victim, was sudden and violent. It seized him on the 5th of May, 1813, and terminated its fatal, rapid career early on the morning of the 9th. The Grand Lodge and the Subordinate Lodges of the city followed his remains to their last resting place on the following day, and paid the last and sorrowful tributes to their beloved Grand

Master. They also, at a later period erected a handsome monument to his memory, as a testimony of the respect and regard they had for him and whose inscription tells us, among other excellent qualities, that "he was the father of the poor, the brother of the stranger, the friend of the friendless."

**BRO. ALLEN ANDREWS**, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio, was born in the town of Muncie, Indiana, August 11, 1849. His father and mother, George L. Andrews and Margaret Andrews, were natives of Connecticut and Pennsylvania, respectively, who had settled in that State some years previous. The father died a few years later, leaving his widow, who is still living, to care for the child. Under the mother's guidance and counsel he grew and developed intellectually as well as physically. After enjoying the advantages of the public schools in the vicinity of his home, and having been duly prepared for a college course he entered Liber College, Indiana. Graduating with distinction at the end of the course, he next devoted himself to the vocation of a teacher, and in time became the Superintendent of Public Schools at New Madison, Ohio. He next turned his attention to the study of the law, and in March, 1874, was admitted to the bar by the Supreme Court of Ohio, since which time he has been assiduously engaged in the practice of the legal profession at Hamilton, Ohio. He is a member of the well-known law firm of Morey, Andrews & Morey, which was established in October, 1880.

**BRO. ANDREWS** was married to Miss Belle Davis, a daughter of Mr. John P. Davis, of Hamilton, January 29, 1879. This union has been kindly blessed, and their happy home circle enjoys the cheery countenances and presence of five bright and lovely children. Mrs. Andrews is an estimable wife and mother, and as husband and father **BRO. ANDREWS** ever delights to add to their care and comfort. This is a source of much comfort and enjoyment to him, and in the filial love and gratitude expressed he finds himself amply repaid for whatever sacrifices or self-denials may have been made in the building up of his elegant home.

**BRO. ANDREWS** was made a Mason in Fort Black Lodge, No. 413, in the town of New Madison, Ohio, August 2, 1873; a Royal Arch Mason in Hamilton Chapter, No. 21, of Hamilton, O., May 30, 1881; a Royal and Select Master in Hamilton Council, No. 19, of the same place, November 23, 1883; created a Knight Templar in Miami Commandery, No. 22, of Lebanon, O., November 24, 1882; received the Ineffable Grades in Gabriel G. Lodge of Perfection, at Dayton, O., February 18, 1886; the A. T. G. in Miami G. Council, P. of J., at the same place, February 19, 1886; the P. and D. G. in Dayton G. Chapter of Rose-Croix, same place, February 19, 1886, and the M. H. and C. G. in Ohio Consistory S. P. R. S. 32°, at Cincinnati, O., May 13, 1886.

**BRO. ANDREWS** having affiliated with Washington Lodge, No. 17, at Hamilton, upon removing to that city, was in 1880 elected Senior Warden of that Lodge;

and in 1881, became its Master, which position he occupied through successive re-elections until 1887, a period of six years. In 1885, 1886 and 1887 he was the Grand Orator of the Grand Lodge of Ohio; in 1888 was elected Grand Senior Warden; in 1890 was advanced to the office of Deputy Grand Master, and in October, 1892, to that of Grand Master, which station he now fills with credit both to himself and the distinguished Body over which he presides.

He was the High Priest of Hamilton Chapter, No. 21, in 1887 and discharged the duties of the office with marked ability. In his Commandery he has also enjoyed the confidence and esteem of the brethren, serving as Prelate in 1886 and 1887, and in 1888 was elected Eminent Commander.

In his profession **BRO. ANDREWS** is no less distinguished than in Masonry. By unceasing toil and assiduity he has in a few years attained a high position in the ranks of the legal lights of the Ohio bar, and enjoys a reputation second to none. He has a mind naturally judicious, is keen, careful and discriminating, and seldom misconstrues a statute or a decision. He is courteous, yet firm and courageous in the trial of a case, ever on guard for the safety of his own position, and the protection and promotion of the interests of his client. A natural orator and of pleasing address, he exercises a powerful sway over the minds of the jury, almost invariably carrying them with him through a course of sound and logical reasoning based on the merits of his case as he presents them.

Grand Master Andrews is highly respected by the community in which he lives, and his exemplary habits and daily walk in life are subjects of favorable comment by those who know him best. He has a large vein of humor in his composition and is the lover of a good story. He himself bears the reputation of being an adept in this line, and none enjoys better than he the telling of a story with a vein of humor interspersed.

He is a regular attendant of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Hamilton, although not a communicant, and is closely identified with the Sabbath-school. In all of his social relations he is a model for emulation and the kind of man that will add to the character of society and elevate it by his participation and presence.

**BRO. WILLIAM PLUMSTED**, Provincial Grand Master of Pennsylvania in 1737, was born in the city of Philadelphia November 7, 1708. He was descended from a prominent and influential friend of William Penn, who was closely allied to the Proprietor and early cast his fortunes with those who came from England to settle in Penn's Colony. He was favored with more than an ordinary education, and early gave great promise of future usefulness in the Councils of the New Province. In 1739 he was chosen a member of the Common Council, and shortly thereafter, in 1745, was made Register-General of Wills, which office he filled to the day of his



BROTHER ALLEN ANDREWS, 33°,

GRAND MASTER OF THE GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF OHIO.

HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33° OF A. A. S. R. NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.





Engr. by W. T. Bazler

*Yours Fraternaly*  
*Allen Croome*

Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of the State of Ohio.



death. He was also one of the County Justices for many years.

**BRO. PLUMSTED** was made a Mason in St. John's Lodge of Philadelphia, July 1, 1734, and continued an active member of that Lodge for many years. In 1735 he was nominated and elected with Bro. Joseph Shippen, one of the Grand Wardens of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania. In 1736 he was appointed Deputy Grand Master by G. M. Thomas Hopkinson, and in 1737 was elected Grand Master. In 1755 he was elected and served as Grand Treasurer of the Grand Lodge.

**BRO. PLUMSTED** was one of the distinguished confederates of Bro. Franklin and a member of the celebrated "Junto." He took an active interest in the various enterprises of the community; was one of the original twenty-four trustees of the College, now the University of Pennsylvania; and three times served as Mayor of the city—in 1750, 1754 and 1755. Subsequently, in 1757, he represented Northampton County, Pennsylvania, in the State Assembly. He died August 10, 1765, in his fifty-seventh year, widely respected for his eminent virtues as a man and a citizen.

**BRO. OTHO HOLLAND WILLIAMS** was born in Prince George's County, Maryland, in 1748. His ancestors were natives of Wales, who emigrated to America and settled in that State soon after Lord Baltimore became proprietor of the province. He was left an orphan at the age of twelve years. As soon as he arrived at a suitable age he was placed as a clerk in the Government office at Fredericktown. Here, by his strict attention to duty, he gained the approbation of his superiors in office to such an extent that he was transferred before the Revolution commenced to the clerk's office in Baltimore and given its principal direction.

**BRO. WILLIAMS**, though holding a position of profit and honor under the Colonial Government, espoused with sincere devotion the cause of his countrymen in opposing the oppressive acts of the British Ministry, and when the war began, he resigned his clerkship and became a soldier. He was appointed a lieutenant in a company of riflemen raised in Frederick County, and went with them to Cambridge, Mass., in 1775, while the American Army was encamped before Boston. Here he was soon after promoted to the captaincy of the company.

In the spring of 1776, while in the service, he was made a Mason in the "American Union Military Lodge." This Lodge was at the time held in the camp at Roxbury, Massachusetts. He was initiated February 26th—crafted, March 11th, on the 12th was elected Junior Deacon, and on the 13th was raised to the degree of Master Mason; thus, in less than one month from his entrance to the Lodge taking the three degrees and becoming one of its officers.

During the same year a rifle regiment was organized, of which **BRO. WILLIAMS** was commissioned Major.

This regiment, on the evacuation of Boston, was sent to the Hudson, and formed a part of the garrison at Fort Washington. This fort was assailed in the fall of the same year by the British troops, and in the engagement the rifle regiment was opposed by the Hessian column, which it severely crippled. For a time it held the victory in suspense, but an overpowering force compelled the Americans to yield, and by capitulation the garrison became prisoners of war. **BRO. WILLIAMS**, who was wounded, was at once transferred to the prison-ships at New York, and suffered all the horrors of British cruelty in those abodes of disease and death. The capture of General Burgoyne's Army in the year following, by the Americans under General Gates, placed a large number of British officers in the Americans' hands, which enabled them to exchange Major Ackland, a British officer, who had been also severely wounded in the engagement under Burgoyne, for **BRO. WILLIAMS**.

While in captivity **BRO. WILLIAMS** had become entitled by the rules of military promotion, to the command of a regiment, and on his release he was placed at the head of the Sixth Regiment of the Maryland line. While in this capacity, in June, 1779, he attended and joined in the ceremonies on the occasion of the Festival of St. John the Baptist, celebrated by his Lodge and other Brethren in the army at Nelson's Point on the Hudson. Also, in December of the same year, at Morristown, New Jersey, when the Festival of St. John the Evangelist was celebrated by his Lodge, and when Bro. Washington and a large number of distinguished military Brethren were present and joined in the festivities of the day. It was upon this occasion that action was taken looking to the separation of the American Lodges from their dependence on the Grand Lodges of Great Britain. As we have already shown in the sketch of Bro. Mordecai Gist, this meeting appointed a committee to draft a report on the subject, and submit the same at a subsequent convention of the Brethren. **BRO. WILLIAMS** was appointed a member of this committee to represent the Masons in the Delaware line, while Bro. Gist represented those of the Maryland line. Bro. Gist was appointed President of the committee and **BRO. WILLIAMS** its Secretary.

The committee reported its proceedings in writing to a convention held March 6, 1780, at Morristown, which was adopted by the Brethren present, and an address was sent to the different Grand Lodges. It also contemplated a consolidation under a General Grand Master, Bro. Washington being spoken of as the one upon whom the honor should devolve.

The British having taken possession of Charleston, South Carolina, in the spring of 1780, the Maryland and Delaware lines of the army were sent to join the Southern Division. Previous to their departure for the South, having petitioned the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania for a warrant to hold a Lodge in the Maryland Line, to be held as a Military Lodge, such

warrant was granted, naming Bro.: Mordecai Gist, as Worshipful Master; Bro.: OTHO H. WILLIAMS, as Senior Warden, and Bro.: Archibald Anderson, as Junior Warden, and designating it as Lodge No. 27, on the Grand Lodge Registry.

BRO.: COLONEL WILLIAMS accompanied his regiment to the South under Baron De Kalb, but General Gates soon after assuming command of the Southern army, he was appointed Gates' Adjutant General. He bore a distinguished part in the battle of Camden, on the 16th of August, and shared with his commander in the bitter adversity of that disastrous campaign.

When General Greene succeeded to the command, BRO.: WILLIAMS was retained in his position as Adjutant General, and held it until the close of the war. He greatly distinguished himself, and enjoyed the uninterrupted confidence of his commander, and the esteem of his fellow soldiers. At the close of the war, Congress commissioned him a Brigadier-General, as a testimony of its esteem, but he retired, however, from military service, and returned to Maryland, where for a time he held the office of Collector of the Port of Baltimore. He, also, in 1787, laid out the town of Williamsport, Washington County, in that State, and after whom it takes its name.

BRO.: WILLIAMS was a man of fine personal appearance, six feet in height, elegantly formed and of pleasing manners. He married Mary, a daughter of William Smith, a wealthy merchant of Baltimore, by whom he had four sons, William, Edward, Henry and Otho. The descendants of these are among the most prominent citizens of that State.

BRO.: WILLIAMS died in 1794, of a pulmonary complaint, while on his way to the Sweet Springs of Virginia, for the benefit of his health, at the age of forty-six.

BRO.: HENRY LEE, the eminent American General and Governor of Virginia in 1791-2, was born in Westmoreland County, Virginia, January, 1756. His father, Henry Lee, was a first cousin of Richard Henry Lee. He became a captain of cavalry in 1776, joined the main army in September, 1777, and performed many daring exploits, among these the capture of Paulus Hook in July, 1779. He was raised to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in 1780, after which year he served in the army of General Greene as an officer of cavalry. He rendered important services at Guilford Court-House, March, 1781, and at the attack on Fort Mifflin, September 26, 1777. His Legion of Cavalry also materially contributed to the victory at Eutaw Springs, September 8, 1781. He became well and favorably known during the campaign as "LIGHT-HORSE HARRY."

In 1786 he was appointed a delegate to the General Congress, and five years later, in 1791, he was elected Governor of the State. Subsequently, he was again elected to the American Congress, and in 1799 was selected by that body at its sessions in Philadelphia, to pronounce the eulogy on Bro.: Washington, who

had just departed this life. December 26th was the day set apart by Congress, and an invitation was extended to the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania to unite with that body in paying appropriate tribute to the memory of the departed brother. The Fraternity universally joined, and the occasion was made a memorable one in the annals of that day. BRO.: LEE, himself a Mason, being a member of Hiram Lodge, No. 59, of Westmoreland Court-House, Va., fittingly eulogized the services of the distinguished dead, and gave utterance upon the occasion to that sentiment which still lives and will live to the end of all time: "He was first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen."

BRO.: LEE wrote a work in 1809, entitled "Memoirs of the war in the Southern States," a very valuable addition to the literature of that period. In 1814, he was severely injured by a mob in the city of Baltimore, against which he fought to defend a printing-office and its editor, and from these injuries he never recovered. He died in March 1818, in the State of Georgia, leaving four sons surviving him—Henry, Charles C., Robert E. (the famous General of the late Civil War) and Sidney Smith.

BRO.: LEROY MORTIMER TAYLOR, 33°, was born in Delaware County, in the State of New York, April 17, 1836, and is a son of Dr. Walter Taylor and Sabrina A. Taylor. He was afforded all the advantages of the common schools of his locality and in due course of time prepared for a collegiate course at the Georgetown University, District of Columbia. He graduated from the University in the class of 1860, adopting the practice of medicine as a profession. Locating in the City of Washington, he early laid the foundation of a successful practice through his skill and proficiency in the treatment of diseases. So great has been his success that with the aid of other circumstances he has been enabled to retire from active practice.

On the 26th of April, 1860, he married Miss Rose M., daughter of Mr. George W. Utermehle, of Washington, D. C., the ceremony being performed by the Rev. J. G. Butler, pastor of St. Paul's English Church, and now Chaplain of the United States Senate.

BRO.: TAYLOR was made a Mason in Federal Lodge, No. 1, of Washington, D. C., June 22, 1858; a Royal Arch Mason, in Columbia Chapter, No. 1, of the same city, March 3, 1890; was created a Knight Templar in De Molay Commandery, No. 4, also of the same city, April 24, 1890; and on the 24th of October, 1891, received the degrees of Royal and Select Master in Washington Council, No. 1.

BRO.: TAYLOR had availed himself of the grades of the A.: and A.: S.: Rite at an earlier period, taking the 14th degree in Mithras L.: of P.: of Washington, D. C., March 4, 1884; the 18th degree in Evangelist Chapter Knights of Rose-Croix, Washington, D. C., April 9, 1884; the 30th degree in Robert De Bruce Council of Knights Kadosh, Washington, D. C., July



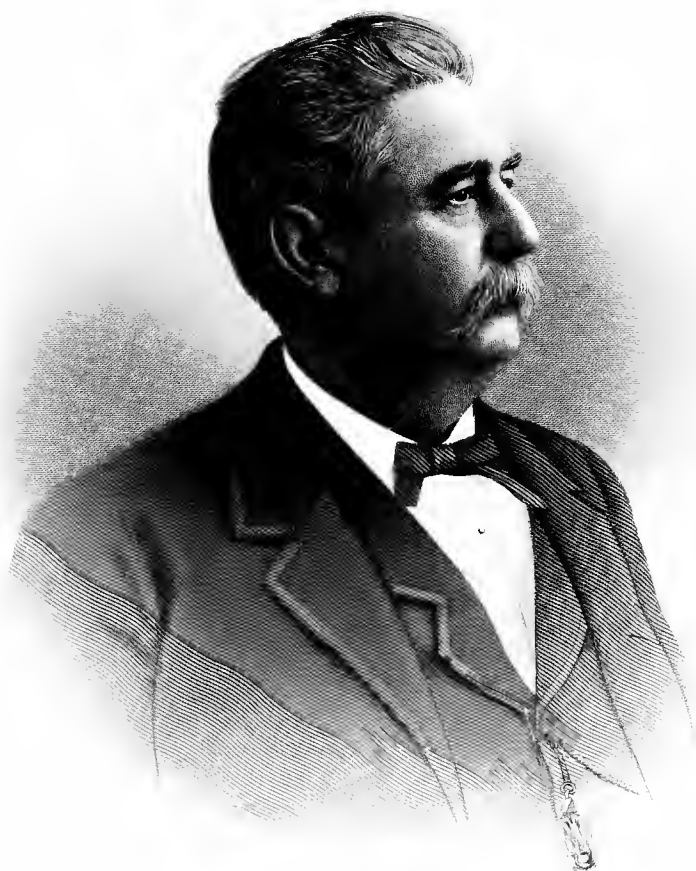


BROTHER LEROY M. TAYLOR, 33<sup>o</sup>,

CHARTER MEMBER OSIRIS LODGE, No. 26, WASHINGTON, D. C.

HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33<sup>o</sup> OF A. A. S. R. SOUTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.





Engd by W T Baskett

Fraternally Yours  
Leroy M Taylor 33°

Charter Member Osiris Lodge No. 26 Washington, D C.



23, 1884; and the 32d degree in Albert Pike Consistory, M.: R.: S.:, Washington, D. C., October 1, 1884.

BRO.: TAYLOR was coronetted an Honorary Inspector General (33°) by the Supreme Council for the Southern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States, at Washington, D. C., October 22, 1890.

He was the Junior Warden of Evangelist Chapter of Rose-Croix, and has served as a member and for some years as Treasurer of the Board of Trustees of the Cathedral of the Scottish Rite at Washington, D. C., rendering valuable aid at the time of the construction of the edifice, not only by personal attention, but also by financial aid. He was one of the charter members of Osiris Lodge, No. 26, of Washington, of which he is still a member, and is a life member of all the Scottish Rite Bodies in that City. He is a member of the Provincial Grand Lodge for the United States, in the Royal Order of Scotland, and also a Noble of Almas Temple of the Mystic Shrine, of the Oasis of Washington, D. C.

BRO.: TAYLOR has few equals as a student of Masonic legends and lore, and has devoted much time to a careful study of the mythologies and philosophies of the earliest ages in the Orient, as they have come down to us in writing or tradition—a study which he, having retired from active practice, has been enabled to pursue without intermission, except when with his gun or rod he goes off for a sportsman's vacation. Blessed with an abundance of worldly goods he has proven himself a worthy servant of the Master—his hand is never shut to the needs of his distressed brother. Only those that are in very intimate relation with him know aught of the extent of his charity, for it is generally bestowed anonymously and never alluded to afterwards. If discovered it is by accident. Such is the brother whom all delight to honor for his pre-eminent qualities of heart and mind, his enthusiastic spirit and earnestness of purpose in "rendering unto Cæsar the things that belong to Cæsar." Such are the men whose lives make the world all the better for having lived, and whose going out leave a void in the social economy hard to fill.

BRO.: ROBERT R. LIVINGSTON, the eminent American statesman, was born in the city of New York, in 1746. He was a lineal descendant of the fifth Lord Livingston, who was intrusted with the guardianship of Mary, Queen of Scots. His father, who bore the same name, was in succession a Judge of the Court of Admiralty and a Justice of the Supreme Court of New York, and was of Scotch descent. At the age of seventeen, he graduated from King's (now Columbia) College, New York City—in the same class with the eminent John Jay and Gouverneur Morris. He immediately commenced the study of the law in the office of William Smith, the distinguished jurist and historian; was admitted to the bar in 1773, and shortly afterwards was appointed Recorder of the city of New York. In the Revolutionary War which soon

followed, he and his father, both of whom held public offices under the crown, promptly resigned, and cast their fortunes with the patriots in the cause of independence.

BRO.: LIVINGSTON at once took a foremost place in the councils of the state and nation. In 1775, he was a member of the Provincial Convention, and a member of the committee appointed to prepare a plan of confederation for the colonies. In 1775-7, he was a member of the Continental Congress, and, with Jefferson, Franklin, Adams and Sherman, was on the committee appointed to draft the Declaration of Independence; but in consequence of his absence on public business in New York he lost the opportunity of being a signer to that instrument. He was a member of the Council of Safety, and of the committee which prepared the first Constitution of New York. Under this Constitution he was appointed the first Chancellor of the State, in 1777, and served in that high office for twenty-four years, until he resigned in 1801, to become Minister to France. During this period, he also performed temporarily various important functions, being Secretary of Foreign Affairs in 1781-3, a delegate to Congress at Philadelphia in 1784, and in 1788 presided over the Convention of New York which adopted the Constitution of the United States. In 1789, while Chancellor he administered the oath of office as President to Bro.: General George Washington in New York City. In 1796, he was tendered the position of Minister to France by President Washington, but declined. Subsequently, in 1801, the Mission was again tendered, when he accepted and very creditably represented this country during the next four years. He became a favorite of Napoleon, and exercised a powerful influence with that personage. To BRO.: LIVINGSTON, in connection with Presidents Jefferson and Monroe, we owe the important acquisition of the Territory of Louisiana. Upon his return, in 1805, he again became active as a citizen. He was an ardent lover of the Fine Arts, and President of the New York Academy. He was Vice-President of the St. Andrew's Society of the State of New York; also President of the Society for the Promotion of the Useful Arts, and of the Agricultural Society.

BRO.: LIVINGSTON was a member of Union Lodge, New York City, and Master of that Lodge in 1771. At the institution of Solomon's Lodge No. 1, of Poughkeepsie, on April 18th, of that year, BRO.: LIVINGSTON, acting as Grand Master by the authority of Prov.: Grand Master, Bro.: George Harrison, constituted the Lodge and installed its officers. Bro.: Col. James Livingston, the Master installed, was a kinsman of CHANCELLOR LIVINGSTON, a trustee of King's College, N. Y., and a member of the State Assembly.

At the meeting of the Grand Lodge of New York, held February 4, 1784, Grand Master William Cock resigned his official duties, when BRO.: LIVINGSTON was nominated to fill the vacancy, and was unanimously elected Grand Master by that body. He filled



the office through successive re-elections from 1784 to 1800, a period of sixteen years, and by reason of his eminent abilities and distinguished character as a citizen, Jurist, patriot and statesman, added a brilliant lustre to the escutcheon of American Freemasonry.

P.: G.: M.: LIVINGSTON died at his favorite home, "Clermont-on-the-Hudson," February 26, 1813, at the age of sixty-three years. In person he was of a commanding appearance, and eminently courteous in his bearing. As a public speaker he was persuasive, eloquent and powerful, and his abilities as a lawyer and judge were recognized as of the highest order. His eminent career of usefulness, both as a citizen and a Mason won for him a high and most enviable position in American History.

**BRO.: JOHN DEAN**, 33°, of Worcester, Massachusetts, was born in Clitheroe, Lancashire county, England, August 30, 1822, and died February 7, 1882. When he arrived at the age of seven years, his parents, Benjamin Dean and Alice (Loftus) Dean, came to the United States, and settled in Lowell, Mass., and later in Providence, R. I. He was one of a family of ten children—five boys and five girls. These all survived their father, who died in 1866, at the age of seventy-two years. The subject of this sketch learned his father's trade, that of copper engraving as connected with printing of cotton and woolen fabrics, and he continued to work at this trade until 1849. In that year he went to California *via* Cape Horn, sailing from Providence in the ship "South America." After spending three years on the Pacific Coast with a varied experience and a fair degree of success he returned to the East. He resumed work at his trade in Providence and continued it until 1858 when he went to Worcester and engaged in the manufacture of daguerreotype mats. Later he engaged in the manufacture of photographic materials and in japanning, in which business he accumulated a handsome competency, becoming one of the leading manufacturers in the south section of that city.

He became a member of the Common Council in Worcester in 1867-8, and in 1869 was elected to the lower branch of the State Legislature. He was also a member of the Mechanics Association; a director of the Providence and Worcester Railroad Company, as well as a director of the Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Worcester.

**BRO.: DEAN** was made a Mason in Montacute Lodge, Worcester, October 27, 1863; was exalted in Worcester R.: A.: Chapter, January 1, 1864; became a charter member of Eureka Chapter, instituted in 1871; and received the Cryptic degrees in Hiram Council R.: and S.: M.: March 24, 1864.

He was created a Knight Templar in Worcester Commandery K.: T.: November 17, 1864, and served as its Eminent Commander from 1868-72. His fervent religious nature, coupled with a keen love for his fellow man tended to well fit him as an instructor in this Christian Order, and made his administration pecu-

liarily successful. As an appreciation of his earnest labor and love for Templarism he was elected to the honorable station of R.: E.: Grand Commander of the Grand Commandery K.: T.: of Massachusetts and Rhode Island in 1878-9.

He was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector General (33°), and elected an Honorary Member of the Supreme Council for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States in 1872.

**SIR KNIGHT DEAN** was a quiet, unobtrusive man and did not seek public office, yet his innate merit occasionally impressed itself upon his fellow-citizens as has been shown. His public record, like that within our sacred portals, stands bright and clear and a contemplation of it is a subject for happy thought.

He was prominently connected with the Worcester Square Methodist Episcopal Church of Worcester, and occupied a leading position in that denomination; his contributions for the support of the local church being at all times very generous. He was a man of perfect integrity, genial and warm-hearted, a devoted husband and father, and an exemplary and consistent Christian.

**BRO.: CHARLES GARDINER**, the first Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Maryland, was for many years a planter in good circumstances, and a much respected citizen of Talbot County, in that State. Of his birth, parentage and education very little is known at this late day. He held many positions of responsibility and honor. In 1765 he was chosen a church warden of St. Michael's Parish, which post he filled during that and the following year. In 1774 he was appointed by the vestry of the same parish their registrar, and this position he held until the disestablishment of the Church of England by the adoption of the Constitution of the State of Maryland. Upon the re-organization of the vestries under the law of 1779 he was again chosen registrar, and he continued to act in that capacity until 1792, when increasing infirmity compelled him to resign. The records of the vestry, as kept by **BRO.: GARDINER**, are models of fullness and accuracy, and attest his qualifications for the duties of Scribe—qualities which doubtless led to his selection as Secretary of the Grand Lodge at the time of its organization.

In 1782 he was appointed one of the Judges of the Orphans' Court for Talbot County, and he held the position continuously until 1791. He was also one of the Justices of the Peace for the same County from 1787 to 1791, when the courts of the State were reorganized.

**BRO.: GARDINER** was an enthusiastic and earnest Mason, and illustrated in his life and character the best principles of the Order. The records extant do not, however, inform us as to when and where he took his first degrees. The earliest records at hand, those of Lodge No. 17, of Queenstown, Queen Anne's County, working under the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania as early as 1773, show that he was the





BROTHER JOHN DEAN, 33<sup>o</sup>, (dec'd),

PAST GRAND COMMANDER OF THE GRAND COMMANDERY OF KNIGHTS TEMPLAR  
OF MASSACHUSETTS AND RHODE ISLAND.

HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33<sup>o</sup> OF A. A. S. R. NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.







*Yours truly*  
*John Dean*

Past Grand Commander of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of  
Massachusetts and Rhode Island.



first Senior Warden of that Lodge; and that up to 1780 he was one of its most active members. In 1781 he with some others joined in a petition to the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania for a warrant to institute a new Lodge in Talbot County. This Lodge was organized as Lodge No. 34, with BRO.: GARDINER as Worshipful Master. In 1783 he was the representative, as Past Master of Lodge 314, in the Masonic Convention which assembled in Easton, for the purpose of effecting the organization of a Grand Lodge; and when the organization was completed, he was elected Grand Secretary, the first person to enjoy that honor in the Maryland Jurisdiction. He held the position until his death, December 16, 1793, residing at the time in Miles River Neck, Talbot County.

The records of the Grand Lodge of Maryland during the period of BRO.: GARDINER'S incumbency of the office of Grand Secretary are models of neatness and accuracy; and the official documents, especially the warrants, one of which is now to be seen in the Archives of that Grand Body—a parchment handsomely engrossed—bear testimony to the remarkable care and skill exercised by him in the discharge of his duties.

**BRO.: STEPHEN VAN RENSSELAER**, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of New York, 1825-1829, was born in the city of New York, November 1, 1764, the fifth in descent from Kilien Van Rensselaer, the original patroon or proprietor of the Dutch Colony of Rensselaerwick, who in 1630, and subsequently, purchased a tract of land near Albany, forty eight miles long by twenty-four wide, extending over three counties. He was educated at Princeton and Harvard Colleges, graduating from the latter in 1782. He early engaged in the politics of that period and warmly espoused the cause of the Federalists. The confidence of his immediate fellow-citizens was evinced by successive elections to the Assembly and Senate of the State, over which latter body, in 1795, he was called to preside as Lieutenant-Governor of the State, with Bro.: John Jay as Governor, in which station he continued six years.

During the last war with Great Britain, BRO.: VAN RENSSELAER was selected by Bro.: Tompkins, then Governor of the State, for the command of the Militia on the Niagara frontier; and, by the energy of his conduct, and the moral force of his character, he succeeded in giving confidence to the army, dispirited by former reverses, and eventually to place his forces upon offensive ground.

After the termination of the war, his services were again rendered in the Legislative halls of the State, and subsequently in the Federal Congress. He retired with the close of the Twentieth Congress, having previously, in 1824, determined the election of John Quincy Adams as President, by giving the casting vote in the State delegation in his favor.

Such is a brief summary of his public or official career; but slight is its importance in comparison with

the noble and beneficent course of his private life. Looking alike to the moral, intellectual, and physical improvement of his fellow-men, he ever considered himself as not merely formed for political uses in the machinery of State affairs, but as an intelligent being created for those great ends which God has established as the objects of existence. Hence he sought out the errors of the social system, and strove to apply a remedy. Regarding knowledge as power, he lent himself and his fortune to the diffusion of education. He sought to carry that great mainspring of virtue to the firesides of the whole people, and in its train the beautiful precepts of Christianity.

In the success of the great works of internal improvements, as developed in the Erie and Champlain canals, he materially assisted; and on the death of the lamented Bro.: Clinton, he was appointed President of the Board of Canal Commissioners, which station he held until his death.

As President of the Board of Agriculture from its incorporation to the period of its dissolution, he rendered the most important services to the cause; and the geological surveys, made under his direction, of various portions of the State, produced a happy effect upon the agricultural interests of that State.

To perpetuate and extend these efforts, he established in the vicinity of Troy the institution which bears his name, in 1824; the object of which, as stated by him, was "to qualify teachers for instructing the children of farmers and mechanics in the application of experimental chemistry, philosophy, and natural history, to agriculture, domestic economy, the arts, and manufactures." The system of instruction pursued as suggested by him, will always entitle him to be classed as one of the benefactors of the age.

Like every wise man, BRO.: VAN RENSSELAER was the enemy of all improvident expenditure. He not only observed a sound economy, but also great moderation in the use of the bounties of Providence. He saved to give, and gave "without stint"; and in a manner so kind and winning, so free from ostentation, and so entirely with a brother's heart, as very greatly to enhance the value of his gifts.

BRO.: VAN RENSSELAER was made a Mason in Master's Lodge No. 2 (now No. 5), of Albany, N. Y., January 8th, and passed and raised January 29th, 1787. He served as Junior Warden of the Lodge in the years 1787, 1788 and 1789, and as Master in 1790 and 1791. On June 3, 1825, he was elected to the exalted station of Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of New York; serving in that office for four years.

BRO.: VAN RENSSELAER was a man of great weight of character, continually acting a conspicuous part, where conflicting interests were often at his disposal, but who never had an enemy, and whose name the tongue of slander never assailed. He died in Albany, January 26, 1839, in the seventy-fifth year of his age, universally mourned by the great public, those to whom while living he had been a great benefactor,



and especially by his brethren of the Craft, who highly esteemed him for his many exemplary and Christian virtues.

**BRO.: DAVID C. WINEGARNER**, 33°, was born in Gratiot, Muskingum County, Ohio, November 6, 1833. His paternal ancestors were Germans; his great-grandfather, Henry Winegarner, having emigrated to America at an early period. His father, the Hon. Samuel Winegarner, was a native of Loudon County, Virginia, who went to Ohio in 1816, and finally settled in Licking County. He became a valuable member of that community. He possessed great energy, a strong will, and superior business ability. For a number of years he served as a Justice of the Peace, and from 1846 to 1848 represented his district in the State Senate.

The subject of this sketch availed himself of the advantages of the village school for a few years and subsequently attended Granville College, now the Denhison University. After leaving College his time for a few years was divided between school-teaching, working on a farm, and clerking in a store. Feeling an inclination to see more of the world, he went West in the spring of 1857 and spent three successful years in business divided between Keokuk, Iowa, and St. Louis, Missouri. He returned to Newark, Ohio, and in 1860 engaged in the hardware trade, in which he continued successfully for about sixteen years. His next venture brought him into a business for which he appears to have a singular adaptation—that of banking. A private banking house was organized in 1860 under the firm name of Robbins, Wing & Warner, of which he became a partner in 1876, the style of the firm being changed to that of Robbins, Winegarner, Wing & Co. No change has taken place in this bank since. They have built up a successful business, have correspondents all over this country, as well as in Europe, and by the practice of honorable methods and fair dealing have secured an enviable reputation both at home and abroad.

Though not politically ambitious, **BRO.: WINEGARNER** has been occasionally called upon to fill positions of honor and responsibility. He was elected a member of the Board of Education as early as 1869, and was retained therein, with the exception of a short term till 1886. During his term he served as President of the Board prior to, and from 1878, as Treasurer. To his energy, perseverance and excellent business qualifications, the city of Newark is indebted for having one of the finest school buildings in the State. He was also a member of the original Board of Trustees of the Licking County Children's Home, an institution of which every member of that community is justly proud. In the spring of 1874 he was solicited by his friends to accept a place on the ticket as a candidate for the Mayoralty of the city of Newark. His party having a fair majority he would under ordinary circumstances have had but little difficulty in securing an election, yet it happened at a time when other than

purely political issues entered the campaign. Instead of the opposing party putting a candidate of its own faith in the field, it tendered the nomination to a gentleman of prominence and influence in **BRO.: WINEGARNER'S** party. This gentleman accepted the nomination, and this led to the most exciting contest ever known in that city. The result was the election of **BRO.: WINEGARNER** by a small majority.

Of his administration as Mayor of that city, a gentleman of the opposing political party, says, "He entered upon the discharge of his official duties with no blowing of trumpets nor high-sounding promises to correct every evil by which the city had been beset, but scanning the situation he resolved to administer the laws as best he could. How well he succeeded may be inferred from the fact that at the end of his first term he received the unprecedented compliment of a unanimous re-election, and it is but just to add, he filled his second term with an equal degree of satisfaction to the public."

**BRO.: WINEGARNER** was made a Mason in Newark Lodge, No. 97, October 18, 1878, and at the first election held thereafter was elected Treasurer of the Lodge. In 1880 he became Senior Warden, and in 1881 Worshipful Master, serving in the latter office with signal ability for three years. He received the Royal Arch degree in Warren Chapter, No. 6, of Newark, on February 3, 1879; was elected King of the Chapter at the ensuing election, and after having faithfully served in that office for three years, was, in 1882, elected High Priest. The order of High Priesthood was conferred upon him in October, 1883. On March 5, 1879, he was made a Royal and Select Master in Bigelow Council, No. 7, of Newark, and in 1880 was elected Principal Conductor of the work, which office he filled for three years. He was then chosen Thrice Ill. Master, and served for two years. In 1885 he was elected to the third office in the Grand Council; two years later was promoted to the second; and in 1889 was elevated to the honorable station of Grand Master, and re-elected in 1890.

He was created a Knight Templar in Newark Commandery, No. 34, April 22, 1879, and in 1880-81 served as Junior Warden, in 1882-3 as Prelate, and in 1884 became Eminent Commander, serving two years. On the organization of St. Luke's Commandery in November, 1886, he was appointed its first Eminent Commander, and at the next election was chosen its Prelate.

He received the Ineffable Grades, 4th to the 18th inclusive, in Enoch Lodge of Perfection, Franklin Council of Princes of Jerusalem and Columbus Chapter of Rose-Croix, May 18-19, 1882, and the Consistorial degrees in Ohio Consistory, March 15, 1883.

At the Session of the Supreme Council N.: M.: J.:, held at Boston, Mass., September 15, 1885, he was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector General (33°), and elected an Honorary Member of that body.





BROTHER DAVID C. WINEGARNER, 33°,

DISTRICT LECTURER OF THE GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF OHIO.

PAST JUNIOR GRAND DEACON OF THE GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF OHIO.

HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33° OF A. A. S. R. NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.





W. H. B. 1877

*Fraternally Yours.*

*D. Minigamur 332*

Past Junior Grand Deacon of the Grand Lodge of the State of Ohio.  
District Lecturer of the Grand Lodge of the State of Ohio.





**BRO. WINEGARNER** has at all times exercised an active interest in the several organizations, and has very acceptably filled not only many of the subordinate stations therein, but has also occupied the most exalted offices throughout the higher grades. In the Grand Lodge of Ohio, he served as Junior Grand Deacon in 1886, and since 1888 has served as Lecturer in the 7th Masonic District. For a number of years he was chairman of the Standing Committee on Charters and Dispensations, and has also served with distinction upon Committees in all the Grand bodies. He is the Grand Representative of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire near the Grand Lodge of Ohio; also of the Grand Chapter of Minnesota and the Grand Council of Oregon near the corresponding bodies in Ohio. He is the treasurer at present of Newark Lodge, No. 97; Warren Chapter No. 6, and of Bigelow Council, No. 7, and the Prelate of St. Luke's Commandery, No. 34.

**BRO. WINEGARNER** was married March 12, 1861, to Miss Mary E. Haver, of Fairfield County, Ohio. The union has proven a happy one. Mrs. Winegarner is a lady of culture and refinement, a model Christian and a devoted wife. They have one child, a daughter, Katharine Haver, a young lady of rare intelligence and a graduate of Abbott Academy, Andover, Massachusetts.

**BRO. WILLIAM PINKNEY**, Attorney General of the United States during the administration of President James Madison, was born at Annapolis, Maryland, March 17, 1764. His father, Jonathan Pinkney, was a native of England, who during the whole course of the Revolutionary struggle with the mother country, maintained his allegiance to the British crown; but the son, on the contrary, became a warm supporter of the principles of the American colonists in their struggle for independence. He received his classical education under a private teacher, and soon after adopted the study of medicine; but not finding it congenial to his taste, he relinquished the study, and in 1783 was enrolled in the office of Judge Samuel Chase, as a student of the law. In 1786 he was admitted to the bar, and the same year removed to Harford county for the practice of his profession. In 1788 he was elected a delegate from that county to the Maryland State Convention called to ratify the Constitution of the United States; and in October of the same year, was chosen a representative to the House of Delegates of that State for the county of Harford, in which office he continued until 1792, when he returned to Annapolis.

He was married in 1789, at Havre de Grace, Maryland, to Miss Ann Maria Rodgers (sister of Commodore Rodgers of the American Navy), by whom he had a family of ten children, of whom eight survived him, most of them residents of Baltimore.

In 1792 he was elected a member of the Executive Council of the State, and continued in office till 1795, when he resigned, being at the time the President of

the Board, to take a seat in the State Legislature to which he had been chosen by the electors of Anne Arundel County. In 1796 he was appointed by President Washington a Commissioner of the United States, under the seventh article of Mr. Jay's treaty with Great Britain, and he accordingly embarked with his family for London, where he arrived in July of the same year. Here he met his colleagues and with them proceeded to adjust matters in dispute between the two countries. During his official labors at the Board, several questions of international law, such as the practice of prize courts, the law of contraband, domicile and blockade, were brought incidentally into discussion and the written opinions of **BRO. PINKNEY** on these subjects were regarded as models of powerful argument and judicial eloquence. While abroad at this time, he was also deeply engaged in managing the claims of the State of Maryland to a large amount of public property, which had been invested in the stock of the Bank of England, and which had been long involved in Chancery litigation, which claims he had adjusted to the entire satisfaction of the parties interested.

**BRO. PINKNEY** returned from England in 1804, and soon after removed from Annapolis to Baltimore, deeming it a broader field for the exercise of professional enterprise; and in 1805 he was appointed Attorney General of the State. In the year following, he was appointed (in conjunction with Mr. Monroe, then American Minister at London) Minister Extraordinary to treat with the British government regarding the collisions which ultimately involved the United States in a war with Great Britain; and in accordance with this commission, he again returned to the British Court. He continued to press the claims of his country for redress of grievances for a long time, but without success, and finally, at his solicitation, he was recalled, arriving in the United States in June, 1811. In September of the same year, he was elected a State Senator, and in December following he received from Mr. Madison, the appointment of Attorney General of the United States.

In the war with Great Britain that ensued soon after, **BRO. PINKNEY** commanded a battalion of riflemen, which was raised in Baltimore for local defence, and in the Battle of Bladensburg he conducted himself with great bravery, but was severely wounded. Soon after this occurrence he was elected a representative to Congress from the city of Baltimore.

In March, 1816, he was sent for the third time to Europe, receiving the appointment of Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of Russia and Special Minister to that of Naples. After the lapse of two years, he again returned to the United States, and devoted himself to the practice of his profession with signal success and distinction. But he was not lost to the political arena; for in 1820 he was again called into public life, being elected to the United States Senate. Here, as in every other position which he ever held,

he took front rank. He was a thorough and firm Republican, and belonging to the Democratic party, he always advocated those doctrines of public policy upon which he deemed our government was founded; holding it to be a great public establishment, founded on the rights of man, and framed for the benefit of the great body of the people.

The Masonic history of BRO.: PINKNEY is somewhat incomplete; but that he was made a Mason and became an earnest and active craftsman is fully attested by the records of the Grand Lodge of the State of Maryland. He was one of the petitioners for a charter for Amanda Lodge, No. 12, at Annapolis, and which was granted by the said body, April, 1793. Of this Lodge he was the first Senior Warden, and its records show that he took an active interest in the work while identified with it. It is not certainly known where he received the degrees of Masonry, but it is probable that he received them either in Lodge 15 or 16 of Baltimore. There being no rosters of these Lodges between 1781 and 1792, it is impossible to determine this with certainty.

While in the United States Senate BRO.: PINKNEY performed immense labors at the bar of the Supreme Court. On the 17th of February, 1822, after extraordinary fatigue in an important cause, he was attacked by a severe indisposition; and after a period of acute distress, he expired on the 25th; falling like a brilliant star, just as he had culminated the zenith of his professional fame. He was buried in the city of Washington, universally mourned by a nation of freemen who deeply appreciated the patriotic services of the departed statesman in their behalf, both in the Councils of the nation and at foreign courts.

**BRO.: NATHANIEL WENTWORTH CUMNER**, 33°, P. G. M. of Masons in New Hampshire, 1872-1874, was born at Wayne, Maine, November 28, 1829, and was the youngest but two of the children of Rev. John Cumner and Hannah T. Cumner of that place. His early life was devoted to obtaining an education in the vicinity of his home, passing from the district to the private school in the town of Wayne, and to other schools and seminaries in the circuit where his father's appointments were made. During some portion of the season, for a few years, he assisted the older brothers in cultivating the homestead farm, but at the age of sixteen he went to Wilton, Me., and engaged in learning the tailor's trade. He remained there about three years; then went to Waltham, Mass., staying there about one year and a half; then to Lowell, Mass., where he remained until 1857, when he went to Manchester, N. H., and entered the employ of B. F. Manning, then doing business in the store occupied in later years by the firm of Cumner & Company.

In January, 1854, he became a partner in the business of merchant tailors and clothiers, the firm name being Manning & Cumner. He withdrew in 1857 and went to Washington, D. C., as a member of the firm

of F. Tenny & Co., proprietors of the National Hotel. In August, 1859, he returned to Manchester and purchased the stock and good will of the Manning store, and entered at once into business, continuing as the sole proprietor until 1865, when his brother Benjamin became associated with him. At this time, he also became a member of the well known wholesale house of Sibley, Cumner & Co., in Boston, by purchasing an interest in the old house of Foster & Sibley. In 1868, Lyman E. Sibley retired and BRO.: CUMNER became the senior member, the name of the firm remaining the same.

In the great fire of November 9, 1872, their establishment was among the first to be burned, and the firm suffered a total loss of their immense stock; but their credit was so strong, and their energy and ability so widely recognized, that their business received no check, and the transactions of the house proceeded even upon a more extensive scale than before. In 1879, the firm became Cumner, Jones & Co. In 1881 he sold his interest in the business of Cumner & Co. in Manchester, which had enjoyed unvarying success and great prosperity from the beginning; and from that time he devoted himself entirely to the Boston house. The business had so largely increased that it became necessary to give it his constant personal attention. He was eminently successful as a business man. He believed that industry and perseverance, with well matured plans, were certain to produce the most desirable results. He knew the energy and fidelity of his own character, and trusted to the safety of sound principle; and he proved that his plans were wisely laid and his ways well chosen. He acquired a competence at an early age, and in his position of senior member of one of the soundest and most prosperous, and at the same time conservative, wholesale houses in New England, his influence was always in favor of that healthy and reliable condition of trade which established public confidence and guaranteed general prosperity.

As a citizen, he took an earnest and unvarying interest in public affairs. Politically, his associations were with the Democratic party; but his views were always conservative, looking to the real purposes of the government rather than the aims and desires of party politicians. While residing in Manchester, N. H., he held important offices in the municipal government, was a faithful public servant, working zealously to promote the general interests and the common good of his constituents, of whom he deserved well.

BRO.: CUMNER became a member of the celebrated military organization, the Amoskeag Veterans, in the days of its origin, and continued to do active duty through the entire term of its existence. He held the office of Captain in 1870, and Commander of the battalion, with the rank of Major, in 1879 and 1880.

A very prominent feature of his life was his connection with the Masonic Fraternity. He became a Mason in Lafayette Lodge, No. 41, Manchester, N.



BROTHER NATHANIEL W. CUMNER, 33°, (dec'd),

PAST GRAND MASTER OF THE GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33° OF A. A. S. R. NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.





*Nath. W. Cumner 33°*

Past Grand High Priest and Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of  
New Hampshire.



H., in May 1856; and in 1857 was one of the petitioners and charter members of Washington Lodge, No. 61, in the same city. He held many subordinate offices, and was the Worshipful Master in 1862 and 1863. He received the Capitular degrees in Mt. Horeb Royal Arch Chapter, No. 11, in Manchester, 1856, and, after serving in almost every subordinate office in that body, became its High Priest in 1863-'64. The orders of Knighthood were conferred upon him in Trinity Commandery, K. T. of Manchester, and he received the Cryptic degrees in Adoniram Council, No. 3, R. and S. M., same city, in 1860. In all these subordinate bodies he sustained an ardent and zealous membership, contributing freely to their support and aiding materially in their prosperity. In 1863, he received the order of High Priesthood, at Concord, and in 1863, the degrees of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, to the 32° inclusive in Boston.

He was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector General, 33°, and elected an Honorary Member of the Supreme Council for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States, September 19, 1882, in the city of Boston.

BRO. CUMNER was equally prominent in the Grand Masonic bodies of New Hampshire, and his earnest labors and sincere devotion to their interests were duly recognized and highly appreciated. After holding several offices in the M. E. Grand R. A. Chapter of New Hampshire, he was elected Grand High Priest in 1867 and 1868. In the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire he held nearly all the subordinate positions, and was elected M. W. Grand Master in 1872, 1873 and 1874. As the presiding officer in these Grand Bodies, he commanded the respect of the Fraternity for fairness and impartiality, and was highly esteemed for his graceful and courteous bearing. His addresses and official papers were regarded as sound and creditable by other jurisdictions of the Fraternity.

BRO. CUMNER was married January 24, 1856, to Miss Harriet Elizabeth Wadley, daughter of Moses D. Wadley, of Bradford, N. H., and has been very happy and greatly blessed in his family and social relations. The high social position the family have attained, and the important and very creditable purposes they have accomplished are mainly due to the clear and well-trained judgment, the watchful care and oversight of domestic affairs, and the amiability and culture of the estimable and accomplished wife. Two sons, the fruits of the union, have developed into full-grown manhood, and are worthy representatives of a most worthy sire.

BRO. CUMNER died suddenly of apoplexy, August 13, 1888, and was buried three days later, at Forest Hills Cemetery, Boston, his funeral being attended by a delegation from the Masonic bodies at Manchester, N. H., of which he had been so prominent a member.

"He was a friend whose friends were proud of the relation,  
A brother loving, zealous and true,  
A chief in Masonry.—\* \* \*"

7

BRO. WILLIAM HACKER, 33°, Past G. M. of Masons in Indiana, was born in the State of Ohio, December 5, 1810. His father had moved from Virginia to Ohio some five years previous, and there settled upon a farm. He lived with his father, working upon the farm until he was seventeen years of age, receiving but a very limited common school education. Later, however, he improved his leisure hours by diligent study, and thus was enabled to store his mind with much valuable knowledge. In 1833 he moved to Indiana, and settled on a farm near Shelbyville, where he resided up to the day of his death.

BRO. HACKER was made a Mason in St. John's Lodge, No. 13, of Dayton, Ohio, where he had resided a few years, on July 9, 1832. Upon his removal to Shelbyville, he transferred his membership to Lafayette Lodge, No. 28, of that place, in July, 1835, with which he remained affiliated until the time of his death, a period of fifty-six years. In this Lodge he served as Master, and in 1845 entered the Grand Lodge as its representative. From that time he attended every meeting of the Grand Lodge, except the last, held in May preceding his death. In 1863 and 1864 he was elected Grand Master, and was Grand Secretary in 1865-1867 inclusive. He received in due time the Capitular and Chivalric degrees, and presided over each of the Grand Bodies of those grades. He assisted in the organization of the Grand Commandery of Indiana in 1856. To the Order of High Priesthood (which he received in 1853) he devoted special attention, preparing a manual for the use of the officers of that body, and continued to serve it as President for twenty years. In 1864 he received the A. A. S. Rite degrees, and in 1884 was elected to the 33°, which was conferred upon him by Bro. Henry L. Palmer, the Supreme Grand Commander.

At his own expense BRO. HACKER reprinted the early Proceedings of the Grand Lodge of Indiana, from its organization in 1817 to 1845, the copyright of which he transferred to the Grand Lodge shortly before his death.

During his long Masonic career he had made a valuable collection of Masonic works, numbering some two thousand volumes, which he donated some years ago to the A. A. S. R. bodies of the State, meeting in the Temple at Indianapolis. While he was what is known as a bright Mason, that is, a ritualist, he was better known as a lover of Masonic literature, in which he was well informed, and the library he had collected was an evidence of the deep interest he took in the subject.

BRO. HACKER was for many years the leading Mason in Indiana, and was more widely known abroad than any other Mason of his jurisdiction. He was as a man homespun in his manners, kind and courteous in his intercourse with his fellow-men, and in a modest and unassuming manner won the regard of all with whom he was brought in social contact. He was one of nature's noblemen, wrought well during his day and



generation, and left to the Masons of a younger generation a noble record of a well-spent life.

His death occurred at his home, Shelbyville, Indiana, July 28, 1891, in the eightieth year of his age.

**BRO. WILLIAM SHEPARD**, 33°, was born in the town of Canandaigua, New York, November 25, 1825, and is descended from good New England stock. His grandfather, William Shepard, a native of Massachusetts, having served as an officer in the French and Indian Wars, as well as in the Revolutionary War, attained a position of public prominence both in social and political circles in that State. He represented his district for a time in the United States House of Representatives, and was also a prominent member of the Society of the Cincinnati. The father, Charles Shepard, early emigrated from Massachusetts to New York State, where he engaged in farming. Here the subject of our sketch was born and raised, aiding his father on the farm and in his leisure moments attending an academy in the town. He subsequently studied medicine in Rochester for a time, and later, in Cincinnati, Ohio, at the Eclectic Medical College, from which he graduated in 1853.

He established shortly after, the popular Sanatorium, known as "Shepard's Sanatorium," located east of Columbus, Ohio, an institution which enjoys a widespread and beneficent influence throughout Central Ohio, by reason of the successful treatment afforded suffering humanity. He has devoted his best energies and skill to the development of this establishment and as a result he now enjoys the full fruits of his work. He is also interested in several other business enterprises; such as the Alum Creek Ice Company, a flouring mill at Gahanna, etc., in each of which he is the leading capitalist.

**BRO. SHEPARD** has never sought political office, yet he has enjoyed political honors. In 1885 he was placed upon the ticket by his party as a candidate for the State Legislature, and, although his party had been a minority party for a quarter of a century, he was elected by a very flattering majority. His name was subsequently, also placed upon the ticket by his party, as a candidate for Congress; and while it was scarcely expected by the most sanguine, that there was a possibility of an election, he yet succeeded in reducing the majority of a deservedly popular opposing candidate by some twelve hundred votes.

**BRO. SHEPARD** is public spirited and fully alive to the needs of the community. In appreciation of the good results derived from his various investments in and about the village of Gahanna, and observant of the needs of these people, he recently established in their midst a fine public library and reading-room, including all that was essential to make the same available to those for whose benefit it was designed. He also provided such an endowment as would ensure a continuance of these benefits to future generations.

This spirit of philanthropy has not been confined to his immediate home, but has also extended to the

scenes of his boyhood days—to the place of his nativity—old Canandaigua, N. Y. A few years ago, he bought a property there, known as "Fort Hill," dedicated it to the purposes of a public park, and donated it to the city.

**BRO. SHEPARD** was made a Master Mason in Columbus Lodge No. 30, at Columbus, Ohio, June 8, 1858; a Royal Arch Mason in Ohio Chapter, No. 12, in the same city, May 14, 1879; received the Cryptic degrees in Columbus Council No. 8, June 16, 1879; was created a Knight Templar in Mount Vernon Commandery No. 1, K. T. of Columbus, June 19, 1879; received the Ineffable degrees in Enoch Lodge of Perfection, October 4, 1878; the 16° in Franklin Council P. of J. November 2, 1878, and the 18° in Columbus Chapter of Rose-Croix, the 22d of the same month. The Consistorial degrees were conferred upon him in Ohio Consistory, at Cincinnati, on February 27, 1879.

He was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector General (33°) and elected an Honorary Member of the Supreme Council for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States, at Boston, Massachusetts, on September 15, 1885.

Though not ranking as a Masonic ritualist he is a worthy and useful member of the Fraternity, and one who ever guards its interests with zealous care. His character and standing as a Mason and citizen is of the highest order. His reputation is unsullied; and during the many years he has resided in the vicinity of Columbus his generous philanthropy has shown itself in so many ways, and his name has been identified with so many good works, as to render it a synonym for charity and good deeds.

**BRO. SHEPARD** was married to Miss Charlotte E. Rose, a daughter of one of Granville's early pioneers, in 1852. She was a lady of Puritan descent, of intelligence and culture, highly beloved and respected by a wide circle of friends and neighbors. But death claimed her, and our brother was called to mourn her loss in 1887.

**BRO. SHEPARD** is a member of the Universalist Church, and has been one of its staunchest supporters. He has contributed most liberally towards the erection of a fine church edifice for the accommodation of the people with whom he joins in worship; and in all the needs of church work his benevolence is ever exercised with a free and liberal hand.

**BRO. PHILIP P. ECKEL**, G. G. S. 1816-1819, was born in the city of Manheim, Germany, April 10, 1768. His father, Andrew Eckel, emigrated to America about the time of the surrender of Yorktown, October 19, 1781, being compelled to leave his country on account of his political opinions. He was then about thirteen years of age, and he soon after entered the counting-house of Mr. Peter Garts, a commission merchant and sugar refiner, who carried on business in Water Street, and resided at the corner of Hanover and Perry Streets, Baltimore. He continued







BROTHER WILLIAM SHEPARD, 33<sup>o</sup>,  
COLUMBUS, OHIO.

HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33<sup>o</sup> OF A. A. S. R. NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.





*Fraternally*  
*William Shepard 33°*

Hon. Mem. of the Supreme Council 53° of A. A. S. R. of the N. M. J. of the  
United States of America.



in Mr. Garts' employ until the administration of Mr. Thoroughgood Smith, the second Mayor of the city, when that gentleman, having been authorized by the Council to have the weights and measures of the city adjusted, was at a loss to find a person qualified to do the same, when a gentleman acquainted with BRO.: ECKEL recommended him as one who was able to accomplish the object desired. The Mayor then called on BRO.: ECKEL, and after the interview with him, was fully satisfied that he was a suitable person for his purpose, and employed him to undertake the work, and of the correctness of the work done by him we can form an estimate from the fact that Congress some time afterwards, having by resolution authorized the President to have the weights and measures of the principal cities adjusted according to the standard of the United States, those of Baltimore were found to be the most correct.

BRO.: ECKEL had employed his leisure hours in mathematical investigations of various kinds, particularly that of the measurements of casks and other bodies, to which he had attained a singular correctness, and on explaining to the Mayor the erroneous manner in which casks containing liquors were then gauged by the city inspectors, he offered the situation of Inspector to him, which he accepted, and introduced for the first time in the city, the present system of gauging with the sliding gunter and callipers. He retained the office until the last administration of Mayor Montgomery, in 1825, when he retired, much to the regret of the merchants and dealers generally, who had a very exalted opinion of his character for correctness in performing the duties of the office. He subsequently engaged in the grocery and the produce business, which he carried on successfully for some years at the corner of Exeter and Hillen Streets.

BRO.: ECKEL was made a Mason in Baltimore Union Lodge, No. 21, (the Lodge chartered by the Grand Lodge of Virginia in 1788), March 6, 1793. He dimitted and became a charter member of Concordia Lodge, No. 13, in April, 1793, of which he was subsequently for many terms Master. Later he withdrew from Concordia Lodge and affiliated with Amicable Lodge, No. 25, and of which he remained a member until his death.

Although BRO.: ECKEL never occupied any prominent position in the Grand Lodge, except that of Grand Secretary for one term, yet he was a member of all the important committees of the Grand Body, and the impress of his earnestness and zeal is to be found upon almost every Masonic record or document of that jurisdiction from 1793 to about 1825.

He was particularly active in the service of Royal Arch Masonry and Knight Templarism. He was for many years High Priest of Chapter No. 2, and as its representative assisted at the reorganization of the Grand Chapter of Maryland and the District of Columbia, January 21, 1807, and also at its reorganization in 1814, when he was elected Grand High Priest

and re-elected in the following year. In 1816 he was elected General Grand Scribe of the G.: G.: Chapter of the United States.

From the fact that the regulations and rituals of the Lodge of Perfection were found among the effects of BRO.: ECKEL it is thought that, on the death of BRO.: Wilmans in 1795, he became possessed of the powers and prerogatives of an Inspector General of the Rite of Perfection.

BRO.: ECKEL's name is identified with Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar, as early as 1802. A *fac simile* of a diploma of that year, showing his signature attached as High Priest (which was the designation of the presiding officer at that day). This body however became dormant about 1824, owing probably to the fact that at this time BRO.: ECKEL retired from the more active participation in Masonic matters. In 1828, however, he was waited upon by a number of the brethren, and after some persuasion was induced to lend his aid in reviving and reorganizing the Commandery, and which was thenceforth known as Maryland Commandery, No. 1, and of which he was elected the presiding officer.

BRO.: ECKEL was ever a social and liberal host, his house the Mecca towards which the brethren delighted to journey, and within whose portals they always enjoyed a hearty welcome and most hospitable entertainment. He was generous and free-hearted—his hand always ready to respond to appeals of distress. But to him the time also came, when the final call is made. The time when the "rough Ashlar" has been fully "perfected" and the Master is ready to place it in the designed niche in the Heavenly Arch. On the 9th day of March, 1831, after a short illness of two days, occasioned by paralysis, he answered the call. His funeral was largely attended by the Grand Lodge and brethren of the subordinate Lodges of Baltimore, and his remains were deposited with the usual Masonic ceremonies in the graveyard, corner of Lombard and Fremont Streets; from which they have since been removed and now rest in Baltimore Cemetery.

**BRO.: JOSEPH SHIPPEN**, Provincial Grand Master of Pennsylvania, was born in the city of Boston, February 28, 1678-9. He was the son of Edward Shippen, Esq., a native of England, who had settled in Boston, Mass., in 1669, but who, being a member of the Society of Quakers, was subsequently, in 1704, through persecution, compelled to remove to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, of which city he became the first Mayor.

BRO.: SHIPPEN was a distinguished scientist, and in 1727 joined, with Bro.: Franklin, in forming the "Junto," designed "for mutual information and public good." He resided for many years in Germantown, in what was in later years known as the "Buttonwood Tavern."

He was made a Mason in St. John's Lodge, of Philadelphia, May 6, 1734, and in June, 1735, was



elected one of the Grand Wardens of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, serving two years. In 1737 he was appointed Deputy Grand Master by the then G.: M.: William Plumsted, and in June, 1738, was elected Grand Master.

BRO.: SHIPPEN was an uncle of Chief Justice Edward Shippen, of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, and of Dr. William Shippen, both eminent in the line of their professions in our Colonial days. He was a prominent and widely-known citizen, and highly esteemed for his sterling worth and exalted character as a man and a scholar. He died in Philadelphia, in June, 1741, in the sixty-third year of his age.

BRO.: ALBERT MANCHESTER PENLEY, 33°, Grand High Priest of the Grand R.: A.: Chapter of Maine, was born in the town of Danville (now the city of Auburn), Maine, July 22, 1847. His paternal family history dates from the War of the Revolution, his grandfather, Joseph Penley, a native of England, having on his arrival in America, enlisted in the American Army, and served until the close of the War. He then settled in the State of Maine, where the father, Captain John Penley was born. Captain Penley in his early life took much interest in the State militia, and hence his title of captain. He was also greatly interested in Masonry, though he lived twelve miles from the nearest lodge, and had to go through the deep forests on horseback to get there. This was old Cumberland Lodge, No. 12, at New Gloucester.

The subject of this sketch was educated in the common schools of his native place, at the Edward Little Institute, and the Maine State Academy, and he taught school two years before entering into business. Imbued with a love for athletic sports he gained some reputation as an expert base ball player. In politics he also manifested an active interest at all times, receiving at the hands of his neighbors political preference on various occasions. He has held the offices of councilman, alderman, overseer of the poor, membership in the school board, and mayoralty of the city of Auburn. In the campaign of 1884, he was chairman of the Republican City Committee. In 1891 he was elected a member of the Maine House of Representatives and was re-elected in 1893.

BRO.: PENLEY has been actively engaged in business as a retail grocer in the city of Auburn, for the past eighteen years, and has succeeded in building up a very lucrative trade. He is also actively interested in the development of the commercial and financial interests of the community in which he resides. At the organization of the Auburn Loan and Building Association in 1887, he was elected a director, in which position he has continued ever since. He is a trustee of the Auburn Savings Bank; President of the Auburn Foundry Company; a director in the Lewistown and Auburn Railroad since 1887, and treasurer of the Androscoggin Land Association for the past six years.

BRO.: PENLEY was made a Mason in Tranquil Lodge, No. 29, of Auburn, May 21, 1873; a Royal

Arch Mason in King Hiram Chapter, No. 9, of Lewiston, January 9, 1874; a Royal and Select Master in Dunlap Council No. 8, R.: and S.: M.:, of Lewiston, April 14, 1874; and was created a Knight Templar in Lewiston Commandery No. 6, April 30, 1874.

He received the Ineffable Grades in Lewiston L.: of P.: at Lewiston, February 6, 1880; the A.: T.: G.: in Portland Council, P.: of J.:, at Portland, May 26, 1881; the P.: and D.: G.: in Dunlap Chapter of Rose-Croix, at Portland, May 26, 1881; the M.: H.: and C.: G.: in Maine Consistory S.: P.: R.: S.: 32°, at Portland, October 28, 1881.

He was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector General (33°) and elected an Honorary Member of the Supreme Council for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States, at Boston, Mass., Sept. 18, 1888.

BRO.: PENLEY'S official Masonic career has been a successful one. As one of the charter members of Ancient Brothers Lodge, No. 178, he was appointed Senior Warden, U. D., June 21, 1875; was elected to the position the following year, and on October 5th, 1876, was elected Worshipful Master, and re-elected in 1877. As one of the charter members of Bradford R.: A.: Chapter No. 38, of Auburn, working under a dispensation, he was appointed R.: A.: Captain, June 10, 1874; as P.: J.:, January 5th, 1875; under the charter was elected Scribe in 1876, King in 1877, and High Priest in 1878. In the Grand R.: A.: Chapter, of Maine, he was appointed and served as G.: S.: in 1881; as G.: M.: of First Veil, in 1882; as P.: S.: in 1883; as C.: of the H.: in 1884; as District Deputy H.: P.: of the Fifth District in 1885 and 1886; was elected and served as Grand Scribe in 1887; as G.: King in 1888 and 1889; as Deputy Grand H.: P.: in 1890 and 1891; and in 1892 was unanimously elected Grand High Priest, which station he now fills.

In Dunlap Council, No. 38, R.: and S.: M.:, he served as C.: of the G.: in 1874 and 1875; as P.: C.: of Work in 1877 and 1878; as Deputy Master in 1879, and as Thrice Ill.: Master in 1880. In the Grand Council of R.: and S.: M.: of Maine, he was appointed and served as G.: S.: in 1881 and 1882; as G.: C.: in 1883; as C.: of the G.: in 1884 and 1885; was elected and served as Deputy Grand Master in 1886 and 1887, and as Grand Master in 1888 and 1889.

In Lewiston Commandery, No. 6, K.: T.:, he served as Second and Third Guard in 1875 and 1876 respectively; as Junior Warden in 1877; as Senior Warden in 1878 and 1879; as Generalissimo in 1880 and 1881, and as Eminent Commander in 1882 and 1883. In 1882 he was appointed G.: Warden of the G.: C.: of Maine, serving one year.

In the A.: and A.: S.: Rite his official career has been equally noteworthy. In the Lewiston L.: of P.: he served as Master of Ceremonies in 1885 and 1886; and as Thrice Potent Grand Master in 1887 and 1888. As a charter member of Auburn Council, P.: of J.:, working under a dispensation, he was appointed G.: H.: P.: Deputy Grand Master, April 12, 1888, which





BROTHER ALBERT M. PENLEY, 33°,

GRAND HIGH PRIEST OF THE GRAND ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER OF MAINE.

HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33° OF A. A. S. R. NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.







*Fraternally yours,*  
*Albert M. Penley*

Grand High Priest of the Grand Royal Arch Chapter of  
Maine. 1892-93.



position he since holds by subsequent election. As a charter member of H. H. Dickey Chapter of Rose-Croix, of Auburn, working under dispensation, he was appointed M. E. and P. K. Senior Warden in 1890, and was elected to the same position under its charter in 1891.

He received the order of High Priesthood in 1879; in 1881 was appointed Warden of that Body, and in 1882, Steward, which office he has held by continuous appointments since.

BRO. PENLEY is also an active member in a number of other bodies, notably, the Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, at present holding the office of H. P. in Kora Temple, at Lewiston, Maine. The Knights of Honor, in which he holds the office of Dictator, and is the Grand Dictator of the Grand Lodge of that organization. He is also connected with the Knights of Pythias and the Knights of the Golden Eagle, in each of which he has received distinguished consideration.

BRO. PENLEY was married to Miss Georgie A. Pennell, of Deering, Me., on October 28, 1875, and there have been born to them three children, two daughters and a son. These constitute the principal attractions of his fireside, around whom are gathered the warmest affections of his heart, and to whose personal welfare it is ever his pleasure to minister.

BRO. MORGAN LEWIS, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of New York, 1830-1843, was born in the city of New York, October 16, 1754. He was the son of Francis Lewis, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. His classical education was commenced at Elizabethtown, under the instruction of Colonel Barber, and was finished at Princeton College, where he graduated in 1773, with the degrees of Bachelor and Master of Arts. While at College he had fixed his mind upon the ministry of the gospel for his professional calling and his private studies were directed toward that object, but through the influence of Governor Livingston and other intimate friends of his father's family, he was induced to abandon the idea, and, in accordance with the wishes of his father, he became a student of law in the office of Chief Justice Jay.

In 1774, he united with a number of young men in the formation of a military company, and which were strictly disciplined by an American gentleman who had served five years in the Prussian service. This company afterward furnished upwards of fifty officers to the army of the Revolution. In June 1775, he joined the army before Boston, as a volunteer rifleman; but on being elected a captain by his former associates, he returned to New York in the following August. He was afterward appointed Major of the 2d Regiment of New York militia, of which Mr. Jay was the Colonel. But as Col Jay never joined the regiment, Major Lewis held the command until June 1776, when he accompanied General Gates, Commander of the army in Canada, as Chief of Staff, with

the rank of Colonel. It was at this period that Col. Lewis became a Mason in Union Lodge, at Albany, which still continues its existence under the name of Mt. Vernon Lodge, No. 3, the precise date of his initiation not appearing, however, upon the records of the Grand Lodge.

He was subsequently appointed by Congress Quarter-master General for the Northern Department, and he remained with General St. Clair until the opening of the campaign of 1777, and was actively engaged not only in the duties of his particular department, but in the field, until the surrender of General Burgoyne and his army. In 1778, he commanded the advance on an expedition under General Clinton, against Sir John Johnson and the Indians who were laying waste the Mohawk Valley. He attacked the enemy in the night, near Stone Arabia, and routed them, capturing their baggage and a small field piece. At the close of the war, he was appointed Commandant of a regiment of volunteers in New York City, and had the honor of escorting General Washington at his first inauguration as President of the United States.

Having returned to his profession, he was soon after elected a member of the Assembly from the city of New York, and in the following year was elected as the representative of Dutchess County in the Assembly, having removed to that county in the interim. Later, he was appointed one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, and, in December, 1791, Attorney General of the State. In 1792, he was elevated to the Bench of the Supreme Court, and in the ensuing year became its Chief Justice.

In 1804, he was elected Governor of the State, in which capacity he pressed upon the Legislature, in his first address to that body, the importance of providing a permanent fund for the support of common schools. As Commander-in-chief he personally reviewed and inspected the whole military force of the State, and introduced the use of horse artillery, as an important arm of defence, which, although subjected to no other test than ridicule for sometime, established itself in favor in the course of the war of 1812, and is now regarded as indispensable.

In 1810, Governor Lewis was elected to the Senate from the Middle district of New York State. In 1812, President Madison nominated him to the position of Quartermaster General of the armies of the United States, with the rank of Brigadier General. One year later, March 1813, his connection with the quartermaster's department ceased, he being promoted to the rank of a Major General. He repaired to the Niagara frontier and took command of his Division on the 17th of April. He continued in active service on the Northern frontier until 1824, when he was entrusted with the command of the defences of New York City, towards which it was believed the most vigorous efforts of the enemy would be directed, after the fall of Napoleon, but they chose New Orleans for their winter operations.



BRO.: GENERAL LEWIS returned to the bosom of his family at the close of the war of 1814, crowned with the tributes of his fellow-countrymen for the distinguished services he had rendered in the field, and for the balance of his years, enjoyed that rest to which he was so justly entitled.

In the Spring of 1799 he was married to Gertrude, the daughter of Robert Livingston, and sister of Robert R. and Edward Livingston, both distinguished in the annals of American jurisprudence, and American Freemasonry. After a union of fifty-five years, his estimable consort departed this life at the age of seventy-six.

On the 3rd of June 1830, BRO.: LEWIS was unanimously elected Grand Master of Masons of the State of New York, in which office he was continued by the unanimous wish of the Fraternity, until the end of his life, a period of thirteen years. He affiliated with St. John's Lodge, No. 1, on the 23d of June, 1842, when in the eighty-seventh year of his age.

GRAND MASTER LEWIS died on the 7th of April, 1844, full of honors, highly revered and respected, and received the last sad rites at the hands of the Fraternity, in the presence of the officers of the Army and Navy of the United States, of the State Military, the Society of the Cincinnati, the Judiciary, the Corporation of the city of New York, the Grand Lodge, and a numerous concourse of citizens, in St. Paul's Church, of that city. His remains were subsequently placed by the side of his wife in Staatsburg, in compliance with his dying request.

BRO.: CALVIN LLEWELLYN STOWELL, 33°, son of Thomas P. and Henrietta Fowler Stowell, was born in the town of Ansonia, Pa., August 28, 1845. His father, who is still living, was educated in Virginia and has long been known as one of the ablest mathematicians of his time. From both his parents BRO.: STOWELL inherited those sterling traits of character which have ever distinguished him as a man and as a Mason. In this connection it may be interesting to note that in ancient times, in England, the family name of Stowell was spelled Stawel. We say in ancient times, for BRO.: STOWELL'S ancestry is traced, step by step, back to the Middle Ages. During the Rebellion against King Charles the First and Second nearly all the evidence and writings relating to the family were destroyed; but a history may be found in Camden's "Britannia," Sir William Dugdale's "Baronage," and Sir William Pool's MS. "Survey of Devon." Among the names mentioned in the pedigree are those of Sir Henry Stawel, Knight of Somersetshire, A.D. 1261; Baron Stawel, of Somersetshire, A.D. 1682; Sir Geoffrey Stawel, who was a grandfather in the reign of King Henry III; and his son, Geoffrey Stawel the Younger, who died in the thirty-seventh year of the reign of Edward III, being possessed of the lordships of Cotholston, Stawel, Stratton, Begbury, and other estates in England and Wales. The present branch of the family are de-

scendants of Gerald Stawel, who was governor of Pembroke Castle in Wales and a great favorite of King Henry I. He married Nesta, the daughter of Rhees, Prince of South Wales. In the family are found the Earl of Pembroke, conqueror of Ireland; the Earls of Arundel, the Barons Dinham, and others of note. Sir John Stawel was one of the Knights of the Bath, at the coronation of King James the First, and his son, John, one of the Knights of the Bath, at the coronation of Charles the First. The last-named Sir John Stawel was one of the most eminent men of his times and possessed of vast estates, all of which he lost in adhering to the cause of the ill-fated monarch. He endured a long imprisonment in the Tower of London, and was reduced to want and misery, but lived to see the restoration of Charles II, and also the restoration of the family estates. In consideration of the loyalty and sufferings of his father, and in further consideration of his own services, Ralph Stawel, the eldest son, was created a peer of the realm by the style and title of Lord Stawel, and also Baron Stawel of Somerton, in 1682. William, Lord Stawel, in 1692, was one of the gentlemen of the court in the reign of Queen Anne, and succeeded to the estate and lordship of Aldermarston in Berkshire. The descendants of this branch of the family came to the United States in the "May-Flower" times, obtained a large tract of land and settled near what is now known as Boston Commons, in Boston, Mass., and have been citizens of the United States and sovereigns of this great Republic since that time.

So much for the ancestry of BRO.: STOWELL, which finds in him a worthy representative. We learn that he was brought up in the banking business in New York City, and at an early age began to make a good record for himself as a financier. Clear-headed, courageous and enterprising in whatever he undertook, fortune smiled upon him until at the present time he is at the head of a number of interests, of great extent, being a director and an official in several steamship and railway companies and marine and fire insurance companies and other corporations. In 1867, while on a visit to his parents, who had at that time settled in Rochester, N. Y., BRO.: STOWELL met Miss Jeannie O. Hotchkiss, and on November 18th of the same year they were married. They have ever since continued to reside in Rochester, where they have a beautiful home, surrounded by all that refined taste and culture could suggest, thoroughly happy in entertaining their many friends and doing good in an unostentatious way.

BRO.: STOWELL has been an extensive and observant traveler, and has found time in his busy career to write charmingly about the places he has visited, and to do other literary work also. His contributions to foreign and domestic periodicals and magazines, on scientific and mathematical subjects and art, have been marked by an originality and style that would have won for him a wider recognition and distinction





BROTHER CALVIN L. STOWELL, 33<sup>o</sup>,

SOVEREIGN GRAND MASTER OF THE GRAND COUNCIL OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.





*C. L. Stovill 33<sup>o</sup>*

Sovereign Grand Master of the Sovereign Grand Council.  
United States of America.





in that field had he decided to follow his literary inclinations. Masonry has repeatedly and largely profited by his ever-ready and graceful pen, he being the author of the well-known "Text-book of Christian Knighthood," and other Masonic books and publications.

Masonry has been, in fact, one of the absorbing studies of BRO. STOWELL's life. In its cause he has labored with a zeal and devotion that never faltered, even when called upon to spread the light in Spanish countries, where Masonry is forbidden under heavy penalties. He was twenty-three years old to a day when he was made a Master Mason in Oil City Lodge, No. 363, at Oil City, Pa., on August 28, 1868, and his advancement in the order was very rapid. During the following year, on May 20, he was exalted a Royal Arch Mason, in Venango Chapter, No. 211, Franklin, Pa.; on August 7, he was constituted a Royal and Select Master in Jerusalem Council, No. 33, Erie, Pa.; on May 25, he was created a Knight Templar in Northwestern Commandery, No. 25, Meadville, Pa.; on August 18, he received the Ineffable Grades of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, in Enoch L. of P., Bloomsburg, Pa.; on August 19, the Ancient Traditional Grades, in Zerubbabel Council, Princes of Jerusalem; on August 20, the Philosophical and Doctrinal Grades, in Evergreen Chapter of Rose-Croix, H.-R.-D.-M.; on the same evening, the Modern Historical and Chivalric Grades, up to and including the 32°, in Caldwell Consistory, S. P. R. S. On the 6th day of December, in the year following, he was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector General, 33°, at Philadelphia.

From the very beginning BRO. STOWELL has been an active worker in the various bodies with which he connected himself. It is quite impossible to name the dates and names of all the Masonic offices he has held in more than a quarter of a century of faithful service. We give herewith some of the most important ones, although in addition to those on the list he has filled between forty and fifty others in the various grand and subordinate bodies: He is Past Worshipful Master of Lodge, No. 438, Pennsylvania; Past High Priest, Chapter 218, Pennsylvania; Past Thrice Illustrious Grand Master, Council No. 10, Pennsylvania; Past Eminent Commander, Crusade Commandery, No. 12; Past M. W. and P. Master, Enoch Lodge of Perfection, Pennsylvania; Past M. E. S. P. G. M., Zerubbabel Council, Princes of Jerusalem, Pennsylvania; Past M. W. and P. Master, Evergreen Chapter, Rose-Croix, Pennsylvania; Past First Lieutenant-Commander, Caldwell Consistory, Pennsylvania; Past District Deputy Grand Master of the Grand Council of Pennsylvania; Past M. P. Sovereign, Rose of Sharon Conclave, No. 60, Pennsylvania; Past Grand Master, Grand Council of Knights of the Red Cross of Constantine, Pennsylvania; Past Grand Sovereign, Grand Council of the United States of America; Past Grand Sovereign, Grand Chapter of Grand Cross

Knights of the United States of America; Past Honorary Grand Sovereign of the Grand Imperial Council of Scotland; Past Honorary Grand Sovereign, Grand Imperial Council of England, Wales and the British Dependencies; Knight of the Grand Cross of Scotland; Grand Representative of the Grand Imperial Council of England, near the Grand Council of the United States of America; and Grand Representative of the Grand Imperial Council of Scotland, near the Grand Council of the United States of America.

BRO. DANIEL D. TOMPKINS, P. G. M. of the Grand Lodge of the State of New York, was born in Scarsdale, West-Chester County, in 1774. He received an excellent education, graduating from Columbia College in 1795. He began the study of the law, and in course of time was admitted to the bar of New York City. He early entered into politics, and in 1804 was elected to Congress, from which he resigned, however, in a short time, to become one of the Justices of the Supreme Court. In 1807 he was elected Governor of New York State, and held that office for the next ten years. It was while Governor of the State, that the Act passed abolishing the institution of slavery in the State, to the accomplishment of which his best efforts were unceasingly directed.

It was while still Governor, that he was elected in 1816 to the honorable station of Vice-President of the United States, and was re-elected in 1820.

BRO. TOMPKINS early in life identified himself with the Fraternity, and ever manifested a deep interest in its welfare. He was its firm friend through the dark days of adversity and persecution, and stood manfully and resolutely against the storms of deadly venom poured out upon its defenceless head.

BRO. TOMPKINS was Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of New York from 1801 to 1805, and in 1820, while Vice President of the United States, he was elected to the honorable station of Grand Master of that Body. He was re-elected in 1821, and served with great distinction. As a statesman and jurist, of his time, he occupied a pre-eminent rank, and as a Mason and a citizen held the fullest esteem of the Fraternity at home and at large. He died in the city of New York in June, 1825, aged fifty-one years.

BRO. EVAN EVANS, was a native of Wales, having been born in Cardinghamshire, on the 12th day of August, 1806. He was the son of William and Ann Evans, who were born respectively, in the same country, in 1782 and 1784. In 1818 his parents removed to America and settled at Alexandria, Virginia, and later removed to Winchester, in the same State. There the son grew to manhood, when in 1829 the family removed and located in Dayton, Ohio, and from there to Fountain County, Indiana. The family remained there until the death of the husband and father, which did not occur until the son had located at Burlington, Iowa, where he was joined by his mother. As soon as he had arrived at the proper age he learned his father's trade, that of carpenter, and

assisted his father, both in Virginia and Ohio, in the erection of many of the first homes in the new country. In 1832 he left the parental roof and set out to seek his fortune, going first to Cincinnati, where he remained but a short time. From Cincinnati he fled on account of the Cholera. He went to Mason County, Kentucky, and located in Maysville; there, too, he followed his trade. In January 1833, he married Susan David, a sister of John S. David and Barton T. David, two of Iowa's earliest pioneers, and through the persuasions of the latter was induced to remove to the new country, or "Black Hawk Purchase," as Iowa was then called. Here he engaged in the carpenter business in connection with a lumber yard he had established, and which was the first in Southern Iowa, if not in the State. He continued this business until 1859 by which time he had accumulated a moderate fortune.

BRO.: EVANS was made a Mason in Confidence Lodge No. 52, of Maysville Kentucky, in December 1836, while a resident of that place. In 1837 he dimitted and affiliated with the old Lodge "Nova Cesarea Harmony," at Cincinnati, Ohio. There is no recorded history of his affiliations further than this until after his removal to Iowa. There he became the leading spirit in the organization of the first Lodge at Burlington. The first meeting was held at his office, which was in connection with his lumber yard. Of this Lodge Bro.: Hiram C. Bennett became Worshipful Master, Bro.: William Thompson, Senior Warden, and BRO.: EVANS, Junior Warden, and was instituted November 20, 1840, as Des Moines Lodge No. 1. He retained his membership in this Lodge to the day of his death, (1892) having at that time had a longer connection or affiliation with the Lodge than any other in Iowa.

He was a very modest man, content with a subordinate position, and never seemed to aspire to the Mastership of the Lodge or to an initiation into the so-called Higher Bodies. He was, until disabled by the loss of sight and advancing years, a regular attendant upon his Lodge giving to its members his countenance and support, and by his example offering encouragement to the younger members to persevere in well-doing.

His first wife died in 1839, and two years later he married Rebecca O'Neil, a native of Kentucky. She survived but about six months, when, in March, 1844, he married Miss Elizabeth Bennett, also a native of Kentucky, and originally from Maysville. She was a sister of Bro.: Hiram C. Bennett, who was the first Master of the old Lodge. But three of the four children born to him, survive him.

BRO.: EVANS departed this life, January 22, 1892, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Burlington. In his death the active membership of himself and associates in the world has ceased—but to await that time when they shall all have gathered around the Heavenly Altar.

BRO.: JAMES AUGUSTUS FOX, 33°, was born in the city of Boston, Massachusetts, August 11, 1827. He is a son of George Howe Fox, of Mendon, and Emily (Wyatt) Fox, of Westboro', both towns in the old county of Worcester, and he traces his ancestry on the paternal side to the ancient family of his name in Lincolnshire, England, which includes the renowned scholar and author of the famous "Book of Martyrs," and, on the maternal side, to the eminent Scottish family of Forbes. He obtained his academic education in the schools of Boston. After graduating therefrom, he entered the law school of Harvard University, and subsequently the law office of Hon. John C. Park. In 1854 he was admitted to the Suffolk bar and commenced to practice in the courts of Massachusetts.

In May, 1848, BRO.: FOX married Julia, daughter of James and Julia (Sterry) Valentine, of Providence, R. I., and granddaughter of William and Elizabeth (Borden) Valentine, the grandfather being one of the original projectors of the extensive manufacturing industries of Fall River, Mass. Mrs. Fox died in 1872, leaving surviving her three interesting daughters.

BRO.: FOX was made a Mason in St. John's Lodge, of Boston, Mass., July 6, 1858. After serving as Senior Deacon, Junior and Senior Warden, he was elected and served as Worshipful Master of the Lodge for the years 1863 and 1864. Subsequently, and for four consecutive terms he served as District Deputy Grand Master of the First Masonic District, which at that time included a part of Boston and adjacent towns.

He was exalted in St. Paul's R.: A.: Chapter, of Boston, April 17, 1860. After filling the several subordinate offices of the Chapter, he was elected in 1869 and re-elected in 1870, Most Excellent High Priest.

He was created a Knight Templar in Boston Commandery, K.: T.: , January 16, 1861; and the consistorial degrees were conferred upon him in Boston Sovereign Consistory, June 12, 1863. His ability and efficiency in the various subordinate offices and incidents of the Scottish Rite promoted his election as Commander-in-Chief of Boston Sovereign Consistory for more than one term, or until the consolidation of the three then existing similar bodies under charter of Massachusetts Consistory S.: P.: R.: S.: in 1871.

In 1868 he received the Cryptic degrees in Boston Council of Royal and Select Masters, in Boston, and on November 17, 1871, he was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector General (33°) and elected an Honorary Member of the Supreme Council for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States.

As a mark of the fraternal esteem in which he was held by his associates in Massachusetts Consistory (with its more than fourteen hundred members), a most beautiful 33° jewel, studded with precious stones, and bearing the following inscription:

"PALMAM QUE MERUIT FERAT."

"Presented to Ill.: JAMES A. FOX, by Massachusetts



BROTHER JAMES A. FOX, 33°,

PAST ILL. COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF MASSACHUSETTS (SOV.) CONSISTORY S.P.R.S., BOSTON, MASS.

HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33° OF A.A.S.R. NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.





*Yours fraternally*

*James A. Foy 33°*

Hon. Mem. of the Supreme Council of 33<sup>d</sup> Degree  
A. A. S. R. for the N. M. L. of the U. S.



Consistory, S. P. R., S. February 22, 1889, in recognition of his active service in the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite for more than a quarter of a century," was presented to Ill. Bro. Fox; a tribute which he most highly appreciates and greatly prizes.

Ill. Bro. Fox also occupies a deserved and distinguished position in some of the more prominent of the beneficial orders. He is a Past Grand of Dunster Lodge, Cambridge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; occupies an advanced rank in the Improved Order of Red Men; and in 1887 he was at the head of the Order of Knights of Pythias, serving with signal ability as Grand Chancellor of Massachusetts. He is also one of the two Representatives to the Supreme Lodge of the World, and Judge Advocate General upon the staff of Major-General Carnahan, of Indiana—the Commander of the Uniform Rank, K of P.

Ill. Bro. Fox has also made an enviable military record. Commencing at an early age in the preparatory "school of the soldier"—the volunteer militia of the State—he rose from the ranks and became the Commander of the Boston City Guard. When the Civil War began in 1861, he promptly offered his services to Governor Andrew, and being accepted, he honorably served through the hazardous campaigns of 1861 and 1862 as the captain of Company "A," 13th Regiment Massachusetts Volunteers. Since the war he has been elected President of the Regimental Association for several terms, and is also a member of the military order, Loyal Legion of the United States. Since 1868 he has been identified with the Grand Army of the Republic, as a comrade and commander of John A. Andrew Post, No. 15, of Boston. His addresses on several Memorial Day occasions, and especially one entitled "The Two Civilizations," (which has been published), and another delivered upon the battlefield of Gettysburg, at the dedication of the "Color Bearer's Statue" of the 13th Mass. Regt., were scholarly and eloquent productions, attracting marked attention. He was commander of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts in 1864-65, and was one of the appointed delegates of the corps, at the 350th anniversary of the Honorable Artillery Company, of London, the parent of the American corps, as celebrated during the jubilee season of Queen Victoria in 1887.

In civil life, Bro. Fox has also borne a no less inconspicuous part. For three years he served as a member of the school committee of Boston. In 1867 and 1868 he represented his district in the Legislature of Massachusetts, and in 1870 and 1871 became a member of the honorable Senate. His career in the State Senate was a brilliant one, and gained for him an enviable reputation as a fluent and polished speaker. Among his most masterly efforts was a glowing tribute to Major-General George H. Thomas, on the occasion of that hero's death.

In 1872, when he had removed to Cambridge, his

new constituents called him to the Aldermanic Board for two years, and subsequently elected him to the mayoralty of that city for four consecutive terms.

In all the varied relations of life,—as a legislator, as chief magistrate of an important city, as a soldier, orator, officer of worthy beneficial organizations, and as a true and tried Mason, in every responsible position in which he has been placed during his entire career, he has performed the multifarious duties incumbent upon him with signal ability and the utmost fidelity.

His knowledge of parliamentary law, his dignity and tact as a presiding officer, his power to grasp the salient points of a question under discussion, whether arising in the public halls of legislation, or the more sacred precincts of the lodge room, and his correct knowledge of financial matters, mark him as the possessor of a clear and comprehensive mind and great executive ability.

**BRO. BENJAMIN B. FRENCH**, 33°, Past G. M. of the Grand Lodge of the District of Columbia, 1846-1853, was born at Chester, New Hampshire, September 4, 1800. His ancestors on both sides of his family were among the earliest settlers of New England. After receiving a good common school and academic education he was enlisted as a private in the United States Army; he was soon promoted to the rank of a Sergeant and served for four months, when at the solicitation of his friends he was discharged from service. He then pursued the study of the law in his father's office and in due course of time was admitted to the bar. In 1833 he received the appointment of Assistant Clerk in the U. S. House of Representatives and removed to the City of Washington, where he resided until his death. He subsequently became Chief Clerk and held the position until 1847.

He was President of the first Magnetic Telegraph Company ever formed and for some years devoted himself exclusively to its interests. Prof. Morse found in him a faithful co-laborer and earnest advocate, when he sought Congressional aid in the development of his almost miraculous discovery, and to his shrewd and strategic management is mainly due the passage of the bill which enabled the professor to demonstrate the practicability of his great invention. For a number of years, he also served as Commissioner of Public Buildings at Washington.

Bro. French was made a Mason in King Solomon's Lodge, No. 14, in New London, N. H., and having faithfully served in the East, became soon after entering the Grand Lodge its Deputy Grand Master, which position he occupied when he received his appointment at Washington. He found, on his arrival at Washington, the condition of Masonry to be in a somewhat dormant condition owing to the bitter antagonism of the Anti-masons, and he did not affiliate until 1846. The same year he was elected Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of the District, which position he acceptably filled until 1853.

He was exalted in Columbia R. A. Chapter, No.



15, November 1846, then a constituent of the Grand Chapter of Maryland, and in the following year was elected its High Priest, and in 1850 Grand High Priest, which position he filled by successive re-elections until 1855.

Upon the reorganization of Washington Commandery, No. 1, in April 1847, he was elected Eminent Commander, which position he held for eleven years.

In the General Grand bodies, he also attained high rank; being Grand Recorder of the Grand Commandery, also Secretary of the General Grand Chapter, from 1850 to 1859, when he was elected Grand Master of Templars for the United States and declined a further re-election as Grand Secretary of the G. G. C. He was re-elected Grand Master of Templars in 1862, thus holding the position six consecutive years.

In 1851, he received the degrees of the A. and A. S. R., to the 32° under the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction, and in 1859 was invested with the dignities of an Inspector General 33°, by the Supreme Council for the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States, of which body at the time of his death he was Lieutenant Grand Commander.

BRO. FRENCH died August 12, 1870, and was buried with Masonic honors, conducted by Sov. G. C. Bro. Pike, in the presence of the various Masonic bodies of the District of Columbia and Maryland, Baltimore and Monumental Commanderies of Baltimore acting as an escort.

BRO. JOSEPH HARTLEY DUNN, 33°, of Columbus, Ohio, was born in the city of Williamsburg, New York, December 1, 1848. His father, William G. Dunn, was formerly engaged as a buyer of foreign goods in a large importing and jobbing Dry Goods house in New York City, but from 1869 to 1889 he was at the head of one of the largest and most successful dry goods houses in Columbus, Ohio. When he established this store, he surprised other business men, by locating at a point in a section of the city, considered by many to be, from a business point of view, dead; and many were the predictions of his early failure—some giving him but ninety days to reach this result. He also was the first to introduce the one-price rule in his business—a rule which was deemed at the time wholly impracticable. Disaster did not befall him however. On the contrary, the location in a short time proved to be the very choicest locality in the city for mercantile pursuits, and before he retired from business he had the proud distinction of being esteemed the leading dry goods merchant of Central Ohio.

The subject of our sketch spent the first twelve years of his life in the place of his birth, after which he removed to Geneva in the same State, where he resided until he was twenty-one years of age. His rudimentary education was obtained at the common schools of these places, after which he attended the Rural High School near Utica, N. Y., and later the

Eagleswood Military Academy at Perth Amboy, New Jersey.

He was admitted to a partnership in his father's business upon its establishment in 1869, under the firm name and style of William G. Dunn & Co. In February 1889, after a successful business career of twenty years, his father retired from the business and he succeeded to the management of the extensive establishment, the firm name becoming that of Dunn, Taft & Co. He has not only maintained its well known prestige, but by his rare executive abilities, sound judgment and business shrewdness, has secured for himself an enviable position among the business men of Central Ohio.

BRO. DUNN is an active and efficient member of the Board of Trade of the city of Columbus, of the Lincoln League, and of the Arion Male Chorus, and the Columbus Choral Society. He is also an active laborer in Church work, having been for seventeen years a member of Trinity Episcopal Church, for several years Superintendent of its Sunday-school, and also a member of the vestry. Later, however, he united with the Broad Street Presbyterian Church, Columbus. He was an active member of the Building Committee, and much credit is due him for efforts put forth in the erection of the handsome brown stone edifice at the corner of Broad Street and Garfield Avenue, in said city.

BRO. DUNN was made a Mason in Goodale Lodge, No. 372, Columbus, Ohio, January 15, 1880; was exalted to the degree of Royal Arch Mason in Ohio Chapter, No. 12, January 2, 1882; and received the degrees of Royal and Select Master in Columbus Council, No. 8, R. and S. M., February 10, 1882.

He received the Ineffable Grades in Enoch Lodge of Perfection in Columbus, Ohio, March 22, 1880; and on the following day received the 16° in Franklin Council, P. of J., and the 18° in Columbus Chapter of Rose Croix; and received the Consistorial degrees in Ohio Consistory, at Cincinnati, April 23, 1880.

He was created a Knight Templar in Mount Vernon Commandery, No. 1, K. T. of Columbus, June 10, 1886, and on the 14th of September, 1886, he was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector General (33°) and elected an Honorary Member of the Supreme Council for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States, in the city of Chicago, Illinois.

BRO. DUNN served several years as an office bearer in Columbus Council of Royal and Select Masters, during two years of which time he was Thrice Ill. Master. His efficient services also, as Director of Music in the bodies of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, are highly appreciated by his brethren.

BRO. DUNN was married on August 20, 1873, to Miss Mary Spier, of Brooklyn, New York, who bore him two children, a son and a daughter. Death deprived him of his companion, however, at the end of six years from the date of their marriage.

On November 10, 1881, he again married; his sec-



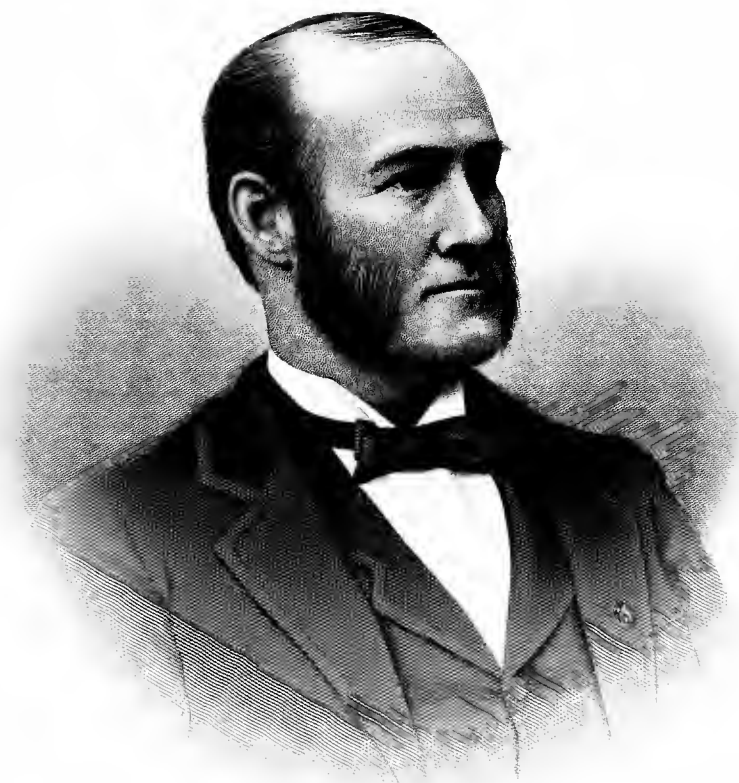




BROTHER JOSEPH H. DUNN, 33°,  
COLUMBUS, OHIO.

HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33° OF A. A. S. R. NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.





eng'd by W. T. Barber

*Respy Va Fraternally*  
*Joseph H. Dunn. 33°*

Hon. Mem. of the Supreme Council 33° of A. A. S. R. of the N. M. J. of the  
United States of America



and wife being Miss Lauretta B. a daughter of Colonel William H. Young, United States Consul to Germany. The fruits of this union are also a son and a daughter.

**BRO.: CHARLES H. OHR, M. D.**, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, 1849-1851, was born in Funkstown, Washington County, Maryland, October 19 1811. He graduated as a Doctor of Medicine from the University of Maryland in 1834, and at once entered upon the practice of his profession, first in Baltimore, and then at Cumberland. His reputation as a physician has always stood high, and notwithstanding his age he has an extensive practice, and his services are sought widely in Cumberland and its vicinity, where he has resided for more than forty years past. In 1873-4 he was President of the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland. He has frequently contributed to the medical journals, and his contributions are characterized by well digested thought and profound medical experience.

**BRO.: OHR** was made a Mason in Friendship Lodge No. 84, then of Williamsport, in 1839. He first entered the Grand Lodge of Maryland, in May 1840, and for a period of over fifty years his familiar form has been seen and his ability recognized and appreciated in the Grand Lodge.

In 1842 he started Tonoloway Lodge, No. 86, at Hancock, and for two years was its Worshipful Master. He removed to Baltimore about 1843, and in connection with his brother-in-law, assisted in the resuscitation of Washington Lodge, No. 3, of which he also became Master. In January 1846, with others, he organized Adherence Lodge, No. 88, and of which he was also the first Master. In the following year he removed to Cumberland, and at once set about the resuscitation of Cumberland Lodge, No. 61, which had been in a dormant condition for some years, and of which he was also Master. It will thus be seen that **BRO.: OHR** has been Master of no less than four Symbolic Lodges.

In 1845, he was elected Junior Grand Warden, and from 1849 to 1851, he occupied with great acceptability the distinguished office of Grand Master.

**BRO.: OHR** received the Mark and M.: E.: degrees in Concordia Chapter, No. 13, of Baltimore, and the remaining Chapter degrees in Phoenix Chapter, No. 7, about 1846. He became High Priest of the latter Chapter, and subsequently was one of the founders of Salem Chapter, No. 18, of Cumberland, over which he has been repeatedly called to preside. He was elected and served as Grand High Priest of the Grand Chapter of Maryland during 1868, 1869 and 1870, and in 1871 was elected General Grand Scribe of the General Grand Chapter of the United States.

He was for many years chairman of the Committee on Foreign Correspondence of the Grand Lodge and Grand Chapter, and prepared the first regular review of the proceedings of other Grand Lodges ever presented to the Grand Lodge of Maryland. This position he most ably occupied for many years. His

reports attracted attention throughout the country and are looked upon, both at home and abroad, as among the ablest productions to be found anywhere in the lore of Masonry.

**BRO.: OHR** received the orders of Knighthood in Antioch Commandery, No. 6, K.: T.: of Cumberland, while working under dispensation, and was its first Eminent Commander.

He has faithfully and earnestly labored in all the different positions he has filled, and among the valuable services he has rendered to the Fraternity of Maryland, none are greater and deserving of more praise than his earnest efforts to revive the Craft from the apathy into which it had fallen in that State, consequent upon the Anti-Masonic excitement. The earlier co-workers of **BRO.: OHR** have all passed away, and he alone remains, of the active members of the Grand Lodge of 1840 to 1845—being at the time of the writing of this sketch the oldest living Mason in the State.

**BRO.: STEPHEN W. B. CARNEGIE**, Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri, was born in Harrison County, Kentucky, January 29, 1797, and died in Canton, Missouri, January 5, 1892, lacking but a few days of being ninety-five years old.

He attended the common schools of his time and obtained the advantages the meagre rudiments of the primitive text-books then afforded. In 1828, he removed to Missouri, and located in Palmyra, where he engaged in the practice of the law, having been admitted to the bar in 1827. He served his constituents in the Legislature at an early period, but appears to have tired both of the law and of politics.

**BRO.: CARNEGIE** was made a Mason in St. Andrew's Lodge, No. 18, in Cynthiana, Kentucky, in 1820, and had therefore been a Mason almost three quarters of a century. He was thrice chosen Master of his Lodge, and represented it in the Grand Lodge of Kentucky. At Palmyra, where he had located in Missouri, he was instrumental in obtaining a dispensation for the formation of a Lodge of that name, also numbered eighteen. From this Lodge he appeared as a representative in the Grand Lodge in 1832 and subsequent years.

He was knighted in Baltimore, Maryland, during his attendance at the Masonic Convention of 1843, and became a charter member of St. Louis Commandery, No. 1. In 1849 he removed to Canton, Lewis County, where he resided until his death. At this place he also assisted in the organization of a Lodge and Chapter.

**BRO.: CARNEGIE** was elected Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Missouri in 1836, and his term extended to 1839. He was a kind-hearted and benevolent man, tender in his feelings, and took a deep interest in the young members of the Grand Lodge, ever extending a kindly hand of welcome and friendly greeting. In his declining years he enjoyed the honor and respect of a wide circle of friends.

**BRO. WILLIAM OSCAR ROOME**, 33°, of Washington, D. C., was born in the City of New York, August 9, 1839. His parents were Edward Roome and Frances Henrietta Roome, representatives of the good old Knickerbocker stock, so prominently identified with that city and State. He received his education at the Trinity School, from which he graduated with the highest honors.

At the outbreak of the late Civil War he was a private in Company F of the Seventy first Regiment, New York State Militia, and at the first call of the President went with the regiment to the front, it being the second regiment to leave the city. He was severely wounded at the first battle of Bull Run and incapacitated for further duty for a year. He afterwards recruited a company at his own expense (Co. K, 37th Regt. N. Y. S. N. G.) and as its first captain went into the service again in 1863, serving in the Second Division of the Sixth Army Corps. In 1864 he was assigned to duty on Governor's Island, New York Harbor. Subsequently he was elected and commissioned Major of the 37th Regiment, which position he held for several years and then resigned.

In 1874 he removed to Washington, D. C., at the time the present form of government was adopted for the District, and accepted the position he now holds—in charge of the special assessments for the improvement of the streets and avenues of the city.

**BRO. ROOME** was made a Mason in Greenwich Lodge, No. 467, New York City, December 11, 1863; a Royal Arch Mason in Phoenix Chapter, No. 2, New York, May 23, 1864; dimitted May 26, 1879, and affiliated with Mount Vernon R. A. Chapter, No. 3, District of Columbia; made a Royal Master May 31, 1887, and a Select Master, August 31, 1887, in Washington Council, No. 1, of Washington, D. C.; received the 14th degree in Mithras Lodge of Perfection of Washington, November 5th, 1878; the 18th degree in Evangelist Chapter of Rose-Croix, same city, May 27, 1879, and the 32d degree in Albert Pike Consistory, No. 1, M. R. S., same city, February 14, 1882.

He was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector-General (33°) and decorated with the Grand Cross of the Court of Honor by the Supreme Council, Southern Masonic Jurisdiction, at the session held in Washington, D. C., October 24, 1884, for extraordinary services rendered in behalf of Masonry.

**BRO. ROOME** dimitted from Greenwich Lodge, No. 467, of New York City, and affiliated with Washington Centennial Lodge, No. 14, of the District of Columbia, upon his removal to that city; becoming its Worshipful Master in 1888. In 1890 he dimitted from the latter Lodge, and became a charter member of Osiris Lodge, No. 26, and its first Master.

Having previously served in the lower chairs in Mount Vernon R. A. Chapter, No. 3, D. C., he was elected King for the year 1892, and in December of the same year, by an almost unanimous vote, M. E. High Priest. He was Thrice Ill. Master of Washing-

ton Council, No. 1, R. and S. M., D. C., for the year 1892, having previously served in the lower chairs. He was elected Venerable Master of Mithras Lodge of Perfection, No. 1, D. C., in 1883, and through successive re-elections, has held it ever since. In 1890 he was elected Wise Master of Evangelist Chapter of Rose-Croix, No. 1, D. C., and on April 6, 1893, was re-elected for another term of three years. In 1892 he was elected First Lieut. Commander of Robert De Bruce Council of Kadosh, No. 1, D. C.

**BRO. ROOME** is also Master of St. Cecille Lodge, Rite of Adoption, Washington, D. C.; Recorder of Constantine Conclave, No. 1, Knights of the Red Cross of Constantine, of the same city; Grand Secretary of the Provincial Grand Lodge for the United States, of the Royal Order of Scotland, since September 1, 1886; President of the Board of Trustees A. and A. Scottish Rite Cathedral, 1007 G. Street, N. W.; and the Treasurer of the Charity Fund under the jurisdiction of the Board of Almoners of the Scottish Rite. He is likewise an active member of Almas Temple, Arabic Order of Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and of the Masonic Veterans Association of the District of Columbia.

At the session of the Supreme Council for the Southern Masonic Jurisdiction, held in October, 1886, he was further honored with an appointment as Second Grand Auditor by that distinguished Body.

**BRO. ROOME**, during his Masonic career, as shown, has certainly given evidence of a wonderful tact for successful work in so promising a field. Nothing less than ability of the very highest order and the tact for properly using it, could ever have placed him in the advanced position he holds in Masonic circles. He combines in himself the rare qualities which are seldom to be found in the same individual—the qualities that make an excellent presiding officer and a capable recording officer. These traits he possesses in an eminent degree, and they have gained for him all of the immense popularity he enjoys with the Brotherhood. And withal he is affable and courteous in the routine of both his social and civic relations, the beau ideal of a man and a citizen. Although he has enjoyed, and is enjoying, many marks of esteem and honor at the hands of the Fraternity, he has not yet reached the culmination of its expectations; there are yet higher rounds in the ladder of Masonic fame, and these the distinguished brother will in time ascend with the grace and dignity so characteristic of him in the past.

**BRO. CHARLES GILMAN**, 33°, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire in 1832, and Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, 1842-1848, was born in the town of Meredith, in the State of New Hampshire, December 14, 1793. His younger years were passed in his native town and its vicinity, where he was educated. After graduating, he commenced the study of the law, and in due course of time was admitted to the bar of New Hampshire.



BROTHER WILLIAM OSCAR ROOME, 33°,

GRAND SECRETARY OF THE PROVISIONAL GRAND LODGE FOR THE UNITED STATES  
OF THE ROYAL ORDER OF SCOTLAND.

HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33° OF A. A. S. R. SOUTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.







Fraternally yours  
Wm. Oscar Roemer 33<sup>rd</sup>

Provincial Grand Secretary of the Provincial Grand Lodge for the United States.  
of the Royal Order of Scotland



BRO. GILMAN began his Masonic career at the age of thirty, when he was introduced to light in Centre Lodge, No. 20, of Sanbornton, N. H.; E.: A.: , January 31, 1825; F.: C.: February 28, 1825; and M.: N.: March 25, 1825. In 1826 he was exalted to the Royal Arch in Union R.: A.: Chapter No 7, of the same jurisdiction, and two years after he was appointed District Deputy Grand Master. The importance of his services in the District over which he had charge was duly acknowledged in his appointment, after two years labor, to the office of Deputy Grand Master of the Grand Lodge, and two years later (1832) by his elevation to the high position of Grand Master of that body.

He was not less active in the Chapter than in the Lodge, and soon was chosen High Priest, in which office he continued for several years. At the close of his term as High Priest, he became actively identified with the interests of the Grand Chapter of New Hampshire, and in 1830 was elected Grand Treasurer, and performed the duties of the office until 1833, the time of his removal from that State to Baltimore, Maryland.

Although an entire stranger in Baltimore and throughout the State, when he entered upon the practice of his profession in that city, he was in a short time surrounded by a numerous circle of friends, who as they received his attention and services, returned the favor in reciprocal offices of esteem and friendship. In his success at the bar, he fully realized his expectations, and made many friends among his professional associates. He early affiliated with Wigwam Lodge, No. 72, and on the demise of that Lodge in 1839 united himself with Concordia Lodge, No. 13, with which he was associated in active labor for a long period, and was a member at the time of his death. He also affiliated with Phoenix R.: A.: Chapter, No. 7, and Maryland Commandery, No. 1, of Knights Templar. His affiliation with the Commandery took place April 7, 1837; but previous to this date he had already affiliated and taken a prominent part in the Chapter, having been elected Grand Secretary of the Grand Chapter in 1836. In this office he served acceptably for the next five years. One year previous to his election as Grand Secretary of the G.: C.: he had been elected G.: G.: Secretary of the G.: G.: C.: of the United States, and G.: G.: Recorder of the G.: G.: Encampment of the United States, in both of which offices he served with distinction for a period of fifteen years. In 1853 he was elected General Grand King of the G.: G.: C.: of the United States, and G.: G.: H.: P.: of the same body, in 1856. At the close of his second term he declined a re-election on account of the failure of his health. He had then been a member of the General Grand Chapter for a period of twenty-seven years and within that time had held office for twenty-one years, during which period he had missed but one triennial session of the General Grand Chapter.

In 1847 Maryland Commandery surrendered its charter to the Grand Encampment, but in Aug. 1848, measurably through the influence of Sir Knight Gilman, it was re-organized, and he was elected Eminent Commander (then termed Eminent Grand Commander).

In the spring of 1849, SIR KNIGHT GILMAN went to California, sojourning there for several years. Prior to his departure, his Fraters of Maryland Commandery presented him with a solid gold eight-pointed Star. The presentation was made by his life-long friend, Sir Knight B. B. French, of the District of Columbia, at a banquet given in his honor at the Masonic Hall.

BRO.: GILMAN had scarcely settled in his new home in California, when he commenced his Masonic mission. A meeting of Masons was appointed in San Francisco for the purpose of organizing a Lodge. The effort was agreed upon and arrangements made for providing a charter, which as soon as secured, was rendered operative in the working of the first Lodge of Freemasons ever established on the Pacific Coast. It was in the spring of 1849, when the meeting was called, and as soon as the charter was procured the Lodge commenced its labors, and its membership increased with unparalleled rapidity, both by admission and initiation. New Lodges were ordered, and it soon became necessary that preparation should be made for the establishment of the Grand Lodge of the jurisdiction. A convention of Lodges for that purpose was ordered in 1850. Over that convention BRO.: GILMAN presided as Chairman, and to him was the duty committed of arranging the preliminary proceedings and procuring the authority under which the new Grand Lodge was to operate. There were at that time three Lodges in the State holding warrants from the Grand Lodges of other States when these proceedings were under consideration. All the Lodges were represented at the Convention, which was held on the 17th of April, 1850. The Convention met twice a day for three days, when a constitution was adopted. A Lodge of Master Masons was opened immediately after the Constitution had been agreed upon. Of this Lodge, BRO.: GILMAN was elected Master. The Lodge then proceeded to organize and open in proper Masonic form the Grand Lodge of California. The first Communication of the Grand Body was then ordered, and the business of the same entered upon. BRO.: GILMAN would have been elected the first Grand Master of the Grand Lodge thus organized, but his prospective removal from the State at that time rendered it proper and necessary that he should decline the intended honor. His brief residence in California facilitated the introduction of Masonry into that State, and afforded him great pleasure in the contemplation of an important service rendered an institution dearer to his heart than any other, save that of religion, which he ever held as paramount to every earthly consideration. The influence of his instructions and

example is still effective among the members of the fraternity in that far off jurisdiction, and his opinions are yet the objects of appeal upon controverted points. Upon his return from California, he was again elected Commander of Maryland Commandery, No. 1, first in 1855, and again in 1857 and 1858. In April, 1861, he was elected an Honorary Life Member.

He was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector General, 33°, A. A. S. R., by the Supreme Council for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction, and on April 3, 1861, was elected an Honorary Member of the Supreme Council for the Southern Jurisdiction.

In his domestic relations, BRO. GILMAN was one of the kindest and most affectionate of men. His attention to his family was of the most devoted and tenderest nature. A son, to whom he was deeply attached, and who had permanently located in California, died there shortly after a brief visit to the home of his parents, and this event proved a heavy affliction. He had labored for years to prepare this son for a career of honor and usefulness, and was full of hope that his fondest expectations would be realized in his history. But an all-wise providence had decreed otherwise, and the fond hopes of the father were blighted. From this afflictive stroke BRO. GILMAN never recovered. He became resigned to the event as an order of the Divine Administration, and endeavored to submit in humility to the decree. But the impression was deep and painful, and performed its work slowly and gradually, yet effectually, upon his mental as well as upon his physical powers.

BRO. GILMAN was a faithful, steady and devoted member of church, for many years a communicant of St. Paul's Church, under the direction of Bro. Rev. Dr. Wyatt, formerly Grand Chaplain of the Grand Lodge of Maryland. But during the latter years of his life he was attached to Grace Church, of which he was a Vestryman and the Treasurer. In his last and long affliction, he was patient and resigned, and without a murmur even in the hours of his severest sufferings, he calmly awaited the summons which should exalt him to the Heavenly Lodge above. The summons was answered; and on September 9, 1861, the remains of this pre-eminent Brother were consigned to their last resting place in Greenmount Cemetery, near Baltimore.

**BRO. RALPH REAMER RICKLY**, 33°, was born in the town of Tarlton, in the State of Ohio, January 20, 1851. His early life was spent for the most part in Columbus, O., where his father was engaged in Milling and Banking. His father was a native of Bern, in Switzerland, who came to America about 1835; graduated from Marshall College at Mercersburg, Pennsylvania, and preached the gospel according to the Reformed faith till about 1853, when, his health failing him, he was compelled to seek some more active as well as more remunerative calling. He located in Columbus permanently about 1853. His mother was Maria M. Reamer, daughter of Henry Reamer, of

Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, a descendant of Prince Frederick Roemer, of Wurtemberg, Germany. His father was the first Principal of the High School in Columbus, and the first President of Heidelberg College, at Tiffin, O., to which he made several liberal donations, and its College Chapel is named "Rickly Chapel," after him.

The subject of this sketch was educated in the public schools of Columbus, and graduated from the High School in 1868, after which he entered Yale College, taking a full course of four years. After graduating, in 1872, at the age of twenty-one years, he actively engaged in the business of milling and banking, in connection with his father, S. S. Rickly, Esq., and others, in Columbus and Corning, Ohio.

BRO. RICKLY has been somewhat of a traveller in his time, his travels extending through many European countries, and nearly every State and Territory of the United States, as well as through Canada and Mexico. We believe, however, that he has failed to travel through the State of "Matrimony," and has therefore no pleasing recollection of that section, to add to his varied experiences gained while abroad. He is, as a companion, genial, warm-hearted, generous to a fault, and possesses all the elements of the perfect gentleman. He tries to get all the enjoyment possible out of life, and, with the exception of a few misfortunes and sad bereavements, his career has been one of almost uninterrupted sunshine. While he has never made any profession of religion, he has nevertheless aimed to live "with charity for all and malice towards none," having eternity in view, with a firm faith in a living God and a hope for immortality beyond the grave.

He has never held any political office, and characteristically expresses himself on the subject by saying that "he does not want any." He has been a member and a director of the Board of Trade of Columbus for several years, but proposes to retire at the close of his term. Devoid of all domestic responsibilities, and steering successfully clear of all political responsibilities, there remain only his business responsibilities to vex and annoy him, and these are not unmixed with their profit and enjoyments. As Cashier of the Capital City Bank of Columbus, O.; as President of the Bank of Corning, Corning, O.; as Secretary and Treasurer of the Glenwood and Greenlawn St. Ry. Co., Columbus, O.; as Treasurer of the Columbia Marble Co.; as President and Secretary and Receiver of the Columbus and Johnstown Turnpike Company; and as Secretary and Treasurer of the West Side Stone Quarry Turnpike Co., he has certainly a sufficient stimulus to keep himself from an attack of *ennui*.

BRO. RICKLY'S Masonic history shows also due prominence of these personal traits in his social and business life. He was made a Mason in Goodale Lodge, No. 372, of Columbus, O., June 9, 1873; a Royal Arch Mason in Ohio R. A. Chapter, No. 12, of Columbus, September 19, 1873; a Royal and Select



BROTHER RALPH R. RICKLY, 33°,

PAST EM. COMMANDER OF MT. VERNON COMMANDERY OF K. T. U., COLUMBUS, OHIO.  
HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33° OF A. A. S. R. NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.





*Yours fraternally*  
*R. R. Rickly 33°*

Past Em. Commander of Mt Vernon Commandery of K. T. Columbus, Ohio.





Master in Columbus Council, No. 8, October 10, 1873; a Knight Templar, in Mt. Vernon Commandery No. 1, K. T. of Columbus, April 8, 1874; received the Ineffable Grades in Enoch Lodge of Perfection, Columbus, with the first class May, 25, 1877; the A. T. G. in Dalcho Council, P. of J. of Cincinnati, O., February 20, 1878; the P. and D. G. in Cincinnati Chapter of Rose-Croix, same day, and the M. H. and C. G. in Ohio Consistory S. P. R. S. 32°, Cincinnati, February 21, 1878.

He was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector General, 33°, and elected an Honorary Member of the Supreme Council for the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States, at Boston, Massachusetts, September 15, 1891.

BRO. RICKLY served as Secretary of his Lodge for one year ensuing his initiation in 1873; became the Junior Warden in 1874, the Senior Warden in 1875, and Worshipful Master in 1876. Since 1887 he has been the Treasurer of the Lodge; its Representative to the Grand Lodge of Ohio nearly every year since passing the Chair, and on November 12, 1883, was honored with a life membership. He has also been commissioned as the Grand Representative of the Grand Lodge of Minnesota near the Grand Lodge of Ohio.

After filling all the subordinate offices in his Chapter he became its High Priest in 1878, and at the close of his term received the order of High Priesthood, at Akron, O., October 17, 1879. In his Council of R. and S. M. he creditably filled the office of Recorder, 1873-4; became T. I. M. in 1879-80, and Steward in 1881-2. He was made a life member October 1, 1875, and since 1884 has been the Treasurer of the Council. He has also been its Representative to the Grand Council in several sessions since 1880; *ad vitam* since 1890.

He became Eminent Commander of Mt. Vernon Commandery No. 1, K. T. in 1882, after having previously filled the stations of Standard Bearer and Warden. Its Representative to the Grand Commandery in 1883, *ad vitam*; and on October 29, 1885, was made a life member. On November 18, 1891, he was elected Treasurer of the Commandery, which office he still holds. He is also the Grand Representative of the Grand Commandery of Washington State, near the Grand Commandery of Ohio, since 1890.

He is a life member and the Treasurer of Enoch Lodge of Perfection since 1884; a Charter and a life member of Franklin Council P. of J. since 1878, was its first High Priest in 1878 and served as such for six years, becoming its M. E. S. P. G. Master in 1884. In 1890 he was elected Treasurer of the Council, which position he still holds.

He is a charter member of Columbus Chapter of Rose-Croix, organized in 1878, and has served as its J. W. and S. W. for several years. He enjoys a life membership in this body also, and since 1885 has been its Treasurer.

He is also a life member of Cincinnati Consistory, Cincinnati, O. In the Council of Deliberation he has also taken a conspicuous part; as the H. P. of Franklin Council from 1878-1884; as the Sovereign Master from 1884-1890, then *ad vitam*; as Lieutenant Commander, 33°, since 1891.

ILL. BRO. RICKLY was the first member of the A. A. O. N. M. S. residing in the Oasis of Columbus, and the first President of the Shrine Club. In addition to his society relations, Masonically, he is also identified with quite a number of social clubs, such as the University Club, the Columbus Club, and others of similar import.

BRO. DOWNING BAUGH, Grand Prelate of the Grand Commandery of the State of Iowa, 1869 to 1881, was born in Barron County, Kentucky, where the county seat (Glasgow) now stands, April 22, 1798. John and Polly Baugh, his parents, were hardy pioneers. In 1806 they removed from Kentucky and settled in Randolph County, in the then Territory of Indiana, now St. Clair County, Illinois. In the fall of 1806 the family returned to Kentucky, remaining two years, when they again went to Illinois. Here they remained, with the exception of nine years, from 1810 to 1819, during the rest of their days.

The subject of our sketch had afforded him but limited privileges for obtaining an education in the country schools of that period, yet with their aid, and the aid of friends of the father's large family, he succeeded in securing a store of knowledge, and on his 21st birthday could boast of a common practical education; at least he thought it sufficient for business purposes, and was content to start on life's busy voyage—and to improve his opportunities as they were offered.

In some of his many schemes for the betterment of his financial condition he prospered, while in many he failed. On the whole, it was for dollars and cents, and success and disappointment were marked all along through an energetic young life. Never for once discouraged, he finally, in 1824, wooed and won the hand of Miss Millie Pace, of Jefferson County, Illinois, a lady good and noble, a Christian who in character and in every-day walk let the lines of a pure soul shine out in brilliancy, an example of purity, of loving-kindness, of gentle and womanly nature. To this union eight children were born, four of whom survive. Mrs. Baugh died in the spring of 1846, and on November 11th, of the same year, he married Miss Sophronia Davis, of Hamilton County, Illinois. By this union three children were born, one of whom, with the mother, survives.

Admitted to the bar in Illinois at the age of thirty-two years, he naturally drifted into politics, and through his pure and social nature, and candid, honest, and conscientious management of business affairs, was early inducted into official positions. He was elected and served acceptably as County and Circuit Judge, besides filling responsible stations in



the municipal and township organizations. Under the administration of President Andrew Jackson he held the office of postmaster at Mt. Vernon, was removed on President Harrison coming into power, and re-appointed on the accession of President Tyler, but resigned shortly after.

In 1857, he caught the fever of excitement then raging, consequent on the opening up of the great North-west, and started westward, landing at McGregor, Iowa, then the central point of attraction for northern Iowa, where he settled down, and up to the hour of his death was an honored citizen. Here he served as a member of the School Board, the village board, and was recorder for the Council two or three terms, and Justice of the Peace until he retired from active life.

BRO.: BAUGH was made a Mason in Mt. Vernon Lodge, No. 31, of Mt. Vernon, Ill., in 1842, of which he was elected Senior Warden at the first meeting following his raising, Worshipful Master the year ensuing, and the Representative to the Grand Lodge of Illinois at the end of the year. When he went to McGregor, Iowa, he dimitted and affiliated with Bezer Lodge, No. 135, of that place. He was made a Chapter Mason in 1864, and held the offices of High Priest and Principal Sojourner for several years. He passed through the several chairs in the subordinate Lodge and in the Chapter; his knowledge of Masonry and his intense interest in the order making him a prominent character in its councils.

BRO.: BAUGH was created a Knight Templar in 1866, in the organization of the Commandery at McGregor, and on the following morning was appointed Prelate, in which office he served for a period of sixteen years. In 1870, at the meeting of the Grand Commandery at Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, he was elected Grand Prelate, which office he held through successive re-elections for fourteen years. The following year (1871) he was elected Grand Chaplain by the Grand Lodge of Iowa, continuing to hold both the office of G.: Prelate and G.: Chaplain. He was a devoted member of the Order, and during his years of active work in the lodge-room enjoyed all the honors in the gift of the Craft, both in the home lodge and the State organization. He stood high in its councils, and was revered and loved for the example he gave to those just entering the portals of the Grand Asylum. He was thoroughly Masonic, and was so imbued with its principles and teachings that his life and character were in harmony with its precepts.

BRO.: BAUGH died at his home in McGregor, Iowa, July 28, 1888, having lived more than the average allotted time of man, reaching the ripe old age of ninety years, three months, and six days. His Masonic brethren acknowledged the Knightly honors due the Grand Old Prelate and in form and ceremony crowned his Masonic record with a diadem, which in time shall be inscribed upon his monument.—“*In hoc Signo Vinces.*”

BRO.: IRA BERRY, Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Maine, 1856–1891, was born in New Durham, New Hampshire, September 23, 1801, and died in Portland, Maine, September 20, 1891, and was buried September 23, 1891. He was descended from William Berry, who came over to Portsmouth with Mason in 1630, having been the son of Stephen and Alice Chamberlain Berry, and the grandson of Stephen Berry, a veteran officer of the old French war. At the age of seventeen he commenced to learn the printing trade in Dover, N. H., and worked at that business in the *Patriot* office in Concord, the *Statesman* office in Boston, and in the *Argus* office in Portland. In 1825, and for about two years thereafter, he worked for Wells and Lillie in Boston, then for a while on the *Journal of Commerce* in New York, and then returned to Boston. It was at this time that he took charge of the composition of Dr. Bowditch's Translation of *La Place's Méchanique Celeste*. This was an exceedingly difficult work, but he performed it to the high satisfaction of the author, whose personal friendship he won and the privilege of whose library he enjoyed.

In December, 1831, he went to Augusta, Maine, and with Francis O. J. Smith, commenced the publication of the *Age*. In 1834 he left the *Age* and went to Portland, where he entered into a partnership with the late Charles Holden in the publication of the *Eastern Argus*. In 1837 he left the *Argus* and returned to Augusta, and became a partner in the publication of the *Augusta Banner*. But in the fall of 1839 he again returned to Boston, and joined Francis O. J. Smith in starting the *Argus Revived*. The paper took an active part in the famous Harrison campaign of 1840, and while the candidates which it supported were elected, it failed to obtain a supporting circulation, and, about two years after, it suspended circulation. The result was a heavy burden upon BRO.: BERRY, with which he struggled for years. He had been appointed to a position in the Custom House under General Harrison, but the death of the latter caused changes which threw him out in a very short time. He then engaged in several other newspaper ventures until 1846, when he went to Boston to engage with Mr. Smith in his telegraphic enterprises. BRO.: BERRY assisted in building the line to New York, which was the first line in New England, and became the first operator and manager of the Boston office. When the lines were connected with Cambridge Observatory to assist the Coast Survey in establishing longitude, he was the operator and took charge of that station.

In 1848, on the establishing of the *Umpire*, in Portland, to advocate the election of General Taylor by Mr. Smith, BRO.: BERRY joined him, taking charge of the Portland telegraph office and editing the paper. After the election of General Taylor he was again appointed to a position in the Custom House, which he held for four years, and was thereby enabled to pay off the last of his old *Argus Revived* debts.

In 1853 he opened a job printing office in Portland,





BROTHER IRA BERRY, (dec'd),

PAST GRAND SECRETARY OF THE GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF MAINE.





*Ira Berry,*

Past Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of the State of Maine.



and a little later was joined by his son, Bro.: Stephen Berry. This firm continued until 1863, when, finding the duties of the Grand Secretaryship demanded his whole time, he retired from the printing business, and from that time to the date of his death devoted himself wholly to the duties of Recording officer of the various Grand Masonic Bodies of the State.

On December 1, 1831, he married Lydia M. Hobart, of Higham, Mass., a descendant of one of the founders of that town. He died, leaving her and six of their nine children surviving him.

BRO.: BERRY was made a Mason in Ancient Landmark Lodge, No. 17, Portland, March 2, 1853, and in the autumn following was elected Junior Warden. At the next annual election he was elected Secretary, and held the office until 1865, and was made an Honorary Member of the Lodge in 1868. He was exalted in Mt. Vernon Chapter, No. 1, Portland, July 19, 1853, served as P.: S.:., 1854-1857 inclusive, and as Secretary from 1859 to 1869. He received the Cryptic degrees in Portland Council, No. 4, R.: and S.: M.:., Portland, December 10, 1855.

He was created a Knight Templar in Portland Commandery, K.: T.:., December 7, 1854, served as Warden the next two years, as Junior Warden in 1857, and as Senior Warden the next two years. Also as Prelate in 1862 and as Recorder from 1863 to 1867, and was elected an Honorary Member in 1873.

He received the Ineffable Grades of the A.: and A.: Scottish Rite, up to the 18th inclusive, May 13, 1863, and those of the Consistory, June 16th of the same year.

BRO.: BERRY was elected Grand Secretary of the Grand Chapter, May 3, 1854, and served until his death, September 20, 1891, a period of thirty-seven years and five months.

He was elected Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Maine, May 1, 1856, and was re-elected annually until his death, and served for the same time as Grand Recorder of the Grand Council, and as Grand Recorder of the Grand Commandery.

BRO.: BERRY was an ardent lover of music and of flowers, and had gathered quite a collection of books on music, and till his death was a member of an active musical association: at first, of the Beethoven Society, whose history he wrote and published; then of the Haydn Association. He was also an Honorary Member of the Rossini Club, composed of women—a tribute as much to his amiable disposition as to his musical tastes and requirements—whose rehearsals and recitals he regularly attended. He was not only a lover of music, but a scholar, critic, and composer; his knowledge of flowers was not merely an acquaintance with them, but he was an accomplished botanist.

He performed his duties sedulously, faithfully and unostentatiously; his records have always challenged the admiration of all, and continue excellent models for all his successors.

BRO.: WILLIAM FRANKLIN BALDWIN, S.: G.: W.: of the Grand Lodge of Ohio, 1890-1892, was born in Medina, Ohio, January 4, 1846. In 1854 his parents removed to Mt. Vernon, where he subsequently resided until his death. During his career in Mt. Vernon, he was intimately connected with the business interests of the city, being engaged in various enterprises. His first experience was as a clerk in the store of J. Sperry & Co. For a time he was a postal route agent on the Little Miami Railroad, and was assigned to duty in the office of his brother, Col. Charles F. Baldwin, then Superintendent of Railway Mail Service. After engaging in the grocery, coal, lumber and other trades, he bought the old established business of Mr. W. L. King, which he conducted until 1881. While thus engaged he served as a member of the Board of Education of Mt. Vernon, being a faithful, enterprising member, a staunch friend of the cause of thorough education for young people.

In 1881, in partnership with Dr. J. W. Taylor, of Chicago, he purchased the Mt. Vernon *Republican*, then a weekly paper. Under their management the paper prospered greatly, and the office was soon moved to more commodious and more comfortable quarters. In 1884 Dr. Taylor, desiring to resume the practice of his profession, disposed of his interest to BRO.: BALDWIN's brother, Charles F. Baldwin, when the firm became known as C. F. & W. F. Baldwin. This firm continued as the publishers of the paper until January 1, 1891, when the partnership was dissolved, and the concern was incorporated under the name of the Republican Publishing Company of Mt. Vernon, Ohio, W. F. Baldwin being elected Business Manager. In this capacity he remained to the day of his death, and the remarkable success of the paper is a monument to his business sagacity.

BRO.: BALDWIN was introduced to Masonic light in Mt. Zion Lodge, No. 9, of Mt. Vernon, Ohio, July 21, 1871, was passed August 4th, and raised September 1st, 1871; was made a Royal Arch Mason, in Clinton Chapter, No. 26, of Mt. Vernon, O., April 10, 1876; was created a Knight in Clinton Commandery, No. 5, K.: T.:., same city, May 4, 1876; received the various grades of the A.: and A.: S.: Rite in Columbus and Cincinnati, up to and including the 32°, February 21, 1889, and the grades of R.: and S.: M.: in Bigelow Council at Newark, January 6, 1892.

In these bodies he was an active and efficient worker, and was honored with the highest offices, serving several times as Worshipful Master of Mt. Zion Lodge, No. 9, and as Em.: Commander of Clinton Commandery. At the close of his term as E.: C.: the Sir Knights of his Commandery presented him, as a token of their esteem, an elegant solid gold P.: C.:s jewel, of which he was very proud. In December, 1891, he was elected High Priest of Clinton R.: A.: Chapter.

In the Grand Lodge of Ohio, BRO.: BALDWIN was

advancing rapidly to the high office of Grand Master, being at the time of his death, on his second term as Senior Grand Warden. He was one of the foremost agitators in the project of a Masonic Temple in Mt. Vernon, and it is largely due to his efforts that the Craft has now an elegant, commodious, permanent home. He was a member of the Board of directors of the Masonic Temple Company, and was one of the Building Committee.

BRO. BALDWIN was also a Noble of the Mystic Shrine in Al Koran Temple, Cleveland, O.; a member of the Association of Masonic Veterans of Ohio; a charter member of Mount Vernon Council, No. 11, Royal Arcanum; a member of the Fraternal Mystic Circle, besides holding membership in a number of other societies.

BRO. BALDWIN was a member of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, and was one of the most influential parishioners. He was indefatigable in any work assigned him for the benefit of the parish and served faithfully in the vestry. He was held in high esteem in the church for his many admirable traits of character, and his sudden demise proved a severe loss to all the circles of human activity touched by his life.

BRO. BALDWIN died very suddenly and unexpectedly on Sunday evening, April 4, 1892, although he had been afflicted in bodily health for some time previously and had contemplated going to the South for the benefit of his health in a short time. His funeral obsequies were of an imposing character, the Grand Lodge of Ohio conducting the Masonic ceremonies, after which the ring presentation ceremony of the Scottish Rite took place, Bro. Dr. D. N. Kinsman, of Columbus, officiating. The Knights Templar, with the Royal Arcanum and Fraternal Mystic Circle, formed the escort.

BRO. CHARLES HENRY WEBSTER, 33°, Past Ill. Commander-in-Chief of Edward A. Raymond Consistory, S. P. R. S., Valley of Nashua, N. H., 1887-'92, was born in Nashua, Hillsborough County, N. H., April 22, 1856. His parents, John and Lydia (Goldthwait) Webster, were among the best known, staid and honored residents of that section of the country. He was educated in the public schools of Nashua; leaving the High School in 1871, after a two-years course. He then took a course of business instruction in the Bryant & Stratton Commercial School, Boston, after which he entered the office of The Jackson Company, Indian Head Mills, Nashua, in July, 1872, where he is still employed as clerk and assistant paymaster.

In June, 1876, he married Miss Lucy A. Kimball, a daughter of Lewis and Lucy A. (Ford) Kimball, who was his worthy comforter and companion for some twelve years, but departed this life (November 29, 1888), and without leaving any issue surviving her. On July 15, 1890, he again married; his second wife being Mrs. Cora O. Clark, a daughter of Nathan O. and Lucy A. (Richardson) Prescott.

BRO. WEBSTER affiliates with the Democratic party, but never took any active part in politics until 1893, when he was elected Alderman of the ward in which he lives. In religion he is a Baptist, and is an active member of the First Baptist Church of Nashua.

BRO. WEBSTER was made a Mason in Ancient York Lodge, No. 89, of Nashua, N. H., June 5, 1877; was exalted in Meridian Sun Royal Arch Chapter, No. 9, of the same city, November 2, 1885; was made a Royal Master, May 14, 1886, and a Select and S. E. Master, October 1, 1886, in Israel Hunt Council, No. 8, R. and S. M., of the same city; was created a Knight of the Red Cross, May 3, 1888, a Knight Templar, June 7, 1888, and a Knight of Malta, December 20, 1888, in St. George Commandery, K. T. of Nashua. He received the Order of High Priesthood in the Council of High Priests of New Hampshire, at Concord, May 15, 1888.

He received the degrees of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite, 4° to 32° inclusive, in Aaron P. Hughes Lodge of Perfection 14°, in Oriental Council Princes of Jerusalem 16°, in St. George Chapter of Rose-Croix 18°, and in Edward A. Raymond Consistory S. P. R. S. 32°, on January 19, 1883.

He was created a Sovereign Grand Inspector General, 33°, in the Supreme Council of the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States, at its session held in the City of New York, September 17, 1889.

Though yet a comparatively young man, the official Masonic career of BRO. WEBSTER has been truly a phenomenal one. At the election ensuing, after initiation, he was elected Secretary of his Lodge, and in the following year, Senior Warden, serving as such during 1879 and 1880. In 1881 and 1882 he was the Worshipful Master of the Lodge, and at the close of his term of service in 1883, was again elected Secretary of the Lodge, and by successive re-elections held that office until March, 1892, when he was again called to the East to fill a gap. At the close of the term, March 21, 1893, he was again elected Secretary of the Lodge.

In the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire he has served as Grand Steward, 1879-1882; District Lecturer in 1883; District Deputy Grand Master in 1884, and State G. Lecturer 1888-1893. He is the Representative also of the Grand Lodge of Louisiana near the Grand Lodge of New Hampshire, since December 15, 1885.

In the Chapter he has served as King in 1886 and 1887, as High Priest in 1888 and 1889, as Secretary in 1890 and 1891, and as Captain of the Host in 1893. In the Grand Chapter he has served as Master of Second Veil, in 1886 and 1887; as Master of Third Veil, in 1888; as Royal Arch Captain, in 1889 and 1890, and as Captain of the Host in 1891, and is the Representative of the Grand Chapter of Massachusetts near the Grand Chapter of New Hampshire, since July 10, 1888.





BROTHER CHARLES H. WEBSTER, 33°.

GRAND LECTURER OF THE GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

PAST ILL. COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF EDWARD A. RAYMOND CONSISTORY S. P. R. S., NASHUA, N. H.

HON. MEM. OF THE SUPREME COUNCIL 33° OF A. A. S. R. NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION  
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.





*Engr. by W. T. Bache*

*Chas. H. Webster, 33.*

Past Ill. Commander-in-chief of Edward A. Raymond Consistory S.P.R.S.  
Nashua, N.H.



In the Council he has served, as Steward in 1887; as Deputy Master in 1888 and 1889; as T. Ill. Master, in 1890 and 1891, and since 1892 has been Recorder of the Council. In the Grand Council he has served as Steward in 1889 and 1890, and as Marshal since 1891.

He was the Recorder of St. George Commandery K. T., of Nashua, in 1889, 1890 and 1891; T. P. G. M. of his L. of P., from 1883 to 1892; Almoner of the Council, P. of J., from 1884 to 1892; Master of Ceremonies of his Chapter of the Rose-Croix, from 1884 to 1891; 1st Lieut. Commander of the Consistory, from 1884 to 1886, and Ill. Commander-in-Chief from 1887 to 1892. In May, 1892, he was elected Conductor in the Council of High Priests of New Hampshire, and still holds the office.

In 1890, when the "Board of Trustees of the Masonic Bodies of Nashua" was formed for the purpose of fitting up and having charge of the Masonic Apartments in the new building then being erected by a syndicate composed entirely of Masons, BRO. WEBSTER was one of two appointed to represent the A. A. S. R. in that Board, and was its Secretary from date of organization until January, 1893. He has also been the Grand Secretary of the N. H. Council of Deliberation A. A. S. R. since 1890.

BRO. WEBSTER is also a member of Aleppo Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Boston, since September 20, 1888; and on September 14, 1891, received the degrees conferred by the Provincial Grand Lodge and Provincial Grand Chapter of the Royal Order of Scotland, at the meeting held in Boston on that occasion.

A firm and staunch friend of the noble tenets of Freemasonry, believing that every energy and effort should be exerted in their dissemination, he sets the pace by his own indefatigable labors in an earnest and most zealous endeavor to influence similar activity, earnestness and interest on the part of others, who may be inclined to supineness and dereliction of duty. Active and bright in the work, he has through his own persistency and intense devotion, displayed in its behalf, done as much for the advancement of the Order in his State as any other man within its limits; and this ardor is as intense now as it was in the early days of his Masonic career.

BRO. CLARK VARNUM, P. R. E. Grand Commander of Grand Commandery, K. T., and P. G. H. P. of the G. C., of Iowa, was born at Peacham, Caledonia County, Vermont, Sept. 24, 1846. He was the oldest of five children born to William and Elizabeth Ann (Kimball) Varnum. His father died in 1869; his mother still survives. Being a small farmer, the father could give the son but limited opportunities for acquiring the education his inquiring nature craved and sought after. He attended a country school some three miles away for two or three years. Then the failing health of the father made it necessary that his first-born should do his part toward the support of

his infirm parent and his younger brothers and sisters. Accordingly, at the age of fourteen, just when he should have been at school, he hired himself as a farm-hand to a neighboring farmer, earning in this way \$5.00 per month during the summer months. For the period of seven years he thus continued to labor. While thus employed he managed to study at night, and from borrowed books acquired a sufficient education to qualify him to teach. While teaching he became imbued with the idea that he would like to become a lawyer, and with this end in view he entered upon the study of the law. But the knowledge necessary to do this was not so easily acquired. Having no books, he had to borrow from friends far away; and when one was read and mastered, return it in exchange for another, till he was able to pass the required examination and be admitted to practice. He persevered however until he reached the much desired end in 1870.

In 1865 he had removed to Neponset, Illinois, and sometime later to the State of Iowa, locating on the prairie where the town of Malcom has since been built. There he remained, practicing his profession of the law—in Poweshiek and adjoining counties, till 1884, when, having formed a partnership with Hon. Judge and P. G. H. P. Horace S. Winslow, of Newton, Iowa, he removed to that place.

In 1870, BRO. VARNUM was married to Miss Ella Shipley, a most estimable lady of Montezuma, Iowa, who is the happy sharer of his home joys, in a home made more lovely by the presence of their two children, Lulu M. and Blanche. Surrounded by his happy family, with books of his own, the more valued from the long struggle to acquire them, and happy in the satisfaction that he deserves, as he has won, the love and respect of all who know him, BRO. VARNUM has found his later years rewarded by the toil of a vigorous and healthy youth.

BRO. VARNUM was made a Mason in Lily Lodge, at Malcom, Iowa, while yet it worked under dispensation, in 1869. When it was chartered as No. 254, he was appointed Senior Deacon, serving two years, and mastering the ritual, not only of his office, but prepared himself for the promotion his brethren had in store for him. He was next elected Senior Warden, and later Worshipful Master, to which post he was re-elected six consecutive times.

He received the Capitular degrees in Hyssop Chapter, No. 50, at Malcom, in November 1874, and was at once appointed Captain of the Host. At the end of two years service he was elected High Priest, and for seven years ably presided over the Royal Craft. In 1878, he was appointed Grand Captain of the Host in the G. C. of the State of Iowa, having first appeared in the G. C. the previous year as High Priest of his Chapter. He was elected Grand Scribe in 1860, and again in 1883, and in 1884 he was elected M. E. G. H. P. His administration of its affairs was most creditable to himself and the body, and he retired



from the Oriental Chair with the fullest confidence and esteem of all its members.

He was created a Knight Templar in Oriental Commandery, K. T. at Newton, Iowa, in April, 1875. Upon removing from Malcom to Newton he accepted official position in his Commandery—as Generalissimo in 1882, and as Eminent Commander in 1885.

SIR KNIGHT VARNUM first entered the Grand Commandery at its Conclave in 1884, as proxy for the Captain-General of St. Andrew Commandery, A. D. (No. 46), at Malcom, of which he had been a petitioner for its dispensation (he having dimitted from Oriental Commandery, No. 22, at Newton, for the purpose). Later, having removed to Newton, he dimitted, and re-affiliated with his old Commandery, Oriental, No. 22, which he represented at the Conclave in 1885 as proxy for the Eminent Commander. He was enrolled as a Past E. C. at the Conclave of 1887, and was at this Conclave elected from the ranks R. E. Grand Commander.

When the Grand Lodge of Iowa was so un-masonically drawn into the Courts by the Grand Consistory of the Cerneau faction of the Scottish Rite Masons, SIR KNIGHT VARNUM was the Chief Counsel of the Grand Lodge and in two suits won his cause, secured the promulgation of the decision of the Court that the Civil Courts had no jurisdiction in Masonic matters, where no pecuniary or property interest was involved and that the authorities of Grand Lodges and other Masonic Grand Bodies to discipline its members for violation of its laws was established. The argument of SIR KNIGHT VARNUM in that now *cause celebre* placed him among the first of the front ranks of Iowa lawyers. Not wishing to have any pent up Utica contract his powers he removed to Chicago in 1890, where he has already established a large and lucrative practice.

He is an able and clear headed man, calm in his actions, cool in his judgment, possessing large knowledge of men and their actions, and withal great foresight into the future history of our illustrious Order.

**BRO. LEWIS PHILLIP SCHAUS**, 32°, of Newark, Ohio, was born at Duncan's Falls, Muskingum County, Ohio, December 21, 1851. His father, Phillip Schaus, emigrated from Germany in 1833, and settled in that section of the country. He was a thrifty and sturdy German yeoman, but owing to the lack of facilities at that time, was unable to afford his son much of an education. The son however availed himself of such opportunities as presented themselves during his earlier years, and from the age of twelve to seventeen divided his time between working in a mill and clerking in a store. He then turned his attention to the mastering of a trade, serving an apprenticeship to the stonecutting craft. In 1874 he formed a partnership with Bro. J. H. Hibbert, 32°, for the purpose of carrying on the building business; the design of the firm contemplating the execution of heavy work. They

went to Newark, Ohio, in 1875, and secured the contract for the stonework of the Licking County Court House, at that place, the corner-stone of which was laid with appropriate Masonic ceremonies on July 4, 1876. **BRO. SCHAUS** was in immediate charge of the work and the excellency and thoroughness displayed in their work, established for them a first-class reputation and their success from this time forward became very marked. Contract after contract succeeded each other and the standard of their work was fully maintained, giving the utmost satisfaction to their various patrons. Among the many structures erected by them were the First Baptist Church at Granville, the Broad Street M. E. Church, at Columbus, both splendid models of modern architecture, the Court Houses of Holmes and Perry Counties, and the Jail and the Children's Home of Licking County.

**BRO. SCHAUS** in time withdrew from this business, the firm dissolving; after which he turned his attention to other pursuits. In 1887 he aided in organizing the Homestead Building Association of Newark, of which he has been president since its organization. In 1890 the Newark Savings Bank Company was established and of this organization he is also the president.

Having secured by purchase a large tract of land in Holmes County, in 1887, rich in brown sand-stone, he, with his former partner and another gentleman, opened what is now known as the famous "Kilbuck Brown-stone quarry." This employs about seventy-five hands; its products are shipped to great distances, and the revenues therefrom are highly profitable.

**BRO. SCHAUS** is also the Treasurer of the Newark Bentwood Company and of the Licking County Memorial Hall Association.

While the business career of **BRO. SCHAUS** has been an active and successful one, his Masonic career has been no less phenomenal. He was first introduced to Masonic light in Newark Lodge, No. 97, Newark, Ohio, February 14, 1879. On the 1st of the following May, he was made a Royal Arch Mason in Warren Chapter, No. 6, of Newark; on February 2, 1881, he was made a Royal and Select Master in Bigelow Council, No. 7, of Newark; on March 23, 1883, he was created a Knight Templar in Newark Commandery, No. 34, K. T. of Newark; on January 22, 1885, he received the Ineffable Grades in Enoch Lodge of Perfection in Columbus, O.; on the 23d of the same month he was made a Prince of Jerusalem, 16°, in Franklin Council P. of J., of Columbus, and a Sovereign Prince Rose-Croix, 18°, in Columbus Chapter; and on the 26th of February, 1885, he received the Consistorial degrees in Ohio Consistory, at Cincinnati.

The well-directed zeal and warm interest in Masonry manifested from the start, the readiness displayed in acquiring a knowledge of the work and the ceremonies of the various grades, and the ease and grace shown in filling stations to which he was called, soon marked him as a rising Masonic worker. Hence, in 1883, he was Senior Deacon of his Lodge (Newark, Ohio, No.





BROTHER LEWIS P. SCHAUS,

PAST EM.'COMMANDER OF ST. LUKE'S COMMANDERY OF KNIGHTS TEMPLAR,  
NEWARK, OHIO.







1880

Fraternally  
Lewis P. Schairis

Past Em. Commander of St Luke's Commandery of K. T. of  
Newark, Ohio.



97), Scribe of his Chapter, Deputy Illustrious Master of his Council, and Warder of his Commandery. In 1885 he was elected Thrice Ill. Master of his Council, which office he held by successive elections for three years. In 1889 he was elected High Priest of his Chapter, and in 1890 was admitted to the Order of the High Priesthood at the annual meeting of the Council held in Marion, Ohio.

In 1888 his Commandery (now St. Luke's) elected him Senior Warden, the duties of which he performed for two years; and in 1890 he was promoted to the office of Generalissimo, and in 1891 to that of Eminent Commander.

BRO.: SCHAUS was commissioned by the Grand Council of Florida its Grand Representative near the Grand Council of Ohio, February 10, 1890, for life, and that Body also made him an honorary member thereof with the honorary title of Past Deputy Grand Master.

He is now a charter member of Acme Lodge, No. 554, Newark, of which he became Senior Warden in 1889, and in 1890 the Worshipful Master.

BRO.: SCHAUS is an ardent Masonic student, and having ample leisure devotes himself to the gratification of his desires to learn and to comprehend the study of Masonry in its fullest extent, and for which purpose he avails himself of the best authorities extant.

BRO.: BENJAMIN CHEW HOWARD, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, 1824 to 1841, was born at Belvidere, the favorite country seat, near Baltimore, Maryland, November 5, 1782. He was the third son of Col. John Eager Howard, of Revolutionary fame. Graduating with first honors at Princeton, he returned to take up the study of the law, and was soon admitted to its practice in the city of Baltimore.

His popularity led to his being chosen Captain of the Mechanical Volunteers of Baltimore, and, at North Point, in 1812, his Company was in action when General Ross fell, and the attack upon Baltimore was given up.

His fondness for public life rather than for his profession, as he grew older, soon developed itself, and in 1824, after taking an active part in politics, he was elected to the Legislature of the State, and subsequently to the Senate.

BRO.: HOWARD was made a Mason in Cassia Lodge, No. 45, of Baltimore, January 19, 1813, taking the second and third degrees in March and April following. Very soon after he was elected Master of the Lodge, thereby becoming a member of the Grand Lodge. And for a period of thirty years there is scarcely a page of the record of that Grand Lodge which does not contain or mention his name. From 1815 to 1818 he was Grand Secretary. In 1820, and again in 1821, he was elected Senior Grand Warden. Upon the election of G. M. William H. Winder, he was appointed his Deputy, serving in the position until the death of Bro.: Winder, in 1824, when he

was elected Grand Master, and thereafter was annually re-elected to the position until 1841.

For seventeen years BRO.: HOWARD occupied the Grand Post and with signal ability. During his Grand Mastership Anti-Masonry had its rise, its climax and its decline. He with his faithful associates devoted many anxious hours to the discussion of the situation, to ascertain how best to ward off the malicious attacks of fanatics and demagogues, and how best to encourage the faint hearts of despondent brethren; by their wisdom, judgment and moderation the fraternity in Maryland was safely carried through the storm and tempest.

BRO.: HOWARD was prominently identified with the measures to build the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and was a member of the committee which reported in favor of a direct railroad from Baltimore to some point on the Ohio River, which was unanimously adopted, and led to the organization of that Company. He was nominated and elected to Congress next, and having all along shown great interest in the State military organization, he was promoted about the same time from the Colonelcy of the Fifth Regiment to the command of the Brigade, with the rank of Brigadier General. In Congress he acquitted himself most creditably, and was successively re-elected throughout ten years.

Among the marks of distinction conferred upon him was an offer of the Russian Mission by President Van Buren, which he declined. At one time he was Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations. His report on the North Eastern Boundary question—considered to be a remarkable document and for some time spoken of as the production of Winthrop and Cushing, but by them disclaimed—stamped him as a statesman and a diplomat.

After leaving Congress he was induced by his friends, Chief Justice Taney and Mr. Justice Wayne, to accept the position of Supreme Court Reporter. The twenty-four volumes of the decisions of that Court, known as Howard's Reports, come down to the breaking out of the Civil War, and cover a very interesting epoch in the judicial history of the United States.

He resigned in 1861, and retired to the bosom of his family and friends, at his country place, Roslyn, in Baltimore County. Here he passed the remaining years of his life. Here he received his friends with great cordiality, and his affability and charming conversation, his studied simplicity and his fund of information caused him to be universally beloved and held in the highest esteem. A few years before he died his nephews united in presenting him with a handsome silver bowl, bearing the inscription:

"We've scanned the actions of his daily life,  
And nought but deeds of honor meets our eye."

BRO.: HOWARD died March 6, 1872, in the 91st year of his age. On the 8th the Grand Lodge assem-



bled, when a procession was formed, and under an escort of the Knights Templar, proceeded to the residence of BRO.: HOWARD, from thence with the funeral cortege to Greenmount Cemetery, where, after the solemn and impressive ceremonies of the fraternity were performed by Grand Master Latrobe and the officers of the Grand Lodge, the body of the venerable and distinguished Brother was consigned to his last resting place.

**BRO.: HENRY ROBERT TAYLOR**, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Maine, 1891 and '92, was born in the town of Newfane, Vermont, May 31, 1830. His paternal grandfather, a graduate of Harvard College and one of the first settlers, was known in Vermont history as "Parson Taylor," or the "Pioneer Pastor," being the "first minister" in the settlement of the grant called "Fane," or, subsequently, "Newfane." His great-grandfather, on the mother's side, was also a clergyman, the Rev. Ebenezer Morse, D.D., of Woburn, Massachusetts, whose three sons were also among the early settlers of the above-named town. Of Pilgrim stock, these were all noted for their active, robust lives and longevity, nearly all exceeding their "four-score and ten," two of the brothers reaching the ages respectively of 96 and 103 years.

The subject of our sketch entered Townshend Academy at the age of fifteen, and after completing his preliminary studies here, went to Saxton's River Seminary (now Vermont Academy) where he fitted himself for College. In his studies he made a specialty of civil engineering and surveying. After graduating from college, he went, *via* Cape Horn, to California with the "forty-niners," where he spent two years. He returned to Boston in 1852, but in the same year went to South America *via* the Isthmus of Panama. He was in the city of Guayaquil, Ecuador, when that city was attacked by the insurgent fleet of General Flores in the "Rebellion of 1852."

Having at this time acquired an unusual proficiency and fluency in the Spanish language, he soon obtained a position in the Chilean service, and was employed in the Government Coast Survey of Southern Chili, Western Patagonia and the Straits of Magellan for nearly five years. As five months only of each year could be utilized in field and hydrographic work, he devoted his unemployed time in traveling through Chili, Bolivia, Peru and Ecuador, meeting with many adventures and experiences of an intensely interesting and exciting character.

He returned to the United States in 1857 *via* Cape Horn, and for the next two years was employed in the U. S. Government surveys in the (then) Territory of Nebraska; and subsequently for two years in the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey of the Maine Coast.

In 1862 he married and settled in the town of Machias, in the State of Maine, where he has since resided. In the location of roads, surveys and adjustment of disputed lines, his services as a sur-

veyor, civil engineer and draughtsman have been in constant requisition throughout that section of the country, for nearly twenty years. He has also, during this time, held many important town and county offices. He was elected Register of Deeds for his county (Washington) in 1886, and was re-elected for a second term in 1890.

**BRO.: TAYLOR** was made a Mason in Harwood Lodge, No. 91, of Machias, Me., July 21, 1862; a Royal Arch Mason in Eastern Chapter, No. 10, of Eastport, Me., January 14, 1864; a Royal and Select Master in St. Croix Council R.: and S.: M.: of Calais, Me., February 11, 1869; and received the Ineffable Grades in Eastern Star Lodge of Perfection at Bangor, Me., April 25, 1889.

He was created a Knight Templar in St. Bernard Commandery, No. 11, K.: T.: of Eastport, Me., on the 9th of July, 1868.

The official Masonic career of **BRO.: TAYLOR** has been an active one. He was elected Junior Warden of his Lodge, December 27, 1862, Senior Warden, December 28, 1863, and Worshipful Master, December 27, 1865, and by successive re elections served as Worshipful Master of his Lodge for five years. He was appointed District Deputy Grand Master for the Third Mass. District, May, 1871, and by re-appointments served eleven years; exceeding in that office the record of any other man for number of years.

In 1885 he was commissioned by the Grand Lodge of California, its Representative near the Grand Lodge of Maine. In May of the same year he was elected Junior Grand Warden of the Grand Lodge. In May, 1889, he was elected Deputy Grand Master, and was re-elected in May, 1890. In May, 1891, he was elevated to the honorable station of Grand Master, and was unanimously re-elected in May, 1892, a position which he has filled with the exercise of rare good judgment, as shown by the prosperous condition of that Grand Body.

In Capitular Masonry, **BRO.: TAYLOR** has also shown an active official career. As a charter member of Washington Royal Arch Chapter, No. 16, of Machias, Me., he has shown a strong and abiding interest in all that most nearly affected its welfare. He served as C.: of H.: for two years; was elected its High Priest for two years; and declined a re-election because he held an office in the Grand Chapter at the time, which rendered him ineligible to longer serve in said office. In 1868 he was elected Secretary of the Chapter, and has held that office for twenty-five consecutive years.

He was appointed Deputy Grand High Priest in the Grand Chapter and served for two years, and afterwards by re-appointment for three years more.

He was elected Grand Scribe, and served two years, but declined further advancement in that Body. He was commissioned Grand Representative of the Grand Chapter of Florida near the Grand Chapter of Maine in 1888, and still holds that position.





BROTHER HENRY R. TAYLOR,

PAST GRAND MASTER OF THE GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF MAINE.





*Engd by W T Bather*

*Yours Fraternally*  
*Henry R. Taylor*

Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of the State of Maine.





He was one of the charter members, and assisted in the formation of St. Elmo Commandery, No. 18, K. T., of Machias, Me., in 1887, acted as its first Eminent Commander, U. D., and after its constitution was elected and served as Em. Commander for two years. He occupies a no less conspicuous prominence in his Grand Commandery, although not in any official station. He is also the representative in this Grand Body of the Grand Commandery of New Jersey.

BRO. TAYLOR was also one of the charter members of Delta Lodge of Perfection, A. and A. S. R. of Machias, and, for two years past, has been Secretary of that body.

While visiting the Grand Lodge of Vermont during its session at Burlington, June, 1892, he was elected an Honorary Member of the "Vermont Masonic Veterans Association."

He is also a Life Member of the "Society of California Pioneers," and a member of the "Society of Sons of the American Revolution."

BRO. TAYLOR enjoys in an eminent degree the confidence and esteem of the Fraternity, and in whatever station or official position he has been placed by his brethren, he has shown by his sterling traits of character, manifested in the extreme care and attention at all times paid to the discharge of official duties, that such confidence has been most worthily placed. Personally and socially, he is a congenial companion, with a sunny nature that attracts kindred natures to him, and makes friends wherever he goes. With him the claims of distress ever find a ready ear and willing hand. In a word, he is a firm and faithful friend in the hour of need, a firm believer in the practical truths and precepts of Masonry.

BRO. HENRY CLAY BARNABEE, the well-known comedian, impersonator and operatic artist, of Boston, Massachusetts, was born at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, November 14, 1833, and his early life was passed in that quiet New England hamlet. After leaving school he entered the dry goods house of William Jones & Co., of Portsmouth, where he remained until he reached the age of twenty-one. He then, in 1854, went to Boston to accept a clerkship in the well-known dry goods house of C. F. Hovey & Co., and which position he held until 1865, when he relinquished his mercantile pursuits in order that he might devote his time wholly to giving entertainments of such a character as had been developed already to an eminent degree of popularity through the peculiar talents with which he is so generously endowed. Soon after going to Boston, he became a member of the Mercantile Library Association of that city, and it was at the early entertainments of this association, then so popular with Bostonians, that he developed his latent mimetic powers. His ability to so closely imitate eccentricities or peculiarities of individuals with whom he came in contact, had been frequently noticed, and this fact led to the "Declamation Committee" of that day to invite him to take part in their entertainment.

He made his first appearance in public at an entertainment given April 30, 1856, when the then famous Boston institution was at the height of its prosperity. The following year he was made a member of the "Declamation Committee," and for many years was closely identified with the entertainments given by the Association. His early selections were altogether of a serious character, and his *debut* as a Comedian and humorist was wholly the result of an accident. One of the members was to personate a Yankee character, but at a late hour word was received by the Committee that he was ill and could not appear. Rather than disappoint the audience, which would assemble the same evening, BRO. BARNABEE consented to assume the part. The result proved a decided success, his rendition of the character developing a greater degree of comic power than even his friends supposed him to possess. This circumstance in a measure shaped his future course, and he subsequently played in various farces, etc., with continued success.

The possession of a fine voice and a natural taste for music had early led BRO. BARNABEE to perfect his gifts in that direction. He assumed the duties of a church singer soon after going to Boston, joining first the choir at Rev. Baron Stowe's Church on Chauncy Street, and a year or two later taking a position in a quartet in a Jamaica Plain Church. After two years' service in the latter connection he became a member of the Church of the Unity Quartet of Boston, with which he continued his engagement for nineteen years, with the exception of a single year of service with the choir at Dr. Putnam's church in Roxbury.

BRO. BARNABEE'S early success in the semi-public entertainments of the Mercantile Library Association caused his name to become known far beyond the confines of Boston, and his services were in frequent demand. He appeared at many entertainments in other places, and became exceedingly popular in connection with the Lyceum audiences of that day. His formal *debut* on the public concert stage, in 1865, was marked by a benefit concert at Music Hall, in which many well known artists participated. From this time forward, freed from all other business trammels, he devoted himself exclusively to his entertainment projects, and he soon paved the way for a greater popularity than he had before enjoyed. His engagements called him to the cities, towns and hamlets of New England, the Middle, Western and Northwestern States, as well as into the Canadian Provinces, and he gained fame and fortune wherever he went, commanding his own terms and making a "Barnabee Night" a certain success whenever and wherever announced. For a dozen or more years his popularity with the patrons of the Lyceum and entertainment courses throughout the country was almost unparalleled in the records of this class of amusements. During these years he also gained a wider recognition of his talents than that accorded him by the Lyceum audiences of

the day, being constantly called upon to take part in benefit performances, and in these appearances he developed dramatic abilities which commanded the approval of the ablest critics.

In 1870, BRO. BARNABEE organized a regular concert company, which included Mrs. H. M. Smith, Mr. M. Arbuckle and Mr. Howard M. Dow, the last named artist having been associated with him in nearly all the latter's musical and other entertainment enterprises. The successes of the many songs and sketches rendered by this company were as pronounced as any previously under his management, and enlarged his popularity correspondingly. He had as associates in these years—1870-1879—many of the most successful artists of the day, and at one time he made a great success in his appearance with Mr. George M. Baker in an amusing entertainment entitled, "Too late for the train," written by the latter. Later on he appeared in a monologue entertainment, also written for him by Mr. Baker, entitled, "Patchwork, or an evening with Barnabee." The origin of this entertainment, which had for years a prominent place in the Lyceum courses of the country, was little more than accidental. A call upon his services in aid of a Newburyport charity (and many such calls were made and responded to by him) made it desirable to supply an entertainment with as little expense as possible. With grave doubts of his ability to hold the attention of an audience unaided by associate artists, he undertook the task of "giving the whole show," and the result was the scheme of songs, stories and impersonations which were later on woven into Mr. Baker's monologue and became the "Patchwork."

In May, 1879, BRO. BARNABEE became a member of the cast in the Ideal Pinafore Opera Company of Boston, taking the character of Sir Joseph. His rendition of this role settled his future career, and his operatic successes since his *debut* as the Airy Commander of the "Queen's Navee" are known from one ocean to the other. He followed up his Sir Joseph with his creation of the role of the Pasha in the adaptation of Suppe's "Fatinitza" made by Sylvester Baxter for the Boston Ideals, as the Company was called after dropping "Pinafore," and this role has been followed by equal successes in a repertoire of over a score of operas brought out by the organization. Since the close of the season of 1886-1887, when the leading artists withdrew from the organization, BRO. BARNABEE has been a member of the new organization, called "The Bostonians." His associates are Messrs. Tom Karl and W. H. Macdonald, who are the managers and have conducted the affairs of the new organization.

BRO. BARNABEE has always taken an active interest in the municipal affairs of Boston, and has been closely identified with many of its social and musical organizations. He is a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, and the excursions and social gatherings of that famous organization have frequently been enlivened by his genial

wit and humor. He was also one of the original members of the Apollo Club, and took an active interest in all its earlier years.

BRO. BARNABEE married, in 1859, Miss Clara George, daughter of Major Daniel George, of Warner, N. H., who has been his constant companion in all his travels throughout this country and Europe, and given him no small share of her time to assisting him in the demands upon his time by reason of his social popularity.

BRO. BARNABEE's prominence is not confined to the world of Music and the Drama, however. The popularity which has given him his prominence in public life is not any greater than that which distinguishes him in Masonic circles. His talents have been as freely exercised in the interests of the Craft, as they have in other directions, and his connection actively with many important events in the local history of the Order has made him hosts of friends, staunch and true. He was first introduced into Masonic light in Columbian Lodge, of Boston, Mass., November 3, 1864, crafted under dispensation November 15, 1864, raised February 2, 1865, and was elected to membership March 2, 1865. He received life membership March 2, 1890.

He received the Capitular degrees in St. Andrew's R. A. Chapter, of Boston, June 3, 1868.

He received the orders of Knighthood in De Molay Commandery of Knights Templar of Boston, June 11 and 12, 1868, and attained membership on September 23, 1868.

He received the Ineffable Grades in Boston Lodge of Perfection at Boston, Mass., April 20, 1866; the Ancient Traditional Grades in Giles F. Yates Council, Princes of Jerusalem, Boston, April 20, 1866; the Philosophical and Doctrinal Grades in Mt. Olivet Chapter of Rose-croix, Boston, April 20, 1866; and the Modern and Chivalric Grades in Massachusetts Consistory S. P. R. S., 32°, at Boston, April 27, 1866.

BRO. BARNABEE has never held any official station in the Order, but was one of the eight brethren to first introduce vocal music into the Ritual, and has often exemplified, before the Grand Lodge, a characterization which was said to be very striking—the third person who assaulted our Ancient Grand Master.

In all the relations of life, BRO. BARNABEE commands the highest regards of his associates, by reason of his sterling qualities of heart and mind. Of a jovial and humorous nature, he readily adapts himself to kindred spirits. None enjoy a good joke better than he, and as in the course of his long professional career he has had very many funny experiences, these, told in his inimitable style of narration, afford both amusement and relish to his companions. These traits, combined with many others, have strongly endeared him to a wide circle of friends, at home and abroad, and few names are more familiar to the amusement public of the United States to-day, than that of BRO. HENRY CLAY BARNABEE.



BROTHER HENRY C. BARNABEE, 32°.

MASSACHUSETTS CONSISTORY S.: P.: R.: S.: 32°, BOSTON.





Henry Clay Permebee















