

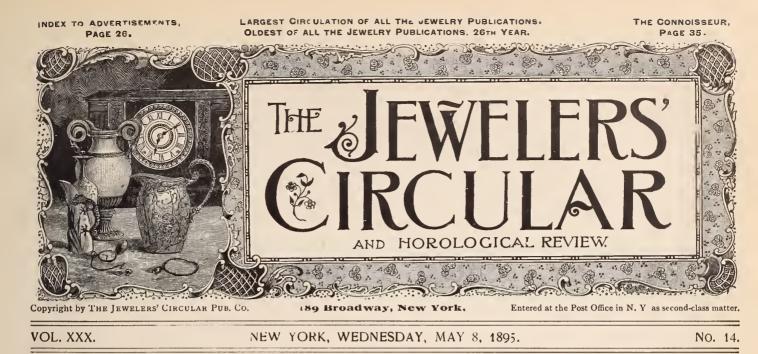
: Approximatel adverses

Staatliche Uhrmacherschule

.



https://archive.org/details/jewelerscircular00unse\_25

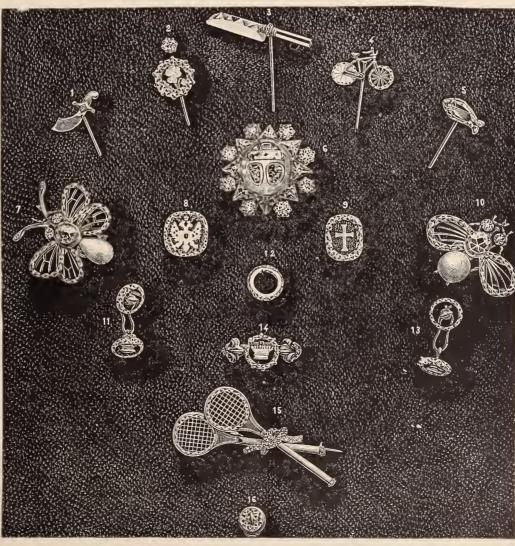


#### ENGRAVING AND PERFORATING OF DIAMOND, THE

T formerly was deemed an impossibility | ful specimens of diamond perforating and | yatagan, the blade of which is a thin dia-

also, that this stone, the bardest of all, could not be engraved. It is true that some diamonds, roughly engraved, have been found in India. There was also at the Paris Exhibition, in 1878, a diamond o n which the protrait of the king of Holland was engraved, but the work was very imperfect, and the diamond had been rather dépoli than engraved. Now, however, processes have been devised for the perforating and engraving of diamond in the most artistic manner. C. Bordinckx, of Paris, has obtained marvelous results in

to perforate diamond; it was believed, engraving, in the possession of Boucheron, mond, and the hilt a ruby; No. 2, a large



SPECIMENS OF ENGRAVED AND PERFORATED DIAMOND, BY BORDINCKX.

this line of art work.

the well-known Parisian jeweler. They | brooches reproducing flies, the wings of The illustration reproduces some wonder- are: No. 1, a cravat pin showing a which are flat diamonds cut and engraved;

heartsease engraved, with its foliage displayed circularly; No. 3, a pin, the head of which has the shape of a knife, consisting of two diamonds; No. 4, a pin surmounted with a bicycle the two wheels of which are diamond discs, the rays being formed by bars engraved on the diamond; each disc being perforated in the center; No. 5, a pin the head of which, in diamond, is cut and engraved in the shape of a fish; No. 6, a brooch consisting of a scarabæus in diamond engraved, surrounded with sapphires and brilliants: Nos. 7 and 10,

diamond disc,

on which is a

2



Jeweiry Trunks

161

Broadway. Bet. Cortlandt and

Liberty Sts., 688 B'way,

'U1 6th Ave .

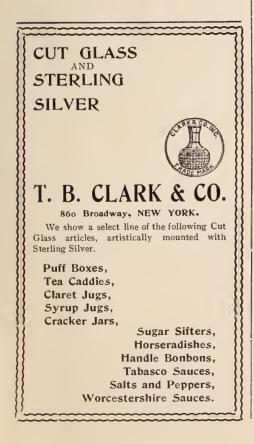
SEW YORA

and Cases,



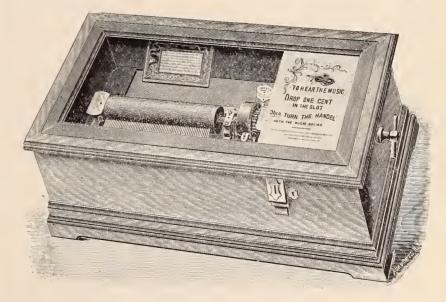






# TO MAKE MONEY.

The following cut represents a good eight-tune Musical Box in a handsome quartered oak case, 25½ inches long, 14 inches wide and 11 inches high, with plate-glass cover, and is provided with a coin attachment and a drawer on the end, into which the pennies fall.



To start it, drop a penny in the slot and turn the key on the right around once, then the instrument will play one tune; as this winds it up, it requires no attention.

The success of penny coin machines is so well known that the subject requires no further mention; we therefore simply call your attention to this instrument, which will pay for itself in a few weeks, as a very desirable investment. For prices and terms apply to

JACOT & SON,

39 UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK.

3

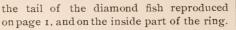
Nos. 8 and 9, flat diamonds engraved; the parts engraved stand out dull on a polished ground; the arms of Russia engraved on No. 8 are extremely fine, these arms' being very elaborate; this engraving may be considered as a tour de force; Nos. 11 and 13, studs, being diamond discs perforated in the center; No. 16, another stud ; No. 14, a ring formed of a flat diamond on which is an earl's coronet engraved; No. 15, a brooch consisting of two battledores formed of flat diamonds; the network has been obtained with engraving; No. 12, a ring cut out of a flat diamond, the inside part of the ring being polished.

Before our times, lapidaries never succeeded in polishing a diamond otherwise than on the flat parts which can be applied to the wheel. Mr. Bordinckx' father managed to polish concave parts, as on the body and

#### To Retail Jewelers only.

An extra inducement on Fahy's I4k. Extra Gold Filled Watch Cases.

SEE APRIL "STRAWS."



Engraving on diamond by this artist not only consists of strokes, as is the case of the wheels, battledores, and wings, but there is often some modeling, as shown in the heart's ease, the arms of Russia, and especially the scarabæus.

The first diamonds in the shape of discs perforated in the center were cut at Boucheron's in 1889, and introduced in pearl necklaces, so that the diamonds alternated with the pearls. The cutting and perforating were then very expensive; but now these discs are cut and perforated in large numbers, in Holland, Belgium and in France (in the Jura) and the work is done at a comparatively low price. Perforating alone has come down 80 per cent. in cost. All pieces reproduced here were made hardly four or five years ago, but they must be considered as the result of experiments carried on for five and twenty years by Mr. Bordinckx, senior.

Morris Freedman, pawnbroker and jeweler, Memphis, Tenn., has assigned, giving preferences to local creditors.



# J. F. FRADLEY & CO.

office and works 114 E. 14th Street, NEAR UNION SQUARE, N. Y.





We were VICTORS in the 4-bar spring suit and will divide the spoils with you. WRITE FOR PRICES.

E. KIRSTEIN'S SONS CO., Rochester, N. Y. 4 Maiden Lane, New York. Superior Rx. Work a Specialty.

#### J. H. Leyson Has Filed a Bond For \$2,500,000.

BUTTE, MON., May 1.—]. H. Leyson, the new administrator of the Davis estate, has filed his official bond in the District Court in the sum of \$2,500,000. The bond contains 33 sureties and was approved by Judge McHatton. The names of the sureties and the amounts in which each qualified are as follows:

Andrew J. Davis \$	100,000
Jared E. Gaylord	100,000
John O'Rourke	200,000
Nicholas J. Bielenberg	250,000
F. Aug. Heinze	100,000
H. L. Frank	100,000
George H. Tong	100,000
Silas F. King	50,000
Adolph Pincus	50,000
Geoffrey Lavelle	50,000
Simon V. Kemper	50,000
Henry Jonas	50,000
Joseph E. Oppenheimer	50,000
Joseph Rosenthal	100,000
D. J. Hennessy	50,000
John F. Kelly	50,000
Thomas Lavell	100.000
Charles S. Warren	50,000
William P. Gwin	50,000
Thomas Rowan	50,000
Harry C. Kessler	50,000
Henry Williams	50 000
A. H. Barret	50,000
W. R. Kenyon	50,000
T. M. Lowry	50,000
Daniel Tewey	100,000
John Brannigan	50,000
William McDermott.	50,000
Patrick Mullins	50,000
John E. Lloyd	50,000
Charles Schmidt	50,000
I. M. Merrill	100,000
Conrad Kohrs	200,000
-	

Total.... \$2,600,000

Each surety certified that he is responsible and a freeholder within the State of Montana, and worth the amount signed for over and above all his just debts and liabilities, exclusive of property exempt from execution.

#### Bids for Engraving Government Filed Glasses.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 3.—Bids were opened in the office of the Signal Corps, War Department, yesterday, for engraving on the draw tubes of field glasses, the following: "Signal Corps, U. S. Army, No.—\_\_\_," and for engraving the same words on first draw tubes of telescopes. The bidders were as follows:

L. M. Cox, Washington, D. C., 13/4 cents per letter, or 39 cents per glass.

J. C. Entwisle, Washington, D. C., 50 cents each. For engraving on first draw tubes of telescopes, 50 cents each; time 10 days.

W. J. Bacon, Washington, D. C., 75 cents each, time 10 days.

Henry Brewood, Washington, D. C., 45 cents each, time 3 days.

Herman Baumgaeten, Washington, D. C., 40 cents per pair. Engraving first draw tubes of telescopes, 40 cents each, time 3 days.

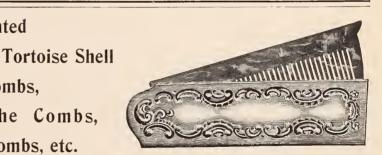
# HE HAD A "GOOD THING,"



BUT VERY DIFFERENT FROM OUR MANY GOOD THINGS. JOBBERS DON'T TO "PUSH THEM." FOR HAVE THE GOODS SELL THEMSELVES. THERE'S THEM MONEY IN FOR THE IOB-BFR EVERY TIME AND ALL THE TIME ALL

# WAITE, THRESHER COMPANY'S GOODS SELL.

Silver Mounted



Side Combs. Moustache Combs.

Back Combs, etc.

**114** E. **14**th Street.

We have produced the most elaborate line of Toilet and Mancure Articles on the market. These goods are mounted with Pierced Sterling Silver, artistically engraved. Also a line of Sterling Silver Pocket and Paper Knives, Seissors, Pen Wipers, Hair Pins, Filigree Coffee and Tea Spoons, Key Rings, Garter and Belt Buckles, Baby Rattles, Ink Stands, Curling Sets, Paper Files. &e. Also great variety of Ebony Goods.

Silver Mounted Pipes, Sterling Silver Scissors and Knives at low prices.

### J. N. PROVENZANO. EVERYTHING MOUNTED IN SILVER AT SALABLE PRICES.

4 HORSE-POWER ELECTRIC MOTOR for sale cheap on account of removal, ALSO WATER PUMP.

#### ] 🗧 🕹 🔪 🕹 🖓 🗇 🗇 – ]; + ]); - ]); / ] ( )], **/** / ]); - ] ( )]

FROM 39 UNION SQUARE TO **OPPOSITE THE** ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

N. Y.



FLATWARE AND

HOLLOW WARE

STAMPED

SIS THE CENUINE. Manufactured by WM. ROGERS M'F'G CO., HARTFORD CONN.

A. J. COMRIE, AUCTIONEER,\_ 22 John St., N. Y. SPECIAL SALESMAN OF WATCHES, DIAMONDS, BRIC-A-BRAC, FOR ESTABLISHED JEWELERS.

1..... 

DR. KNOWLES' Private Course in Optics. LECTURES \$25.00 With Diploma THE KEY TO THE STUDY OF REFRACTION. DESIGNED FOR OPTICAL STUDENTS. NOW READY. **50c.** PER COPY. WRITE FOR PARTICULARS. Office and Headquarters for Graduate Opticians, 4 MAIDEN LANE (up stairs), NEW YORK.



Makers of Finger Rings of every Description

REMOVED FROM BROADWAY AND JOHN STREET,

3 MAIDEN I LANE. ΓO NEW YORK.

Bids were also opened at the same place for furnishing 10 new field glass cases with straps, the words "Signal Corps, U.S. Army" to be stamped on cases, and for repairing and placing in first class condition, and stamping the words "Signal Corps, U. S. Army," on 35 field glass cases. The

James M. Toppan, Washington, D. C., for 10 field glass cases, \$2.75 each ; repairing

F. H. Buechler, Washington, 10 new field glass cases, \$4.25 each ; repairing 35 field

C. Becker, Washington, D. C., 10 black leather field glass cases \$4.97 each; time

### Proceedings of the Jewelers' Security

A special meeting of the executive committee of the Jewelers' Security Alliance was held at the Alliance office, Tuesday, April 30. There were present, H. H. Butts, chairman; A. K. Sloan, president; J. B. Bowden and Henry Hayes, vice presidents ; Bernard Karsch, treasurer; Henry Abbott

The following were admitted to membership: August Fischer, White Hall, Ill.; Chas. Ettinger, 192 Ontario St., Cleveland O.; Chas. Hoenninger, 529 Third Ave., New York; William Kranke, 513 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.; Henry Loewenstein, 1230 S. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.; Simeon Painshand, Lebanon, N. H.; W. C. Pfaeffle, Fort Worth, Tex.; Reichenberg-Smith Co., 15th

### Incorporation of The American Optical

New HAVEN, Conn., May 1.- A corporation to be known as The American Optical Company has just been organized with a capital stock of \$125,000, for the manufacture and sale of all kinds of photographic materials, and also novelties composed of wood, glass and metal work.

The following are members of the corporation: F. J. Kingsbury, D. F. Maltby, M. L. Sperry, of Waterbury, with 250 shares of stock each; F. Kingsbury Curtis, of New York, 240 shares; W. J. Lincoln Adams, of Montclair, N. J., and F. E. Tying, of New Haven, with five shares each. The manufactory will be located in New

The fan is having a little vogue as an ornament. Beautiful examples are worked out in diamonds with colored stones as ornament, the diamonds making the ground. Others have perforated ornament wrought with fine skill.

H. M. RICH & CO.. Jewelry · Auctioneers, 21 School Street BOSTON. MASS.

#### Fashions in Spring Jewelry and Silver Articles.

#### A LADY'S RAMBLES AMONG THE JEWELERS.

A new design in a brooch is an enamel flying fish ensnared in a wreath of gold and white enamel.

A jewel box, trunk shaped in form, was seen of perforated silver, with the key mysteriously unlocking it from the end.

Silver vases were never in better taste than this year. The slender flaring mouthed vases are broken by polished planes, and the lace-like ornament is cut into pointed forms.

For a man is a pair of moonstone sleeve buttons rimmed with diamonds simulating a mariner's compass. This was done by a center diamond as the pivot holding two slender gold arms.

Some beautiful oyster forks are seen in silver gilt with flowers in enamel for the handles. One wonders why a more suitable design was not chosen for the purpose. Seaweed and shells suggest themselves in place of the flowers.

The demand for small silver pin trays has brought out a number of new designs. One small round tray was defined with beaded scallops at the intersections of which small wreaths seemed to depend. Much nicety is shown in these trifles.

Perforated silver seems to come in with new vigor as Summer approaches. There are perforated trays as pen rests, also stamp boxes and boxes of all sorts; there are even spoons, and this seems to mark the extreme length to which perforated silver has gone.

The Summer correspondence is being looked after, if we are to judge from the number of new outfits appearing. Pads fitted in the favorite color with every convenience mounted to correspond and set off with silver, are seen. The silver ornament is frequently simple but tasteful.

The New York Athletic Club is provided with a match box that is all the members could desire in the way of beauty. The club's insignia lends finely to decorative purposes. The match box in question has the winged foot in enamel against a background of clouds, and the corners are bound in perforated silver. ELSIE BEE.

#### Omaha Wholesale Jewelers Agree to Close Early.

OMAHA, Neb., May 1.—The wholesale jewelers of this city have adopted early closing from May 4 to Oct. 5, as may be seen from the following :

The undersigned wholesale jewelers of Omaha mutually agree to close their places of business at r o'clock P, M, every Saturday, commencing on May 4th, until October 5th; and at 5.30 P. M on week days during said period. The object of this being to give their employes a needed rest during the summer months.

(Signed) M Ri

Max MEYER & BRO. Co. REICHFNBERG SMITH CO. E. A. DAYTON & CO. Sol. BERGMAN JEWELRY CO. SHOOK, PATTERSON & CO.

### ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS. RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS,

IMPORTERS OF



AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

#### FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

DIAMOND JEWELRY,

IN THE LATEST DESIGNS.

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

58 Nassau Street, 29 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK,

I Tulp Straat,

I St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus, LONDON, E. C.



CARTER, SLOAN & CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1841.

# MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY,

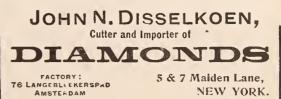
### No. 15 MAIDEN LANE.

NEW YORK.

A. CARTER JR. A. K. SLOAN. C. E. HASTINGS.

GEO. R. HOWE WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.





DETROIT, Mich., May 4.—THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR'S bill which regulates the marking and sale of silverware, and which was introduced in the Michigan Legislature by Roehm & Son, last week passed the House. The week before, it went through the Senate, and now only needs the signature of Governor Rich, to make it a law. There was no op position and an explanation was all that was necessary to cause the law-makers to see the desirability of such a measure.

It is expected that the Governor will sign it the latter part of next week. It was given immediate effect.

#### The Chicago Jewelers' Association Honor the late Edward W. Prentiss.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 4.— The following testimonial of regard and resolutions of respect for the late Edward W. Prentiss were drafted Tuesday by the committee ap pointed by the Chicago Jewelers' Association for this purpose:

Another friend has gone, another link in friendship's chain has been broken, but in paying our tribute to the memory of Edward W. Prentiss, whose death we deplore, the regrets of the present do not hide the pleasant memories of the past.

The recollections which cluster around the years of our business and social relationships with him remain with us as bearing no shadow, but are bright with friendships which grew stronger with each passing year.

Appreciating his sterling worth, irreproachable character and unquestioned integrity, we shall cherish his memory as we prized his companionship and friendship. His life was spent in helping others and it was along these lines that those who knew him best could see his strength of character.

*Resolved*, That to his bereaved family we bring our sincere condolence.

A loving, devoted husband, father, brother, friend has been taken from them and all their skies are draped in deepest gloom. In such an hour words are powerless to relieve the distress of the bereaved, but so far as it is in our power to afford even one ray of comfort and light to hearts heavy with a burden of grief, we extend them our heartfelt sympathy.

Resolved, That the foregoing be spread upon the minutes of this association and an engrossed copy be presented to the family of the departed friend, and another copy be forwarded to the Gorham Mfg. Co.

BENJ. ALLEN,

M. N. BURCHARD, Committee.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Chicago Jewelers' Association. May 7, the foregoing resolutions were unanimously adopted.

#### Incorporation of Giles Bros. & Curtis.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 3.—Giles Bros. & Curtis have secured a license to incorporate with a capital of \$109,500. C. K. and E. A. Giles and W. G. Curtis are named as incorporators. Mr. Curtis was formerly associated with Duhme & Co., Cincinnati, and later with Reilly & Curtis, of this city. W. A. Giles, a Chicago capitalist, and brother of C. K. and E. A., will have a majority of the stock.

Asked if H. D. Spaulding, of Boston, who succeeded the firm here, would retain an interest, C. K. Giles replied that he might retain a small interest, but it was hoped that they would purchase his entire interest. Mr. Giles was non-committal as to any change of location. Further he added : "The \$109, 500 is paid-in capital. We will buy for cash and have our stock entirely unincumbered."

#### Jeweler J. C. Marshall Suspected of Robbing His Own Store.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., May 2.—The police would like to find J. C. Marshall, who up to a week ago carried on a small jewelry business at 220 Main St. He left town suddenly and before going locked his store. Several of his customers asked the aid of the police to get their watches.

Last evening some one entered the store and stole all the jewelry, including a number of watches which were being repaired. The police believe the window, which was smashed, was broken from the inside, thus abetting the theory that Marshall returned and after securing the articles broke the window to make it appear that a burglary had been committed.

May I the American Waltham Watch Co. and the Elgin National Watch Co. introduced a new line of high grade gilt nickel, full plate movements, at a low price, which Manager Kettle, of the former company, states has had a tendency to stimulate business in their line. He adds: "Indications are much brighter than twelve months ago."



WE wish to Fully Illustrate to you our Superior Style of Boxing Engraved Visit= ing Cards.



To do this we will fill any order for a New Plate and Fifty Cards, absolutely without charge.



# The Stationer's Engraving Co.,

Wedding Invitations, Visiting Cards, Monograms and Address Dies.

## 98=100=102 NASSAU STREET,

NEW YORK.



N. B.--We reserve the right to decline orders from any city where we have a representative.

#### Wm. Rogers Mfg. Co. Win a Suit Against the Rockford Silver Plate Co.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 3.—April 9th, the Wm. Rogers Mfg. Co., Hartford, Conn., filed a bill of complaint in the United States Circuit Court for the Northern District of Illinois against the Rockford Silver Plate Co., charging infringement of trade mark and praying for a permanent injunction. The bill was supported by a number of affidavits, chief among which were those of William H. Watrous, president and manager of the Wm. Rogers Mfg. Co., and George D. Munson, traveler for this company.

Mr. Watrous states the Rockford company have long been in the habit and still are, of stamping their better goods with a trademark of which their name is a part, and use upon a certain inferior grade of their flat ware the word "Rogers." There is a piano tuner in Rockford by the name of Chas. G. Rogers, and various wares have been stamped "Chas. Rogers" and "Charles Rogers," to the detriment of plaintiffs. Mr. Watrous claims, also, that the goods thus stamped by the Rockford company are of inferior quality and that the marks would cause the goods to be known as Rogers goods, and enable unscrupulous and careless dealers to palm off the goods to purchasers desiring to obtain goods made by the plaintiffs. Mr. Munson's affidavit is lengthy and relates to his knowledge of the infringement and details of trademarks, labels and markings.

The bill of complaint details the origin of the Wm. Rogers Mfg. Co. and their trademarks and the quality of goods. The use of the word "Rogers" by the defendants, it is claimed, was for the sole purpose of availing themselves of the benefit of the high reputation of plaintiffs' wares.

The court in its decision finds the material allegations in the bill of complaint true; that the defendants have unlawfully and without any right been infringing on the rights of complainants, and that complainants are entitled to the perpetual injunction prayed for and to payment of damages. The court, therefore, to-day decreed that "The Rockford Silver Plate Co., C. B. Bogue, O. G. Meacham and Charles Rogers. their officers, agents, attorneys, servants and workmen, be and they hereby are perpetually enjoined and restrained from making, or causing to be made, or marking, or selling, or in any manner disposing of any silver-plated ware, knives, spoons, forks, or any other silver-plated ware, either hollow or flat, stamped with the marks or names 'Chas. Rogers' or 'Charles Rogers' or any other mark containing the word 'Rogers,' and from using any such stamp, mark, or name upon or in connection with silver-plated tableware."

The defendants are ordered to pay the sum of \$250 damages and costs of suit.

Frank F. Fulcher, Marion, Ind., is closing out to quit business.

#### Sudden Death of Arthur S. Goodman.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 6 —Arthur S. Goodman, president of the National Retail Jewelers' Association, died very suddenly in this city, on the evening of the 2d inst. He had been at the Girard Ave. Theatre with a party of friends, but left at the end of the first act, complaining of soreness in



THE LATE ARTHUR S GOODMAN.

the throat, which he wished something to remove. The officer at the entrance of the theatre saw him stagger as he left the building, and assisted him to Weiss' drug store on the opposite side of the street. Reaching the pavement, he had one hemorrhage, and then another as he entered the drug store.

Drs. Rouff, Brett and Krauss were summoned without delay, but Mr. Goodman was dead within five minutes, evidently from hemorrhage of the lungs. The body was removed to his home, 2025 Ridge Ave., where the funeral services were held yesterday. These were numerously attended by friends of the family and members of the trade. The interment subsequently at Mt. Sinai was private.

Although not robust Mr. Goodman had not been in ill health requiring medical attendance, and had not had hemorrhages before. He was 38 years of age, and was born in London, England. He came to America when a young man, and after living awhile in New York came to Philadelphia, and for 14 years had been in the retail trade here. The deceased was editor of the *National Retail Jeweler*. It was to a great extent through his endeavors that retailers in many sections of the country have organized into State associations.

Norberg & Jones, Bessemer, Mich., have dissolved. A. L. Norberg will continue the business.

#### The Mackvs. Spencer Opera Glass Holder Suit Settled out of Court.

The long and vigorously contested suit in the United States Circuit Court, known as Wm. Mack vs. Spencer Optical Mfg. Co. was amicably settled out of court, last week. The action has often been referred to in these columns. It was brought over an infringement of a patent on a telescopic opera glass holder invented by Judge Mack and controled by the Julius King Optical Co. The Spencer Optical Mfg. Co. also obtained a patent on an opera glass holder similar to Mack's, which the Circuit Court has declared to be covered by Mack's prior "patent.

The suit was contested on every point but has been settled satisfactorily to both parties. On Friday a package received by the Spencer Optical Mfg. Co. contained a toy spade and hatchet, and a pipe. With these was a sheet of paper bearing the heading of the Julius King Optical Co. with the words : "Dig deep" "Bury the hatchet" "Smoke pipe of Peace." These instructions, it may be mentioned, have been strictly followed, and hereafter the Spencer and Mack opera glass holders will be sold by both the Spencer Optical Mfg. Co. and the Julius King Optical Co.

#### The American Gem Cutting Co. Incorporated in Boston.

BOSTON. Mass., May 5.—The American Gem Cutting Co., of this city, have incorporated with a capital stock of \$6,000 in single shares of \$25, to "buy, sell, and cut diamonds and other precious stones, making, buying and selling machinery for the same."

The promoters are: Arthur H. Pray, Meyer D. Rothschild, Meyer Goodfriend, and Edwin Passmore.

#### A Daring Burglary Nipped in the Bud.

NORTH ATTLEBORO, Mass., May 4.— A bold attempt to enter the jewelry store of E. A. Wales about 2 o'clock this morning, was frustrated by Officer Nerney. The officer heard the breaking of glass. The night was very foggy and he did not exactly know where the sound came from.

Rushing up Park St. the officer heard the sound of retreating footsteps. He made a fruitless investigation and found that some person had attempted to enter the store of E. A. Wales, on Park St.

The would-be-burglars broke a pane of glass in the front door near the lock, but that was all. Nothing was taken from the store.

Emanuel De Roy, Pittsburgh, Pa., has considerably improved both the exterior and interior of his stores.

The reorganized Craighead Mfg. Co., Shelton, Conn., started the factory April 22 with as many employes as could be secured on short notice.

# H. M. SMITH & CO.'S Black Diamond

14K. Gold Pens

FANCY TRAY

CUT ABOUT ONE-HALF SIZE OF TRAV

\$9.00 Each,

Less cash discount.

Warranted.

For Window Display

Boxes, Fillers and Directions with each Pen. Fancy Tray sent FREE with each dozen.

83 Nassau St. New York City.

#### Providence.

C. H. King, 43 Sabin St., has been succeeded by C. S. King.

Leuzer & Rueckert have removed from 67 to 69 Friendship St.

Warren C. Greene has entered the employ of the Ivy Ring Co.

F. B. Barnes, retailer, 343 Main St., Pawtucket, is out of business.

Julius Eichenberg is expected home from his European trip about May 15th.

Horace F. Carpenter, refiner, has been succeeded by H. F. Carpenter & Son.

John F. P. Lawton, secretary of the Gorham Mfg. Co., has returned from a trip through the south.

E. B. Ingraham, agent, has removed from 127 Summer St. to a new factory corner of Broad and Oxford Sts.

Marcus W. Morton, secretary of the Manufacturing Jewelers' Board of Trade, has been confined to his house the past week by severe illness.

E. E. Hosmer is selling out his stock at auction sale previous to removal to larger and more commodious quarters at the corner of Westminster and Greene Sts.

George W. Pray, who was recently burned out at 211 Main St., Pawtucket, is preparing to restart at the same place, extensive alterations and repairs having been made, The Carpenter Loan Co., pawnbrokers and retail jewelers, have removed from corner of Middle and Union Sts., to better quarters at the corner of Weybosset and Clements Sts.

Walter S. Hough, Jr., has taken the plating branch of the business recently conducted under the style of W. S. Hough, Jr., & Co. and will continue at 102 Orange St. The balance of the business is advertised for sale.

The building at 129 Eddy St. has been closed down the past week on account of necessary repairs to boilers, etc. This has closed the shops of  $J_{\cdot_n}$  G. Fuller & Co., R. L. Griffith & Son, New England Supply Co. and G. N. Babbington.

The plan of reorganizing the Kent & Stanley Co. is progressing. Last week the bill to incorporate the company under the new form of organization was passed by the General Assembly, and the purchase of stock has so far been very satisfactory, as nearly two-thirds of it has been subscribed.

B. Selig, assignee for A. B. Kapp, New York, was in town recently endeavoring to effect a settlement with the eastern creditors. This case has attracted much attention among the trade. Mr. Kapp, after obtaining goods from local manufacturers, gave a bill of sale to a cousin and was then appointed by the latter as managing salesman to dispose of these goods. Later he made an assignment. Coming to this city he was arrested for debt and placed in jail, where he remained for about ten days. He applied for the poor debtor's oath, which was refused after a lengthy hearing, and Kapp returned to New York under bond. It is stated that Mr. Selig settled every claim that it was possible for him to negotiate, the rate of settlement varying from 25 to 75 cents on the dollar, while some creditors got in addition the amount of costs that they had been put to in prosecuting their claims.

#### J. H. Flanagan Makes a Second Assignment.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 7.—J. H. Flanagan, of this city, has assigned. He has been in business about four years and assigned once before, in December, 1893. He then settled with his creditors at 33 cents, part cash.

J. H. Flanagan's principal creditors, in New York are: Hirsh & Hyman, H. Z. & H. Oppenheimer, Freudenheim & Abramson, Spencer Optical Mfg. Co. Other New York creditors are: H. M. Smith & Co., B. H. Davis & Co., Fink, Bodenheimer & Co., Sperry & Alexander, Jacob Strauss & Sons, J. Levy, Gustav Walter Optical Co., Louis Kaufman & Co., A. Wittnauer. M. H. King, the R. Hoehn Co., and C. W. Cingdo.

# ANY LEGITIMATE JEWELER CAN HAVE OUR

# NEWLY REVISED PRICE LIST

#### MAILED TO HIM ON APPLICATION.

# ILLINOIS WATCH CO.,

You Want It!

SPRINGFIELD, ILL.

#### Canada and the Provinces.

A. C. Darling has opened a jewelry store in Sarnia, Ont.

A. J. Pollock, Hamilton, Ont., has disposed of his business.

The death is announced of G. A. Brown, jeweler, Tilsonburg, Ont.

J. A. Pitts, wholesale jeweler, Montreal, left for New York Thursday.

C. R. Bagley, manufacturing jeweler, Toronto, is offering his establishment for sale.

W. J. Burke, Alvinston, Ont., has offered to compromise with his creditors at 25 cents on the dollar.

The jewelers of Osleawa, Ont., have decided to close their stores every evening except Saturday.

D. T. Ferguson, Rat Portage, has opened a branch jewelry business in Fort Francis, putting his brother in charge.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Birks and Gerald Birks, Montreal, returned last week from a two months' trip to California.

Geo. S. Asselstine, jeweler, Garranoque, and A. J. McNaughton, of the same town, have just completed a course of instruction at the Ontario Optical Institute.

Will S. Ziller, for 12 years with Davies Bros., Toronto, has accepted the position of head salesman in the establishment of B. & H. B. Kent.

The improvement of the various grades of 18 size movements of Elgin and Waltham watches is favorably received by the Canadian trade and regarded as likely to result in an increased demand for these goods.

H. Hutton, alias Rothchild, etc., the diamond swindler, was up May 3 on remand on the application for his extradition before Judge McDougall, in Toronto, but owing to the absence of Crown Attorney Curry, Hutton was again remanded for a week. Sheriff Rountree, of Swainsboro, Ga., is in town in connection with the case.

Roden Bros., Toronto, manufacturers of sterling silver, have recently received an important accession to their staff, their brother, George Roden, having come from Birmingham, England, to take charge of the designing department and superintend the manufacture of artistic silverware. Mr. Roden is one of the best English designers and has executed some notable work, having been successful in competitive designs for presentation caskets to the Prince of Wales and Mr. Gladstone. He reports that prices for silverware are lower in Canada than in England, which he attributes to the fact that machinery is used here for many processes which in Britain are effected by the old hand labor methods of 50 years ago.

#### Svracuse.

C. N. Damms has moved to a new location on Salina St., where he will occupy a half of a store.

H. A. Williams, of Camden, has opened a jewelry store in the southern half of the store at 348 S. Salina St.

Mr. Bergan, Earlville, and Mr. Hoyt, of

Brewster & Hoyt, Hannibal, were in town last week replenishing stock.

At the meeting of the central New York opticians in A. O. U. W. Hall, last Monday the name, New York State Association of Opticians, was assumed and a constitution and by-laws adopted. A number of new members were received and important business transacted. The form of application and a copy of the constitution and by-laws will be mailed to opticians in this State. The next meeting will be held the third Wednesday in May, in the afternoon. The secretary's address is James H. Morse,

#### Pike block, Syracuse.

Marcus Marks, one of the men accused of the robbery of Becker & Lathrop's jewelry store, on Oct. 17th, was held to await the action of the Grand Jury last Monday morning. His attorney. E. N. Wilson, has made a strong fight against this action; but the evidence presented by the prosecution was sufficient to give grounds for his being held. Marks was taken to the penitentiary. As he left the police station he remarked to the officers who were bidding him good-bye: "The next time I leave confinement it will be for good."

A statement made in "The Jewelers' Circular," February 6, 1895, regarding the successors of MABLE, TODD & Co., is misleading, and in order to make the matter clear to our friends and customers we give the facts regarding the various changes that have taken place since 1843.

**OF HISTORY** which firm continued until early in 1856, when the remaining partners consolidated with the firm of Smith & Todd, Gold Pen Makers, forming the firm of MABLE, SMITH

& Co.

The manufacture of Gold Pens is a distinctly different business from that of manu-facturing Pencils and Holders The founders of our Gold Pen Department were BARD BROS., who started in business in 1847, and continued until they failed in 1851, when they were succeeded by Smith & Todd (J. Sprague Bard, of Bard Bros., having complete charge of the manufacturing of the goods); this firm continued until January, 1856, when they consolidated with MABIE & MCGOVERN, forming the firm of MABIE, SMITH & Co., which firm continued until January, 1860, when Mr. Smith retired, and the firm name was changed to MABIE, TODD & Co., J. Sprague Bard still having charge of the Gold Pen Department.

In January, 1868, Edward Todd sold his interest, and we have his receipt, dated January 13th, 1868, which reads, "The same being in full payment for my interest in Stock. Tools and Fixtures in the late firm of MABLE, TODD & Co., and also for *Good Will* and interest in said business, as carried on from January 1st, 1860, to this date." HENRY H. TODD and J. SPRAGUE BARD being admitted as partners, the firm was continued under the some name. MABLE, TODD & Co., until February 1st, 1871, when John McGovern retired, the other partners still continuing under the name MABLE, TODD & Co., until February 1st, 1873, when JOHN MABLE retired, transferring his interest to his sons, GEORGE W. and JOHN H., and the firm name was changed to MABLE, TODD & BARD, but continuing the "Trade Mark," MABLE, TODD & Co., on the goods; this firm continues without change of partners, J. Sprague Bard still having complete charge and management of our Gold Pen Department; John H. Mabie has charge and management of our Pencil Department, in which we manufacture all of our Holders, Pencils, Cases and Tooth Picks; George W. Mabie and Henry H. Todd have the management of the Sales Department and Office at 130 FULTON STREET.

On account of increasing foreign trade, we established a branch office at 93 CHEAPSIDE, LONDON, in 1884, and in 1893 opened another branch in the WEST END OF LONDON, 95 REGENT STREET, for the better accommodation of trade in that section of the city. NEW YORK, May 1st, 1895.

#### MABIE, TODO & BARD,

MANUFACTURERS OF

GOLD PENS, FOUNTAIN P NS PENCILS, HOLDERS, ET

130 FULTON STREET. NEW YORK, U. S 93, CHEAPSIDE, LONDON, ENG. 95, RESEAT ST

### Boiled Down

PENCIL AND HOLDER DEPARTMENT	•	Gold Pen Dep	ARTMENT.
RAUCH & Co 1843	to 1851 BARD &	è Bros	- 1847 to 1851
MABIE, KNAPP & JOHNSTON 1853	to 1855 Smith	& Todu -	1851 to 1856
MABLE & MCGOVERN - 1855	to 1856		
Mabie, Smith & Co	),	1856 to 1860	)
MABIE, TODD & Co. (John Mabie, E	dward Todd and Job	nn McGovern)	- 1860 to 1868
MABIE, TODD & Co. (John Mabie,	Henry H. Todd. J.	S. Bard and	J.
McGovern)			1868 to 1871
MABIE, TODD & Co. (John Mabie, H	Henry H. Todd, and	I. Sprague Bar	d) 1871 to 1873

MABLE, TODD & BARD (George W. Mabie, Henry H. Todd and J. Sprague Bard and John H. Mabie) 1873 to present time. 

A BIT OF

Waltham, Mass., May 1st, 1895.

We have this day placed on the market the following

### 18 Size Full Plate S. W. Movements.

### HUNTING OR OPEN FACE.

Open Face are Pendant Setting.



No. 81, Gilded; 15 Jewels (Settings); Compensation Balance.



#### No. 87, Nickel;

17 Jewels (Settings); Compensation Balance, Adjusted; Patent Regulator; Patent Breguet Hairspring, Hardened and Tempered in Form; Double Sunk Dial.



No. 83, Nickel; 15 Jewels (Settings); Compensation Balance.



#### P. S. Bartlett, Gilded ;

17 Jewels (Settings); Compensation Balance, Adjusted; Patent Regulator; Patent Breguet Hairspring, Hardened and Tempered in Form; Double Sunk Dial.



#### No. 85, Gilded;

17 Jewels (Settings); Compensation Balance, Adjusted; Patent Regulator; Patent Breguet Hairspring, Hardened and Tempered in Form; Double Sunk Dial.



#### P. S. Bartlett, Nickel;

17 Jewels (Settings); Compensation Balance, Adjusted; Patent Regulator; Patent Breguet Hairspring, Hardened and Tempered in Form; Double Sunk Dial.

# American Waltham Watch Company.

### The Jewelers' Circular HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

PUBLISHED AVERY WEDNESDAY BY

#### THE IEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO.,

#### 189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF JEWELERS, WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS, ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALL ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of interest or value to our readers. Adver-tising matter will not be printed as news.

Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal.

Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

#### Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid.

	PER ANNUM.
United States and Canada,	. \$2.00
Foreign Countries in Postal Union,	4 00
Single Copies	10

New subscribers can commence at any time.

Payments for THE CIRCULAR when sent by mail, should be made in a Post-Office Money Order, Bank Check or Draft, or an Express Money Order or Reg-istered Letter. All postmasters are required to regis-ter letters whenever requested to do so.

Pay money only to authorized collectors having proper credentials.

Returning your paper will not enable us to discon-tinue it, as we cannot find your name on our books unless your address is given.

In changing address always give the old as well as the new one. Your name cannot be found on our books unless this is done.

We will continue to send papers until there is a specific order to stop, in connection with which all arrearages must be paid; but such an order can be given at *any time*, to take effect at or after the ex-piration of the subscription. All such orders will be promptly acknowledged by mail.

The Courts have decided that all subscribers to Journals are responsible until arrearages are paid in full and an order to discontinue has been received by the publisher.

Member of the	American	Trade	Press	Association.
Vol. XXX.	May	8, 189	5.	No. 14.

Every line of reading matter in The Jewelers' Circular, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written ex-clusively for this journal. Each issue of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR is copyrighted.

NDICATIONS point to a pleasing conclusion, namely that the jeweler will soon have universal woman by the ear. The earring has been in a state desuetude during the past two years, but it is the fortune of this ornament to be wafted hither and thither on the tide of fashion. Such has been its career for more than 2,000 years. Now it is on the flood tide to popularity.

### The Safe Breakers' NOTWITH-Danger Sign.

STANDING the sound theories in criminology pro-

pounded by Lombroso, that offenders are patients rather than culprits, and should be "treated" rather than "punished," the older theory that fear of capture is a powerful force to counteract the impulse to commit crime, often has evidence to prove its truth. This journal has many times had occasion to assert that the mere display in a jewelry store of a certificate of membership in the Jewelers' Security Alliance has stayed the operations of the safe breaker, and a letter received a few days since by the "watch dog of the jewelry trade," is a forceful argument in favor of the asseveration. We copy this letter as follows:

SOMERVILLE, Tenn., April 26, 1895. The Jewelers' Security Allian e, 170 Broadway, New York.

GENTLEMEN-On Saturday, April 20th, at night, my store was broken into through the rear door; all of my goods of value were in my safe before which I had hung The Jewelers' Alliance sign; though rather torn and disfigured by them it was left in the store laying on the floor; nothing was taken, and I believe that the membership in our Security Alliance saved my safe from being opened. Please send me a new one, as the old one looks pretty badly done up, and you will very greatly oblige,

Yours very truly, FRED. GOOSMANN.

The Jewelers' Security Alliance leaves no energy unexpended in its endeavors to capture the breakers of its members' safes, and malefactors have a wholesome fear of arousing its mercies.

#### Frenchmen

and the Diamond.

THE ingenuity of the Frenchman knows no limit. In the arts and

sciences he is an iconoclast of long established convictions. In his experiments with the diamond he has been notably successful. M. Moissan has discovered an apparently more deeply hidden secret than the exact location of the philosopher's stone, in his manufacture of diamonds, which though scarcely big enough to be seen by the naked eye, yet represent the solution of the problem of crystallizing carbon, and urge Prof. Clarke, of London, as stated in a cablegram of a few days ago, to prophesy that diamonds of marketable size will soon be manufactured; while M. Bordinkx sets at naught all convictions as to the impossibility to engrave upon diamond by discovering processes, involving tools, not chemicals, whereby elaborate devices can be engraved upon this hardest of known substances. The article describing M.Bordinkx' achievements, published in another part of this issue, is derived from that excellent journal, La Nature.

#### Another Opal Mine Found in Mexico.

ZACATECAS, Mex., May 3 .- Frank L. Melgen, an American civil engineer, it is reported, has discovered an opal mine near this city. An investigation has been made, which shows, it is said, that the mine contains the most perfect and valuable stones that have yet been found in Mexico. Preparations are making to work the property on an extensive scale.

#### William Wise Honored on his 81st Birthday.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 1.-William Wise, of the jewelry firm of William Wise & Son, celebrated his 81st birthday to-day and received congratulations at his store, 10 Flat-



WILLIAM WISE, AT 81 YEARS OF AGE.

bush Ave., from many well known Brook lyn people. His desk was handsomely decorated with roses and Spring flowers, the tribute of his employes, and throughout the establishment a festive air prevailed.

Mr. Wise began business 61 years ago and has continued until the present day. His first location was at 79 Fulton St., where he remained for considerably over a score of years, when he removed to his well known establishment on Fulton St. opposite Clark St. The extension of the bridge terminus caused his removal about four years ago to the present handsome establishment. Until about eight years ago, when his son became his partner, Mr. Wise conducted business alone. Never in the course of his long business career has he failed to meet every obligation promptly. The high esteem in which he has ever been held by his associates and employes was shown by the numerous expressions of good will he received to-day.

Among the many callers were several representatives of the jewelry trade.

#### Letters to the Editor.

THE CIRCULAR AS NECESSARY AS HIS BEST FRIEND.

FORTUNA, Cal., April 26, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

Find enclosed \$2.00 for another year's subscription to your valuable paper, and no matter how hard the times are out here at Fortuna, I must have THE CIRCULAR, as I might as well try to get along without my best friend as to try and get along without THE CIRCULAR. Business in Humboldt County in the jewelry line is very dull and the prospects this season are not favorable ; however, we will live in hope.

> Respectfully, SAMUEL DICKSON.

#### New York Notes.

Tiffany & Co. have entered a judgment for \$36 85 against Chas. A. Thackston.

Vve. L. B. Citroen & Co. have entered a judgment for \$207.71 against B. Bonner.

The Meriden Britannia Co. have entered a judgment for \$226 of against Julius L. Kirsch.

Morris Prager has entered a judgment for \$2,049.24 against A. S. and Samuel Koplik.

L. Strasburger, accompanied by his wife, sailed for Europe Saturday on *La Bourgogne*.

Bruce Bonny, of the Gorham Mfg. Co., arrived from Europe last week on the *Teutonic*.

M. Goodfriend, of Goodfriend Bros., sailed last week on a two months' trip through Europe.

William E. Cohn, of New York, will travel hereafter exclusively for E. A. Cowan & Co., Boston, Mass., in the south.

The Self Winding Clock Co. have erected a self-winding street clock in front of the Baltimore *Sun* building, Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.

Jos. Weis has severed his connection with Henry E. Oppenheimer & Co., and is now a member of Weis & Segal, manufacturers of children's clothing.

Judge Bookstaver, of the Court of Common Pleas, Friday granted an extension of 20 days in which the schedules of B. Eckstein & Co. are to be filed.

Byron L. Strasburger of Byron L. Stras burger & Co., returned from Europe on the *Havel* last week. Mr. Strasburger reports having made heavy purchases.

As a result of a suit mentioned in THE CIRCULAR last week, Francesca Thommen has entered a judgment for \$2,275 72 against the Jewelers' and Tradesmen's Co.

The suit of Thos. H. Heffron against the Stites Jewelry Co. has been set down for trial in the Court of Common Pleas on the day calendar of Monday, May 13th.

Albert Greenspeck, formerly salesman and manager for Benj. S. Wise & Co., heroically rescued from drowning, Sunday, Theresa McCoy, a child who had been precipitated into the Harlem River by a runaway horse.

Mary Stebbins Middleton, widow of Reuben Scott Middleton, founder of the firm of Middleton & Bro., 10 Maiden Lane, died Sunday at her residence, 55 E. 65th St. Mrs. Middleton had been suffering from grip and bronchitis, the latter causing death. The funeral was private.

In the Tombs Police Court, Sunday, John H. Lacey, was held for the Grand Jury on the charge of robbing his employers, S. F. Myers & Co., of four gold watches worth \$200. Lacey was employed as a clerk and is said to have disappeared with the watches, April 27th.

Gilbert T. Woglom created quite a sensation during the dedication of the Washington Arch, Saturday, by raising an American flag 2,500 feet in the air. The flag was raised by means of six kites, flown by Mr. Woglom from the tower of the Judson apartment house, in which he lives. The feat produced much cheering from the crowd below.

Three diamond cutters, Edward Van Rossmalen, Honori Cogen and Hubens Urbain, all of Antwerp were taken off the *Noordland* by Inspector Casin Wednesday, and sent back to Ellis Island. The men will be deported to Antwerp, as on their own affidavits they are proven to have come here under contract.

George S. Rice is temporarily in charge of the Chicago branch of the Gorham Mfg. Co. Mr. Rice states that the arrangement is not permanent, as he is bound too closely to the east by home ties. A successor to the late E. W. Prentiss will likely be chosen from the rank and file of the Gorham forces. Mr. Rice will remain in Chicago but a few weeks.

Bride & Tinckler, 25 Maiden Lane, New York, and Newark, N. J., have purchased the entire stock and factory of Chas. L Uhry & Co. and will largely increase the facilities for manufacturing a line of fine jewelry. The firm is composed of Chas. E. Bride, formerly with the S. Cottle Co., and Chas. F. Tinckler.

S. F. Myers & Co. have satisfied the judgment for \$357.32 entered agaiust them Dec. 13, 1894, by C. E. Remick. The judgment is the outcome of one of many replevin suits against C. E. Wells, Utica, N. Y., which were decided against the creditors. A similar judgment against the Wm. L. Gilbert Clock Co. for \$391.29 has also been satisfied.

R. A. Loveland, the owner of the foreign and American patents on the Paillard Nonmagnetic, Charmilles and Princeton watches, is now marketing these products directly to the trade through his New York office, 177 Broadway. His former New York agents, the A. C. Smith Watch Co., are no longer at that address. Mr. Loveland is at present in Europe in the interest of his business and arranging for his new importations of watches.

Members of the National Sculpture Society have offered a first prize of \$300 and a second prize prize of \$200 for the best designs for an artistic silver dollar. Thirty sets have been submitted to the society by sculptors and artists, and these will form a part of the Italian Garden exhibition, which will be opened under the auspices of the society next Tuesday in the Fine Arts building, 215 W. 57th St. The result of the competition will be forwarded to the Numismatic and Archælogical Society and an effort will be made to induce the government to adopt the successful design.

A meeting of the creditors of B. Eckstein, jobber in jewelry, 496 Broadway, who recently assigned to Wm. B. Keily, was held at Mr. Eckstein's office, Thursday afternoon. The 35 creditors present represented an indebtedness of about \$55,000. A statement of the condition of affairs showed the total liabilities to be about \$67,000, and the nominal assets about \$46,000, estimated to be worth about \$7,800. An offer of settlement at 20 cents was made, the terms being cash for claims under \$200, 60 days for those between \$200 and \$500, while all amounts over \$500 to be settled with notes at three, six and nine months, the last two endorsed. A committee consisting of Messrs. Barton, Lederer and Leopold Stern were appointed to investigate and report to the creditors at a future meeting.

#### Last Week's Arrivals.

THE, CIRCULAR has perfected arrangements for obtaining the names and hotel addresses of all the latest buyers visiting New York, and each day posts in its office, 189 Broadway, a bulletin which every member of the trade is cordially invited to copy.

The following out-of-town dealers were registered in New York during the past week: J. B. Mayer, Buffalo, N. Y. Imperial H.; J. Cunningham, buyer for E. H. Edwards' Sons, Syracuse, N. Y., Union Square H.; L. Heller, Chicago, Ill., Imperial H.; F. B. Shafer, Washington, Imperial H.; L. Morck, Warren, Pa., Astor H.; J. E. Burr, Carbondale, Pa., H. Normandie; J. D. Ryan, Middleton, Conn., H. Normandie; A. C. Lord, Tilton, N. Y., Astor H.; F. E. Burley, Chicago, Ill., H. Normandie; L. S. Stowe, Springfield, Mass., H. St. Denis; F. H. Gale, Norfolk, Va., H. Imperial; S. Frankel, Toronto, Ont, H. Imperial; E. G. Acheson, (Carborundum Co.) Pittsburgh, Pa, Astor H.

A J. Comrie, 22 John St., New York, is confirming his title of "the busy auctioneer." Mr. Comrie has just completed a very successful sale for F. A. Knowlton, Worcester, Mass., whose store is to be torn down and to be replaced by a new structure, and who has moved to a new store on Main St. Mr. Comrie is now conducting a prosperous sale of the stock of Marshall Bros., the oldest jewelry establishment in Rutland, Vt. Mr. Ledworth, the present proprietor, is very ill and unable to attend to business. The closing out of this stock will leave a larger field for the other jewelers, nearly all of whom have in times past been employed by Marshall Bros. May 10th Mr. Comrie begins a reduction sale for the Dillon, Wheat & Hancher Co., Wheeling, W. Va., previous to the consolidation of Wheat & Hancher and I. J Dillon & Co.

PREFERENCE OF CREDITORS BY INSOLVENT.

While it is permissible for an insolvent debtor to prefer one or more creditors to the exclusion of others, such preference must be an honest one, and not a device to enable the debtor to fraudulently delay or defeat other creditors.

Landauer v. Mack (Sup. Ct., Neb).

#### Interesting Letter From the Jewelers' League.

A circular letter, of which the following is a copy, has been sent out by the officers of the Jewelers' League, to the members of this organization:

#### To the Members of the Jewelers' League:

The Jewelers' League was incorporated in 1877 purely for the mutual interest of every member, based on the fraternal plan of paying to the beneficiaries of the deceased member the entire proceeds of one mortuary assessment not exceeding \$5,000 in Section A, and \$2,500 in Section B. This continued until 1892, when a change in the laws of the State of New York, under which we were incorporated, practically placed us on the footing of an old line life insurance company with rigorous burdens imposed, including the payment of a specific sum whether one assessment or more should be required to meet it. To place the League on its original base a law has just been passed by the Legislature of the State of New York, permitting us to transact business as a fraternity upon our re-incorporation, thus enabling us to continue our business on a mutual basis as originally planned. The insurance department of the State examines our books, our accounts and assets at stated intervals, and having always found them satisfactory, favored the passage of the law just enacted. In addition to the monthly mortuary assessments there will be made the quarterly assessments for the increase of the reserve fund agreeably to the action of the annual meeting of the League held January 17, 1888. The laws of the State of New York require us to collect assessments for expenses and these will be made quarterly? if needed. No portion of the assessments for death losses can be used for expenses.

The total cost in Section A to an original member, per annum, has not exceeded \$70, which is not more than one-half of the cost in any sound life insurance company, and we submit to our members these facts that they may be assured of the economy and stability of the League. HENRY HAYES, President, GEO. M. VAN DEVENTER, Chairman Executive Committee. L. STEVENS, JR, Secretary and Treasurer. May 1, 1895.

#### Death of Mrs. Mary A. Kinnie.

JOLIET, Ill., May 1.—Mrs. Mary A. Kinnie, the pioneer jeweler of this city, died April 23d in her 76th year. For the past six months the deceased was a victim of Bright's disease and it was the immediate cause of her death.

Mrs. Kinnie was born near Utica, N. Y.; was married there to Thos. Kinnie; moved thence to La Porte, Ind., and after a short stay there in 1838, she and her husband came to Joliet, locating on Bluff St., in the jewelry business. Mr. Kinnie died 36 years ago, and since that time Mrs. Kinnie has been in active business until a few years ago when she gave the stock to Chas. S. Cutting, who was as a son to her.

As a graceful and deserved token of respect all the jewelers of the city closed their stores on the day of the funeral and attended the services in a body.

#### Newark.

Richard Lewty, a watch repairer, of 149 Bergen St., who was accused of pawning a watch left with him to be repaired by William Mitchell, was on account of the age of the defendant, 74 years, allowed to go upon paying the costs.

Adelina P. Thiery, wife of Edward A.

Thiery, who has been for many years a designer in the factory of Carter, Sloan & Co., died at her residence, 303 Mulberry St., Wednesday. The funeral services were held Saturday afternoon.

The firm of A. J. Valentine & Co., consisting of A. J. Valentine, David N. Crane and E. F. C. Theurer, dissolved May 1st, by mutual consent. David N. Crane and E. F. C. Theurer assume the liabilities of the firm, and continue the manufacture of jewelry under the name of Crane & Theurer Co.

#### Scranton, Pa.

Sebastian Klein is engaged in the manufacture of a unique clock.

I. J. Levine, Carbondale, will soon move into larger quarters in the Boston store building.

Olaf G. N. Turnquest and William J. Weichel made business trips to New York the past week.

Oscar Yost, for many years located in Shenandoah, Pa., will soon move to Dunmore, a suburb of Scranton.

Stone Bros., 535 Broadway, New York, whose novel bookmarks have become familiar to the entire trade, received a patent covering these articles last week. The firm intend to reap, in full, the advantages which the patent gives them, and announce that they will vigorously prosecute all infringers.



Τ

F

E

F

L O R A



SILVERSMITHS. 179 Broadway, = = New York.

Т

H

E

F L O R A



#### BEING AN HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DAY.\*

PART V.

THE patterns in flatware designed by Albert Coles, and at present represented in the products of Geo. W. Shiebler & Co, are the Palace, Ivanhoe, Kenilworth, Jenny Lind, Nautilus, Mayflower. Coles to mark an intermediary period between the simple patterns of three decades ago and the elaborate expressions in die work of the past five years; though in the case of the Ivanhoe we note as fine instance of Thread, and was one of the first beaded designs. The beaded detail in the panel and the conventional leaves below are very effective.

The Nautilus is the same pattern as other



THE SPOON PATTERNS OF GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO.

had been in business about 30 years and his factory was located at 6 Liberty Place. He was succeeded in business by M. Morgan, who sold it to Geo. W. Shiebler in 1876.

The Coles patterns are all of an artistic character and are still called for steadily. In general ornamental details they appear

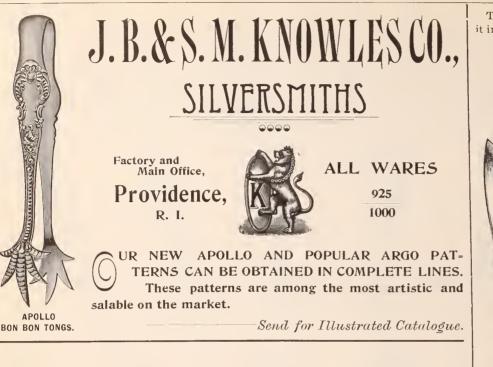
\*Copyright, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

medallion work as could be produced to-day.

The Palace would resemble the Oval Thread in outline, were it not for the projecting points. The entire design is Gothic, the stem being architectural in feeling. The dark and light stripes in the finish produce a highly fantastic effect.

The Mayflower was a remarkably successful pattern. It is on the order\_of the Oval makers name Shell, being an Antique handle with a conventionalized shell at the upper end. This pattern is a standard, being neat and conservative.

The Jenny Lind, the first pattern produced by Albert Coles, is a beautiful conception. It is a perfect Oval Thread, retaining the thread detail. The panel or frame surrounding the upper part of the handle is rich\_and chaste. THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR



### Dominick & Haff,

MAKERS OF WARES IN

#### STERLING SILVER,

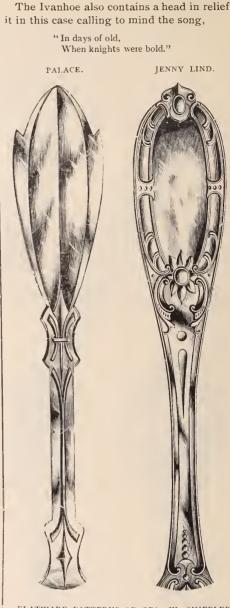
FOR THE TRADE ONLY.

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK.

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES.



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO.

The medallion, doubtless, is an accurate portrait of Ivanhoe, the self satisfied expression being particularly true, he having done without doubt, a good day's work killing infidels.

# F. M. WHITING COMPANY, SILVERSMITHS.

Factory and Main Office,

NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS.



New York Office,



-ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO FACTORY.----

Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.

The pattern is in outline derived from the Oval Thread. The Ivanhoe and Kenilworth reflect the good demand two decades ago for medallion work.

The Kenilworth is a refinement of the French Thread, the upper part being short and abrupt bodied. The pattern has a beaded effect down the stem, while its main decorative feature is the girl's head in relief, within a hood at the tip.

The only pattern cut by M. Morgan was the Cupid here illustrated. It follows no recognized model in outline. In decoration it is highly ornamental, the cupid from which the pattern derives its name, being quite a fine specimen in die work.

In the enumeration and description in the last instalment of this series of the

#### patterns of John Polhemus, those known as Medallion and Penn were omitted. The Medallion is illustrated on page 19. It is a highly artistic pattern, being a variation of the French Thread as to outline. The Medallion enclosed in the panel at the head of the spoon is a fine piece of work.

The Penn is a rounded, thickened and narrow version of the Antique pattern, and had a large sale for many years.

#### (Series to be continued.)

In the Pennsylvania House of Representatives, last week a bill was passed providing for the incorporation of companies for the manufacture of silver plated ware, jewelry, works of ornament and art pictures.

#### Capture of the Men Who Robbed Constantin Lucius' Store.

A clever capture was made by the New York police, Wednesday, when two men, believed to have been the thieves who, on March 23d, stole \$6,000 worth of diamonds from the jewelry store of Constantin Lucius, 481 Sixth Ave., were taken into custody.

The robbery was reported in THE CIRCULAR of March 27. While Mr. Lucius was at his lunch, a man drove up to his jewelry store and beckoned to Clerk Frederich to come out. 'The man in the wagon detained Frederich in conversation for a few minutes, asking him to repair a gold watch. The clerk had examined the article, and was about to return to the



FERD. FUCHS & BROS. SILVERSMITHS. MAKERS OF STERLING SILVERWARE, 808-810 Greenwich St., . New York.



NEWBURYPORT. MASS.

149=151 State St., Chicago, Ill.

store, when the owner snatched the watch out of Frederich's hands and drove off. When the clerk reached the store he found the show window had been robbed of diamond jewelry to the amount of 6,000.

The detectives who were placed on the case obtained a description of the man in the wagon, and it tallied with that of one of two strangers who had been loitering about saloons in the neighborhood of the jewelry store. The detectives recognized the men Wednesday, in Broadway, and arrested them in Union Square. Clerk Frederich and William Burns, a neighbor, identified Saunders as the man who drove up in the wagon. The prisoners have been held for the Grand Jury and the police hope to recover the stolen jewelry.

#### Developments in the Four Chicago Failures.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 3.—On the 26th ult. the Chicago Title & Trust Co., assignee for Schauweker & Chalmers Co., asked court permission to commence suit against the Chicago Watch Co. for \$27,774.60, being the amount due Schauweker & Chalmers Co. from the latter concern. The assignee express the opinion that the recovery of a part of this amount is among the possibilities.

In the filed inventory of the Schauweker & Chalmers Co. the following items appear :

Stock\$33,254.10	
Cash on hand 387.44	
Bank deposits 1,934.81	
Fixtures	
Goods delivered to Express	
Co.'s C. O. D 221.91	
Acct's receivable (face value), 35,249.27	
Bills " " 11,662.73	

A dividend of 50 per cent. is considered probable by the creditors. The responsibility of Mr. Glatz is a matter for future development. No schedule of liabilities has yet been filed in court.

#### Interesting Decision in the Case against the O'Bear Jewelry Co.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 3 --- Justice Mc-Clellan's opinion, read last week, in the case of the O'Bear Jewelry Co. vs. S. Valfer & Co. et al., on appeal from the Birmingham City Court, is considered most important in commercial corporation law, all the Justices concurring. The theory upon which the bill sought relief was that the assets of the O'Bear jewelry corporation constituted a trust fund or estate that the corporation was the trustee thereof, and the complainants and other creditors were the cestui que trust or beneficiaries thereof, and that the Chancery Court, by virtue of its jurisdiction or trust estate, would take charge of and administer the fund and divide it ratably among those entitled.

The bill was demurred to on the ground, among others of its multifariousness. The court held, reversing and rendering the judgment of the lower court, that the property of an insolvent corporation was not a trust fund or estate accurately speaking, or in any sense other than that where the Chancery Court takes possession and control of such property upon such general principle of equity jurisdiction, wholly independent of any idea that the property constitutes a trust fund, and sustained the demurrer.

#### Proceedings of the Jewelers' League.

The regular monthly meeting of the executive committee of the Jewelers' League, was held May 3d. There were present: President Hayes, vice-presidents Greason, Bowden and Bardel, chairman Van Deventer, Mr. Beacham, and L. Stevens, Jr., secretary. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. Five requests for change of beneficiary were received and granted and the following applicants were admitted to membership:

Sec. A. S. L. Bauman, St. Louis, Mo., recommended by M. Bauman and H. A. Barmeier; L. Bauman, St. Louis, Mo., recommended by M. Bauman and H. A. Barmeier; R. A. Smith, Charleston, S. C., recommended by E. F. McCally and J. Allan; R. Robinson, Providence, R. I., recommended by F. T. Pearce and W. C. Perkins; N. Leist, New Albany, Ind., recommended by J. M. Riester and C. H. Higbee; F. T, Oertel, West New Brighton, S. I., recommended by H. Hayes and L. Stevens, Jr.; H. B. Lord, Jacksonville, Fla., recommended by J. Goldsmith.

Sec. B. Geo. Philips, Scranton, Pa., recommended by C. H. Higbee; and A. D. Jacot, Stapleton, S. I., recommended by A. H. Jacot and D. Robinson.

#### \$62,000 for a Pearl Necklace.

THE pearl necklace of the late Duchess of Montrose, which was sold at auction the other day for the benefit of the poor of London for \$62,000, is said to be almost unrivaled. It is composed of seven rows containing 362 finely graduated pearls, with a diamond tablet snap. The pearls had been collected with the utmost care, so that the like of such a necklace, for size, color and faultless matching, can hardly be found. Experts have declared that only three necklaces exist which can be compared for the splendors of symmetry and dimensions with these seven rows. Two of those three necklaces belong to queens. The third is the property of a wealthy family. The Duchess of Montrose's necklace was knocked down at auction amid an excited crowd of would-be buyers.

C. G. Braxmar is nowlocated at 10 Maiden Lane, New York, in much more convenient quarters. His shop room in the new location is also increased. Mr. Braxmar's name is second to none in this country as a manufacturer of fine badges and medals and whenever anything specially fine is desired committees almost invariably award the palm and the order to him. Than Mr. Braxmar, few men have more friends. He extends to all a cordial invitation to call.

#### Connecticut.

F. D. Monell has opened a repair shop in Watertown.

J. B. Keene contemplates selling out his jewelry business in Ansonia and going into business in New Haven.

F. H. Brown, jeweler, Meriden, has taken the agency for Meriden, of Dempsey & Carroll, the New York engravers and stationers.

Salesman Frank W. Thompson, of the Meriden Britannia Co., will soon erect a handsome home for himself in Meriden, on Wilcox Ave.

The new members who have succeeded by purchase to the property of the Craighead Mfg. Co., Shelton, have chosen for the concern the name Craighead & Haas.

Kellogg & Bates, New Canaan, have made an assignment to Frank A. Dickerman. The firm have been in business in New Canaan for the last three years.

The Hartford Optical Co., W. T. Stever, manager, have removed their stock from Asylum St., Hartford, to the central and more convenient location, 4 State St.

W. H. Saxton has engaged with F. H. Brown, Meriden. Mr. Saxton was former y a New London jeweler, and his father was for many years a leading jeweler there.

#### Pittsburgh.

Will Terheyden has returned from a visit to friends in Baltimore.

W. W. Wattles is absent on a trip to Reading, Gettysburg and vicinity

Otto Heeren went on Friday to Louisville, and will visit surrounding towns on business.

M. Bonn & Co. enter this week on a Spring renovation tour through their spacious storerooms.

J. Harvey Wattles will sail in June on his seventh annual trip to Europe He will be accompanied by his wife and his sister, Miss Julia Wattles.

Visiting jewelers last week were: Robt. Little, Cumberland, Md; C. Scharback, Chicora, Pa.; E. H. Kennerdell, Tarentum; B. Neville, Dawson; Wm. Hunt, Uniontown, and R. L. Kirkpatrick, Butler.

J. Arnheim & Son, of Allegheny, failed last week. An execution for \$3,030 by Mrs. R. Arnheim was levied. Among firms interested in the failure are I. Ollendorf, Grafner Bros, and Kingsbacher Bros.





**J**OSEPH J. CRAW-FORD, one of G. B. Barrett & Co.'s duo of genial travelers, was born in Pittsburgh, Pa., in 1858, and received his early education in the public schools. Having a decided taste for the jewelry busi-

ness, he secured a position in the employ of Hodge, Goddard & Co., Pittsburgh. and rapidly received promotion, finally reaching the supreme height of traveler. He was



with this firm for 15 years; thence he went to Cleveland, in acknowledg ement of a flattering offer from Sigler Bros., for whom he traveled 10 years. In July of 1894, Mr. Crawford returned to Pitts-

JOSEPH J. CRAWFORD.

burgh to represent G. B. Barrett & Co. With his wife and daughter, Mr. Crawford resides in Allegheny City, living, as he says, "an uneventful life, with no regrets, and everything to be thankful for."

Salesmen who called on Scranton, Pa., trade the past week were: Mr. Marsh, C. A. Marsh & Co.; Louis Wolfsheim; Mr. Oppenheimer, Henry E. Oppenheimer & Co.; Mr. Stearns, Roy Watch Case Co.; Moses Rubenstein; and Mr. Dudley, Rogers, Smith & Co.

Traveling representatives in Indianapolis

last week included: W. A. Copeland, Martin, Copeland & Co.; M. E. O'Donald, Courvoisier-Wilcox Mfg. Co.; W. P. Hanford, Roseman & Levy; Mr. Meyer, L. E. Meyer; A. Goldsmith, Adolph Goldsmith & Son; Millard Veit, Marx, Veit & Co.; Louis Bernheimer, Bernheimer, Cohen & Beer.

The following traveling salesmen passed through Detroit last week : Mr. Battey, Waite, Mathewson & Co; D. D. Chandler, for B. Grieshaber; Mr. Benson, for Frank La Pierre; Mr. Granbery, Reeves & Sillcocks; Max Arnstein, Arnstein Bros. & Co; Tom J. Huteson, Spencer Optical Mfg. Co.; Mr. Cuppia, Ludwig, Redlich & Co.; S. W. Abbey, E. Ira Richards & Co.; Mr. Tennant, the Tennant Co.; Mr. Alexander, for Frank W. Smith; L. Harry Wilcox, Wilcox & Evertsen; Charles E. Rogers, Haves Bros.; Robert M. Wilcox, Rogers, Smith & Co.; Mr. Ware, Arthur W. Ware & Co.; Mr. Davison, Harrison Bros. & Howson; Charles E. Dorr, Gorham Mfg. Co., and a representative of E. I. Franklin & Co.

Among the seekers after orders in Syracuse, N.Y., the past week were: Sam Wolff; Thomas J. Taylor; F. H. Dana, G. E. Luther & Co.; J. Bernstein; J. A. Palmer, Palmer & Peckham; Charles Armsheimer; Chas. F. Robinson, Link, Angell & Weiss; Frank A. Averbeck, Averbeck & Averbeck; Fred. Clarkson, Snow & Westcott; S. C. Corbin, Waterbury Clock Co.; Mr. Kenrick, Reed & Barton; Mr. Meyer, Keller & Untemeyer Mfg. Co.; Fred Spencer, Silver Metal Mfg. Co.; Mr. Huestis, Hutchison & Huestis; Mr. Noyes, Ehrlich & Sinnock; Mr. Lockwood, the James W. Gibson Co.; W. S. Campbell, Day, Clark & Co.; Edward M. Ross, Haviland & Co.; L. E. Waterman, Jr., L. E. Waterman Co.; Mr. Miller, Shoemaker, Pickering & Co.; Mr. Ely, Derby Silver Co.

Travelers in Pittsburgh, Pa., last week were: Mr. Alexander, for Frank W. Smith; Jas. A. Cheney, Ludwig Nissen & Co.; C. W. Cary, J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co.; A. J. Parker, Osmun-Parker Mfg. Co.; Gus W. Strandberg, E. L. Spencer & Co.; Matthias Stratton, Jr., John W. Reddall & Co.; A. W. Atwater, Brooklyn Watch Case Co.; J. Williams, for G. Armeny; J. E. Simonson, A. J. Hedges & Co.; C. A. Boynton, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.; L. H. Smith, Bippart & Co.; C. J. Suplee, Belknap, Johnson & Powell; Geo. S. Pollitz, Rice & Hochster; Thos. E. Rogers, Hayes Bros.; H. A. Bliss, Krementz & Co.; D. Skutch, Waterbury Clock Co.; A. D. Engelsman, Goodfriend Bros.; Wm. Matschke, Kuhn, Doerflinger & Co.

Harry F. Hayes, traveling man for E. B. Floyd & Co., Boston, Mass., was one of the speakers at the banquet of the Imperial Club, an association of drummers in all lines of trade in New England, which took place May 3d, in Skowhegan, Me. On the 4th, the members were the guests of Mr. Hayes, who is an ex-president of the club, on a trip to Lake George.

Travelers visiting the Boston trade the past week included : Oliver Bliss, J. T. Inman & Co.; C. A. Marsh; J. M. Fisher; Nate Swift, George K. Webster & Co.; Harry Barrows; Mr. Cluley, Waite, Mathewson & Co.; E. L. Spencer; Eugene H. Cox, Sussfeld, Lorsch & Co.; H. W. Dunham, Meriden Silver Plate Co.; Mr. Metcalf, Plainville Stock Co.; E. W. Martin; Richard Supple, for W. B. Durgin; Herbert Barker, John W. Reddall & Co.; F. I. Marcy; Fred. H. Miller, Shoemaker, Pickering & Co.; C. E. Hancock; Mr. Bleecker, Bassett Jewelry Co.; Ed. Ackley, Eckfeldt, Ackley & Woodland; C. H. Barney, Middletown Plate Co.; T. B. Wilcox, Jr., Pairpoint Mfg. Co.; J. D. Pettengill, Derby Silver Co.; George Reed, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.; Otto Wolf, Alling & Co.; H. Driscoll, Bippart & Co; W. J. Miller, Seth Thomas Clock Co.; Mr. Somes, S. O. Bignev & Co.

The travelers in Kansas City, Mo., the past week were: Andrew B. Dean, Howard Sterling Co.; Herbert W. Van Houten, for C. Sidney Smith; S. A. Goldsmith, Adolph Goldsmith & Son; E. A. Reed, Reed & Barton; De Lancey Stone, Shafer & Douglas; W. P. Hammatt, Whiting Mig. Co.



It is our intention to put on the market about July 1st, 1895, two more grades of the "400," which will be listed at \$12.00 and \$9.00 and will be sold without Cases by this Company.

HAMPDEN WATCH CO., CANTON, OHIO.

C. F. Manning is a new jeweler in Rixford, Pa.

George Peters will open a jewelry store in Rockport, Mo.

J. E. Perry, has bought out George N. Engert, Milford, O.

A. Davison, Portage, Wis., has been succeeded by G. E. Jones.

C. M. Coffln opened a new store last Saturday in Haverhill, Mass.

Charles Rogers has opened a jewelry business in Mansfield, Pa.

W. E. Mount, jeweler, has opened a branch jewelry store in Orestes, Ind.

M. S. Pershall, Jamestown, N. Y., has opened his new store at 105 Main St.

John G. Davis, Franklin Falls, N. H., has moved to the new Thompson block.

C. H. Van Sickle has removed his business from Crescent City, Fla., to Sanford, Fla.

Fred. A. Smith, formerly at Derry Depot, N. H., has opened a new store in Arlington, Mass.

H. N. Sweeting has opened a jewelry and watch repairing establishment in Tallahassee, Fla.

Fire in Berlin, Wis., April 27, destroyed a business block partly occupied by M. Clark, jeweler.

S. W. Gray, Fort Dodge, Ia., has sold his stock of jewelry and optical goods to W. E. Haviland for \$500.

R. H. Commander, jeweler and farmer, Elizabeth City, N. C., has sold his jewelry interests to Hathaway Bros.

Geo. E. Wheelhouse, Utica, N. Y., has removed from 90 Genesee St. to the Day building, corner of Bleecker and Charlotte Sts.

T. M. Bolton, Fulton, Mo., has been closed by a bank. The business was started in 1886 and Bolton carried a stock of \$20,000. R. N. Allison, Mercer, Pa., who recently sold his jewelry business to Samuel Logan, has purchased the stock of the late James George, Jamestown, Pa.

The stock of A. B. Van Cott, Madison, Wis., has been bid in by Mrs. Frances Shoyer, of Chicago, daughter of M. Van Cott, at 25 cents on the dollar.

T. B. Randolph, jeweler, Cadiz, Ky., has made an assignment to J. D. Shaw, for the benefit of his creditors. The assets and liabilities will amount to about \$3,000 each.

A steam yacht belonging to Thomas H. Cole, jeweler, East Albany, N. Y., was recently burned to the water's edge. The boat was valued at \$900 and the loss was total; partly insured.

April 27 Sheriff Bowden took charge of jewelry goods of Z. T. Miles, in store No. I, Everett block, Jacksonville, Fla., and moved them to the sheriff's office. The warrant was for \$90 rent.

Three tramps entered the store of S. S. Smith, Treverton, Pa., and robbed it of \$100 worth of jewelry, April 29. They were discovered, but drew revolvers on their pursuers and escaped.

W. E. Doty, Boise City, Idaho, has retired from the jewelry business and will devote his time to his other interests. Mr. Doty is city clerk and operates three stage lines running out of Boise City.

For smashing the plate-glass window of Geary & Weale's jewelry store, 117 E. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md., and stealing 11 watches, John Pomotzski was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

C. O. Bierderman, Bridgewater, N. Y., has left for Camden, where he is to conduct a jewelry store. George Tripp has purchased Mr. Bierderman's stock and will continue the business in the former place.

The jewelry store of W. C. Maus, Holidaysburg, Pa., was closed by the sheriff April 25, executions having been issued by Mrs. A. E. Thompson against W. C. Maus and Susan Maus for the sum of \$525, and by Thomas W. Thomson against W. C. Maus and Susan Maus for the sum of \$514.96.

The J. Merrill Company, of Anaconda, Mon., have incorporated to do a retail jewelry business. The capital stock is \$12,500 in single shares of \$100, and the promotors are John Merrill, Robt. M. Creig and Geo. B. Winston.

A small fire occurred recently at the store of W. E. Avery, Columbia, S. C. While lighting gas in a show window the curtain caught fire and in that way the inflamable hairpins and other trinkets in the window were burned. The loss, estimated at about \$150, was covered by insurance.

Burglars very nearly got into the jewelry store of D. Fletcher, 824 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y., at 3 o'clock on the morning of May 1. They had pried open a back window and were about to pull themselves in when something slipped and awoke Mr. Fletcher. He hurried down stairs and the men ran away.

M. Friedlander, doing a jeweler's and pawnbroker's business, 347 Main St., Memphis, Tenn., has made a partial assignment naming K. Hexter as trustee to wind up the business. The assignment was made to cover \$1,400 of liabilities to the following creditors: Julius Felsenthal, \$1,000; Sam Friedlander, \$400.

Joseph Wenning, the surviving partner of the firm of J. & L. Wenning, Knoxville, Tenn., has executed a deed of trust on his stock of goods to secure home creditors, all of whom seem to be related to him, in the sum of \$2,300. The deed of trust is executed to B. W. Akers, who conducts a repairing department in Wenning's jewelry store.

Separation papers have been drawn up for Morgan A. and Emma J. Ruger, his wife, Elmira, N. Y. The former some months ago failed, assigning his property to her. He has for years conducted an extensive jewelry business on Water St. at the foot of Baldwin St. Mr. and Mrs. Ruger have been married five years. Their one child, Percy, is given into the custody of the mother.

GEMS IN IVORY MINIATURES







MOUNTED IN GOLD, WITH OR WITHOUT JEWELS.

JOHN A. RILEY & SLOAN CO., 860 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. J. C. Vickers has opened a jewelry store in Phelps, Ia.

Charles Apple has opened his new store in Indiana, Pa.

Burt D. Pope, Tilton, N. H., has sold out to John D. Davis.

T. H. B. Lemley & Son, Ravenswood, W. Va., have assigned.

Buell & Knight, Nashville, Mich., have dissolved partnership.

N. S. Finley, Knoxville, Tenn., is running a closing out sale.

A suit of \$330 has been entered against Rose Bros., Bay City, Mich.

Studder & Harborn, Albany, Tex., are advertising their stock for sale.

Present & Flaxman, Geneva, N. Y., have dissolved partnership, David Present continuing the business.

Ranger & Thompson, Brattleboro, Vt., have dissolved. Henry H. Thompson will continue the business.

#### Philadelphia.

Silas D. Shumo and his family have returned from an enjoyable visit to Florida.

Albert G. Smith has joined the Consolidated Silver Plate Co., 630 Arch St., as salesman.

George W. Scherr and Thomas Moore have each resumed business after severe spells of illness.

Jacob Muhr has acquired the entire remaining stock of the firm of H. Muhr's Sons and is rapidly selling it out.

James D. Hughes, of L. A. Scherr & Co., who is on a business trip south, writes to his house that business is improving in that section of the country.

The following trade representatives were in Philadelphia last week: A. W. Atwater, Brooklyn Watch Case Co.; J. C. Hudson, H. F. Barrows & Co.; Chas. Willemin, Thos. J. Frothingham & Co.; Jean Kingman, Arnold & Steere; and A. M. Leibman, E. P. Reichhelm & Co.

Among buyers in town the past week were: Joseph Ladomus, Chester, Pa.; Howard Fitzsimmons, West Chester, Pa.; H. Stratton, Mt. Holly, N. J.; J. Tyson Ogden and R. E. Porter, Woodbury, N. J.; B. C. Foster, Bristol, Pa.; C. F. Rudolph, Wilmington, Del.; and M. M. Bovard, Manayunk, Pa.

George Hollan, 1617 E. Juniata St., Nicetown, has been placed under \$1,600 bail by Magistrate Donnelly for collecting money under false pretenses and for conducting a lottery. The men who appeared against Hollan were John McCann and James McMahon, who testified that Hollan had conducted a Novelty Club, into which they each paid \$1 a week for a period of 35 weeks, expecting to draw within 60 weeks a watch or some other article valued at \$50 each. They have so far failed to draw a prize, and Hollan refuses to return their money.

Henry Myers was placed under arrest in Woodbury, N. J., last week, on a charge of obtaining a gold watch and chain under false pretenses, from jeweler Richard Porter. Myers, it is alleged, bought a watch for his own use from Porter some time ago, and afterwards he visited the jewelry store and asked for a lady's watch, saying that his employer, Joseph Coombs, would take out of his salary each week a certain amount until the timepiece was pald for. On these conditions he secured the watch, and, shortly afterwards, left the employ of Mr. Coombs, who then denied making any such agreement with Myers. The charge was preferred by Mr. Porter.

#### Getting Goods at Less Than Regular Price.

T is amusing to learn to what lengths dealers with large stores will go in order to obtain goods from travelers at less than regular prices. Coming out of a busy jewelry store in Cincinnati, a young man ran up to the writer saying :

"Did you sell anything in there?" Being answered in the negative, he replied :

"You don't want to, I have been there all the morning; one piece of a kind was selected and they wanted me to give them a jobbing discount."

A traveler representing an old Cincinnati jewelry firm called at a large store in a neighboring city; from his stock was selected about \$125 worth of goods, upon billing which a demand was made for the cash discount, six per cent. The dealer said: "The goods are worth just \$100 to me; if you won't take it, you may put the stuff back in your trunk." And thus the traveler lost his time and temper, and the dealer sacrificed his dignity for a few dollars.

Frank Hammond, jeweler, Buffalo, N. Y., has bought Sheenwater, on Grand Island, for \$25,000.

#### Trade Gossip.

A standard line of gold, silver and roll plate chains and jewelry, gold and silver bead necks and bracelets and chain trimmings is that constantly carried by Wm. Smith & Co., 5 Maiden Lane, New York.

The mainsprings offered in last week's CIRCULAR at "\$7.54" per dozen by Joseph B. Bechtel, 719 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa., brought Mr. Bechtel many inquiries, but no orders. The prices should have been 75 cents, and the springs are said to be excellent.

An excellent opportunity to obtain a celebrated Bliss chronometer is offered to jewelers by John Bliss & Co., 128 Front St., New York. In order to give watchmakers a chance of judging of these chronometers, the firm will, on receipt of satisfactory references and \$10, send any instrument, not new, on hire for two months, at the end of which time it may be returned. If purchased and paid for, a discount of 10 per cent. for cash will be allowed from the full price, and the hire paid may apply as part payment. To those who do not wish to pay cash, John Bliss & Co. are making other but equally strong inducements.

The Stationer's Engraving Co., 98 to 102 Nassau St., New York, make a specially liberal offer on another page. They will do exactly as they say. Send them an order for a plate (it may be your own name or that of a customer whose order you may have), and 50 cards and you will receive them without one cent of expense to yourself. The idea is to bring their work to your notice. It is expensive to the company, but has proved a most effective method of advertising. You need have no hesitation in availing yourself of their offer. It is bonafide. Their business is the most extensive engraving establishment of its kind in the country, its particular specialty being wedding invitations, visiting cards, monograms, and address dies.

WHEN FRAUDULENT PREFERENCE OPERATES AS A GENERAL ASSIGNMENT.

Where a debtor, while in a condition of hopeless insolvency, brought on by a course of systematic fraud practiced with the intention of failing in business, assigns to a creditor a claim on a solvent customer, the transaction operates as an assignment of all the debtor's property for the benefit of all the creditors.

Ouebacker v. H. B. Claffin Co. (Ct. App., Ky).

**OPPENHEIMER BROS. & VEITH,** 

Beg to announce that they are now located in their new quarters in the Prescott Building, cor. Nassau and John Sts., New York.

CUTTERS AND IMPORTERS OF

WATCHES.

### CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Advertisements are entitled to one insertion under proper heading. Extra insertions, \$6.00 per annum. Extra Headings, \$12.00 per annum.

Ant Dattern Bries has The	Page.	Show Cases.	
Art Pottery, Bric-a-brac, Etc.	Fine Stationery.		
Glaenzer, Léon J. & Co., 80 & 82 Chambers St., N. Y 17	Parsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St., N. Y 2	Melishek & Petter, 128 Maiden Lane, N. Y 2	
Assayers & Refiners.	Gold Jewelry.	Silver Plated Ware.	
Goldsmith Bros., 63 & 65 Washington St., Chicago, Ill	Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane	King, Hugh E., 908 Masonic Temple, Chicago.         Ill	
R. I	Gold and Rolled Plate Jewelry.	Sterling Silver Novelties.	
Auctioneers.	Griffith, R. L. & Co, Providence, R. 1 30 Waite, Thresher Co., Providence, R. I 5	Codding Bros. & Heilborn, North Attleboro Mass	
Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y	Horological Schools.		
Mass	Parson's School for Watchmakers, Peoria, Ill. 30	Sterling Silverware. Dominick & Haff, Union Square, N. Y 20	
Badges, Medals, Etc.	Ivory Miniatures.	Fradley, J. F., & Co 114 E. 14th St 4 Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 868-810 Greenwich St.,	
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y 33	Riley, Jno. A. & Sloan Co., 860 Broadway, N. Y	N. Y 21 Knowles, J. B. & S. M. Co., Silversmiths'	
Book Marks, Sterling Silver and Gold		Hall, Union Square, N. Y.20Re d & Barton, Taunton, Mass.21	
Stone Bros., 535 Broadway, N. Y 36	Jobbers, Watches, Diamonds, Etc. Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., 19 Maiden Lane -34-40	Shiebler, Geo. W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N. Y. 18 Towle Mfg. Co., Newburyport, Mass 21	
Chronometers, Marine.	Crossman, Chas. S., & Co., 3 Maiden Lane, N. Y	Whiting, F. M., Co., North Attleboro, Mass. 20 Wood & Hughes, 16 John St., N. Y 21	
Bliss, John & Co., 129 Front St., N. Y 33	Lapp & Flersheni, 92 98 State St., Chicago 29 Myers, S. F. & Co., 48 Maiden Lane, N. Y 40	Tool Manufacturers and Dealers.	
Clocks, French, English and American.	Marial D	American Watch Tool Co., Weltham, Mass 34	
Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St., N.Y	Musical Boxes.         Jacot & Son, 39 Union Square, N. Y	Moseley & Co., Elgin, 111	
Cut Glass	Optical Goods.	Tortoise Shell Goods.	
Cut Glass. Clark, T. B. & Co., 860 Broadway, N. Y 3	Geneva Optical Co., Chicago, Ills 29 Kirstein's, E., Sons Co , Rochester, N. Y 4	Provenzano, J. N., 39 Union Square, N. Y 5 Rice & Hochster, 415 Broadway, N. Y 33	
Develine Whistles.	Optical Schools.	Trunks and Traveling Bags.	
Mossberg Wrench Co., Attleboro, Mass 39	Chicago Ophthalmic College 29 Knowles, Dr., 4 Maiden Lane, N. Y 5	Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y 2	
Diamond & Precious Stone Importers.			
Disselkoen, John N., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N.Y 7 Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. L., N.Y 40	Paneled Metal Ceilings.	Visiting Cards.	
<ul> <li>Falkenau, Oppenheimer &amp; Co., 40 M. L., N.Y 40</li> <li>Hedges, Wm. S. &amp; Co., 170 Broadway, N. Y 6</li> <li>Kahn, L. &amp; M. &amp; Co., 172 Broadway, N. Y 40</li> </ul>	Northrop, A. & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa 34	The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassau         St., N. Y         9	
Kipling, R. A., Hays Bldg., N. Y	Pens, Pencils, etc. Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane, N.Y. 34-40	Watch Case Manufacturers.	
N. Y	Mable, Todd & Bard, New York	Dueber Hampden Co., Canton, O 2-23 Fahys, Jos., & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N.Y. 4	
Diamond Cutters.	Printing, Engraving, &c.	Illinois Watch Case Co., Elgin. Ill	
Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, 35 Maiden Lane,	Blanchard, Isaac H , 123-125 West Broadway, N. Y	Watch Importers.	
N. Y 25 Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane 7		-	
Dies, Molds, &c.	Ring Makers.	Hyde's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y 40 Loveland, R. A., 177 Broadway, N. Y 2	
Sheffler, Eugene, 207 Centre St., N. Y 32	Bowden, J. B. & Co., 192 Broadway, N. Y 6 Bryant, M. B., & Co., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 34	Mathey Bios., Mathez & Co., 21 and 23 Maiden Lane, N.Y 36	
Ebony Goods.	Safes.	Watch Keys.	
Deitsch Bros., 7 E. 17th St., N. Y 2	Mosler, Bahmann & Co., 518 B'way, N. Y 34	Clark, A. N., Plainville. Conn 40	
Enamelers.	Sample Trunks.		
Wild. S. S. & Son, 179 Eddy St., Providence, R. l	Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y 2	Watch Manufacturers. American Waltham Watch Co., Waltham,	
Engriving School.	Scales.	Mass	

Kohlbusch, Herman, Sr., 59 Nassau St., N. Y. 6

Illinois Watch Co., Springfield, Ill..... 12

Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Chicago.... 29

**2**6

### Special Notices.

Rates 75c. per Insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines(25 words); additional words 2 cents each. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per cent off; four insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertion, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. It answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

#### Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. If answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

FIRST-CLASS watchmaker and salesman seeks position; AI references; own tools, etc. Address Horologist, 99 Clinton Place, New York.

SITUATION WANTED by young man, as watchmaker and engraver, with steady habits and best of references. Address A. C. Decker, Owego, N. Y.

SITUATION WANTED by young Swede as a first-class watchmaker and clock repairer; speaks English; own tools. Address A. J., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

SITUATION WANTED by watchmaker, clock and jewelry repairer; single man; have tools and lathet to years' experience. Address 519 North St, Sidney, O.

TRAVELER, with many years' connection in the south and west, is open for a position; can give unexceptionable references. Address Y., care JEWEL-ERS' CIRCULAT.

 $\overline{Y}$  OUNG MAN 19, with experience, desires position in office of manufacturer or wholesale house; best of references furnished. Address S., care JEWEL-ERS' CIRCULAR.

BY YOUNG MAN, 23, a position as salesman in wholesale or retail store; can do bench work; complete set of tools; A1 references. Address Box 173, Montgomery, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 25, wants situation; used to gold and silver novelties; good jobber; can do a little in setting; good references. Address J. H. W., 126 Somerset St., Newark, N. J.

POSITION DESIRED by a young man, 20 years of age, as clerk in retail jewelry store, or as traveling salesman; six years' experience. Address W. E. B., Box 243, Long Branch, N. J.

Y OUNG MAN acquainted with the trade in New England desires a position with jobber or manu facturer; seven years' experience; good references. B. H., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

TRAVELING or office young man desires position: ten years' experience. four on the road: good appearance: can command trade; highest reference. H. E. R., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

SITUATION wanted by first-class watchmaker and engraver; have a fine set of tools including test case; AI repairer and salesman. Address Jeweler, care L. Bauman Jewelry Co., St. Louis, Mo.

POSITIO<sup>N</sup> WANTED by diamond setter and jeweler; first-class workman; can do all kinds of repairing; New York city references. Address L. Weissenberg, 546 E. Fifth St., New York.

A JEWELRY FOREMAN and first-class designer on diamond and general jewelry, capable of taking entire charge of factory, wants a position. Address A. Smith, care E. P. Reicl him & Co., 80 Nassau St., New York City.

WANTED -- Position as salesman for city and nearby trade, or in stock, by an energetic, hardworking traveling man, with best of records and recommendation; 30 years of age; conversant with all office and selling work. B., care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR. SALESMAN, experienced traveler with good trade for clock manufacturer in Kentucky, Tennessee and south wants another good line to represent and share equal expenses; highest references. Address C., P. O. Box 1904, Lexington, Ky.

A FIRST-CLASS REPAIRER of repeating chronographs and other fine watches, would like a place as soon as possible. His own bench can be used if needed, with an excellent equipment of tools; wages may be determined agreeably to circumstances; unquestionable references. Address Reliable, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

#### Belp Wanted.

A TRAVELING SALESMAN for the Middle States only, to sell in connection with his present line, a first-class line of jewelry to retail jewelre seclusively. Address N. B., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED--Several good agents who handle the jewelry trade, to take as a side line, a line of the best selling silver plated hollowware and gold and silver plated novelties on the market Address, with references, L. P., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED.-A thoroughly competent, rapid watchmaker; one accustomed to taking in work; a graduate optician preferred; permanent position. Address immediately with references and photograph, if possible. Southwest Jeweler, Memphis, Tenn.

#### For Sale.

FOR SALE.—No. r Waltham lathe and set watchmaker's tools, nearly new, \$35. Wm. B. Harlow, Somers, Conn.

BY JEWELERS' TOOL WORKS, 508 Pearl St.. near Centre, New York City, one 14-inch screw cutting lathe, \$125; two pairs power rolls, wire and flat, \$65 and \$70; one pair old wire rolls, \$5; one screw press, \$12; two secondhand foot lathes, etc., etc.

TO THE MANUFACTURERS OF STEEL WATCH CASES—A Swiss manufacturer desires to sell the process of oxidizing steel watch cases, also that of enbossing, burnishing with fire gold and silver (very substantial) on steel and oxidized metals. Samples on application. Address bids to 0. 1457, I. Haasenstein and Vogler, Saint Imier, Switzerland.

#### Business Opportunities.

JEWELERS wishing to increase their revenues during the dull season, can do so at a small outlay by securing agency for our \$80 guaranteed high-grade bicycles. F. F. Ide Mfg. Co., Peoria, Ill.

PRACTICAL watchmaker, having established trade in the most prominent part of a city with a population of about 150,000, wishes a man of good address and A1 jeweler, diamond setter and engraver as partner; none but men of best references and character need apply; age not under 25; send photo and references; skill and character before capital. O. G., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE—A well established jewelry business in a city of 18.000 population; electric street cars and lights, water works, etc. surrounded by a fine farming country: large wholesale center; store is finely equipped with modern fixtures: located on principal street; bench work averages \$250 to \$300 per month, all the work two men can do; stock can be reduced to suit purchaser; good reasons for selling; for particulars, address W. D. Tusten & Co., Shreveport, La.

#### To Let.

TO RENT, from May 1st, to manufacturing jewelers or kindred trade, an office on the 4th floor of the Hays building. Apply to Roy Watch Case Co., 21-23 Maiden Lane, New York.

TO LET.—At 915 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, 5 beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators; suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china and glass importer. Apply on premises.

#### Miscellaneous

WANTED-Students at the Omaha, Neb., Watch Repairing, Engraving and Optical Institute. We aim to make a skilled and practical workman of every student who attends our school. Board and rooms can be had at reasonable prices. Write for prospectus.

A DVERTISER wishes to invest some brains and \$2,000 in a manufacturing, importing or jobbing business where honest goods only are handled; unexceptional reference given and required, and business must stand strictest investigation; communications confidential. Honest, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

TO LET. DESK ROOM in one of the lightest and best offices in the Diamond Exchange. Cheap rent.

Enquire Room 71.



A Jewelry business in a Seaside city with 16.000 inhabitants. Stock and fixtures cost \$5.000. Has a good summer trade. Will be sold to the right party for \$2.500 cash, if applied for at once. Addres, H. A. B. care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

### Wm. H. BALL & COMPANY,

Manufacturing Jewelers.

**15 JOHN STREET,** 

NEW YORK.

# TO LET.

Two fine large floors in factory building, St. Marks and Underhill avenues, Brooklyn. Solid floors. Light all around; power in abundance.

Fire proof vaults built in on each floor. Elevator, Stairs, Transmitting Room and Plumbing in separate extension.

Apply to

GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO., 179 Broadway, NEW YORK.



Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

#### VOL. XXX.

#### CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 1895.

No. 14

#### Chicago Notes.

A. E. Trask, Galesburg, Ill., was a visitor to the trade last week.

Manager Todd, Towle Mfg. Co., returned late in the week from the factory in Newburyport. Mass.

Francis R. Appleton, of Robbins & Appleton, passed through Chicago on his return from San Francisco to New York.

Manager S. C. Payson, Courvoisier-Wilcox Mfg.Co., is back from an extended southern trip including New York and Boston.

New signs reading 'Shourds, Adcock & Teufel" embellish the State St. and Randolph St. fronts of the Shourds & Kasper store.

Roovaart Bros., manufacturing jewelers, moved Thursday to large and light quarters at 169 Wabash Ave., where they will be found on top as usual.

Mr. and Mrs. Weidig, the first named the manager here for Jos. Fahys & Co., returned Tuesday week after a month's absence on a bridal journey.

The Chicago Chain Co. have incorporated with a capital stock of \$100,000. to manufacture jewelry; incorporators, Samuel L. Joseph, Emil F. Rosenthal, Harry Goodman.

F. M. Sprochnle says: "The indications point to further improvement and things look well. Our side line of bicycles has taken well and we are selling many to jewelers for their personal use."

R. Chester Frost & Co. have moved from 155 State St. to 167 Wabash Ave., where they occupy fine quarters. The change was necessitated by the purchasing of the leases in the former building by Huyler, the confectioner.

M. A. Mead says: "Everything is better than a year ago. We are doing better right along. Though April was not as good in proportion as other months, yet it showed a good percentage over last year. The future looks bright and there is every indication of a good Fall business."

"We hope to open up by the 15th," said Mr. Barnes, of Kasper & Barnes, who are fitting up their McVicker's Theatre store. The fixtures will be of oak and elegant throughout. A row of safes will take up the rear of the store with the bookkeepers' office on a raised floor above and private offices adjoining the battery of safes. Diamonds will have the place of honor in the front of the store and will form a department of leading interest.

Homan & Co. have taken a five years' lease of the entire fourth floor of 155 State St., increasing their space to more than double that formerly occupied by them. "Our lines are increasing rapidly," said manager Chas. J. Jacobs, "and we required more room. New samples are arriving almost every day, and the increase in business in recent years has been very large. Since I gave up the eastern territory I have been able to give the west closer attention, and what I may have lost in sales in the east, by reason of absence, I have more than made up in the west." In burnished fluted ware of a high class, the factory is making a large line that commends itself to the trade. Dainty pieces are shown in hexagonal wares in Napoleon style, an Empire pattern that is original with this factory. In candelabra and lamps the stock is especially rich and is expected by July 1 to be more than double in line carried last year. A very good Fall business is looked for, and the factory aims to be fully prepared. Improvements at the factory enable them to ship out large quantities of goods.

" All the watches were in good condition and the rating is exceptionally fine," remarked J. W. Forsinger in commenting on the showing made by watches on the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway, for which he is general inspector. "There were 351 examined, 290 compared weekly, an average of 28 days run for rated watches, and an average daily variation of but fourtenths of a second for rated watches. The inspectors, all of them excellent men, are: J. A. Droz, St. Louis, Mo.; J.G. Withington, Newburg, Mo.; Wm. Brazeale, Pacific, Mo.; Frank Clark, Springfield, Mo.; Chas. E. Van Voorhis, Monett, Mo.; C. S. Poole, Joplin, Mo.; L. M. Smith, Pittsburg, Kan.; E. D. Tanquary, Neodesha, Kan.; Henton & Bassett, Anthony, Kan.; H. W. Nunamaker, Ellsworth, Kan.; Klein & Fink, Fort Smith, Ark.; Noyes & Huber, Paris, Tex., and W. T. Danner, Burrton, Kan. The work shown was very thorough.'

#### Cincinnati.

Henry Hahn, of Henry Hahn & Co., is on the road.

C. J. F. Bene, of Bene, Lindenberg & Co., will sail for Europe May 23d on a three months' trip.

Many of the jobbers closed their places of business Saturday afternoon, among them being A. G. Schwab & Bro., O. E. Bell & Co., Frohman, Wise & Newman, Bene, Lindenberg & Co., and L. Gutman.

Jos. Gosling, of Jos. Noterman & Co., has returned from a six months' stav in the Rockies, where he went for his health last Fall. He is much improved and wears a full beard and broad sombrero. Jos. Noterman will now take his vacation and probably go to Europe.

H. C. Pfaffle, of O. E. Bell & Co., has returned from a southern trip and reports . business very dull. The new illustrated pamphlet of the flrm, called "Springers for Spring Trade," is being mailed to the trade and has attracted considerable notice to the Bell Watch Case Co.

Circulars from the Elgin and Waltham Companies reached here Wednesday last and created a little furore. The jobbers were expecting some sort of a change but did not dream of the continuation of the movements which had been good sellers. A great many of them have a good sized stock on hand.

Late last Tuesday afternoon, Oskamp, Nolting & Co. reported the theft of a fine watch charm from their store. A colored man had called during the afternoon and looked over the stock of charms, but left without buying. After he left the charm was missed. Notice was given, and detectives went to the pawnshops, soon turning up the missing trinket. The detectives got a description of the prisoner, and within an hour captured him. The prisoner gave his name as J. W. Wilkinson, of St. Louis, and has been here for several days, organizing the negroes on the levee into labor organizations, with the purpose of getting higher wages and working fewer hours. He also got a small trinket from Clemens Oskamp.

#### Detroit.

W. E. Cook, representative of W. E. Webster & Co., has recovered from a week's illness here, and is again on the road.

The following Michigan country jewelers were here last week : J. S. McGlaughlan, Wyandotte; S. A. Cleveiand, Utica; M. D. Walton, Armada, and G. W. Stevens, Port Huron.

J. C. Hough, of the Instalment Gold Watch Co., 101 Griswold St., reports to the police that one of the company's agents, John J. Erwin, has skipped out taking with him \$350 worth of the firm's diamonds and jewelry.

Edward Roehm, of Roehm & Son, has returned from a trip to eastern cities. He says that from a two weeks' observation of business conditions east, he thinks the jewelers of Detroit are holding their own in the volume of trade done.

Henry I. Adams, alias Day, the notorious diamond thief, was last week examined and bound over to the Recorder's court for trial. Bail was fixed at \$5,000, in default of which he was cast into jail. Adams is 60 years old and has lost his air of defiance.

H. W. Baxter, Birmingham, Mich., the jeweler who was recently arrested for fraudulently obtaining a money order, came before the grand jury, May 2. A point decided was as to the number of cents that may be accepted as legal tender. The postmaster of Birmingham refused to accept a handful which Baxter offered in payment for an order, and the latter grabbed the order and made off with it.

#### Indianapolis.

J. E. Reagan made a business trip to Chicago last week.

Richard Osborn, Brazil, Ind., has retired from the jewelry business.

Herbert J. Welsh has bought out jeweler Samuel W. Thompson, Remington, Ind. T. F. Cahill, Spencer, Ind., and L. L. Duret, Noblesville, Ind., were the buyers in town last week.

A. E. Sipe, Buffalo, N. Y., visited his brother, J. C. Sipe, last week. There are five brothers in the Sipe family, all jewelers.

The Columbian Jewelry Co. will remove their stock from room 18, Hubbard block, to another room in the same block. Louis Haas, proprietor, will probably retire from the jewelry business at an early date.

"T. W. Gardner has sold his business to his two sons, John and Edward Gardner, who will conduct a manufacturing and retail jewelry business under the firm name of Gardner Bros. at the old stand, 92 E. Market St. John Gardner is well known throughout the State having traveled for both Nichols, Pee & Co., and Heaton, Sims & Co. Edward has been raised in the jewelry business.

April 23d, S. T. Nichols, Emmett Pee and A. P. Craft sold the entire business and goodwill of the business of Nichols, Pee & Co., importers and jobbers of watchmakers'



63 & 65 WASHINGTON STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

----- "ESTIMATES GIVEN ON GOLD AND SILVER. IF NOT SATISFACTORY WE WILL RETURN SHIPMENT INTACT AND PAY ALL OHARGES."----

# Warning !

#### **TO THE TRADE :**

Swindlers are taking advantage of the remarkable resemblance between our GOLCONDA GEMS and genuine diamonds. We therefore caution all dealers to be on the lookout against such sharpers. Read the latest case :

From the New York Sun.

DIAMONDS AND GOLCONDA GEMS.

#### They Got Mixed Up, but Mr. Charig Discovered the Trick in Time.

covered the Trick in Time. A tall, well-dressed young man entered the jewelry store of Charig Brothers at 16 Fulton street yester-day morning, and, after introducing himself to Joseph Charig as a drummer, said that he had a quantity of Golconda gems which he would like to show him. Golconda gems are comparatively new on the market, and are remarkable for their resemblance to diamonds. Although Mr. Charig deals in nothing but genuine diamonds, and so informed his visitor, he expressed a willingness to look at the stones. Accordingly the stranger hauled out a leather case, and showed him a number of pairs of earrings. "Just get a pair of diamond earrings from your show case," said the man, "and compare them with these I ou will then be able to appreciate the gems better." Mr. Charig got out a pair of diamond earrings val-

better." Mr. Charig got out a pair of diamond earrings val-ued at \$400, and the stranger placed them beside his own wares. Then the man. after shuffling the jewels up a httle, handed a pair of earrings to Mr. Charig,

own wares. Then the main after shuftling the jewels saying: "Well, there's your earrings. Sorry I can't sell you anything. Good day." "Good day." said Mr. Charig, and the young man started to leave the store. He had just reached the door when Mr. Charig glanced at the earrings in his hand, and saw that, in-stead of the diamonds he had lent the stranger, they were a pair of the stranger's bogus gems. "Stop him! Stop him!" he yelled, tushing toward the door. Irving Charig, who was just coming in the door, instinctively grabbed the stranger as he was about to pass out and held him until his brother came up and explained things. "I assue you it's all a mistake," protested the man, as he put his hand in his pocket and taking out the diamonds handed them over to Mr. Charig. While a messen er went for a policeman Mr. Charig relaxed his grip for a moment, and the thief suddenly struck him a blow in the doce with his clenched fist. Then, wrenching him-elf free, he ran being office building. No attempt was made to pursue the man and there is apparently little chance of his being captured.

### The GOLCONDA GEM line is made solely by us. DO NOT BE DECEIVED BY THE CHEAPER SUBSTITUTES ON THE MARKET. Imitation is the sine cerest flattery. THERE IS ONLY ONE GOLCONDA GEM, and it is mounted by us in a full line of

Drops, Studs, Scarf Pins, Etc., In SOLID GOLD and

ROLLED PLATE.



**PROVIDENCE, R. I.** 

and jewelers' supplies, to S. T. Nichols & Co., the latter to assume all liabilities and collect all outstanding accounts. The new firm will remove their stock from 27 S. Meridian St., to the Hubbard block, corner of Washington and Meridian Sts. in the room now occupied by the Columbian Jewelry Co.

Robert Heaton will make his first trip this week as Indiana representative of Heaton, Sims & Co., covering John Gardner's old route.

#### Pacific Coast Notes.

A. K. Lee, jeweler, Prescott, Ariz., has opened a general store at Chaparal.

Bangle & Hanson, Tacoma, Wash., are advertising that they will discontinue business

J. D. Davidson, San Francisco, is in Ukiah Cal., seeking a location for a jewelrv store.

C. H. Canfield has opened a combined stationery, drug and jewelry store in Orange, Cal.

J. J. Wilson, who has been looking for a place to locate his business in northern California, has returned to Roseburg, Ore.

John Parker, Colusa, Cal., placed an open benzine bottle beside an alcohol lamp. The result was an explosion and small fire. No damage.

R. Kocher, San Jose, Cal., is building a fine residence. His son, J. A. Kocher, who will be married in June, is also building a \$6.000 home.

J. C. Travis, formerly with his father-inlaw, Frank E. Smith, San Jose, Cal., has left the jewelry business and will hereafter conduct a bicycle agency.

#### San Francisco.

Among the country jewelers who visited the city last week were: John Hood, Santa Rosa; L. Katz, Sutter Creek, and Chas. Haas, Stockton.

The retail jewelers of San Francisco have agreed to close their stores at 5.30 o'clock P. M. during the months of May, June and July. The wholesale houses will close at 2 o'clock P. M. during the Summer.

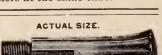
The detectives have arrested John Howard and Frank Bailone charged with six recent burglaries. The first crime traced



very best.

FOR WHICH WE COMPETE. "THE MOSELEY." "A Bread Winner" for the watchmaker We furnish you good lathes and chucks, while the other fellow furnishes the wind. One of the best of the

MOSELEY & CO., Elgin, Ill.



No. 2 Moseley Wire Chuck has length, strength, accuracy. See our 1895 Price List .

to these men is the looting of Henry Myers' jewelry store, 1339 Market St., on the night of April 6th. Several hundred dollars' worth of jewelry was secured, some of which has been recovered in local pawn shops.

#### Kansas City.

J. R. Gleason has recently returned from a short trip to his old home in Vermont.

The Hart Jewelry Co., formerly located in the new Ridge building, have bought out Geo. Adams, 9181/2 Main St. for \$1,200 and will move in the first of the week.

C. L. Merry, wholesale and manufacturing optician, successor to the Kansas City branch of the Julius King Optical Co., has just issued a pocket price list and catalogue, which will be appreciated by his western customers.

Among the country visitors in town the past week were: H. M. Turney, Goddard, Kan.; A. F. Zimmerman, Warrensburg, Mo.; H. C. Schultz, Hayes City, Kan.; H. W. W. Stockton, Junction City, Kan.; A. F. Wehrle, Denver Optical Co., Denver, Col.; Elmer Fry, Bellevue, Kan.

The retail jewelry store of Chas. H. Harsch, 18 E. 11th St., was closed last week under a chattel mortgage given to Metropolis National Bank, Christiana Harsch and Albert M. Harsch. Mr. Harsch's assets, which consist of his stock and real estate, are estimated at about \$12,000. Much of the real estate is in the form of equities. The liabilities are said to be \$8,000. Some real estate purchases entered into by Mr. Harsch during the boom period are said to have caused his embarrassment.

#### A Story of the Destruction of a 50-Karat Diamond.

NEWBURG, N. Y., May 2 .- A 50-karat diamond was burned in the furnace at the Newburg Paint Works, Tuesday. It had been put through the furnace that is heated to about 1,000 degrees. When discovered it was in pieces and filled with flaws from the intense heat. The largest piece was about the size of a hazel nut and so badly split that it is only valuable for chips.

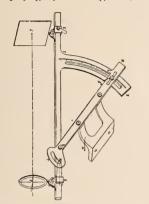
The stone originally was as large as a walnut. Shipments of plumbago are received from the island of Ceylon, and frequent traces of gold are found in the mineral. The diamond was in this.

Otto Young & Co., Chicago, Ill., sent out a material catalogue a couple of weeks ago, and as a result the house is busy in this line. And there is generally something besides materials included in the numerous orders at the same time.

#### The Latest Patents.

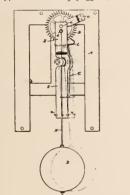
#### ISSUE OF APRIL 30, 1895.

538,230. OPTICAL SIGHT. MARQUIS DE FRAVSSEIN BONNIN, Toulon, France. — Filed July 13, 1891. Serial No. 399,429. Patented in France July 19, 1890. No. 207,026. (No model.)



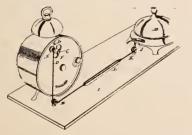
An optical sight comprising a lens with an image plate behind the same to receive the image of the object at which the gun is directed, a firing rule upon which the lens and plat : are supported, a pointing rule pivoted to said firing rule, a graduated arm along which said pointing rule is moved to give the muzzle of the gun different elevations corresponding to differ ent distances of the object to be fired at, and a cam on said pointing rule by which the lens is moved sn as to regulate its focal distance.

538,257. PENDULUM ADJUSTER FOR CLOCKS. DANA W. HULL, Erie, Pa. – Filed Nov 24, 1894. Serial No. 529 833. (No model.)



In a clock of the type shown, the combination with the frame. the escapement wheel mounted thereon, the verge and the pendulum, of mechanism for adjusting the verge, and means for actuating said adjusting mechanism, which means is actuated by the oscillatory momentum of the pendulum.

538 306. ALARM CLOCK. THORP WESTER-FIELD. New Orleans, La.—Filed Feb. 20, 1895. Serial No. 539,142. (No model.)



The combination with a bell and a cl ck, and the shaft of the clock connected with the alarm mechanism, of a cord extending from the bell lever, and carrying at its opposite end a pin, adapted to be inserted in the hnle of the alarm winding shaft, and a spring in the cord between the clock and bell. 538,395. CUFF-BUTTON. CLARENCE L. WAT SON, Attleboro, Mass.—Filed Jan. 31, 1895. Serial No. 536,820. (No model.)

In cuff-buttons, the combination with a rigid link-



bar, of a shoe pivotally secured to the link bar at one end, and a button pivoted to the link bar at the opposite end, the axial lines of the two pivots being practically at right angles each to the other.

538,477. LOCK FOR FINGER-RINGS. CHAS. BARTLETT, Philadelphia, Pa. - Filed Nov. 17, 1894. Serial No. 529,088. (No model.)

A lock for finger rings consisting of a slightly bowed spring having at its center, one on each side, lugs adapted to embrace the ring thereat, and at its ends, flat lateral extensions adapted to the flat and bear upon the finger.

538,567. EXTENSION BOW OR TEMPLE FOR OCULISTS' TESTING-FRAMES, GEO.
W. WELLS, Southbridge, Mass., assignor to the American Optical Co., same place.—Filed Dec. 18, 1894. Serial No. 532,192. (No model.)



A bow or temple for oculists' testing frames, etc., consisting of two parts adapted to be moved longitudinally to each other, and each part having a loop or clip secured to one end thereof, and adapted to slide loosely upon the other part, to hold said parts together, and a knob or projection upon the outside of each loop to furnish means for engaging and moving said parts longitudinally on each other, to lengthen or shorten the bow, and a spring held in one loop, with its end extending through an opening in one part, and into a recess in the other part, to hold the two parts in their adjusted positions.

**538,629.** CHAIN PACKAGE AND METHOD OF PACKING CHAINS. JUNIA SINCLAIR. Providence, R. I., assignor to Augustus A. Greene, same place.—Filed Sept. 17, 1894. Serial No. 523,-192. (No model.)



The method herein described for packing chains consisting in taking a flexible tube of a length slightly less than the length of the chain, including the swivel, passing the swivel end of the chain down through the tube until the cross-bar is brought across the upper end of the same. and then securing a marking tag or ring, of greater diameter than the tube, to the swivel end of the chain.

- DESIGNS 24,253, 24,251, 24,255. VASES, RALPH WILCOX BOOTH, New Brunswick, N. J.— Filed March 27, 1895. Serial Nos. 543,413, 543,414, 543.415. Term of patents 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> years.
- DESIGN 24,257. BACK FOR BRUSHES. CHARLES GRAFF, New York, N. Y., assignor to Ferdinand Fuchs, Henry Fuchs, and Frederick



Fuchs, Jersey City, N. J. Filed March 25, 1895. Serial No. 543, 146. Term of patent 7 years. TRADEMARK 26,478. ORIENTAL GOODS. A. A. VANTINE & CO., New York, N. Y. Filed Dec.

THE FIRST JAPANESE TRADING

#### 

#### 8, 1894.

Esse tial feature. — The words "THE FIRST JAPANESE TRADING CO.," and a Japanese monogram consisting of two inverted V-shaped figures having the adjacent arms thereof crossing and joined at the base to form a central triangular figure. Used since November 3, 1894.

TRADEMARK 26,479. ORIENTAL GOODS. A. A. VANTINE & CO., New York, N. Y. Filed Dec. 8, 1894.



Essential f ature.—The representation of a red ball and the name "NEE BAN." Used since November 3, 1894.

TRADEMARK 26,481. PORCELAIN AND POR-

#### 

CELAIN GOODS. KÖNIGLICHE PORZELLAN MANUFACTUR, Meissen and Dresden, Germany. Filed Mar. 30, 1895.

*Essential feature.*—The representation of a serpent winding around a stick. Used since 1712.

TRADEMARK 26,182. PCRCELAIN AND POR-CELAIN GOODS. KÖNIGLICHE PORZELLAN MANUFACTUR, Meissen and Dresden, Germany, Filed Mar. 30, 1895

*Essential feature,*— The letters "K. P. M." and the representation of a pair of crossed swords. Used since 1720.

TRADEMARK 26, 183. PORCELAIN AND POR-CELAIN GOODS. Königliche Porzellan MANUFACTUR, Meissen and Dresden, Germany. Filed Mar. 30, 1895.

X

*Essential feature.*—A representation of two pairs of crossed blades. Used since 1720.

RADEMARK 26,484. PORCELAIN AND POR CELAIN GOODS. Königliche Porzellan MANUFACTUR, Meissen and Dresden, Germany. Filed Mar. 30, 18,5.



*Essenti il feature.*—A representation of two curved swords Used since 1730.

TRADEMARK 26,485. PORCELAIN AND POR-CELAIN GOODS. Königliche Porzellan MANUFACTUR, Meissen and Dresden, Germany-Filed Mar. 30, 1895.



*Essential feature.*—Two crosswise arranged swords with curved sword-hilts. Used since 1733.

TRADEMARK 26,486. PORCELAIN AND POR-CELAIN GOODS. Königliche Porzellan MANUFACTUR, Meissen and Dresden, Germany. Filed Mar. 30, 1895.

*Essential feature.*—A representation of two crosswise arranged swords. Used since 1763.

TRADEMARK 26,487. PORCELAIN AND POR-CELAIN GOODS. Königliche Porzellan MANUFACTUR, Meissen and Dresden, Germany. Filed Mar. 30, 1895.

X

*Essential feature.*—A representation of two crossed straight-swords. Used since 1774.

TRADEMARK 26.488. PORCELAIN AND POR-CELAIN GOODS. Königliche Porzellan MANUFACTUR, Meissen and Dresden, Germany. Filed Mar. 30, 1895.

4

*Essential feature.*—A representation of two crossed swords with warding cross-pieces. Used since t814.

#### Washington, D. C.

Harris & Co. are getting out a new circular, prior to embarking in the manufacture of medals.

H. F. Cole has removed from South Washington to 7th St. where he finds business very good.

The numerous weddings in the upper social circles the past two weeks have had a decidedly beneficial effect upon the jewelry trade of this city.

Jacob Bennett & Son, Philadelphia, were represented here last week by Mr. Bennett, and Laubheim Brothers, New York, were represented by L. Laubheim. Other travelers here were: Thos. W. A dams, New York, and Mr. Kuggle, H. H. Curtis & Co., New York.

#### The Attleboros.

King Bros.' building at North Attleboro was visited by fire Thursday for the third time in a few months.

The work of putting in the big engine at the shop of E. Ira Richards & Co. has proceeded so rapidly that some of the concerns may start up this week.

Charles Russell Draper, son of O. M. Draper, and Miss Mae Davis, of Plainville, were married at the latter place last week. Many guests were present and a fine collation was served.

The Mossberg Mfg. Co. are doing a rushing business in whistles. Orders flood the firm from all over the country and from foreign parts. The daily output is something remarkable.

#### Boston.

M. N. Smith, of Smith, Patterson & Co., has returned from Lakewood, N. J.

The police have in custody a man thought to be the one who committed the robbery a short time ago in the jewelry store of T. J. Renwick, 578 Tremont St.

Royal E. Robbins has taken up his residence for the season at his Summerhome in Pride's Crossing, Beverly, and Royal Robbins will occupy a cottage for the Summer also in Beverly Farms.

Buyers in town the past week included: C. S. McLeod. Amherst, N. S.; Mr. Johnson, L. Johnson & Son, Worcester; L. H. Smith, North Easton; C. A. Thomas, Athol; F. L. Bennett, Ware.

Parker Ridley, formerly with H. T. Spear & Son, is retained by Bogle Bros. the successors of that firm. Last Saturday the stock in the old store of the former firm was transferred to the new place on Summer St.

James T. Martin, the Brockton business college proprietor who is held for the grand



EUGENE SHEFFLER, 207 CENTRE ST., New York jury, charged with conspiring to defraud the Goddard Company, jewelers, of this city, was surrendered by his bondsmen last Friday.

At the big camp fire and reunion of the 3d Army corps, which took the form of a Gen. Hooker memorial May 6th and 7th, in Hadley, Mass., A. T. Sylvester, manager for Nelson H. Brown, was in attendance and served as one of the prominent committeemen.

Frank A. Andrews, who carried on business in room 4, 277 Washington St. as watchmaker and dealer, for four years, has removed to 10 School St., where he purposes to make a specialty of adjusting watches. He will also carry lines of high grade watches and diamonds.

The E. Howard Watch & Clock Co. have placed a four-dial tower clock in the new Unitarian Church, Highland Ave., Somerville. The dials are of wrought iron and of a new and special design. In Middletown, Conn., the company placed a new illuminated tower clock with four dials in the City Hall, and in Valdosta, Ga., they have the contract for the City Hall tower clock.

The American Waltham watch factory vacation has been announced. The plant at Waltham will shut down Friday, June 28th, and will resume Monday, July 22d, giving a little over three weeks for the annual outing of the employes. Last year the closed period was four weeks, and the hands are congratulating themselves on the improved condition of business and consequent shorter lay-off.

The funeral of Seth Rich, diamond broker, Brattle Sq., under a portion of the Quincy House, took place from his late residence in the suburb of Reading, April 30. Delegations from Masonic and military bodies of which he was a member were present. Mr. Rich had been for years one of the best known diamond dealers in the city. He was a forty-niner and an enthusiastic participant annually in the reunions of the California pioneers.

The C. N. Clark Jewelry Co., Sioux City, Ia., have bought out the Thompson Co., 614 4th St., and took possession May 1st.

Dr. J. R. Oppenheimer, assistant resident physician at the Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Md., died of typhoid fever last week at the hospital. He was 22 years of age, and a son of David Oppenheimer, wholesale jeweler, of South Baltimore.

William H. Mann, dealer in clocks, etc., 3 S. Charles St., Baltimore, Md., made an assignment April 30th for the benefit of his creditors, to Roger T. Gill as trustee. Mr. Gill is bonded for \$2,000. General depression of business is said to be the cause of the assignment.

JEWELERS' AND SILVERSMITHS' DIES and TOOLS ORDER,

And Dealer in Foot and Power Presses, Shears, Etc. ALL SIZES BLANK STEEL DIES ON HAND.

#### Workshop Notes.

**Broken Tooth.**—If there is a tooth oroken on the barrel, I drill a small hole and cut a thread into it. I then take a piece of brass wire, file it down, cut a thread on it, and screw it down tight. Then file off the right length and thickness of the other teeth. If there is a tooth broken on any of the other wheels, I always put in a new wheel.

**Cleaning Watches.**—In cleaning, I use the old method (after trying all ways suggested), that of chalk. I use the old lump chalk, because the carpenters' chalk balls are made with some kind of paste that adheres to the plate, and have this lump chalk at my right hand, in a perforated bottom box, so that any coarse pieces fall through to the floor, and by rubbing the brush across it and then giving it a slight rap, before applying it to the plate, any hard or heavy substance will fall out.

**Examine the Balance.**—I have been in the habit for several years of putting my balance wheel separate from all connections and trying its freedom in all positions, and if you will try this method you will be surprised how many you will find that bind or are not perfectly free in all positions, when you give them the slightest impulse by a trial of the hand holding the plate. Then, too, a careful examination of each jewel; you will be surprised how many are either loose in the setting or plate.

Specific Gravity .- To ascertain the specific gravity of gems in the absence of a proper hydrostatic balance, place a small glass partly filled with distilled water in one pan of a pair of sensitive scales. Attach a horsehair with a loop to the scale beam over the water and add weights to the other pan to produce equilibrium. Tie the stone to the horsehair, and note its exact weight in the air. Then lower the horsehair so that the stone is immersed in the water, and again note its weight. Divide the weight in air by the difference between the weight in air and the weight in water, and the quotient will be the specific gravity.

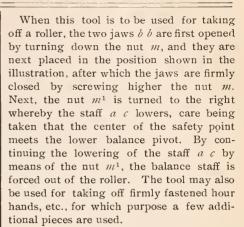
To Adjust Balance Spring.-I hardly know how to give directions for the adjustment of the balance spring, when it is disarranged, and the procedure is more readily shown by practical demonstration than by description. To commence: a balance spring, when there is no power applied to the balance from the jewel pin, should be, when .pinned, just as free from any twist or cramping as it would be if lying flat and free on a smooth piece of glass, before it has been pinned at either end, and when it is pinned in the watch (at stud and collet) it should be thus free. To bring it thus, requires demonstration that cannot be made on paper, unless diagrams are made. What I have said, however, gives an idea of how a balance spring should be pinned. Common sense is demanded here as elsewhere.

#### New Tool for Removing Impulse Roller.

THE CIRCULAR thinks that there are about as many tools and suggestions for taking off impulse rollers as there are impulse rollers to be taken off; still it also holds with Rory O'More: "There's look in odd numbers," etc., and there is still room for another one. The latest addition to these instruments has been perpetrated by one Geo. Kulper, of Gelsenkirchen, Germany, and may be described as follows:

The tool consists of an oval shaped metal shell B, which has two openings, from which protrude the milled nuts m and  $m^1$ . Throughout the whole interior passes a staff a c, the upper end of which is furnished with a thread a passing through the nut  $m^1$ , while the lower end forms a safety point c.

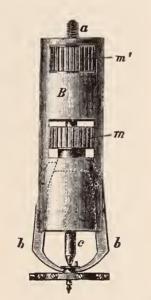
In two slots of the shell B are located the two jaws  $\delta \ b$ , in such a way that they may revolve around joint pins. The inner ends of these jaws  $\delta \ b$  are bent inward in



The May class of the Chicago Ophthalmic College began yesterday with a full attendance, embracing a membership that includes the States of California and Maine, and all the larger States between these extremes.

RICE & HOCHSTER,

485 Broadway, NEW YORK,



TOOL FOR REMOVING IMPULSE ROLLER.

the manner shown in the dotted lines, and brace on a shoulder which forms the lower end of the nut m. This latter can be caused to ascend or descend by screwing upon a separate hollow thread, located within the shell B, and surrounds the staff a c with free motion. A special screw not visible in the illustration, which enters into a length slot of the staff a c, prevents the latter from turning, consequently it can be displaced only in its direction of length (up or down), when the nut  $m^1$  is turned.





### MARINE CHRONOMETERS, MANUFACTURED BY John Bliss & Co., 129 Front St., New York.

We have on hand a number of Chronometers, by various good makers, not new, which have been in service for purposes of navigation, and are excellent instruments. They have been put in perfect repair and will give satisfactory results as to performance. We will sell these Chronometers at low prices, either for cash, or on accommodating terms to suit special cases, or will hire them at moderate rates and allow the hire to apply on purchase.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR CIVING PRICES AND TERMS.



WHO CAN COUNT HER RINGS

A NEW ONE FOR EVERY PLEASANT ANNIVERSARY, AND A FEW EXTRAS FOR OTHER HAPPY DAYS.



NOW SO WELL KNOWN, OUGHT TO BE FOUND IN GOOD VARIETY IN EVERY CAREFUL JEWELER'S STOCK, AND ARE AT THEIR

COMMAND AT THE HANDS OF OUR SEVERAL TRAVELERS, OR MAY **BE ORDERED DIRECT FROM** 

## M. B. BRYANT&CO

10 MAIDEN LANE, .... NEW YORK.

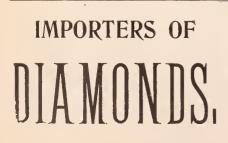


OF GOLD, SILVER AND PLATED JEWELRY, Enameled, Plain and in Colors. ALSO OF

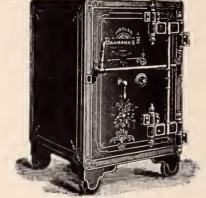
SOCIETY EMBLEMS. YACHT AND COLLEGE FLAGS. All Varieties of Painted Enamel Work.

S. S. WILD & SON, 179 Eddy Street, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Correspondence Solicited. Telephone Connection.



SAFES FOR JEWELERS. MOSLER, BAHMANN & CO., 518 BROADWAY Patent Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.



Large Assortment Always on Hand. Send for our Representative, Special Safes to Order, Jewelers' Safes a Specialty



Stoney-Batter Works, Chymistry Dist., Waltham, Mass.

JOBBERS IN

Watches, Jewelry, Chains, NOVELTIES ETC.

Latest Designs. Lowest Prices.

CHICAGO BRANCH 103 STATE ST.



#### A BROKEN HEART.

A LITTLE china figure On a little bracket sat, His little feet were always crossed, He wore a little hat. And every morning, fair or foul, In shine or shadows dim, A pretty little housemaid came And softly dusted him.

She took him up so gently, And with such a charming air His china soul was melted quite, And loved her to despair.

All day he sat and thought of her, Until the twilight came, And in his china dreams at night

He breathed her little name.

One day whilst being dusted, In his joy he trembled so. To feel her little fingers, that Alas! she let him go. In vain she tried to grab him back, Fate willed it they should part; He fell against the fender edge And broke his little heart.

She gathered up his fragments, And she told a little lie,

Expounding to her mistress how The cat had made him die. And on the following morning, when The shutters back she thrust,

She spoke this little epitaph-"There's one thing less to dust."

\_\_\_\_\_

#### The Rambler's Notes.

WHAT THE RAMBLER SAW AND HEARD AMONG THE Dealers in art pottery, cut glass, bronzes, etc.

CHIMING CLOCKS AT

THE idea prevails that a chiming mantel clock is neces-

-Pall Mall Gazette.

sarily expensive and costs at least about \$90 or \$100. That this idea is erroneous is satisfactorily proved by the line of quarter hour gong strike mantel clocks controled by the F. Kroeber Clock Co., 360 Broadway, New York, which have been put on the market at less than one-fifth the usual price. The clocks come in either beautifully finished oak, or walnut cases, ornamented with gilt. The dial is of trosted gold and silver and the movement of polished brass throughout. The clock strikes the quarter hours on a double gong, and the hours on a single gong. There is little doubt that these clocks will fill a want and as the line becomes more and more known, that the demand will steadily increase.

## NEW DRESDEN

THE entirely new treatment in Dresden decoration shown by Leon I

illustrated herewith is shown by Leon J. Glaenzer & Co., 80 Chambers St. New York, on an unusually large variety of Dresden lamps. In addition to the mony sizes, from the smallest princess to the largest banquet



DRESDEN LAMP-LEON J. GLAENZER & CO.

lamps in this decoration, there is also a fine display of lamps decorated with Watteau paintings and raised forget-me-nots or apple blossoms. NEW PATTERNS TIN CUT GLASS.

HE Empire Cut Glass Co., their showrooms

in the Para building, Warren and Church Sts., New York, are showing some attractive new cuttings just introduced. One, cheap yet very brilliant, has not yet been named. The fan is absent from this design, which shows a patent star, strawberry and silver diamond, with an elaborate sunburst at the center. The design is cut on a full line, principally in bowls and water bottles. A new medium grade pattern which is sure to prove popular is a deep and richly cut elaborate design called the "Florence."

#### REPRODUCTIONS OF OLD DELFT.

A FINE assortment of Delft blue clocks and other

pieces is to be seen at the warerooms of the Chas. Jacques Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St., New York. The pieces are in many queer shapes and were made especially for this company after designs copied from very old Delft articles. About 15 different shapes are shown in clocks, while among the articles for side pieces are vases, jars, candlesticks and flower holders, all in quaint old Dutch styles.

## FERN POTS AND JARS

**F**<sup>ERN</sup> pots and jars are among the articles for which the

present season is creating a large demand. The line of these articles shown by Bawo & Dotter, 32 Barclay [St., New York, both in French and German china, is varied and extensive. In the French china some beautiful floral decorations "may be seen on oval and round fernieres," which are shown in two sizes, and with or without feet.

## REPRODUCTIONS OF

THE attention of jewelers visiting the warerooms of

Hinrichs & Co., 31 Park Place, New York, will be attracted to the large assortment of reproductions of ancient pieces in glassware, that are here displayed. Of particular interest are the flagons, wine vases, mugs and pitchers in the green or Reseda glass, the decorations of which consist chiefly of highly colored crests, coats-of-arms and





#### The Connoisseur.

(Continued from p. 35)

other heraldic emblems. Some pieces, also, show raised glass vine and floral decorations.

## NEW LAMPS AND

T<sup>HE</sup> new lines of lamps, brass,

ART METAL GOODS. bronze and art metal goods manufactured by the Bradley & Hubbard Mfg. Co., Meriden, Conn., will be displayed at their New York warerooms, Park Place, Church and Barclay Sts., in about two weeks. Many new patterns and finishes are promised in the banquet, boudoir and piano sizes of the celebrated "B. & H." lamps.

#### CHOICE CHINA Novelties.

 $\mathbf{A}_{novelties in}^{MONG the choice}$  .

Royal China Decorating Co., 35 Warren St., New York, are brush and comb sets, displaying many floral decorations. The sets consist of a porcelain backed brush, comb and mirror, and a handsome tray. The pieces are of the finest French china, decorated by American artists at the factory of the Royal China Decorating Co.

THE RAMBLER.

#### The Oculist's Tale.

T was while I was practising at Asheville, N. C., a few years ago.

One morning there came into my office an old fellow who had the appearance of a mountaineer.

He was accompanied by his wife, who was totally blind from cataract.

The old fellow said that if I would cure her, or manage to give her just a little sight, he would pay me \$100. Said he:

"The old woman's been blind for over 12 years, and ain't of no use to herself nor nobody else, so if you will go ahead and fix her up so's she can see again and be of some use to me, why, I will give you the money."

I agreed to take the case; not without some trepidation, as a fellow oculist had already operated upon one of the eyes with bad results.

In the course of time, however, I managed to restore the old lady's sight so that she could see and read quite well, and then, after a reasonable lapse of time, I presented the bill.

"I ain't going to pay you nothin' on that bill."

"Why?" I asked, "What is the matter?" "Well," said he, "it's just here. I told you, you will remember, that if you would fix up the old woman so that she would be of some use to me that I would pay you; but she ain't no more use now than she was before, or as much, for she used to do some work before she could see; but now she don't do nothing but sit around the house and read novels."—*Life*.

#### Queries by Circular Readers.

NOTE. — Questions under this department will be answered as promptly as possible. Some queries require careful investigation be fore a satisfactory answer can be given; hence such auswers are often seemingly delayed. THE CIRCULAR desires every jeweler to take advantage of the department.

#### MONTCLAIR, N. J., April 24.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: As I would like to organize the opticians of the State of New Jersey, would you be so kind as to let me know what step to take so as to bring about a legitimate organization? Trusting you will instruct me in your CIRCULAR. I remain,

Yours respectfully, W. ERKELENS.

ANSWER:—We consider that the first step toward effecting an organization of the opticians of New Jersey would be to address a circular letter to the opticians setting forth the necessity of such an organization, and calling for a meeting to take place at some central city or town on a stated day. The letter should request a reply stating whether or no the recipient would attend the meeting. At the meeting the organization should proceed in the customary manner, as set forth in all works on parliamentary law, such as Cushing's Manual.

CROSS RIVER, N. Y., April 29, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' CIRCULAR:

Will you kindly inform me which is the best kind of alcohol for jewelers' use and where I can obtain it? Would wood alcohol do for alcohol lamps? Kindly inform me through THE CIRCULAR.

J. W. KNAPP.

ANSWER:—The best kind of alcohol for jewelers' use is what is known as 95 per cent. alcohol. It is to be obtained from druggists at about \$4 per gallon. You should not use the imitation material known as wood alcohol. It is sometimes used in jewelers' work, but inasmuch as the jeweler uses little alcohol and the difference in cost is trivial, he should use the best material obtainable. Wood alcohol can be used in lamps.

#### BROOKLYN, N. Y., April 20, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' CIRCULAR:

Could I request of you to communicate to me such, if any, information you may have regarding the responsibility of burglar insurance companies, their rates, etc., for the insurance of a retail jeweler's safe with its contents? By complying with the above you will greatly oblige, G. LOWENSTEIN.

ANSWER:—The Fidelity & Casualty Co., 140-146 Broadway, New York, insure safes and their contents against burglary. The company are reliable, and will furnish full information anent their system, upon application.

#### NEBRASKA CITY, NEB., April 25.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: Please inform me who is the general agent for the Patek, Philippe watch in New York.

#### ALEX. CALMELET.

ANSWER:-L. H. Keller & Co., 64 Nassau St., New York, are the general agents for the watches of Patek, Philippe & Co.

NEW YORK, May 2, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: Can you furnish me the address of the factory of the New York Watch Co. A, B. ANSWER:—The factory of the New York Watch Co. is located at 109-111 Broad St., New York.

#### Gold Bracelet to Mme. Faure.

THE gold bracelet which the municipality of Havre is to present to Madame Faure when she and her husband go there has been exhibited at a jeweler's in the Place de la Madeline, Paris. It is, our correspondent says, in the Italian sixteenth century style, and is repoussé, and finished by a carver. The inside is plain, and bears an inscription stating the date on which the presentation will take place, and the high, affectionate, and respectful esteem in which the citizens of Havre hold the President's wife.—London *Daily News*.

#### Fragment of a Realistic Novel.

THE physician felt the old man's pulse as he sat on a stool in the kitchen. The patient was a man of four score years and the lamp of life burned low. Watch in hand, the physician said in a low voice :

"I said yesterday that he would live until 3 o'clock to-day. It is now 2.45."

"Where did you get that watch?" whispered the old man.

" I got it with a hundred Havana cigars for \$4.98," said the medical man in a firm tone.

"It is then as I thought," cried the patient in a glad tone of voice; "by the right time it would be 6 o'clock day after tomorrow, and I feel hungry. Tear up my will and fry me some pork. That watch has stolen a day out of eternity."

The physician turned so hastily to leave the room that it wound up the watch in his hand.—Judge.

#### Mr. Vaux's Lawn Roller.

THE late Richard Vaux, of Philadelphia, was a believer in progress and had little reverence for antiques as such. A relative told recently how Mr. Vaux received a well preserved section of one of the pillars of the Pantheon at Rome.

It was sent to him by a friend who had some trouble in securing it, and considered it an interesting relic. He expected, on his return to America, to find the broken column standing upon the lawn of the Vaux residence, perhaps covered with ivy and looking down the ages rather scornfully at the degenerate civilization of the nineteenth century.

He was horrified to hear, however, that Mr. Vaux, not being in need of a broken pillar just then, had turned it into a lawn roller. It did duty in that capacity for a long time, and is still in possession of the family.—New York *Evening Sun*.

Ed. Peterson, a young jeweler of Rockford, Ill., on April 18, ended his life by first taking poison and then shooting himself.

#### Points of Law.

EFFECT OF ASSIGNMENT OF PATENT TO MEM-

A contract between a member of a firm and the three other members of such firm, signed by them individually, provided that such member granted and sold "unto the firm and unto the heirs and assigns of each of the members composing said firm, an equal one-fourth interest," the exclusive right to manufacture and sell certain patented articles during the existence of the firm. There was an absolute assignment by him of an equal undivided one-fourth interest to each of the other three members of such firm; and a provision that "the said firm, their executors, administrators and assigns," should pay certain royalties to him, created an individual, and not a firm liability.

Jarecki vs. Hays. (Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.)

#### WHEN GOODS SOLD ON COMMISSION ARE LIABLE FOR DEBTS.

Judge Grosscup, in the United States Circuit Court, Northern District of Illinois, recently decided a point of great interest to many manufacturers and merchants, especially those who deliver their goods under what is known as the "commission invoice" system, which prevails in many branches of trade, but notably among makers of agricultural implements and musical instruments, where the goods are mingled with a general stock and not secured by mortgage or lease, or other instrument of record, showing the lien and providing that the proceeds of sales are to be applied in reduction of the debt.

Some time ago the store of a local haberdasher was closed by the United States marshal, on an execution on a judgment in favor of a wholesale dealer, and a manufacturer of a special line of goods filed an intervening petition, declaring that among the property seized under the writ was a quantity of goods belonging to him, alleging that some years prior he had made a contract with the merchant by which he had sent him a supply of the special articles, and that once each month his agent visited the store, took an invoice of the stock and collected for what had been sold, less the merchant's commission, and that the portion sold was replaced so that the original stock was kept up. It was asserted, on the other hand, that this system of doing business was contrary to public policy, as it gave the consignee an apparent ownership of property that did not belong to him, if the claim was sustained, and enabled him to get credit from wholesale dealers to which he was not entitled. This view was sustained by the court, the intervening petition being dismissed and the levy held good. Le Perle vs. Schuster, on intervening petition of Cluet et al. Jan. 21, 1895.

## MATTERS IN

#### JEWELRY STOREKEEPING.

That this department shall prove mutually beneficial to our readers, it is desirable that the members of the trade generally communicate with THE CIRCULAR regarding any advantageous device or plan that they are utilizing in the connection of their business.

#### Ingenious Watchmaker's Scheme.

THE scheme embodied in the following ad. is ingenious, and is receiving considerable response.

Ad. is ingenious, and is receiving considerable response. A A TIME CONTEST SID FREE SID FREE SID FREE SID FREE SID FIZE, \$5.00 Cash. 2d Prize, \$5.00 Cash. 3d Prize, \$2.00 Cash. 3d Prize, \$2.00 Cash. 3d Prize, \$2.00 Cash. Consecutive weeks. EXPLANATION No those who carry the watches that keep the best time for EIGHT con-secutive weeks. EXPLANATION No those who carry the watches that keep the best time for EIGHT con-secutive weeks. EXPLANATION No those who carry the watches that keep the best time for EIGHT con-secutive weeks. EXPLANATION Sach watch must be brought to me for inspection once each week for ight consecutive weeks, at the end of that time the persons carrying the watches which run the closest shall receive the prizes. First inspection to be MAY 15, 1895. Remember it is not always the most expensive watch that keeps the best average time. Bring in your watch, it willcost you nothing and you may win one of the prizes. F. L. WILSON, 261 MAIN ST., DANBURY, - CONN.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

The scheme was conceived by L.S. Beckwith, traveling representative of the Rockford Watch Co.

#### Advertising Ideas in Brief.

Jeweler Seeley, Wallingford, Conn., makes a gift of a Waterbury watch to anyone purchasing a \$6.50 eight-day striking clock.

Jeweler Hitchcock, Southington, Conn., issues pocket timetables of the local tramway. S

E. J. Daugherty, jeweler, Camden, N. J., has offered a cup to be contested for by the old birds belonging to the members of the Camden Pigeon Club.

Jeweler Judson S. Newing, Elmira, N. Y., has offered the Y. M. C. A. a \$100 medal to be contested for by all of the amateurs who compete in athletic events under the colors of the association, beginning this year. The medal must be won for three years before it will be become the property of any competitor.

J. Karr, Washington, D. C., has donated a very handsome gold medal to be presented to the winner of the competitive drill, open to commissioned officers of the regiment of High School cadets. err

·m

D. N. Walford, Washington, D. C., is offering to all his customers for watch and clock repairs, a pair of steel framed spectacles which will be carefully fitted to their eyes. This advertises both his optical department and his watch repairing department, and will probably prove a good card by attracting the public.

W. W. Appel, Lancaster, Pa., has a unique display in the window of his jewelry store at 170 N. Queen St. It is a representation of a diamond mine, with Brownies controled by an ingenious mechanical device, at work in it.

#### The Diamond as a Friend.

THE argument that diamonds are a good investment can effectively be employed in advertising, the following ad. of Mayer, Grace & Mayer, Hartford, Conn., being an instance :

## Diamonds AS AN INVESTMENT!

There isn't anything else which money can be put into that furnishes as good an investment  $\mathbf{a} \leq \mathbf{a}$  diamond. To be sure, it brings in no income but the enjoy ment of its beauty. In a plu or stud, it is in use all the time, but it doesn't deterforate in value and it can be turned into money instantly.

There may be something more beautiful than a diamond, but if there is, we have never seen it. We try to keep on hand a sufficient stock to satisfy all demands, but should you not find what you want it stock, we will get it for yon. The price shall be right, of course, and in plain figures.

#### Mayer, Grace & Mayer, JEWELERS, 319 MAIN STREET.

Apropos of the foregoing is the following interview from the Pittsburgh Dispatch with Tody Hamilton, the press agent of Barnum & Bailey's Circus :

"That's my silent partner," said Tody Hamilton, when I called attention to the

fact that he always wore big diamonds beneath his vest.

"A good diamond," he explained, "is about the best friend in need a traveling man has. You may think it a case of vanity, but it isn't-at least, it isn't with a majority of the men who wear them on the road. A diamond is the most convenient form of portable property, and the least fluctuating in value. You may get out of money in some far-away town, be robbed on the road, lose your money, or blow it in on a spree; there you are. Your diamond of the value of \$150 will stand you in for \$100. So you see most traveling men wearing a good stone. It is a silent or special partner. and stands by a man at the right time. Ciicus men and theatrical people save their money in diamonds. They see a good many ups and downs, and if they didn't put their surplus cash into gems they'd let it all go and have nothing for a rainy day. An actress can this way both save her money and be using it at the same time in personal adornment. We used to have a man with the Barnum show who went through the entire season dealing in diamonds with our people. He'd sell them diamonds, buy them back or loan money on them when the possessors were hard up, and run a regular diamond broker's trade with us exclusively. I always travel with an extra suit of clothes, a good diamond, a bottle of bromo, and The Sun cholera mixture. Then I'm prepared for anything. '

#### An Ingenious Guessing Match.

L<sup>EWIS</sup> J. HENISE, jeweler, York, Pa., last week placed in his window a lady's and gent's gold watch and a diamond ring, either to be given to the person guessing nearest the hour, minute and second that a certain clock, which was in the window, would stop running. This clock was wound on Friday, May 3, and stopped some time the next day. Only one prize was given. Any, body above 15 years of age was allowed to guess. There will be another prize offered later for the younger class.

Codding Bros. & Heilborn, North Attleboro, Mass., have a particularly fine assortment of shirt waist sets. These articles will be in great demand this Summer, and dealers will do well to carry a good selection.

Ezra F. Bowman & Co., Lancaster, Pa., have a well fitted-up shop in connection with their regular jobbing business. It is divided into departments for watch repairs, case work, regular repairing and manufacturing. Quite a line of silver novelties and belt buckles is produced. All branches of the shop are under competent foremen and the watch repair department in particular has earned for itself a very high reputation. The building in which the shop is situated is excellently adapted for the purpose. For its upper floors Mr. Bowman has plans which he will shortly communicate.

BER.

## VELINE WHISTLE

PUT UP IN DISPLAY BOXES OF 1 DOZ. EACH, WITH ADVER-TISING CARD. ORDER BY NUM=



PATENTED APRIL 16, 1895.

No. 47, \$4.00 PER DOZ., ROMAN GOLD FINISH, 14kt. PLATE. No. 46, BEST OUALITY NICKEL

PLATE, \$1.00 PER DOZ.

ATTLEBORO, MASS.

EWELRY

You Blow==and it's Soothing or Blood Curdling, Melodious or Hideous.

Mossberg Wrench Co., MANUFACTURERS OF

NOVELTIES.

FOR THE

"Sighs like an Infant." "My Twins Ain't in It." "Our Dog Slid For Cover."

(These are some extracts.)

## DIAMOND SWINDLER ROTHCHILD,

CAPTURED THROUGH "THE CIRCULAR."



The \$1,000 represents the amount saved by numerous Jewelers who subscribe to THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR. The \$2 represents the cost of a year's subscription to THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

The Value of THIS journal, in its last issue, offering some precautions to jewelers News Reading. When the oper-ations of such a clever swind-ler as Abe Rothchild, alias J. C. Coleman, T. M. Jones, etc., presented the following:

Jones, etc., presented the following: First, it is necessary that the jeweler should know that such swindlers are abroad in the land, and should know som particulars regarding their tactics. These facts he can learn only by reading carefully every issue of a reliable trade journal that expends much energy and money in gathering news of this character. THE JEWFLERS CIRCULAR is such a journal: if the jeweler prefers any other publication, let him read that, so long as he does read the news. The wisdom residing in these statements could not

let him read that, so long as he does read the news. The wisdom residing in these statements could not be more potently proved, were we ourselves the nakers of events, than has been done by the prompt capture of the culprit, entirely by reason of the fact that one of the subscribers to THE CIRCULAR, Thomas Lees, of llamilton, Ont., upon whom Rothchild tried to work his game, had read a full exposu e of the swind-ler's operations in the issue of this jo. rnal of March 20. The jewelry trade at large owes a debt of gratitude to Mr. Lees for his shrewdness and able detective work. As to the makers of THE CIRCULAR, they feel that they have but carried out their mission, which is to

present all the news of the jewelry trade, in as com-plete and accurate form as possible; but they also experience a sensation of satisfaction that their labors are crowned with success. The full story of the cap-ture of Rothchild as published in the Toronto *Globe*, is presented in another portion of this issue. It is a matter of professional pride on our part to note that the *Globe*, as well as every newspaper and news asso-ciation in the country, gives credit for the capture directly to THE JEWELERS'[CIRCULAR.—Editorial in issue of April 2.

### HAMILTON, Ont., March 25, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

We have undoubtedly caught the diamond swindler referred to on page 22 of the last CIRCULAR. The capture was certainly due to the exposure in your paper, for had not Mr. Thomas Lees, of this city, read the account of it there, a great many Canadian jewelers would also have been numbered among his intermed. victims

victims. We have sent you to-day's *Globe* which gives the best account of the affair, although it makes some contradictory statements. The last part, which we have marked with blue pencil we guarantee as prac-tically correct, and gives the credit to THE CIRCULAR and to the persons who first discovered the fraud, and took the leading steps in the capture of the swindler. Nours respectfully, GFO. H. LEES & Co.

HAMILTON, Ont., March 25, 1895 Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: I have sent you by this mail a copy of the Hamilton *Herald* which gives an account of a diamond swindle. I have crossed out an error and written correction. The jewelers of Hamilton and Toronto and probably all Canada are under a debt of gratitude to you for your promptness in reporting a similar transaction in the southern States which was the means of the pres-ent arrest and prevention of a like fraud in Canada. Wishing your publication every success, I remain, Yours, etc.

Yours, etc., THOMAS LEES.

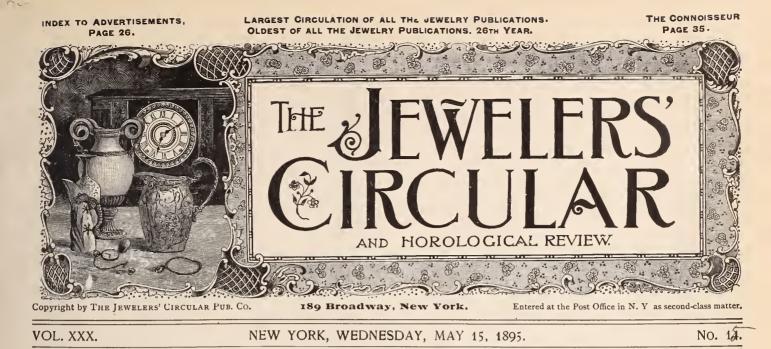
#### HAMILTON, Ont., March 27, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: lanor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: I am sending you by mail copies of the Hamilton papers with the account of the capture of Rothchild, the diamond swindler It was through your paper that notice of his operations was received here, and Mr. Thos. Lees, jeweler, of this city, was the first man to read the account and warn the trade through his nephew, G. H. Lees.

Very truly yours,

W. E. BOYD, LEVY BROS CO





#### EXHIBITION OF THE NATIONAL SCULPTURE SOCIETY.

THE influence of the five fine arts, poetry, | known and little considered. music, sculpture, painting and archi-

tecture, upon the lesser and industrial arts is limitless; in fact these latter are but a reflex of the former, or are rather the same arts brought down to a plane in which they are of practical utility to man in his every day life. Of the industrial arts, those of the goldsmith and the silversmith bear intimate relation to sculpture, and a proper appreciation of this fine art by the designer and manipulator of gold and silver work must prove of inestimable value to them. Such an appreciation is not widespread, while a knowledge of what constitutes the fine art of sculpture is wofully lacking in the minds of the people, even of those whose calling is indirectly related to it.

Forming an introduction to the catalogue of the Second Annual Exhibition of the National Sculpture Society, opened last week in the Fine Arts building, 215 W. 57th St., New York, is an admirable essay on the art of sculpture by Russell Sturgis, which, as we deem it good reading for jewelers, is reproduced here:

This is probably the first exhibition of the kind in America, although the American public has always been interested in sculpture in a certain way, writes Mr. Sturgis. Fine art of pure form has always appealed to a large class of the community; but this has shown itself rather in a demand for such sculpture as portraits and ideal portraits for monumental purposes than in the study of decorative or purely artistic sculpture. The National Sculpture Society is trying to supply that which has been lacking. In Paris the annual exhibitions of the sculpture of the time are as well known and nearly as popular as the exhibitions of painting, but in the American cities, as in England, the art,

BOY WITH HERON, BY MACMONNIES. COPYRIGHT 1895, BY THRO. B. STARR.

artist's point of view, nor understand it, may | and vigor of action. by which is meant not

of pictures; but in a collection of sculpture That large public which does not seize the much less. Real and permanent enjoy-

ment, however, is to be got from the work of art when looked at from the artist's point of view; not from another. The frequenter of picture galleries who likes incident and anecdote in painting, and who shuns sculpture because it has less of incident and anecdote to offer, is not in the way of getting much good from any work of fine art whatsoever.

A work of fine art is a composition, a new thing, a something which has not existed before, and which is called into being by the artist. The suggestion of it has indeed come from external nature, because our human minds knew nothing and can conceive nothing that is not in nature, but it is not taken from nature except in the way of suggestion and inspiration. Fine art has been defined as "nature seen through a temperament," and the phrase has been applauded, but this is still a very inadequate definition. The creations of a mind which has filled itself with the charm of nature, would be better, but no such form of words can express the whole truth about fine art. The fact is that the artist to whom it is proposed to produce a work of art, begins immediately to see dimly or clearly, a composition of lines and masses, forms and colors, surfaces and the lights and shades which will invest them. Little by little this conception takes a clearer and more seizable shape; now, if he is a sculptor, he tries it in clay or in wax; perhaps he is dissatisfied and breaks up his model, perhaps the first attempt is a success. A certain symmetry and a certain diversity among the larger masses, a certain beauty of silhouette or outline, when the whole work of sculpture is seen against a background

xcept in memorial structures, is little still find a great deal to like in a collection necessarily violent or decided gesture, but



# SPECIAL NOTICE.

It is our intention to put on the market about July 1st, 1895, two

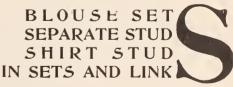
more grades of the "400," which will be listed at \$12.00 and \$9.00 and will be sold without Cases by this Company.

## HAMPDEN WATCH CO., CANTON, OHIO.





SEE OUR HANDSOME AND SALABLE LINE OF



## ALL SUITABLE FOR SUMMER TRADE.

R., L. & M. FRIEDLANDER, 30 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

3

such a treatment of the body as gives the sense of life and energy, whether latent or in movement:—those are perhaps the chief objects to be attained in the composition as a<sup>r</sup>\_whole. As regards the parts, the chief thing is this: Beauty of modeling;



BACCHANTE, BY MACMONNIES. COPYRIGHT 1895 BY THEODORE STARE.

that is to say, such a treatment of the surfaces, as of the body, the limbs, the face, the drapery, as that a subtile charm, impossible to describe and difficult even to realize to one's self, shall exist in every part. This charm lies in the delicate veils of shade which invest these surfaces. When a coarsely modeled piece of sculpture is compared with a refined one the difference is chiefly in the quality of the gradation of shade. This difference is indescribably great: it is seized immediately by the practiced eye; a person accustomed to fine Greek sculpture when passing through a gallery full of Roman copies, even excellent ones such as those that fill the Vatican will be struck and stopped in his passing by the merest side glance at a fragment of pure Greek work. Now, this perception of the difference between the extremely refined and the somewhat less refined sculpture is founded upon the difference between the gradation of shade investing their surfaces, and this in its turn exists because of the difference between extremely delicate and subtile modeling and that which is a little less masterly. The praise which a sculptor would value the most highly is praise of his work of art as a beautiful or impressive mass and of the beauty of modeling which makes every figure composing his mass, and every member of every such figure, a beautiful or impressive thing in itself.

The sculptor will probably not despise or reject sentiment of a kind more generally appreciable than the purely artistic expression defined above. The sculptor may greatly enjoy the treatment of a face and of attitude and gesture so as to express human affection, military courage or religious enthusiasm; but it must be observed that the expression of such sentiments itself lies in the modeling of the surfaces. The variation of a surface within limits so slight that the sculptor himself cannot explain or describe it will make all the difference between a true and a false or exaggerated expression of sentiment. A change of surface scarcely greater may make the difference between the visible expression of one sentiment and that of another. The sculptor in modeling a head is thinking not of sentiment alone, nor of youthful beauty or mature force alone, nor yet alone of that delicate modeling which will make the head a beautiful work of art; he is thinking of each and all of these ends to be attained.

It will be seen then how impatient sculptors may well be with the ordinary portrait statue, monumental or other, in which the sole end set before him by his employers is to make a speaking likeness and to reproduce faithfully the costume. Portrait art is as noble and interesting in sculpture as in painting or engraving. Much of the noble art of great periods in the past has been portraiture. Such portraiture could not, however, be what it is, noble in itself and interesting to students of succeeding times, unless the artist who produced it had had opportunities to produce also a great deal of art that was more ideal and more free. No sculptor can model a clothed figure properly unless he is practiced in modeling the nude figure. No sculpter can model a fine portrait head and make it good as a work of art as well as a likeness unless he is accustomed to model heads that are not portraits. No sculpture can put a soldier, or a mother holding her child, into a spirited and effective pose unless he is accustomed to model ideally perfect figures based upon his own studies of the antique, of the Rénaissance, of his great contemporaries and of the living model. To take a sculptor not trained in ideal work, nor busied in the daily practice of it, and to ask him for a portrait statue is to secure comparative vulgarity and meanness of conception. Even the portrait bust as the modern French portraitists understand itthat is the head and neck alone without even the shoulders-even that cannot be treated in a noble and refined style unless the artist who models it has modeled by the score heads in which ideal beauty of form and expression has been his only aim.

The sculpture of the Greeks so far as we know it included very little portrait art. Everywhere the sculptor was free to work out his conceptions of human and superhuman beauty, vigor and grace. The sculpture of the Greco-Roman epoch, under the empire, abounded in portrait art, but in historical and purely imaginative art as well. The sculpture of the great Gothic period had architectural decoration for its main purpose, but, far from ignoring portraiture, betrays everywhere a masterly power of rendering individual character. The great men of the Rénaissance, inheriting the Gothic tradition, were ideal sculptors and decorators and portraitists all at once, and it is to them perhaps that we moderns should look for the nearest prototype of

OUR SPECIALTY

We also make and keep in stock, Fine Amethyst, Topaz and Cameo Brooches in various Mountings. FINE IVORY PAINTINGS in all Gold Brooch Mountings, also all Diamond, Diamond and Pearl, and all Pearl Mountings, Prices from \$12 to \$100.

MINIATURES painted on Ivory from Photographs, in first-class work and at moderate prices. Orders solicited, and Designs for Mountings furnished when desired.

> DOWNING & KELLER, 3 Maiden Lane New York.

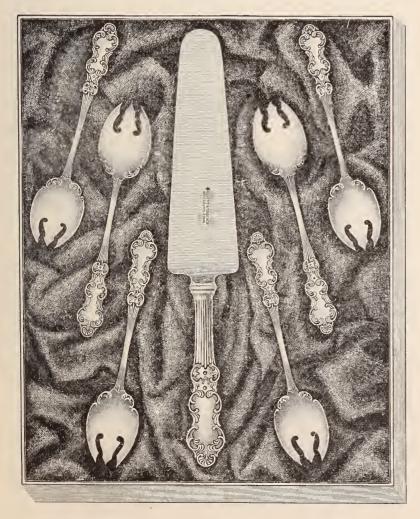
what modern work might be. The government of France and the city of Paris, representing a people immeasurably more sensitive to fine art than any English speaking community, sets tasks to the sculptors of France not unlike those set to the men of the Rénaissance. Now it is a series of statues representing or expressive of the great men of French history whose actual likenesses are lost. Now it is a group embodying the idea of Tragedy or Comedy or Music or the Dance for the front of a great theatre. Now it is a group breathing the martial and patriotic spirit of early revolutionary days. Now it is a group breathing constancy and courage in defeat, as in the sad days following the disasters of 1871. Now it is mediæval France embodied in the mounted and armed figure of Louis of Orleans at Pierrefonds or of Ioan of Arc at Domremy. And again it is modern industrial and philanthropic France which finds expression in the touching group at the base of Schneider's monument at Creuzot, From sculptors employed on such imaginative work as this, portrait statuary can also be had worthy of the noblest subjects and the stateliest surroundings and monumental art finds itself served by artists capable of any demands of dignity or pathos."

The aims of the National Sculpture Society are praiseworthy and lofty. To spread the knowledge of good sculpture and to raise sculptors to an equal place with painters are worthy objects.

There are in the exhibition about 180 works of sculpture in all, besides the designs for the United States dollar, and it would thus be invidious to specify all the works. At the entrance is a bust by Herbert Adams, slightly tinted and touched with gold. It is flanked by two charming statuettes in bronze by Macmonnies, the "Bacchante and Child," illustrated here, and a "Diana." These works are the property of Theodore B. Starr, jeweler, 206 Fifth Ave., New York. Another illustration in this article shows Macmonnies' "Boy with Heron," also the property of Mr. Starr. Wandering on into the larger gallery the visitor sees through the vista of tree ferns, Nilhaus's colossal figure called "The Scraper," on either side of which are J. S. Hartley's "Whirlwind," and Philip Martiny's "Allegorical Figure," a tall, composed young woman in Grecian drapery, done in competition for the American Surety Co. building, New York. To summarize briefly other works of merit in which fancy has glorified the work of manual and mechanical execution, are the model for a memorial figure to the late Charles Pratt, of Brooklyn, by Herbert Adams, unveiled a fortnight ago in the Emanuel Church, and his model for a marble bas-relief for the Judson Memorial Church, in Washington square; Paulding Farnham's "Phœnecia and the Wind," to be described in full and illustrated next week, a fanciful figure of a a nude girl, standing erect on a seagull's back and holding a toy ship in one hand, the sails of which she is filling with a fan of seaweed. Mr. Farnham is a member of Tiffany & Co. (To be Continued.)

E. H. Faunce & Son, Pen Argyle, Pa., have decided to remove from town and are selling out their line of jewelry and musical merchandise. E. H. Faunce will open an office in Hartford, Conn., and Chester Faunce will open a jewelry and music store in a town near Hartford, Conn.

FLEMISH ICE CREAM SET. Full size, 8 x 10 inches.



Gold Lined Bowls-Plush Lined Case, \$9.75 List.

## THE GENUINE ROGERS ELECTRO SILVER PLATE.

SPOONS, FORKS, KNIVES, &c.

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE

which has been manufactured continuously for HALF A CENTURY and made the name of ROGERS on Electro Silver Plate celebrated, is stamped

## ★ROGERS & BRO., A. 1.

If you wish the **BEST GOODS**, which will satisfy your customers and build up your reputation as a reliable dealer, insist upon having those bearing the above trade mark. They are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. For sale by leading jobbers throughout the country and made exclusively by

#### ROGERS & BROTHER,

Waterbury, Conn.

16 Cortlandt St., N. Y.



IS MADE ONLY BY

J. B. BOWDEN & CO.,

Makers of Finger Rings of every Description.

REMOVED FROM BROADWAY AND JOHN STREET,

NEW YORK.

LANE.

3 MAIDE

#### Revised Constitution and By-laws of the Jewelers' Protective Union.

At the last annual meeting of the Jewelers' Protective Union, the constitution and by-laws were somewhat revised, and it may prove interesting to reprint them in full in the columns of THE CIRCULAR. They are as follows:

#### CONSTITUTION.

 CONSTITUTION.

 Article I. - This Association shall be known as the Jewelers' Protective Union.

 Thied II. - The object of this Association shall be for the mutual protection of its members in case of the only of its members, or their salesmen, away from their expective places of business, and for the purpose of employing the Pinkerton National Detective Agency, or any other parties or means that may be deemed yitsable, under the direction of the Executive Commutee, for that purpose, to prosecute the thieves, and eavor to restore the property.

 Michel III. - The Officers of Committee shall consist of a President, Vice-president, and a Secretary, as a straight of the President, Vice-president, and a Secretary.

 Article IV. - The Executive Committee shall consist of a president of the President, Vice-president, and a secretary.

 Article IV. - The Executive Committee shall consist of aur members, and the President, Vice-president, and a secretary.

 Article IV. - The Executive Committee shall consist of sour members, and the President, Vice-president, and a secretary.

 Article V. - This Constitution may be revised of where on their weight of the members present, but no amend meeting of the Association, by worthind vote of the members present, but no amend weight on the considered unless the same shall have been submitted, in writing, to the Executive Committee shall have been submitted, in writing, to the Executive committee shall have been submitted, in writing, to the Executive committee shall have been submitted in writing.

#### BY-LAWS

#### ARTICLE I.

#### MEMBERSHIP.

Section 1. Manufacturers and Dealers in Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds, Gold Chain, Silverware, and those engaged in the kindred branches of trade are eligible for membership. Sec. 2.—All applications for membership shall be made to the President, or Secretary, who shall lay the same before the Executive Committee, who may ap-prove or reject—if rejected, the applicatin may apply at the next annual meeting and the application may then be approved or rejected by a majority vote taken by ballot. Sec. 3.—The Executive Committee shall have power

Sec. 3.—The Executive Committee shall have power by an affirmative vote of five members to expel any member, after giving the member due notice and an opportunity to be heard in answer to any charges that may be made. -The Executive Committee shall have power

In case of expulsion of any member the larges that may be made. In case of expulsion of any member the Executive Committee shall demand the return of any certificate that may have been issued to said member, and upon their return the Treasurer shall pay to said expelled member twenty-five dollars for each certificate. The certificate shall be null and void at the expiration of ten days after the demand was made. Sec. 4.—The Executive Committee shall have power to suspend any traveling salesman from the Register of the Union for a definite or ind-finite period of time, upon giving ten days' notice to the member upon whose certificate the salesman is registered, and the protection of the Union at the expiration of said ten days.

#### ARTICLE II. CERTIFICATES

Sec. 1. Each incoming member shall sign the Con-stitution and By-laws and, to constitute a fund for the purpose of carrying on the objects of this Union, as provided for by Article 11. Of the Constitution, shall pay into the treasury the sum of twenty-five dollars on each and every salesman's stock, for which the Treasurer shall issue a salesman's certificate having the name of the salesman inserted therein, and keep a Register of the same ; and no member shall be entitled to the benefits of this Union except for such stocks as are in the custody of a registered salesman.

ARTICLE III. ANNUAL DUES.

Sec. 1. The annual dues shall be five dollars on each salesman's certificate, payable on the first day of June: Provided, that no certificate shall be liable for annual dues until one year after the date of its issue; and, further provided, that when the funds of the Union shall amount to twelve thousand dollars on the first day of June, no annual dues shall be collected for that year. Any certificate in default for annual dues for the term of thirty days after due notice, shall be declared forfeited and not entitled to the benefits of the Union the Union.

ARTICLE IV.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Sec. 1. The annual meeting of this Association shall take place on the first Monday in March of each year, but the Executive Committee shall have power to call a special meeting at any time they may deem it expedient.

DIAMONDS

PRECIOUS STONES.

182 BROADWAY, COR. JOHN STREET,

Venetian



TO

#### ARTICLE V.

#### ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Sec. 1. After the first election of officers of this Association. which shall be held immediately after the adoption of the Constitution and By-laws, all future elections shall be by ballot at the annual meeting of the Association, and a majority of the votes cast shall be necessary to an election.

#### ARTICLE VI.

#### PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT.

Sec. 1. It shall be the duty of the President to pre-side at all meetings of the Association, and in his absence or disability the Vice-president shall preside and perform all other duties of the president.

#### ARTICLE VII.

#### TREASURER.

Sec. 1. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to re-ceive and take charge of all moneys paid into the As-sociation, and to safely invest the same under the direc-tion of the Executive Committee, and to disburse in the same manner. He shall make a report to the Executive Committee annually, but he may be called on to make a report at any time at the request of the Executive Committee whenever requested by the President or any two members of the Association.

#### ARTICLE VIII.

#### EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. Sec. 1. It shall be the duty of the Executive Com-mittee to promptly employ any Agency or men with the means at their disposal to accomplish or further the interests of the members of the Association, when-ever they shall have been notified of a robbery having been perpetrated since the organization of this Asso-ciation, under the conditions provided in Article II, of the Constitution; it shall have a general supervision of the business and funds of the Association; shall direct the Treasurer in the investment of its funds; shall render a report to the Association at its annual meeting, and shall make its own rules of procedure; provided that furt members shall constitute a quorum, and provided that it shall proceed only by authority of motions or resolutions passed at its regular or spec-ial meeting; provided, however, it shall have no authority to use the funds of the Union for the pur-pose of compromising with thieves.

#### ARTICLE IX.

#### SALARIES.

Sec. 1. The President, and Secretary and Treasurer, may receive such compensation for their services as the Executive Committee shall determine upon.

#### ARTICLE X.

#### PAYMENTS.

Sec. 1. All payments out of the funds of the Asso-ciation, exceeding twenty-five dollars, shall be made by checks of the Treasurer countersigned by the President.

#### ARTICLE XI.

#### CHANGE OF MEMBERSHIP.

Sec. 1. In case of the dissolution or change of any firms represented in this Association, due notice shall be given to the Secretary by the legitimate successor or successors of said firm, and they shall be entitled to the privileges of the Association.

#### ARTICLE XII.

#### IN CASE OF ROBBERY.

Sec. 1. If, in the judgment of any member robbed of his merchandise, it becomes necessary to communi-cate at once with the authorities, or to employ detec-tives, he may do so subject to the approval of the Executive Committee, and he shall notify the Execu-tive Committee at once of such action.

#### ARTICLE'XIII.

#### DISSOLUTION.

Sec. 1. If at any time it may be thought desirable to close up the affairs of the Association. it may be done by a two third vote of all the members of the Association, and the funds then on hand shall be di-vided *pro rata* and paid to its members, after all claims against the Association shall have been paid. " ARTICLE XIV.

#### AMENDMENTS.

Sec. 1. These By laws may be revised or amended at any annual meeting of the Association, by a two-third vote of the members present; but no amendment shall be considered unless the same shall have been submitted, in writing, to the Executive Committee at least thirty days previous to such annual meeting, except by unanimous consent of the members present at such meeting.

The jewelry store of R. Grammar & Co., Verona, Mo., was recently burglarized. The safe was blown open and a large quantity of jewelry carried off. The loss is about \$600 and there is no clue to the thieves.

## DIAMONDS, AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

#### FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS.

RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS.

IMPORTERS OF

MANUFACTURERS OF

WELRY. |)| A M()τJ

#### IN THE LATEST DESIGNS.

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

- 58 Nassau Street, 20 Maiden Lane.
  - NEW YORK.
- I Tulp Straat, AMSTERDAM.

I St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus. LONDON, E. C.





ESTABLISHED 1841.

## CARTER, SLOAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY.

#### No. 15 MAIDEN LANE.

#### NEW YORK.

A. CARTER JR. A. K. SLOAN. C. E. HASTINGS.

GEO. R. HOWE. WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH.

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.

JOHN N. DISSELKOEN,

Cutter and Importer of

FACTORY

76 LANGEBLEEKERSPAD

AMSTERDAM



RI GOOG GLEGI LOR Steels and Falland Falland DIAMONDS 5 & 7 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK.

7

#### The Liabilities and Assets of J. Н. Flanagan.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10 .- John H. Flanagan, 513 7th St., N. W., an acccount of whose assignment May 6th, was published in last week's issue, has liabilities placed at \$4,500 and assets at \$6,450.71. His assets consist of stock of jewelry, clocks, silver ware, optical goods, etc., to the value of \$2,430.21, and book accounts due amounting to \$4,020.50.

The following is a list of the creditors: H. M. Smith & Co., \$51.; B. H. Davis & Co.; \$50.; Fink, Bodenheim & Co., \$70.72; Sperry & Alexander, \$14.; Jacob Strauss & Sons, \$6.00; J. J. Levy, \$59.75; Max Nathan, \$2.17; Freudenheim & Abramson, \$261.15; Spencer Optical Mfg. Co., \$169.40; E. A. Cowan & Co., \$576.95; L. & J. Adler & Co., \$113.94; Hirsh & Hyman, \$345.75; Louis Atkinson, \$328.80; Kent & Stanley Co., \$148; Wm. Link, \$289.65; Buckerfield & Co., \$230.75; Gustave Walter Optical Co., \$34.75; Louis Kaufman & Co., \$84.35; A. Wittnauer, \$62; H. Z. & H. Oppenheimer, \$395.; The Goldsoll Co., \$36.; Waterbury Watch Co., \$25.75; B. J. Cooke's Sons, \$20.-45; Dennison Mfg. Co., \$32.68; L. P. White, \$27.; J. C. Buck & Co., \$6.40; Howard Sterling Co., \$62.60; C. W. Congdon, \$56.71; M. H. Kling, \$45.; The R. Hoehn Co.; \$66.04; Geo. J. Kirby & Co., \$71.53; W. P. Mockbridge Mfg. Co., \$13.; F. & Felger, \$43.93; Nesler & Co., \$82.; H. Hoffa, \$56.82; S. Desio, \$35.20; E. M. Merrick, \$144.41; G. M. Towles, \$270.; and Washington Times, \$110.85.

#### To Retail Jewelers only.

An extra inducement on Fahy's 14k. Extra Gold Filled Watch Cases.

SEE APRIL "STRAWS."

## RICE & HOCHSTER,

485 Broadway, NEW YORK, Factory Grand and Mulberry Sts COMPLETE LINE OF

Tortoise Shell Goods

H. M. RICH & CO., Jewelry · Auctioneers, 21 School Street, BOSTON. MASS.

## EUGENE SHEFFLER. 207 CENTRE ST., NEW YORK

Imports and Exports for March, 1895, and the Preceding Nine Months.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10 .- The summary statement of imports and exports for the month ending March 31, 1895, and the nine months ending the same date, compared with the corresponding periods of 1894, has been issued and contains the accompanying figures relative to the jewelry trade:

### Scranton, Pa.

May 15, 1895.

Jeweler Blackwell, of Pittston, will soon move to the Barrett building in that city.

A. L. Schiller, recently of Avoca, has opened a repairing shop at 430 S. Washington Ave.

The Scranton Gold and Silver Plating Co. is the name of a new concern located at 311 Spruce St.

	MARCH		FEB.	EB. NINE MONTHS EN MARCH.	
	1895.	1894.	1894.	1895.	1894.
IMPORTS.					
Diamonds and other pre- cious stones, rough or uncut, including min- ers', glaziers' and en- gravers' diamonds not set, and jewels to be used in the manufac- ture of watches.	\$ 8 999	\$55 810	\$10 206	\$537 I45	\$385 984
Clocks and parts of.	31 228	3 228	30 597	241 418	94 706
Watches, and parts of, and watch materials and movements.	76 187	72 154	72 971	774 405	863 780
Jewelry, and manufac- tures of gold and silver.	55 257	34 662	50 241	451 751	442 411
Precious stones, and imitations of, not set.	442 060	411 940	475 917	5 235 147	2 788 541
EXPORTS.					
Clocks, and parts of.	70 077	120 531	76 862	634 571	693 899
Watches, and parts of.	38 634	21 445	25 277	252 856	293 549
Jewelry, and manufac- tures of gold and silver.	75 263	62 306	72 719	536 035	650 684
Plated Ware.	32 822	17 822		260 198	222 485
EXPORTS OF FOREIGN MERCHANDISE.					
Diamonds and other precious stones, rough and uncut, etc.					20
Clocks, and parts of.		 I2Ģ		I37	294
Watches, and parts of, etc.	19	160	8	III	48 720
Jewelry, and manufac- tures of gold and silver.	16 204	3 103	I 359	63 327	16 385
Precious Stones, and imitations of, not set.	I 200	I 703	10 621	14 504	313 062

Merchandise remaining in warehouse on March 31, 1894, and 1895, respectively, was : 1895 1894 Clocks, etc., \$49 359 5 657 \$41 834 Watches, etc., 16 307 Jewelry, etc., 51 005 101 911 Precious Stones, etc., 22 101 45 384

JEWELERS' AND

Travelers who booked orders in Scranton, the past week were : S. Harris, Jr., for J. Goldberg; Alfred Goldsmith, Adolph Goldsmith & Son; J. M. Cohen, Bernheim, Cohen & Beer; Henry Gattle, H. Gattle & Co; Mr. Fein.

MANUFACTURER OF SILVERSMITHS' DIES and

TO ORDER,

And Dealer in Foot and Power Presses, Shears, Etc. ALL SIZES BLANK STEEL DIES ON HAND.

#### Alabama Jewelers Honor the Memory of Arthur S. Goodman.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 11.—The Retail Jewelers' As ociation of Alabama have passed the following resolutions on the death of Arthur S. Goodman, late president of the National Retail Jewelers' Association:

WHEREAS, It has pleased an All-wise Providence to gather to his fold Arthur S. Goodman, President of the National Retail Jewelers' Association, who departed this life in Philadelphia, Pa., May 2d; and

WHEREAS. It is justly due the memory of the pioneer in the organization of the retail jewelry trade of the Unitel States for its protection and promotion, that proper action should be taken by the Retail Jewelers' Association of Alabama, in recognition of his faithful and untiring efforts in behalf of the 'trade and in expressing our great sorrow at his death;

Therefore, be it resolved, That it is the sense of this Association, that in the death of Arthur S. Goodman the National Retail Jewelers' Association sustained the loss of an able and wise executive, the best efforts of whose life have been devoted to cementing together in strong bonds of union the retail jewelers of the nation for their common good; the trade, a member untiringly zealous in its behalf, and the Retail Jewelers' Association of Alabama, a warm friend and wise counselor.

Be it further resolved, That a page in our minutes be set aside to his memory, and that we ever strive to emulate that noble example of self-sacrifice, broadminded liberality, virtue and love for his fellow man which marked the life and deeds of the deceased.

Be it further resolvet, That a copy of these resolutions be sent the family of the deceased, and also to the official organs. The National Jeweler. THE JEW-ELERS' CIRCULAR, The Jewelers' Weekly and The Keystone, with the request that they publish the same. E. H. HOBES, President.

WILLIAM ROSENSTIHL, Secretary.

Committee: J. L. SCHWEIZER, IKE LOEB.

The evening previous to the formation of the Retail Jewelers' Association of Alabama, organized March 22d, 1892, Wm. Rosenstihl, Jr., secretary of Alabama Association, met Arthur S. Goodman and they went to Montgomery together to form the association. On the train Mr. Goodman said: "Rosenstihl, I don't think I have very long to live, but I do hope to live to see the day when at least one-fourth of the States will form into associations and all will become a national body; when that is done others will form, and our hardest task will be over." Mr. Goodman lived to see his wish gratified. Alabama was then the first State in the south to organize and the fourth in the United States.

## The Extradition Proceedings against Swindler Rothchild.

TORONTO, Can., May 11.—The extradition case of Henry Hutton *alias* Rothchild, the diamond swindler, was up again on Tuesday last before Judge McDougall. Crown Attorney Curry appeared for the United States, and E. F. B. Johnston, Q. C., for the prisoner. The specific charge considered was that of forgery at Swainsboro, Ga. Sheriff Rountree, of that place, was present and gave evidence. The case was again remanded until the 14th, when the arguments of counsel will be heard. It is considered certain in legal circles that Hutton will be extradited.

Hutton's wife was present in court with him and has been permitted to accompany him on his trips to and from the jail, where he is allowed privileges not usually extended to prisoners. Sheriff Rountree returned to Georgia yesterday, and will not return until the expiration of the 30 days after the judgment of the Court which are allowed the prisoner to appeal.

#### Schedules of the National Mfg. and Jewelry Importing Co.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 10.—In the affairs of the National Manufacturing and Jewelry Importing Co., assignee Fuller filed his inventory report May 4, with summaries as follows:

Cash remaining after paying sal-

aries, etc 🗘	2,	070	71
C. O. D.'s supposed to be in hands			
of automatic acompanies	00	<0.T	25

or express companies	29,531	35
Watches	3,083	40
Jewelry	2,080	96
Watch material	97	90
Furniture and fixtures	I 3 <b>3</b>	15
Miscellaneous electro-plates and		
old chain	55	00
Cigars	945	00
Letters, files etc	621	38
Watch and packing boxes	271	56
Acc'ts due as shown by ledger		
but not considered collectible	\$18.86T	05

but not considered collectible....\$18,861 05

#### \$57,757 46

The accounts due as shown by ledger were : Chicago Watch Co. and Oxford

Mfg. Co. (joint acct)...... \$1,008 60 James Chalmers (mdse. acct)..... 2,158 45 '' (cash acct)...... 15,694 00

\$18,861 05

The merchandise in the inventory has been carefully appraised at what assignee Fuller believes to be the market value. The account due from Chalmers, is really that of the Chicago Watch Co., now insolvent, and this debt has been settled. As to the joint account of \$1,008.60, the assignee is informed that it cannot be collected.

The assignee believes the actual value of the C. O. D. goods supposed to be in the hands of common carriers is far less than the face amount shown by the books of the insolvent, and states that he believes the total cash value of the assets scheduled does not exceed \$25,000.

In a petition to the County Court, E. F. Crawley, as agent of Adolphe Schwob and the Philadelphia Watch Case Co., asks that certain goods in the possession of the Schauweker & Chalmers Co. at the time of their assignment, and which have been turned over to the assignee, be returned to him, claiming the goods were sent upon consignment or memorandum account. The assignee, in his answer, requires strict proof of these allegations.

A. Sutherby has opened a jewelry store in Cross Forks, Pa.

E. E. Searl, Tomahawk, Wis., has sold out to W. J. Hanks, who has taken possession of the business.

#### Last Week's Arrivals.

THE CIRCULAR has perfected arrangements tor obtaining the names and hotel addresses of all the latest buyers visiting New York, and each day posts in its office, 189 Broadway, a bulletin which every member of the trade is cordially invited to copy.

The following out-of-town dealers were registered in New York during the past week: F. W. Yuengling, Buffalo, N. Y., Cosmopolitan H.; L. Warner, Buffalo, N. Y., H. Imperial; O. C. Siedle, Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Denis H.; C. H. Cutting, N. Adams, Mass., Broadway Central H.; E. E. Miller, Malone, N. Y., St. Cloud H.; Joseph Linz, Dallas, Tex., H. Imperial; J. A. Cross, Chester, Pa., Morton H.; J. Creed, Jr, Boston, Mass., Astor H.; C. A. Fricker, Americus, Ga, St. Denis H.; E. A. Doyle, Lynn, Mass., H. Imperial; S. Simpson, Philadelphia, Pa., H. Jefferson; M. M. Garson, jewelry buyer for Garson, Kerngood & Co., Rochester, N. Y., H. Imperial; Miss L. Major, jewelry buyer for A. Lisner, Washington, D. C., H. Metropole; R. E. Kehl, F. H. Noble & Co., Chicago, Ill., Astor H.; H. L. Braham, Cincinnati, O., Sturtevant H.; A. L. Phillips, Jamestown, N. Y., H. Metropole; J. Eichenberg, Providence, R. I., Grand Union H.

#### \$10,000 worth of Diamonds Seized by Pacific Coast Customs Officers.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., May 10.—It is reported that Port Inspector Forbush and the customs officers have seized \$10,000 worth of diamonds, which were attempted to be smuggled off the ship *Duke of Argyle*, from Australia, now coaling here.



#### The Appeal Against the U.S. Appraisers' Decision Anent Duty on Diamonds.

Judge Towrsend, in the United States Circuit Court, in New York, Friday and Monday, heard the appeal from the decision rendered Feb. 7 by the United States Board of General Appraisers, in which diamonds were declared to be free of duty by virtue of the wording of the Tariff Act of August, 1894. The decision, which was published in full in THE CIRCULAR of Feb. 13, was given on the protest of Jos. Frankel's Sons against the decision of the Collector at New York upon diamonds imported by that firm about Aug. 28, 1894. The stones were assessed at 25 per cent. duty under Par. 338, Schedule N, of the Tariff Law of 1894, providing for precious stones. The importers claimed that the goods were exempt from duty by virtue of Par. 467 of the free list which provides for "diamonds; glaziers', miners' and engravers' diamonds, and diamond dust or bort and jewels used in the manufacture of watches and clocks." The General Appraisers in a long and elaborate decision sustained the protest of the importers, and the Collector then appealed to the Circuit Court.

In the argument of this appeal, Assistant United States District Attorney Platt appeared for the Collector. He commenced by reviewing and commenting on the testimony at the hearing before the United States Board of General Appraisers, which, he said, was taken only from witnesses called by the importers. Among these witnesses were Leopold Stern, Jno. C. Mount, A. J. G. Hodenpyl and August Oppenheimer. The only ground on which the Board decided that diamonds were on the free list, said Mr. Platt, was that a semicolon appeared after the word "diamonds" in paragraph 467. Mr. Platt then called the Court's attention to a former opinion of the Board, in which they held that punctuation was no part of a statute and also to the decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals on that opinion.

The claim set up by the Government was that in paragraph 467 the word "diamonds" was a mere heading or subheading of the paragraph relating to miners', glaziers' and engravers' diamonds. Mr. Platt quoted authorities to show that punctuation was no part of a statute, and then showed by other paragraphs in the free list that contained headings in the way of a general term, that these subheadings merely related to the articles following the term. The subheadings were not always accurate, and there was no uniformity in punctuation of this act. The principle in arranging the free list seemed to be to place articles in the alphabetical order of their subheadings. The use of the subheading "diamonds." Mr. Platt argued, was merely to indicate the general character of the many articles in that paragraph, which would naturally be sought for under that head. He quoted instances from previous statutes

showing that the punctuation made no difference. Leaving the question of punctuation, Mr. Platt took up the legislative intent of the statute.

The debates and history of the legislation at the time of the passage of this act left no doubt as to its intent, as the principle followed would seem to have been to tax luxuries to the highest extent.

Another point made by the Government was that even admitting the term "diamonds" in Par. 467 not to be a subheading, as diamonds are concededly precious stones, Par. 338, Schedule N, relating to "precious stones cut but not set" explicitly provides for cut diamonds, more specifically even than does Par. 467 reading "Diamonds." Mr. Platt then read the testimony of Simon Dessau, I. C. Yawger, Herman Levy and others, which he had taken in order to show that ininers', glaziers', and engravers' diamonds are as true diamonds in the general acceptation of the term as are the "brilliants" sold to jewelers.

Mr. Platt concluded his argument by quoting from various tariff acts from 1816 to the present time, proving that heretofore cut diamonds had always been dutiable under the clause relating to "precious stones, cut but not set," and then went on to show that it was the manifest intention of the last Congress to raise the duty on all diamonds, as well as other precious stones, leaving only glaziers', miners', and engravers' diamonds, not set, on the Free List.

W. Wickham Smith, of Curie, Smith & Mackie, counsel for the importers, answered Mr. Platt with a strong argument sustaining the decision of the Board of Appraisers. He first dwelt upon the fundamental principle of revenue law, that the Government's title to any tax must be clear, and that in all cases of doubt the importer was entitled to the benefit. Par. 338, he said, provided for the three states of precious stones, rough, cut and set, and therefore the argument that it was more specific than Par 467 relating merely to diamonds, could not hold.

Later, Mr. Smith recited to the court a number of decisions of the Supreme Court which held that duty on an article was governed by the paragraph in which the article was named, even though it be more specifically described under another general head. In answer to the statement that the word "diamonds" in paragraph 467 was merely a subheading, Mr. Smith rapidly went through the tariff act pointing out that each heading or subheading was distinct and could not be confounded with the articles mentioned thereunder.

Counsel read from a decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals in which the court took the Board of Appraisers to task for changing in a tariff bill what was clearly a mistake in engrossing, and the court held that, even though this were a mistake, the fact that Congress had attempted and failed to correct the mistake left the court no discretion but to accept the letter of the law. In the case in court Mr. Smith showed that Secretary Carlisle had called the wording

of paragraph 467 to the attention of Senator Voorhees, but that Congress had refused to act. If "diamonds" was a heading, then the remainder of the paragraph relating to jewels for watches and clocks could not properly be in the paragraph.

Continuing the argument Monday morning, Mr. Smith reviewed the points made Friday, to explain why, if diamonds were meant to be free, miners', engravers' and glaziers' diamonds were also enumerated; he quoted the decisions of the Treasury Department on the mounted glaziers' and engravers' diamonds, which, said Mr. Smith, might give rise to many suits and protests, if the diamonds for these tools were not specifically enumerated.

The fact that prior to this time diamonds had always been dutiable had no weight as evidence, as Congress had in the same bill put on the free list, raw wool, paintings and other articles which had heretofore paid a duty. Mr. Smith called special attention to the Tariff law as introduced into Congress in 1893, and the section in the free list on " diamonds and all precious stones, rough or uncut, including glaziers' and engravers' diamonds," etc., and showed how, after various amendments, the Senate had changed the paragraph by striking out the words after "diamonds" from "and" to "including," leaving diamonds free. Precious stones uncut were then put in Par. 333, with a duty of 10 per cent. If the Senate had wished to put a duty on diamonds, why was not the word stricken from Par. 467 together with precious stones?

The intent of the law, Mr. Smith contended, could only be taken into consideration where the statute was ambiguous; but this rule cannot apply when the statute, as in this case, is clear and unequivocal even though it may be unwise, mischievous and even unjust in its effects. For the Circuit Court to attempt to reverse the appraisers' decision and make the clause read as interpreted by the Treasury Department, would, said the counsel, be to usurp the power to legislate.

Mr. Platt answered Mr. Smith, but made few points outside those which he brought out in the first argument.

Judge Townsend took the papers, and stated that he would render his decision in a few days.

As foretold in THE CIRCULAR of May 1st, Isidor Dubois and Julius Hageman, the purser and fourth officer of the Waesland, who are accused of smuggling, have based their defence on the recent decision of the Board of Appraisers, declaring diamonds to be free of duty. Their demurrer to the charge of smuggling was filed in the United States Circuit Court, Friday. Counsel for the defendants, Pentecost and Gatling, aver in the demurrer that diamonds are not dutiable under the tariff act of 1894, and that, therefore, no crime has been committed by their clients against the United States. The demurrer will be argued on these lines to-day.

#### Boston.

Ed. Harmon, Montreal representative of Robbins, Appleton & Co., was in Boston the past week.

F. V. Clergue, New York agent of the E. Howard Watch & Clock Co., was in Boston the past week on a business trip.

Orme & Haight, manufacturing jewelers, formerly at 8 Bromfield St., have taken quarters on the third floor at 386 Washington St.

H. L. Reynolds has accepted the position of head watchmaker for Smith, Patterson & Co. He was formerly with E. E. Hosmer, Providence.

Among the June weddings will be that of Herbert W. Richards, of George H. Richards, Jr., & Co., to Miss Currier, of Lawrence, Mass., which is announced to take place on the 7th.

Mr. Romer, of Charles Romer & Sons, London, Eng., has been in Boston the past week. The firm deal in a line of goods used by watch manufacturers, and Mr. Romer visited the Waltham and Howard factories while here.

The Buskirk Jewelry Co. of this city have incorporated with a capital stock of \$1,000 to buy, sell and deal in jewelry, silverware, merchandise, optical goods, etc. The promoters are Jas. E. Cunningham, Edwin A. Whitney and Clara E. Stiles.

The spade with which Gov. Greenhalge

officially broke ground for Boston's rapid transit subway, is to be preserved and has been placed in the hands of George H. Richards, Jr. & Co. for nickel plating and polishing. It will have affixed to it a silver plate suitably inscribed.

Buyers in town the past week included Charles Temple, of the Temple & Farrington Co., Manchester, N. H.; H. A. Stone, Ayer, Mass.; E. F. Robinson, Ellsworth, Me.; A, S. Gordon, Laconia, N. H.; A. O. Putnam, Claremont, N. H.; G. O. Foye, Athol, Mass.; F. I. Hartenstein, Rockville, Conn.; B. D. Loring, Plymouth, Mass.

#### Philadelphia.

Harry Schimpf has gone to Pittsburgh to attend the funeral of his father-in-law.

Mrs. John L. Borsch and Miss Katie Borsch were passengers on the *Kensington* from this port for Liverpool, Saturday.

J. F. Simons is a candidate for member of the Board of Managers of the Manufacturers' Club.

J. Albert Caldwell, Mrs. Caldwell and J. Emmett Caldwell were passengers on the *Paris* from New York for Europe last week.

Out-of-town buyers here the past week included: Jacob Wetzstein, Phœnixville, Pa.; E. Lewis, Bridgton, N. J.; F. T. Foy, Jenkinstown, Pa.; B. F. Cramer, Pemberton, N. J.; L. O. Waller, Smyrna, Del., and L. F. Carlin, Perkiomen, Md. The Rosendale Optical Co. have opened an establishment at 110S. 10th St. J. Rosendale, formerly in the wholesale watch and jewelry business, is general manager, and associated with him is E. E. Shreiner, formerly with Queen & Co. James Jones, watchmaker, formerly at 1013 Chestnut St., is in the same establishment.

An interesting double event took place in the hall of the Mercantile Club, N. Broad St., on the evening of the 5th inst. Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Kind celebrated the silver anniversary of their marriage, and Miss Clara Kind, their daughter, was married to Joseph Kohn, of this city. Frank H. Kind was the master of ceremonies, and there were about 250 guests present.

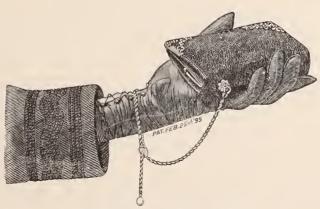
A meeting was held in Odd Fellows' Hall, Broad and Spring Garden Sts., Monday night, to further the movement for establishing a horological society in Philadelphia. The movement will soon take definite shape, and E. Lewis, of Herzberg & Bros., who is one of its active promoters, says the society will be successfully established in a month. The society will be modeled after a similar body in Chicago, and will be devoted to horological study and research. Lectures on technical subjects will be an important factor in its proceed. ings.

L. C. Warriner has purchased a half interest in W. P. Nisbitt's jewelry store, Grand Rapids, Minn.

## THIS CHAIN IS FULLY PROTECTED BY LETTERS PATENT DATED FEB. 26, 1895.

MADE IN STERLING SILVER, STERLING SILVER GILT, ROLLED PLATE, AND SILVER PLATE, IN

THREE DOZEN DESIGNS.



All new and artistic, including the popular Rope, Fox-tail, Link and Curb Patterns, also our NEW BEAD, a specially good seller. The line is to-day the finest ever shown.

Plain, Engraved, Chased and Enameled Slides.

"APPLIED IN A MOMENT."

THE IDEAL SAFETY CHAIN. Patented Feb. 26, 1895.

WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO MAINTAIN OUR RIGHTS.

BATES & BAGON,

167 DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO, ILLS.

11 JOHN STREET,

NEW YORK.

11

#### Decisions of Interest by the U. S. Board of General Appraisers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 13.—On July 26, 1893, a protest was ordered by Leon J. Glaenzer & Co. against a decision of the Collector of Customs of New York as to the rate and amount of duties chargeable on certain so-called pins. The goods in question consisted of a dagger shaped article of horn about 6 inches in length, surmounted by a scroll shaped open filigree work metallic head in imitation of gold and set with mitation sapphires, emeralds and other precious stones

These goods were returned by the appraiser as manufactures of metal and horn, with metal as the chief component part, and they were assessed for duty at 45 per cent. under paragraph 215, act of Oct. I, 1890. Leon J. Glaenzer & Co. claimed that these articles should have been rated as metallic pins at 30 per cent. under paragraph 206, and alternately at 45 per cent. under paragraph 215, or at 50 per cent. under paragraph 452 of said act.

A decision in the case was rendered by General Appraiser Tichenor, before the Board of United States General Appraisers at New York recently, to the effect that the goods in question were designed to be worn in the hair or about the head by ladies as articles of personal adornment, and that they were not "pins, metallic," the shank portion being composed entirely of horn, and that the ornamental mounting of imitation gold and glass settings in imitation of precious stones formed the component material, and was the feature of chief value.

The result of this finding was that the goods were "jewelry," and as such were dutiable under paragraph 452 of the Tariff Act of 1890; therefore, the alternative claim of the protestants, that they were dutiable at 50 per cent. under said paragraph, was sustained. Otherwise the protest was overruled, on the authority of the decision of the Circuit Court of the Southern District of New York *in re* Goldberg 53 Fed. Rep. 1015, and repeated decisions of the Board.

PEARL COLLAR BUTTONS NOT CLASSED AS JEWELRY.

On Jan. 6, 1894, there was landed at the port of New York by the *Britannic* 35 gross of buttons invoiced to Weiller & Sons, as "pearl collar buttons." The collector of customs assessed duty on this importation at 50 per cent. ad valorem, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 452 of the Act of Oct. 1, 1890, which provides for "jewelry composed of precious stones or imitations thereof."

An appeal from this decision was entered by the appellants on Jan. 8, 1894, upon the claim that said articles were dutiable at the appropriate rates provided for pearl buttons in paragraph 429, or else at 40 per cent. as provided in paragraph 462. The buttons in question were of two varieties, and were composed in one case of pearl or shell backs and gold plated metal heads and posts, and in the other of shell or pearl heads and backs and metal posts.

A decision was rendered recently by General Appraiser Sharrets, in which the appeal was sustained with the following findings:

"That said articles are not commercially known as pearl buttons nor as pearl collar buttons, but they are in fact buttons of which shell or pearl is the component material of chief value; \* \* \* that said buttons are not commercially known as jewelry, that pearl collar buttons are pearl buttons, and that said buttons not being commercially known as pearl buttons, although composed in chief value of pearl, are not included in the provisions of paragraph 429 for pearl buttons, and further that they are provided for in and are dutiable under paragraph 462, of the Tariff Act of Oct. I, 1890."

#### Bay State Watch Case Co. Meet a Snag In Their Petition for Dissolution.

Boston, Mass., May 10. — The Bay State Watch Case Co. were before Judge Holmes May 7th in the Supreme Court on their petition for their dissolution as a Massachusetts corporation. The company have no debts outstanding, but it appeared that there was a suit pending against the concern in New York, brought by the Dueber Watch Case Mfg. Co. for damages under the antiboycott law of that State. There was a trial of this case in that State and the jury disagreed, but the case is still pending.

The Court took the petition for dissolution under advisement, so as to ascertain that this suit was not a hindrance to the dissolution of the corporation.

#### Springfield, Mass.

T. J. Morrow, the Holyoke jeweler, has begun the erection of an \$3,000 residence in that city.

R. Russell, of the Westfield jewelry firm of Russell Bros., has bought a building lot in that town, and plans to erect a fine residence in the near future.

Mrs. Sarah E. Woods, widow of Hopkins Woods, and mother of George H. Woods, of Woods & Hosley, died last week aged 79. Her body was taken to Northfield for burial.

Samuel S. Hyde, who worked in this city for a short time and who later went to Amherst, to ,work for A. F. Bardwell, has bought out the latter's jewelry store, and will take possession this week.

The Metropolitan Furniture Co., of this city, have incorporated with a capital stock of \$100,000 for the buying, selling and leasing of furniture, household goods, watches, jewelry, etc. R. A. Knight, Crosby Salmon, F. H. Young, A. B. Armstrong and Chas. L. Hotchkiss are the promotors.

Carl M. Wheaton, of Waltham, has been in the city the past week trying to raise additional capital to increase the business of the Waltham Clock Co., and remove the works to this city. He says that the company are in good condition and have all the work chey can attend to, but that their field might be broadened by the introduction of more capital. A number of the promoters of the clock company are interested in the Waltham Screw Co., and it is hoped both concerns will be brought to this city. The clock company have a patent escapement which reduces friction to a minimum, and decreases the weight necessary to run the clock by about three-fourths.

#### Pittsburgh.

W. H. Milchsack is in New York on business.

Gus. Retman, lately with Grafner Bros. is now with G. B. Barrett & Co.

Otto C. Siedle, of R. Siedle & Sons, was married May 2, and is now east on his wedding trip.

Albert Pafenbach, of Witzel & Pafenbach, who has been ill for the past ten days, is now convalescent.

Max Arnheim, Liberty St., recently gave a bill of sale to Grafner Bros., who sold out to Mrs. Rose Arnheim, of Allegheny.

J. Arnheim & Sons, Federal St., Allegheny, were sold out by the sheriff, Wednesday, May 8, on an execution for \$3,030.

C. E. Snyder has removed to his new residence on 41st St., and to his new store at 3711 Butler St. The storeroom has been completely remodeled and restocked.

The large silver cup now on exhibition to be given by the Western University at the Intercollegiate games in June was designed and made by August Loch, jeweler, Allegheny.

The store of John M. Roberts was closed several days of last week, owing to the death of Mrs. Roberts' father, Joseph Loughrey, one of the city's most highly respected business men.

Visiting jewelers last week were: A. C. Graue, Sharpsburg; A. E. Siviter, Wilkensburg; Geo. V. Brady, Washington, Pa.; B. Neville, Dawson; I. G. Dillon, Wheeling, W. Va.; Harvey Wallace, Smith's Ferry.

Travelers in Pittsburgh, the past weck were: L. E. Smith, M. B. Bryant & Co.; N. D. Prentiss, Alling & Co.; Charles E. Dorr, Gorham Mfg. Co.; J. F. Townley, Ripley-Howland Mfg. Co.; J. F. Dean, Reed & Barton; W. S. Pond, E. G. Webster & Son; Mr. Brooks, Brooks & Pike; A. L. Stearns, Roy Watch Case Co.; D. Skutch, Waterbury Clock Co.; F. H. Carpenter, Alfred H. Smith & Co.; Mr. Smith, Holmes & Edwards Silver Co.

The Ledos Mfg. Co., manufacturers of watch case materials, Newark, N. J., are installed in their new factory at 34 and 36 Pearl St., where, with increased facilities and the latest modern improvements in machinery, they have a much larger capacity for turning out work.



Traveling representatives may consider these columns open for the publication of any news or items of interest regarding themselves or their confreres.

A MONG the younger resenting houses in the jewelry and kindred trades, few are better or more favorably known than Harry Brewer Bliss, who heralds the wares of the Gorham Mfg. Co.

He is in his 23d year, having been born Oct. 29. 1872, in New York. At the age of 16 years he left school and entered the



employ of the Gorham Mfg. Co. as office boy. Subsequently he was for three years salesman in the Maiden Lane store of the company, and for the past four years has been on the road from the Broadway and

HARRY B. BLISS.

19th St. establishment. Mr. Bliss covers the States of Ohio, Indiana and Michigan.

Eastern jobbers and manufacturers represented in the Twin Cities the past week were: Sussfeld, Lorsch & Co., by C. O. E. Hartung; Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., by W. F. Adams; Max Nathan, by Rudolph Cohn.

Traveling men in New Haven, Conn., last week were: Mr. Jones, Jones & Woodland; Mr. Thompson, Bioren Bros.; Mr. Manchester, for Albert Walker, Providence; Mr. Valfer, S. Valfer & Co.; H. Henrichs; representatives of Van Burgh Silver Plate Co., J. B. Bowden & Co., and L. H. Keller & ·Co.

The most recent jewelry travelers to Springfield, Mass., have been: George W. Read, William B. Kerr & Co.; S. C. Graves, H. C. Hardy & Co.; A. Rutherford, Kirby, Mowry & Co.; John A. Abel, Lewis, Kaiser & Luthy; E. Horton, J. B. Bowden & Co.; H. C. Barnum, Shafer & Douglas; William Bixby, for Frank W. Smith.

A. Lesser's Sons, Syracuse, N. Y., are well represented on the road. S. H. Lesser left Tuesday last for a month's trip through western New York and Ohio. George Gross returned Wednesday from a two weeks' absence in southern New York and Pennsylvania, and John Tausand is traveling through northern New York and Vermont.

The following men were seen in Indianapolis, Ind., last week: Mr. Porter, R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co.; W. J. Miller, Seth Thomas Clock Co.; Mr. Smith, Kent &

Stanley Co.; H. Somborn, Albert Berger & Co.; Mr. Dickenson, Elgin National Watch Co.; Geo. L. Paine, E. I. Franklin & Co.; R. W. Pave, New Haven Clock Co.; Jos. Becker, Jos. Fahys & Co.; F. R. Cross, Dueber Watch Case Mfg. Co.

Mr. Butler, Geo. Borgfeldt & Co.; Mr. Crane, Strobell & Crane; A. H. Atwood Towle Mfg. Co.; D. C. Tracy, Geo. Borg. feldt & Co.; C. W. Cary, J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co.; Wm. T. Gough, Carter, Sloan & Co.; Matthias Stratton, Jr., Jno. W. Reddall & Co.; A. D. Engelsman, Goodfriend Bros.; Louis Barnett, Emile M. Bracken, and a representative of Eichberg & Co. were the travelers in Louisville last week.

The following travelers were in Kansas City, Mo., the past week : Frank F. Gibson for Wm. Kinscherf; Rudolph Noel, for R. A. Breidenbach; Mr. Crane, Strobell & Crane; Nat Wolff, for S. Lindenborn; C. O. Harting, Sussfeld, Lorsch & Co.; W. S. Strauss, Jacob Strauss & Sons; W. H. McCormick, Waterbury Clock Co.; J. C. Tinker, for W. B. Durgin; M. Townsend, Townsend, Desmond & Voorhis; A. J. Sherrard, Enos Richardson & Co.

Travelers in Philadelphia, Pa., the past week were: A. W. Atwater, Brooklyn Watch Case Co.; Mr. Hudson, H. F. Barrows & Co.; J. E. Townley, Ripley-Howland Mfg. Co.; Harry Dougherty, E. Howard Watch & Clock Co.; Louis Combermont; Leo Henle, Sussfeld, Lorsch & Co.; Win. H. Tarlton, Wightman & Hough Co.; H. Granbery, Reeves & Sillcocks; Benj. Schloss, A. Wallach & Co.; F. Lewis, Lewis, Kaiser & Luthy; and E. H. Pellerreau, Shafer & Douglas.

The following traveling salesmen passed through Detroit last week. Mr. Konkol, Ducommun & Konkol; M. S. Seelman, A. Isaacs & Co.; H. J. Loos, Jr., with Adam J. Loos; S. Levy, S. Levy & Co.; Mark Franklin, A. Pinover & Co.; Thomas B. Davis, The Middletown Plate Co.; A. Peabody; Alfred Varian, . Dennison Mfg. Co.; James D. Kay, Julius King Optical Co.; J. E. Simonson, A. J. Hedges & Co.; C. J. Leise, American Morocco Case Co.; Mr Robinson, Link, Angell & Weiss; Mr. Davidson, Harrison Brothers & Howson; and James A. Cheney, Ludwig Nissen & Co.

Traveling men visiting the Hub the past week included: Leverett S. Lewis, Randel, Baremore & Billings; John A. Abel, Lewis, Kaiser & Luthy; V. W. Henderson, Enos Richardson & Co.; Frank Wood, Carter, Sloan & Co; E. R. Knight, Jr., S. B. Champlin & Son; William H. Jones, Jones & Woodland; Fred. Clarkson, Snow & Westcott; Eugene H. Cox, Sussfeld, Lorsch & Co.; Mr. Simons, Stern Bros. & Co.; W. H. Tarlton, Wightman & Hough Co.; E. A. Horton, J. B. Bowden & Co.; Frank Sherry, Joseph Fahys & Co.; A. W. Atwater, Brooklyn Watch Case Co.; C. Medbury, F. M. Whiting Co.; C. H. Barney, Middletown Plate Co.; H. B. Beach, Wilcox Silver Plate Co.

Travelers in Syracuse, N. Y., the past week included: Theo. L. Lyons, S. Lyons & Son; Frank G. Noyes, Max Freund & Co.; S. Glenn Walmsley, Tenner & Baum; Fred. H. England, Roseman & Levy; A. L. Halstead, the Barbour Silver Co.; Mr. Kehl, F. H. Noble & Co.; G. B. Osborn, Wm. Smith & Co.; W. B. Bynner, for T. B. Bynner; Mr. Brooks, Brooks & Pike; Frank Schoureck, Deitsch Bros.; G. P. Granbery, for J. L. Granbery; E. B. Whitaker, R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co.; William H. Pullman, for Charles Knapp; Edmond E. Robert; Gus W. Strandberg, E. L. Spencer & Co.; Charles Isabel, L. Strasburger's Son & Co.; "June" Battin, Battin & Co.; Mr. Neefus, F. Kroeber Clock Co.

#### The Attleboros.

James Sturdy, Frank Sturdy, C. L. Watson and others will shortly leave for a two weeks' camp in the woods of Maine.

The new engine was put in place in the Company's shop last week, and most of the concerns who occupy the building started up operations.

The manufacturers of the Attleboros have accepted, with some reluctance, the offer of A. B. Kapp, New York, to settle at 61 cents on the dollar. They felt he was able to settle in full.

F. H. Cutler, formerly of Cutler & Lull, has taken in as a partner, Austin Granbery, of New York. Mr. Granbery will assume the interest in the firm formerly held by Riley, French & Heffron.

C. M. Robbins and Ezekiel Blake have formed a partnership for the manufacture of jewelry, under the firm name of Robbins & Blake. They will begin business immediately and manufacture novelties. Mr. Blake is succeeded by his son, W. H. Blake as bookkeeper for Blake & Claflin.

#### A Sleek Pennyweighter Works in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 11.-W. U. Watson, jeweler, 457 Main St., is a victim of a clever sneak thief who is believed to be a professional of wide reputation. The police are after him and are anxious to find him, as is Mr. Watson.

The fellow, who is a sleek, well dressed and smooth tongued young man, entered Mr. Watson's store, a few days ago, and asked to be shown some rings. All kinds were examined, as the young man was undecided just what he wished. After some haggling, however, he selected a very cheap ring which suited him. He paid for it and left the store. The following day the police sent a man to Mr. Watson's store to ascertain if a certain young man whom they were looking for had been there. From their description, Mr. Watson recognized his customer of the day before. An examination of his traysfollowed and revealed the fact that a \$150 diamond ring was missing. It is supposed that the young man took it.

Waltham, Mass., May 1st, 1895.

We have this day placed on the market the following

## 18 Size Full Plate S. W. Movements.

#### HUNTING OR OPEN FACE.

Open Face are Pendant Setting.



No. 81, Gilded; 15 Jewels (Settings); Compensation Balance.



#### No. 87, Nickel;

17 Jewels (Settings); Compensation Balance, Adjusted; Patent Regulator; Patent Breguet Hairspring, Hardened and Tempered in Form; Double Sunk Dial.



No. 83, Nickel; 15 Jewels (Settings); Compensation Balance.



#### P. S. Bartlett, Gilded ;

17 Jewels (Settings); Compensation Balance, Adjusted; Patent Regulator; Patent Breguet Hairspring, Hardened and Tempered in Form; Double Sunk Dial.



#### No. 85, Gilded;

17 Jewels (Settings); Compensation Balance, Adjusted; Patent Regulator; Patent Breguet Hairspring, Hardened and Tempered in Form; Double Sunk Dial.



#### P. S. Bartlett, Nickel;

17 Jewels (Settings); Compensation Balance, Adjusted; Patent Regulator; Patent Breguet Hairspring, Hardened and Tempered in Form; Double Sunk Dial.

## AmericanWalthamWatch Company.

## The Jewelers' Circular HOROLOGICAL REVIEW. PUBLISHED AVERY WEDNESDAY BY

#### THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO.,

#### 189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF JEWELERS, WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS, ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALL ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of interest or value to our readers. Advertising matter will not be printed as news.

Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal.

Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid.

	PER ANNUM.
United States and Canada,	. \$2.00
Foreign Countries in Postal Union,	4 00
Single Copies, - *	10

New subscribers can commence at any time.

Payments for THE CIRCULAR when sent by mail, should be made in a Post-Office Money Order, Bank Check or Draft, or an Express Money Order or Reg-istered Letter. All postmasters are required to regis-ter letters whenever requested to do so.

Pay money only to authorized collectors having proper credentials.

Returning your paper will not enable us to discon-tinue it, as we cannot find your name on our books unless your address is given.

In changing address always give the old as well as the new one. Your name cannot be found on our books unless this is done.

We will continue to send papers until there is a specific order to stop, in connection with which all arrearages must be paid; but such an order can be given at *any time*, to take effect at or after the ex-piration of the subscription. All such orders will be promptly acknowledged by mail.

The Courts have decided that all subscribers to Journals are responsible until arrearages are paid in full and an order to discontinue has been received by the publisher.

Member	of	the	American	Trade	Press	Associa	tion.
Vol. X	XX	ζ.	May	15, 18	95.	No.	15

Every line of reading matter in The Jewelers' Circular, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written ex-clusively for this journal. Each issue of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR is copyof THE righted.

GOOD deal of balderdash has been A written since the cable dispatch was published a fortnight ago announcing that Prof. Clarke, of London, had said that, through the experiments of M. Moissan, diamonds of commercial value would soon be manufactured. A scientist's idea of the adverb "soon" is not readily appreciated by the ordinary person. When the mind indulges in conceptions of infinity, in calculations as to the age of the earth, in disputations as to number of stars, or as to whether the glacial period was 280 000 or only 215,-000 years ago, perhaps the word "soon" in such a mind has a significance altogether different from that commonly accepted. Undoubtedly Prof. Clarke would consider 5,000 years hence quite soon, and so would we if diamonds were then manufactured large enough to be of commercial value.

#### Popularity of

WHILE it is a matter of doubt that London is the ar-Earrings.

biter of fashion in men's apparel in this country, it is not open to question that Paris regulates in America the fashions in women's dress and ornamentation. When Paris says: "Woman, you must wear diamond earrings," diamond earrings the American woman will wear if she can get them. Tourists returned from Paris say that these jewels are being extensively worn in that city, and writers are observing that the fashion is being echoed throughout the United States. Travelers for diamond houses are having good trade in earrings, and altogether the truth of statements made in previous issues of THE CIRCULAR that the earring is on the flood tide of popularity, is being daily corroborated.

#### The Department Store Again.

MONG the so-A called one-kind merchants who discern their own salva-

tion in the suppression of the large department bazaars, the idea of licensing the dry goods and other dealers, in order to prevent any store from handling wares not specified in the license, is gaining ground. We fail to see the feasibility of this plan; the less governmental regulation of business, the better for all concerned, merchants and the public. Few classes of dealers, at the present day, confine their operations to one distinct line of merchandise; grocers sell wines, liquors, coal, wood, brushes, brooms and other outside lines besides those known as groceries; druggists sell cigars, stationery and jewelry, besides drugs and medicines; while, coming down to our own industry, jewelers handle bric-à-brac, cutglass, fans, and now bicycles, in addition to those lines comprehended in the term jewelry. But these dealers keep up the prices of the outside lines to their standard. The real trouble does not lie in the simple fact that the department store extends its arms out into every industry like a mighty octopus, thus entering into competition with the one-line dealers; the trouble resides in the character of this competition. Were the principles governing the disposal of goods by the department store the same as those by the other dealers, the latter would have no room for complaint; but as this is not the case, and as the small one-line dealers are feeling the ground slipping from under their feet through ruinous competition of the department store, they have, as far as they themselves are concerned, a right to complain. Every industry is experiencing the baleful effects of the operations of the department store, jewelers, grocers, hardware dealers, crockery dealers, shoe dealers, and clothiers. The latest stroke of enterprise of a Brooklyn department store is the organization of a milk route to be covered hv 100 wagons, and the milk to be sold at 5% the usual price charged by the regular milk dealers. It would seem that the entire retail trade must, before long, converge into a small number of extensive, conglomerate establishments; but even in our present headlong progressive decade, in which we feel that anything is possible of achievement, our spirit will not accept the idea of a city's population doing all its purchasing at a dozen stores. "There is something rotten in the State of Denmark," and we think the key to the solution of the problem is to be found with the manufacturers. If they will confine their sales to the regular channels, a part of the trouble will be overcome. They themselves will be benefitted, for while their output may not be as large, their profits will be proportionately larger, and they will not be practically owned by the department stores. Six hundred small jewelers may not dispose of as large quantity of goods as 10 large department stores, but they will yield as large profit and will not prove as great risk to the manufacturer.

#### To Acquire Trade in South Africa.

THE CIRCU-LAR, a few weeks ago, announced to the trade that

an American Exhibition had been planned to take place in South Africa, and urged manufacturers of jewelry, clocks, watches, silverware, etc., to investigate the matter. The South African American Exhibition will be held in November, 1896, ostensibly for the benefit of American manufacturers and merchants, who, the promoters of the enterprise say, have much to gain, as the markets of South Africa have not yet been properly exploited by American business men, and that country bids fair to become "the land of the future." The following copy of a circular letter received from the secretary of the exhibition will be read with interest :

SOUTH AFRICAN AMERICAN EXHIBITION.

#### To Manufacturers, etc.:

1895.

Several South African merchants, American and otherwise, together with our local consul, have discussed the idea of an American Exhibition to be held in South Africa during November, 1896 (our Spring, your Fall), at some city to be subsequently decided upon, and we should be glad to know if your firm would be desirous of being represented thereat. The enormous strides made by this country during the last few years have been most remarkable, and such a scheme, if properly worked out, would form an unrivalled advertisement which would be noticed by the whole of South Africa and not confined to any one place, and as this is pre-eminently the land of the future, is well worthy of your attention. On behalf of the Provisional Committee I should be pleased to supply you with any statistics or information generally as to the country's resources and trade, and arrangements would be made for a special low freight rate.

Before submitting a draft prospectus the feeling of manufacturers and merchants in America towards such a project is being tested, and 1 trust to hear favorably from you per return, and that your price lists will be sent to the American Society of South Africa. therewith. Yours truly, I. F. WEBNER.

P. O. Box 429, Cape Town, South Africa, April,

#### New York Notes.

Wesley S. Block arrived from Europe last week on the *Lucania*.

R. Lewisohn has filed a judgment for \$410.45 against Nellie Butler.

Krementz & Co. have filed a judgment for \$316.12 against Chas. Casper.

Benedict Bros. have entered a judgment for \$131.40 against Moritz Pinner.

Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Sypher were passengers for Europe on the *Umbria* Saturday.

The F. Kroeber Clock Co. have filed a judgment for \$72.14 against G. L. Sessions.

L. & J. Adler & Co. have filed a judgment for \$941.30 against Carny McCarthy.

Max Freund, of Max Freund & Co., will sail for Europe, Saturday, on the *Lucania*.

Julius Eichenberg, Providence, .R. I., arrived from Europe last week, on the *Saale*.

A judgment against Henry Carter for \$356.64 has been entered in favor of J. T. Jnman.

S. Von Wezel has been admitted to membership in the New York Jewelers' Board of Trade.

The judgment for \$88.10 entered March 22d by A. M. Bachrach against Wm. Tobias, has been satisfied.

Among the passengers for Europe on *La Normandie*, Saturday, were Mr. and Mrs. A. Geoffroy, and Mr. Redon.

M. J. Lasar and Mr. and Mrs. S. Lindenborn were among the passengers sailing for Europe May 7, on the *Havel*.

The *Paris*, which sailed for Europe Wednesday, contained among its passengers, J. Albert and Mrs. Caldwell, Philadelphia.

R. O. Kruger, New York, representing G. K. Webster, North Attleboro, Mass., has removed from 176 Broadway to 11 John St.

Lee Kohns, of L. Straus & Sons, A. Ludeke, Mrs. Ludeke and Miss Emma Ludeke, sailed for Europe on the *Teutonic*, May 8th.

A judgment for \$881.71 has been entered in this city against A. S. & S. I. Koplik, in favor of the American Natioual Bank, Providence, R. I.

Gabriel Brenauer, assignee of Morris Livingston, is advertising for the creditors • of the latter to present their claims at the office of Benj. Patterson, 234 Broadway, on or before Aug. 3d.

Steinhardt & Goldman, attorneys of this city, have entered judgments for \$957.70 and \$614.76 against Alfred C. Smith, in favor of Aeby, Bellenot & Co., watch manufacturers, of Switzerland.

On the complaint of Anthony Comstock, E. L. Rossman, 55 Ave. B, was held for trial in \$1,000 bail Friday by Police Justice McMahon in the Tombs Police Court on a charge of conducting a watch lottery.

The jury to try Police Inspector Mc

Laughlin for extortion and bribery, completed Wednesday, after about a month's delay, numbered among its members Emanuel J. Pelikan, jeweler, 42 John St., and Joseph Bulova, manufacturing jeweler, 57 Maiden Lane.

A circular from the A. C. Smith Watch Co. states that the company have disposed of their watch business to R. A. Loveland. A. C. Smith is now in the west in the vicinity of Yellowstone Park. His trip is taken for the purpose of obtaining a much needed rest, and incidentally to look after some interests in gold mining.

Judge Lacombe, of the United States Circuit Court, Friday signed an order in the suit of the Dueber Watch Case Mfg. Co. against the E. Howard Watch & Clock Co. and other defendants, granting the Howard Co. a judgment against the plaintiffs for costs amounting to \$59.35. The amount is the costs of an appeal to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals on the demurrer of the E. Howard Watch & Clock Co. decided in favor of this company.

In the appeal by Herman Zimmern & Co. from the decision of the United States Board of General Appraisers on silk vest chains imported by the appellants, Judge Townsend of the United States Circuit Court, decided that the articles in question did not come under the common designation for jewelry in the ordinary sense of the word, nor are they considered jewelry by the trade. The decision of the Board of Appraisers was, therefore, affirmed.

Another attempt will soon be made looking toward a consolidation of the New York Jewelers' Association and the New York Jewelers' Board of Trade. Notwithstanding the failure of the last committees from these organizations to agree on a basis for amalgamation, new committees will soon meet to renew the attempt. President Hodenpyl, of the Board of Trade, stated that the committee from his organization had already been appointed. President A. K. Sloan, of the New York Jewelers' Association, told a CIRCULAR reporter that no committee from that body had yet been named.

Clarence N. Wilcox, 22 years old, a member of the 23d Reg't of Brooklyn, was held for trial last week on the charge of larceny preferred by C. C. Adams & Co., jewelers, 474 Fulton St., Brooklyn. On April 29, Wilcox, it is charged, obtained a gold watch valued at \$78 on a memorandum for the purpose of reselling it. He pawned the watch on the same day for \$25. The next day he got a gold watch under similar circumstances from Edward Washburn, 25 Maiden Lane, which he pawned for \$25. He also got a fine gold watch from A. A. Webster & Co., and pawned it for \$35 in Brooklyn. Pawn tickets for the three watches were found on him.

Geo. Carleton Comstock has commenced actions in replevin in the New York Supreme Court, against Wm. Simpson and Wm. Simpson & Co., pawnbrokers, to re-

cover goods obtained by John Ronaldson on memorandum and pawned by him with the Simpsons. The actions are brought in the names of Ludwig Nissen and John C. Mount, to whom Donaldson's many creditors have assigned their claims. The cases came before Judge Ingraham in Supreme Court Chambers, Friday, on a motion for an order directing the sheriff to show the jewels. The goods were recovered from the Simpsons some ti ne since, and are in the keeping of the sheriff. Simpson claims the property, and insists that the sheriff is bound to retain possesssion of the diamonds until he learns who the rightful owner is. Judge Ingraham reserved his decision.

Executions were issued to the Sheriff Wednesday against John H. Welsh, retail jeweler, 271 Greenwich St., on confessed judgments to Seaman Lichtenstein for \$1.328, and to Alex. Yule for \$310 for money loaned. Mr. Welsh has been in business for 40 years, and a few years ago claimed to be worth \$100,000. He owned the property 271 and 273 Greenwich St., but transferred it Wednesday to Mrs. Belle V. Raymond, previously giving a mortgage on it for \$13,000 to the Irving National Bank. Horwitz & Hershfield, attorneys for the judgment creditors, state that the failure was the result of dull trade in the past two years, and creditors pressing Mr. Welsh for money. Mr. Welsh claims that he will pay dollar tor dollar if his creditors give him time.

#### Letters to the Editor.

#### THE JEWELERS' SECURITY ALLIANCE THANK THE TRADE JOURNALS.

NEW YORK, May 10th, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

At the annual meeting of the Alliance, held on the 7th inst., "It was moved and carried that a vote of thanks be extended to the trade journals for their courtesy during the past year."

Yours respectfully,

GEO. H. HODENPYL, Sec'y. G. C.

### FORMATION OF A NEW JERSEY ASSOCIATION OF OPTICIANS.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., May 11, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

We the undersigned wish to call the attention of the graduate opticians of the State of New Jersey to the urgent need of combining to form an optical society for the protection of our mutual interests, and request all those in favor of it to send their addresses to THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR SO AS to arrange a meeting. W. ERKELENS, Secretary.

[THE CIRCULAR will be pleased to forward to Secretary Erkelens all letters received in response to the foregoing communication.— ED.]

Brown & Dean, Providence, R. I., have been succeeded by the Brown & Dean Co.

#### Twelfth Annual Meeting of the Jewelers' Security Alliance.

The twelfth annual meeting of the Jewelers' Security Alliance, held at the Alliance office, 170 Broadway, New York, May 7th, was called to order at 3.05 o'clock, by president A. K. Sloan. The minutes of the last annual meeting were read and approved. The treasurer's report was read, and on motion accepted and ordered placed on file. The report of the auditing committee was read, accepted, and ordered placed on file with the treasurer's report, and on motion a vote of thanks was tendered the committee for the excellence and thoroughness of their work.

The report of the executive committee. as follows, was read, accepted and ordered placed on file :

Mr. President' and Members of the Jewelers' Security Alliance: Your executive committee herewith present their twelfth annual report :

We have held ten regular and three special meetings, at which has been transacted the business necessary for the protection of the Alliance and its members. Since the last annual meeting we have admitted one hundred and forty-seven (147) and re-instated three (3). Ninety-six (96) have been dropped and withdrawn, making our present membership number fourteen hundred and sixty-eight (1468), an increase of fifty-one (51). Thus, while the business depression, commencing in 1893, and affecting all kinds of business, has prevailed during the past year, the Alliance has been able to increase its membership, a fact gratifying to your executive committee, and, we hope, to every member.

The safe of A. Bourgeois, Jackson, Miss., a member, was broken open February 28th by two expert safe burglars and goods of considerable value taken. We were promptly advised and work was begun on the case at once, with the result that both burglars are known, and one is now in jail at Jackson, and the other man we will get, but so far he has successfully eluded us. We have ample evidence, we think, to convict, and full particulars of the case will be given you when completed. We have noticed, within the past year, an increasing number of safe burglaries among jewelers, but with the exception of Mr. Bourgeois, our members have escaped, showing the Alliance is feared by professional safe burglars, and that our certificate of membership, prominently displayed over or near a safe, is, many times, a protection against robbery. We have the following letter from a member on this subject:

"On Saturday, April 20th, at night, my store was broken into through the rear door; all my goods of value were in my safe, be-fore which I had hung the Jewelers' Alliance sign: though rather torn and disfigured by them it was left in the store laying on the floor; nothing was taken, and I believe that the membership in our Security Alliance saved my safe from being opened. Please send me a new sign, as the old one looks pretty badly done up, and you will greatly oblige,

#### Yours very truly,

#### (Signed) FRED. GOOSMAN.

G. W. Hickox & Hixson, of El Paso, Tex., who were not members of the Alliance, recently suffered a loss of \$15,000, from safe burglars, who escaped, although they spent some money for detective work. Your committee, who serve without pay, and only for the interest they take in the Alliance, knowing it to be the best possible protection for the retail jeweler against safe burglars, would be gratified if the members individually would take a personal interest and work for new members. So successful has the Alliance been that the bankers throughout the country have formed an association called "The American Bankers' Association " for mutual protection against forgers, counterfeiters and sneak thieves, and practically adopted our constitution and by laws

We are more than ever under obligation to the trade papers for frequent notices of our meetings, and we know the members appreciate it, because it is through this courtesy they are kept posted.

The executive committee presented the following circular, which was read, and on motion, carried, ordered printed and a copy sent to each member:

To the members of the Jewelers' Security Alliance .-Your executive committee having learned that certain insurance companies are offering to insure the stocks



JOSEPH B. BOWDEN. NEW PRESIDENT, JEWELERS' SECURITY ALLIANCE.

of jewelers against burglaries, deem it in the line of their duty to advise you of your rights and privileges as a member of this Alliance in case you should desire to avail yourself of such additional protection.

The executive committee approve, in general, of all such means for securing jewelers from loss, providing the cost is not out of proportion to the benefits conferred, and inform you that as a member of the Alliance you are entitled to, and should insist upon, a lower rate for such insurance than is charged to a ieweler who is not a member.

The safe of a member of the Alliance is less liable to be robbed.

Fire insurance companies recognize such diffe ence in the value of a ris't, and make their rates in proportion to the risk. They charge less to insure a brick or iron building than a wooden building. You should not be deceived on this point, and can insist upon your rights.

The Jewelers' Security Alliance was organized in 1883, when robberies of jewelers' safes were frequent. Its vigorous, determined and uncompromising prosecution of thieves has created a wholesome fear of the organization; so much so, that in over three years not a safe bearing a member's certificate was robbed. The Alliance has accomplished what no insurance company can ever hope to accomplish, viz: *It actually prevents robbery*. Moreover, it aims to, and often does, recover the stolen property. We do not expect you to drop your membership in the Alliance. We know you cannot afford to do so any more than you could afford to dispose of your fire proof safe because you have taken out a policy of fire insurance. Very truly yours,

H. H. BUTTS, <i>Chairman</i> . F. KROEBER, N. H. WHITE, CHAS F. WOOD, THOS, K. BENTON,
HENRY ABBOTT,
Executive Committee.
$E_{X} Officio, \begin{cases} A. K. SLOAN. \\ J. B. BOWDEN, \\ HENRY HAYES, \\ DAVID UNIERMEYER, \\ BERNARD KARSCH, \\ GEO, H. HODENPYL. \end{cases}$

The next business being the election of officers, N. H. White was called to the chair and nominations for president called for. 20 Maiden Lane, New York.

A. K. Sloan was nominated but declined the nomination. J. B. Bowden was then nominated, and being the only nominee, on motion, the secretary was instructed to cast one ballot for Mr. Bowden for president for the ensuing year. This was done and J. B. Bowden declared elected.

#### PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS. GENTLEMEN: I appreciate the compliment you for the coming year in this particularly prosperous organization. In accepting the office I realize the without the system of the system of the system of the the system of the system of the system of the place this organization in the position you find it to day, and with their continued efforts I feel sure the place this organization in the position you find it to day, and with their continued efforts I feel sure the place this organization in the position you find it to day, and with their continued efforts I feel sure the place this organization in the position to see to it that it is their duty to the organization to see to it and every honest establishment in the trade. Our organization has done more for the benefit of its mem-tion existing, and for less money. Thank you, gentlemen, and will see to it that you the set of my ability. Nominations for vice-presidents being next

Nominations for vice-presidents being next in order, Henry Hayes, David Untermeyer and N. H. White were nominated for first, second and third vice-president, respectively. On motion, the secretary was instructed to cast one ballot for each of these gentlemen, and they were declared unanimously elected for the ensuing year.

Bernard Karsch was nominated for the position of treasurer, and there being no other nomination the secretary cast one ballot for Mr. Karsch, and he was declared elected.

Geo. H. Hodenpyl was nominated for the office of secretary, and he was unanimously elected.

There being three members of the executive committee to be elected, nominations were called for. The names of H. H. Butts, A. K. Sloan and Wm. H. Ball were presented and they were unanimously elected, each for a term of two years.

It was moved and carried that a vote of thanks be extended to the trade journals for their courtesy during the past year. It was also moved and carried that the president's address, with the report of executive committee, be sent to members. The president appointed Chas. F. Wood and C. C. Champenois, auditing committee for the Alliance for the ensuing year. There being no further business the meeting adjourned.

A special meeting of the executive committee of the Alliance was held at the close of the annual meeting, there being present. J. B. Bowden, president; N. H. White, vice-president; Bernard Karsch, treasurer and Messrs. Butts, Sloan, Kroeber, Abbott, Ball and Hodenpyl.

Nominations for chairman being called for, H. H. Butts was nominated, and on motion made and carried, he was unanimously elected chairman of the executive for the ensuing year.

The following were admitted to membership: C. Boehmer & Co., 806 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.; Frederick Keim, 21 E. 17th St., New York; Waterman & Lehmann







#### BEING AN HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DAY.\*

PART VI.

A<sup>S</sup> far as is known, John Polhemus was the first person in America to reproduce the old King's pattern, which we have already in this series of articles claimed to be of French origin of the time of Louis With the exception of the two foregoing patterns, all the patterns illustrated in this article are the conceptions of Geo. W. Shiebler and Geo. W. Shiebler & Co. They are: Montezuma, Gipsy, Chrysanthemum, Luxthe ornamental scheme being a pretty arrangement of leaves. The pattern has been considered pretty and has proved very salable.

The Chrysanthemum of 10 years ago was



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO.

XIV., as it evinces in its design the prevailing ornamental detail of the art of the period of the Grand Monarch, the rococco scroll, and is known to be about 200 years old. The Queen's pattern, a subsequent production of Polhemus, is in outline and general detail of design essentially the same as the King's, the difference residing in the concavity of the scrolls of the former and the convexity of the scrolls of the latter. Illustrations of the King and his consort are given on this page.

\*Copyright'1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

embourg, Leaf, Amaryllis, Acanthus, Louvre, Marie Antoinette, Flora, Victoria, Sandringham. Besides these Geo. W. Shiebler & Co. have produced the Rococco and Etruscan, not depicted here.

The Montezuma, produced 14 years ago, is a perfect Oval Thread in outline, the floral features being a good specimen in fine die work. The floral decoration continues all the way down the shank, being inclosed in a beveled panel.

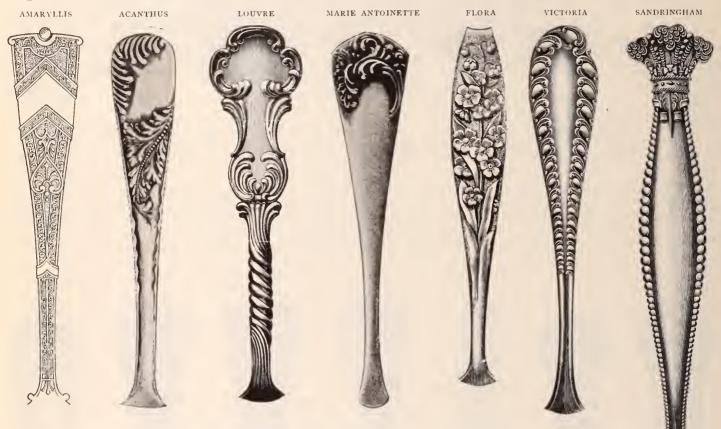
The Gipsy designed 12 years ago is a slight variation of the King's as to outline,

the second spoon pattern disclosing the very ornamental chrysanthemum as its decorative feature, the first being that of E. C. Moore, of Tiffany & Co. This pattern follows no distinct model in its outline.

The Luxembourg, introduced about eight years ago, is one of the most original conceptions in the whole category of Shiebler spoon patterns. The handle is convoluted into three folds, the whole surface being ornamented in an Oriental style. The Luxembourg has proved a successful pattern, though it is a radical treatment in spoon work.

The Leaf was formerly known as Shell, and differs but slightly with the other Shell pattern previously described, the outline being a true Oval Thread, while the decoralows neither of the three models specified in the introductory to this series.

The Rococco, placed upon the market about six years ago, is an artistic variation of the King's. The artistic effect is gained The Louvre is also founded upon the King's. It was introduced about four years ago and is a highly successful pattern. The rococco scrolls are bold and symmetrical, while the twisted stem is very effective.



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO.

tive detail is rather a leaf than a shell. The Amaryllis is a specimen of delicate die cutting, showing a pleasing aggregation of scrolls, curves and border work. It folby the bold rococco details which cause the stem of the handle to be unsymmetrical, though the essential feature of utility is not lost.

## Dominick & Haff,

MAKERS OF WARES IN

#### STERLING SILVER,

FOR THE TRADE ONLY.

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK.

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES.

The Acanthus, a pretty pattern placed on the market five years ago, consists of an Antique ground upon which is displayed an artistic arrangement of conventionalized acanthus leaves.

The Marie Antoinette is a simple pattern introduced two years ago. It follows in outline the Amaryllis, Chrysanthemum, Luxembourg, to some degree, the rounded tip lending it, however, a grace not evidenced in the outline of the other patterns. The ornamental leaf and scroll work at the top is very effective. Altogether, the Marie Antoinette appeals to a quiet, refined taste.

The Flora has been one of the most artistic and successful conceptions in spoon ware ever produced. It is a combination rather than pattern. The twelve tea spoons of the set each contain a different floral decoration while the outlines are, also, all different. We show only one design here, the forget-me-not. The flowers used in the decoration of the 11 other spoons are, respectively: Primrose, buttercup, passion flower, narcissus, geranium, wild rose, lilyof-the-valley, pond lily, pansy, pink, violet.

The table spoons all show one floral decoration, the table forks another, and the dessert spoons another. Thus in the entire



NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS.





-ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO FACTORY.----

Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.

set 15 different decorations are displayed. The Sandringham produced about two years ago, is an expression of the demand for works reflecting the personality and environment of the Prince of Wales. The handle is original in outline, and is topped by a representation of the three feathers forming the coat-of-arms of His Royal Highness. The edges of beads graduating from the middle to the ends, are very effective. The Sandringham is a refined piece of work and has proved successful.

The Victoria, introduced last Fall, is in contrast to the products of other silversmiths of the same time. The tendency in spoon designing last Fall was toward elaborateness. The apparent effect of the Victoria is simplicity combined with artistic detail. The design is on the Ionic order, being an evolution of the egg and dart *motif* which finds its origin in the Greek lotus. The outline of the handle is adopted from the Oval Thread, though there is, however, a unique departure from the old curves in the break and scroll near the top at the left, which is peculiarly effective, being an exceedingly artistic touch to the *ensemble*.

(Series to be continued.)

The bond of the assignees of the Western Jewelry Co., St. Louis,  $M \circ$ . has been reduced from \$40,000 to \$6,000. The assets panned out only \$6,000, instead of \$20,000, as was estimated when the assignment was made. The court recently authorized the assignee to advertise the goods for sale.

The death occurred of Major Edward M. Koch, of York, Pa., a few days ago. Major Koch was for 18 years a member of the firm of Koch & Bro, jewelers, doing business on W. Market St., but retired from active business about seven years ago. He was a director of the Farmers' National Bank.



We were VICTORS in the 4-bar spring suit and will divide the spoils with you. WRITE FOR PRICES.

SPOILS

E. KIRSTEIN'S SONS CO., Rochester, N. Y.

Superior Rx, Work a Specialty.

4 Maiden Lane, New York.

#### Connecticut.

The Silver Plate Cutlery Co.'s works, Shelton, go on a four day per week schedule, after this week.

James B. Thomas, aged 50 years, a watchmaker of West Haven, died May 8th after a lingering illness.

John R. Reid, the Bridgeport jeweler, has removed from 118 Fairfield Ave., to 42 Wall St. He has a more commodious store.

N. L. Bradley, of the Bradley & Hubbard Mfg. Co., Meriden, has been elected president of the Meriden Driving Club.

President Watrous, of the Wm. Rogers Mfg. Co., Hartford, has just been elected commodore of the Hartford Yacht Club.

The Upson Jewelry Co., Waterbury, have removed to their new store, 68 Bank St., lately occupied by the Apothecaries hall.

Jeweler P. T. Ives has just opened his new jewelry store in the Meriden House block. It is one of the most attractive in the city.

L. G. Call, eastern agent for Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., has gone to his home in Waynesburgh, Pa., on account of illness, and will remain there until July 1.

The Rogers Silver Plate Co., of Danbury, contemplate making an addition to their already extensive factory. They have just made a purchase of additional land for the purpose.

The Meriden Britannia Co. have 36 gold and silver prize cups in the works for the Yale athletic sports of '95. The cups have three distinct designs, 12 cups in each of the artistic patterns.

The Waterbury Watch Co. have put a new fire alarm system into the factory. Fire boxes are placed in the corridor of each floor of the building and every floor has a different number which when the alarm is sounded is repeated four times.

In honor of the big centennial celebration at Terryville this week the committee has authorized the production of an exceedingly neat sterling silver after-dinner coffee spoon in the bowl of which is a picture of Plymouth's first church and on the handle is represented the first Terry clock.

Detective Arnold, of Bridgeport, believes that J. C. Marshall, the missing jeweler, has gone to New York and will not return to Bridgeport. Marshall's correct name is Lockwood, and he has quite a criminal record. He was sent to jail from New Milford for sending illegal matter through the mails and also served time in the Danbury jail. He was also concerned in the trouble at Stepney a few years ago which resulted in the flight of the town postmaster.

ANSONIA, Conn., May 10.—It was a curious accident that happened at the shops of the Phelps & Bartholomew Co., Tuesday last. There was the sound of an explosion and a moment later the watchman was startled by the sound of bricks falling on the roof of the foundry. On the west side of the chimney near the top there was a large hole where the bricks came from, and 30 feet of the chimney will have to be rebuilt. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 10.—Harry F. Legg appeared before Judge Jamison this week to show cause why a receiver should not be appointed for the Harry F. Legg Jewelry Co., and stated that he had no reason to offer why it should not be done. The debt on which the request for a receiver was based was a just one and the company could not meet it. He did want to say, however, that the assets of the company were about \$7,000 and the liabilities but \$3,000, and the company would pay dollar for dollar.

H. M. Carpenter, who is connected with the Minneapolis Jewelry Mfg. Co., a creditor, was appointed at the recommendation of Douglas Fiske, who represented the plaintiff creditor.

#### Ludwig Nissen & Co. Enter Suit Against T. V. and Mathilda Dickinson.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 9—Before Judge Spring in the Special Term of the Supreme Court, Ludwig Nissen & Co., New York, have begun an action to set aside certain confessions of judgments given by Thomas V. and Mathilda Dickinson and also the executions on the same and the sale of the stock of the Niagara Falls jewelry store.

It is alleged by the plaintiffs that these confessions of judgment and the transfer of the Niagara Falls stock were not made for valid debts, but to prevent the plaintiffs from collecting a debt of \$11,113. The judgments which the plaintiffs asks the court to set aside as irregular are as follows : Queen City Bank, \$6,208,25; Sarah Burtis. \$4,028.23; Charles D. Marshall, \$2,947 02. and German American Bank, \$1,539.03. The plaintiffs consent that a judgment in their favor for \$3,016.85 be also set aside if the court shall direct that the others shall be.

It is also asked that F. M. Inglehart, who bought in the stock of the Main St. store for \$15,000, be enjoined from disposing of any more of the stock, and that a receiver be appointed by the court to take charge of all the funds arising from the disposal of the property of the Dickinsons.

The answer of the defendants is that the judgments were for valid debts, that no fraud of any nature existed, and that the confessions of judgments should stand as they are.

J. A. Beugert, a watchmaker doing business at 1954 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y., applied last week to Captain Dyer of the 12th Precinct for protection, on the ground that he is likely to be injured by union watchmakers. Beugert claims that through his low charges for work he has become involved in trouble with the union, and has received anonymous communications threatening dire consequences unless he raises his rates.

#### Queries by Circular Readers.

**NOTE.**—Questions under this department will be answered as promptly as possible. Some queries require cateful investigation before a satisfactory answer can be given; bence such answers are often seemingly delayed. The Checutan desires every leweler to take advantage of this department.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 4, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: Can you tell me what firm and their address these initials stand for: R. F. S. & Co., and oblige? W. F. ANTEMANN, JR.

ANSWER: The initials R. F. S. & Co. stand for R. F. Simmons & Co., manufacturers of rolled plate chains, Attleboro, Mass.

Edito of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

Sometime ago I noticed an ad. of an electric alarm clock in THE CIRCULAR. Can you give me the address of the party who sells them?

F. B. NOUM.

ANSWER: The advertisement you refer to was that of R. Rueping, Chicago, Ill. This party sold out to J. Jones & Son, 67 Cortlandt St., New York.

WARRENSBURG, Mo., May 3, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:]

Can and will you be kind enough to inform me of whom we can buy a line of fans suitable for 'jewelers' trade? SAMS BROS.

ANSWER: Steiner, Davison & Co., 547 Broadway, and Kahn, Blum & Springer, 561 Broadway, New York, deal in fans suitable to the jewelry trade.



#### News Gleanings.

Prof. Waldmann, optician, has located in Austin, Tex.

A. P. Briehof, Hazleton, Pa., has closed his place of business.

H. L. Edmunds has bought out R. E. Meyers, Hazleton, Pa.

W. H. Warren last week opened a new jewelry store in Rockford, Mich.

Collins & Marchbanks are a new firm of ewelers and opticians in Pelzer, S. C.

F. F. Fulcher has removed his jewelry stock from Marion, Ind., to Mattoon, 111.

J. Karlins, of Clarksburg, W. Va., will open a jewelry store in Grafton, W. Va.

C. F. Lewis, Jackson. Minn., has made arrangements to enter the jewelry business.

In a fire, May 2, in McDade, Tex., jeweler H. B. Sansom lost \$50. No insurance.

Louis Maratsky has opened a new jewelry shop in the Sluyter store, Hudson, N. Y.

J. W. Garman, Fort Wayne, Ind., has removed from near the Rich Hotel to 193 Calhoun St.

W. A. Pratt and D. L. Hartwell, of Compton, Ill., have formed a partnership to do a jewelry business.

Frauk Mayer, South Bend, Ind., was recently appointed inspector of watches for the Vandalia Railroad. D. Van Orman, Hancock, N. Y. has disposed of his jewelry business and taken up his residence elsewhere.

H. L. Wood, jeweler, St. Regis Falls, N. Y., has made an assignment to W. J. Alfred, for the benefit of creditors.

S. B. Ryno has purchased the jewelry business of Ryno & Brother, Coloma, Mich., and will shortly erect a new building.

Giering & Kampman, Bethleham, Pa., have dissolved partnership. Theodore Kampman will continue the business.

J. M. Slusher's jewelry store, Hudson, Ia., was burglarized during one night recently. Watches, jewelry and silverware amounting in value to about \$300 were taken.

S. N. Follansbee, Athol, Mass., who retired from the jewelry trade about two years ago, has decided to start anew, and will open a store in Leominster, Mass.

Myron H. Evits, the veteran jeweler of Kalamazoo, Mich., will remove his family and business to Goshen, Ind. He has been a business man of Kalamazoo for 15 years.

John Weaver, who was arrested in York County for robbing M. Levy's jewelry store, Mount Joy, Pa., having confessed to the robbery, was May 7 committed to jail for trial at court.

The articles of incorporation of the Thompson Co., Sioux City, fa., have been amended, changing the name to the C. N. Clark Jewelry Co. and increasing the capital stock from \$20,000 to \$25,000.

Jeweler W. E. Battey, Topeka, Kan., has

invented a puzzle which he thinks will throw the famous "fifteen puzzle" into the shade. He calls it the "Out of Sight" puzzle. It is built strictly on scientific principles.

Alphonso Van Laeys, formerly a jeweler of North Topeka, Kan., was recently found guilty of obtaining money under false pretenses from one, John F. Carter. He was fined \$10 and costs, amounting to \$27.50.

In attempting to cross the Clinch River at Clinton, Tenn., on the night of May 6, Thomas McGuire, said to be a jeweler and optician of Atlanta, and his sister were drowned, and their team of horses and \$3,000 worth of jewelry were lost.

Nelson & Smith, Madison, Wis., have dissolved partnership by mutual consent. Mr. Smith's ill health forces him to retire. He will spend the Summer on his farm near McFarland. Mr. Nelson will continue the business. The firm have been in business nine years.

L. Kabis, deputy internal revenue collector for Wyoming, has purchased the wholesale and retail jewelry establishment of Zehner, Buechner & Co., Cheyenue, Wyo. This firm are one of the oldest in Wyoming, their present business having been established in 1868.

A dispatch received in Elmira, N. Y., from the City of Mexico states that Robert Knox, who was arrested in that city for swindling jewelers, has been released from Belew prison, his sentence having expired. Knox is a former resident of Elmira, but will not return to this city.



N. Loecken, Bird Island, Minn., has sold out to Dinon & Hanns.

Mr. Levin, a jeweler from Marengo, Ia., has located in Wellman, Ia.

A. McCormick, jeweler, will occupy the Johnson building in Waukesha, Wis.

J. A. Nelson, Decatur, Ill., will soon move into his new store, in that town.

T. P. Eastland, formerly of San Antonio, Tex., will open a jewelry store in the new Diesback brick building, on Santa Rosa St., Victoria, Tex., as soon as completed.

In the matter of the assignment of the Lovell Jewelry Co., Racine, Wis., an order has been entered confirming the final account and discharging the assignee, Herman Proehl.

William S. Williams, a jeweler of Chicago, and Miss Elizabeth Berg, daughter of Mrs. S. Berg, were married in St. Joseph, Mich., at the home of the bride's mother last week. They will reside in Chicago.

The sheriff recently disposed of the jewelry establishment of Wm. C. Maus, Hollidaysburgh, Pa. R. W. Smith purchased the stock for the plaintiffs in the writ. Mr. Maus is again doing business at the old stand.

S. A. Young, jeweler, Caledonia, O., who disappeared recently, left the following note which has just been found :

"Clara: Perhaps this will surprise you somewhat when you find this. I have been disappointed with my life for some time. That has caused me to drink. To-night I leave for Scotland. You will be happier without me. You have a good home and folks. Your wretched husband.

"P. S.—Do not try to trace me up for I would rather die than come back."

The new jewelry firm of Wilbur, Lamphere & Tryner, Galesburg, Ill., start out under favorable auspices. H. L. Wilbur has been in the jewelry business for 30 years, all of this time in Galesburg. For 12 years he had been a member of the firm of Wilbur & Peterson. O. C. Lamphere has been in the jewelry business 21 years. For 19 years of this time he has been in the employ of Trask & Gentry and their successors. P. C. Tryner has been in the jewelry business 19 years. He went to Galesburg four years ago from Decatur, where he had been in the employ of Otto E. Curtis & Bro.



#### Trade Gossip.

The line of drop presses made by W. W. Oliver, 1484 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y., has recently been greatly improved in many respects. Mr. Oliver is now prepared to show photographs of the various sized presses to all jewelers. The prices are, as usual, "right."

The handsome new safe in the office of Hipp. Didisheim & Bro., 83 Nassau St., New York, is from the warerooms of Mosler, Bahman & Co., 518 Broadway. It was made specially for this firm. Other new safes on the "Lane" from these popular safe makers may be seen in the offices of Soloman Bros. and Bernheim, Cohen & Beer.

An encouraging outlook is reported by the American Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass., and judging from the great increase in the inquiries for machinery and applications for estimates which this company are receiving, their expectation will be more than realized. The American Watch Tool Co. are continually making improvements in their plant by adding new tools as occasion demands, and are reaching out for other lines of manufacture. They have found one or two articles which are expected to have a great future.

Those who are not cognizant of the results of the cheapening of silver are constantly astonished by the prices at which well wrought and finely finished silver novelties are sold to-day. But a surprise awaits even the knowing ones in the sterling silver articles which Cross & Beguelin, 17 Maiden Lane, New York, are now making a leader, the prices of which cannot fail to make the jeweler open his eyes. A few of these articles, illustrated on another page, serve to show the selling qualities of this line. These novelties are perfectly finished, and are in every way "up to date."

The Self-Winding Clock Co., 26 Broadway, New York, report that their system of self-winding, synchronized clocks for use in large office buildings is meeting with considerable favor in the large cities. They have just been awarded the contract for equipping the Philadelphia Bourse building, a contract which includes some very elaborate clocks, most of which have silvered dials. The Carnegie Co., Pittsburgh, also have decided to place one of these self-winding clocks in each office in their new building, and have increased their order, which was originally for 270 clocks, to over 400. The Self-Winding Clock Co. are offering some very beautiful designs in post clocks, one of which they are now erecting in front of the store of J. Dreicer & Son, 292 Fifth Ave., New York. The company are also doing a large business with their program clock, and have just installed an elaborate plant in the Syracuse University. They desire to say for those of THE CIRCU-LAR readers who are interested in the time service on railroads, that they are in receipt of an order for a quantity of clocks to be placed along the lines of the New York Central Railroad.

## Death of Peter L. Krider.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 14.—The death of Peter L. Krider occurred Sunday.

Peter L. Krider was undoubtedly the oldest silversmith in Philadelphia, in number of years of experience at least. Peter L. Krider was born in Philadelphia, in 1821.



THE LATE PETER L. KRIDER.

At ten years of age he went to work on a farm, where he remained until his 14th year, when he was apprenticed to John Curry, silversmith, 76 Chestnut St., whom he served for a period of six years. He was in [the silversmithing business since that time, until about 7 years ago when he sold out his plant to the present owners Wm. E. Wood and August Weber.

After serving as foreman a short time in the factory of his old employers, R. & W. Wilson, he rented a room at the corner of Dock and Walnut Sts., Philade'phia, and at length fulfilled the desire which had been actuating him for some time, namely, to go into business for himself. In 1859 he took into partnership John W. Biddle, and moved to 8th and Jane Sts. In 1860, the firm, then known as Krider & Biddle, moved to its present location. 618 Chestnut St. The present house is known as Peter L. Krider Co.

Removal. I beg to notify my customers and the trade generally, that I have removed mv office from the Corbin Building to the Prescott Building, 28 John Street, and 65 Nassau Street. Room 65, where I will be pleased to see them. Hoping for a continuance of your favors, I remain, Yours respectfully, OLOF JOHANSON. Dealer, in Watches and Jewelry.

Page

### CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Advertisements are entitled to one insertion under proper heading. Extra insertions, \$6.00 per annum. Extra Headings, \$12.00 per annum.

Page.	Page.	5
Art Pottery, Bric-a-brac, Etc. Glaenzer, Léon J. & Co., So & S2 Chambers	Fine Stationery. Parsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St., N.Y 2	Se
St., N. Y 24	Gold Jewelry.	$\mathbf{Sh}$
Assayers & Refiners.	Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane	
Baker, Geo. M., Providence, R.1 2 Goldsmith Bros., 63 & 65 Washington St., Chicago, Ill 29	Ball, Wm. H. & Co., 15 John St., N. Y 27 Carter, Sloan & Co., 15 Maiden Lane, N. Y 7 Larter, Elcox & Co., 21-23 Maiden Lane 38	Si
Lelong, L. & Bro., Newark, N J 40 Rathbone, J., 1-9 Mathewson St., Providence,	Gold and Rolled Plate Jewelry.	
R. I	Smith, Wm., & Co., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y 3	
N. Y 40	Horological Schools.	St
Auctioneers.	Parson's School for Watchmakers, Peoria, Ill. 30	
Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y	Ideal Safety Chain.	
French, J. H., P. O. Box 2775, N. Y 2 Rich, H. M. & Co 21 School St., Boston,	Bates & Bacon, 11 John St., N. Y 11	St
Mass	Ivory Miniatures.	
Badges, Medals, Etc.	Downing & Keller, 3 Maiden Lane, N.Y 4	
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y 36	Jewelry, Silverware and Optical Cases.	
Book Marks, Sterling Silver and Gold.	Jackson, S. C., 180 Broadway, N. Y 39	
Stone Bros., 535 Broadway, N. Y 2	Jobbers, Watches, Diamonds, Etc.	
Clocks, French, English and American.	Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., 19 Maiden Lane .34-36 Friedlander, R., L. & M., Ltd. 30 Maiden Lane,	
Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St.,           N. Y	N. Y	Tł
	Musical Boxes.	
Cut Glass.	Jacot & Son, 39 Union Square, N. Y 32	Т
Clark, T. B. & Co., 860 Broadway, N. Y 40	Wolff, A , 194 Broadway, N. Y 22	
Develine Whistles.	Optical Goods.	
Mossberg Wrench Co., Attleboro, Mass 39	Geneva Optical Co., Chicago, Ills 29 Kirstein's, E., Sons Co, Rochester, N. Y 22	Т
Diamond & Precious Stone Importers.	Optical Schools.	-
Disselkoen, John N., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y 7 Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. L., N.Y. 40 Hedges, Wm. S. & Co., 170 Broadway, N. Y 6	Chicago Ophthalmic College 29 Knowles, Dr., 4 Maiden Lane, N. Y 34	Tr
Kahn, L. & M. & Co., 172 Broadway, N. Y 40	Paneled Metal Ceilings.	w
Kipling, E. E., 182 Broadway, N. Y	Northrop, A. & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa 34	
Lorsch, Albert, & Co., 37 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 40 Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane,	Pens, Pencils, etc,	
N. Y	Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane, N.Y. 34-36 Mabie, Todd & Bard, New York	w
Diamond Cutters.	Printing, Engraving, &c.	
Fera, Henry, Prescott Bldg., N. Y 6	Blanchard, Isaac H , 123-125 West Broadway, N. Y	w
Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, Prescott Bldg., N. Y		
Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane 7	Ring Makers	w
Dies, Molds, &c. Sheffler, Eugene, 207 Centre St., N. Y	Bonner, Rich & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N. Y 2 Bowden, J. B. & Co., 192 Broadway, N. Y 6 Bryant, M. B., & Co., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 34	vv

#### Engraving School.

Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Chicago.... 29

#### Fine Engraving.

26

The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassau St., N. Y

Smith, L. B. & H. H., 53 Maiden Lane, N. Y.. 38

#### Safes.

9

Mosler, Bahmann & Co., 518 B'way, N. Y .... 34

#### Sample Trunks.

Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y .... 40

hlbusch, Herman, Sr., 59 Nassau St., N. Y. 5

#### Cases

elishek & Petter, 128 Maiden Lane, N. Y... 36

#### r Plated Ware.

King, Hugh E., 908 Masonic Temple, Chica	.g <b>o</b> ,
Ill	29
Rogers & Bro., 16 Cortlandt St., N. Y	5
The Wm Rogers Mtg Co. Hartford Cont	1

#### ing Silver Novelties.

dding Bros. & Heilborn, North Attleboro lass.....

oss & Beguelin, 17 Maiden Lane, N. Y.... 23

#### ing Silverware.

Dominick & Haff, Union Square, N. Y	20
Fradley, J. F., & Co 114 E. 14th St	38
Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 808-810 Greenwich S	St.,
N. Y	21
Knowles, J. B. & S. M. Co., Silversmit	chs'
Hall, Union Square, N. Y	22
Reed & Barton, Taunton, Mass	21
Shiebler, Ges. W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N.	Y. 18
Towle Mfg. Co., Newburyport, Mass	21
Whiting, F. M., Co., North Attleboro, Mas	S 21
Wood & Hughes, 16 John St., N. Y	21

#### bles.

tcham & McDougall, 198 Broadway, N. Y. 36

#### Manufacturers and Dealers.

American '	Watch Tool Co.,	Weltham, Mass	34
Moseley &	Co., Elgin, Ill		30
Oliver, W.	W., Buffalo, N.	Y	38

#### oise Shell Goods.

ce & Hochster, 415 Broadway, N. Y..... 8

#### ks and Traveling Bags.

ouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y.... 40

#### h Case Manufacturers.

eber Hampden Co., Canton, O..... 3 hys, Jos., & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N.Y. cobson, F. H. & Co., 66 State St., Chicago . 29

#### h Case Materials.

wark Watch Case Material Co., Newark, 

#### h Case Repairers.

nry, Peter, Cincinnati, O..... 30

#### h Importers.

de's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 40

#### Watch Keys.

Clark, A N., Plainville. Conn ..... 40

#### Watch Manufacturers.

American Waltham Watch Co., Waltham,

Mass . Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton, O..... 3

## Special Notices.

Rates 75c. per insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines(25 words); additional words 2 cents each. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per cent off; four insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertion, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. It answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

#### Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. If answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

SITUATION WANTED by young man, as watchmaker and engraver, with steady habits and best of references. Address A. C. Decker, Owego, N. Y.

WANTED-POSITION by first-class watchmaker and plain engraver; good set of tools; city references. Address Watchmaker, 118 Swan St., Buffalo, N. Y.

POSITION by young man, three years' practical experience, as assistant watchmaker, jeweler and salesman; A1 references. "E. M. D.," 6 Poplar St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

POSITION WANTED by diamond setter and jeweler; first-class workman; can do all kinds of repairing; New York city references. Address L. Weissenberg, 546 E. Fifth St., New York.

 $T_{with \ long \ established \ trade \ in \ south \ and \ west, is open \ for \ a \ position \ June \ 1st; \ unexceptional \ references. \ Address ``Y,'' \ care \ Jewellers' \ CIRCULAR.$ 

A COMPETENT, RELIABLE WATCH-MAKER will be open for engagement on June Ist; full set of tools; can do French clock work if required; references. Address Elgin, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A JEWELRY FOREMAN and first-class designer on diamond and general jewelry, capable of taking entire charge of factory, wants a position. Address A. Smith, care E. P. Reicl helm & Co., 80 Nassau St., New York City.

TRAVELING SALESMAN, with extensive acquaintance, commanding good trade in the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Boston is open for an engagement to handle silver plated ware. Address "Success," care L. C. W. Co., 255 Greene St., New York City.

A FIRST-CLASS REPAIRER of repeating chronographs and other fine watches, would like a place as soon as possible. His own bench can be used if needed, with an excellent equipment of tools; wages may be determined agreeably to circumstances; unquestionable references. Address Reliable, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

#### Help Wanted.

WANTED-Several good agents who handle the jewelry trade, to take as a side line, a line of the best selling silver plated hollowware and gold and silver plated novelties on the market. Address, with references, L. P., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED AT ONCE—A first-class engraver, who can assist at watch and job work; permanent position to the right man; send cipher monogram as sample, and give references and salary expected in first letter. F. A. Robbins, Pittsfield, Mass.

WANTED-A bright and active young man of good address as salesman in the store of a silver plated ware manufacturer; one who has had experience and a record; in answer, give name, address and age, and state where previously employed, salary expected, and references; none others noticed. Address Electro Plate, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

### For Sale.

FOR SALE.—No. 1 Waltham lathe and set watchmaker's tools, nearly new, \$35. Wm. B. Harlow, Somers, Conn.

TO THE MANUFACTURERS OF STEEL WATCH CASES—A Swiss manufacturer desires to sell the process of oxidizing steel watch cases, also that of embossing, burnishing with fire gold and silver (very substantial) on steel and oxidized metals. Samples on application. Address bids to 0. 1457, I. Haasenstein and Vogler, Saint Imier, Switzerland.

#### Business Opportunities.

FOR SALE-Jewelry business on lower Broadway, New York; up-to-date stock; excellent opening for a live man; lease; rent, \$2,400. Hermo, care JeweLERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED-A partner in a well established jewelry business in the west; must be a good watchmaker and have from \$2,500 to \$3,000. Address "H," care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE—A well established jewelry business in a city of 18,000 population; electric street cars and lights, water works, etc. surrounded by a fine farming country; large wholesale center; store is finely equipped with modern fixtures; located on principal street; bench work averages \$250 to \$300 per month, all the work two men can do; stock can be reduced to suit purchaser; good reasons for selling; for particulars, address W. D. Tusten & Co., Shreveport, La.

WANTED-Partner with capital, cash or stock, in the jewelry, auction and commission business; have one of the best located rooms in a city of 400,000 population; my business as jewelers' auctioneer will not allow my giving proper attention to this business a great opportunity for some live, energetic business man; consignments from manufacturers constantly coming in; a sure paying business; only small capital required from proper person; a chance of a lifetime. Address P. O. Box 616, Washington, D. C.

#### To Let.

TO RENT, from May 1st, to manufacturing jewelers or kindred trade, an office on the 4th floor of the Hays building. Apply to Roy Watch Case Co., 21-23 Maiden Lane, New York.

## **25 REPLIES FROM ONE INSERTION.**

Saratoga Springs, Nov. 6, '95.

Jewelers' Circular Publishing Co:

Enclosed find check in payment of one insertion of my special notice. I received about 25 applications and have secured a good man.

Yours,

C. L. HASKINS.

TO LET.—At 915 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, 5 beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators; suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china and glass importer. Apply on premises.

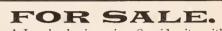
#### Miscellaneous

WE WANT TRIPLE PLATE table cutlery, flat and hollow silverware to supply a scheme house; will pay spot cash for all goods and place first order for \$500 to \$1,000; manufacturers, what have you to offer? Hutchins Bros., Wholesale Jewelers, St. Paul, Minn.

TO LET. • one of the lightest

and best offices in the Diamond Exchange. Cheap rent.

Enquire Room 71.



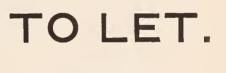
A Jewelry business in a Seaside city with 16,000 inhabitants. Stock and fixtures cost \$5,000. Has a good summer trade. Will be sold to the right party for \$2,500 cash, if applied for at once. Addres, H. A. B. care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

### WM. H. BALL & COMPANY,

Manufacturing Jewelers.

15 JOHN STREET,

NEW YORK.



Two fine large floors in factory building, St. Marks and Underhill avenues, Brooklyn. Solid floors. Light all around; power in abundance.

Fire proof vaults built in on each floor. Elevator, Stairs, Transmitting Room and Plumbing in separate extension.

Apply to

GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO., 179 Broadway, NEW YORK.



Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

VOL. XXX.

#### CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 15, 1895.

No. 15

#### Chicago Notes.

#### TRADE CONDITIONS.

Trade is spasmodic—a day or two, sometimes a week, of dull business, alternating with an equal period of good business. May shows an increase over the same month last year, and the monthly balances show a better record than jobbers had previously anticipated. Everything seems to be on the up grade; a good Fall business is looked for, and an improvement from now on seems probable. Unfriendly legislation may tend to check the advance in a measure, but cannot force another business depression. The outlook is particularly bright.

Silver houses report the city trade much improved.

Geo. D. Lunt, Towle Mfg. Co., has returned from his Pacific coast trip.

William Copeland, of Martin, Copeland & Co., visited the firm's Chicago branch last week.

Walter Graves, Pairpoint Mfg. Co., is back from New Bedford, and has gone westward.

Sam Dollenbach, formerly of Champaign, Ill., is opening a jewelry business at 3854 State St., this city.

G. Heinhold, lately at the corner of Wentworth Ave. and 22d St., has moved to 2139 Archer Ave.

N. Bedessen, 327 E. Division St., has recently completed a 3-story store and flat building in Englewood.

J. A. Swanson, 47th and State Sts., has returned to the vicinity of his old location on Archer Ave., near 29th St.

E. F. Winegar, Kenosha, Wis., has been holding auction sales, and, it is said, contemplates retiring from business.

A. E. Bentley, United States Watch Co., Waltham, Mass., returned Saturday from a two weeks' trip south and east.

Manager Loeb, Wadsworth Watch Case Co.'s Chicago office, leaves for the factory about the 17th, to be absent a week.

H. T. Hanson, 761 W. North Ave., is putting up a new three-story building a block from his present location and expects to occupy it about August 1. One of the early June weddings will be that of Miss Marion Peacock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Peacock, 1713 Indiana Ave., to Edgar Deyo Smith.

The Planchamp & Becker Co. have made numerous improvements in their establishment, both in a mechanical way and in added comfort for the customer.

M. V. Cole, Michigan City, Ind.; Mr. Ingalls, Jr., Waukegan, Ill.; A. F. Weiskopf, Kenosha, Wis.; Glascott & Bragg, Monroe, W1s.; Kerry Connolly, Spring Valley, Minn., and J. F. Kiser, Fostoria, O., were welcomed by the trade the past week.

A. F. Weiskopf, after two years retirement from business, has re-purchased the store sold by him in 1893 to M. C. Knudson, in Kenosha, Wis, and spent the latter part of the week in this city re-stocking. Mr. Knusdon returns to Evanston, where he is opening up the present week.

The following court decrees have issued: Reed, Murdock & Co.  $\gamma s$ . Chicago Watch Co., judgment on default, \$1,208.50, and general execution; Adolphe Schwob  $\gamma s$ . Chicago Watch Co., judgment on default, \$8,488.36; the Meriden Silver Plate Co.  $\gamma s$ . Giles, Bro. & Co., judgment on default, \$1,123.04.

An order for 3,400 pieces of the Holmes & Edwards Silver Co.'s gold aluminum goods was taken in Milwaukee the past week by Manager Brown of the Chicago office. The house reports constantly increasing sales of these pretty wares. Outside of gold aluminum, soda and bar supplies are fine sellers.

J. W. Sisson, of the R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co.'s New York horse, left Thursday night for the east. Mr. Sisson was on a missionary tour of the larger western cities, with three trunks full of the latest things in sterling ware. Of these rich wares he speaks enthusiastically, and says the trade is equally as enthusiastic. The R. Wallace & Sor.'s Mfg. Co.'s factory is running full tlme and full force, and will open the season well prepared to meet the demand. The past month has been the banner Spring month in sales in the history of the house.

#### Cincinnati.

. Blouse waist sets are the principal selling items with the travelers now.

D. Schroder, returned from a trip out through the State, reports business improving.

C. Hellebush received the Stag Café order and equipped the place with fine bric-àbrac, silver table ware, and an English hall clock costing \$325.

Oskamp, Nolting & Co. are working on a new catalogue which will be out in time for the Fall trade. It will be the finest they have yet attempted.

The Ohio Retail Jewelers' Association will hold a called meeting and pass resolutions on the death of the National president, Arthur S. Goodman.

C. Hellebush has received a bill of sale in exchange for real estate, submitted to the Commercial Bank. The affair is about assuming a settled condition.

Geo. Fox, of Fox, Bros. & Co., has returned from a trip west. He says the American cut diamonds are fully appreciated by the trade, as his trip testifies.

Lee Strauss has abandoned his old stamping grounds. For nearly a quarter of a century he was in the jewelry business in Cincinnati. After retiring from the firm of Strauss & Stern, he tried the business alone, and has awaited a good opening for a renewal of the jobbing trade. As none of any value came he concluded to go to Philadelphia, where his wife's relatives live, and engage in some other business.

Albert Weiler, doing business under the firm name of A. Weiler & Co., assigned last week; assets, \$15,000; liabilities, \$20,000. The failure was forced by his father-in-law, Jacob Kronacker, the principal creditor. Mr. Weiler was away on a trip, when his father-in-law telegraphed him to come home, met him at the depot and never left him until he had sigued the papers. Preferences were made to the Kronackers for \$7,000; to his wife, Belle Weiler, \$2,000, I. S. Bloom, \$2,000; Rachel Bloom, \$3,000.

Morgan Harrison will remove from Chatham, N. Y., to Nassau, N. Y.

# San Francisco.

Louis Freund. of Max Freund & Co., New York, was here recently.

Wm. Carpenter, Salida Col., has opened a branch store in Cripple Creek.

H. Siecoty, 1234 Stockton St., has sworn out a warrant for the arrest of H. Scheerer, charged with embezzling \$150 worth of diamonds which he obtained on April 24th to sell to a probable customer.

The wife of jeweler P. P. Schmidt, 1034 Market St., has brought suit against her husband for the custody of her children and \$100 per month for their maintenance. She alleges that Schmidt is worth \$50,000 and has an income of \$500 a month.

# Pacific Coast Notes.

Mr. Cramer, Nuevo, Cal., will move to San Diego, Cal.

George Snell has opened a jewelry store in Walla Walla, Wash.

# H. M. Funk, San Diego, Cal., has fitted up an elegant store room.

Read McCraney, Martinez, Cal., has given up his business of abstracting of titles, and will hereafter devote his time to his jewelry store.

Miss Fannie Woodward, of Bloomington, Ind., a graduate of the Chicago Ophthalmic College, Chicago, Ill., will locate in Whittier, Cal:

Mrs. A. C. Corwin, wife of the Stockton, Cal, jeweler has gone to New York, to effect a settlement of her mother's estate, which includes some valuable business property.

The Rocky Mountain Husbandman, of White Sulphur Springs, Mon., reports the discovery of another wonderful sapphire field. The paper says it is not at liberty to disclose the location of the new gem field.

Indianapolis.

the old quarters, 8 N. Pennsylvania St.

The Moses Optical Institute is back in

Oscar A. Smoots has left the employ of C. H. Ankeny & Co., Lafayette, Ind., and opened a new store in Dayton, O.

T. J. Woltz will turn his attention from the jewelry business in Monticello, Ind., to the management of a Summer resort near that town.

Henry Klein, Muncie, Ind., and Harry Coffin, New Castle, Ind., have just completed improvements in their respective jewelry establishments.

Ritter & Ryan, Muncie, Ind., for one entire day recently gave up their jewelry store to a committee who conducted the business for the benefit of the Muncie Free Kindergarten Association.

S. T. Nichols & Co. are nicely settled in their new room in the Hubbard block. The new firm will be represented on the road by Charles Stoner, formerly a salesman for the material house of L. L. Norton.

May 1st, Craft, Koehler & Co. were changed to Craft & Koehler, the interest of Emmett Pee having been bought out by A.



63 & 65 WASHINGTON STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

"F TIMATES GIVEN ON GOLD AND SILVER. IF NOT SATISFACTORY WE WILL RETURN SHIPMENT INTACT AND PAY ALL CHARGES."-



Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

VOL. XXX.

# CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 15, 1895.

No. 15

# Chicago Notes.

# TRADE CONDITIONS.

Trade is spasmodic—a day or two, sometimes a week, of dull business, alternating with an equal period of good business. May shows an increase over the same month last year, and the monthly balances show a better record than jobbers had previously anticipated. Everything seems to be on the up grade; a good Fall business is looked for, and an improvement from now on seems probable. Unfriendly legislation may tend to check the advance in a measure, but cannot force another business depression. The outlook is particularly bright.

Silver houses report the city trade much improved.

Geo. D. Lunt, Towle Mfg. Co., has returned from his Pacific coast trip.

William Copeland, of Martin, Copeland & Co., visited the firm's Chicago branch last week.

Walter Graves, Pairpoint Mfg. Co., is back from New Bedford, and has gone westward.

Sam Dollenbach, formerly of Champaign, Ill., is opening a jewelry business at 3854 State St., this city.

G. Heinhold, lately at the corner of Wentworth Ave. and 22d St., has moved to 2139 Archer Ave.

N. Bedessen, 327 E. Division St., has recently completed a 3-story store and flat building in Englewood.

J. A. Swanson, 47th and State Sts., has returned to the vicinity of his old location on Archer Ave., near 29th St.

E. F. Winegar, Kenosha, Wis., has been holding auction sales, and, it is said, contemplates retiring from business.

A. E. Bentley, United States Watch Co., Waltham, Mass., returned Saturday from a two weeks' trip south and east.

Manager Loeb, Wadsworth Watch Case Co.'s Chicago office, leaves for the factory about the 17th, to be absent a week.

H. T. Hanson, 761 W. North Ave., is putting up a new three-story building a block from his present location and expects to occupy it about August 1. One of the early June weddings will be that of Miss Marion Peacock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Peacock, 1713 Indiana Ave., to Edgar Deyo Smith.

The Planchamp & Becker Co. have made numerous improvements in their establishment, both in a mechanical way and in added comfort for the customer.

M. V. Cole, Michigan City, Ind.; Mr. Ingalls, Jr., Waukegan, Ill.; A. F. Weiskopf, Kenosha, Wis.; Glascott & Bragg, Monroe, W1s.; Kerry Connolly, Spring Valley, Minn., and J. F. Kiser, Fostoria, O., were welcomed by the trade the past week.

A. F. Weiskopf, after two years retirement from business, has re-purchased the store sold by him in 1893 to M. C. Knudson, in Kenosha, Wis, and spent the latter part of the week in this city re-stocking. Mr. Knusdon returns to Evanston, where he is opening up the present week.

The following court decrees have issued: Reed, Murdock & Co.  $\psi s$ . Chicago Watch Co., judgment on default, \$1,208.50, and general execution; Adolphe Schwob  $\psi s$ . Chicago Watch Co., judgment on default, \$8,4\$8.36; the Meriden Silver Plate Co.  $\psi s$ . Giles, Bro. & Co., judgment on default, \$1,123.04.

An order for 3,400 pieces of the Holmes & Edwards Silver Co.'s gold aluminum goods was taken in Milwaukee the past week by Manager Brown of the Chicago office. The house reports constantly increasing sales of these pretty wares. Outside of gold aluminum, soda and bar supplies are fine sellers.

J. W. Sisson, of the R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co.'s New York horse, left Thursday night for the east. Mr. Sisson was on a missionary tour of the larger western cities, with three trunks full of the latest things in sterling ware. Of these rich wares he speaks enthusiastically, and says the trade is equally as enthusiastic. The R. Wallace & Sor.'s Mfg. Co.'s factory is running full tlme and full force, and will open the season well prepared to meet the demand. The past month has been the banner Spring month in sales in the history of the house.

### Cincinnati.

. Blouse waist sets are the principal selling items with the travelers now.

D. Schroder, returned from a trip out through the State, reports business improving.

C. Hellebush received the Stag Café order and equipped the place with fine bric-àbrac, silver table ware, and an English hall clock costing \$325.

Oskamp, Nolting & Co. are working on a new catalogue which will be out in time for the Fall trade. It will be the finest they have yet attempted.

The Ohio Retail Jewelers' Association will hold a called meeting and pass resolutions on the death of the National president, Arthur S. Goodman.

C. Hellebush has received a bill of sale in exchange for real estate, submitted to the Commercial Bank. The affair is about assuming a settled condition.

Geo. Fox, of Fox, Bros. & Co., has returned from a trip west. He says the American cut diamonds are fully appreciated by the trade, as his trip testifies.

Lee Strauss has abandoned his old stamping grounds. For nearly a quarter of a century he was in the jewelry business in Cincinnati. After, retiring from the firm of Strauss & Stern, he tried the business alone, and has awaited a good opening for a renewal of the jobbing trade. As none of any value came he concluded to go to Philadelphia, where his wife's relatives live, and engage in some other business.

Albert Weiler, doing business under the firm name of A. Weiler & Co., assigned last week; assets, \$15,000; liabilities, \$20,000. The failure was forced by his father-in-law, Jacob Kronacker, the principal creditor. Mr. Weiler was away on a trip, when his father-in-law telegraphed him to come home, met him at the depot and never left him until he had signed the papers. Preferences were made to the Kronackers for \$7,000; to his wife, Belle Weiler, \$2,000, I. S. Bloom, \$2,000; Rachel Bloom, \$3,000.

Morgan Harrison will remove from Chatham, N. Y., to Nassau, N. Y.

# San Francisco.

Louis Freund. of Max Freund & Co., New York, was here recently.

Wm. Carpenter, Salida Col., has opened a branch store in Cripple Creek.

H. Siecoty, 1234 Stockton St., has sworn out a warrant for the arrest of H. Scheerer, charged with embezzling \$150 worth of diamonds which he obtained on April 24th to sell to a probable customer.

The wife of jeweler P. P. Schmidt, 1034 Market St., has brought suit against her husband for the custody of her children and \$100 per month for their maintenance. She alleges that Schmidt is worth \$50,000 and has an income of \$500 a month.

# Pacific Coast Notes.

Mr. Cramer, Nuevo, Cal., will move to San Diego, Cal.

George Snell has opened a jewelry store in Walla Walla, Wash.

# H. M. Funk, San Diego, Cal., has fitted up an elegant store room.

Read McCraney, Martinez, Cal., has given up his business of abstracting of titles, and will hereafter devote his time to his jewelry store.

Miss Fannie Woodward, of Bloomington, Ind., a graduate of the Chicago Ophthalmic College, Chicago, Ill., will locate in Whittier, Cal:

Mrs. A. C. Corwin, wife of the Stockton, Cal., jeweler has gone to New York, to effect a settlement of her mother's estate, which includes some valuable business property.

The *Rocky Mountain Husbandman*, of White Sulphur Springs, Mon., reports the discovery of another wonderful sapphire field. The paper says it is not at liberty to disclose the location of the new gem field.

# Indianapolis.

The Moses Optical Institute is back in the old quarters, 8 N. Pennsylvania St.

Oscar A. Smoots has left the employ of C. H. Ankeny & Co., Lafayette, Ind., and opened a new store in Dayton, O.

T. J. Woltz will turn his attention from the jewelry business in Monticello, Ind., to the management of a Summer resort near that town.

Henry Klein, Muncie, Ind., and Harry Coffin, New Castle, Ind., have just completed improvements in their respective jewelry establishments.

Ritter & Ryan, Muncie, Ind., for one entire day recently gave up their jewelry store to a committee who conducted the business for the benefit of the Muncie Free Kindergarten Association.

S. T. Nichols & Co. are nicely settled in their new room in the Hubbard block. The new firm will be represented on the road by Charles Stoner, formerly a salesman for the material house of L. L. Norton.

May 1st, Craft, Koehler & Co. were changed to Craft & Koehler, the interest of Emmett Pee having been bought out by A.



63 & 65 WASHINGTON STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

----- "F TIMATES GIVEN ON GOLD AND SILVER. IF NOT SATISFACTORY WE WILL RETURN SHIPMENT INTACT AND PAY ALL CHARGES."----

S. S. Lieberman has announced his in-

It is reported that M. Lorch will close his retail store on Market St., and open a

The Jewelers' Fishing Club is out on its

Charles J. Rauch has just returned from

his southern trip through Tennessee, North

and South Carolina, Alabama and Missis-

W. A. Latten, watchmaker for Geo. H.

Kettmann & Co., has bought out the store

of Max Lowy, 4th St. near Walnut. Here-

after the concern will be known as the

A 1 o'clock Saturday closing paper has

been circulated among the 4th St. jewelry

trade, and the following dealers have

agreed to close: Wm. Kendrick's Sons, Geo.

Wolf & Co., Rodgers & Pottinger Jewelry

Co., Jas. H. Sharrard, Jos. K. Lemon &

Son, D. E. Shoupe, optician, T. J. Hower

& Co., opticians; Adolph Goldstein, opti-

Minneapolis and St. Paul.

A. E. Boyce has removed from Royalton,

August Kjelstorp has removed from

S. Jacobs & Son, Minneapolis, will move

M. L. Cohen, Minneapolis, has just com-

George W. Wooley, St. Paul, has removed

Paul Hirschy, St. Paul, has returned

C. R. Bowen, formerly with Myers &

Co., St. Paul, has gone to Sault Ste. Marie,

Mich., where he has opened in business

The Stone Jewelry Co., St. Paul, are

A. L. Haman & Co., St. Paul, recently

Out-of-town jewelers visiting the Twin

Cities the past week were : Herman Fredell,

Center City, Minn.; C. R. Holman, Cannon

Falls, Minn.; F. Williams, Stillwater, Minn.;

J. Ceaser, Stillwater, Minn.; Wm. Plackner,

secured the time service of the Northfield

Observatory, and will supply all the rail-

roads entering St. Paul with official time.

having an auction sale in order to dispose

of their stock, the firm intending to retire

from New York, where he took a course in

optics at the Spencer Optical Institute.

from corner of Robert and 3d Sts. to the

pleted enlarging his store to twice its

regular annual fish, this time its sojourn

tention to retire from the jewelry business.

wholesale house on Main St.

being on Cumberland River.

Avenue Jewelry Co.

cian, Buschemeyer & Seng.

Minn., to Little Falls, Minn.

former size.

for himself.

from business.

Cameron, Wis., to Warren, Wis.

corner of Robert and 5th Sts.

into their new store about May 20th.

sippi for Geo. H. Kettmann & Co.

P. Craft and Edmund Koehler, who will continue the manufacturing business at 27 S. Meridian St.

# Detroit.

F. T. Treblecock, London, Ont., visited the trade here last week.

Thomas Kennedy, of Kennedy & Koester, is ill at his home, of heart trouble.

A. L. Fexer, Cheboygan, Mich., was the only country jeweler in the city last week.

Hollister & Co. have removed their jewelry business from 10 Grand River Ave., to 40 Grand River Ave.

John Phillips & Co., of this city, recently furnished several handsome show cases for the new store of F. G. Smith & Sons.

W. P. Sessions, formerly of Hubbard & Sessions, jewelers, Fort Gratiot, Mich., died last week, at the Pontiac Asylum where he had been confined for the last three years.

D. P. Work, for the last six years with Fred. A. Stokes and Dempsey & Carroll, will on June 15 open a fine stationery department in the jewelry store of Roehm & Son.

# Louisville.

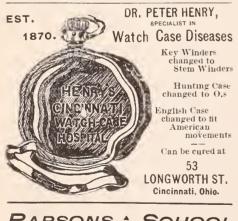
J. B. Settle, Bowling Green, Ky., was here last week buying.

J. M. Johnson, Pekin, Ind., was here last week buying goods.

F. V. De Long, watchmaker, has engaged in the bicycle business.

S. R. Beisenthal, it is said is negotiating a sale of his store, on Market St.

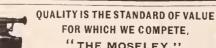
Geo. H. Casperke, Brandenburg, Ky., was in town last week buying goods.



PARSONS : SCHOOL WATCHMAKERS. PEORIA ILL Send for Circular and Terms. PARSONS & CO.

One of the best of the

very best.



We furnish you good lathes and chucks, while the other fellow furnishes the wind. MOSELEY & CO., Elgin, Ill.



No. 2 Moseley Wire Chuck has length, strength, accuracy. See our1895 Price List.

Arlington, Minn.; E. C. Bennett, Pine Island, Minn.; F. D. Smith, Hastings, Minn.; C. E. Norton, Cresco, Ia.; L. Diacon, Chaska, Minn.

## Kansas City.

The entire stock of J. C. Fenton, 5th and Main Sts., is being sold at auction.

Campbell Bros., jewelers, 113 E. 12th St., have generally improved their store.

One of the largest plate glass windows of C. H. Harsch's jewelry store, was blown in by the wind during a severe storm last week. Very little damage was done to the stock.

F. S. Altman, 1117 Main St., who has been holding an auction of his stock for some time past, has disposed of most of it, and the balance is to be sold at private sale, and the store closed up. Mr. Altman will leave the jewelry business and devote his time to building interests.

# Canada and the Provinces.

John Vanstone, Fergus, Ont., has made a composition with his creditors.

W. J. Barr, of the Goldsmith's Stock Co., has gone to Montreal on a business trip.

W. J. Miller, representing the Seth Thomas Clock Co., New York, was here last week.

H. Levy, of Levy Bros. Co., Hamilton, was in the city last week and secured some large orders.

Ambrose Kent, of A. Kent & Sons, Toronto, sailed last week for England to secure Fall novelties.

The electric clock in front of the jewelry establishment of J. E. Ellis & Co., 81 King St., Toronto, exploded May 4, and showered the glass and porcelain faces far over the prvement. The hands were bent and the works destroyed. The wooden portions of the clock burned until the current was tnrned off after the explosion. No person was injured, though several passers-by were out in the shower.

Trade continues generally quiet, but is reported better in the central portion of Canada than in the maritime and Pacific provinces and the northwest where it continues extremely dull. There is but little heavy buying, business being principally confined to sorting up, with a run on some lines of specialties. There is an unprecedented demand this season for blouse sets, and, as is usual at this time of year, class and college pins and athletic club enameled badges are largely in requisition. The approach of May 24th, the Queen's birthday, generally brings large orders for medals. In anticipation of this trade half the staff of P. W. Ellis & Co. are employed on medal work.

The latest pattern of Geo. W. Shiebler

& Co. is the Etruscan, which shows a fan

shaped handle with plain shank.

30

"THE MOSELEY." "A Bread Winner" for the watchmaker.

# To Secure a Good Depthing.

THE least skilful of watchmakers can without much difficulty place a wheel in the depthing tool in conjunction with a pinion, and displace this latter until the two are found to run easily together. But there are comparatively few that are sufficiently acquainted with the subject of depthings to be able to select a pinion, the proportions of which are such as to satisfy the greatest number of the conditions to be fulfiled by a good depthing.

This únsatisfactory state of things is due in great measure to the employment, without any correction, of tables of the sizes of pinions, according to which these sizes are determined by a measurement on the teeth of the wheel taken with a pinion caliper. This method, although sufficient for ascertaining the size approximately and even for securing a depthing that runs more or less easily, cannot be accepted as an unvarying rule. Far from resting on any mathematical law, as ignorant men urge in their attempt to instruct others, it is only true for a particular number and form of tooth in regard to the wheel, and a definite thickness of leaf and shape of the rounding in regard to the pinion. It ceases to be true if applied to other numbers of teeth or to pinions that have their leaves thicker or thinner, or the roundings different from those of the pinion first determined upon. All this subject has been very fully considered and explained by Cl. Saunier, as follows:

"Theoretical and practical depthings.— The fundamental principle of every depthing is as follows : To determine what curvature should be given to the teeth of the wheel which drives, in order that the tooth that follows (whether its side be straight or formed according to a pre-determined curve) shall be driven in such a manner as to secure the best transmission of force, a transmission which is in part influenced by the uses to be made of the machine.

"Teeth formed like the involute of a circle have very marked advantages, but they cannot be adopted in practice, especially in the case of the leaves of pinions. The epicycloid can be realized very approximately in the teeth of wheels in horology, and such teeth can be used in conjunction with pinion leaves having straight faces, the construction of which does not present any difficulty. This explains why the epicycloidal form has been adopted by watchmakers; but, although it is more easily drawn than the majority of other curves, there are still some obstacles in the way of its general application, mainly dependent on industrial requirements. The difficulty is usually gotten over by forming the tooth according to a circular arc, nearly identical with the epicycloidal curve.

"When two mobiles are of the *same diam*eter, the theoretical depthing will be characterized by having teeth and spaces of equal width; but, since in practice the friction with such an arrangement would be

excessive, owing to its taking place on both sides of the tooth, the teeth of the wheel that is driven are so far reduced in thickness as to secure the necessary freedom.

"When the two mobiles are very highly numbered, the lead is short, so that the tooth of the wheel may be a trifle broader or narrower than the space, without inconvenience. But when using pinions of low number—from 6 to 10 leaves—this is not the case. In proportion as the width of the wheel tooth is reduced, its ogive becomes shorter, and the most advantageous portion of the lead (that beyond the line of centers) becomes less. And, besides this, account must be taken of the slipping toward the end of the lead, and the reduction in the difference between the geometrical and the total diameters of the wheel.

"To secure a good depth with low numbered pinions, the leaves should not be more than half the thickness of the space. If they are thicker than this, it may be found necessary to reduce the width of the wheel teeth, when pitching is insufficient; but the most serious objection lies in the fact that the pitch circle of the pinion will be diminished in diameter. Let there be two pinions with circular roundings and of the same total diameter, but having leads of different thicknesses, that with the leaves thick will be found too small," etc.

# Uncle Jere in New York.

•• YES; I was in New York, and seed everything to be seen in that sinful city," Uncle Jere responded to a question appropriate to elicit such an answer, after having taken a seat in Mr. Pivot's store. Mr. Pivot is our village watchmaker, who repairs everything from a "split seconds" to a steeple clock. His advertisement reads, "Bicycles, baby carriages, etc., repaired with neatness and dispatch."

"You were in New York, then?" Mr. Pivot rejoined compassionately; "and weren't you afeerd of the pickpockets, bunco steerers and all that?"

"You should know by this time, young man," Uncle Jere responded with a slight display of offended dignity, "that Uncle Jere ain't that kind of galoot; did you ever see any flies on me? One of them fellows thought he'd come it over me, but he got left; that's all."

"Why, how's that?"

"Well, you see, I was a trampin' down the Bow'ry, lookin' into the shop windows, a-wantin' ter buy suthin' for Ann Mariar, when I notussed a chap a-bearin' down toward me, who looked the bunco steerer a hundred yards off. He stopped clost to me an' sed: 'Well, how does this weather suit you, farmer?' It kind o'staggered me how he knowed I was a farmer, but I thinks to myself, 'he's one of them.' 'First-rate weather," I sed, in the way of remarkin' suthin'. He wore a shinin' stovepipe, and a dimend stud in his shirt boozum that made my eyes wink. After givin' me some more of his lip, he sed: 'Kin I invite you to take a glass with me?'

"Certainly,' I sed, and off we started for the saloon. I kept my eyes on a perliceman near there, but the chap didn't try no tricks with me. Finally, he sed:

" 'Not to stan' on ceremonies, I'm awfully hard up; don't you want to buy a gold watch fully worth \$100? Seein' it's you, I'll let you have it for \$25.'

"Ah,' I thinks ter myself, 'you rogue, you stole that somewheres,' and I sed to him, to scare him: 'You stole that watch, and if you don't let me have it for \$10 I'll call the perliceman.' You should have seen how skeered he got, and he answered resignedlike. 'You've got me at an advantage; I kin't help myself; take it for \$10. Gimme the money.' An' with that he hands over the watch."

"But, Uncle Jere, didn't you have no pangs of conscience, hearing, as you do, our excellent dominee preach about them every Sunday?"

"No-sirree! nary a pang! The bloke tried to cheat me and that's about the size of it. I don't think the watch is worth more'n \$10 anyhow," and with these words Uncle Jere unearthed his chronometer and handed it to Mr. Pivot.

"Ha ha ha! he he he! ho ho ho!" Pivot burst out, after glancing superficially at the timepiece. "You're sucked in. I can sell you a whole dozen of that kind of watches for \$to, any day you chose to buy' em."

"Really?" said Uncle Jere. "Well, no harm done. Still, if you hadn't told me that, you might have never heard of the rest of the transaction."

"How so?"

"Well, the \$10 note I paid him was a counterfeit anyhow."

# The Successful "Ideal Safety Chain,"

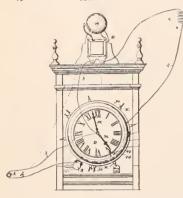
THE continued and increasing popu-larity of the Li larity of the Ideal Safety Chain, made solely by Bates & Bacon, 11 John St., New York, has been a source of gratification to the manufacturers. While other articles somewhat similar have been offered to the trade, the "Ideal" alone has proved invariably satisfactory both to purchaser and seller. Being fully protected by patents it occupies an impregnable position. The fastening device is the best ever invented, and in appearance it is at once dainty and artistic. As a double bracelet, when not desired for the purse, etc., it makes a charming ornament. In fact, the "Ideal" safety chain is true to its name in every respect.

The chain has been widely advertised in the daily press from Maine to California and sells on sight. Send your order to your jobber. Every first class jobber carries the "Ideal" in stock.

### The Latest Patents.

## ISSUE OF MAY 7, 1895.

53S.6S6. ELECTRIC TIME-ALARM CLOCK. MAX LEIBECKE, St. Paul. Minn. Filed Feb. 28, 1895. Serial No. 539,966. (No model.)



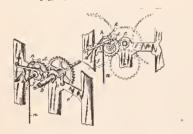
In an alarm clock, the combination with the clock mechanism, the hands, the dial, and the face plate; of a metal ring surrounding said dial and divided in a plane at right angles to the axis of the hands into outer and inner halves having a slot between them, blocks sliding in said slot, contact pins sliding through said blocks radial to the shaft and having their inner ends turned at right angles to their bodies, and a spring carried by the hour-hand and adapted to make electrical contact with the inner end of any pin which is moved inward.

53~,693. ICE-CREAM SPOON. BERNICE J. NOYES, Boston, assignor to Clarence W. Fox, Saugus, Mass. Filed Jan. 2, 1895. Serial No. 533,655. (No model.)



The bowl a, and handle b, combined with the bailshaped removing device or cleaner, pivotally connected with and working within said bowl on an axis in alignment with the handle the rod or bar  $c^3$  and spirally formed hub or end piece  $c^4$  thereon, the finger piece d, block d, having a hole through it which receives and works upon said spirally formed hub or end piece, and the spring  $d^2$  acting upon said block.

538,732. ALARM - CLOCK. WILLIAM W. HARRIS, El Dorado, Ark. Filed Sept. 14, 1894. Serial No. 523,014. (No model.)



In combination with a time clock, substantially as shown and described, the wheel c, rigidly secured on the sleeve b; sleeve d, bearing wheel d, and journaled to the frame of said clock in such position that the cogs of said wheel d, will mesh with the cogs of the



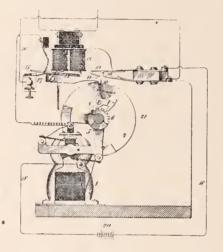
wheel c; extension *i*, rigidly secured to the outer end of sleeve *d*, and extending outwardly from the face of wheel *d*; indicator *k*, secured on the outer end of said shaft; and the releasing pawl *h*, secured to the bar *f*, in such position as to hold said wheel *d*, from moving except when operated by wheel *c*.

538,762. SCARF PIN. HENRY H. BAKER, Jr., Buffalo, N. Y., assignor to King & Eisele, same place. Filed Mar. 2, 1895. Serial No. 540,334. (No model.)



A pin provided at a distance from its pointed end with a longitudinal slot or recess and with a keeperbar pivoted in said slot or recess and adapted to project beyond the surface of the pin.

538,773. ELECTRIC TOWER-CLOCK. JAMES H. GERRY and FREDERICK M. SCHMIDT, Brooklyn, assignors to the Self-Winding Clock Company, New York, N. Y. Filed Nov. 15th, 1894. Serial No. 528,874. (No model.)



In an electric clock system, the combination of an electric notor and train for driving the clock hands, means controlled by a distant master clock for operating said motor at predetermined intervals, means for arresting the movement of the clock hands and simultaneously disconnecting them from the motor and breaking communication between the motor and its operating means, whereby the shock of arresting the momentum of the motor is avoided.

538, \$30. COMB. CHARLES J. HASENAUER, Newark, N. J., assignor of one-half to Thomas McGinnis, same place. Filed Feb. 6, 1895. Serial No. 537,451. (No model.)

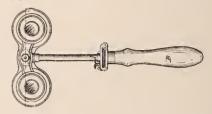


As an improved article of manufacture, a lady's dress comb, comprising therein, a body portion  $\alpha$ , a



long prong or tooth a extending therefron, and short and rigid prongs extending down from said body, oneprong on each side of said long tooth, said short prongs being half or less than half the length of said tooth a, whereby said comb can be adjusted in the hair by only partially withdrawing the long tooth from the hair.

- 538,777. ELECTRIC WATCHMAN'S CLOCK. OTTO E. HAUSBURG, New York, N. Y. Filed April 17, 1894. Serial No. 507,853. (No model.)
- 539,006. OPERA-GLASS. JEREMIAH MURPHY, OSCAR F. ENGWALL and CHARLES A. TIEDEN, Chicago, Ill. Filed Oct. 12, 1894, Serial No. 525,714. (No model.)

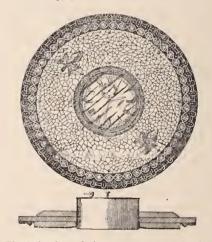


In an opera-glass holder consisting of a cylindrica body part and a handle, a yoke joining the handle and body part, such yoke consisting of bars connected together at one end by a pivot and at the other end by a catch whereby the yoke can be separated and the handle and body part folded; a spindle rotatably mounted in the cylindrical body part of the handle, a connection between the spindle and the focusing mechanism of the opera-glass, and a thumb wheel on the spindle at the end thereof extending into the yoke.

DESIGN 24,271. LINK CUFF . BUTTON.

JAMES A. FLOMERFELT, New York, N. Y. Filed April 13, 1895. Serial No. 545,667. Term of patent 14 years.

DESIGN 24,273. CLOCK-CASE. DAVID M. POLLACK, Chicago, Ill. Filed March 21, 1895, Serial No. 542,712. Term of patent 3½ years.



The design for a clock case or frame herein shown and described, the same comprising a raised circular inner portion, A, having indentations, a, bordered by a circular rim B, provided with raised ornamental figures,  $b \ b$ .

**Pivots.**—Examine all pivots carefully : if you find one that is worn or rusty, it must be repolished. Sometimes a pivot is badly worn ; cut it off and put in a new. If it is a fine watch, it would be better to put in a new pinion, because, if the offending pivot is polished too much it will become too small for the jewel hole. Polish the pivot with diamantine on a bell metal burnisher.

# Ocular Refraction,

# AS RELATES TO THE CORRECTION OF VISUAL DEFECTS.\*

BY R. H. KNOWLES, M. D.

**NOTE**—The purpose of this series of articles is to give to the student without his having had any previous technical education, a clear and practical course of instruction in optics with its application to the fitting of gasses. The Correspondence Column is open to all readers of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR. All questions asked will be fully answered.

# ν١ι.

(Commenced Feb. 27, 1895.) CHAPTER III.

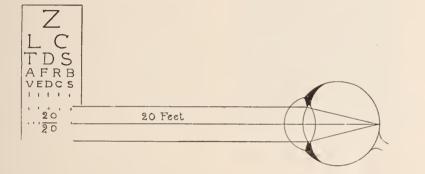
# EMMETROPIA.

THIS term is of Greek derivation, and means the eye in measure, the English of which is normal vision or perfect sight. It applies to that state or condition of the eyes, in which rays of light traveling in parallel paths from twenty feet or infinity will focus upon the percipient layers of the retina with the muscle of accommodation at rest.

This is our normal standard with which

Emmetropia is demonstrated by means of Snellen's test letters or the distance chart placed 20 feet away from the patient. There should be at least four of these charts, and the letters devised by Snellen placed in blocks forming five squares, each one of which represents one minute of a degree. Jaeger deduced the theory that the eye would subtend an angle of one minute of a degree; this will explain the purpose of the squares. The letter selected should be as nearly square as possible, such as the Z. The T and the E are both good charts. The German text is nearly round, so that the image formed is not as perfect as the square text of the English. The illiterate chart or pot hooks represented by the letter in placed in different positions, can be employed for foreigners as well as for the ignorant.

Snellen's distance charts placed at 20 feet will not only determine vision, but will also reveal the patient's vision as compared with that of the normal standard; so that after ascertaining the patient's vision,



we make all of our comparisons. It is our duty first to find out the condition of the eye and learn, if possible, whether or not the eyes are normal. If they are, then it is a very simple matter to try the accommodation.

An emmetropic eye is not of necessity in emmetropia, that is to say, the eye anatomically may not be in perfect vision, as sometimes a disease or even *amblyopia* may be the means of an obstruction of vision; but emmetropia always implies that the eye is an emmetropic one, that is, an eye in which perfect vision is formed, is of necessity a perfect eye. Twenty per cent. of the human race may approximate this normal standard; this applies to those who do not wear glasses for any purpose, and who labor under the impression that their eyes are perfect.

The image focused upon the retina is an nverted one, and a theory is yet to be advanced which will rationally explain why every object seen should not appear upside down. The writer's belief is that the image becomes reinverted by means of the nerve filaments composing the optic tract, forming a chiasm at the point of union between the brain and optic nerve.

\*Copyright, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

## EMMETROPIA.

should it prove to be subnormal, other things being equal, it is the duty of the optician to improve the vision, so that the normal may be approximated by means of some kind of lens.

(To be continued.)

### **Optical Correspondence.**

Will you kindly inform me what to do with the following patient?

Mrs. J. B. — Age 64 years.

R. E. V. 20.: L. E. V. 20:28 W-.750 490°.

I gave for reading

O. D. + 4.50 D<sup>3</sup>.

O. S.  $+ 4.50 \text{ D}^{\circ}$ .  $\bigcirc -.75 \text{ D}_{\circ} \text{ cx. } 90^{\circ}$ .

ANSWER—The prescription, from the history of this case, appears upon the surface to be in good form. The seconday symptom of pain will in time cease. The probabilities are, however, that the spheres are too strong, and that the following formula would give better results:

O. D.  $+ 4.D^{s}$ . O. S.  $+ 3.25 D^{s}$ .  $\bigcirc + .75D^{\circ} cx \ 180^{\circ}$ . In the trial case among the accessories, there is one disc with a small round hole in the center. Will you inform me for what purpose it was designed. R. J.

ANSWER. The disc in question is for the purpose of determining whether or not the patient's vision may be improved.

If after testing the vision, no improvement can be made by a lens in the trial case, employ the pinhole disc, and if the patient can see decidedly better, and will see more letters upon Snellen's chart some kind of a lens may improve the sight. But if, on the other hand, the patient cannot see any better with it than without, there will be no use in wasting your time by trying the lenses.

# Workshop Notes.

**Pinion Leaves.**—If the repairer comes across rusty pinion leaves, he must clean them with pegwood and oilstone powder and oil.

**Broken Balance Pivot.**—If a job comes in with only one pivot gone on the balance, always make a new staff; never put in a new pivot, which, if done, nine times out of ten will spoil the staff, and then it will not run true.

**Center Wheel Arbor.**—The arbor of the center wheel is sometimes cut or worn. Put it in the lathe and turn it down smooth; but always stop before turning off the shoulder entirely, as enough must be left for the cannon pinion to rest on, or it will bind on the plate.

End Stone.—A good way to clean an end stone or cap jewel is to lay it down onthe bench paper and rub the stone on it. with the finger. When about to put in the cock and foot jewels, put in the holejewel first; then put a little oil on the jewel before putting in the end stone. Be sure to get this in as far as it will go.

**Cleaning Powder for Show Windows.** — A good cleaning powder which leaves no dirt in the joints, etc., is prepared by moistening calcined magnesia with pure benzine so that a mass is formed sufficiently moist to let a drop appear when pressed. The mixture is to be preserved in glass bottles with ground stoppers, in order to retain the easily volatile benzine. A little of the mixture when to be used is placed upon a lumpof cotton and applied to the glass plate.

**To Clean Top-Plate.**—To clean the topplate so as not to destroy the gilding or scratch the plate, wash this with jewelers cleaning soap and a soft brush, which makes the plate look like new; rinse off in clean water or alcohol, and dry in sawdust. Then sharpen a piece of pegwood so it will have three corners; it can be sharpened with three cuts of the knife. Clean out all the holes carefully. Again sharpen the pegwood in the same way, only make it blunt so that it will fit in the oil sinks, and clean them out well; sharpen the pegwood as it gets dirty.



FEW EXTRAS FOR OTHER HAPPY DAYS.

WHO CAN COUNT HER RINGS

NOW 50 WELL KNOWN, OUGHT TO BE FOUND IN GOOD VARIETY IN EVERY CAREFUL JEWELER'S STOCK, AND ARE AT THEIR

COMMAND AT THE HANDS OF OUR SEVERAL TRAVELERS, OR MAY BE ORDERED DIRECT FROM

# M. B. BRYANT&CO.,

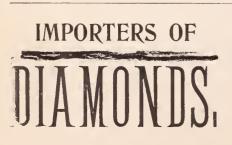
10 MAIDEN LANE, .... NEW YORK.

**Complete Establishment** 

MEANS



THE KEY TO THE STUDY OF REFRACTION. DESIGNED FOR OPTICAL STUDENTS. NOW READY. SOC. PER COPY. WRITE FOR PARTICULARS. Office and Headquarters for Graduate Opticians, 4 MAIDEN LANE (up stairs), NEW YORK.



•SAFES FOR JEWELERS. MOSJER, BAHMANN & CO., <sup>518</sup> BROADWAY NEW YORK. Patent Fire and Burolar Proof Safes.



Large Assortment Always on Hand. Send for our Representative. Special Safes to Order. Jewelers' Safes a Specialty



HIGHEST MARKET RATES FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER.

J. RATHBONE, Nos. 1 to 9 Matthewson St., cor. Cove, Providence, R. I.



19 Maiden Lane.

CHICAGO BRANCH 103 STATE ST.

New York.

Latest Designs. Lowest Prices.

NOVELTIES ETC.



# The Rambler's Notes.

WHAT THE RAMBLER SAW AND HEARD AMONG THE DEALERS IN ART POTTERY, CUT GLASS. BRONZES, ETC.

NEW LINE OF AUSTRIAN WARE.

NEW line of Austrian ware shown by Lazarus,

Rosenfeld & Lehmann, 60 Murray St., New York, is decorated in colors with figure panels à la Vienna. It contains among other novelties, cracker jars, tea caddies, chocolate pots, jugs, teapots, sugars and creams trinket sets, brush and comb trays, flower pots, cups, vases and plates. The colors, blue and red, are shown on many designs, one of which, with female figure panels, is called *Trilby* and is expected to prove very popular.

# ART GLASS IN ALL VARIETIES.

# NE of the greatest varieties of Carlsbad jewel and

decorated glassware to be found in the United States is contained in the salesrooms of Oscar Moser, 23 Union Square, New York. The assortment shown is so extensive in respect to styles, shapes, colors and designs, that there is probably nothing in art glassware desired by the jeweler that cannot here be found. Dealers will be interested in the clearing sale which is now being held to make room for the new goods soon to arrive.

## THE LATEST IN BRONZE GOODS.

HE New York warerooms of the

New Jersey Lamp & Bronze Works, formerly at 44 Murray St., have been removed to 45 Maiden Lane. An entirely new stock has been used in fitting up the present location, which contains among other lines, three beautiful styles in porcelain and bronze mantel and cabinet ornaments, the design patents on which have just been issued.

# LARGEST DISPLAY OF GUERIN WARE.

THE New York offices of William Guérin & Co., the well-

known manufacturers of Limoges china, have been removed from 31 Barclay St. to 33 Park Place. The new location not only gives greater room and better light than the former quarters, but affords every facility for showing the samples of Guérin china to the best possible advantage. It is the intention of Chas. Streiff, the New York agent, to utilize these facilities in making the largest and richest display of the product of Wm. Guérin & Co. ever seen in New York.

## NEW GOODS IN ROYAL BONN.

NEW PRODUCTS

IN WEDGWOOD.

T the warerooms of C. L. Dwenger, 35 Park Place,

New York, there may be seen many attractive pieces in Royal Bonn, showing decorations in the blue Delft styles. In addition to the larger vases and urns, there are many sizes of flower and fern pots and jardinieres. The last come with or without pedestals decorated in the same style.

# VIOLET holders and loving cups

are among the latest novelties shown in the new stock of Wedgwood jasper ware received last week by Maddock & Co., 21 Barclay St., New York. These as well as the regular novelties, particularly the Portland vases, are shown in the usual variety of sizes and in the three colors now most popular-dark blue, light blue and sage green.

THE RAMBLER.

# New Lines in Crown Derby.

HE Royal Crown Derby Company have just sent up to their London rooms, 42 Holborn-viaduct, a large assortment of superb art ware. These samples are specimens of the finest potting and of the most elaborate decoration. All shapes and all styles of decoration are well represented, but the newest feature is the introduction of several dark ground colors on one piece, showing up the light reliefs with remarkable effect. This is quite a novelty, and the various results produced by the different treatment are very pleasing. There are many new shapes, so that in the various styles adopted, the firm are able to meet the requirements of positively every variety of taste. They have just brought out some new and exceedingly pretty shapes in china plant pots. They are also showing a number of new dessert sets treated elaborately in the new style we have referred to, with the different ground colors. This new departure is shown to great advantage in these sets-the fine line decorations shown through the ground colors producing an effect at once novel and pleasing.

Amongst some new colors introduced on art shapes, and also on dessert and tea ware, there are some pleasing contrasts of purple lake and spring green. These are quite new, and cannot fail to please those who desire high class decorations. Some of the dessert sets are very fine, with dark grounds and gold relief and chased work. The Crown Derby Co. are famous for their Japan patterns, and for their reproductions of old Crown Derby. They are showing a great variety of patterns in both styles. They have, as usual, a number of new patterns in teas and breakfast. In tea ware they keep an extensive variety, which includes all the latest styles of decoration. The firm are now giving special attention to menus. They are showing some remarkably pretty shapes-so thin that it is wonderful that such delicate pieces could be fired at all with safety. There are some pretty designs amongst them, and the firm are evidently making a specialty of this class of goods.

In addition to their usual useful assortment of samples, they are now showing a number of fancy articles, such as caddies, bells, biscuit boxes, and reproductions of their old ink-wells. A number of the samples shown are well adapted for presents. The company, indeed, are making several novelties expressly for small presents. There is no reason why these goods should not be utilized for presentation purposes, instead of silver plate. Amongst the smaller samples on show we noticed some pretty castors, peppers, trays, and other small things.-Pottery Gazette, London.

FATAL MEMORY.

At the boarding school.

"How was it that Emily did not graduate?"

"She failed in her examinations."

"Wasn't she a good student?"

"Yes; but when it came down to the examination she could remember only twentytwo of the thirty-seven uses of hairpin."-Judge.

# **OPPENHEIMER BROS. & VEITH.**

Beg to announce that they are now located in their new quarters in the Prescott Building, cor. Nassau and John Sts., New York.

**CUTTERS AND IMPORTERS OF** DIAMONDS

# ~AQGTIME ELECT

To successfully advertise your place of business you must cater to the convenience as well as the aesthetic eye of the public. Examine the accompanying fac-simile of our Bracket Clocks.

Did you ever see any dummy so per-ectly proportioned. We make this fectly proportioned. We make this Clock for either Bracket or Post. It measures four feet from top of ring

to bottom of ornament; is 30 inches in diameter and 10 inches thick. It is water and dust proof, and the dials are protected by Glass Bezels. Power is furnished by a small Battery. The circuit is opened and closed every 30 seconds by a small contact-wheel and spring placed on your regulator, thus moving the hands ahead every half minute.

The case is made of cast iron and the mechanism simple. This clock is no experiment but a positive is simple. success and will last you a life time.

Price, from \$40.00 up. CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED. JOLIET ELECTRIC MFG. CO., JOLIET, ILL.



KETCHAM & McDOUCALL, MANUFACTURERS GOLD & SILVER THIMBLES, GOLD COLLAR BUTTONS, AUTOMATIC EYE-GLASS HOLDERS 198 BROADWAY N. Y.



LLLUSTRATED CATALOGUE SENT ON APPLICATION

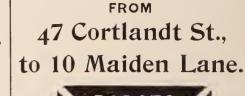


WE make to order only, and guarattee our work to be Dust Proof and First-Class in all its details, and to have all the Latest Improvements as regards Shelf Arrangements, Electric Ligbts, Etc. We will cheerfully furnish Estimates and Sketches for any store free of charge.

CALL AND SEE US.



WATCHES. KEEPING CLOCK. SIGN



**DEALERS IN** 



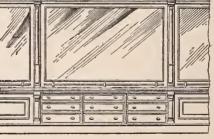
NEW QUARTERS. Come and see us.

MELISHEK & PETTER.

128 Maiden Lane, New York.

MANUFACTURERS OF WALL AND COUNTER CASES. FOR JEWELRY, SILVER-

WARE, ETC.



36

MATTERS IN

# JEWELRY STOREKEEPING.

That this department shall prove mutually beneficial to our readers, it is desirable that the members of the trade generally communicate with THE CIRCULAR regarding any advantageous device or plan that they are utilizing in the connection of their business.

# A Chic Circular.

THE bicycle is daily becoming more and more a part of the stock of the retail jeweler. Perhaps no article has called forth more ingenious advertising devices than the bicycle, and the following, which is a fac simile of a circular issued by Jeweler bottom of the mine loose diamonds are scattered about. There stands a little man with a pick, picking away; and there goes another little figure pushing a wheelbarrow. Other little brownies are at work in different parts of the mine, and on the bank above the mine are two little men in charge of a derrick from which is suspended a tiny

# PARKHURST'S GOSSIP.

PUBLISHED IN THE INTEREST OF OUR CUSTOMERS AND OURSELVES.

Vol. r. Everett, Mass., U. S. A., May, 1895. No. 5.

### PARKHURST'S GOSSIP.

A monthly reminder to our customers PUBLISHED BY

Parkhurst the Jeweler.

	Everett, Mass., Post Mail Matter of
the	First-class.

Vol. 1. MAY 1st, 1895. No. 5.

In devoting this issue of the Gossip to our bicycle department we do not deem it necessary to offer an apology. Everyone is interested in bicycling, and our business in this department is showing a large increase over previous years, wi lle of necessity we are devot-ing considerable time to bicycles, we are not neglecting our other business. In ladies' jewelry especially, we are showing many new and seasonable styles in belt buckles, side combs, shirt waist sets, belt pins, etc.

"The Maker's Guarantee.— What does it amount to? Within the past three years forty-three manufacturers have failed—their wheels are still being ridden--good for the repairers. The makers of the wheels we handle are solid. We can't afford to risk our rep-utation on any other."

A Tailor-Made Wheel. You wouldn't think of buying a suit of clothes with-out first trying them on to see if they fitted. Then why not be as particular in purchasing a bicycle, which costs several times the price of a fashionable suit? The Warwick is made in differ-ent heights of frame-for long or short people. Buy a Warwick and get a fit. (Buy some wheels and you'll have a fit in another sense.)

Parkhurst, Everett, Mass., is chic and interesting:

The same device can be utilized with respect to the regular jewelry stock.

# Miniature Diamond Mine in a Window.

N last week's issue, reference was made to a unique window exhibit of W. W. Appel, jeweler, Lancaster, Pa. We now give a full description of the same.

The scene represents a diamond mine, presumably the Kimberly mine. In the Bubbles.

Blobbs says bicycles are of nautical origin. He points out that a pilot was the first man at the wheel.

Bicycles, like human beings, get giddy. A tiny lantern makes its head light.

A wag has named his wheel "Hard-boiledeggs." He says it can't be beaten.

Those who know all about the right wheel have no use for military tactics.

Paul Revere was a very good rider even though he never won a cycle race in Boston,

Revolutions of the wheel are very different from those in South America or Cuba, for instance.

Do you want some wind? Our large pump is at your service for the asking, whether you purchased your wheel of us or some other fellow.

Join the League of American Wheel-Join the League of American Wheel-men. The cost is two dollars the first year and one dollar each succeeding year. In return for your money you receive a morocco bound road book, a weekly magazine, reduced rates at the Waltham'races on Decoration Day, reduced hotel rates, etc. We have a supply of application blanks, and shall be pleased to forward your application and fee for you.

Perseverance may move a mountain. It takes a muscle to move a bicycle, but a very little of it to make a Cres-cent go. They run easy, they are light, they are strong. \$40 to \$90.

Tell her that you love her, Tell her that she's your queen, Tell her that the Crescent Is the best you've ever seen.

bucket which ascends and descends, carrying several large and brilliant diamonds. Policemen and soldiers are on guard as the precious stones must be watched, and there are also lookers on, among them being a little woman who is pointing to a young man opposite her and saying: " I wish that dude over there would buy me a nice diamond."

The scene is exceedingly life-like, a number of the figures moving about nearly all the time, electricity being the motive power. The whole is attractive and reflects much credit upon ist designer.

# An Effective Ad.

THE following is a variation of an effective ad. employed by a shoe and clothing house of Omaha, Neb :

# 53 lbs. of Granulated Sugar for \$1.

In the language of the photographer, fix your at-tention on that point till we let the bird out. What has this stuff got to do with the Jewelry and Watch business? Not a thing in the world. When you do want any kind of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Bric-à-brac, Silverware, think of us, and test for yourself the truth of our claims, that we have the finest and cheapest stock in the city.

ALRIGHT & VERIGOODE, 21 HIGH MAIN STREET,

## Various Advertising Methods.

G. A. Schlechter, jeweler, Reading, Pa., is making a beautiful gold medal valued at \$75, which he will present to the captain of the uniformed division receiving first prize for best drill in the competitive drill of the Uniformed Rank of Knights of Pythias at the meeting of the grand lodge in that city, August next.

200

Hanna & Eroe, new firm of jewelers, New Castle, Pa., have offered a handsome trophy to the player in the New Castle Club who shall make the best batting and fielding average during the season.

# cm

IF YOUR WATCH Needs Repairing, Cleaning or Regulating BRINC IT TO ME. I will put it in good running order at the smallest possible cost. I'M THE DOCTOR. Anything else you may have in the way of Jewelry needing repairs can be sent to me with perfect assurance that it will receive the very best treatment. HOWARD V. STRATTON, 39 Main Street, Mount Holly, N. J.

co.

A gold watch from the B. H. Stief Jewelry Co., Nashville, Tenn., will be given to the one selling the greatest number of tickets and a silver watch to the one selling the next greatest number to the Silver Lake Quartette concert in that city, May 10 to 17. Tickets are sold from the jewelry store.

Center Pinion out of Tone.-Turn the hands and listen for any grating or squeaking caused by the hour hand rubbing on the dial. Watch the minute hand while turning and see if it raises up on one side and falls on the other; if it does the center pinion wants uprighting. If the hour hand trembles or jumps while you turn it, something is wrong with the dial wheels. Next see if the point of the second hand touches the dial, as if it is too high so as to catch the other hands.

# The Other Side of Life.

SHOPPER—Isn't  $\pounds 5$  rather dear for this? SALESMAN—The price is  $\pounds 2$ . That other ticket is meant to be kept on when you make a present of the article.—*Tit-Bits*.

# ACCOMMODATING.

MRS. RICHLEY—Please, Mr. Burglar, don't take that diamond pin ; it's a keepsake !

BURGLAR—Dat's all right, ma'am; I give yer me woyd as a gentleman dat I'll send yer de pawn ticket be mail, de foyst ting in de morning.

### HEREDITY.

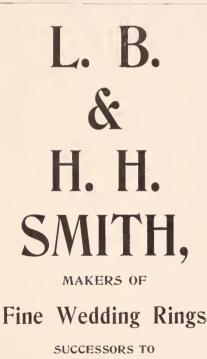
"Woman," he hissed, "give me back the ring."

The retired pawnbroker's daughter thought a moment, says the *Cincinnati Tribune.* "I think I ought to keep it. At least until you return to me the affection I have given you in return for this paltry bauble."

"Will that suffice?"

" Yes."

"Sure you don't want 10 per cent. per month interest beside?"



Hildreth Mfg. Co.,

53 Maiden Lane,

NEW YORK.

Send for our original designs in



Then he got the ring, but it must be confessed that she threw it at him—

# NOT TO BE WONDERED AT.

"I don't wonder they say that yachtsmen are terrible drinkers!" remarked Mrs. Wayback, in horror, regarding a display of regatta trophies in a Broadway store window. "Why, any one of them 'cups' would hold a full quart o' hard cider, an' some all the way to two gallon !"—*Puck*.

## AN UNWONTED SIGHT

"Oh, look, mamma, look!" exclaimed little Emerson Beens, of Boston, who was making his first visit to New York.

"What is it Emerson, dear?"

"Why, mamma, there goes a woman without spectacles."—Judge.

# THE OMITTED ADJECTIVE

SHE (Chicagoensis)—Please stop my paper. I don't like the way you reported my costume, sir.

HE (editor of the *Butterfly*)—But I'm willing to make any correction; you know. SHE—Oh, well, then. It should have read "ivory silk with real lace and real diamonds," sir!—Judge.

# The Diamond in the Bottle.

COUPLE of fishermen, in hauling a A COUPLE of Institution, and big net on the upper Delaware River, near Lumberville, Bucks County, a few days ago, caught a tightly corked bottle with a long, narrow ribbon tied around its neck. The ribbon was faded with long contact with the water, but through the clear glass of the bottle the fishermen saw a small bit of folded paper. Removing the cork they extracted the note, which read: "This bottle was started from Dingman's Ferry, Pike County, Pa. Will the finder communicate with one of the undersigned, stating when and where found? Signed Ann H., Gertrude G., and Emily L. April 15 1895." Examining the bottle more closely, the fishermen noticed something bright sparkling in the bottom of it. He turned the bottle upside down and a small diamond fell out into his hand. How the diamond came to be there is, of course, a mystery, but it is supposed that one of the girls who sent the bottle on its journey must have dropped the stone from a ring she wore when she was putting the note in the bottle.-Philadelphia Times.

# SEASONABLE PRODUCTIONS.

LINK BUTTONS in Gold and Sterling Silver, including the popular BALL BUTTONS. SPRING BACK STUDS, Gold and Silver.

BLOUSE SETS, Gold and Silver.

OUR RIBBON FOBS, Silver Mounted, with Real Stone Intaglio Seals attached, are received with favor.

STONE SEALS, Gold Mounted in Jades, Sards, Bloods, Jasper. OUR LARGE LINES OF RINGS are always in season.

LARTER, ELCOX & CO..

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.

21-23 MAIDEN LANE, N. Y.

**R**EMOVAL.

# J. F. FRADLEY & CO.

office and works 114 E. 14th Street, NEAR UNION SQUARE, N. Y.

OUR ADV. is small but our tools are "in touch" with the progressive man.



SHALL WE SEND YOU OUR CATALOGUE?

W. W. OLIVER, MANUFACTURER, 1483 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.

# THE DEVELINE WHISTLE

PUT UP IN DISPLAY BOXES OF 1 DOZ. EACH, WITH ADVER-TISING CARD. ORDER BY NUM= BER.



PATENTED APRIL 16, 1895.

No. 47, \$4.00 PER DOZ., ROMAN GOLD, FINISH, 14kt. PLATE. No. 46, BEST QUALITY NICKEL PLATE, \$1.00 PER DOZ.

ATTLEBORO, MASS.

EWELRY

**RADE**.

FOR THE

Mossberg Wrench Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

NOVELTIES.

You Blow==and it's Soothing or Blood Curdling, Melodious or Hideous.

"Sighs like an Infant." "My Twins Ain't in It." "Our Dog Slid For Cover." (These are some extracts.)

ESTABLISHED 1870.

SAMUEL C. JACKSON, MANUFACTURER OF

FINE CASES FOR

lewelry, Silverware, &c., also Hardwood

Chests, Trays, and Sample Cases.

180 BROADWAY.

NEW YORK.

FLATWARE AND HOLLOW WARE

THE GENUINE.

WM. ROGERS M'F'G CO., HARTFORD CONN.

# AJAX INSULATORS.

PATENTED OCTOBER 28, 1889. THEY are Cheap; THEY Reduce Wear and Tear of the Case; THEY Protect from all Ordinary Magnetic Influences.

Perfect in

Action.

Convenient

in Use.



Educate Your Customers by Talking up Ajax Watch Insulators.

MADE IN ALL SIZES, OPEN FACE AND HUNTING. FOR SALE BY JOBBERS. MANUFACTURED BY

The Newark Watch Case Material Co., 19 WARD STREET. "NEWARK, N. J.



IT PAYS TO KEEP IN TOUCH WITH TRADE AFFAIRS. For 4c. a Week will do it Subscribe.



EXHIBITION OF THE NATIONAL SCULPTURE SOCIETY.

MONG the notable pieces at the second annual exhibition of the National Sculpture Society, in the Fine Arts building, 215 W. 57th St., New York, was "Phœnecia | by F. W. Ruckstuhl ; "Galladuet Teaching |

and the Wind," the work of Paulding Farnham, of New York. It is illustrated on this page. The piece is intended as a model for a yachting trophy, and will probably mark a new era in the character of such prizes. In the production of this work, Mr. Farnham's main idea has been to show to the art world and to yachtsmen that a suitable and appropriate trophy can be produced in high art by the use of a single female form, thus breaking away from the old lines of cups and bowls with dolphins, fish, and sea insignia of this character.

In designing his work the sculptor has gone back to the origin of the sailboat for his motif, which he beautifully carries out. The Phœnicians are supposed to have been the first people to boldly navigate the sea by means of sail, utilizing Nature's agency, the wind. The beauty of Mr. Farnham's conception will therefore readily be seen. In his figure representing Phœnecia he has gone back to the early Greek proportions, which were longer than those accepted in later times. Phœnecia has poised between the fingers of the left hand, a sea shell on which floats a representation of what is deemed a prehistoric ship. In the right hand she holds a sea fan and is in the act of fanning, producing wind to force the boat along.

The figure rests upon a sea gull, which, being the swiftest of birds, intensifies the idea of the boat's motion, the tiny ship being ahead of the gull. The gull rests on the crest of a wave. The entire figure

### PART H.

stands about  $8\frac{1}{2}$  feet high, and is valued at \$2,000.

"Mercury Teasing the Eagle of Jupiter,"



PHENECIA AND THE WIND, BY PAULDING FARNHAM.

a Deaf Mute," by D. C. French, a colossal group; a charming figure by J. Massey Rhind, a portrait bust of good quality by Miss Bessie O. Potter, J. Q. A. Ward's " Pilgrim," Ferdinand Mirando's group of

"Columbus Tand the Brothers Pinzon," Olin Warner's "Diana," and some portrait busts broadly handled by Charles J. Pike and Olin Warner 'were among other fine pieces.

One of the interesting features of the exhibition was the beautiful reverse of the Columbian Exposition medal by St. Gaudens, which the United States Senate rejected because it represented a very wellbuilt young man, and the commonplace design done at the Mint to take its place. The designs for a new dollar for the best of which a prize was offered were not interesting.

# Clock for the 22d Regt. N. Y.

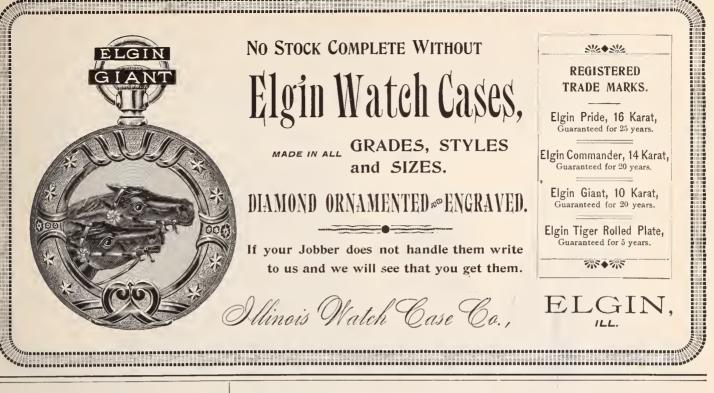
HERE has just been completed and put in position by Tiffany & Co., New York, a handsome, four-foot clock, with illuminated dials, presented by the firm to the gallant 22d Regt. N. G. N. Y. for their armory. When the new armory on the Western Boulevard, at 68th St., was completed, the only timepiece the regiment received from the State or city authorities was an inferior clock for the drill-room, a cheap affair, costing perhaps twelve dollars.

The entire movement of the clock was constructed in Tiffany & Co.'s clock shop, and is of a substantial and enduring character. The dials are of ground glass, with gilt numerals in arabic figures, measuring seven inches each. The minute hand is two

feet long. The dial is four feet in diameter and is fitted in a bezel measuring  $12\frac{1}{2}$  feet in circumference. The clock has been fitted in the east wall of the building facing Columbus, Ave.

2





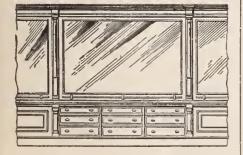


# MELISHEK & PETTER,

128 Maiden Lane, New York.

MANUFACTURERS OF WALL AND COUNTER CASES,

FOR JEWELRY, SILVER-WARE, ETC.

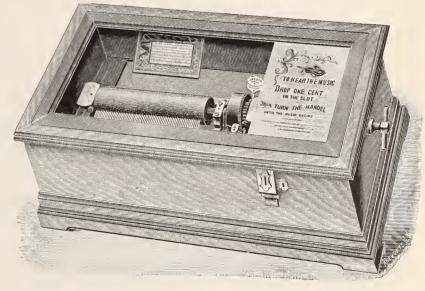


WE make to order only, and guarattee our work to be Dust Proof and First-Class in all its details, and to have all the Latest Improvements as regards Shelf Arrangements, Electric Lights, Etc. We will cheerfully furnish Estimates and Sketches for any store free of charge.

CALL AND SEE US.

# TO MAKE MONEY.

The following cut represents a good eight-tune Musical Box in a handsome quartered oak case, 25½ inches long, 14 inches wide and 11 inches high, with plate-glass cover, and is provided with a coin attachment and a drawer on the end, into which the pennies fall.



To start it, drop a penny in the slot and turn the key on the right around once, then the instrument will play one tune; as this winds it up, it requires no attention.

The success of penny coin machines is so well known that the subject requires no further mention; we therefore simply call your attention to this instrument, which will pay for itself in a few weeks, as a very desirable investment. For prices and terms apply to

JACOT & SON,

39 UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK.

3

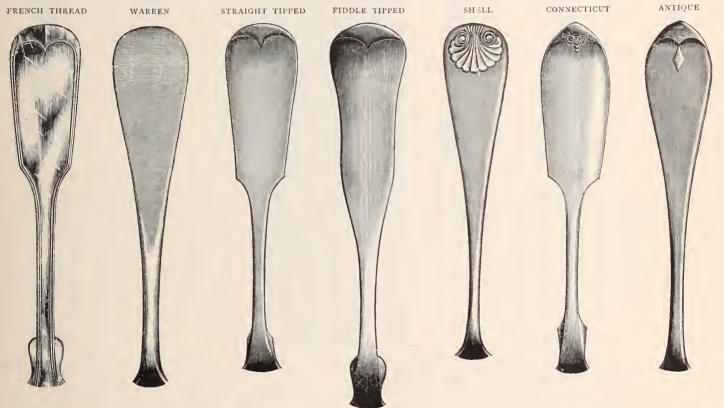




# BEING AN HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DAY.\*

### PART VII.

O<sup>NE</sup> of the oldest concerns engaged in the manufacture of sterling silver flatware is the J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co., Providence, R. I. In 1852 Joseph B. Knowles, of that city, formed a partnership was changed to Knowles & Ladd. In 1875 Mr. Ladd retired and Stephen M. Knowles was admitted, the firm name becoming J. B. & S. M. Knowles. The death of Joseph B. Knowles occurred in 1891, and the business ren, or Antique of other manufacturers, the Straight Tipped or Plain Thread, the Fiddle Tipped or simplification of the King, and the Shell. The origin of these patterns cannot be assigned to any definite date;



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE J B. & S. M. KNOWLES CO

with Henry L. Webster, of Boston, Mass., an experienced manufacturer, under the firm name of Webster & Knowles, for the manufacture of sterling silverware. The firm applied themselves almost exclusively to the production of tableware in all its branches, as their successors do to-day.

Webster & Knowles subsequently bought out Farrington & Salisbury, engaging the members of this firm as workmen. In 1859 Samuel J. Ladd was admitted into the firm. In 1864 Mr. Webster withdrew, and his death occurred in 1865. The firm name

\*Copyright 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

was shortly afterwards incorporated as the J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co., with Stephen M. Knowles, president, and William C. Burwell, treasurer. The concern have occupied successively larger quarters, until now their factory occupies the extensive floors on Sabin St., Providence.

It will be noted from the foregoing historical summary, that all the spoon patterns of the J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co. are the productions of one firm and their successors. As an outgrowth of the old forged or hammered patterns, the firm, in common with every contemporaneous manufacturer, have in their line the French Thread, the Warthe firm have always produced them. In previous instalments of this series of articles they have been treated as fully as the little data obtainable admits.

With these patterns may be classed the Connecticut and the Antique, which are, respectively, a slight variation of the French Thread and Oval Thread, the heads terminating in a point instead of an arc of a circle, and a simple ornamental detail replacing the thread.

The first pattern of this concern, to which a date can be assigned, is the Pineapple, which was produced in 1859. It is an adaptation of the Oval Thread, the ornamentation consisting of some simple floral details in addition to the threaded effect.

The next pattern was produced about the year 1868, and was called Ivy, it being a plain variation of the Mayflower.

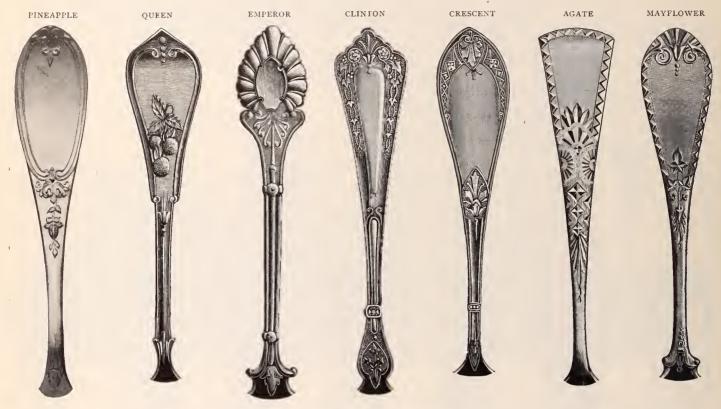
no model, the head being a fanciful fluted design. The pattern produces a unique effect.

The Clinton, placed upon the market in 1876, is an expression of the demand of the

fined taste

In 1878 the firm introduced three patterns. Crescent, Agate, and Mayflower.

The Crescent is an oval thread as to outline, and is ornamented with geometrical



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE J. B. & S. M. KNOWLES CO.

is an attractive refinement of the French Thread, and discloses a floral detail near the lower end of the head.

The Emperor, introduced in 1872, follows

In 1870 the Queen was brought out. It ; period for delicate die work in spoonware evidenced in the contemporaneous productions of other makers. It follows no distinct model as to outline. The general effect is delicacy, and the pattern appeals to a re-

# Dominick & Haff,

MAKERSOF WARES IN

#### STERLING SILVER,

FOR THE TRADE ONLY.

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK.

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES.

devices, producing a simple yet attractive effect. The Agate and Mayflower are specimens of engraved patterns in great demand at the time of their production and still called for. The former follows no model, while the latter is derived from the Oval Thread. The character of the ornamental features in each is somewhat similar, an effective detail being the deep cut edging.

(Series to be Continued.)

# Silver Plated Ware Manufacturers Make Concessions to the Jewelers.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 17 .- A committee of the Connecticut Jewelers' and Opticians' Association went to Meriden recently, and had a very satisfactory conference with the Silver Plated Ware Manufacturers' Association, the interview, after an amicable discussion, resulting in the Silver Plated Ware Association acceding to the requests of the jewelers as to the sale of goods, uniform prices, etc.

The concession as to uniform prices was granted at the start, and the other concessions were agreed to in a harmonious spirit. The committee of the Jewelers' Association consisted of President George H. Ford, and Messrs. Kirby, Wells and Durant, of New Haven, and Major Case and Mr. Hansel, of Hartford. The committee are highly satisfied over the success of their efforts.

# Reigning Fashions in Jewelry.

A LADY'S RAMBLES AMONG THE JEWELERS.

An amusing design recently seen was in a scarf pin. This was a little gold cupid with a lantern of diamond, with all the intention of an important errand expressed in his face and attitude.

Curiously enough when the taste for the amusing and odd expresses itself in articles for personal adornment, the most delightful and graceful floral designs have recently appeared in useful articles for the library and the toilet.

The desire to meet the tastes of those who have gratified themselves with the ordinary forms of jewelry has produced some novel pieces. The taste for the odd, the bizarre, the interesting, instead of what has always been termed the beautiful, is a characteristic of this era. The mind must be entertained as well as the eve. Some new and interesting pieces of jewelry will illustrate this tendency. With all the splendor of jewels and enamels three bonnets are made and trimmed with flowers, ribbons and feathers. These are three brooches. One is an ancient form; one may imagine Minerva wearing it, since it has something the shape of a Greek helmet, having a brim. This is of solid diamonds ; a bunch of curling feathers of gold powdered with diamonds curls over the brim. Two strips of ribbon are brought down from the front and back to meet at the edge. These are of rubies. The bonnet has what the milliner would call a piping of gold around the edge. The second bonnet is a huge Directoire shape, made of alternate strips of black enamel and gold. This is trimmed with black enamel ribbon looped and bowed in the true style, and tumbling over from the back is a group of three feathers of diamonds curled gracefully. The third is another Directoire hat of black enamel and gold but trimmed with a large ornament of smoked quartz with branching stems of gold. The effect is that of a spray of flowers made to rear its head. ELSIE BEE.

# J. B. & S. M. KNOWLES CO., Silversmiths,



FACTORY AND MAIN OFFICE,

# PROVIDENCE, R. I.

ALL WARES  $\frac{925}{1000}$  FINE.

# OUR NEW APOLLO AND POPULAR ARGO PATTERNS CAN BE OBTAINED IN COMPLETE LINES.

These patterns are among the most artistic and salable on the market.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATA= LOGUE WITH PHOTOGRAVURE REPRODUCTIONS.

The Apollo, our Latest and Most Successful Production.

# F. M. WHITING COMPANY, SILVERSMITHS.

Factory and Main Office,

NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS.



New York Office,

1128 BROADWAY.

-ADDRESS\_ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO FACTORY.----

Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.

# Letters to the Editor.

# TRICKS OF THE DEPARTMENT STORES.

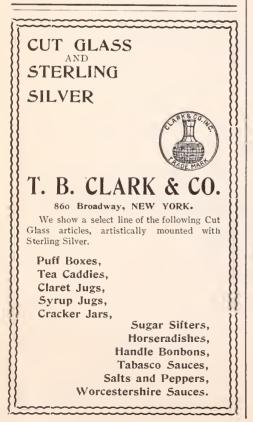
New York, May 18, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

We have read at different times the articles appearing in your paper on the department store business. The honest and conscientious jeweler cannot compete with the department store on the same basis, unless he condescends to buy the worst rubbish he possibly can, and then by glaring, misleading and deceptive advertisements, with misrepresentation and lying behind the counter, make the public believe he is really selling a gold dollar for 49 cents, and this is exactly the method of many of the department stores of the day.

It seems to us that the proper way to fight this thing is by exposure. Some of the goods ought to be purchased "as advertised," and after an analysis, the advertisement ought to be printed in one column, and then the true quality of the goods in a parallel column, and the fraud and deception exposed.

For instance, there appeared in great head-lines in all the daily newspapers that a certain concern was selling a set of "Rogers tea spoons for 69 cents," and the glib tongued, lying saleslady warranted them as "Rogers best triple plate." We sent and got a set of these spoons, and found them a bogus Rogers' stamp, plated on a metal a little better than common brass. The pattern was an old discarded one that could not be sold in any decent jewelry store, and the plating on this rubbish was just about one-quarter of a single plate.

Now the genuine Rogers tea spoon,



triple plate, will certainly last in a family 15 years, and is warranted for that time, although we have known some that have lasted 25 years, and such goods could not be sold by any honest dealer, and engraved as is the custom, at much less than \$2.38 a set. It is, therefore, very easy to figure which is the cheapest article, in comparison with the department store fraud which would not last a year.

We have before us now an advertisement of a department store that claims to be above the average, and they say they do not keep any common goods, but only the choicest, the very finest quadruple plate, and the best for wear, and then follow such items as these :

 Tea sets of five pieces.
 \$9 50 per set.

 Water pitchers.
 1 95

 Ice pitchers, with tray and goblets.
 4 45

 Fruit dishes.
 1 95

 Butter dishes.
 1 05

 Cake baskets, new patterns.
 1 95

 Soup tureens.
 1 95

Now every manufacturer of first quality goods knows, and every jeweler ought to know, that the above stuff, at such prices, is the veriest "rot," the worst possible trash that can be purchased. Therefore a woman with this advertisement in her hand, who goes into a jewelry store and prices corresponding articles made by any first-class manufacturer of good repute, hastily comes to the conclusion that the jeweler is a highwayman and a thief because he asks her a fair price for a really good article, whereas the jeweler is all right, and the dishonesty is on the other leg.

It has seemed to us that if the manufacturers will combine, and by liberal space in the daily papers advertise their own goods, and expose the frauds of the department stores, it would be only fair and just to themselves and their jeweler customers who are being smoked out by dishonest competition.

There are no tricks known to the trade of which the department store is not master, and it is a reflection upon the intelligence of the average American woman that she

WOOD & HUGHES,

STERLING SILVERWARE MANUFACTURERS

alloxs herself to ever enter a store where such meretricious methods are employed to swindle the public, and it does seem that the time must come when such dishonesty in business will hoist itself by its own petard.

The department store, as one of its tricks, will buy a few nice goods bearing the stamp of first-class manufacturers, so that they can tell customers that they keep such and such well known makers, using their names and their goods only as a decoy duck to work off the rubbish with.

We heard a short time ago that a department store in New York was selling a certain napkin ring made by a first-class manufacturer for 29 cents each, and sent up there to ascertain the truth of it. What we found was several large trays filled up with what are called baking powder napkin rings, that is, a showy napkin ring without silver enough on to last over night, and which were formerly used as chromos, or a prize in every package of a certain baking powder. These rings can be purchased for from 50 to 75 cents per dozen, and in outward appearance they look almost as well as the first-class article. Scattered here and there on the top of the piles were a few of the first-class rings referred to, that cost at wholesale in large quantities about \$5 per dozen.

The young woman who was sent up to buy these rings began picking them off of the top of the pile until she had laid out about two dozen. The saleslady, who evidently saw the game was discovered, called the floor walker, and he began to question the purchaser why she wanted all of that kind and none of the others. Upon her declining to take any of the rubbish, he cut her off short by saying she could only have two of the best rings. The fraud intended here is very evident. The glib tongued, lying saleslady, when she handed out the rings, when asked as to the make and quality, gave the name of a first-class manufacturer, their best quadruple plate,

FERD, FUCHS & BROS,



but she evidently was not informed that 95 per cent. of the rings in the pile were not of that make, but simply pure rot.

We refer to the above as one of the few instances that we know of in our own line of business, but we know the same methods prevail in the way of nearly every other line handled by the average department store, and we trust the time is not far distant when the intelligent American woman will shun such stores as she would a pest house. Yours truly,

STAR.

# NEWTON DEXTER AS AN INDIVIDUAL OR-GANIZER.

New York, May 16, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

I have received several letters from retailers asking me to organize them. I am not now connected with the Dueber-Hampden Co. They employed me for the purpose of organizing associations, believing if the retailer was organized he would be in a better position to fight the trade abuses connected with his business than if unorganized. Some days ago they felt the ground had been gone over pretty thoroughly and they would not pursue it any further. Hence our separation.

In this connection I think it proper to say this company has spent a large amount of money for the purpose of organization of the retail trade, and the writer sincerely trusts those associations he has organized through the aid extended by this company appreciate this fact. To-day many of the craft are enjoying benefits they would not otherwise enjoy, had it not been for the financial aid extended me by the company in carrying on the work I did.

I stand ready to organize any association, but those desiring me to do so must bear the actual expenses connected with it.

Respectfully yours, NEWTON DEXTER.

# Jeweler J. A. Mosher Attempts to Commit Suicide After a Fire.

BURLINGTON, Kan., May 15.—Last Thursday night about 9 o'clock, the business block in this city occupied by J. A. Mosher's jewelry establishment was destroyed by fire. The contents were nearly all saved, and everything was fully insured. The fire was probably the work of an incendiary.

The excitement of the fire had nearly passed when people were startled with the news that Mr. Mosher had attempted suicide by taking morphine. Physicians got him out of danger by 3 o'clock the next morning. No cause for his rash act can be learned.

The Cooperstown Watch and Optical Co., Cooperstown, N. Y., of which L. E. Saxton, formerly of Milford, is the practical watch repairer and jeweler, and George L. Van Nort, the optician, opened for business last week. Their store is one of prettiest in town, and the furnishings are of fine quartered oak. The store is lighted with an arc lamp.

# Philadelphia Watchmakers Organize a Horological Society.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 18.—In the last issue of The JEWELERS' CIRCULAR was published a brief report of the organization of a horological society in this city. Full details of the proceedings have since been obtainable.

On the evening of May 13th, a preliminary meeting for the purpose of forming a horological society was held in Odd Fellows Hall, Broad and Spring Garden Sts. Practical watchmakers were in attendance from the well known firms of Bailey, Banks & Biddle, J. E. Caldwell & Co., I. Herzberg & Bros., David F. Conover & Co., W. G. Earle & Co., Louis A. Scherr & Co., and others.

Louis Beconne was elected secretary protem, and William T. Lewis chairman. The latter opened the meeting with the following address:

Gentlemen-I am pleased, indeed, to see such a unanimous response to the notices sent out a few days since calling a meeting of the watchmakers of this city to discuss plans for the formation of a horological society here. By way of introducing the subject, I can do no better than to read a circular sent out by the American Horological Society of Chicago.

"Dear Sir-On June 9th, 1892, the American Horological Society of Chicago was organized and held its first meeting. The object of this society is to secure concerted action for the purpose of mutual improvement in the practice of our profession as horologists. by a study of the science and art of horology; the interchange of ideas in methods of working ; the cultivation of a more friendly intercourse; the establishment of a library, where we may find the most advanced thoughts in the publications of the profession's literature; the founding of a horological museum, for the entertainment and instruction of the members: the reading of essays, delivering of lectures, and the holding of competitive exhibitions of horological work and the granting of diplomas of merit to the worthy exhibitors in such competition.

"The society is not a union of watchmakers; it does not aim to establish prices for work nor to regulate methods of doing business. It was organized solely for the purpose of mutual improvement.

"The regular monthly meetings of the society are held in Chicago, on the second Monday evenings of each month. The total expense of membership is \$1.00 per year. The society was not organized for pecuniary profit, and its object is wholly a disinterested one, none of its officers receiving any pay for their services. The papers and contributions that are read at its meetings, save such for which prizes have been offered, are all gratuitous; the idea of their presentation being [wholly that of mutual improvement, imparting and receiving information. The condition of watchmakers in this country, as few will deny, is such that such a society cannot fail to be of benefit.

"The society invites any watchmaker, be he experienced or a novice, to become a member. There is scarcely any workman of ten, fifteen or twenty years' standing who has not made experiences the knowledge of which would benefit his less experienced fellows. There are methods of working, means and manner of doing certain work, superior to any others, which it would be a pity to have to go to loss. The fortunate possessors of this knowledge are invited to make it known through the medium of this society, who will discuss in meetings, and publishit for the benefit of all who cannot attend the meetings, and at the same time preserve it for our successors.

" In view of this, no practical workman can afford to neglect becoming a member of the society.

" It has been proposed that this society issue certificates to competent watchmakers who can pass a satisfactory examination in both theory and practice; certificates similar to those granted by the British Horological Institute. There can be no doubt that the issuing of such certificates would result in great benefit to the intelligent competent watchmakers of the United States and Canada; that the trade would be thereby elevated in the eyes of the public, and that the employer and practical man at the bench would both be greatly benefitted. At the present time there is no means of distinguishing the uneducated from the educated workman except by trial at the bench, as the former often presents better recommendations than the latter. We believe that such certificates should be issued by a competent board of examiners, only after a thorough and searching examination into the qualifications of the applicant, and the certificates will be recognized by the public and members of the trade as a bona fide evidence that the holder is a capable workman. We believe that those who fail to pass an examination on the first trial will study to perfect themselves and will try again.

"The examinations are of an eminently practical nature and can be readily passed by all who can be safely entrusted with the repairing of watches. The candidate will be expected to have a perfect knowledge of the mechanism of simple and uncomplicated work of the various chronometer, lever, cylinder and duplex escapements, both in theory and practice. He will also be expected to show his ability to turn and file, and fit any new pieces in a sound and workmanlike manner. It is not necessary to pass any examination to become a member of the society."

As there is so much to be said, so many features to be considered, I will confine my remarks to setting forth, in as few words as possible, the need of such a society in Philadelphia—the good it would be capable of accomplishing, the practicability of its organization, and the probability of its permanency.

The need of such a society here will, I think, be admitted by all. Not but what there are many good watchmakers in this city who are capable of doing the finest work in a thoroughly practical and workmanlike manner. But no one man has the best methods of doing everything. A friendly discussion, not in a combative, but rather in an investigative spirit, of the different manners and means of performing the several hundred operations required in watch repairing, would greatly benefit all concerned. Such a society would improve the good mechanic, better the condition of those who have not had the opportunity of learning as much as they would like to, edify and instruct all, and annul the evil effects of our, at present, isolated occupation. Our trade or profession seems to have a tendency to make one bigoted and conceited; narrow-minded to such a degree that one's field of vision is confined to that, and only that, which one can see through the eyeglass. Though it has that tendency, it does not, in many cases, produce that result, owing, no doubt, to the counteracting effect of an interchange of ideas by coming in contact with others of the same profession, in conversation, by travel, by experience in various workshops, or by reading what our predecessors have written and our contemporaries are writing for our benefit. It is not the original and secretive man who is to be most admired and respected by the man who is willing to impart to his fellows the knowledge he has acquired by study, by practical experience, and by patient effort. So much for the practical and ethical principles of such a society.

Now as regards the pecuniary or financial benefit to be derived by its members and the trade in general, I may say that we all, I think, must recognize the present deplorable condition of affairs. How often we hear "The trade is not what it should be in regard to prices and wages." This from proprietors of, and employes in all workshops, large and small Not but what many watchmakers alike. have good positions in which they receive satisfactory pecuniary remuneration for their labor, as much as their services are worth and as much as their employers can afford to pay, under present circumstances. But the field of operation of the large repair shop is small, compared to what it might be, because of being limited by the cut in prices for repairing made by the smaller stores. The result to the latter is, they do more work for less money than they ought, which necessitates cheap help and a cheap class of work, causing them to lose the confidence of the public, and ends in dissatisfaction to all. But who is to blame? Who is at fault? If we ourselves take a hand in the matter we may, as individuals, and by concerted action, better the condition of things; not by combining



Makers of Finger Rings of every Description REMOVED FROM BROADWAY AND JOHN STREET, <u>FO 3 MAIDEN LANE</u>, NEW YORK. REMOVED FROM BROADWAY AND JOHN STREET, NEW YORK.

on prices nor striking for higher wages, either of which plans would prove futile, being utterly impossible and impracticable even were it desirable; but by elevating the profession in the eyes of its members, as well as in the eyes of the public, the services of the watch repairer would be more valuable to the employer because of being better paid for by the public. The same benefit would also accrue to the store owner who does his own watch repairing.

The doctors, the lawyers, the dentists, all have their societies. They do not "combine" on prices or fees, but they discuss the matter. They say, virtually, "We are professional men; it has cost us much money, labor and study to be professional men; we ought to have satisfactory financial remuneration on the part of the public for our services." That's right, so they should. But so should we watchmakers, and for the same reason. The spirit of their profession keeps up their prices better than any hard and fast iron-bound rules or regulations ever could. But so it ought in ours, and the public would, in the end, though paying more for their work, be better satisfied because of the increased reliability of their timepieces.

"Primarily, better work; then better prices, higher wages, increased business. So much for the dollars and cents side of the question. With regard to the practicability of such a society here, I may briefly say that in a city of the size and prominence of Philadelphia there must be plenty of material to properly organize and conduct one. They are in successful operation in all the European cities, as well as in our sister city Chicago. Under proper management the membership, at one dollar per year, should be sufficiently large to defray the current expenses of a lecture-room once or twice per month; a library and reading-room open evenings, where all the standard works and periodicals of the profession's literature would be accessible to members. A club or smokingroom could also be added to give the society a social character.

The initial cost of a library could, I think, be defrayed by contributions from public spirited men in the trade, from lathe and tool manufacturers and dealers generally in whose interest such a society would be. We might also hold an annual exhibition where all the best and latest tools would be displayed, the lathe and tool manufacturers being invited to exhibit the possibilities of their products; such exhibition being free to all watchmakers, whether members of the society or not.

This would prove, I think, advantageous to all concerned. With regard to examinations and the granting of diplomas, that could be left to the disposal of the society after we organize. We could have a board or examiners in this city, or by acting in unison with the American Horological Society at Chicago might form a National Board of Examination, keeping in view the idea that such societies will in a few years, no doubt, flourish in all the large business centers of the United States and Canada; and a National Annual Convention representing all these societies is not one of the impossibilities of the future. Membership in the society need not be restricted to Philadelphia alone, but could be extended to all watchmakers in the United States, Canada and Europe.

The foregoing are some of the ideas which have occurred to me after a careful study of the matter and in discussing the plan with those on whom I have called, who I am pleased to see here to-night, and are submitted to your deliberation and discussion. I have occupied rather more of my share of the time at our disposal, but it was necessary in order to have a foundation on which to build. I now give place to others to advance their views. Gentlemen, I thank you for your close attention.

George Kerth followed by stating that he endorsed the sentiments of the chairman, and heartily approved of the formation of such a society here. The social feature would be a potent factor in promoting harmony among the members. Picnics or excursions could be arranged for the heated term, while in Winter entertainments could be gotten up. This would put the members of the trade on a more friendly footing Wm. N. Bruner said that some years ago a plan of the kind had been undertaken which did not meet with such great success as had been anticipated, but that he considered that under the present auspices, success was almost certain. He was heartily in sympathy with the movement and would give it all the support possible.

Albert Alber thought that this was a move in the right direction; that there are many in the trade to whom such a society would be of interest, while all could profit by it. He stated he would do his best to promote the welfare of the society.

Ed. Correy believes that the society as proposed would be a permanent organization, and endorsed the opinion of the chairman that though the holding of examinations and granting of diplomas are a good feature, they are not essential, being of secondary consideration when compared to the other aims and objects.

Chas. Murset considered that such a society would fill a long felt want, and that it would be for the benefit of all concerned in many ways. He heartily endorsed the foregoing views and pledged his support. He thought the trade in general would favor the idea, and prophesied a successful future.

F. C. Beck, a member of the Urania Horological Society, Glashütte, Germany, and other similar societies in Europe, has seen the results of such organizations, and testified as to their merits. He considers it would be a potent factor in the elevation of the profession.

C. Hansen favored the idea very strongly. J. W. Hietel was enthusiastic in his endorsement of such an organization,

and considered that it will have a tendency to promote the welfare of its members individually in every way, and promised his best efforts in bringing the matter to a successful issue.

From experience abroad, H. A. Norman is convinced that American cities require such a society to stimulate the members of the trade to better work, more self-respect in their profession, and that it cannot fail to better the condition of trade in general.

F. W. Schuler stated that he was hand in hand with any movement for the betterment of the fraternity, and would do all in his power to advance the idea.

The following committees were then appointed :

Constitution and by-laws—Geo. Kerth, H. A. Norman, Albert Alber, Chas. Murset, Wm. N. Brunner, William T. Lewis; on organization—J. W. Hietel, F. C. Beck, Ed. T. Corry, William T. Lewis; location and expenses—F. W. Schuler, Jos. Bollinger, Herman K. Widmer, C. Hansen, Herman Cruse, William T. Lewis.

A mass meeting will be held on Thursday, June 3d, at 8 o'clock P. M. in the Merrell building, corner 19th St. and Fairmount Ave., which it is expected will be attended by nearly every watchmaker in Philadelphia and vicinity, when and at which reports of committees will be read and ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS. RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS, IMPORTERS OF

# DIAMONDS,

AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

# FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

DIAMOND JEWELRY,

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

58 Nassau Street, 29 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK.

I Tulp Straat,

1 St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus, LONDON, E. C.



RADE MARK.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

# CARTER, SLOAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY.

# No. 15 MAIDEN LANE,

# NEW YORK.

A. CARTER JR. A. K. SLOAN. C. E. HASTINGS.

GEO. R. HOWE WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.



adopted, with such amendments as seem necessary, and officers will be elected. All watchmakers and others interested are invited to be present.

# Important Suits in Relation to the Memorandum Business.

Judge Ingraham, of the New York Supreme Court, Wednesday handed down his opinion in the motion of Geo. Carlton Comstock to examine certain diamonds held in the custody of the sheriff. The diamonds were replevied in actions against Wm. Simpson and Wm. Simpson & Co., brought by Ludwig Nissen and Jno. C. Mount. The plaintiffs are assignees of the claims of the creditors of John Donaldson. Donaldson sold goods on consignment for many jewelry firms, and a few months ago "welched" his creditors to the tune of about \$30,000.

The greater part of his stock, it is alleged, Donaldson pawned, and replevin actions were commenced against the pawnbrokers to recover the goods on the ground that they were obtained by Donaldson on memorandum. As published in THE CIRCULAR last week, Mr. Comstock, counsel for the creditors, made a motion to examine the replevied jewelry in the custody of the sheriff, for the purpose of identifying diamonds set therein. The motion was contested.

In his opinion handed down Wednesday, Judge Ingraham stated that there is no question as to the duty of the sheriff to retain possession of the property, but he thinks that while the property is in the sheriff's hands, the plaintiffs are entitled to an inspection of it. The plaintiffs' right is confined to a mere inspection, and they are not to make any change in the goods or do anything but inspect them.

The suits, it is understood, will be vigorously contested by the pawnbrokers, and will prove of importance to the jewelry trade, inasmuch as they may settle the status of the memorandum business as at present conducted.

# The W. C. Edge Co. Chattel Mortgage Their Plant.

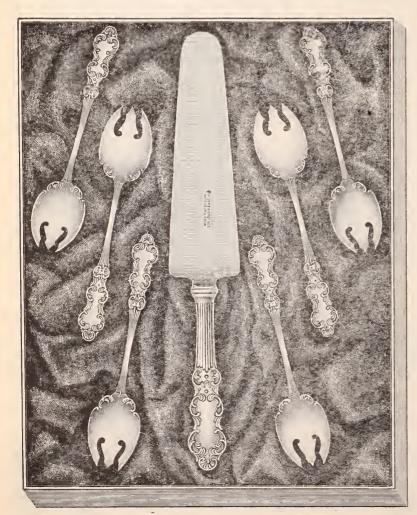
NEWARK, N. J., May 18.—The W. C. Edge Co., manufacturing jewelers, are reported to have given a chattel mortgage for \$25,141 to Chas. Edge. The record shows a mortgage to Mr. Edge on tools machinery, etc., for \$19,100.

The W. C. Edge Co. were incorporated in 1889 with a capital stock of \$100,000 and succeeded to the business of Wm. C. Edge & Sons, in September of that year. Chas. Edge is president, Frank Edge, vice-president, and Wm. C. Edge, secretary and treasurer of the company.

# Constantin Lucius Again the Victim of a Thief.

In the Yorkville Police Court, New York, May 14, Chas. H. Clark, alias William Martin, alias Captain Bush, was held for trial in \$2,000 bail, on the charge of stealing a diamond stud and ring valued at \$82, from Constantin Lucius, jeweler, 841 Sixth Ave. Clark, by a clever ruse, on March 1st. obtained the goods on consignment from Lucius and never returned. On May 6th Mr. Lucius saw Clark passing the store, and called to him. The latter evidently had a poor memory, for he walked into the store and started to tell the same story he had used a month before. Lucius grabbed him and charged him with theft, whereupon the thief broke away and attempted to escape.

FLEMISH ICE CREAM SET. Full size, 8 x 10 inches.



THE GENUINE ROGERS ELECTRO SILVER PLATE.

SPOONS, FORKS, KNIVES, &c.

# THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE

which has been manufactured continuously for HALF A CENTURY and made the name of ROGERS on Electro Silver Plate celebrated, is stamped

# ★ROGERS & BRO., A. 1.

If you wish the **BEST GOODS**, which will satisfy your customers and build up your reputation as a reliable dealer, insist upon having those bearing the above trade mark. They are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. For sale by leading jobbers throughout the country and made exclusively by

# ROGERS & BROTHER,

Waterbury, Conn.

16 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

When captured and taken to the station house Clark insisted that it was a case of mistaken identity. He would probably have been released upon examination had not Central Office detectives recognized him as a notorious jewelry thief, whose picture is 1,984 in the Rogues' Gallery.

## A \$1,000 Opera Glass Stolen From the Store of A. S. Aloe & Co.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 18.—Surgical instruments, opera glasses and other property to the value of \$1,500 were stolen Sunday night from the store of A. S. Aloe & Co., opticians, 415 N. Broadway. The thieves secured the goods by cutting a hole a foot square in the show window. A g ipman on a passing cable car saw the robbery but when he told a policeman it was too late.

Sam Segel, Robert Segel and Julius Winisberg were arrested last night on suspicion of being the thieves. At a saloon owned by the first and last of the trio eight pairs of the opera glasses were found. Two or three pairs are still missing. One pair of the opera glasses was valued at \$1,000. It was made in France, and was on exhibition at the World's Fair. It is made of aluminum, and is studded with diamonds and encased in pearl.

# Missouri Retailers Honor the Memory of Arthur S. Goodman.

ST. LOUIS, MO., May 15.—At a special meeting of the Retail Jewelers' Association of Missouri, held to-day, the following resolutions were passed on the death of Arthur S. Goodman, late president of the National Retail Jewelers' Association:

WHEREAS, It has pleased an All-wise Providence to take away Arthur S. Goodman, President of the National Retail Jewelers' Association, whose sad death occurred May 2d, 1895; and

WHEREAS, In recognition of his lifelong struggle for the protection of the rights and the promotion of the interests of the retail jewelers, it is justly due his memory, in expressing our great sorrow at his death:

Therefore be it resolved, That it is the sense of the Association that in the death of Arthur S. Goodman, the National Retail Jewelers' Association has sustained the loss of its most able and wise executive, who by his honesty and fair dealing with all whom he had intercourse, has done unboundless good towards strengthening the bonds of union and harmony of the retail jewelers.

Always willing to attend to the numerous duties of his national office, he also did his utmost to help the various officers of State organizations when called upon, and as a friend we most sincerely deplore our loss.

Be it further resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon our minutes to his memory, and that we ever strive to follow his example of love for his fellowman, which marked the life and deeds of deceased.

Be it further resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of deceased and to the various trade papers.

HERMAN MAUCH,	7
O. H. KORTKAMP,	⊱Committee.
GEO. R. STUMPF.	J

A. F. List, of Indianapolis, Ind., has purchased the jewelry business of Guy Jenison, in the Library block, Decatur, Ill., and will, when he has adjusted his business, probably go to California.

# A Hundred Years in Connecticut's Clock Industry.

TERRYVILLE, Conn., May 15.—Among the most interesting exhibits in the loan department at Terryville, at the celebration here of the town of Plymouth's centennial anniversary, which began to day and lasts three days, are Eli Terry's first clock, from the estate of James Terry, of New Haven; Eli Terry's first brass movement clock, from C. I Allen; clock, wooden works, made by Eli Terry, from Mrs. John



ELI TERRY.

Purcell; two portraits of Eli Terry, Sr., and wife, taken in their wedding attire, dated 1775, from Edward S. Beach; oil portrait of Andrew Terry, from C. T. Treadway; oil portrait of Eli Terry, from the estate of James Terry.

The grandchildren of Eli Terry, Sr., who were present at to-day's celebration, were Mrs. Eunice Terry Richardson, of Bristol, a daughter of Eli Terry, Jr., who founded the village of Terryville; Caroline D. Beach, of Terryville; Cyrus B. Terry, of Waterbury; Solon Terry, Hartford, and Cornelius Terry, of Worcester. The grandchildren of Eli Terry, Jr., present were James Terry, of New Haven; Dr. Frank H. Whittemore, of New Haven; E. Clinton Terry, of Hartford; Richard Baldwin, of Terryville; Charles Treadway, Jr., of Bristol.

The only representative of the family of the late Chauncey Jerome, an ex-mayor of New Haven and a contemporary of Eli Terry, was S. Bryan Jerome, of New York, late of the Ansonia Clock Co., years ago with the New Haven Clock Co. and the Jerome Clock Co., its predecessor. Mr. lerome now devotes his leisure to various inventions. His brother, Luther E. Jerome, formerly superintendent for the New Haven Clock Co., is now superintendent of the large New Haven factory of the National Paper Box Co. It was in Terryville that Eli Terry developed his wonderful inventions which made American clock making what it is to-day. The names of Seth Thomas, Silas Hoadley, Chauncey Jerome and Hiram Camp, all former residents of Plymouth, have since become famous in this line. Indeed, in the past century the business has grown to vast proportions, and millions of clocks have gone forth from Connecticut alone.

In Judge Fenn's address at the celebration to-day, in his array of statistics of Terryville's manufacturing importance in 1845, he said that there were in Terryville at that date, clock factories, 5; clocks manufactured, 95.500; value, \$191,000; capital, \$45,000; employes, 200.

# Two Old Manufacturers in the Attleborcs Pass Away.

ATTLEBORO, Mass., May 20.—The death of Charles H. Sturdy, at one time a well known jeweler, occurred at his residence in Attleboro, last Saturday night. He had been at his office during the day, and returned to his home feeling as well as usual. He started to retire upstairs to his room, and when half way up the stairs fell backward to the bottom. His death was almost instantaneous. The cause of his decease was apoplexy. He leaves a widow, one son and one daughter.

The funeral took place from the residence on Main St., on Wednesday afternoon. There was a large gathering of friends. The Masonic Lodge, of which the deceased was a member, attended in a body. The remains were laid at rest at Mt. Hope Cemetery.

## HALSEY W. DRAPER.

Halsey W. Draper, one of the best known old time jewelers in North Attleboro, passed away surrounded by his family at his home on Elm St. at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning. About eight weeks ago he sustained a severe shock. He rallied and grew so much better that he could walk about with assistance. But a week or so before his death he experienced a relapse and he grew feebler until his end came. He was 60 years of age.

The funeral took place from the First Universalist Church yesterday afternoon. The Grand Army Post, of which the deceased was a member, turned out in a body and was in charge of the funeral.

# J L. Salomon & Co. Charged With Felonious Concealment of Goods.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 16 .- A complaint was filed May 10th, in the Superior Court, against J. L. Salomon & Co., 622 Kearney St., charging felonious concealment of personal property to "cheat, hir der and delay creditors." The firm consist of J. L. Salomon and Adolph Mendelssohn, who were doing business as the Lombard Loan Office, jewelers and general pawnbrokers. Last December a suit to dissolve partnership which was instituted by Mendelsohn came to an issue, the Court refusing to permit the dissolution sought. Before this decision was rendered, the partners compromised with their creditors on the basis of 15 per cent. in notes and 10 per cent. in cash.

The basis of the suit now pending is the allegation that prior to the suit for partner.

ship dissolution a large amount of diamonds and jewelry was carried away from the store. Since then, new insolvency proceedings have been begun and the court has been asked to release the firm from paying creditors the amounts agreed upon under the compromise.

The stock has been attached by Judas Bros, creditors, to secure the payment of \$2,750 due as balance on a promissory note. R. P. Whelan was appointed receiver under the latest insolvency proceedings, but is unable to get possession of the goods The debts amounted to \$90,000 prior to the first insolvency proceedings, of which \$45,000 was unsecured.

# Annual Meeting Of the New England Association of Opticians.

Boston, Mass., May 20.—Even a myopic individual could have seen with half an eye to-night that the gathering of members of the optical trade at Young's Hotel was a source of more than ordinary enjoyment to all the participants.<sup>•</sup> A glance at the program would have confirmed first impressions.

The occasion was the annual meeting of the New England Association of Opticians, election of officers and the transaction of routine business, occupying the time of members from 7 to 8 o'clock, after which a menu was discussed.

The arrangements for the affair were in the hands of a committee comprising President Charles A. French, George H. Lloyd, J. W. Sanborn, E. M. Parks and F. E. Weltch.

Officers were chosen at the business meeting as follows :

President Charles A. French; vice-presidents Frank E. Welch, Leslie Miller, Sylvester Eastman, treasurer George H. Lloyd; secretary William R. Donovan; directors, A. G. McKenzie, A. M. Wentworth, A. J. Landry, J. W. Sandorn, A. M. Parks, A.H. Martin, A. G. Barber; all of Boston except Mr. Eastman, Prövidence, and Mr. Wentworth, Portland, Me.

WHAT?

# The Box Flim-Flam Game Worked Again Successfully.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 15 — The flimflam game was very cleverly practiced upon Fred. H. Cole, 409 7th St. N. W., to-day, by a stylishly dressed young man, who afterward gave his name at the Police Court as Walter L. Kidwell. He is a very fluent talker, and upon entering the store asked to see some diamond rings, and picked out a handsome gold ring valued at \$300, but which Mr. Cole offered him for \$166 cash. Kidwell left the store and returned about an hour later, saying he was prepared to take the jewel, which he claimed was to be used as an engagement ring for his intended wife.

He produced a small wooden box about 5 inches square, stamped "R. M. & L. Friedlander, wholesale jewelers, 30 Maiden Lane, N. Y.," saving: "Just pack the ring snugly in that box so that it will not be injured while being transported by express to my intended wife in New York." Mr. Cole did as directed, wrapped the ring in tissue paper and placed it in the box, which had a slide top. Kidwell then took the box, wrapped it in a sheet of white paper and addressed it to a Miss Emma Martin in New York, and showed the same to Mr. Cole. He then announced that he would have to pay for the ring with a check on the Washington Loan & Trust Co. This Mr. Cole declined to accept, as he was a stranger.

In the meantime Kidwell had managed to slip the box containing the ring into his coat pocket. He then produced another box exactly like it and said: "Very well, if you will not cash the check just hold the box and ring until I go around the corner and get a friend to cash it for me," and went out the door. Jeweler Cole instantly suspected something wrong, and breaking open the box found it empty, save for a tew sheets of tissue paper.

Kidwell was caught on the next street corner and taken to the police station where the "double" box containing the ring was

A-1 Muslin Buffs?

THEN ORDER AT ONCE.

THEY HAVE MADE A RECORD AND NOW LEAD THE MARKET. WANT SAMPLES? WE'LL SEND THEM PREPAID !

NOT TRIED THE

WILLIAMSVILLE MFC. CO. 18 SOUTH WATER ST., - PROVIDENCE, R. I. MILLS AT WILLIAMSVILLE, KILLINGLY, CONN.

found upon him. A charge of grand larceny was preferred, but when the case came up for trial, it was found that Mr. Cole did not want to prosecute the case, as defendant had a wile and several small children living in Al xandria. Therefore the case was *nolle prossed*.

# Last Week's Arrivals.

THE CIRCULAR has perfected arrangements for obtaining the names and hotel addresses of all the latest buyers visiting New York, and each day posts in its office, 189 Broadway, a bulletin which every member of the trade is cordially invited to copy.

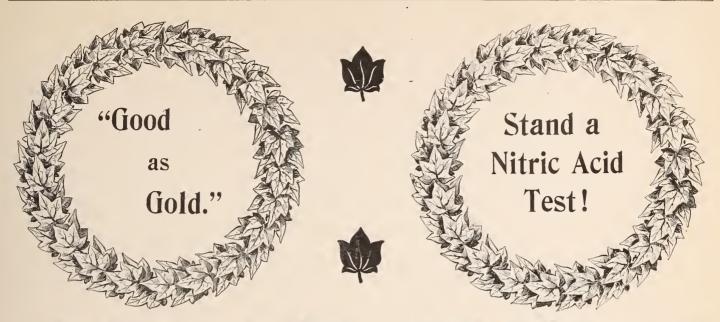
The following out-of-town dealers were registered in New York during the past week: S. Fox, Cincinnati, O., Astor H.; G. Fox, Cincinnati, O., Astor H.; G. A Collins, Salem, Mass., Sinclair H.; C. Alkan, Buffalo, N. Y , Astor H.; H. Hendelman, Towanda, N. Y., Broadway Central H.; T. S. Wilbur, jewelry buyer for T. A Wilbur & Son, Charlestown, S. C., St. Denis H.; W. Claus, Reading, Pa., St. Cloud H ; S. Lissner, jewelry buyer for B. F. Larrabee & Co., Boston, Mass., H. Vendome; H. L. Clark, Middletown, Conn., Murray Hill H.; G. W. True, Middletown, Conn., Murray Hill H.; T. M. Knight, Philadelphia, Pa., Stewart H.; E. A. Graf, Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Denis H.; H. Frank, Natchez, Miss., Marlborough H.

# Looks Like an Important Capture of a Diamond Thief.

DETROIT, Mich, May 17.—Dispatches to Detroit papers stated that last week J. P. Hopkins, of Chicago, was arrested in Grand Rapids for trying to swindle jewelers and on suspicion of being a diamond robber. He claims to be a wholesale grocer of Chicago, and a dealer in diamond rings for a jewelry house of that city. He tried to trade some diamond rings for clothing, and tried, also, to make a dicker with Jeweler Preusser for the sale of some of his wares.

When arrested he was seen to throw a diamond ring away which was afterwards learned had been extracted from a tray in Herkner's jewelry store. He left a paste one in its place. About \$2,500 worth of diamonds and jewelry was found in his possession.

Every jeweler should have a copy of the new catalogue of J. T. Scott & Co., 4 Maiden Lane, New York, entitled "Leaders." It contains illustrations and prices of the latest salable productions in watches, gold and diamond jewelry, silver novelties, silver mounted leather goods, belt buckles, blouse sets, side combs and hair pins, chains, child's button sets, child's dress pin sets, silver brooches and scarf pins, czarina pins, ladies' watch chains, guard chains, victorias, vest chains, bracelets, link buttons, etc. The goods seem to be what is claimed for them, "leaders in styles, leaders in prices, leading sellers."



# WHAT DOES THIS MEAN? WHY **IVY RINGS**

**OF COURSE** 

RING

RING STAMPED

EACH







\$2.00 doz.

Nos. 300 to 304 inclusive are all warranted for

THREE YEARS WEAR.



\$4.00 doz

No. 304.

\$4.00 doz



\$8.00 doz.

WARRANTED

FIVE YEARS.



BETTER THAN FILLED RINGS.

SAMPLES ON APPLICATION.

IVY RINGS and wear much are not sold to These goods ordered direct from us. You save the orders, large or small, and all tention. also<sup>°</sup> make a handsome line of We

the "Ivy" Metal, which

are neither Gold nor Filled, but sound like gold, better than low karat gold.

jobbers, but must be middleman's profit,

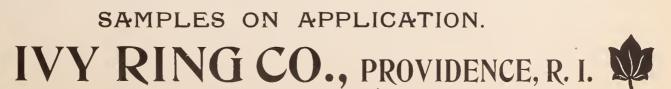
receive

we warrant for five years' constant use.

prompt at-



set studs of



# Philadelphia.

A. S. Martin is at Atlantic city.

S. Baerncopf has opened a store at 1103 Market St.

C. A. Kortenhaus, watchmaker, has removed from 323 N. 6th St. to 603 Spring Garden St.

S. Rubenstein has rebuilt and greatly improved his store in Sansom St., below 8th St., which was badly damaged by a fire recently.

A new optical establishment has been opened by Thos. F. Farren and Frederick W. Leopold, under the firm name of Farren & Leopold, at the s. w. corner of 11th and Sansom Sts. Messrs. Farren and Leopold were for many years with Queen & Co.

Mr. Kunz, of the American Cuckoo Clock Co., left for Europe Thursday on the Augusta Victoria on a business trip, to place large orders with the leading manufacturers in Germany, France and Switzerland. He will also visit other large cities for novelties for the Fall trade.

Mrs. Sarah Broener's jewelry store, 637 Lombard St., was robbed of six watches early on Wednesday evening. Subsequently the police arrested two tough characters, "Major" Lewis and Charles Boss, and some of the watches were found in their possession. The men were committed for trial.

John C. Hutchins, one of the senior jewelers of the country, established in this city in 1862, and previously for many years representing Pratt & Reuth. of this city, and 'Platt Bros. New York, has been appointed by<sub>w</sub> will trustee of the large estate of his late friend, Amos Gartside, also guardian and trustee of Miss Gartside, of Chester, Pa.

The will of Arthur S. Goodman who died on May 2d, was admitted to probate on Saturday by Register Smithers. The testator devises his store, 2029 Ridge Ave., to Mrs. Belle S. Bates; his insurance policy to his mother, Mrs. Rose Goodman; \$100 to Laura Bates and the residue of his estate, valued at \$1,500, to Mrs. Bates. No executor being named, letters of administration were granted to Mrs. Bates on her application.

Thomas McManus, a special officer at Gimbel Bros., Ninth and Market Sts., was last week committed in \$1,500 bail on the charge of stealing jewelry from the store. The firm had been missing jewelry ever since last February, and Benjamin Gimbel says the stealings amount to \$5,000. Mc-Manus had been instructed to find the thief, but failing detectives Hamm and Eckstein had been called in. Their suspicions were directed towards McManus, when they found that he had been pawning diamonds and watches. When arrested McManus admitted the thefts, and about \$450 worth of goods was recovered from pawnshops.

Benjamin F. Hagy has opened a jewelry store at 329 DeKalb St., Norristown, Pa.

# St. Louis.

M. Wahl has opened a new jewelry store at 905 N. Vandeventer Ave.

A. S. Mermod, of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., will leave for Europe in a few days.

In the matter of the assignment of the Western Jewelry Co. the bid of L. J. Weiler, amounting to \$2,801, has been accepted by the Court, and the goods of the company are ordered to be delivered to said Weiler upon receipt of the sum named.

An inventory of the estate of the late Charles F. Mathey, who was treasurer of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., filed for probate Thursday, shows the deceased to have been the possessor of 1,000 shares of stock in the company valued at \$100,000, and to also have owned considerable real estate.

Frank C. Baier's jewelry store, 318 N. 4th St., narrowly escaped destruction by fire last Tuesday morning. The switch box that connects the outside wires with a big arc light in the store burned out and threw sparks in every direction. The surrounding wood work was soon in a blaze, but by quick work the clerks prevented the blaze from spreading throughout the store.

Andrew H. Lucas died at the City Hospital recently. Mr. Lucas was a well known citizen of St. Louis. He was born in Ireland 59 years ago, but came to the United States in 1858 and made his home in this city, where he has resided ever since. He was a jeweler by occupation, but the inventive faculty in him was well developed and the patent office contains the record of many devices which owe their origin to him.

# Syracuse

George E. Wilkins has been appointed official inspector of watches for the western division of the New York Central & Hudson River R. R., and also for the Rome, Watertown and Odgensburg.

Bert Shotz, of Port Byron; N. G. Taylor of Weedsport; Dell Ouderkirk, of Baldwinsville, Wm. Farrand, of Savannah; L. T. Souter, of East Syracuse; and C. J. Fuller, of Phœnix, were in town purchasing goods last week.

The recently assigned firm of Kramer & Jacobs, Auburn, have been examined in supplementary proceedings in this city on a claim by A. Lesser's Sons of withholding goods with intent to defraud creditors. Lesser's Sons say that some watches and rings were recovered.

Thursday afternoon the Grand Jury handed in the indictment of Marcus Marks for grand larceny in the first degree, for the stealing of a tray 'of diamend rings worth \$2,500 from Becker & Lathrop on Oct. 17th last, and he was arraigned in the Court of Oyer and Terminer on Friday morning. The prisoner's counsel was granted a stay till Monday, when he would make a motion to have Marks discharged on the ground that there was not sufficient evidence to found an indictment.

# New York Dry Goods Dealers Charged With Violating the Silver Stamping Law.

Charges of violating the silver stamping law will be preferred to the Grand Jury of New York, against the proprietors of 12 of New York's most prominent department stores. The charges have been lodged by Newton Dexter, acting for the Connecticut Retail Jewelers' Association and several prominent jobbers and manufacturers.

Mr. Dexter has been engaged during the past two months in perfecting the evidence against these department store proprietors, and has made an extremely strong case. In collecting his evidence he followed a procedure similar to that suggested by THE CIRCULAR several months ago to the manufacturers who have been most active in attempting to rid the trade of this abuse. From each store Mr. Dexter, in company with a witness, made several purchases of so called "sterling silver" novelties. Immediately after the purchase he made affidavit before a notary public as to the circumstances of the purchase, and then turned the goods over to the U.S. Assay office for analysis. In each store several purchases were made at different times, and all goods duplicated in order that no loop-hole be left in the evidence.

The report of the assay office showed the articles to be of various degrees below .925 fine as required by law. The lowest proportion of silver, except in those goods returned as *pure brass*, was shown in sleeve buttons which assayed .0005. The rest of the goods ranged from this up to about .800 fine, the best showing being made by the souvenir and bonbon spoons. The assayed goods and their duplicates, the cards, bill and everything connected with their sales, together with the affidavits of Mr. Dexter and the report of the U.S. Assay Office have been all carefully arranged and presented to the District Attorney. Col. Fellows, at first suggested a presentment by the Grand Jury, but was soon convinced of the necessity of indicting each offender. He, therefore, put the matter in the hands of Assistant District Attorney Battle.

Adams, the Diamond Thief, Sentenced.

DETROIT, Mich., May 20.—Henry I. Adams was convicted Saturday of robbing Burt & Hurlbut of \$5,000 worth of diamonds, and was sentenced to prison for five years.

Carl Frank Wagner, a retired jeweler, died at 11.15 o'clock Wednesday night in Louisville, Ky., of bronchitis. He was 69 years of age and leaves a wife and seven children. He was born in Germany and was well known in German circles in that city.

In a disastrous fire in Pratt City, Ala., a few days ago, the jewelry store of George Gorff was burned out.

# The Jewelers' Gircular HOROLOGICAL REVIEW. PUBLISHED AVERY WEDNESDAY BY

THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO.,

### 189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF IEWELERS. WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS, ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALL ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of interest or value to our readers. Advertising matter will not be printed as news.

Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal

Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid.

	P	ER ANNUM.
United States and Canada,		\$2.00
Foreign Countries in Postal Union,	-	- 400
Single Copies, - *	-	.10

New subscribers can commence at any time.

Payments for THE CIRCULAR when sent by mail, should be made in a Post-Office Money Order, Bank Check or Draft, or an Express Money Order or Reg-istered Letter. All postmasters are required to regis-ter letters whenever requested to do so.

Pay money only to authorized collectors having proper credentials.

Returning your paper will not enable us to discon-tinue it, as we cannot find your name on our books unless your address is given. In changing address always give the old as well as the return on your promotion to found on our

the new one. Your name cannot be found on our books unless this is done.

books unless this is done. We will continue to send papers until there is a specific order to stop, in connection with which all arrearages must be paid; but such an order can be given at *any time*, to take effect at or after the ex-piration of the subscription. All such orders will be promptly acknowledged by mail. The Courts have decided that all subscribers to Journals are responsible until arrearages are paid in full and an order to discontinue has been received by the publisher.

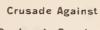
Member of	the Ameri	ican Trade	Press	Association.
Vol. XXX	. М	ay 22, 1	895.	No. 16

Every line of reading matter in THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written exclusively for this journal. Each issue of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR is copyrighted.

JEWELERS in Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Maine, Missouri, Michigan, Arkansas, and South Carolina should make their silver stamping law effective, as their confreres in New York are doing, by prosecuting those dealers who violate it. A statute is valueless unless it is put in force.

THE imports of precious stones during nine months ending March 31, 1895, aggregated \$5,235,147 in value, against \$11,503,655 during the same period of a normal year, 1893, a decrease of over 100

cent. These figures are of passing interest, but those representing the value of precious stones smuggled during the seven months under the new duty of 25 per cent. on cut and 10 per cent. on rough stones would prove of bewildering interest. Who cau furnish them?



Dealers in Spurious

Silverware.

 $\mathbf{A}^{\mathrm{T} \text{ length the}}_{\mathrm{trade of}}$ New York have adopted the suggestion of THE

CIRCULAR and are putting to the test the law passed by the State Legislature in May, 1894. regulating the stamping and sale of goods made of silver or of metal claimed to be silver. It is now more than a year since the law was entered on the statute books, and it is reasonable to infer that no dealer in the lines it relates to is incognizant of its existence. The evidence lodged with the District Attorney of New York, and as summarized in another part of this issue, will receive full credence from all those who are familiar with the methods of the department store. The law is being flagrantly violated every day by the conductors of large bazaars generally, as well as by certain unscrupulous manufacturers, and the offenders should be punished. The act is most praiseworthy, being framed in the interest of honest industry. There is enough trash thrown upon the market through quasi-legitimate channels, and the quantity should not be allowed to increase by unlawful practices.

That the law is generally believed to be a righteous one is evidenced by the prompt passage in six States of a similar measure prepared by THE CIRCULAR and pushed to enactment by this journal's friends. The law is now on the statute books of South Carolina, New Hampshire, Missouri, Arkansas, Maine, Michigan and Massachusetts, in addition to New York, while it has been introduced in the Legislatures of other States. It is in all cases essentially as follows:

# AN ACT TO REGULATE THE SALE OF GOODS MARKED "STER-LING," OR "STERLING SILVER,' OR "COIN," OR "COIN SILVER."

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

SECTION I. Any person who makes or sells, or offers to sell or dispose of, or has in his possession with intent to sell or dispose of, any article or merchandise marked, stamped or branded with the words "Sterling" or Silver "Sterling;" or encased or enclosed in any box, package, cover or wrapper, or other thing in, or by which the said article is packed, inclosed or otherwise prepared for sale or disposition, having thereupon any engraving or printed label, stamp, imprint, mark or trade mark, indicating or denoting by such marking, stamping. branding, engraving or printing, that such article is sterling or sterling silver, unless nine hundred and twenty-five-one-thousandths of the component parts of the metal of which the said article is manufactured, is pure silver, shall be imprisoned not more than six months, or fined not more than five hundred dollars for each offense.

SEC. 2. Any person who makes, or sells, or offers to sell or dispose of, or has in his possession with intent to sell or dispose of, any article of merchandise marked, stamped or branded with the words "Coin," or "Coin Silver;" or encased or enclosed in any box, package, cover or wrapper, or other thing in, or by which the said article is packed, inclosed or otherwise prepared for sale, or disposition, having thereupon any engraving, or printed label, stamped imprint, mark or trade mark, indicating or denoting by such marking, stamping, branding, engraving or printing that such article is coin or coin silver, unless nine hundred one-thousandths part of the component parts of the metal of which the said article is manufactured is pure silver, shall be imprisoned not more than six months or fined not more than five hundred dollars for each offense.

SEC. 3. This act shall take effect upon its passage. The measure is a good weapon against the department store, and should be used by the jewelers of those States in which it is a law, while the jewelers of the other States should exert themselves to have a similar act passed by their Legislatures.

# Tricks of

THE series of editorials Department Stores. treating of the department stores

and their baleful effects upon the one-kind dealers, which have appeared on this page from week to week, have elicited many expressions of approval, and letters have been received supplementing the ideas and plans propounded. On another page is printed a communication to the editor, which is full of interest. While it treats of circumstances of which members of the trade are aware, namely, the fraudulent tricks practiced by the department stores, vet the matter is set forth with such force, and shows such careful investigation that the exposures produce the sensation of amazement upon the mind of the reader. The plan suggested for the amelioration of the department store evil as it affects the jewelry trade, is worthy the earnest consideration of every broad minded manufacturer.

This communication gives rise to another question, and this is the importance of jewelers handling only the best quality of plated ware. There is no class of merchandise of which one gets more for his money than high grade plated ware. In desirable designs it is ornamental as well as useful, and will last for a period of 20 years. The avalanche of spurious goods claimed to be quadruple plate or the like that floods the market, discred its the entire plated ware industry. By a unaninous rejection of such goods by the jewelers, the claims of the drygoods stores would be ultimately discountenanced.

## Death of Jules H. Glaenzer. son Barrisper

News was received in New York Monday that Jules H. Glaenzer, the founder of the firm of J. Glaenzer & Co., commission merchants, Paris, died that day at his residence, at 14 Rue Bremontier, in the 84th year of his age.

Jules H. Glaenzer was the father of the late Leon J. Glaenzer, Camille Glaenzer and Frank Glaenzer, all of the firm of Leon J. Glaenzer & Co., 80 Chambers St., New York. This firm is the New York branch of J. Glaenzer & Co., Paris.

# New York Notes.

H. Scheukem sailed for Europe last week on the *Lucania*.

Eichberg & Co. have entered a judgment for \$1,239.12 against Herman Ryman.

On *La Touraine*, which sailed for Europe Saturday, was S. Swartchild, Chicago.

A judgment for \$129.58 has been entered by Bartens & Rice against Paul F. Ripke.

Reed & Barton have filed a judgment for \$257.85 against the Pequa Club Association.

Durand & Co. have been admitted to membership in the New York Jewelers' Association.

Jacques and Henry Kryn, of Jacques Kryn & Wouters Bros., diamond cutters, Brooklyn, arrived from Europe last week on the *Majestic*.

Geo. McC. Hixson and W. N. Walker, both with Hayden W. Wheeler & Co., and Max Freund, of Max Freund & Co., sailed for Europe Saturday on the *Lucania*.

A fire broke out last week under the jewelry store of Leo Zeigler, in a flat at 949 Columbus Ave. The fire, it is thought, was incendiary. The flames were extinguished before much damage had been done.

Police Justice Brady, in the Essex Market Police Court Sunday morning, held for the Grand Jury without bail, John Saunders and John Davis, accused of having perpetrated a robbery on Constantin Lucius, jeweler, 841 Sixth Ave., March 23d.

Abbie Converse Fitch, widow of the late Dennis M. Fitch, formerly of Merrill, Fitch & Allen and Fitch & Chatterton, died Monday, May 20th. The funeral services were held yesterday at her late residence, 787 Lexington Ave. The interment took place in Albany, N. Y.

The firm of Jung, Staiger & Klitz, composed of Chas. H. Jung, C. Staiger and Robert H. Klitz, manufacturing jewelers, 51 Maiden Lane, dissolved May 7th, Chas. H. Jung retiring. Messrs. Staiger and Klitz have formed a new co-partnership with L. H. Jung, and the business will be continued under the old firm name.

The suit of Mrs. P. Ginsberg to recover \$588.25 from F. E. Leimbach, was tried before Judge Van Wyck and a jury, in the City Court, Friday. The sum was claimed to be due for goods sold to Leimbach, who set up as a counterclaim an amount due him by the plaintiff and her husband. Mrs. Ginsberg was awarded a verdict for \$488.

The suit of Allan C. Dalzell against the Fahys Watch Case Co. has been set down for trial in the Superior Court on the day calendar for June 4th. The action, which has been dragging along for years, is to recover royalties which Dalzell claims to be due from the defendants through their use of his patents in manufacturing corrugated watch crowns. A decree handed down Wednesday by Judge Brown, in the United States District Court, authorized United States Marshal McCarty to have 10 cut diamonds sold at auction in the Federal building, on June 4. The diamonds are those for which Julius Hageman and Isadore Du Bois, officers of the steamship *Waesland* are awaiting trial on the charge of having smuggled into this country.

The charges of undervaluation against Sypher & Co., the Fifth Ave. importers of antique silverware and art furniture, accused of having valuable imported works in silver appraised at bullion price, have been practically settled, and the case has been submitted to the Treasury Department for final adjustment. Sypher & Co., a CIRCULAR reporter was informed, paid an amount equal to the discrepancy alleged in the duties on the undervalued goods, which was satisfactory to the Collector.

The General Term of the Supreme Court Monday handed down its opinion in the appeal of Wm. G. McGrath from the order which denied his motion to vacate the attachment against the Kent & Stanley Co. in favor of Adolph Lewisohn. McGrath is a subsequent attaching creditor, and sought to have Lewisohn's prior attachments set aside on the claim that it was issued on insufficient grounds. The General Term decides against McGrath, affirming the order of the Court below, with \$10 costs and disbursements.

Information was lodged with Immigration Commissioner Senner last week that certain diamond cutters of Antwerp who had been refused admission to this country about a month ago, because they came under contract, are trying to get into the United States again by way of Philadelphia and Montreal. The imported diamond workers, it is said, were engaged abroad for a Cincinnati firm, at \$20 a week. The diamond workers' union of this city, who notified the authorities, has received information that the party sailed again from Antwerp on May 2 and will make every effort to get into this country.

# The Assignment of J. Wienhold & Co.

Wm. Walther, doing business as J. Wienhold & Co., manufacturing jewelers, 24 John St., New York, made an assignment Monday morning to Augustus F. Dejonge with preferences for \$3.275. The preferred creditors are: Dr. Frederick Bauer, \$600; Chas. Reid, \$500; Augustus F. Dejonge, \$400; Wm. H. Walker, \$375; Chas. Hellerson, \$200; Chas. Beaker, \$100; C. Emily Grober, \$300; Schultz & Rudolph, \$700; Wm. Sherman, \$106.

Assignee Dejonge stated Monday that he could not give any definite idea of the condition of affairs as he had not yet gone over the books. He estimated that the liabilities would reach about \$40,000 and the assets about \$25,000. Lawyer Lippold, attorney for Mr. Walther, said that the latter was severely ill at his home, suffering from nervous prostration resulting from worry over the assignment. The failure he claimed was precipitated by a complication with C. W. Schumann over a disputed claim. The schedules would be filed as soon as they could be compiled.

The business conducted by Mr. Walther was established in Boston in 1865 by J. Wienhold who a few years later moved to New York. Mr. Walther who had been employed by Mr. Wienhold about 18 years was admitted as a partner in 1889, and continued the business after Mr. Wienhold's death in 1890. Mrs. Wienhold remained a special partner until 1893.

## Providence.

Arthur E. Austin, of John Austin & Son, has been elected Councilman at Cranston.

Bowers & Crandall, of this city, have obtained judgment for \$97,65 and costs against A. B. Kapp, New York.

Hoffman S. Dorchester has given a mortgage upon real estate in Warwick, to the Roger Williams Savings Fund Co. for \$1,600.

J. M. Chandler & Co. who have been dealing with the retail trade direct for several seasons, will hereafter call only upon the jobbing trade.

George Hopkins, formerly salesman with A. B. Day & Co., has started in the jobbing business at 119 Orange St., under the style of George Hopkins & Co.

The regular monthly meeting of the directors of the Manufacturing Jewelers' Board of Trade was held the 18th inst., when considerable routine business was transacted.

All the tools, machinery, stock and fixtures in the manufacturing jewelry shop of Alfred Williams, 53 Clifford St., are advertised for public sale under foreclosure of mortgage, at 12 o'clock, May 28th.

Brown & Dean, refiners, have become incorporated and changed their style to Brown & Dean Co., and will continue business at 104 Richmond St. The officers are : President, Samuel Brown ; treasurer, Robert W. Dean ; secretary, Herbert A. Capron.

# The Attleboros.

The Snap & Tool Co. have added an addition to their building and are doing a greatly increased business.

The occupants of the Company's shop have generally resumed operations. The new power works very satisfactorily.

John Brennan, for seven years a jeweler in the employ of T. I. Smith & Co., committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor, on Wednesday morning of last week, at his home on River St. at North Attleboro.

S. P. Lee is the latest addition to the list of manufacturing jewelers in the Attleboros. He has been engaged for some time making jewelry for others, employing his own help, and he now proposes to manufacture upon his own account.

# Pittsburgh.

Charles H. Simonds will start out on the road shortly as traveling representative for B. E. Arons.

Arnheim & Son, Allegheny, have settled their affairs, and will resume business at their former place.

Mr. Calomon, lately with J. Ollendorf, will go into the jobbing business in this city about July 1st.

The Presbyterian Assembly brought many thousand visitors to the city, and jewelers enjoyed an excellent trade in silver novelties, bought as "souvenirs of Pittsburgh."

Visiting jewelers here last week were: R. L. Kirkpatrick, Butler; D. L. Cleeland, Mrs. Cleeland, Roy Cleeland, Butler; H. H. Weylman, Mrs. Weylman, Kittanning; S. E. Phillips, Mannington, W. Va.; Mr. Bygate, Scottdale; W. Dwyer, New Castle.

Several jewelers have put up the new numbers, as ordered by local authorities. The move has caused no little dissatisfaction, as some of the old numbers are trademarks, and the jewelers are naturally loath to begin anew. E. P. Roberts & Sons now have 200 on their place; Sheafer & Lloyd, 225; West, White & Hartman 322; and B. E. Arons, 303.

## Canada and the Provinces.

Frank Stanley, of P. W. Ellis & Co., Toronto, was in Halifax, N. S., last week.

The estate of Robert Wallace, jeweler, Halifax, N. S., lately deceased, is being closed out.

J. W. Relyea, Perth, Ont., has been advertising his business for sale by auction on May 15.

T. Robertson, representing T. H. Lee & Sons, wholesale jewelers, Toronto, has been visiting his customers in Cape Breton.

W. Abbott, Gananoque, is asking an extension of time. His trade is a small one and his means appear to have been locked up.

C. M. Underwood has returned to Hamilton, Ont., from Buffalo, N. Y., and gone into the watchmaking, engraving and designing business at 218 King St., E.

A fashionable event took place in Montreal last week when Miss Blanch Grothe, a daughter of Alderman Grothe, who has a large jewelry store on St. Lawrence-Main St., was married to Albert St. Louis, of the same city.

H. J. Dreyfus failed in the wholesale jewelry business in Montreal in 1890, and settled at 25 cents in the dollar. In 1892 he tried the furniture business, which also proved a failure, and he assigned in 1893. A little over a year ago he started in the jewelry line again, as H. J. Dreyfus & Co., with his sister as the only partner, and he has again assigned with liabilities of \$1,200.

# Boston.

The jewelers will close at 1 o'clock P. M. Saturday, and 5 o'clock P. M. other days during June, July and August this season, as usual.

Miss Buffinton, stenographer for the E. Howard Watch & Clock Co., was thrown from her bicycle while riding last Friday, and fractured her ankle bone.

W. H. Galloupe, formerly with E. H. Saxton & Co., has taken charge of the store of M. Benjamin, retailer, Washington St., Mr. Benjamin having sailed last Saturday for Europe on a combined business and pleasure trip.

H. M. Rich & Co., jewelers' auctioneers, 21 School St., this city, have made successful sales the last month for Saxton Jewelry Co., New London, Conn.; A. Plaut & Co., Meriden, Conn.; G. E. Clark, Northampton, Mass.; and H. M. Ordway, Lowell, Mass.

Carl D. Smith, of Smith, Patterson & Co., has been in New Hampshire during the current week, enjoying an outing with rod and gun. Mr. Patterson, of Smith, Patterson & Co., was the guest of the Boston Hotel Men's Mutual Benefit Association on the trip of that organization to New York last week.

James S. Blake has purchased the interest of his partner, Joshua V. Kettell, in the firm of Kettell & Blake, and will continue the business under the same firm name. For some months Mr. Kettell has been in poor health, and retires, the better to recuperate. He has enjoyed a long and prosperous business career in Boston, and his many friends will wish him a return of health in his well earned leisure.

Foster & Bailey's Falllines are indeed a treat in store for buyers. Every line has been freshened up and strengthened with new and salable designs. Lockets, brooches, and bracelets in gold plate and sterling silver are shown in infinite variety of style and finish. The line of sterling silver goods, novelties, etc., has never been better and some of the new shirt waist sets are beauties. In manicure and toilet sets the variety offered by the firm is now second to none. Many of the sets are really " creations," and the variety of combinations offered is apparently endless. Foster & Bailey, in anticipation of a good Fall business have, for two months past, had a large force of hands busily employed in the production of the firm's ever salable goods, and the result is an accumulated stock which, for general allround excellence, Foster & Bailey believe superior to anything heretofore offered. All silver goods, it must be borne in mind, are guaranteed to be 925-1000 fine.

"Only the best" is the motto of the Williamsville Mfg. Co., 18 So. Water St., Providence, R. I., and they confidently recommend their muslin buffs to be fully up to their watchword. If you are not already familiar with their merits you can have prepaid samples sent you for the asking.





Traveling "epresentati es may consider these columns open for thoublication of any news or items of interest regarding themselves or their confreres.

**A.** HERMAN, the genial partner of D. Schroder, in the firm of D. Schroder & Co., wholesale jewelers, Cincinnati, O., was born in January 1851, and went to Cincinnati in 1865, where he entered the employ of Nathan Friedman & Co.,

wholesale jewelers, as office boy. Here he remained two years when the firm dissolved partnership and he went with Mr. Fried-

> man to New York. When in his 17th year Mr. Herman started out on his first trip for Mr. Friedman, his first stopping point being Richmond, Va. After two years service with this firm, he went back to Cincin-

### A. HERMAN.

nati and traveled for the old house, with whom he remained until they retired from business, when he entered into a partnership with D. Schroder. He has been a very important item in the building up of this prosperous firm. He is one of the most persuasive travelers on the road which he has covered 28 years, during which time he has acquired a knowledge of the trade second to that of no other man in the western field.

The travelers visiting Kansas City the past week were: C. F. Livermore, Middletown Plate Co.; L. F. Clark, W. F. Cory & Bro.; I. W. Friedman; Matthias Stratton, Jno. W. Reddall & Co.; Mr. Foster, Unger Bros.

A. H. Atwood returned Friday from a five weeks' southern trip for the Towle Mfg. Co., and says that while trade is quiet now, the crops are fine, plenty of rain, farmers happy, and dealers look for a good business when the movement of southern farm products sets in.

A number of jewelry travelers were in Los Angeles, Cal., recently, among them being R. F. Allen, the Meriden Britannia Co.; W. F. Holden, Haskell & Muegge; Louis Freund, Max Freund & Co.; Harry Nordman, Standard Optical Co.; and S. M. Miller, Phelps & Miller.

Salesmen in Philadelphia, Pa., the past week included: Frank Wood, Carter, Sloan & Co.; Wm. Wightman, R. F. Simmons & Co.; E. P. Hopkins, Meriden Silver Plate Co.; J. Pettingill, Derby Silver Co.; R. Lewis, Randal, Baremore & Billings, and Clifford Booth, Hutchison & Huestis.

Among the traveling men in St. Louis last week were: L. F. Clarks, W. F. Cory & Bro.; A. Kaufman, Bruhl Bros. & Co.; S. W. Abbey, E. Ira Richards & Co.; Chas. I. Ketcham, Riker Bros.; I. S. Richter, Bruhl Bros. & Co.; Harry Osborne, Whiting Mfg. Co.; and Geo. H. Bleecker, Bassett Jewelry Co.

Travelers in New Haven last week were: Mr. Frank, Herzog, Goldsmith & Frank; I. Stites, Stites Jewelry Co.; S. Arnstein, Arnstein Bros. & Co.; representative of Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith; Mr. Nellis, Enos Richardson & Co.; S. C. Powell; Albert Block, for Phillip Thoma; representative of John Scheidig & Co.

C. E. Record, heretofore inside salesman for Harwood Bros., Boston. Mass, will this season take an occasional trip in New England for the firm. This is in some respects a new departure for the house, which has not made a practice of keeping a man on the road regularly. Mr. Record reports a good initial trip with optical goods last week.

The following traveling men passed through Detroit last week: George M. Baker, Providence, R. I.; M. Wollstein, United States Smelting & Refining Works; A. H. Atwood, Towle Mfg. Co.; Mr. Davidson, Harrison Bros. & Howson; Sol. Veit, Marx, Veit & Co.; William T. Gough, Carter, Sloan & Co.; Alfred H. Varian, Dennison Mfg. Co.; Mr. B Bentley, United State Watch Co.; and a missionary for the Elgin Natio al Watch Co.

The following is a number of salesmen who scaled the walls of Louisville last week: Harry Osborne, Whiting Mfg. Co.; F. C. Allen, for A. Wittnauer; F. W. Bliss, Enos Richardson & Co.; J. Rothschild, for I. M. Berinstein; J. S. Richter, Bruhl Bros. & Co.; S. K. Jonas, Levy, Dreyfus & Co.; S. W. Abbey, E. Ira Richards & Co.; J. Brown Beach, Wilcox Silver Plate Co.; N. H Boice, Krause, Boice & Co.; I. W. Friedman; Mr. Miller, Seth Thomas Clock Co.; Mr. Rosenbaum, L. & E. Adler & Co.

Traveling men calling on Davenport, Ia., jewelers the past week were: A. Marschuetz, Spencer Optical Mfg. Co.; H. M. Kohn, Stein & Ellbogen Co.; A. E. Charlesworth, Johnston Optical Co.; Mr. Potter, Acme Silver Plate Co.; J. H. Friedlander, H. Z. & H. Oppenheimer; John T. McDonald, Krause, Boice & Co.; John G. Spencer, Benj. Allen & Co.; L. Seligsberger, Adelphi Silver Plate Co.; A. M. Shepard, C. G. Alford & Co. E. C. Bowen, Rogers & Bro.; Ph Smith, Whiting Mfg Co.; W. H. Gregory, Strobell & Crane; G. T. Seal, Maltby. Henley & Co.; W. S. Willis, Gorham Mfg. Co.; W. F. Adams, Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.; Frank F. Gibson, for William Kinscherf; T. H. Pope, for Frank W. Smith; Will T. Darden, for P. H. Leonard; A. Peabody; and representative of Eichberg & Co.

Travelers in Pittsburgh, Pa., last week were: F. S. Sherry, Jos. Fahys & Co.; A. Kaufman, Bruhl Bros. & Co.; Charles F. Ketcham, Riker Bros.; J. Rothschild, for I. M. Berinstein; J. F. Dean, Reed & Barton; S. Stern, Stern Bros. & Co.; Jos. Brown Beach, Wilcox Silver Plate Co.; W. R. Bristol, C. Rogers & Bros.; Harry Osborne, Whiting Mfg. Co.; G. W. Hull, Silver Plate Cutlery Co.; Fred. C. Baker, Hayden W. Wheeler & Co.; J. M. Morrow, American Watch Case Co.; J. Fred. Crane, Mandeville, Carrow & Crane; Lewis P. Cook, J. F. Fradley & Co.

The genial faces of C. T. Dougherty, Sexton Bros.; F. D. Smith, Riker Bros.; O. S. Clark, C. G. Alford & Co.; James A. Cheney, Ludwig Nissen & Co.; A. J. Parker, Osmun-Parker Mfg. Co.; H. C. Barnum, Shafer & Douglas; H. Gattle, H. Gattle & Co.; Charles Barber, Gorham Mfg. Co.; S. Cohen, Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith; Mr. Knapp, Smith & Knapp; H. H. Dillingham, N. H. White & Co.; C. H. Lebkuecker, Alvin Mfg. Co.; H. W. Danser. Bishop & Stonier; F. S. Sherry, Jos. Fahys & Co.; Mr. Harris, Ansonia Clock Co.; C. F. Goodwin; T. J. Rosenthal, Byron L. Strasburger & Co.; Mr. Wolff, Alling & Co.; and P. Levy, for I. Michelson were noticed in Syracuse N.Y., the past week.

Travelers who spread tempting samples before Boston dealers the past week included: Bob Hamilton, Hamilton & Hamilton, Jr.; C. T. Gallagher, Sinnock & Sherrill; Herbert Barker, John W. Reddall. & Co.; Arthur M. Connett, Unger Bros.; A. C Van Houten, for C. Sidney Smith; C. M. Ballard, Hayden W. Wheeler & Co.; W. S. Metcalf, Plainville Stock Co.; W. D. Elcox, Larter, Elcox & Co.; Mr. Untermeyer, Charles Keller & Co., W. S. Campbell, Day, Clark & Co ; T. B. Wilcox, Pairpoint Mfg. Co.; E. W. Martin, Martin, Copel nd & Co.; Mr. Matschke, Kuhn, Doerflinger & Co.; Samuel Howland, Eisenmann Bros.; E. Ackley, Eckfeldt, Ackley & Woodland; Harry K. Ingram, Joralemon & Ingram; W. R. Cobb; E. L. Spencer; T. G. Frothingham; S. E. Fisher; Walter Camp, New Haven Clock Co.; Chas. Roe, E. Ingraham Co.

Ernest E. Muller, Malone, N. Y., has rented a large double store which will be entirely refitted and furnished especially to meet the demands of his growing jewelry trade. Nearly the entire extent of both the east and west walls will be covered with wall cases for silverware, etc. In the center of the store will be a line of tables in the form of a "U," the curved side facing the door, on which will be deep show cases for jewelry, with a promenade on all sides The store will be opened June I.

The jewelry stores of Buffalo, N. Y., have been the mark for the operations of burglars the past fortnight. Last week the store of Louis Greensky, 17 William St., was robbed of a quantity of jewelry, the safe door being forced, and 20 watches were stolen from the jewelry store of J. Downs, 809 Seneca St.

# News Gleanings.

W. J. Allison will open a jewelry store in Lead, S. Dak.

P. Ryburg has opened a jewelry store in Centralia, Ia.

Leslie Dowd will open a jewelry store in Chatsworth, Ill.

Aaron Boylan has opened a jewelry store in Hubbard, Ia.

J. H. Ratcliff has opened a repair shop in Cleveland, Tenn.

J. H. Greene & Bro. will soon remove from Bellwood, Pa.

P. C. Nelson has opened a jewelry stock in Jackson, Minn.

F. R. Cunningham has started in the jewelry business in Ware, Mass.

A. F. Bardwell, Amherst, Mass., has sold his jewelry business to Samuel S. Hyde.

H. A. Williams has opened a jewelry store at 338 S. Salina St., Syracuse, N. Y.

H. Kistenmacher has opened a jewelry business at 504 Franklin St., Tampa, Fla.

Herbert Zimmer has opened a jewelry store at 274 Main St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

E. H. McKee has purchased the jewelry stock of F. H. Rood & Co., Sun Prairie, Wis.

The Chicago Jewelry Mfg. Co. have located at 424 and 426 Main St., Evansville, Ind.,

A jewelry store will be opened in Leominster, Mass., by Samuel L. Follansbee, of Athol, Mass.

Alfred Berg, Salt Lake City, Utah, is closing out his stock of jewelry, as he intends to go to California.

A. L. Shiller, Avoca, Pa., has removed to Scranton, where he will continue his business on Washington Ave.

J. H. Tissier, Maplewood, Mass., has given up his jewelry business, and will travel for a Boston jewelry house.

Wilson Cooper, an aged jeweler of Wellsville, O., died recently. He was a highly respected gentleman.

Bert Heath has bought out the jewelry fixtures of J. A. Crook, Hebron, Neb., and will engage in the jewelry business.

Burglars broke into D. D. Ranney's jewelry store, Leslie, Mich., one night recently and carried away \$50 worth of goods. Two tramps were placed under arrest on suspicion.

The stock of Van Allen & Co., jewelers, Buffalo, N. Y., which was taken by the sheriff on several chattel mortgages, has been released. The matter was satisfactorily arranged.

Charles H. Pratt, once a jeweler of Butte City, Mon., later a business man of White Sulphur Springs, and then of Chicago, has returned to Butte and will doubtless engage in business there again.

Hiram C. Smith, who recently retired

from Nelson & Smith, Madison, Wis., and Wm. J. Gamm, who has been watchmaker and engraver for the firm, intend to open a new jewelry store in the near future.

Improvements are being made in the jewelry store of Mrs. Oscar Heyer, corner of N. Franklin and W. Market Sts., Wilkesbarre, Pa. Two handsome double plate glass windows, each 10x9 1-3 feet, have been put in.

Charles W. Crankshaw, who has been conducting business on Alabama St., between Whitehall and Broad Sts., Atlanta, Ga., has moved into a corner store centrally located. The salesrooms have been entirely remodeled and beautified.

J. H. Leyson, Butte City, Mon., has been given the contract for furnishing the gold and silver jewels and buttons awarded to the members of the National Guard of Montana, at the third rifle competition, held at Fort Ellis, Aug. 20-27, 1894.

Arnstine Bros. & Mier formally opened their new jewelry establishment at 46, 48 and 50 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, O., May 5. Music was furnished by Fisher's band, and the store presented a beautiful appearance, the floral decorations being particularly pleasing.

The New England Silver Co. have been organized in Portland, Me., for the purpose of manufacturing and dealing in britannia and silver plated wares. Capital stock is \$10,000, of which \$5,700 is paid in. The president is E. A. Dunham, of Deering; treasurer, J. S. Dunham, of Deering.

Frank Starrett, of Belfast, Me., has bought Willis Cate's interest in the Stevens Silver Mfg. Co., Portland, Me. Mr. Starrett is a son of the late Capt. H. A. Starrett, and with his mother has been running a large dry goods establishment in Belfast. The capital stock of the silver company is \$12,000.

P. F. Hogan, a North End jeweler of Scranton, Pa., was held in \$300 bail last week. Hogan was charged by G. L. Ackerman, wholesale jeweler, with pointing

a revolver at him. Hogan bought jewelry of Ackerman on the security of his fatherin-law, who afterward changed his mind and notified Ackerman that he would no longer be responsible. Ackerman went to Hogan's store to recover the jewelry, whereupon Hogan ordered him out at the point of a revolver.

## Washingon, D. C.

W. S. Tappan has removed to 602 9th St. N. W.

E. G. Hines has removed from 521 9th St., to more commodious quarters at 604 9th St., N. W. where he reports business as being very good.

An unsuccessful attempt was made Thursday night to rob the jewelry store of S. Desio, 1012 F. St. N. W. An entrance to the premises was effected about 8 o'clock by unknown men through the iron doors in the pavement to the cellar. They turned the gas supply off at the meter to prevent the betrayal of their movements by the light, and then made their way to a window in the rear of the store. They attempted to raise the window hammer, and in doing so set off the burglar alarm, which sounded at 1428 F St. N. W. The thieves took fright at this, and made good their escape before the arrival of the watchman.

# Birmingham, Ala.

Fire destroyed 40 buildings in Pratt City recently, among them being the jewelry store of George Gorff and the residence of Christopher Ellis, a traveling jewelry salesman. The loss of Mr. Gorff is about \$3,500, which is partially covered by insurance, while that of Mr. Ellis is about \$2,000.

This week the members of the Alabama Retail Jewelers' Association will begin voting by mail ballot as to the place for holding their next annual meeting, which will occur this Summer. The balloting promises to be lively, the race being between Selma, Montgomery and Birmingham.

Aarvelous, as is the circulation of the blood—so is the in= crease in the use of the



The INCREASE shows its SUPERIORITY. Made in One Piece and Eight Different Angles. SEND \$3.75 FOR A SAMPLE DOZEN FRAMES,

Showing assortment of Angles.

AND

E. KIRSTEIN'S SONS CO., Sole Agents.

ROCHESTER, N.Y.

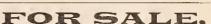
4 MAIDEN LANE, N. Y.

# CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Advertisements are entitled to one insertion under proper heading. Extra insertions, \$6.00 per annum. Extra Headings, \$12.00 per annum.

.

	age.	Page.	Pag
Assayers & Refiners.		Fine Stationery.	Scales.
Goldsmith Bros., 63 & 65 Washington St.,		Parsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St., N. Y 2	Kohlbusch, Herman, Sr., 59 Nassau St., N. Y.
Chicago, Ill Rathbone, J., I-9 Mathewson St., Providence			Show Cases,
· R. I	. 30	Gold Jewelry.	Melishek & Petter, 128 Maiden Lane, N. Y
U. S. Smelting & Refining Works, 25 John St. N. Y		Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane	Silver Plated Ware.
Auctioneers.			King, Hugh E., 908 Masonic Temple, Chicago,
Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y.	. 10	Gold and Rolled Plate Jewelry.	III 2
Rich, H. M. & Co., 21 School St., Boston Mass		Waite, Thresher Co., Providence, R. I 27	Rogers & Bro., 16 Cortlandt St., N. Y 1 The Wm. Rogers Mig Co., Hartford, Conn
Badges, Medals, Etc.		Horological Schools.	Sterling Silver Novelties.
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y	. 34	Parson's School for Watchmakers, Peoria, Ill. 26	Codding Bros. & Heilborn, North Attleboro
Dialinia, or off to Marden Dane, in 1999			Mass.
Clocks, French, English and Americ	an.	Jobbers, Watches, Diamonds, Etc.	Hafner & Kohart, 21 John St., N. Y 1
Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St.	,	Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., 19 Maiden Lane . 30-36	Stanling Drugomen as
N. Y	. 36	Lapp & Flershem, 92-98 State St., Chicago 25 Myers, S. F. & Co., 48 Maiden Lane, N. Y 36	Sterling Suverware.
Self-Winding Clock Co., 26 Broadway, N.Y	. 30		Dominick & Haff, Union Square, N. Y Fradley, J. F., & Co 114 E. 14th St Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 808-810 Greenwich St.,
Cut Glass.		Musical Boxes.	N. Y
Clark, T. B. & Co., 860 Broadway, N. Y	. 8	Jacot & Son, 39 Union Square, N. Y3-35	Hall, Union Square, N. Y Re d & Barton, Taunton, Mass
Develine Whistles.		Muslin Buffs.	Shiebler, Ge . W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N. Y. Towle Mtg. Co., Newburyport, Mass
Mossberg Wrench Co., Attleboro, Mass	35	Williamsville Mfg. Co., 18 S. Water St., Provi- dence, R. I	Whiting, F. M., Co., North Attleboro, Mass Wood & Hughes, 16 John St., N. Y
Diamond & Precious Stone Importers	5	Optical Goods.	Tool Manufacturers and Dealers.
Disselkoen, John N., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y	11	Geneva Optical Co., Chicago, Ills 25	American Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass 3
Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. L., N.Y Hedges, Wm. S. & Co., 170 Broadway, N. Y Kahn, L. & M. & Co., 172 Broadway, N. Y	36 10	Kirstein's, E., Sons Co, Rochester, N. Y 21	Moseley & Co., Elgin, Ill 2 Oliver, W. W., Buffalo, N. Y
Kipling, R. A., Hays Bldg., N. Y	ГЭ	Optical Schools.	Tortoise Shell Goods.
Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane, N. Y.		Chicago Ophthalmic College	
Rich & Allen, State and Madison Sts., Chicago Smith, Alfred H. & Co., 182 Broadway, N. Y.		Knowles, Dr., 4 Maiden Lane, N. Y 30	Rice & Hochster, 415 Broadway, N. Y 1
		Paneled Metal Ceilings.	Trunks and Traveling Bags.
Diamond Cutters.		Northrop, A. & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa 30	Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y
Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, Prescott Bldg.			Watch Case Manufacturers.
N. Y Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lan	34	Pens, Pencils, etc,	
Dies, Molds, &c.	•••	Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane, N.Y. 30-36 Mabie, Todd & Bard, New York 2	Dueber Hampden Co., Canton O., 3 Fahys, Jos., & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N.Y. Illinois Watch Case Co., Elgin, Ill.
Sheffler, Eugene, 207 Centre St., N. Y	2	Printing, Engraving, &c.	Jacobson, F H. & Co, 56 Sta e St., Chicago 2
	2	Blanchard, Isaac H, 123-125 West Broadway.	Watch Case Repairers.
Ebony Goods.		N. Y 3	N. J. Felix, 17 John St., N. Y
Deitsch Bros, 7 E. 17th St., N. Y	2		
		Ring Makers.	Watch Importers.
Enamelers.		Bowden, J. B. & Co., 192 Broadway, N. Y 10	
Wild S. S. & Son, 179 Eddy St., Providence, R. I		Bryant, M. B., & Co., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 30 Ostby & Barton, Providence, R. I 27 Ivy Ring Co., Providence, R. I 15	Hyde's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y 3 Loveland, R. A., 177 Broadway, N. Y
			Lane, N. Y 39
Engraving School.		Safes.	Watch Keys.
Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St, Chicago	25	Mosler, Bahmann & Co., 518 B'way, N. Y 30	Clark, A. N., Plainville. Conn
Fine Engraving.			
The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassau		Sample Trunks.	Watch Manufacturers.
St.,N. Y	• 34	Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y 2	Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton, O 3



A Jewelry business in a Seaside city with 16,000 inhabitants. Stock and fixtures cost \$5,000. Has a good summer trade. Will be sold to the right party for \$2,500 cash, if applied for at once. Addres, H. A. B. care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

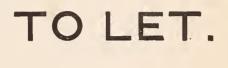
Wm. H. BALL & COMPANY,

#### Manufacturing Jewelers,

15 JOHN STREET, NEW

NEW YORK.

23



Two fine large floors in factory building, St. Marks and Underhill avenues, Brooklyn. Solid floors. Light all around; power in abundance.

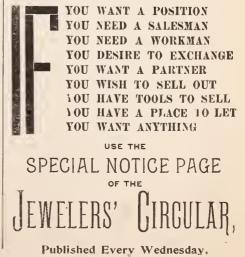
Fire proof vaults built in on each floor. Elevator, Stairs, Transmitting Room and Plumbing in separate extension.

Apply to

Geo. W. Shiebler & Co.,

179 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.



## Special Notices.

Rates 75c. per insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines(25 words); additional words 2 cents 2ach. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per cent off; four-insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertion, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. It answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

### Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. If answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

SITUATION WANTED by young man, as watchmaker and engraver, with steady habits and best of references. Address A. C. Decker, Owego, N. Y.

A YOUNG MAN having five years' experience at watch repairing, desires a steady position by 15th of June. Address J. M. F., 128 N 12th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

W ANTED-POSITION by first-class watchmaker and plain engraver; good set of tools; city references. Address Watchmaker, 118 Swan St., Buffalo, N. Y.

SITUATION WANTED by first class engraver, chaser and jee eler; can also act as salesman if necessary; 10 years' experience. Address Monogram, care of JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

POSITIO ' WANTED by diamond setter and jeweler; first-class workman; can do all kinds of repairing; New York city references. Address L. Weissenberg. 546 E. Fifth St., New York.

TRAVELING SALESMAN (American Israelite), with long established trade in south and west, is open for a position June 1st; unexceptional references. Address "Y," care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A COMPETENT, RELIABLE WATCH-M KER will be open for engagement on June 1st; full set of tools; can do French clock work if required; references. Address Elgin, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR

WANTED – Position as salesman for city and nearby trade, or in stock, by an energetic, hardworking traveling man, with best of records and recommendation; 30 years of age; conversant with all office and selling work, B., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A FIRST-CLASS REPAIRER of repeating chronographs and other fine watches, would like a place as soon as possible. His own bench can be used if needed, with an excellent equipment of tools; wages may be determined agreeably to circumstances; unquestionable references. Address Reliable, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

#### Help Wanted.

WANTED — An office boy; must come highly recommended; one with some experience in jewelry trade preferred. T., care JEWELERS' CIRCU-LAR.

A TRAVELING SALESMAN for the Middle States only, to sell in connection with his present line, a first-class line of jewelry to retail jewelers exclusively. Address N. B., care JEWELERS' CIRCU-LAR.

WANTED—A bright and active young man of good address as salesman in the store of a silver plated ware manufacturer; one who has had experience and a record; in answer, give name, address and age, and state where previously employed, salary expected, and references; none others noticed. Address Electro Plate, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

#### For Sale.

B<sup>b</sup> cornet, silver and gold-plated; finely engraved; with C. & A.: ttachments; cost \$65; sell for \$35; a bargain. B. D. Etnyre, Adeline, Ill.

#### Business Opportunities.

CR SALE — Jewelry store in a natural gas city of 20,000; the oldest store in the city; will invoice \$7,500; satisfactory reasons for selling. Address E. F. Hirsch, 193 Vine St., Cincinnati, O.

FOR SALE—A well estab'ished jewelry business in a city of 18.000 population; electric street cars and lights, water works, etc. surrounded by a fine farming country; large wholesale center; store is finely equipped with modern fixtures: located on principal street; bench work averages \$250 to \$300 per month. all the work two men can do; stock can be reduced to suit purchaser; good reasons for selling; for particulars, address W. D. Tusten & Co., Shreveport, La.

## To Get.

 $D_{\mbox{ quire of the janitor.}}^{\mbox{ESK ROOM for rent in the Hayes building. Inquire of the janitor.}$ 

TO LET.—At 015 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, 5 beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators; suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china and glass importer. Apply on premises.

#### Miscellaneous

WE WANT TRIPLE PLATE table cutlery, flat and hollow silverware to supply a scheme house; will pay spot cash for all goods and place first order for \$500 to \$1,000; manufacturers, what have, you to offer? Hutchins Bros., Wholesale Jewelers, St. Paul, Minn.

# **25 REPLIES FROM ONE INSERTION.**

Saratoga Springs, May 6, '95.

Jewelers' Circular Publishing Co.:

Enclosed find check in payment of one insertion of my special notice. I received about 25 applications and have secured a good man.

Yours,

C. L. HASKINS.



Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

#### VOL. XXX.

#### CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1895.

NO. 16

#### Chicago Notes.

S. N. Jenkins, Aikin, Lambert & Co., left Thursday last for Indiana and Ohio.

William Copeland, of Martin, Copeland, & Co., returned to New York early the past week.

Mr. Hight, of Hight & Fairfield, Butte City, Mon., finished here after buying the bulk of his stock east.

Mr. Foster, of Shreve & Co., San Francisco, last week passed east on his way to New York for goods.

G. W. Marquardt, Jr., wife and infant son, are visiting this week with the little one's grandparents, in Des Moines, Ia.

Manager Todd, Towle Mfg. Co., renewed acquaintances in Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, in company with Mr. Ryan.

The Chicago Title & Trust Co., assignee for Schauweker & Chalmers Co., are still selling for cash, with no change in the company's affairs.

A. E. Bentley, United States Watch Co., Waltham, Mass., has returned from his business trip. W. E. Bentley made a flying visit to Springfield, Ill.

Mr. Phelps, of Phelps & Miller, San Francisco, Cal., stopped off on his way home from New York, and reports a very satisfactory business for this time of year.

The C. O. D.'s of the National Mfg. & Jewelry Importing Co. are dropping off, due to the stoppage of all advertising. Only orders on past advertising are being received.

George Berg, with Goodrich the past two and a half years, has engaged as salesman for Harry Leon, in the latter's new store, 96 Madison St. Mr. Leon will open the present week.

John Barnes, father of B. C. Barnes, of Kasper & Barnes, died at his home, 1351 N. Clark St., May 14, of paralysis of the brain, at the age of 67 years. Mr. Barnes had been seriously ill for the past three months.

Albert Miller, Dundee, Ill., left last week for a three months' recreation in Europe and a visit to relatives in Switzerland. His nephew, August B. Eggler, will have charge of the Dundee store during Mr. Miller's absence.

It is reported that Walter D. Tusten, now in business in Shreveport, La., will open a store in the elegant new block just beingcompleted in Houston, Tex., opposite the Capital Hotel. One of the finest stores in the State is promised.

"We will try to open Monday" said Kasper & Barnes Saturday last. "The finishiug touches may not be completed, but we'll stand a little inconvenience and get an early start." The place was being handsomely decorated and furnished, and promises to be the finest store of its size in the business district.

Buyers in Chicago last week were: Representative of Amana Society, So. Amana, Ia.; J. W. Burkitt, Arlington Heights, Ill.; Geo. F. Beach, Valparaiso, Ind.; L. H. Bauer, Elgin, Ill.; John Becks, Michigan City, Ind.; Mr. Alstead, C. Preusser Jewelry Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; J. W. Coatsworth, Galena, Ill.; E. B. Crater, Tiskilwa, Ill.; O. S. Clayton & Sons, Aurora, Ill.; W. W. Denny, Aurora, Ill.; C. S. Durston, Stillman Valley, Minn.; Chas. Deming, Poinette, Wis ; H. L. Finzel, Coleta, Ill.; M. Hedman, Table Grove, Ill.; Secord-Hopkins Co., Kensington, Ill.; J. F. Ingalls & Son, Waukegan, Ill.; Louis Kolman & Co., Ashland, Wis.; Edward P. Long, St. Cloud, Minn.; Mr. Lamphere, of Wilbur, Lamphere & Tryner, Galesburg, Ill.; Mr. Hight, Butte, Mont.; Mr. Foster, Shreve & Co., San Francisco; M. Knudson, Evanston, Ill.; Frank Mayr, South Bend, Ind.; Albert Miller, Dundee, Ill.; C. J. Peterson, St. Charles, Ill.; P. Peiffer, Lemont, Ill.; A. Pollar, Niles Center, Ill.; Milo Putney, Ottawa, Ill.; Mrs. F. J. Reamer, South Chicago, Ill.; I. R. Schneider, Evanston, Ill.; Mr. Stone, Ypsilanti, Mich.; G. R. Shafer, Morton, Ill.; E. E. Starr, Hobart, Ind.; Julius Taussig, Hammond, Ind., R. H. Trask, Ottawa, Ill.; A. F. Weiskopf, Kenosha, Wis.; R. A. Winter, Highwood, Ill.; W. P. Yeoman, Waukegan, Ill.; B. Zudelman, Chicago Heights, Ill.

In a fire in Kokomo, Ind., May 6, the jewelry store of F. L. Bryant was damaged.

#### Cincinnati.

Jos. Mehmert will mail his new catalogue this week.

I. Greenwald, who has been manager of the American Watch & Jewelry Co., has bought out the concern.

C. J. H. Bene sailed on the *Lahn* May 21st for Germany. He will return *via* Amsterdam and Paris where he will make purchases for the firm.

Jos. Noterman and his two daughters sail for Europe May 22d on the *Friesland*. They will make a tour of the Continent and be gone several months.

The Wadsworth Watch Case Co. are preparing to get out a full line of new styles for the next season, and will be in the market with one of the most attractive lines of cases ever seen in this section.

Bessie Spotts was arrested last week on a warrant charging her with disposing of mortgaged property. The prosecutors in the affair are Franken & Levites, proprietors of the F. & L. Watch & Jewelry Co., on Central Ave., who say that some months ago Miss Spotts bought from them a \$90 diamond ring on the instalment plan; that she paid \$15, then went off to Chicago, and a few weeks ago, on her return here, pawned the ring for \$25.

#### A. Weiler & Co.'s Creditors will get perhaps 50 Cents on the Dollar.

CINCINNATI, May 18.—David F. Kronacher has resigned as assignee of A Weiler & . o, and David J. Workum has been appointed. He gave \$30,000 bond, with Louis Kramer and J. Walter Frieberg as sureties. There was to have been this week a hearing on a citation for the assignor and the assignee, but the matter went over until next Tuesday, and will now be postponed indefinitely.

The assets are about \$15,000 and the liabilities \$20,000, the preferences amounting to \$14,000. It is said all the creditors will get at least 50 cents on the dollar. The assignee has been authorized to sell the stock at private sale until further order of court.

Clemens Hellebush, Ferd. Phillips, and J. Michie are the appraisers of the Weiler stock.

#### Pacific Coast Notes.

H. Collins will locate in Mariposa, Cal.

G. H. Radke has opened in business in Calistoga, Cal.

Chas. H. Wright is moving into better quarters in Eureka, Cal.

Montgomery Bros., Los Angeles, Cal., have enlarged their store.

H. M. Funk, National City, Cal., has moved into new quarters.

E. E. Mensch, watchmaker and optician, has opened a business in Prescott, Ariz.

Hall & Truax, Eugene, Ore., have dissolved partnership, Mr. Truax continuing.

Conn Kendrick, Sonora, Cal., has gone to Alaska, where he he will spend the Summer.

M. Lissner, Oakland, Cal., has returned from an extended absence in southern California.

C. J. Cramer has returned to San Diego from a four months' camping trip in the mountains. Peter Hoy, Fresno, Cal., desires to sell out so as to go to the sea coast for the benefit of his health.

L. Burger, Los Angeles, Cal., has been in Santa Ana, looking for a location to establish a branch jewelry store.

It is reported that G. P. Trafton, wholesale jeweler, Los Angeles, Cal., will soon open a retail store in that city.

N. H. Wilson, Merced, Cal., will hold a clearing out sale. He intends to remodel his store and put in a new stock.

Geo. Thomas, Auburn, Cal., will next month remove to San Francisco, where he will go into business on a large scale.

E. N. Crawford, optician, of Chicago, is visiting his brother, A. B. Crawford, Flagstaff, Ariz. Incidentally, he is looking for a place to locate.

Louis Nordlinger, who has been in San Francisco studying engraving for the past few years, has returned to his home in Los Angeles, Cal., to go in business with his father, S. Nordlinger.

#### San Francisco.

W. P. Morgan left May 15th for the east. He is accompanied by R. F. Allen.

It is reported that M. L. Levy will shortly open a jewelry store here. He has just returned from a month's visit to Los Angeles.

#### Kansas City.

J. L. Briggs, formerly in the jewelry business in Mankato, Minn., was in town last week. Mr. Briggs is on the lookout for a good location to re-enter the jewelry business.

The following country customers were in town the past week: F. A. Beeler, Pleasant Hill, Mo.; Mr. Armel, Holton, Kan.; Mr. Everhardt, Warrensburg, Mo.; W.W.Whiteside, Liberty, Mo.; J. M. Earp, Loman, Mo.; J. B. Lowe, Independence, Mo.; A. F. Zimmerman, Warrensburg, Mo.; Geo. A. Trenner, Marion, Kan.; O. Kolstadt, Pleasant Hill, Mo.; L. Megede, Richmond, Mo.; E. H. Frye, Burlingame, Kaa.; and S. H. Sherman, Paola, Kan.



#### Detroit.

R. H. Shellito has opened a branch store on Main St., Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

H. A. Wood and Paul Kuba, with Eugene Deimel, jobber, were both married last week to Detroit ladies.

Colonel Moore, manager of the Dueber Watch Case Mfg. Co., Canton, O., was in Detroit last week.

Frank Plimley, successor to H. Kern, manufacturing jeweler, is located in new quarters on State St.

Charles Green, manager of Simpson, Hall Miller & Co.'s branch house in Montreal, paid Detroiters a visit last week.

James Kay, brother of David and John Kay, of this city, and representing the Julius King Optical Co., paid them a visit last week.

Al. Couch, formerly with L. Black & Co., and Will Manning, of Bradley Bros., Windsor, Ont., are now with the new jewelry firm of Traub Bros.

Dr. J. Slang, claiming Detroit as a residence, is traveling through the State as an optician representing Stone & Carpenter, Ypsilanti. This firm say he is in nowise connected with them.

F. G. Smith, Sr., started last week for Sheridan, Wyom., where he will visit his brother, G. L. Smith. Mr. Smith's health has been bad recently and he hopes to improve it by a change of climate.

The following out-of-town jewelers were in this city last week: J. C. Bates, New Haven; L. B. Peabody, Birmingham; John Morehouse, North Adams; Eugene Wagner; Monroe; W. W. Bridges, Marine City, Mich.; and B Mincer, Chicago.

A slick stranger worked the forged check game on a number of the merchants of Detroit last week. Among those swindled were LeHeup & Thomas and Henry Caspary, jewelers. At the former place he purchased a diamond ring for \$27 and paid \$25 with a worthless check. The balance he paid in cash. They are out the ring. At Caspary's, two days afterwards, he bought a bill of goods amounting to \$22 and paid for them with a forged check.

#### Indianapolis.

J. C. Sipe left last week for a visit to his brother, a jeweler of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Baldwin, Miller & Co. are making improvements in their clock department.

Julius C. Walk & Son were among the guarantors for the annual May Music Festival held in this city the past week.

Mr. Stevenson, Thos. Totten & Co., and F. W. Trewin, Keystone Watch Case Co, visited the local jobbers last week.

T. W. Gardner, who recently sold his manufacturing business to his sons, will shortly leave for North Carolina, where he owns a large tract of land on which gold has been found. Mr. Gardner expects to become a miner.

J. C. Walk & Son's window last week contained a framed picture of the U. S. ship *Kearsarge* under full sail and colors flying. Just in front of the picture lay a small metal turtle with the following explanation : "Made from a copper bolt which formed a part of the original fastenings of the U. S. ship *Kearsarge*, which was wrecked on the Roncada Reef, Feb. 2, 1894." This souvenir was presented to Julius C. Walk, by Rear Admiral Brown, and proved a great attraction in the firm's window.

#### Traub Bros. Must Move or Submit to Dictatorial Terms.

DETROIT, Mich., May 17 — The most important landlord and tenant case which has come before the Commissioner of the Circuit Court in years, was considered last week. It involved the right of occupancy claimed by Traub Bros. to the jewelry store recently opened by them at the corner of Woodward and Grand River Aves.

The Chapoton estate owns the building, which up to a month ago was occupied by the Oriental Tea Co. Traub Bros.<sup>\*</sup> purchased their lease, which ran out May 1st, and moved in, making all necessary repairs and depending upon a promise made by the Chapotons to the tea company that they could have an extension of two years of the lease. This was refused to the new tenants. A jury to-day brought in a verdict against the jewelry firm, and they will either have to move out or make terms with the Chapotons as the latter see fit to dictate. The jewelers had fitted up the store in a handsome manner. They refuse to say what will be their future course of action.

#### NATURAL QUESTION.

A Cincinnati paper reports that the agent of a clock dealer in that city called one day on a good German citizen of the "Overthe-Rhine" district, and endeavored to sell him an eight-day clock.

"My dear sir," said the salesman, "this is a remarkable clock. It is not only beautiful, but it is most useful. Why, this clock will run eight days without winding." The German opened his eyes.

"Eight days vidout vinding!" he exclaimed. "Vy, dot is a creat glock. But tell me dot—if he vill run eight days vidout vinding, how long vill he run if you *do* vind him?"



One of the best of the very best.

QUALTY STHE STANDARD OF VALUE FOR WHICH WE COMPETE. "THE MOSELEY."

"A Bread Winner" for the watchmaker. We furnish you good lathes and chucks, while the other fellow furnishes the wind. MOSELEY & CO., Elgin, III.



No. 2 Moseley Wire Chuck has length, strength, accuracy. tre cur 1155 Frice List.

#### Trade Gossip.

A highly colored and richly ornamented lithograph has been received at this office, presented to the trade with the compliments of D. F. Briggs Co., manufacturers of plated chains, Attleboro, Mass.

Levy, Dreyfus & Co., 11 Maiden Lane, New York, have made great improvements in their optical shop to facilitate the grinding of lenses, and are now making special efforts in prescription work. They guarantee the jeweler prompt and satisfactory results on all orders.

Advertising their Elfin watches, the Waterbury Watch Co. have issued an attractive hanger in a design approaching the Beardsley-Bradley-Rhead style of art work. An elfin with butterfly wings hovers over a bush of wild roses. The sheet is a fine specimen of flat color printing and will prove an attraction in a jeweler's window.

The announcement of the Ivy Ring Co., Providence, R. I., on page 15, is worth special attention, particularly on the part of the retail dealers. The rings are made of a metal which has been very highly commended, and the prices are really phenomenal. By selling direct to the retailer the company save their customers all middlemen's profits. You should send in a trial order.

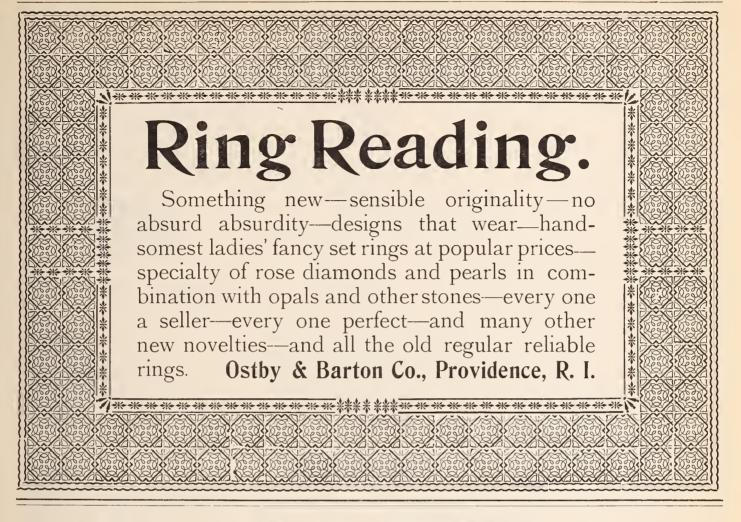
The trade will notice with satisfaction, that the Hampden Watch Co. have decided to make two new watches of their celebrated "400" grade, in 11 and 15 jewels. These watches will be sold to jewelers without cases, the cases being supplied by any manufacturer who desires to make them. The watches will be listed at a price that will insure a very quick and ready sale for this charming little watch, the smallest made in America.

R. H. Knowles, M. D., has published a chart entitled "A Key to the Study of Refraction of the Eye," for use by his former students in optics and others who may need a handy work of reference upon the subject. The chart is arranged in topics scientifically divided and subdivided. Each term is defined, its English equivalent is given as well as the derivation of the term. The matter is printed upon heavy linen paper so that it may be framed or folded and placed away in any of the works upon optics. The chart is sold at 50c. a copy. While Dr. Knowles is away for the Summer, William E. Stevens, 49 Parkhurst St., Newark, N. J., will fill all orders.

M. Yeager has opened a jewelry store on De Kalb St., Norristown, Pa. He is an experienced watchmaker.



May 22, 1895.



# HE HAD A "GOOD THING,"



BUT VERY DIFFERENT FROM **OUR** MANY GOOD THINGS. JOBBERS DON'T HAVE TO "PUSH THEM," FOR THE GOODS SELL THEMSELVES. THERE'S MONEY IN THEM FOR THE JOB-BER EVERY TIME AND ALL THE TIME. ALL

# WAITE, THRESHER COMPANY'S GOODS SELL.

#### Connecticut.

George Whitten, Collinsville, has sold his interest in the jewelry business to a gentleman from Pennsylvania.

J. H. Reid, the Bridgeport jeweler who has been located for a number of years at 118 Fairfield Ave., has moved to 42 Wall St.

F. H. Bassett, the Bridgeport jeweler, has invented a new window curtain, and a company is soon to be formed in that city to make it.

F. A. Wallace, of Wallingford, has arrived home from Sioux Falls, at which place he has been for several months, where he has enjoyed fine sport in hunting.

The mammoth pumps which have been placed in the movement department of the Waterbury Clock Co.'s plant have just been given a formal test. They were connected with the company's private reservoir off North Main St., and have a guaranteed capacity of 1,500 gallons a minute and a maximum capacity of over 2,000 gallons a minute. A continuous pressure of over 100 pounds to the square inch is easily maintained, and the eight powerful streams which were kept in simultaneous operation for half an hour last week were sufficient to extinguish almost any fire. J. B. Siner, an inspector for the mutual fire insurance companies, witnessed the test and was much pleased.

#### Tricks of Diamond Thieves.

DIAMOND DEALER, recently interviewed, gave some of his experiences as follows: "A few weeks ago a foreigner came into my store and desired to see rings. After choosing for a long time, he picked out one valued at \$18. He made me a ridiculously low offer, which I naturally refused. He then desired to see two other rings-one a sapphire and the other a diamond ring,-exhibited in the show window. While I reached into the window for them I observed in the mirror on one side of the window, how the stranger slipped away two rings, each worth \$150. I did not turn around, but went to the door, opened and then locked it. If I had turned around the thief would have thrown pepper and sand in my eyes and ran away with his booty. A policeman was soon in the place. The thief had the pepper and sand ready for use in his hand.

"Another time a thief dropped two rings into his umbrella, and at another time another slipped one into a hole in his glove. A very common trick of diamond thieves is to ask to be shown loose stones, which are thereupon handed to him lying upon a waiter. He breathes upon them, and thereby seeks to get one or more into his mouth. Others study the rings lying in the show window, and have one made exactly to pattern described. The gold is good, but the jewel is paste. They then come in twilight into the store and seek to exchange their imitation for the genuine."

#### The Latest Patents.

#### ISSUE OF MAY 14, 1895.

539,137. COLLAR-BUTTON. CHARLES H. KNUBEL, New York, N. Y.-Filed Sept. 4, 1894. Serial No. 521,984. (No model.)

A collar button provided with a shank shaped into the form of a hook which is adapted to receive a tie or scarf, in combination with a pin or spur carried by the button and having movement into and out from the space between the members of the hook whereby to engage and hold the tie or scarf.

539.15%. SCARF-PIN GUARD. FREDERICK WESSEL, New Britain, Conn. - Filed Nov. 13, 1894, Serial No. 528,626. (No model.)

610

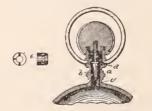
The herein described scarf pin guard consisting of the body A having their tubular ends, one of which is countersunk, and between said ends the lugs 6. 6, the eccentric 7, pivoted to said lugs and the lever handle 9. of said eccentric said handle and eccentric being ielated to said body and countersunk end as described, to have the eccentric bind upon the pin when the handle is turned away from said countersunk end.

539,161. BUCKLE. GEORGE N. BUCK, Mattoon, Ill.-Filed March 9, 1895. Serial No. 541,131. (No model)



In a buckle the combination with the frame A, of a slide, as a, moving freely within the frame and adapted to clamp a strap between itself and the side of the frame by the pull of said strap upon the slide, and a spring device normally pressing upon said slide, whereby the tendency of the latter to shake loose is overcome.

539,255. WATCH CASE PENDANT. EZRA C. FITCH, Newton, Mass.—Filed Sept. 19. 1892. Serial No. 446,296. (No model.)



A holder for the spring sleeves of watch case pendants, the same consisting of a sheet metal tube section divided longitudinally at one side with edges abutting throughout a portion of its length, and spread apart throughout the remaining portion of its length, said tube sction having exterior screw threads.

539,261. COMMUNION SERVICE. CHARLES HALL, New York, N. Y. – Filed June 2, 1894. Serial No. 513,236. (No model.)

A communion service composed of numerous cups larger at the top than at the bottom and a tray with numerous holders on its upper surface for receiving the bottoms of the full cups and holding them in an elevated position, and for steadying, the empty and inverted cups in a lower position on the tray

539,275 THIMBLE. FREDERICK W. KITTO and WALTER KITTO, London, England; said Walter Kitto assignor to William Haworth, Kerry Road, New Cross, England. Filed Dec. 20, 1894. Serial No. 532,477. (No model.) Patented in England Jan. 15, 1894, No. 856. A thimble having within it a liner arranged at a distance from the internal surface of the thimble to provide a surrounding air space and provided with an air inlet perforation at its inner end, and a lateral flange



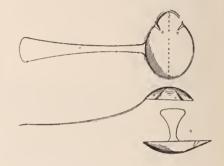
at its outer end secured to the base of the thimble and having air circulating perforations.

539,370. LENS. HENRY H. TURNER and JOHN C. REICH, Rochester, N. Y., assignors to the Gundlach Optical Company, same place. Filed Feb. 15, 1895. Serial No. 538,537. (No model.)



The herein described compound lens consisting of the lenses A B C  $\,$  D E, having the curvatures and refractive indices.

DESIGN 24.297. SPOON. ABRAM P. BROWN,



Hartford, Conn. Filed Dec. 18, 1894. Serial No. 532,261. Term of patent 14 years.

DESIGN 21,298. SPOON, FORK, &C. SIDNEY SMITH, Bridgeport, assignor to the William Rog-



ers Manufacturing Company, Hartford, Conn. Filed Mar. 4, 1895. Serial No. 540,529. Term of patent 7 years.

#### IT WILL STILL BE USEFUL.

They had agreed that they were not meant for each other.

"Here is your ring," said the maiden. "I suppose you will bestow it upon another girl now."

"No," he replied.

"You don't mean that you will never again become engaged?" she asked, a little wistfully.

"I don't mean that, but just now I hope to raise enough money on that ring to pay my last month's board bill."—Pittsburgh *Chronicle-Telegraph*.

A two-story business block, on the corner of N. Wyman and Mulberry Sts., Rock ord, Ill., will be erected this Summer. The Rockford Watch Case Co. will probably occupy the basement and first floor.

#### The Ear Tests for Adjustments.

HE ear tests for adjustments is one of the most thorough and complete. It must not be understood that any and all corrections can be determined by the ear: but it is a fact known to most adjusters that many irregularities which the eye will fail to detect can be detected by the ear. We are all aware that the sense of sound is conveyed to us by vibrations carried through the air to the tympanum of the ear. Now, asks the reader, what has this to do with the adjustment of a watch? Much, if the vibrations of the parts which emit the noise detected by the ear are not in harmony; they must be in discord, or in other words, disagree, and become antagonistic. To analyze the effect, let us make a few experiments in acoustics.

As a primary experiment let us strain two wires upon a board; we first set up one wire, until its vibrations emit to the air waves corresponding to the middle C of a pianoforte; in this condition the wire will give 525 vibrations to the second, if the piano is up to the concert pitch. We next set up the tension of the companion wire to yield the same tone, that is to give the same number of vibrations to the second. When the two wires are on the same board, we can allow a sensible difference of tension to exist, and still the two wires will vibrate in unison, one yielding a little to the other, in order that the vibrations of both shall be synchronous. If we separate the two wires, or put each wire on a separate board, and place one on one side of the room and the other on the opposite side, and one wire is caused to vibrate, the sound waves in the air will immediately cause the other to set up synchronous and harmonious vibrations in response. But when the wires are separated, as just described, the tension on each wire must be more nearly alike than when the wires are attached to the same board; but, even when so separated, a small amount of license is admissible in the tension of the two strings.

Perhaps some reader will ask, how are the deviations of such small intervals of time determined? The reply is : by comparison with light waves; but the methods by which the tests are made are too complicated to allow of explanation in the present article. To profit by such instruction in adjusting, one should accept the assertion that, if we desire to arrive at fine and close results in watch work, we must render those parts which constitute the sound-emitting portions of the escapement harmoniousthat is, they must vibrate in unison, and produce a clear, harmonious, musical tone. If we strike one hand down on the keyboard of a piano with our fingers extended so that each finger will strike a white key. we make a musical noise, but there will be no harmony in it. So in the tick of a watch, if the sound-emitting parts are synchronous they will be melodious, not discordant. This should be looked to and studied by workmen. Let any workman make a practice of noticing the sound of the tick of a watch, and he will, in a very brief period of time, be able to judge of the average performance of a fine watch by the purity of tone. Not one watch in ten will have the same tone with dial up and dial down; but this is not of very great importance so long as the tone in each position is clear and melodious.

The course to pursue to remedy an imperfect tone in the tick of a watch is not easy to point out; oftentimes it can be effected by simply repinning the balance spring at the outer end of the coils. Again, both ends will need to be repinned; occasionally i: will require an entirely new spring. The tick is given at the time of the escape of the tooth, and probably most of the sound comes from the fork striking the jewel-pin when the impulse commences to act. At this time the balance spring is free from conta t, except at each end, where it is attached to the collet at one end, and the stud at the other. In this position, the balance spring is free to receive such initial forces as to establish the vibration in it which embodies in it the tone we hear when listening to the tick, and a cause which will in any way affect the tension of the spring will affect the character of the vibrations. and, consequently, the tone. All these tones could give us intelligence of a change in the rate of our watch, if we could only interpret them.

The writer is led to speak at this length, from a conviction that the next great advance in adjusting will be governed by attention to what can be heard as well as seen in this matter. We cannot instruct you to adjust and arrange your balance spring so that it will emit a sound of any one musical note, or a combination, an octave, or fifth, but we should strive to avoid as much as possible a tone of dissonance and discord, because such sounds tell beyond dispute that the parts are each acting at variance one with the other. Frequently by taking up the balance spring a mere fraction, and placing a pair of light washers under a pair of screw-heads at the opposite sides of the balance, it will entirely change a discordant tick to a clear musical one. A slight change in the lock of the banking screws may also do much in this way. A tension force in the balance spring will also affect the tone-I mean by this that a spring which is not true in the flat and the round, particularly in the flat. To explain : Suppose we are putting on a new balance spring, we true it in the calipers until it runs true in the flat before we pin it into the stud; in pinning into the stud we distort the spring so that the center has a tendency to rise or fall; such a spring will give a pronounced difference in tone in the positions dial up and dial down. A balance spring, after it is turned in the flat, should be removed from the balance to be pinned into the stud, and the fastening points arranged so as to bring the point where the spring is pinned into the collet opposite the curb-pins, when the regulator stands in opposite the center

of the index plate. The spring is next pinned into the stud, so that it lies flat with the cock when held vertical; that is, the flat of the balance spring, when held perpendicular, is parallel with the under side of the cock. The cock should then be laid down, and the point where the spring enters the stud bent so as to bring the center of the collet to correspond with the center of the jewel hole. This will probably require the outer coil of the spring to be bent away from the next inner one, as the spaces between coils of a closely dialed spring are not sufficient for the stud or the curb-pins to act freely. What is required is that the outer coil of the spring should be so manipulated that the normal coils of the spring shall be concentric to the hole in the jewel which receives the pivot of the staff.

These precautions taken, usually the tones of the ticks, if one may be allowed the expression, will be nearly or quite alike (if the frictions are the same), with the dial up or dial down. The same precautions should be taken if the balance spring is one with an over-coil, usually called a Brejuet spring; it should lie flat, and the center of the collet correspond to the center of the jewel A very little practice, after one has had his attention called to it, will enable him to make small changes which will effect the desired results—that is, in obtaining a clear musical tone in the tick.

Of course, all scraping and rubbing noises should have been remedied before any attempts of the kind just noted are made. A tremuluous motion of the balance spring should be carefully avoided, watching that such a condition does not establish itself in certain positions, as we often see a watch in which the spring coils and uncoils freely in all but perhaps one or two positions, while in the sea rapid vibratory motion is established which gives out to the ear a sizzing sound that would lead an inexperienced workman to imagine there was an undetected friction in that position. Such vibrations are more apt to be detected in close than in open coiled springs. Springs developing such vibrations will usually be found a little out of sound, or to have an unequal space between the coils, from being tampered with; if restoring the spaces to their natural order and toning in the sound does not correct the trouble, a new spring is about the only remedy.

Fit in New Balance Spring.—Fut the collet on a round rat-tail file when you go to put in the spring; the file will hold it steady. File a pin so that it will fit the hole in the collet loosely and cut it nearly off; now put the end of the spring in its place, put in the pin, and give the wire a slight bend and you will break it off where you cut it. Bring the spring to its position, stake it on balance, pin with the other end in the stud, where you held it with the tweezers when you tried it, and you have the spring fitted and trued.



NOW SO WELL KNOWN, OUGHT TO BE FOUND IN GOOD VARIETY IN EVERY CAREFUL JEWELER'S STOCK, AND ARE AT THEIR

COMMAND AT THE HANDS OF OUR SEVERAL TRAVELERS, OR MAY **BE ORDERED DIRECT FROM** 

# M. B. BRYANT & CO.,

10 MAIDEN LANE, ... NEW YORK.

CHICAGO BRANCH 103 STATE ST.





#### The Rambler's Notes.

WHAT THE RAMBLER SAW AND HEARD AMONG THE DEALERS IN ART POTTERY, CUT GLASS, BRONZES, ETC.

NEW GOODS IN VENETIAN GLASS.

THE warerooms of L. Straus & Sons, 42-48 Warren

St., New York, display an assortment of Venetian glass flower holders which will prove of interest to all dealers in fine wares of this kind. The unusual styles in the shape of dragons, snakes, swans and similar creatures are shown in brown, blue, purple, green and other shades. Many pieces contain two and some even three colors, in the glass.

EWELERS LATEST SHIPMENT carry fine Lim-OF REDON CHINA. oges china for deco-

who

rating purposes will be interested in the large shipment of the white French china of M. Rédon, received by his New York agent, Henry Seedorf, 48 Murray St. This includes a large assortment of all the most most popular shapes, with a full line of the small novelties in china, as bonbon boxes, trays, plates and comports.

A NEW line of Ital-CHAS. AHRENFELDT ian ware just & SON'S ITALIAN WARE. received by Chas. Ahrenfeldt & Son, 52 Murray St., New York, shows an entirely different style of form and decoration from the previous assortments shown in this ware. The variety of large vases contain many shapes, and the decorations consist of rich, sombre colors with raised flowers and large full modeled figures of cupids, peasant girls, busts and birds. Among the smaller articles in this ware are baskets in various shapes, flower pots, bonbonnieres, trays, plaques, tambourines and flower holders.

#### NEW WATER SET IN CUT GLASS.

THE newest thing in the cut glass of C. Dorflinger &

Son, now shown at their warerooms, 36 Murray St., New York, is a water or claret set, consisting of a jug, two glasses and a silver plated tray. The glass is ornamented

with the simple but effective Rénaissance cutting, which consists of parallel vertical cuts, crossed at the center by a two line band of horizontal cuts. The glass jug is also mirrored, thereby adding greatly to its rich effect. The sets come in one size only, with quart jugs.

THE RAMBLER.

#### New Lines in Minton.

essrs. Mintons, Limited, Stoke-on-Trent, have just opened their new London show-rooms, Farringdon Ave., E. C. We were at their old rooms in Walbrook last week, and found everything ready for removal to the new rooms. We have not seen the new quarters yet, but shall take an early opportunity of calling there when everything is arranged. It will necessarily take a little time before such an assortment of samples as they show, can be effectually displayed in fresh rooms. There are plenty of new samples to inaugurate the new premises, though the old ones of a firm like Mintons' may always be trusted to make a better display than the novelties of many other firms. They are particularly strong in new toilet shapes. The "Trentham" is a very graceful ewer, and is shown in a variety of styles of decoration. They make liberal use of printed patterns-printed by their new process.

Some lithographed patterns are exceedingly tasteful, especially some floral designs. Lithography seems to lend itself more readily to floral subjects. At any rate these predominate largely over other kinds of decoration. A fluted shape toilet set, with raised gold work, is very rich. The "Honeysuckle" pattern is a most pleasing one, and is seen on all sorts of things, and looks well on all. Another style of decoration that arrests attention is an embossed pattern with lustre ground. The firm have added considerably to their dinner sets, the novelties comprising some very neat patterns. Everyone knows the quality of Mintons' ware; that need not be referred to further than to say that if it were possible to make it better, it would be made better. The firm have therefore only to direct the attention of their customers to the patterns. Some dinner sets in light floral decorations are amongst the prettiest. A blue-green is

introduced in some of these patterns with great success. Some of the well-known Japanese patterns are applied to new shapes, and are seen to great advantage on them. In dinner sets, the light colors with designs lithographed by the firm's new process, are conspicuous and elegant. Always superlative in their dessert sets, Messrs. Mintons' appear to constantly aim at excelling themselves, and at intervals they manage to do it. An instance is furnished in their latest sets, the raised enameled floral decorations of which are extremely beautiful. Many of the subjects are the work of Rivers, whose masterly paintings are veritable art productions of the highest class.

The "Tamworth" is one of the most handsome of the sets, displaying some beautifully pierced work. In many of these dessert sets, round, oval, and square baskets are introduced instead of comports. These make an agreeable variety, and have a pretty effect in use. Another set, the "Tarbut," has some effective raised gilding. This, with a dotted gold background showing up the paintings, is very artistic In tea sets there are the same delicate light shades, with the beautifully soft lithographed designs. Blue and pink are used in these sets with charming effect. One of the new shapes, the "Tweedmouth," is quite a gem while another new shape, the "Trafalgar," derives its charm from finely embossed scroll work introduced with great success. There are many new shapes in after-dinner coffee sets, and some nicelymodelled, spiral fluted, white china pots with solid gold handles. In art pots, Messrs. Mintons have many new shapes, embossed flowers in natural colors. These are very showy, the colored glazes on these and other majolica goods presenting a very brilliant appearance. In china dinner sets, the lithographed designs to which we have referred are again seen, and we think to the best advantage. The soft tones of the delicate light colors being introduced with the best results.

Alternoon tea sets, café au lait sets, trinket sets, and broth sets, all assist to make up a splendid line of samples. There is a very sensible broth set, with a loose toastrack. The advantages of this arrangement over the fixed rack will be realized by all who have had occasion to use one of these sets .- The Pottery Gazette (London).

A partner who executes in the firm name

a contract not within the scope of the partnership business is bound thereby, although

Taft v. Church. (Sup. Jud. Ct., Mass.)

FRAUDULENT CONVEYANCE BY INSOLVENT.

his wife, whereby other creditors are prevented from enforcing payment of their

claims, is presumptively fraudulent as to such creditors, and the burden is on one

claiming through it to prove the contrary.

Glass v. Zutavern (Sup. Ct., Neb.).

A conveyance by an insolvent debtor to

the firm is not liable thereon.

#### MATTERS IN

#### JEWELRY STOREKEEPING.

That this department shall prove mutually beneficial to our readers, it is desirable that the members of the trade generally communicate with THE CIRCULAR regarding any advantageous device or plan that they are utilizing in the connection of their business.

#### Office Door Philosophy.

HE writer, upon the point of opening the door of the office of a manufacturer, was confronted with a number of signs which almost entirely covered the space occupied by the door. Some of these signs left such a lasting impression upon his mind, that the few following are reproduced from memory :

# ERERESE ERERESE ERERESE 御田をを





· ZOS 405 403 403 205 205 40 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 40

We have time for business and social calls but our opinions on poli- 😌 tics horse racing and baseball are so firmly fixed that it is hopeless to z. undertake their reformation.

We respect those that know more than we do but don't wish them to run our business.

In communing with this manufacturer, I found him to be a man of infinite joviality, and I could not but infer it was rather his sense of humor that urged him to display these signs than any disposition to ruffle the sensibilities of callers.



#### An Effective Guessing Ad.

THE ad. below is an effective way to announce a guessing match.

YOU may be the fortunate person who will get the Gold Watch we are to give away; for some one of our customets must get it, and you may be the lucky one. Every purchaser has the chance of getting it, as we give the key cards with every sale, large or small. We are getting new novel: in Sterling silver every week, and now have the most complete line in town, at the best prices, that is, best for you. Our prices on Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry and Silverware were never as low as now, and it will pay you to look at it. Watch Repairing BRECKBRILL & BENEDICT, a Specialty. 511 Main St., Bridgeport, Conn. A Window Attractor. HANGING from a wire suspended above EAR her heart throb, the sidewalk in front of a store in Hear it beat ! Brooklyn, N. Y., is a sign bearing the fol-Maiden charming And petite. lowing legend: .....

SEEN OUR WINDOW?

TAKE A LOOK,

The sign is just above the heads of the passers-by, many of whom unhesitatingly accept the invitation.

#### Points of Law.

WHEN A PARTNER IS NOT LIABLE. Where a member of a firm notifies a person not to supply any goods to the firm without his order or approval, he is not liable for goods furnished in disregard of such order.

Bradley Fertilizer Co. v. Cooke (Sup. Ct. Ala).

#### LIABILITY OF PARTNERS.

In an action against copartners, the admissions of one partner as to the scope of the partnership business, not made at the time the contract sued upon was executed, are not admissible against the other partner.



189 BROADWAY. NEW YORK. THE LOVER'S PROBLEM.

Hear the throbbing, Loud and clear ! Is she frightened? Is it fear?

What emotion May it be That is ever Troubling me?

There is something From above That might cause it, Is it love?

Ah! I know not; Yet I know Hearts have often Acted so.

Still I listen, And I dare Hope it's Cupid Beating there.

Faster, faster, So it seems, Giving food for Sweet day dreams.

But—'tis over. What a botch ! 'Twas the ticking Of her watch.

-Chicago Mail.

The little Boston boy was so plainly puffed up with juvenile vanity that the visitor noticed it. "Robert seemed unusually proud to day," she said. "Yes," the fond mother answered, "he has on his first pair of spectacles."-Indianapolis Journal.

## To Retail Jewelers only.

An extra inducement on Fahy's 14k. Extra Gold Filled Watch Cases.

SEE APRIL "STRAWS."

#### A Watch in Miniature.

THERE was recently sent to a jewelry firm of New York for inspection what is claimed to be the smallest perfect watch ever made in America. This midget timepiece is the creation of O. Aune, for four years an employe of the Columbus Watch Co., and now a member of the jewelry firm of Aune & Wirschinger, Columbus, O. The illustrations herewith show the watch in exact size.

Mr. Aune began the construction of the watch about two and one-half years ago.



MINIATURE WATCH, MADE BY O. AUNE.

It is smaller than a gold dollar and is valued at \$1,000. The material of which it is made is of the very best quality, and small as the watch is, this material cost Mr. Aune several hundred dollars. He designed the watch and figured out all the measurements before he put on it one stroke of work. He constructed the watch first on paper, which was really the easiest part of the whole work; but when it is stated that the largest measurement does not exceed one-half inch and that the smallest is 1-10,000 part of an inch, it will readily be understood that the rule of absolute accuracy had to be strictly adhered to.

The watch has a nickel-damaskeened movement, with 17 ruby jewels set in raised gold settings, stem-winding and pendant set, fancy dial, quick train and lever escapement. The movement is exactly one-half inch in diameter with about 150 different pieces in it. Some idea of the minute measurements can be obtained from the following, which were copied from the original draught by Mr. Aune. Center and barrel of first wheel, .1280 of an inch; pitch circle of same, .1122; outside diameter of same, .1152; distance between center and third wheel, .1040; pitch circle of center wheel, .0924; outside diameter of same, .0950; distance between third and fourth wheel, .0900; pitch circle of third wheel, .0794; outside diameter of third wheel, .0794; outside diameter of third wheel, .0794; outside diameter of fourth wheel, .0794; outside diameter of fourth wheel, .0794; outside diameter of fourth wheel, .0794; outside diameter of fourth, .0818. Mr. Aune intended to complete the watch in time to have exhibited it at the World's Fair, but was unable to do so.

Mr. Aune was born in Norway, Dec. 6, 1861, and learned his trade there 16 years ago. He has been in America over eight years, having worked in the factories of the Illinois and Columbus Watch companies.

#### Workshop Notes.

**Center Pinion Touching Crystal.**—A good way, besides the usual manner with the thumb nail, to tell if the pinion touches the glass, is by putting a little oil on the part supposed to touch, and then shut the bezel tight all around; then raise it and see if there is any spot of oil on the glass; if there is, the pinion touches.

Replacing Roller Jewel.-Select a jewel which fits the fork, holding with tweezers at the end; dip in shellac dissolved in alcohol, and place it in the collet of the roller. Take a piece of brass wire one inch in length and size 1/8 of one inch; hold the wheel in the right hand and wire in the left with tweezers. Place one end of the wire in the flame of an alcohol lamp and the other in the notch of the roller where the guard pin works. Remove the tweezers and let the wire rest on the burner of the lamp. When the shellac boils down, if it is crooked, heat the tweezers and grasp the jewel till the shellac softens, straighten, and when the shellac cools the work is done.

**Results of Testing Oil** —Tests made on a whetstone and on a window pane, as well

as observations made on drops of oil placed in jewel holes, or in oil cups in a metal plate kept for the purpose—some of the drops being exposed to the air, while others are in closed boxes—will afford valuable indications; and, according to the observations of W. Robert, it is safe to consider an oil bad if at the end of six or eight days after being placed on a plate of good brass it shows a marked green tinge, especially so, if a clearly defined fringe forms round the drop, or else if the brass itself is discolored.

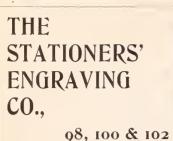
To Test Watch Oils.-Two preliminary tests will afford some indication as to the quality of an oil. A thick layer is placed on a small portion of the surface of a glass plate, and side by side a similar layer of another oil is used for comparison, and they are exposed to the air for some time without being touched. The one that is found to be sticky under the finger when the other has dried up will, in all probability, be preferable. The second preliminary test is made on a whetstone; it is usually found that the oil which takes the longest time to thicken is of better quality. Of course, these tests will only suffice to afford a rough approximation and cannot be accepted as conclusive.

Watch-Cleaning Fluid.-Prepare the following in a tin vessel: Two quarts of soft water, one and one-half ounces castile soap, one-half ounce aqua ammonia. Measure out two quarts of soft water, which heat to a boil over a small lamp; cut the soap fine, and dissolve it in the water, after which pour in the ammonia. This fluid can be kept in a corked bottle or jar. When cleaning a watch, heat one-half pint of it to a boil, then have a small sieve which can be bought in any tin store, and put in all parts except the roller table, spring, lever, screws and dial. Dip in the preparation about half a minute, take out, and rinse in soft water; after this dip the parts in alcohol and put them in a small paper box with boxwood sawdust; shake them from side to side until dry.

# SPECIAL NOTICE. TWO MORE CRADES OF THE "400."

It is our intention to put on the market about July 1st, 1895, two more grades of the "400," which will be listed at \$12.00 and \$9.00 and will be sold without Cases by this Company.

# HAMPDEN WATCH CO., CANTON, OHIO.



Nassau St., New York.

WEDDING INVITATIONS VISITING CARDS MONOGRAMS AND ADDRESS DIES.

PROMPT SERVICE RELIABLE WORK.

FROM 47 Cortlandt St., to 10 Maiden Lane.



NEW QUARTERS.

H. M. RICH & CO., Jewelry · Auctioneers, 21 School Street, BOSTON. MASS.

DON'T FORGET THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB LISHING CO.'S BOOK LIST when in want of any technical book in the Jewelry or Kindred Trades.

CUTTERS AND IMPORTERS OF

DIAMONDS.

#### Women on the Silver Question.

•• W<sup>E</sup> had a remarkable session of the club this afternoon," said the new woman, as she picked up the Chicago *Post.* "We discussed the silver question." "It was natural for you to tackle money in some form," growled the old man.

"After a full and free discussion," continued the new woman, "we voted unanimously in favor of free silver."

"I imagined you thought it was free when I got the bill for that new gown," put in the old man.

"We discovered," said the new woman, ignoring his remark, "that under free coinage we could take fifty or sixty cents worth of silver to a mint and have it coined into a dollar."

"What of it?" asked the old man. "You don't own a silver mine, do you?"

"What a foolish question!" she exclaimed. "Of course I don't; but think of all those old silver wedding presents that we stowed away in the attic, because they are dented and bent. Why, we could get twice their value in silver dollars. Then, there is that handsome silver soup tureen"—

"That's plated," he interrupted.

"I know it," she said, "but it's a triple plate, and the salesman warranted that it could not be distinguished from solid silver. Don't you suppose it would pass at the mint? And once we'd chucked it into the furnace, you know"—

And she does not yet understand what the remark was that he made as he grabbed his hat and started for the door.

#### Equal to the Emergency.

HENRY A. WILDER, attorney-at-law, has an eye to business at all times and under all circumstances. He was sitting in "Cap" Rounds' saloon, 525 State St., at 9 o'clock last night, when two robbers came in, and while one of them pointed a revolver at Rounds, the other emptied the contents of the cash-drawer in his hat. The thieves then walked over to where Attorney Wilder was sitting and ordered him to deliver what valuables he had.

Mr. Wilder is the possessor of a fine gold watch; but he did not want to part with it. He told the robbers he was a lawyer, thinking that would soften their hearts toward him, but they were relentless.

"Search him, Jim," said the man who held the gun, "and be quick about it." Jim ran his fingers into Mr. Wilder's vest pocket and found the watch. He was tugging at the chain in an attempt to break it, when Mr. Wilder said:

"Gentlemen, do you appreciate the gravity of the crime you are committing?"

He then reached into the top pocket of his vest, and drew out several of his professional cards. Handing one to the thief who had his watch, he continued :

"Here is my card, and you may want me to defend you, if you are arrested for robbing the saloonkeeper, Mr. Rounds. I would be a good witness for the prosecution; but, of course, if I represented you, gentlemen, no power on earth could compel me as an attorney to testify against my clients. No lawyer in Chicago would defend a thief who robbed a brother attorney; so, you see, by robbing me of my watch you are committing a very foolish act. Now, you look to be very intelligent gentlemen, and I leave the case in your hands, trusting that your verdict will be for the defendant.'

"Take the gentlemen's card, Jim, and leave the watch," said the thief who held the revolver at Mr. Wilder's head. "He's right, and we may need him. If he could all make that '*spiel*' to a jury, we'd be acquitted."

As the robbers backed out of the saloon Mr. Wilder should after them :

"My retainer is usually \$25." Chicago *Times-Herald* 

Her golden hair, her silvery voice— Ah, me, who could resist? 'Tis easy quite to make my choice— I'm a bimetallist.

Washington Star.

SLIM CAVALIER—Her heart is as hard as glass, I can't make an impression on it.

PORTLY DITTO-Have you tried a diamond?-St. James Budget.

#### IT WENT.

HELPLESS VICTIM (to highwayman)— There's my money, but I don't suppose you want this watch. Its only an old silver affair.

HIGHWAYMAN-Want it? Certainly I do. I'm a bimetallist.-New York *Tribune*.

#### THE APPRECIATIVE PUBLIC.

"In the end the world always fittingly recognizes her geniuses,"

"Yes. There's Tompkins, gave his life to the study of ceramics—and is buried in the potter's field."

**DEALERS IN** 

WATCHES.

Judge.



# THE **EVELINE** WHISTLE

PUT UP IN DISPLAY BOXES OF 1 DOZ. EACH, WITH ADVER-TISING CARD. ORDER BY NUM-BER.



PATENTED APRIL 16, 1895.

No. 47, \$4.00 PER DOZ., ROMAN GOLD FINISH, 14kt. PLATE. No. 46, BEST QUALITY NICKEL PLATE, \$1.00 PER DOZ.

EWELRY

RADE.

FOR THE

Mossberg Wrench Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

NOVELTIES.

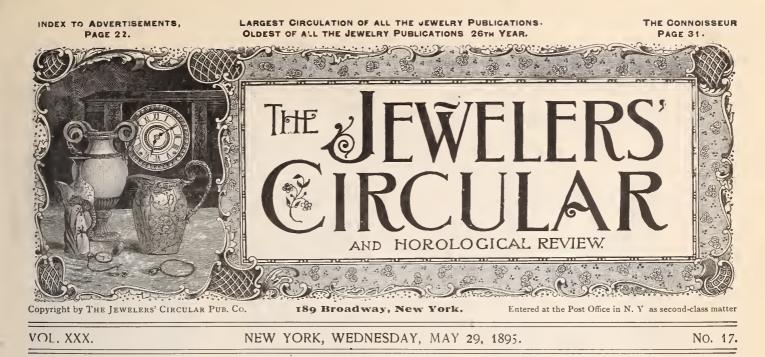
You Blow==and it's Soothing or Blood Curdling, Melodious or Hideous.

"Sighs like an Infant." "My Twins Ain't in It." "Our Dog Slid For Cover."

(These are some extracts.)







THE EMPRESS OF RUSSIA'S CARRIAGE CLOCK.

S a companion piece of the Czar's silver clasped scrap books, described in THE CIRCULAR of March 13, 1895, is the | shaped plates of gold, with a small plate at | ornaments have also been frequently found, carriage clock of the Empress

of Russia illustrated here. This handsome clock was presented to the Empress of Russia by English ladies in St. Petersburg, and she has expressed her great admiration for it. The clock was designed and manufactured by the Goldsmiths and Silversmiths' Co., London. The frame is composed of the finest tortoise shell, and the corners and handle of pure gold exquisitely wrought, the handle being studded with diamonds. The Empress's initial "A." in diamonds is placed beneath the dial face, while above the Imperial diadem also in brilliants completes the design.

#### Antique Irish Gold Work.

HE gold antiquities in the British Museum illustrative of British history, and those in the museum of Trinity College, Dublin, contain many fine examples of ancient Irish work. The principal Irish antiquities of gold that remain to us may be classed under ten heads, as follows :

Crowns :-- A magnificent gold ornament, resembling in shape a helmet or skull cap, found in County Tipperary in 1692, now in the Royal Irish Academy collection, which has been called

a crown for want of a better name. The specimen is unique, but a somewhat similar gold cap is described by Vallancy in 1783.

Minds or lunulæ :- These elegant orna- j ments may be described as flat, crescent



CLOCK PRESENTED TO THE EMPRESS OF RUSSIA

each extremity; they have been discovered on frequent occasions, and the surface is frequently enriched with minute and elaborate designs and ornamentations.

Diadems :- The gorgeous and elaborate

and are, undoubtedly, the most magnificent specimens of antique gold work to be found in the world. Like the lunulæ, these were probably head ornaments, and their great antiquity is shown by the fact that they are not mentioned in any of the known annals.

Gorgets :- These were probably collars of gold, such as Malachi "won from the proud invader." Some of them exhibit the peculiar herring-bone ornamentation characteristic of Keltic work.

Necklaces of gold and amber were not uncommon in Ireland, and must have constituted unique and splendid ornaments. The amber probably came from the Baltic shores.

Earrings or Unasca :- The ancient Irish earrings were not unlike those used in modern davs.

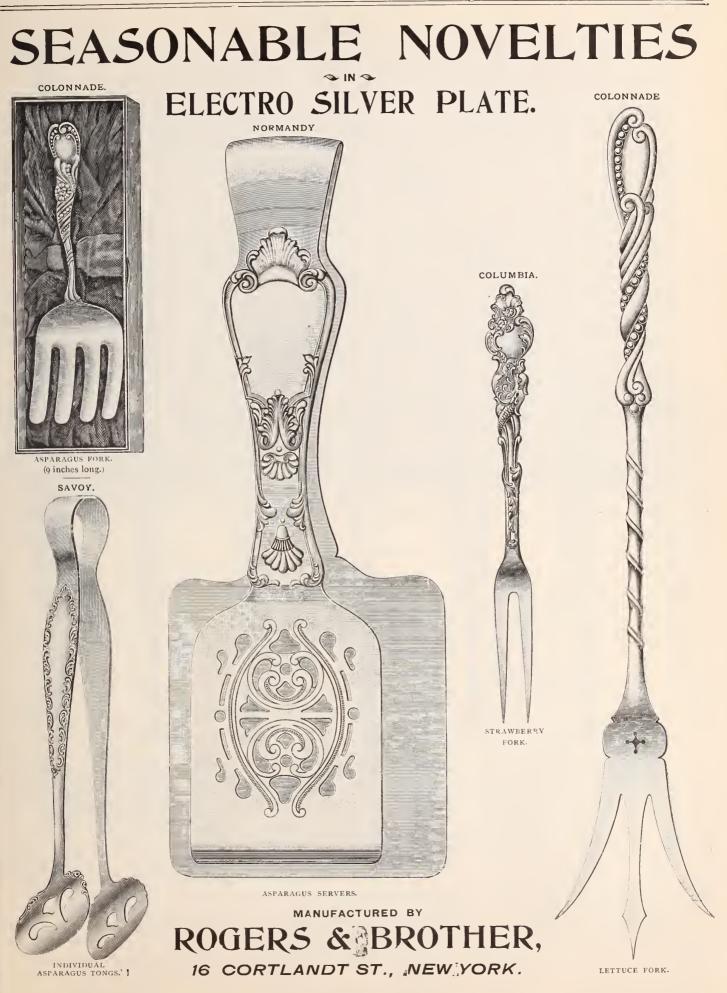
Armillæ:-Armlets and bracelets would appear to have been extensively used. They usually consist of rings of gold, not quite closed, and the early annals state that royal princes bestowed rings of gold on poets, philosophers and warriors, and that tribute was frequently paid in similar ornaments.

Fibulæ:-There has been some difference of opinion as to the use of these peculiarly shaped gold ornaments, but the theory that they were used as fasteners for cloaks would

appear to be the most reasonable one. The fibulæ vary greatly in size, weighing from (Continued on page 7.)

May 29, 1895.







## Dominick & Haff,

MAKERSOF WARES IN

#### STERLING SILVER,

FOR THE TRADE ONLY

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK.

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES.

FERD. FUCHS & BROS. SILVERSMITHS,

MAKLRS OF STERLING SILVERWARE, 808-810 Greenwich St. . New York. WOOD & HUGHES, STERLING SILVERWARE MANUFACTURERS New York Agents for the Derby Silver Co FINE QUADRUPLE PLATED WARE, No. 16 JOHN STREET, - NEW YORK 206 Kearney St., San Francisco, Cal. HASKELL & MUEGGE, Agents,





SAMUEL C. JACKSON, MANUFACTURER OF FINE CASES FOR lewelry, Silverware, &c., also Hardwood chests, Trays, and Sample Cases.

> 180 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.



#### BEING AN HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DAY.\*

THE later patterns of the J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co. are marked by definite ornamental features and radical departures in outlines from established models. They all possess individual points of beauty, and

#### PART VIII.

The Rose was the first pattern introduced by this firm in the high relief die work. The pattern was placed upon the market in 1881. The outline is unique without interfering with the essential feature of utility. The Tudor of 1885 does not follow any model, and its ornamental features consist of a solid combination of scrolls, leaves and fan-like devices.

The King of the J. B. & S. M. Knowles



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE J. B. & S. M. KNOWLES CO.

are all dissimilar in general appearance.

The Coronet, introduced in 1879, is derived from the Oval Thread, retaining the thread feature in its ornamentation, in combination with arabesque scrolls. It is a good specimen of the light die work popular about 20 years ago.

The Webster, produced the next year, in respect to ornamentation, follows the style of the Coronet. It has an attractive outline, being a variation of the Oval Thread.

\*Copyright, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

A net-work of roses, rose buds, leaves and twigs, covering the entire front surface, forms the ornamentation.

The No. 90, of the date 1882, is an Oval Thread with the tip indented; a combination of buds and leaves in relief forms the ornamental scheme. The pattern is a neat and effective one.

The Aeolian, brought out in 1882, is an artistic and attractive pattern, being a variation of the Oval Thread as to outline. The scroll detail at the tip is particularly effective, and the decorative scheme of conventional leaves is pretty. Co. is not the famous old pattern often referred to in this series of articles. It follows in outline a style introduced about 15 years ago. The tip forms into a device resembling somewhat the tail of a bird. Beneath is a shell-like detail, while the remainder of the ornamentation is a combination of bold leaf-work and rococco scrolls. The King is an artistic pattern. It was introduced in 1886.

The Trianon, an artistic pattern produced in 1889, is 'Moresque in its decorative treatment, while in outline it is a graceful series of waves. The Trianon has been a suc cessful pattern. The Essex, produced also in 1889, is unique in respect to its outline. Its decoration extends almost to the juncture of handle with bowl, and is a combination of bold leaf work in high relief.

the King's, and the heavy leaf-work border and top produce a rich effect.

The Apollo, the latest pattern of the company, placed on the market last Fall, expresses no one design, school, nor elabora-

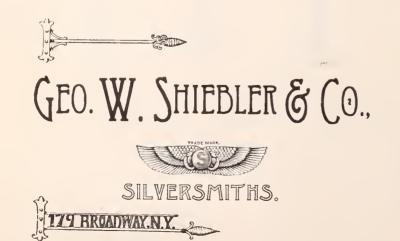


FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE J. B. & S. M. KNOWLES CO.

The Lenox is a refined pattern on the order of the old King's. The panel is artistic and the simple decoration is very effective. The Lenox was introduced in 1890 and proved a success.

The Argo, which has often been illustrated in THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, has been a success since it was brought out in 1892. In general outline it is founded on tion of a single principle, but it does express to those of artistic instincts the pleasing synthesis of choice conceits. The bead work, the suggestive acanthus, bits of rococco, the typical outline and the careful die work and conscientious finish combine in furnishing to the critical purchaser an ideal production of the silversmith's art.

(Series to be continued.)



#### A LADY'S RAMBLES AMONG THE JEWELERS.

A pretty clover leaf is made of three opals set in diamonds.

Large flat heart shaped lockets attached to silver chains seem to have some vogue.

Punch in silver is with appropriateness made to surmount a mother-of-pearl baby rattle.

A new ring has a large bean shaped opal for the center, and a diamond of good size on each side.

Buckles are assuming all sorts of unusual shapes; it is possible, it seems, to carry oddity too far.

The belt pin continues to engage attention. Those of silver treated with enamel are pretty and inexpensive.

Parasol handles of crystal blocks, oblong cut in planes, are overlaid with garlands of gold. Nothing more beautiful is seen in this line.

The daintiest of silver funnels have been brought out. Some are plain with a beaded rim; others have bands of repoussé work, and others flare with shell-like convolutions.

The most distinguished looking tea sets have been shown lately. In each case, they were in highly polished planes, flaring toward the top, where they were met by a beaded rim.

Shell combs for the back hair have appeared cut in the forms of sphynx wings and the double wings of the butterfly. These are then adorned with ornaments of gold in keeping.

Exquisite after dinner coffee cups adorned with fine flowers, such as the forget-menot, are held in garlands of silver gilt. These are superbly encased with their spoons of silver gilt.

Linked sleeve buttons are of carbuncle, moonstone and other semi-precious stones that admit of high polish. These have only the slenderest rim of gold and look like drops of translucent jelly put to new use.

The racing season announces itself by all sorts of "horsey" jewelry. There has appeared a large number of combination silver and platinum pins and sleeve buttons. In these the shoe nail is always introduced, usually across the horse shoe.

All the French blouses have three button studs; accordingly there are numbers of pretty sets consisting of sleeve buttons, collar button and three studs. These are of pale silver, with a tiny bead rim of colored enamels, and of semi-precious stones.

Yachting pins and college pennants are showing themselves. The pennants have a slight wave in them, as if tossed in the breeze The feminine preference is provided for by silver buckles, with the favorite colors flung across from rim to rim.

Bursting suns now show sun spots. Instead of being composed entirely of diamonds, other stones are introduced among the diamonds. One seen had long, waving rays intermingled with olivines, and at the tip of one of the rays was a ruby.

In such obvious articles of dress as tiaras, unusual liberties are taken in design. One seen was a rim of diamonds encircling the hair, while poised directly in front was a devil's darning needle at least four inches long from tip to tail. This would be even more conspicuous in the hair than Mrs. Langtry's diamond fence, as the reporter called it.

The Summer stick and scarf pins are unusually grotesque, which emphasizes the prevailing tendency of taste. Insects of all sorts are not only domesticated in the hair, hats and clothing, but they are individualized in motion and in their usual avocations, as one might say. It is entertaining to see a crab's legs at angles apparently designed for change of lace, and a frog about to hop from the scarf on to the immaculate shirt front.

Elsie Bee.

#### Antique Irish Gold Work.

#### (Continued from page 1.)

seven ounces up to the extraordinary weight of thirty-three ounces.

Torques must be considered as a distinctive and common form of decoration among the ancient Irish; but we know that they were similarly used by the Egyptians, Persians, and Gauls. They in shape consist of twisted bands, and, according to their size, were worn round the finger, in the hair, round the neck or waist. In the celebrated statue, "The Dying Gladiator," there is a torque around the neck, as also in the exquisite bronze statue of "Mercury" in the British Museum.

King Money:—It is probable that many of the circular ornaments already described were used as a sor<sup>+</sup> of money, but there are certain small gold rings whose size would preclude their use for anything else, unless indeed, for portions of chains.

The composition of these gold ornaments varies from 18 to 21 karats fine.

# J. B. & S. M. KNOWLES CO. Silversmiths,



FACTORY AND MAIN OFFICE, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

ALL WARES  $\frac{925}{1000}$  FINE.

OUR NEW APOLLO AND POPULAR ARGO PATTERNS CAN BE OBTAINED IN COMPLETE LINES.

These patterns are among the most artistic and salable on the market.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATA-LOGUE WITH PHOTOGRAVURE REPRODUCTIONS.

The Apollo, our Latest and Most Successful Production.

# F. M. WHITING COMPANY, SILVERSMITHS.

Factory and Main Office,

North Attleboro, Mass.



New York Office,



-ADDRESS\_ALL COMMUNICATIONS\_TO FACTORY.----

Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.

#### The Retirement of James S. Kelley from Business.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., May 23 .- With the end of last month, James S. Kelley, of this city, closed a career as a jeweler covering a continual span of over threescore years.

Sixty-one years ago Mr. Kelley, at 12 years of age, went to learn his trade. He



JAMES S. KELLEY.

was born in Provincetown, but the family moved to Nantucket, while he was yet an infant. Nantucket was not then, as now, the sleepy, old monument of a bygone age, but her wharves bristled with the masts and spars of shipping, and her streets teemed with the hurry of mercantile affairs. No business was more profitable then than that in which Mr. Kelley's father was engaged, clockmaking. The clocks were then huge cumbersome affairs of the "grandfather" type, with wheels of wood driven by weights.

As early as six or eight years of age Mr. Kelleyhad begunoccupations kindred to his future trade. During school vacations and on holidays and afternoons he spent his time in cutting cog wheels with a jackknife. At 12 years of age, he settled down in earnest to learn his trade, entering the shop of his brother, Henry A. Kelley. Here

he was engaged in making wheels and cylinders, the blanks for which were cast in a brass foundry, and then trimmed up by hand with infinite filing and smoothing, or else were whittled out of carefully selected wood. It took eight years then to fully learn a trade, and in all this time, and till he was 20 years old, Mr. Kelley wrought from sunrise to sunset, his compensation being victuals and clothes. When he became a journeyman he was paid only \$400 a year at first, and considered this good pay.

In 1837, Mr. Kelley, with his elder brothers, Henry A., with whom he had learned his trade, and Edward G., of New York, an expert chronometer maker, formed a partnership which continued in force many years. As whaling commenced to decline, however, the brothers retired from the firm and James continued the business alone. He removed to New Bedford in 1856, and has since carried on the general jewelers' business here since. Gradually the whaling industry with its enormous fleets faded away, and with it expired, in large measure, the chronometer business. Mr. Kelley branched out into new channels, and has met with success in all the new features of his business.

Mr. Kelley is looked upon by jewelers as a veteran and expert in horological matters, and enjoys a high reputation for fairness and strict observance of correct business principles. He now retires on account of declining years and will remove to Portland, Me., where he will make his residence with his son, Dr. Henry A. Kelley, a well known dentist of that city. The business in New Bedford will be continued by his son James S. Kelley, Jr., who has been associated with his father in its management many years.

E. & J. Swigart, Cincinnati, O. are making their optical department a special feature, and are introducing all the new styles and devices brought out this year.

CKIRT

Send

for

#### Stamping Legislation in Con= necticut.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 23 .- The very important bill prepared under the auspices of the Connecticut Jewelers' and Opticians' Association concerning the manufacture and sale of gold and silver articles has been favorably reported by the judiciary committee of the Connecticut General Assembly and is now ready for action by the House. Those who oppeared in the support of the bill claimed that large quantities of bogus gold and silver articles are annually sold in the State, the purchasers supposing that they are getting articles of very much greater value than they actually secure. It is claimed that the public is defrauded and that the business of honest dealers is very seriously interfered with.

This bill is very sweeping in its character, and if enforced will prevent the sale of all plated and filled goods under any sort of misrepresentation. It is as follows :

SECTION I .- Any and every article represented to be of gold, which is made for sale or offered for sale, or held in possession with intent to sell by any dealer; shall bear upon it, plainly stamped, the figures indicating the exact number of twenty-fourth parts of pure gold or proportion of gold that the said article or articles contain.

SECTION 2.—Any manufacturer or dealer who makes for sale, or sells, or offers to sell or dispose of, or has in his or her possession with intent to sell or dispose of, any article or articles constructed in part of gold or an alloy or imitation thereof, having thereon, or on any box, package, cover, wrapper, or other thing inclosing or encasing such article or articles for sale, any stamp, brand, engraving, printed label, trademark, imprint, or other mark indicating or designed, or intended to indicate, that the gold, alloy or imitation thereof in such article or articles is different from or better than the actual kind and quality of such gold, alloy, or imitation thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

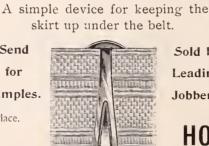
SECTION 3.-Any manufacturer or dealer who makes for sale, sells, or offers to sell or dispose of, or has in his or her possession with intent to sell or dispose of, any article or articles constructed in part of silver, or any alloy, or imitation thereof, having thereon, or on any box, package, cover, wrapper, or other thing enclosing or encasing such article or articles for sale, any stamp, brand, engraving, printed label, trademark,



WETH. Easily applied to any Belt. Keeps the Skirt in Place.

MADE IN PLAIN SILVER, CHASED SILVER, SILVER GILT, PLAIN GOLD, CHASED GOLD, JEWELED, Etc.

Sizes (width of belt is the size to order) 17/8, 2, 21/8 and 21/4 inches.



PATENT APPLIED FOR

Sold by Leading Jobbers.

.. GRIP.



WITHOUT



May 29, 1895.

imprint, or other mark, containing the words "sterling" or "sterling silver," reterring or designed, or intended to refer, to the silver, alloy, or imitation thereof, in such article or articles, when such silver, alloy, or imitation thereof, shall contain less than nine hundred and twenty-five one-thousandths thereof of pure silver, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

SECTION 4. Any manufacturer or dealer who makes for sale, sells or offers to sell or dispose of, or has in his or her possession with intent to sell or dispose of, any article or articles constructed in part of silver or an alloy or imitation thereof, having thereon or in any box, package, cover or wrapper or other thing enclosing or encasing such article or articles for sale, any stamp, brand, engraving, printed label, trademark, imprint or other mark containing the words "coin" or "coin silver," referring or designed or intended to refer to the silver, alloy, or imitation thereof, in such article or articles, when such silver, alloy or imitation shall contain less than nine-tenths thereof of pure silver, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

SECTION 5.—Any person guilty of a violation of any of the provisions of this act shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars.

#### Government Contracts Awarded.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 25.—The contract for engraving on field glasses for the Signal Service has been awarded to L. M. Cox, at  $13\frac{1}{2}$  cents per letter; for repairing field glasses to F. A. Buechler at 90 cents each, and for field glass cases with straps, to James S. Topham, at \$2.95 each; all the parties are of Washington, D. C.

The E. Howard Watch & Clock Co., Boston, Mass., have been awarded the contract for furnishing No. 70 12-inch dial, regulators for the various public buildings east of the Rocky Mountains.

#### Death of Chauncey Hulse.

GOSHEN, N. Y., May 23.—Chauncey Hulse died at his residence, corner of Main St. and Orange Ave. at about 10 o'clock Monday morning. He had been ill about two weeks from a complication of diseases. Congestion of the lungs was the chief cause of death.

Mr. Hulse was one of the most prominent business men of Goshen, he having conducted a jewelry store here for the past 26 years. He was born in the town of Blooming Grove 68 years ago. At 15 years of age he entered the watch case factory then conducted by Charles Hulse, near Burnside, to learn the trade. After working there several years he went to New York where he remained for about ten years working at his trade. He then returned to

his native town and the firm of Hulse, Sease & Rockafellow was formed at Washingtonville for the manufacture of watch cases. After a few years Mr. Sease and Mr. Rockafellow withdrew from the firm and went to Middletown, leaving Mr. Hulse to conduct the business at Washingtonville alone. This he continued to do successfully until the Spring of 1867, when he removed to Goshen and purchased of the estate of the late William W. Warden, the jewelry business on W. Main St. which he has since successfully conducted. A few years ago he took as a partner in the business his son Lewis. Mr. Hulse was also the head of the Hulse Wagon Co. who for several years have been organized and doing business in this village.

Mr. Hulse is survived by his wife, one son, Lewis, and a daughter, Susan, wife of S. D. Evans, of Salt Lake City. The funeral was held to-day from the Presbyterian Church.

#### Slow Collections Cause Heintz & Martin to Assign.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 24.—Heintz & Martin, watchmakers and jewelers, 866 N.





Removed from Broadway and John Street,

3 MAIDEN LANE,

NEW YORK.

Howard St., have made an assignment for the benefit of creditors to Francis A. Buschman, trustee, who bonded for \$1,600, indicating their assets to be half that amount. The firm is composed of Frank A. Heintz and Cyrus B. Martin. Their assets are said to nearly equal their liabilities.

The cause of the failure was slow collecions.

#### American Silverware Extolled by the Germans.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23. — In his last consular report, Louis Stern, United States Commercial Agent at Bamberg, Germany, writes the following on "American Art Products in Germany":

" It is well known that, on the occasion of the Columbian World's Fair, a number of specimen productions of American art and skill in fashioning the precious metals on exhibition there were purchased at the instance of the Industrial Art Museum, of Berlin. This collection, consisting of 47 ornamental art pieces and decorative table vessels, produced for the most part by the establishments of Tiffany & Co., the Whiting Mfg. Co., and the Gorham Mfg. Co., is now being publicly exhibited in those German industrial cities which represent the same branch of industry. In this connection, therefore, it will undoubtedly prove a source of great satisfaction to the business and other circles interested in the United States to learn that these American works of art are meeting with most cordial encomiums on the part of German expert judges. At the present time the collection mentioned is on exhibition at the Royal Drawing Academy of the city of Hanau, one of the leading places representative of the German gold and silverware industry. The local papers devote long articles to praising the small exhibit, calling particular attention to the fact that these American products are not only effective by reason of the charm of novelty, but that they also afford instructive study as regards form and technical development.

"I close this short report with the translation of the critical judgment rendered by a German expert in the branch of industry in question, recently published in the *Hanauer Zeitung*. He writes:

On the whole, from a purely technical standpoint, one must concede the solidity, dexterity, and neatness of execution displayed by these pieces. The principles of art followed by the Americans, as demonstrated by this collection, are difficult to properly characterize. Numberless suggestions, furnished by European art forms, Oriental influence, naturalism, practical American sense of fitness, and a little American primitiveness, also, are combined in the most remarkable manner. The great art traditions which guide European schools of art and elevate their standards of taste are obviously lacking with the Americans; but, on the other hand, these traditions do not, as with us, occasionally, act as an immovable interference; the American artists manipulate art forms in an entirely free and unhindered manner. The further circumstance that, in the large establishments of American firms, artisans from all the countries of Europe and Asia are employed, each giving the impress of his own particular schooling to the work of art produced, must also be taken into consideration. The natural result is that American productions show something of the

 $\overline{10}$ 

peculiar, the novel, and the surprising. Many of the effects attained are bizarre, it is true, but then there is much that is original, of inventive ingenuity, and worthy of study. It is our opinion that, without any doubt, many fruitful suggestions can be gained from these works, especially as regards technical execution. The novel technical process consisting in the galvanic coating of pottery and glass vessels should be adopted with advantage by our branch of this industy. The effort to increase the color effect of silverware by employing stone decorations, enameling, etching, and vari-colored gilding is likewise worthy of general imitation.

The great Republic across the sea has added to its progressiveness in all other respects an advance in the dexterous man pulation of the precious metals which should not be undervalued by us in Germany.

[A resume of the above report was published in The Circular of March 6.—ED.]

## The Settlement of the Commercial Bank and the Hellebush Estate.

CINCINNATI, O., May 22.—Last week a petition was filed in the Insolvency Court for authority to make a settlement between the trustees of the Commercial Bank and the estate of Clemens Hellebush.

The petition set forth that the bank held notes signed by Clemens Hellebush, Sr., to the number of 12, aggregating \$60,000, dated from Oct. 4, 1890, to Feb. 4, 1892. Also, that the bank held 10 notes signed by C. Hellebush, Jr., attorney, aggregating \$32,100, dated Oct. 3, 1891, to Dec. 27; also, that the bank held 29 drafts drawn by the senior Hellebush with different dates from Sept. 23, 1892, to Jan. 16, 1893, aggregating \$52,657.64, including the protest fees. There is another note for \$4,165.35, indorsed by Specker Bros. & Co., dated Oct. 2, 1890, payable four months after date. There are checks on the Merchants' National Bank bearing dates from Feb, 28, 1891, to Jan. 17 1893, signed by the senior Hellebush, aggregating \$89.455. There is a check on the Farmers and Traders' Bank, of Covington, for \$1.500. There is also an overdraft of the Hullebush account of \$9,307.83. The total of all these sums is \$249.085.85. It will be seen that this total is near the amount that has always been said to be owing from the Hellebush estate.

The petition, after setting forth the matters mentioned, asserts that the Hellebush estate is insolvent, and that it is not believed that there could be realized on the claim more than that which was offered in settlement of it. The offer was to pay in cash the sum of \$62,100 in full of all claims. Besides, there would be a release by the widow of Hellebush of all her dower right in two pieces of real estate which had been deeded to the bank as part security for the amount owing. That real estate is situated on Hackberry St. and at Court St. and Broadway. The whole is considered to be worth \$30 000. From all this it can be easily seen that instead of paying 70 per cent., it will pay only about 30, and that there are just 40 more chances for the stockholders to pay a large assessment on the stock than was at first supposed.

W. E. Ralston has opened his new store in Butler, Pa.

## ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS. RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS, IMPORTERS OF

# DIAMONDS.

AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

#### FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

DIAMOND JEWELRY,

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

58 Nassau Street, 29 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK.

I Tulp Straat, AMSTERDAM. 1 St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus, LONDON, E. C.



TRADE MARK.

CARTER, SLOAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY,

ESTABLISHED 1841.

#### No. 15 MAIDEN LANE,

NEW YORK.

A. CARTER JR. A. K. SLOAN. C. E. HASTINGS. GEO. R. HOWE WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.





#### The Proceedings Against the New York Department Stores.

The subject of universal interest in the jewelry trade during the past week was the exclusive story in THE CIRCULAR regarding the proceedings instituted against the proprietors of twelve prominent department stores of New York who are charged with violating the law passed by the New York Legislature in May, 1894, entitled "An Act to regulate the sale of goods marked 'Sterling,' 'Sterling Silver,' 'Coin' or 'Coin Silver.'" THE CIRCULAR had constantly urged this movement and accepted the earliest opportunity to place before its readers an account of the initiatory steps.

As the exposure of the business tactics of the department stores can only be effective by a wide dissemination of it among the general public, the following article was caused to be published in the New York *Herald* of May 23 through the medium of o.e of the staff of THE CIRCULAR:

## TOO LITTLE SILVER IN THEIR WARES.

Owners of Twelve Department Stores May Be Indicted tor Selling Inferior Goods.

#### GOVERNMENT ASSAYS MADE.

Nearly All of the Samples Purchased Fell Short of the Requirements of the Law.

#### IN THE GRAND JURY'S HANDS.

As a result of an investigation instituted by several silversmiths evidence was presented to the Grand Jury yesterday on which it is expected indictments will be found against the proprietors of twelve of the largest department stores in New York who have been selling as sterling silver, goods which are not up to the standard required by law.

by law. The law governing the sale of such articles was passed by the Legislature on May 4, 1894. Similar laws have been passed in seven other States, but there have been no prosecutions under them. It is now proposed to make a test case.

The law on the subject in this State provides that a person who makes or sells any article marked "sterling" or "sterling silver," unless nine hundred and twenty-five one-thousandths of the component parts of the metal are pure silver, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and that a person who makes or sells any article marked "coin" or "coin silver," unless nine hundred onethousandths of the component parts of the metal are pure silver, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. The penalty is made not to exceed \$100 for each offence.

#### MANUFACTURERS BEGAN IT.

The agitation to bring about a uniform standard of silverware was begun in Providence, R. I., by one of the largest manufacturing firms in the United States, and in March, 1894, a law was passed in Rhode Island providing that "any person convicted of a violation of the provisions of the act shall be imprisoned not to exceed six months, and fined not to exceed \$500."

Since the passage of that act similar acts have been passed in Massachusetts, New York, South Carolina, New Hampshire, Missouri, Arkansas, Maine and Michigan. Lawyer Newton Dexter was retained

Lawyer Newton Dexter was retained about two months ago by several manufacturers and jobbers in silverware to collect evidence against the proprietors of department stores, who, it was believed, were violating the law. In company with a witness the lawyer visited twelve of the largest and best known stores, and purchased alleged sterling silver forks, spoons, pitchers, cups and dishes. Then he went before a notary public and made an affidavit as to the circumstances of the purchase.

#### RESULT OF ASSAYS.

He took the articles to the United States Assay Office to be assayed. Duplicate purchases were made at the stores later, so that there might be nothing wanting in the evidence,

The report of the Assay Office showed that out of 32 articles tested 31 fell below the standard, the amount of silver varying from .004 to .910. The lowest proportion of silver except in those goods which the Assayer's report declared were pure brass was shown to be in sleeve buttons, which assayed only .004.

Lawyer Dexter laid the facts he had collected before District Attorney Fellows a few days ago, Assistant District Attorney Battle took charge of the case, with a view of presenting it to the Grand Jury.

Mr. Battle was disinclined to speak about the matter yesterday, further than to admit that the case was in the hands of the District Attorney. Lawyer Dexter, however, told me last night that he had been before the Grand Jury during the day. His affidavits, the assayed goods and their duplicates, the cards and bills, which accompanied the articles when sold and the reports of the United States Assay Office were submitted for consideration."

Details for a similar article in the New York *Sun* of the same date were furnished

by another member of THE CIRCULAR staff. From these two articles other New York newspapers, among them the *Mail and Express, Evening Post, Daily News*, and *Commercial Advertiser*, took up the subject, while New York correspondents of outof-town journals sent dispatches to their respective publications. The *Sun* followed its first article the next day with a number of interviews with the representatives of the proprietors of the department stores, the gist of all of which is expressed in that with Hilton, Hughes & Co.'s representative, as follows:

"We were very much surprised at the statement made by Mr. Dexter. We had always supposed that when we sold an article of any description it was exactly what we represented it to be. We have alwhat we represented it to be. We have al-ways held to the rule that if a customer found that there had been a mistake in any way the money paid was to be returned on application. While we may be guilty in a technical sense of violating the Silver Stamping law, we certainly are not morally to blame. The question of intent would be very difficult to prove. It should be borne in mind that we get all our silverware direct from the manufacturers. With each piece we receive a guarantee that the article is what it is represented to be. It is not common sense to suppose that we can test each piece of silver received by us in order to learn whether it reaches the standard .925 or not. The manufacturers with whom we deal are reputable firms, and of course we suppose that their goods are genuine. If some of them are not, we are not the ones to blame. There are very few persons who can tell by looking at a piece of silver whether it is .925 or not. From the very nature of the case we have to depend on the guarantee of the jobbers and manufacturers. If there is anything wrong the blame lies with them.'

The following interesting correspondence was received by THE CIRCULAR during the past week bearing upon the charges against the department stores :

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 25th. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular :

I am very glad to see that the law of retribution and compensation is getting to work on the rascality, fraud and deception practiced by the average department store, by means of which it has been for a long time engaged in crushing out the smaller dealers, who have endeavored to do business on the basis of decent honesty without

3 MAIDEN LANE NEW YORK.

# OUR SPECIALTY



FINE IVORY PAINTINGS in all Gold Brooch Mountings, also all Diamond, Diamond and Pearl, and all Pearl Mountings, Prices from \$12 to \$100.

MINIATURES painted on Ivory from Photographs, in first-class work and at moderate prices. Orders solicited, and Designs for Mountings furnished when desired.

DOWNING & KELLER.

using deception to mislead and defraud customers.

The New York Herald says that twelve department stores are liable to be indicted for selling inferior goods as "sterling" silver. Whether they are indicted or not, the manufacturers of honest goods in sterling silver owe it to themselves and to their customers, when they have the indisputable evidence in their hands, to publish the names of these stores in big type in the daily papers, and then they should employ an agent to go through the United States, and wherever rascality is found in solid silver goods to print and publish the facts and the names without fear or favor. After a little energy and money spent in this direction, there will be mighty few people who will ever trouble the department store for silver goods.

But there is a larger evil that ought to be dealt with, and that is in the line of silver plated ware handled by these department stores, for they sell, probably, one hundred dollars worth of it where they do one dollar of solid silver.

Just at this time the best manufacturers in the country find business very dull, and for the past two years their factories have hardly averaged more than half time; but the people who manufacture the most miserable and worst possible trash are running full time, and more too, in turning out an avalanche of rot stamped "quadruple plate," to supply the department stores' enormous demands.

The reputable manufacturers ought to get together and adopt a standard for plating on hollow ware, and then a stamp that should designate this quality, and then have a law passed in the different States similar to the sterling law, making it a punishable offense to sell any silver plated goods, bearing the authorized stamp, that are not fully up to the standard of plating.

A method like this would protect the public, and would soon drive the department store out of the business, as it looks now as though they are likely to be driven out of the silver business.

It is well known to the trade that the department store does not buy, as a rule, fine goods, or the best patterns. The most of their stock is rubbish, goods that look very fair to the eye, but which have no wearing qualities, and it is by such goods that silver plated ware is discredited in the mass by an indiscriminating public. The department stores will buy garret stuff that is old and unsalable, and which could not be sold in any decent jewelry store, but they buy it for a song, have a skin plate put on it, and then flame it out in the newspapers as new and desirable goods in "quadruple plate."

I trust the suggestion I have made above will meet the attention and action of the largest and most reputable manufacturers in the country, so that the legitimate trade that belongs to the jeweler may once more be restored to him, after having been deprived of it by dishonest competition. PHILADELPHIA.

WESTERLY, R. I., May 24, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

The enclosed clipping is my ad. which I made up from an article in the New York *Herald* of 23d inst. I think if used by many jewelers throughout the country it would prove quite beneficial to the legitimate jeweler. A. HAHN. The ad. referred to is:

M. Myers, Boston, Mass., Financially Embarrassed.

Boston, Mass., May 27.—Myer Myers, doing business as a wholesale jeweler at 367 Washington St., under the style of M. Myers, is financially embarrassed and is offering to settle with his creditors at 25 cents on the dollar. No information can be obtained as to the assets or liabilities.

Mr. Myers has been in business about 10 years, succeeding Mendelwitz Myers, upon the latter's death in 1884. The busi-

Why Silverware and Novelties Should be Bought of a Legitimate Jeweler.

#### (From N. Y. Herald of May 23, 1895.)

"Owners of Twelve Department Stores may be indicted for selling inferior goods. TOO LITTLE SILVER IN THEIR WARES.

"Government assays made and thirty out of thirty-one of the samples purchased fell short of the requirements of the law.

"NOW IN THE GRAND JURY'S HANDS." Buy your Novelties and Silverware where you may feel sure of getting what you pay for, and that is at



Mvers.

Newton Dexter was to have appeared before the Grand Jury again, Monday afternoon. Assistant District Attorney Battle stated Monday afternoon that Mr. Dexter had not been before that body, but would appear later. He expected that the Grand Jury would finish their work on the charges to-day, Wednesday.

Petition for a Receiver for the Chicago

Watch Co.

Title and Trust Co., as assignee of the

Schauweker-Chalmers Co., has filed a bill

in the Superior Court for a receiver for the

Chicago Watch Co. The bill of the Title

and Trust Co. sets forth that one of the

principal assets of the company, of which it

is assignee, is a claim of \$27,774 against the

Chicago Watch Co., but which, it is charged,

has transferred all its assets to the National

Manufacturing and Jewelry Importing Co.,

The bill asks for a receiver to take charge

of the affairs of the watch company, and it

asks also that the liability of the directors

of the company for contracting an indebted-

ness in excess of the capital stock be de-

termined by the court. The directors were

James Chalmers, William Chalmers, and H.

Evans & Sons, 32 Columbia St., Utica,

N. Y., have thoroughly renovated their es-

tablishment, the improvements receiving

A destructive fire started a few days ago

in the jewelry store of H. W. Carroll, Ben-

netsville, S. C. Mr. Bennet's loss was

\$8,000 on building and stock; insurance

high encomiums from the local press.

which also has failed.

C. Halley.

\$2,500.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 25 .- The Chicago

#### Description of an Expert Jewelry Thief.

ness was originally started as S. & J.

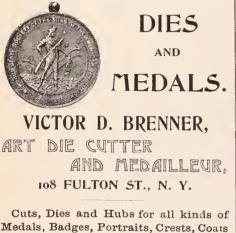
Myers, who failed and were succeeded by

the father of the partners, Mendelwitz

J. C. Herkner, of the J. C. Herkner Jewelry Co., Grand Rapids, Mich., sends THE CIRCULAR the description prepared by Superintendent of Police Carr, Grand Rapids, of John P. Hopkins, under arrest on a charge of grand larceny, as follows: Height, 5 feet 8¼ inches; age, 30 years; weight, 130 to 140 pounds; complexion, dark; color of eyes, hazel; hair, dark; mustache, brown; slim build; slim face; American born; wore, when arrested, dark blue coat and pants, black fancy vestwhite dots, black derby hat, light Spring overcoat. He had in his possession the following diamond rings and jewelry:

Cluster opal, 1 opal, 6 diamonds, trumpet shank; three stone circle diamond, round wire shank; two stone emerald and diamond, plain oval wire shank, No. 8181; three stone circle, two diamonds, one ruby, Tiffany shank,  $> x. x \wedge$ ; solitaire diamond, Tiffany mounting, 31/2 K. W. A. & Co., marking filed so as to be partially gone; two stone diamond, 11/4 K. each, 10 small stones, set in platinum shank, square shank, scratched, No. 2651, stamped No. 23,215; diamond and opal cluster, trumpet shank, No. 9004; small diamond, Roman shank; stone set solid, rope style shank, No. 1210 D; single stone diamond, Belcher style, upper portion faceted, No. 4027; single stone small diamond, Bclcher style shank, rope filed and half chased, No. 659; three stone diamond, solid Roman setting, No. 4517, center stone flowered from girdle to able; I opal, 2 rose diamonds, flat square wire mounting, No. C. E. C. X 22; one ruby, two diamonds, round wire shank, fancy, W T. XX; three imitation pearls, No. 256; Roman twisted knot, minute ruby; four stone circle twist, wire shank, four imitation doublets.

Hopkins' "graft" was to visit jewelry stores on the pretense of purchasing a diamond ring, and while there make a "shift" of a small, cheap ring for one of more value. He is regarded as a very slick thief, a thorough expert in his line.



Medals, Badges, Portraits, Crests, Coats of Arms, Buttons. Silverware and Jewelry.

Embossing Dies for Fancy Stationery and Leather.

> FINE FIGURE WORK A SPECIALTY.



#### Opening of the Up-town Association, of New York.

The Up-town Association, of New York held its opening reception at the club rooms in the Constable building, Fifth Ave. and 18th St., on Tuesday afternoon from 3 o'clock until 6 o'clock. The association, or as it is frequently styled, the Up-town Club, is composed of members of well-known firms in the neighborhood of Madison and Union Squares, and at a liberal expenditure it has had the upper floor of the Constable building refitted for club purposes. The rooms are among the finest luncheon club rooms in the city, and will enable the club members who cannot go home in the middle of the day to lunch as they may desire without being dependent upon the cafés or hotels. The officers are : President, John Sloane; vice-president, Isaac Stern; treasurer, George F. Vail ; secretary, Hobart J. Park; house committee, John W. Aitken, Isaac Stern and William Baumgarter ; committee of admissions, H. Blanchard Dominick, chairman, Charles B. Fosdick, and Henry J. Hardenbergh.

Among the members connected with the jewelry and kindred trades are: H. B. Dominick, of Dominick & Haff; N. Geoffroy, of Geoffroy & Co.; Jos. P. Howard, Howard & Co.; Edward Holbrook, Gorham Mfg. Co.; William B. Kerr, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.; Thomas Kirkpatrick; John R. Keim; William E. Marcus, G. E. Marcus, Hermann Marcus, of Marcus & Co.; Timothy J. Martin, Davis Collamore & Co.; John C. Moore, Tiffany & Co.; G. H. Robinson, Gorham Mfg. Co.; Jas. R. Raymond, A. A. Vantine & Co.; Isadore Straus, and Nathan Straus, L. Straus & Sons; C. W. Schumann, Jr., and Geo. H. Schumann, Chas. W. Schumann's

# W. F. QUARTERS, ELECTRO PLATER,

Begs to notify his friends and customers that he has secured better accommodations in the Mason Block, 129 Eddy St., Providence, **R. I.**, where his plant for Electro Plating in all its branches, fitted with every modern improvement and convenience, is now the most complete of its kind in this country.

MR. QUARTERS' FAMOUS 14KT. WORK WIEL NOT BE BETTER. THAT WOULD BE IMPOSSIBLE. BUT HIS CUS-TOMERS WILL BE GLAD TO LEARN THAT HE CAN DO MORE OF IT.

Silver Waist Sets,	= \$4.5	0 Per Doz. Sets.
Silver Belt Pins,	=	1.50 Per Doz.
Silver Key Rings,		3.00 ""
Silver Umbrella Clasps	• (with rubbers)	1.25 ""

PHILIPP ZELLENKA & SON,

59=61 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

Sons; Chas. L. Tiffany, Tiffany & Co.

The Up-town Association have issued a handsome book containing a reprint of the certificate of incorporation, by-laws and list of officers.

#### Boston.

A. T. Sylvester gives a memorial address to day to the pupils of the High School in Newton.

J. K. Roumain, of Roumain Bros., Baton Rouge, La., is at the Waltham Horological Institute.

Manager Rufus B. Carr, of the E. Howard Watch & Clock Co., was in New York the past week on business.

Treasurer Arthur M. Little, of the E. Howard Watch & Clock Co., has taken up his Summer residence in Marblehead.

The store at 165 Tremont St. has been fitted up and occupied jointly by Adams & Gilbert, opticians, and W. J, Knowlton, dealer in precious stones.

James Wood, Jr., Bennington, Vt., formerly with W. B. Parazina, of this city, has been in Boston the past week renewing acquaintance with old friends in the trade.

Mr. Eaton, of Howell & Eaton, doing business on Washington St., as the Boston Optical Co., has retired from the firm. A. C. Howell will continue at the same location.

At the annual meeting of the New England Association of Opticians, three more applications for membership were received. The organization begin their second year under very favorable auspices.

Buyers in town the past week included : Daniel McLean, Aylesford, N. S.; C. W. Flagg, Woonsocket, R. I.; R. H. Safford, Leominster; H. S. Kimball, Brockton; L. H. Hapgood, Westboro; C. A. Marston, Fall River, Mass.

James D. Harper, who was brought to Boston May 22 from New Jersey, charged with embezzlement of samples of diamonds and watches valued at \$550 from E. M. Poulin & Co., 120 Tremont St., his employers, was sentenced to a term in the Massachusetts reformatory.

The 40-inch glass which telescope maker Alvan G. Clark, Cambridge, is manufacturing for the great Yerkes instrument was subjected to a number of tests recently before a gathering of scientists and their friends, including Prof. T. J. See, of the Chicago institution to which the telescope is going. The result was very satisfactory, and the glass will soon be set in place in the observatory.

David Alexander, alias Clifford, who at one time had a jewelry store at 12 Shawmut Ave., and was convicted about a year ago of committing arson for the purpose of obtaining the insurance, was brought to Boston last week from Newark, N. J., whither he had gone pending a decision on an appeal for a new trial, having skipped his bail. He was committed to Charles St. jail,

#### Letters to the Editor.

#### THE MARKING OF "QUADRUPLE PLATE" ON SPURIOUS PLATED WARE. NEW YORK, May 23, 1895.

Editor of The Jewelers' Circular :

Will you kindly give me some information as to the true meaning of the stamp "Quadruple Plate" on silver plated hollow ware? As I understand it, the standard of single plate is a plate equal in thickness to four ounces of silver when deposited on a gross of tablespoons, and that, therefore, when "Quadruple," is stamped on hollow ware, we understand that the thickness of the plate is equal to the thickness of silver on spoons that are plated r6 ounces. I can conceive and know of no other standard.

Now I observe that of late years, some manufacturers have taken to stamping their hollow ware "Quadruple." Do they actually mean what they stamp, and that their goods conform to a standard, as stated above? Or is merely a trick of the trade to deceive and mislead the purchaser?

I have goods in my stock, made by one of the most reputable and oldest manufacturers in the trade, that are stamped "Triple Plate," and the goods have always worn well, and given perfect satisfaction, but my customers come in to me and say when I charge them \$4 for a triple plated butter cooler, manufactured by this well-known manufacturer, which is warranted to me, and which I warrant, that they can get at the dry goods store on the next block a "Quadruple Plate" stamped butter cooler for only a dollar, and they have a large line of plated goods stamped "Quadruple," which they sell' at about one-third or onehalf the prices charged for goods made by reputable manufacturers.

As I aim to do an honest and conscientious business, I cannot compete with my dry goods competitor, unless I buy stuff that I know is rubbish of the worst sort and stamped with a lie, and yet my dry goods competitor is a member of the Church and a superintendent of a large Sunday School.

Desiring to preserve a good conscience, and to sell my customers a good article at a fair price, I would thank you very much to give me some information as to how the stamp "Quadruple" can be used and sold on goods that have just silver enough on them to cover up the baseness of the metal?

Your kind attention and answer to this will very much oblige

A COUNTRY DEALER.

#### The Failure of William C. Lemkuhl.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 24.—Wm. C. Lemkuhl, retail jeweler, 533 W. Baltimore St., yesterday gave a deed of trust. His creditors are: M. Klugherz, \$836; Roseman & Levy, \$286; Quaker City Watch Case Co., \$235; Freudenheim & Abramson, \$110; Hollinghed Bros. & Co., \$120; Albert Freund, \$75; J. H. Fink & Co., \$108; J. J. Cohn, \$59; Bioren Bros., \$120; A. Goldsmith & Son, \$141; B. J. Cooke's Sons, \$85; Duryea Jewelry Co., \$24; Laubheim Bros., \$90; G. W. Walheizer, .\$85; S. Levy, \$30; Illinois Watch Co., \$40; Philip Thoma, \$96; Waterbury Watch Co., \$21; L. B. & H. H. Smith, \$15; S. & S. Druiff, \$6.90.

#### The Assets of A. Weiler & Co. Gradually Shrinking.

CINCINNATI, O., May 25 .- It seems some explanation on the part of the parties most interested in the A. Weiler & Co. assignment will be necessary, of the difference between the appraised valuation of the assets of the jewelry business on Race St., and the value they were claimed to have at the time of the assignment by the assignee, David F. Kronacher, as well as the still more startling difference between the value of the assets and the liabilities of the concern. Just what these liabilities are can not be ascertained. There may be some little items which did not come in until later which will swell the amount beyond \$20,000, as given by him.

Unless these liabilities suffer a serious shrinkage, and it is not really expected they can fall very much below the \$14,000 given to the favored creditors by way of preference, there will not be enough by 50 per cent. even to pay the "elect" among the sufferers. There is no serious evidences of alarm apparent among those who were favored, but the unsecured creditors are creating a stir, and both Mr. Kronacher and Mr. Weiler are cited to appear in Judge McNeill's Court next Wednesday to explain some matters about the assignments, and to account for the difference or apparent shrinkage of the assets.

#### A Couple Twice Prevented in Their Thieving Operations.

BOSTON, Mass., May 25.—A pair of thieves, a man and a woman, made the rounds of the jewelry jobbing houses this week, and only prompt action on the part of Mr. Floyd prevented robberies at the stores of E. B. Floyd & Co. and Smith, Patterson & Co. After recovering a chain which the man had concealed under his sleeve, Mr. Floyd ordered the pair out of the store. On a moment's reflection, however, he decided to send one of his clerks to watch them, and learned that they proceeded to Smith, Patterson & Co.'s place on the same street.

Mr. Smith was thereupon notified of the character of the visitors in time to prevent the theft of a diamond which was found to be missing. The man had evidently concealed it under or in his sleeve, but when search for the stone was made he dropped it to the floor and it was recovered. As proof sufficient to convict was lacking, the couple were shown the door there also, but the police were notified and a description of the twain was furnished.

A wholesale jewelry store will be opened in Lincoln, Neb., July 1st by the E. Rosenbaum Jewelry Co. Their territory will be Nebraska, Colorado and Iowa.

#### The Illinois Watch Co. to Pay \$25,000 to the Elgin and Waltham Cos.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 27.-About three years ago Royal E. Robbins and Thomas M. Avery, as trustees respectively of the American Waltham and Elgin Natlonal Watch Companies, brought suit for infringement of pendant set patents against the Illinois Watch Co., Springfield, Ill. The Illinois Co. were charged with infringement of pendant set device on 14 and 16 size watches, and at the time of filing the suit an injunction was granted against the Illinois Co. The trustees won in the subsequent litigation, and the question of damages was referred by the Federal Court to Master Henry W. Bishop, who, about a year ago, was ordered by the court to discover the profits made on the infringing watches.

Master Bishop reports that the Illinois Watch Co. manufactured 12,886 of the movements complained of ; that the profits on same were \$25,337.58, averaging nearly \$2 per movement, and recommends the entering of a decree allowing the complainants that sum. The Waltham and Elgin Companies each own half of the patent. Bonds had been filed with the court by the Illinois Watch Co. pending the settlement by the Master. At the commencement of litigation the Columbus and Peoria Watch Companies were defendants in separate suits. The decree of Thursday closes the pendant set cases.

#### Death of Raphael Lewisohn.

Raphael Lewisohn, head of the importing house of Lewishon & Co., 47 John St., New York, died at his residence, 713 Park Ave., New York, on May 21st. His death was directly due to heart failure resulting from Bright's disease complicated with other ailments.

Raphael Lewisohn was a native of Hamburg, Germany, where he was born in March, 1854. After receiving his education, he traveled throughout Europe, and subsequently became engaged in the business of his father who was an importer of African products. Later he became interested in the London branch, Lewisohn Bros. & Co., and in 1883, with his brother Leon Lewisohn, founded the New York house of Lewisohn & Co. The firm deal extensively in diamonds and are now wellknown to the American jewelry trade. Two years ago, the close connection between the London and New York houses was severed, and Mr. Lewisohn became the sole proprietor of the John St. concern.

Mr. Lewisohn was an able business man and was noted for his affable disposition and generosity. He was a member of the Freundschaft Club and vice-president of the congregation of Shaaray Tefila, and a liberal contributor to the Montefiore Home and other charitable institutions. Mrs. Lewisohn and two children survive him.

The funeral services were held at the residence, Thursday morning.

#### THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR



pleases themselves through the indulgence of the eye.

## Canadian Jewelers and their Tariff Law. Canada

THAT the Tariff laws of are not altogether satisfac-

tory to the people of the Dominion, is evidenced by the tension that exists between the local jewelers and the Montreal Customs Department over the interpretation of the item in the tariff which governs the goods they deal in. In one instance a retailer is protesting because, he alleges, he has been ordered to pay duty on solid gold goods at 35 per cent. because the appraiser has passed them as plated. Solid gold jewelry carries only 25 per cent. while the plated article has to pay 10 per cent. The Dominion government has no body similar to that in this country known as the United States Board of General Appraisers. A board of experts, with power to deal with all questions and disputes between collectors of customs and importers as to rates of duty, or classification, and as to the value for duty and also to act as a board of reference in the matters of seizures, it seems, would prove a highly desirable acquisition to the governmental force of our northern neighhor

#### The Gorham Mfg. Co. sell their Old Factory.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May, 27 .- The Gorham Mfg. Co. have sold the estate that was occupied by them for upwards of half a century on N. Main and Steeple Sts. The transaction is an interesting one, as shown by the following records taken from the books at City Hall, in the order recorded :

"Gorham Manufacturing Company deeded to Walter E. Burton estate on North Main and Steeple streets.

"Gorham Manufacturing Company gave bill of sale to Walter E. Burton of buildings on leased land south of above estate. "Walter E. Burton mortgaged the whole of above to Edward Holbrook, of New York, vice-president of Gorham Manufacturing Company, for \$75,000. "Walter E. Burton sold same to Samuel K. Knights, of Rootaw

of Boston. Samuel R. Knights filed a Declaration of Trust,

stating that he holds said estate in trust for George Fogarty, of Cambridge, Mass., John S. Lynch, of Providence, and Edward Frothingham, of Boston."

#### Meeting of B. Eckstein's Creditors.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 27.-An adjourned meeting of the creditors of Bernard Eckstein, New York, was held at the rooms of the Manufacturing Jewelers Board of Trade, this morning, but as there was a very small representation of the local creditors present it was decided to postpoue the meeting until a subsequent date, which will be in a few days, subject to the call of the chairman.

Last week a meeting was held at the same place, at which W. S. Kiley, the assignee of Mr. Eckstein, was present. The committee appointed at the creditors' meeting held some time ago in New York, made a statement that they had examined into the affairs of the concern and would not recommend the acceptance of the proposition of settlement that Mr. Eckstein had made, on a basis of 20 cents on the dollar.

# The Jewelers' Gircular HOROLOGICAL REVIEW. PUBLISHED ZVERY WEDNESDAY BY

#### THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO.,

#### 189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF IEWELERS, WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS. ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALL ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of iuterest or value to our readers. Adver-tising matter will not be printed as news.

Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal.

Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid.

	PER ANNUM.
United States and Canada,	. \$2.00
Foreign Countries in Postal Union,	4 00
Single Copies *	10

New subscribers can commence at any time.

New subscribers can commence at any time. Payments for THE CIRCULAR when sent by mail, should be made in a Post-Office Money Order, Bank Check or Draft, or an Express Money Order or Reg-istered Letter. All postmasters are required to regis-ter letters whenever requested to do so.

Pay money only to authorized collectors having proper credentials.

Returning your paper will not enable us to discon-tinue it, as we cannot find your name on our books unless your address is given.

In changing address always give the old as well as the new one. Your name cannot be found on our books unless this is done.

We will continue to send papers until there is a specific order to stop, in connection with which all arrearages must be paid; but such an order can be given at *any time*, to take effect at or after the expiration of the subscription. All such orders will be promptly acknowledged by mail.

The Courts have decided that all subscribers to Journals are responsible until arrearages are paid in full and an order to discontinue has been received by the publisher.

Member	of	the	American	Trade	Press	Association.
Vol. X	(X)	x.	May	29, 18	95.	No. 17.

Every line of reading matter in The JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written ex-clusively for this journal. Each issue of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR is copyrighted.

#### A To Battle With the Vandals.

CORRESpondent to THE CIRCULAR, signing himself

"A Country Dealer," asks the editor an interesting question, which is peculiarly pertinent in the light of the present agitation against the business principles manifested by the proprietors of the department stores. From the tone of his communication we infer that our country dealer is not very ignorant upon the subject of his letter, for he fully answers his own question. As he says, the standard of "single plate," referring to silver plated ware, is a covering of silver of a thickness equal to

that obtained when four ounces of silver are deposited upon one gross of tablespoons; hence the term "double plate" means that thickness of the silver covering when eight ounces are deposited on one gross of tablespoons; " triple plate " that when 12 ounces are deposited on one gross of tablespoons; and "quadruple plate" that when 16 ounces are deposited on one gross of tablespoons. During a continued truthful use of these terms a high regard has been expressed for those productions upon which the words have been stamped; and it is a natural outcome of the present lax state of industrial probity, that vandals should take advantage of this condition to produce worthless articles branded with the same title as those that won the good name through the endeavors of honest manufacturers.

These vandals are meeting with a fair measure of success, and the old truism that dishonesty is always defeated and virtue rewarded, seems to be reversed. May not this deplorable condition of affairs be ameliorated to some extent by the reputable manufacturers adopting a standard for the plating on hollow ware, and a common stamp for the designating of this quality, and then having passed in the different States a protective law similar in character to the Sterling Silver Stamping Act? This method, if its main features were properly and judiciously advertised, would protect the public from the operations of unscrupulous dealers.

#### The Wearing of Jewelry by Men.

ONE of the deterring forces to the progress of the jewelry

industry is the disposition on the part of certain flabby minded reformers to characterize the wearing of jewelry by men as a vulgar pretension. The jeweler should combat this characterization whenever expressed in his presence, and his most forceful argument would be a liberal display of jewelry on his own person. As the shoemaker usually wears shoes down at the heel, and the tailor a variegated tint coat, so the jeweler seldom gives ocular evidence of his calling by the wearing of jewelry. This fact has often been commented upon. The love of ornament is as deep rooted in the mind of man as in the mind of woman, and whenever usage justifies the practice, he exults in his bedizenment. The extravagant bejeweling of their swords by the members of the staffs of the Governors of the various States, is but a manifestation of man's inherent love of ornament. Subdued as the jeweled men generally have become, they are still, even as regards their own apparel, important buyers. The jewelry manufacturing centers would be half paralyzed, and the dealers considerably poorer, if men gave up wearing watch chains, gold cased watches, studs, sleeve buttons and links, scarf pins and gold rings. Besides, though they pay in part from readiness to please their wives and fiancees, for the jewels that bebeck the women, the expenditure also

#### New York Notes.

E. Aug. Neresheimer has filed a judgment against Henry Carter for \$1,406.92.

Tiffany & Co. have entered judgment for \$711.76 against Jane C. Work.

Thos. LeBoutillier sailed for Europe Saturday on the *Etruria*.

A judgment for \$388.58 has been entered against Leopold Gottlieb in favor of Leopold Brand.

A. M. Bachrach has entered judgments against Nathan Bachrach for \$117.55 and Meyer Saltzstein for \$20.53.

Chas. S. Crossman, of Chas. S. Crossman & Co., is on a trip visiting the trade in the cities along the Hudson River valley.

A. J. Grinberg and A. Kahn were passengers for Europe on *La Gascogne*, which sailed Saturday.

Manasseh Levy and Fred. Haviland arrived from Europe on the *Campania* last week.

Ernest Goldbacher, the son of Ernest Goldbacher, optician, 98 Fulton St., died Thursday last. Young Goldbacher was 23 years old.

Louis Friedlander, of R., L. & M. Friedlander, was among the talesmen examined for jury duty in the trial of Police Inspector McLaughlin. He was excused.

Jos. Noterman, Cincinnati, O., accompanied by Misses Amelia and Josephine Noterman, sailed for Europe on the *Friesland* Wednesday last.

G. H. Shreve, of Shreve & Co., San Francisco, Cal., accompanied by his family, sailed for Europe Wednesday on the *Majestic*. Chas. F. Foster, of the same firm, sailed Saturday on the *Fulda*.

After June 1 there is to be a change in the New York office of the New Columbus Watch Co., the position now held by W. C. Penny being filled after that date by H. C. Huston, of the Chicago office.

Gustav Richter, an old employe in the Newark factory of Day, Clark & Co., died of heart disease in the street Friday, while on his way home. Mr. Richter was 76 years old and lived at 324 1st St., Newark.

Ferdinand Bing & Co., who are creditors of the Jaccard Watch and Jewelry Co., Kansas City, Mo., now in the hands of receivers, were last week granted a judgment against the defunct firm for \$3,082.23 on accounts.

Among the passengers for Europe on the New York, which sailed Wednesday last, were: Mr. and Mrs. Wm. S. Ingraham, Bristol, Conn.; C. W. and C. Schumann, New York, and Clement Weaver, of Bailey, Banks & Biddle Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

The New York Jewelers' Board of Trade have distributed a dividend of 2.625 per cent. declared by the receivers of the Philadelphia Optical & Watch Co. The Board represent creditors whose claims aggregate about \$20,000. Another small dividend is expected soon.

An order by Judge McAdam, in the Su-

perior Court, Wednesday, directed B. Gerson Oppenheimer, receiver of Hagan, White & Co., to pay over to Jas. W. Hagan \$182 50. Hagan was employed by the receiver at \$50 per week to inventory the stock of the defunct firm. His total claim against the estate was \$592.75, of which \$410.45 had been paid.

The New York Jewelers' Board of Trade have renewed their agitation in favor of the Torrey bankruptcy bill, and have mailed to their members and associates in the jewelry trade, pamphlets showing the main beneficial features of the proposed act. As the 54th Congress will, it is said, vote on this act during the first session, all the supporters of the bill are asked to aid in its passage by expressing their opinions to their Congressman or Senator.

Either the stock of Standard cyclometers recently offered below cost by a large department store was a small one, or the sale of these articles at that price must have been stopped. President Roberts, of the New York Standard Watch Co., told a CIR-CULAR reporter that his company had not been called on to redeem a single cyclometer at the 25 per cent. advance offered, over the department store's price. The Standard Company's action in this instance seems to have effectually protected the trade from illegitimate competition.

Walter G. King and Leo Wormser, of the Julius King Optical Co., leave for Europe to-day on the Paris. Their destination is Paris, where they will make arrangements for the introduction into this country of an entirely new and original construction of opera glasses, to be made under patents controled by the Julius King Optical Co. The improvements contained in the new glasses will, it is claimed, afford more comfort to the user than anything of this kind ever brought out. One of the features will be in an attached holder which contains a device whereby the glass may be adjusted from the handles with the same exactness as a microscope.

Alexander R. Stower, of the Presentation Watch Co., 23 Chambers St., and Samuel Meinhold and Samuel Voegel, who conduct the Enterprise Watch Co., 55 Warren St. and 45 Jay St., have had their mails stopped by order of Post Master General Wilson, on the ground that their concerns are conducting a class of business which comes under the head of a lottery. These watch companies, according to the reports made to the Post Office Department, form clubs or groups of subscribers, each one of whom is to make weekly payments until he receives a watch. One watch is allotted by chance each week in each group. All letters addressed to these firms will be returned to the senders.

Leopold Kahn, Isidor Blum, Herman Springer and Bernard Blum, composing the firm of Kahn, Blum & Springer, importers of novelties, fans and fancy goods, 561 and 563 Broadway, made an assignment Monday to Edwin J. Steiner, with preferences for \$23,006 to the following creditors: Steiner & Son, \$10,288; Chas. Blum, \$4,000; Michael Friedsam, \$2,500; Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, \$2,000; L. L. Lehman, \$2,218; Henry Hirsch, \$2.000. The assets and liabilities are stated to be about \$55,000 each. George W. Galinger, the attorney for the assignee, said that the failure was the result of heavy expenses and strong competition. The firm have been in business about two years.

The committees from the New York Jewelers' Association and the New York Jewelers' Board of Trade will meet next Fall to discuss the proposition of amalgamating the two organizations. The committee composed of Alfred H. Smith, of Alfred H. Smith & Co., chairman, Henry Randel, of Randel, Baremore & Billings, Henry E. Ide, of H. C. Hardy & Co., and president A. K. Sloan, ex-officio, represents the New York Jewelers' Association; the other, composed of August Oppenheimer, of Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, chairman, Geo. E. Fahys, of Jos. Fahys & Co., E. V. Clergue, of the E. Howard Watch & Clock Co., and president A. J. G. Hodenpyl, ex-officio, represents the New York fewelers' Board of Trade.

#### Providence.

A. T. Wall & Co. removed the past week to the new Kent & Stanley building.

Thomas F. Mullen will remove from 39 Aborn St. to larger and better quarters at 19 Aborn St. in a few days.

Ira F. Clark & Co. have given up the manufacturing business at 34 Potter St. and resumed the enameling branch at 83 Page St.

A mysterious fire broke out in the art department of J. A. Foster & Co.'s large jewelry store and damaged nearly \$1,000 worth of stock.

The tortoise shell factory of W. K. Potter of this city has been run without a vacation for over 20 years. Spanish back combs and side combs are at present the popular goods made by this house.

Albert V. Blake, a manufacturing jeweler of this city, dropped dead at his work this morning. Mr. Blake was 62 years of age, a native of this city, and was unmarried. He had been identified with the jewelry business for a great many years.

Josiah S. Huskell, one of the veteran manufacturing jewelers of this city, died Monday, after an illness of nearly 10 years, from a disease known as *locomotor ataxia*. The deceased was born in the town of Bunillville, R. I., in 1847.

An enterprising manufacturer of jewelry in this city has entered into a contract with the Herreshoffs, of Bristol, for the purchase of all of the scrap aluminum and bronze that remains from the work upon the *Defender*, which will be made into sleeve buttons, charms and other trinkets.

#### The Attleboros.

E. D. Sturtevant is again about after a severe illness of some days' duration.

George T. Thompson, a well known jeweler, died Wednesday afternoon last at his residence on Grove St., from a complication of troubles, after a long illness.

A party comprising a number of the most prominent manufacturing jewelers of the Attleboros has been enjoying the fishing at Prudence Island the past week. The party consisted of S. E. Fisher, F. E. Sturdy, G. H. French, C. C. Peck, E. Whitney, D. H. Robinson and E. L. Richards.

#### Pittsburgh.

Otto Heeren has returned from his western trip.

N. L. Marsh, a buyer from Bellaire, O., who has been the proprietor of two jewelry stores in that city, recently sold one to his brother, C. C. Marsh.

E. P. Roberts & Sons have completed their "house-cleaning," and their new marble floor, artistic papering and superb display of goods make a perfect *ensemble*.

Herman Heeren and family, who have lately returned from a two years' sojourn in Salt Lake City, are now installed in their new residence on Shetland Ave., East End.

Morris G. Cohen, for the past 10 years jeweler on Fifth Ave., was last week elected to the office of Supreme Archon of the I. O. H. at the biennial session in New Haven, Conn. This is the highest office in the order.

An execution was levied by Keller & Untermeyer Mfg. Co. against Emanuel De Roy for \$3,100 and against De Roy & Bro. for \$4,400 on an action on account. The firm of De Roy Bros., Israel and Joseph, are not involved in this action.

Among the many visiting jewelers last week were: J. B. Bruce, Burgettstown; J. W. Caler, Beaver; Geo. C. Hayes, Morgantown, W. Va.; L. Furtwangler, Greensburg; N. L. Marsh, Bellaire, O.; R. B. Fisher, Greensburg; J. W. Hull, Grafton, W. Va.; R. A. Cunningham, Leechburg; H. J. Potter, Kingwood, W. Va.

Thomas P. Bedillion died suddenly on Friday in McKeesport. He had been a sufferer from jaundice, but heart disease is supposed to have caused his death. He had gone to McKeesport on business, and had retired in good spirits to his room in the Diamond Hotel, that city. When the proprietor of the hotel went to call him, he found Mr. Bedillion lying across the bed, dead. The deceased was 50 years of age, and is survived by his wife and four children. He was a member of Milnor Lodge of Masons, this city.

#### Baltimore.

S. Janowitz, the well-known jeweler, celebrated the 52d anniversary of his marriage last week at his home, 656 W. Franklin St.

A. Jacobi & Co. have dissolved, and a new firm to be known as Jacobi & Jenkins have

formed. They will manufacture silverware at 217 N. Calvert St. The members are A. Jacobi, W. R. Jacobi, W. Armour Jenkins and Talbot W. Jenkins.

#### Syracuse.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin S. Ball left Saturday to open their cottage at Round Island, St. Lawrence River.

E. G. Seymour, of Jos. Seymour's Sons & Co., left last Monday with a party of Syracusans for St. John's, N. B., where they will wage war on the finny tribe.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer Saturday, in the case\_of Marcus Marks, the alleged diamond robber, attorney E. N. Wilson was given until next Saturday to demur to the indictment.

Jewelers from the surrounding section noticed in town the past week were: W. H. S. Wetherby, of Clyde; Louis Bechard, of Oswego; G. N. Luckey, of Baldwinsville, and Robert Albert, of Oneida.

#### Rockford.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Kelley are in Grand Haven, Mich.

All of the leading jewelers have given prizes for the big cycling meet which will be held in this city July 4th.

Shumway & Carpenter are making arrangements to open a branch store in Davis, Ill., which will be in charge of Fred. Hay.

W. J. Bastian has resigned his position as superintendent of the Ottumwa Cutlery Works, Ottumwa, Ia., and accepted a similar position with the National Cutlery Co., of this city.

#### Bad Business and Religion Unbalance George Wyatt's Mind.

LYNN, Mass., May 23.—George Wyatt, a prominent young jeweler of West Lynn, went insane Monday over business troubles and religion. He is locked up in the Central Police Station, and will probably be taken to the asylum at Danvers.

Wyatt is 35 years old and married. He came from New York in February, and bought out the establishment of George Quaid, the largest jeweler in West Lynn, but the business did not pay as well as he expected and recently undue enthusiasm in religious matters, together with worry over the unsatisfactory condition of business, unbalanced his mind.

The jewelry store of E. D. Scott, Southampton, N. Y., was entered by burglars last week. They ransacked the place and stole goods amounting to several hundred dollars. They escaped, leaving no clew.

L. Brown, dealer in hardware, notions, jewelry, etc., Belton, Tex., has assigned to T. K. Elliott for the benefit of his creditors. These he divides into classes A and B. Class A is composed of local creditors, and amounts to \$7,503.90. Class B includes all foreign creditors.

# The Manufacturer and the Retailer.

#### Arguments Against the Principle of selling direct to the Retailer, without the Medium of the Jobber.

BOSTON, Mass., May 26, 1895.

The Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

DEAR SIR—I noticed in your last week's CIRCULAR the page advertisement of the Ivy Ring Co., of Providence, R. I., which, I must admit, is very apt to make the average jeweler invest in a sample lot if he isn't already handling the goods.

Now what I object to very decidedly in the firm's method of doing business is their statement that their goods are sold direct to the retailer, and not to the jobber. Of course the Ivy Ring Co. will say that I save the middleman's profit. That may be true enough, but too often that same middleman's profit is tacked on the manufacturer's price when he sells to the retailer direct. My dealings with a jobbing house here for the past seven years have been invariably satisfactory. I have had the benefit of the jobber's experience when my own judgment has been at fault. I am enabled to see the goods on his counters and form my own opinion of their merits. I can perhaps get better terms from the jobber who knows me and has dealt with me for years. To me, and no doubt to many others, the jobbers are a great accommodation and I am perfectly willing to pay them a fair profit on the goods they sell me. The jobber has always been recognized as the legitimate channel through which the manufacturer who desires to do a safe and conservative business should market his goods. Had they not proved their value, the day would long ago have come when every jobber would have put up his shutters and gone out of business for lack of customers. Why does not the Ivy Ring Co. market its goods through the regular channels? Is it because the jobbers won't have them ?

> Yours truly, A Friend of the Jobber.

#### To Retail Jewelers only.

An extra inducement on Fahy's I4k. Extra Gold Filled Watch Cases.

SEE APRIL "STRAWS."

#### THE PRACTICAL ELECTRO + PLATER. By MARTIN BRUNOR.

A comprehensive treatise on Electro Plating, covering every branch of the trade, with notes on ancient and modern gilding and formulas for new solutions.

300 PAGES, FULLY ILLUSTRATED. Securely bound in cloth and half morocco. PRICE \$10.00.

FOR SALE BY

THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, 189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.



Traveling representatives may consider these columns open for the publication of any news or items of interest regarding themselves or their confreres.

R<sup>OLAND F.</sup> ALLEN, traveler for W. P. Morgan, San Francisco, Cal., has quickly achieved a prominent rank among the leading Pacific Coast travelers in the jewelry trade. He carries on the road the silver of the Meriden Britannia Co., the

cutlery of Landers, Frary & Clark, and the sterling silverware of the F. M. Whiting Co. Mr. Morgan is the Pacific Coast agent of these houses. Mr. Allen is a native son of the Golden West and is now 24 years of age.



cated in the San Francisco schools and entered the employ of the California Jewelry Co. in 1887. Since 1892 he has been on the road, and his genial face and hearty grip make him welcome among the

He was edu-

RONALD F. ALLEN.

trade of the Coast. Mr. Allen is unmarried, but current rumors would indicate that he may not always be so.

Travelers from eastern factories are finding good orders for the Fall among Chicago jobbers.

There's nothing slow about Ed. E. Hardy, salesman for D. C. Percival & Co., Boston. "What! twins?" "Yes, sir, boy and girl ! "

The travelers in Kansas City the past week were: S. W. Abbey, E. Ira Richards & Co.; O. R. Ryan, Towle Mfg. Co.; T. T. Seal, Maltby, Henley & Co.

George Lowe, representing Kennedy & Koester, Detroit, Mich., returned last Saturday from a four months' trip through the upper peninsula. He says that business in that section is good, by reason of the activity in mining operations. His trade was above the average.

Among travelers in Philadelphia the past week were: Geo. W. Reed, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.; J. Granbery, Reeves & Sillcocks; Wm. Wightman, R. F. Simmons & Co.; Harry Dougherty, E. Howard Watch & Clock Co.; S. L. Howland, Eisenmann Bros.; Ed. Eckfeldt, Eckfeldt, Ackley & Woodland; and E. P. Hopkins, Meriden Silver Plate Co.

The committee having in charge the arrangements for the midsummer outing of the New England Jewelry Travelers' Association will shortly announce the date therefor, having accepted the invitation of Commodore Charles F. Morrill to be his guests, as in years past, on the yacht Navarch. A convenient day in the latter part of June will probably be selected.

Traveling salesmen who called on Davenport, Ia., jewelers the past week were : A. E. Shader, Wendell Mfg. Co.; Max Noel, Stein & Ellbogen Co.; R. L. Robinson, Dennison Mfg. Co.; W. H. Bryant, T. G. Hawkes & Co.; E. B. Frank, Pairpoint Mfg. Co.; John E. Ford, Otto Young & Co.; Andrew B. Dean, Howard Sterling Co., and T. H. Pope, for Frank W. Smith.

The following traveling men were in Louisville, Ky., recently: L. E. Smith, M. B. Bryant & Co.; W. H. Bryant, T. G. Hawkes & Co.; C. A. Boynton, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.; Fred. L. Baker, Hayden W. Wheeler & Co.; W. C. Barry, Larter, Elcox & Co.; Mr. Goldsmith, Leopold Weil & Co.; J. B. Ettinger, Keller, Ettinger & Fink ; C. I. Smith, J. A. Flomerfeldt & Co.; Mr. Herzog, Louis Kaufman & Co.; Nat Wolf; L. Combremont.

The following traveling salesmen passed through Detroit last week: C. H. Joseph, for S. K. Merrill; W. H. Price, Warner Silver Mfg. Co.; W. A. Lamb, George H. Fuller & Son; Jos. Becker, Fahys Watch Case Co.; Mr. Brooks, Brooks & Pike; C. W. Cary, J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co.; Charles B. Trewin, A. F. Towle & Son Co.; E. A. Reed, Reed & Barton ; Mr. Smith, the Holmes & Edwards Silver Co.; J. Chatellier, Dominick & Haff; H. L. Sherman, Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.; Mr. Metcalf, Blackinton & Co.; Charley Seabury, Rogers & Brother; Mr. Cook, E. G. Webster & Son; Nat. Wolf; and a representative of the Rockford Silver Plate Co.

Travelers in Pittsburgh, Pa., last week were: Stephen B. Kent, Geo. O. Street & Sons; J. M. Morrow, American Watch Case Co.; J. D. Barber, Landers, Frary & Clark; W. J. Miller, Seth Thomas Clock Co.; M. L. Jacoby, Providence Stock Co.; S. Sichel, Eichberg & Co.; T. H. B. Davis, Middletown Plate Co.; Robt. B. Steele, J. B Bowden & Co.; N. I. Ashton, Kent & Stanley Co.; W. H. Bryant, T. G. Hawkes & Co.; Herbert W. Van Houten, for C. Sydney Smith; F. H. Carpenter, Alfred H. Smith & Co.; F. M. Wheeler, Dominick & Haff; E. P. Hutten, Geoffroy & Co.; Wm. T. Gough, Carter, Sloan & Co.; Oscar Stern, Hammel, Riglander & Co.; C. A. Boynton, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.

Representatives of the trade visiting Boston concerns the past week included : R. H. Harris, Ansonia Clock Co.; Arthur Bogani, L. H. Keller & Co.; Mr. Lippincott, New Jersey Lamp and Bronze Works ; G. B. Osborn, William Smith & Co.; A. L. Stearns, Roy Watch Case Co.; W. J. Carrow, Manderville, Carrow & Crane; Mr. Posner, Wallach & Schiele; F. C. Somes, S. O. Bigney & Co.; Fred H. Miller, Shoemaker, Pickering & Co.; Frank Harmon, M. B. Bryant & Co.; A. A. Wood, Howard Sterling Co.; Eugene H. Cox, Sussfeld, Lorsch & Co.; E. H. Eckfeldt, Eckfeldt, Ackley & Woodland; Mr. Cole, Towle Mfg. Co.; George B. Evans, Trenton Watch Co.; F. William Osgood, United States Watch Co.; Emery T. Harding, Washburn Mfg. Co.; Mr. Noble, Payton & Kelley; Louis Jones, R. F. Simmons & Co.

Among the representatives of out-of-town wholesale houses in Syracuse, N. Y., the past week were : H. C. Barnum, Shafer & Douglas; R. T. Supple, for Win. B. Durgin; W. H. Gregory, Strobell & Crane; Herbert C. Van Ness, Unger Bros.; S. D. McChesney, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.; Fred. W. Cook, J. F. Fradley & Co.; E. Horton, J. B. Bowden & Co.; George Ellsworth Herrmann, Gorham Mfg. Co.; Mr. Waterman, Waterman & Lehmann ; Henry Fein, L. H. Keller & Co.; John W. Sherwood; L. E. Van Horn, Philipp Zellenka & Son ; E. S. Shepherd, R. F. Simmons & Co.; E. Jacobson, Jacobson Bros.; Theo. Yankauer, Rees & Yankauer; J. L. Shepherd, Keystone Watch Case Co.; Mr. Ketcham, Brooklyn Watch Case Co.; F. Spencer, Silver Metal Mfg. Co.; Mr. Metcalf, R. Blackinton & Co.; John Rich, Middletown Plate Co.; Max Traub, Herzog, Goldsmith & Frank; E. H. Simons, Simons, Bro. & Co.; Clifford M. DeMott, for Paul Durand, agent for Cie des Cristalleries de Baccarat, Paris; H. E. Kirstein, H. E. Kirstein's Sons ; Herbert E. Slater, Champenois & Co.; Frank Moyer, Max Freund & Co.

#### Philadelphia.

The following jewelers have signed an agreement to close their establishments on Saturdays at 1 o'clock P. M., and other days at 5 o'clock P. M., from June 1 to Sept. 15, inclusive: L. A. Scherr & Co., David F. Conover & Co., Simons, Bro. & Co., Jacob Muhr, Pfaelzer Bros. & Co., S. Kind & Co., Dilsheimer & Co.; M. Sickles & Sons, A. R. Justice & Co., E. J. Hitz, L. P. White, Wm. Morris & Co., Henry Euler, Morris Vogel & Bro., Jas. Bingham, Jas. W. Barry & Son, Alfred Humbert, Joralemon & Diesinger, Hirst & Morch, Hollingshed Bros. & Co., W. S Stetson, Joseph H. Deschamps, Isaac Bedichimer, Dennison Mfg. Co., Hibbard B. Gill, J. L. Rosengarten & Co.. Quaker City Watch Co., G. F. Kolb's Sons, H. B. Sommer & Co., Peter L. Krider Co., Wm. Faber & Sons, Hamilton & Diesinger, F. W. Sewell, Joseph B. Bechtel, Benard Levy, W. E. McCall, J. A. Schwarz & Co., H. F. Seltzer & Co., and Joseph Bennett & Son.

Buyers in Philadelphia the past week included: Howard Fitzsimmons, West Chester, Pa.; R. G. Porter, Woodbury, N. J.; Joseph Ladomus, Chester, Pa.; B. C. Foster, Bristol, Pa.; W. W. Francis, Ardmore, Pa.; John Dewar, Bryn Mawr, Pa.; T. H. Bewley, Atlantic City, N. J.; Robert Steele, Hammonton, N. J.; Thos. Trapp, Trenton, N. J.; H. N. Bolte, Atlantic City, N. J.; Wm. Meyer, Trenton, N. J.; C. F. Rudolph, Wilmington, Del.; and W. Williams, Wilmington, Del.

#### News Gleanings.

T. A. Parsons has opened a repair shop in Dunlap, Ia.

Frank A. Elmer, Hudson, N. Y., has removed to 337 Warren St.

Thomas Hancock, jeweler, Harrow, Ont., has sold out to A. Munger.

H. Sanders, optician, Montreal, Que., has removed to 259 St. James St.

H. W. Ordway, Lowell, Mass., has been closing out stock at auction.

Joseph Meyers has opened his new jewelry store in Highland, Wis.

T. W. Tobias, Wichita, Kan., is looking for a location for a jewelry store.

L. I. Stephens, jeweler, is a nominee for Councilman-at-large of Jacksonville, Fla.

Jeweler Burley, Belvidere, N. J., is having an auction sale.

Fred. Essig has bought out the jewelry store of his father, George Essig, Plattsburg, Mo.

The C. F. Lewis & Co. stock of jewelry, Fairmont, Minn., was sold at sheriff's sale May 18th.

Col. Dawson, the Chicago jewelers' auctioneer, is conducting a sale for R. H. Trask, Ottawa, Ill.

Joseph H. Holsinger, father of J. B. Holsinger, jeweler, Johnstown, Pa., died recently, aged 64 years.

Dingley & Pugh are a new jewelry firm in Algona, Ia., F. W. Dingley and Pearl Pugh being the members.

Chas. H. Haner, jeweler, Richmond, Ind, is a happy man. His wife has presented him with a fine boy baby.

F. W. Hancock, jeweler, Mason City, Ia., has failed. His stock was taken May 21st by virtue of a chattel mortgage of about \$1,200, held by Chicago parties.

Burglars recently broke into C. C. White's store, Claremont, Minn., and stole several hundred dollars' worth of jewelry. No clue.

The jewelry store of Robert Orniel, Cape Vincent, N. Y., was closed recently by Sheriff Barton on a judgment for \$133 to James Mitchell.

J. H. French, the jewelers' auctioneer, will dispose, through his assistant, Carlos L. Rogers, of the stock of the Pawtucket Loan Co., Pawtucket, R. I.

The Regina Clock & Musical Box Co. are moving their machinery from Jersey City, N. J., to Rahway, N. J., where they will greatly increase their facilities.

The "Cheap John" jewelry store on Northampton St., Easton, Pa., is no more. James Robinson, the proprietor, departed very suddenly last Monday night, leaving a number of unpaid bills including rent behind.

The E. N. Dunning Jewelry Co., of Kansas City, Kan., with a capital stock of \$2,-000, have been incorporated. The directors are as follows: H. J. Hughes, Ed. N. Downing, B. T. Hughs, M. Carlyle and M. Dunning.

The Poole Silver Co., of Taunton, Mass., have incorporated with a capital stock of \$10,000 for the manufacture and sale of plated silverware, novelties, etc. Geo. Poole, Louis Busiere and Edw. F. Roches are the promoters.

Duffany Bros.' jewelry store, Grand Rapids, Mich., was broken into last week and \$100 worth of goods stolen. The booty consisted of five watches, eight rings and a number of stick pins. The firm have been in business only six months.

P. F. Hogan, jeweler, Scranton, Pa., who forced Mr. Ackerman, the wholesale jeweler, of Scranton, out of his store at the point of a revolver, had a hearing before Alderman Fidler and was discharged, the costs being placed on Ackerman.

An order was granted by Judge Green in the special term of the Supreme Court, in Buffalo, N. Y., last week dissolving the Spencer & Smith Optical Co. at the request of the stockholders of that concern. George T. Wardwell was appointed receiver.

At the reception of Mrs. Mary Drew Peavey, of Boston, in honor of her rooth birthday recently, the engagement of her granddaughter, Mrs. Louise Tower Wallace, of Boston, to Everett Mifflin Dickinson, jeweler, North Adams, Mass., was announced.

The Foltz Company, of Akron, O., have incorporated with a capital stock of \$25,000 to manufacture, purchase and deal in jewelry, silverware, optical goods, china and glassware. F. H. Goff, W. F. Carr, Morton W. Cope, Benj. Parmely, Jr., and F. W. Langin are the promoters.

The H. F. Legg Jewelry Co., Minneapolis, Minn., on May 21st filed a schedule of assets and liabilities. The total assets are \$6,680.69, of which \$4,967.67 is stock and \$1,713.02 is in outstanding accounts. The largest item is a note of \$1,000 held against Fred Clarke. The total liabilities are \$3,822.79.

The r.ame of Ostby & Barton is synonymous with rings. For this Fall's trade the firm have strengthened and freshened up the entire line. Misses' and children's rings have received careful attention; there are numerous new band rings in all qualities, and the standard combinations in the ladies' and gentlemen's lines all show up very handsomely. Especially worthy of mention are some of the ladies' and misses' rings. Rose diamonds in combination with opals and doublets are shown in many desirable and artistic designs at very low prices indeed. Opals and pearls and doublets with whole pearl combinations as offered this season are superior to anything before shown in these goods by Ostby & Barton. Nor must the 14 karat combinations in opals and brilliants be neglected. Taken in all, the entire line is the finest the firm have ever shown.

#### Trade Gossip.

The Hampden Watch Co., Canton, O., have issued an interesting circular entitled "The Reason Why a Thin Watch Cannot be a Good Time-Keeper." The arguments set forth will be acquiesced in by many watchmakers.

W. F. Quarters, for several years past located at 139 Eddy St., Providence, R. I., has leased a large and better adapted shop in the Mason block adjoining, No. 129 Eddy St. In the new shop Mr. Quarters will have, when the alterations are finished, perhaps the finest and most completely equipped plant of its kind in the country. As a plater Mr. Quarters has had for many years a most enviable reputation, his particular specialty being a 14kt. plate which for wearing qualities and color is perfect. That the trade believes this to be so is best evidenced by the steady and continuous patronage given him.

The bicycle is at the pinnacle of popularity, and all devices adjunctive to the "wheel" are having a great sale. Among the novelties that are proving particularly good sellers, is the name plate introduced by Hafner & Kohart, manufacturers of sterling silver novelties, 21 John St., New York. The name plate is made of sterling silver and can be retailed at the nominal price of 50 cents. Every jeweler should send for a sample dozen of this novelty, mounted on a handsomely illustrated card, 9 x 11 inches, which is well adapted for display in the show window.

W. & S. Blackinton's line of chains for this Fall is ahead of anything ever before offered by them, and that is saying a good deal, as every dealer must admit. The new Rob Roy has made sales wherever shown and promises to be the leader. The popular Czarina, the dainty Duchess, the chic Gaiety Girl, and the favorite Trilby are all shown stronger than ever. In ribbon seal fobs the line comprises all the popular and salable designs which buyers want. In separate seals for gentlemen's wear the assortment shown leaves little to be desired. All the regular lines have been freshened up and strengthened as only W. & S. Blackinton's designers can do it. See their line and you won't want to see any other, is what these manufacturers say.

Waite, Thresher Co.'s Fall lines are up to date. Included in it are all the latest things in gold and silver links and shirt waist sets (which will be all the go); lorgnettes, in silver, gold and German silver, in fox tail and all other popular styles and designs. Fobs, ribbon vest charms and seals are offered in many new and taking designs; the line of stick pins is, as ever, excellent. In silver novelties there are numerous dainty pieces at extremely low prices, and in gold goods the drops, lace pins, studs, scarf pins and settings are more various in patterns, and perhaps prettier, than the company have ever before shown. The all around excellence of the line perhaps is what makes people say: "Waite Thresher Co.'s goods sell."

Pag

## CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Advertisements are] entitled to one insertion under proper heading. Extra insertions, \$6.00 per annum. Extra Headings, \$12.00 per annum.

	<b>D</b>	
Assayers & Refiners.	Page.	Gold Jewelry.
Baker, Geo. M., Providence, R. I Goldsmith Bros., 63 & 65 Washington St Chicago, Ill	.,	Aikin, Lambert & C Ball, Wm. H. & Co. Carter, Sloan & Co.,
Lelong, L. & Bro., Newark, N J Rathbone, J., 1-9 Mathewson St., Providen	3б се,	Schwartz, W. H., & (
R. I	30	Gold and Rolled P Smith, Wm., & Co.,
Auctioneers.		
Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y French, J. H., P. O. Box 2775, N. Y Rich, H. M. & Co., 21 School St., Bosto	32	Horological Schoo Parson's School for V
Mass		Ivory Miniatures.
Badges, Medals, Etc.		Downing & Keller, 3
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y Brenner, Victor D., 108 Fulton St., N. Y		Jewelry, Silverwa Jackson, S. C., 180 B
Chains.		Jobbers, Watches,
Blackinton, W. & S., Attleboro, Mass	16	Aikin-Lambert Jewel
Clocks, French, English and Amer	ican.	Friedlander, R., L. & N. Y
Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt S N. Y.		Lapp & Flershem, 92 Myers, S. F. & Co., 4
Joliet Electric Co., Joliet, Ill		Musical Boxes.
Diamond & Precious Stone Importe		Jacot & Son, 39 Unio
Disselkoen, John N., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. L., N.	.Y 36	Muslin Buffs.
Hedges, Wm. S. & Co, 170 Broadway, N. Y Kahn, L. & M. & Co., 172 Broadway, N. Y. Kipling, E. E., 182 Broadway, N. Y. Kipling, K. A. Hars, Pida, N. Y.	··· 36	Williamsville Mfg. C dence, R. I
Kipling, R. A., Hays Bldg., N. Y Lorsch, Albert, & Co., 37 Maiden Lane, N. Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lan	Y. 36	Optical Goods. Geneva Optical Co.,
N.Y. Rich & Allen, State and Madison Sts., Chica Smith, Alfred H. & Co., 182 Broadway, N.Y	.go _25	Kirstein's, E., Sons Levy, Dreyfus & Co.
Diamond Cutters.		Optical Schools.
Fera, Henry, Prescott Bldg., N. Y Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, Prescott Bld	g.,	Chicago Ophthalmic Knowles, Dr., 4 Mai
N. Y Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden La		Paneled Metal Ce
Dies, Molds, &c.		Northrop, A. & Co.,
Sheffler, Eugene, 207 Centre St., N. Y	2	Pens, Pencils, etc
Ebony Goods.	••• 2	Aikin, Lambert & Co Mabie, Todd & Bard
Deitsch Bros , 7 E. 17th St., N. Y	2	Printing, Engravi
Electroplater.		Blanchard, Isaac H., N. Y
Quarters, W. F., 129 Eddy St., Providence	ce,	
R. I	14	Ring Makers.
Engraving School. Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Chicago	25	Bonner, Rich & Co., Bowden, J. B. & Co., Bryant, M. B., & Co Ivy Ring Co., Provid
Fine Engraving.		Smith, L. B. & H. H
The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassa		Safes.
St.,N. Y	27	Mosler, Bahmann &
Fine Stationery.		Sample Trunks.
P «rsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St., N.Y.	2	Crouch & Fitzgerald,

0., 19 Maiden Lane... .. 30-35 15 John St., N. Y..... 23 15 Maiden Lane, N. Y ... 11 Co., Newark, N. J..... 32

#### late Jewelry.

5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y... 32

#### ls.

Watchmakers, Peoria, Ill, 26

Maiden Lane, N.Y.... 12

re and Optical Cases. roadway, N. Y..... 4

#### Diamonds, Etc.

ry Co., 19 Maiden Lane .30-35 M., Ltd. 30 Maiden Lane, 98 State St., Chicago.... 25 8 Maiden Lane, N. Y.... 36

Co., 18 S. Water St., Provi-

Chicago, Ills..... 25 Co., Rochester, N. Y.... 27 , 11 Maiden Lane, N.Y.. 9

College..... 25 den Lane, N. Y..... 30

#### ilings.

Pittsburgh, Pa..... 30

., 19 Maiden Lane, N.Y. 30-35 , New York.. ... 2

#### ing, &c.

123-125 West Broadway. 

41 Maiden Lane, N. Y... 36 192 Broadway, N. Y..... 10 , 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 30 lence, R. I..... .. 19 ., 53 Maiden Lane, N. Y.. 34

Co., 518 B'way, N. Y .... 30

161 Broadway, N. Y .... 2

Page	Scales.
------	---------

#### Kohlbusch, Herman, Sr., 59 Nassau St., N. Y. 10

#### Show Cases.

Melishek & Petter, 128 Maiden Lane, N. Y... 32

#### Silver Plated Ware.

King, Hugh E	., 908 Masonic	Temple, Chicago,	
Ill	•••••	•••••	25

Rogers & Bro., 16 Cortlandt St., N. Y. ..... 3 The Wm. Rogers Mtg. Co., Hartford, Conn... 35

#### Sterling Silver Novelties.

Codding Bros. & Heilborn, North Attleboro	
Mass	35
Howard & Cockshaw, 220 Fourth Ave., N. Y	00
Zellenka, Philipp & Son, 59-61 Maiden Lane,	
N. Y	14

#### Sterling Silverware.

Dominick & Haff, Union Square, N. Y Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 808-810 Greenwich St.,	4
N. Y	4
Knowles, J. B. & S. M. Co., Silversmiths'	
Hall, Union Square, N.Y.	7
Reed & Barton, Taunton, Mass	4
Shiebler, Geo.W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N.Y.	6
Towle Mfg. Co., Newburyport, Mass	9
Whiting, F. M., Co., North Attleboro, Mass.	7
Wood & Hughes, 16 John St., N. Y	4

#### Thimbles.

Ketcham & McDougall, 198 Broadway, N. Y.. 35

#### Tool Manufacturers and Dealers.

American Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass.. 30 Oliver, W. W., Buffalo, N. Y..... 9

#### Tortoise Shell Goods.

Rice & Hochster, 415 Broadway, N. Y...... 9

#### Trunks and Traveling Bags.

Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y .... 2

#### Watch Case Manufacturers.

Dueber Hampden Co., Canton, O	35
Fahys, Jos., & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N.Y.	19
Jacobson, F. H. & Co., 96 State St., Chicago.	25

#### Watch Case Materials.

Newark Watch Case Material Co., Newark, N. J...... 32

#### Watch Case Repairers.

N. J. Felix, 17 John St., N. Y..... 36 Henry, Peter, Cincinnati, O..... 26

#### Watch Importers.

Hyde's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y.. 27

#### Watch Keys.

#### Watch Manufacturers.

Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton, O..... 35

Di

 $\mathbf{El}$ 

En

Fi

Fir

# Special Notices.

Rates 75c. per insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines(25 words); additional words 2 cents 2ach. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per e-nt off; four insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertion, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. It answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

#### Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. If answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

SITUATION WANTED by watchmaker, clock and jewelry repairer; single; age 29; 10 years' experience. Ed. S., Dresden, O.

WANTED-Position by first-class watch, clock and jewelry repairer, can do all kind of repairing. N. Goodman, 60 Cannon St, New York.

SITUATION WANTED by young man, as watchmaker and engraver, with steady habits and best of references. Address A. C. Decker, Owego, N. Y.

A YOUNG MAN having five years' experience at watch repairing, desires a steady position by 15th of June. Address J. M. F., 128 N. 12th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

TRAVELING SALESMAN (German-American) thoroughly acquainted with best western retail trade, desires position; excellent references. Address "Hollis," care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

POSITION WANTED by diamond setter and jeweler; first-class workman; can do all kinds of repairing; New York city references. Address L. Weissenberg, 546 E. Fifth St., New York.

TRAVELING SALESMAN (American Israelite), with long established trade in south and west, is open for a position June 1st; unexceptional references. Address "Y," care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A COMPETENT, RELIABLE WATCH-MAKER will be open for engagement on June ist; full set of tools; can do French clock work if required; references. Address Elgin, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A JEWELRY FOREMAN and first-class designer on diamond and general jewelry, capable of taking entire charge of factory, wants a position. Address A. Smith, care E. P. Reichhelm & Co., 80 Nassau St., New York City.

A FIRST-CLASS REPAIRER of repeating chronographs and other fine watches, would like a place as soon as possible. His own bench can be used if needed, with an excellent equipment of tools; wages may be determined agreeably to circumstances; unquestionable references. Address Reliable, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

#### Business Opportunities.

WILL BUY OLD ESTABLISHED JEWELRY STORE, New York or vicinity; must be cheap; state how much bench work. Address Jewel, care JEWELERS CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE—A well established jewelry business in a city of 18,000 population; electric street cars and lights, water works, etc. surrounded by a fine farming country; large wholesale center; store is finely equipped with modern fixtures; located on principal street; bench work averages \$250 to \$300 per month, all the work two men can do; stock can be reduced to suit purchaser; good reasons for selling; for particulars, address W. D. Tusten & Co., Shreveport, La.

FOR SALE-\$2,000 cash will buy in a town of 5,000 to 7,000 inhabitants, a first-class jewelry business, gold and silver watches, clocks, regulators, jewelry, silverware, optical goods, etc.; large fire and burglar proof safe, large mercurial pendulum regulator (new), counters, showcases, two fine watchmakers' benches, fine engraving machine, one Moseley lathe; bench work requiring two men, pays all expenses; store lighted with electric lights; town 45 miles from New York in Connecticut; contains factories of every description, high school, several churches; no competition; only jeweler in town; good reasous for selling. Address H. & G., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

#### To Let.

 $D_{\rm quire\ of\ the\ janitor.}^{\rm ESK\ ROOM\ for\ rent\ in\ the\ Hayes\ building.}$  In-

TO LET.—At 915 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, 5 beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators; suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china and glass importer. Apply on premises.

#### Miscellaneous

WANTED you to know that the genuine "Moseley Lathe" equals the best of the very best. When interested write your jobber for new price list, or to the manufacturers, Moseley & Co., Elgin, Ill.

WE WANT TRIPLE PLATE table cutlery, flat and hollow silverware to supply a scheme house; will pay spot cash for all goods and place first order for \$500 to \$1,000; manufacturers, what have you to offer? Hutchins Bros., Wholesale Jewelers, St. Paul, Minn.



A Jewelry business in a Seaside city with 16,000 inhabitants. Stock and fixtures cost \$5,000. Has a good summer trade. Will be sold to the right party for \$2,500 cash, if applied for at once. Addres, H. A. B. care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

- WM. H. BALL & COMPANY,
  - Manufacturing Jewelers,

15 JOHN STREET,

# **25 REPLIES FROM ONE INSERTION.**

Saratoga Springs, May 6, '95.

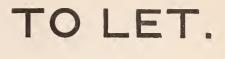
Jewelers' Circular Publishing Co.:

Enclosed find check in payment of one insertion of my special notice. I received about 25 applications and have secured a good man.

Yours,

C. L. HASKINS.

NEW YORK.



Two fine large floors in factory building, St. Marks and Underhill avenues, Brooklyn. Solid floors. Light all around; power in abundance.

Fire proof vaults built in on each floor. Elevator, Stairs, Transmitting Room and Plumbing in separate extension.

Apply to

GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO.,

#### 179 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.





Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

#### VOL. XXX.

#### CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 29, 1895.

No. 17

#### Chicago Notes.

Manager Loeb left Thursday for the Wadsworth Watch Case Co. factory for a week's stay.

Business is improving in outlying districts in the city, and jewelers report repair work plentiful.

R. E. Kettle, manager here for American Waltham Watch Co., left for the east Thursday, to be absent a week or ten days.

M. N. Burchard will take a vacation, going to the seashore early in June and returning in time to start the wheels of trade buzzing.

The Towle Mfg. Co. report that they are doing a great deal more business this month than in the corresponding month of last year.

The Crescent Silver Plate Co., of Chicago, have incorporated with a capital of \$10,000; incorporators, Walter J. Muller, William K. Zeigfield, Barnet Rubenstein.

Will Nisbett, Grand Rapids, Minn., has taken a partner, Mr. Warriner, and the firm is now Nisbett & Warriner, successors to Will Nisbett. The senior partner was in town stocking up last week.

George B. Adam, formerly manager of the jewelry department of Emory, Bird & Thayer, Kansas City, has taken the position of head salesman with Harry Leon, 96 Madison St., who opened Monday.

At the Chicago offices of the Elgin National Watch Co., it was learned that the factories are employing 1,800 men for five days each week, whereas in July, 1894, there were but 1,130 employed for three days a week.

"Play ball!" shouted the umpire, and in the seven innings following, the Benj. Allen & Co. baseball nine slaughtered the F. A. Hardy & Co.'s to the tune of 52 to 18. The game was played on the Lake Front Saturday week.

Mrs. Joseph Kasper, wife the senior partner of Kasper & Barnes, died in Trenton, Canada, Wednesday, after a lingering illness of four years. The remains were forwarded to Chicago Friday and the funeral occurred Saturday from the family residence, 157 Engenie St. This is the second affliction to members of the new firm within ten days, Mr. Barnes having lost his father on the 14th inst.

"Our business is manifestly better than a year ago," says Mr. Burchard, of Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., " and with very encouraging prospects. We are coming out with an almost entirely new line of Fall goods, entirely different in patterns and finishes from anything before placed on the market." The 400 page hollowware catalogue of the firm is in press, and will be sent to he trade early in the season.

Jos. Fahys & Co. are sending a fine new 24x30 inch sign to the retailers handling their cases. In the center is a reproduction of their factory in Sag Harbor. The lower left hand corner gives their Maiden Lane office building; the lower right hand corner the trademarks, "Fahys 14 k Monarch," "Fahys 10 k Montauk," and "Fahys 14 k Extra." At the top is the firm name in gold lettering, and at the bottom the various office addresses.

G. A. Webster, 42-44 Madison St., has started in the manufacture of fancy leather goods. He has engaged I. Klein, of New York, who had been in the employ of D. M. Read eight years, and was his finest work man. Mr. Klein has designed some of the prettiest patterns ever seen in combination books, card cases, pocket books, spectacle cases and fine lizard and snake skin belts. He has also designed a leather fob, satin lined, with solid gold or sterling silver buckles. This is something new.

C. H. Knights said : "Business has been better the past week or two and a better feeling is apparent. Prospects are the best for three years and the outlook is exceptionally good. Reasons for this are in the improvement of values generally and low stocks. Values of all produce have improved—labor, material, in short, all values. The market is rising and trade is always better on a rising market than on a falling one. There will be a very material advance over the past two years—probably one-third better. Reports from our travelers show improved conditions all over the country, and customers are paying up better."

A curious complication is brought to light by the recent arrest of M. S. Fleischmann by Mrs. Wolfsohn, wife of a retail jeweler at 95 Johnson St. It seems Fleishmann recommended Wolfsohn for credit at a number of jobbing houses. The latter made purchases on the recommendation and is said to have left the goods in the hands of a friend. When Mrs. Wolfsohn went for the goods purchased, it is said, she found they had been taken possession of by Fleischmann's attorneys. She had Fleischmann arrested, and the case was to come up in court Saturday week but was postponed to Tuesday, and again postponed to the 25th inst.

#### Cincinnati.

G. M. Braham has been elected treasurer of the Commercial Courtesy Club.

The Wadsworth watch case with the new flat centers is one of the favorites now in the field.

Morris Hahn, of D. Jacobs & Co. left for a three weeks' trip in Kentucky and Ohio last week.

Oskamp, Nolting & Co. have increased their optical department and are making a fine exhibit in this line.

Muchlmatt, Hedges & Co. have dissolved, Mr. Muchlmatt buying out the concern. He assumes all liabilities and will continue the business at the old location. He has added an electo-plating plant and other new facilities.

The exhibit of the Dennison Mfg. Co. at the Humane Bazaar is the most magnificent paper display ever seen in Cincinnati. A suite of rooms is outfitted with paper hangings, ornaments, bed drapings, curtains, etc. while the flowers are bewildering in beauty.

The O. E. Bell Co. were incorporated last week as a stock company, the arrangement to go into effect July 1st. O. E. Bell, W. A. Corre, A. G. Corre and two others are the incorporators. They will increase their stock and cover a larger territory. The rooms they now occupy are being remodeled and refurnished in modern style.

Travelers in Cincinnati last week were: Mr. Gleason, Grover & Gleason; Max Jacoby, Providence Stock Co.; Mr. Sullivan, M. W. Carr & Co.; Mr. Marsh, C. A. Marsh & Co.; Jake Solinger, W. G. Clark & Co.; Lou Goldberg, Poole Silver Co.; Mr. Bonnett, Regnell, Bigney & Co.; Mr. Blank, Hammel, Riglander & Co.; Edwin Crawley, for Adolphe Schwob.

#### Pacific Coast Notes.

George Thomas, Auburn, Cal., has closed his business and gone to San Francisco.

James M. McDonald, jeweler, has located at 213 Central Ave., Great Falls, Mont.

M. H. Osgood, San Jose, Cal., has decided to retire from the jewelry business to take the agency of a bicycle.

H. Morton has opened a new jewelry store at the southwest corner of 1st and San Fernando Sts., San Jose.

The California Jewelry Co., San Francisco, have dissolved and are succeeded by two firms. The silverware department of the former company is now conducted by W. P. Morgan. J. T. Bonestell, Marcus and Levison keep the old quarters. R. F. Allen remains with W. P. Morgan.

#### Los Angeles, Cal.

A diamond palace has been opened by Lucas & Son, in the Hallenbeck block.

A. J. Nichols, jeweler, Lompoc, Cal.,

#### was thrown recently from a carriage, striking on his head. He died almost instantly.

P. P. Burroughs, jewelry auctioneer, has filed an answer in the breach of promise suit of Marie Wilson, who wants \$50,000. He avers that when he met her in Los Angeles she was of bad character and an adventuress. The answer has been verified in Chicago where Burroughs is now in business.

The precious stones said to be worth \$10-000, which were captured by Customs Inspector Johnson, at Santa Barbara, are opals and not diamonds as at first reported. There are between 300 and 400 of the stones, which look like lapidary's cuttings. They were taken from the valise of a man named Reece, a musician.

#### Kansas City.

A suit for replevin against the Hart Jewelry Co. has been filed in the Circuit Court by one Flanders.

Flint Bowen has just returned from an extended western trip, mainly in western

Kansas and Colorado. He reports business very good.

J. N. Teeters, of Teeters & Scott, Lincoln, Neb., had a very narrow escape while in Montrose, Col., fire occurring in the hotel at which he was stopping, and Mr. Teeters not having time to even save his grip or sample cases.

It was reported last week that the safe in the jewelry store of C. H. Harsch, 18 E. 11th St., had been robbed of diamonds and jewels valued at \$4,000, and detectives are looking for Herman Konrad who was custodian of the stock for the Metropolitan National Bank which is in possession of the store. Mr. Konrad had been clerk for Mr. Harsch since the first of the year and when Harsch failed he was appointed custodian. Early last week the cashier of the bank went to the store and opened the safe while Konrad was standing near, and it is supposed the latter then learned the combination. That night Konrad disappeared with all the gems in the safe and no trace of him has as yet been found.



-"E TIMATES GIVEN ON GOLD AND SILVER. HIF NOT SATISFACTORY WE WILL RETURN SHIPMENT INTACT AND PAY ALL CHARGES."----

25

#### St. Joseph.

Mr. Wetteroff has fixed up his store and made several changes in front of the building.

Mr. McCormick, of the Waterbury Clock Co., was here a few days ago, as was Mr. Cross, of the Dueber-Hampden Co.

The L. Burnett Jewelry Co. have moved into their new quarters and have their offices arranged in elegant style. The fixtures are of black ebony with gold trimmings. This company expect to do a jobbing business only, and have sent two men on the road, Morris Burnett covering Kansas and Missouri, and Simon Burnett Iowa and Nebraska.

#### Detroit.

S. A. Cleveland, of Utica, and Mr. Knight, of Nashville, were the only Michigan country jewelers here last week.

Peter Merckenrich, the Gratiot Ave. jeweler, has removed his stock and fixtures into more commodious quarters.

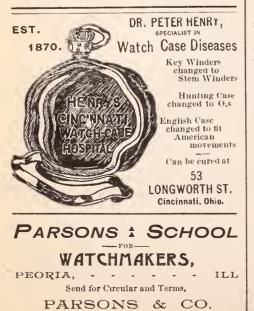
G. C. Patterson, of the E. Howard Watch & Clock Co., last week made arrangements to put in a tower clock in a new church in Olivet, Mich.

Charles F. Bauer last week opened a finely appointed jewelry store in Saginaw, Mich. On the opening day each visitor was presented with a neat silver souvenir.

C. C. Younglove, Newberry, Mich., last week made an assignment, and the assignee advises all creditors to settle. The principal creditors are located in this city.

Traub Brothers have appealed from the decision of Circuit Court Commissioner Greenstine, by which possession of their store at the corner of Woodward and Grand Aves, was taken away from them and restored to the Chapeton estate.

Henry I. Adams, who was convicted last week of robbing Burt & Hurlbut of \$5,000 worth of diamonds, and who was sent up for five years in Jackson prison, would not



tell where he hid the jewels, saying that he would rather be hanged than do so. They are undoubtedly in the hands of a friend in New York.

Joseph Grossman, a jewelry peddler, was last week arrested here on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. Under an assumed name he called on a woman near Ypsilanti, Mich., and represented himself as being the accredited agent of Stone & Carpenter, jewelers, Ypsilanti. He sold her a pair of spectacles for \$6, telling her they were solid gold. She took them to the store to have them fixed, when the scheme was discovered. Grossman was taken to Ypsilanti, where he was fined \$20 and costs.

D. D. Ranny's jewelry store, in Leslie, was recently robbed. Henry Pope was arrested for the offense. A prisoner was placed in the same cell with him. Pope told this party that the jewelry would be spoiled by the time he got out of prison, and gave him a diagram of the place where it was buried in Battle Creek. This diagram was turned over to the officers, who found the jewelry in a lumber yard, wrapped in a soiled rag. There were five gold watches, seven chains and some small goods. These were only a part of the booty. Pope will be imprisoned for three years.

J. P. Hopkins, the alleged diamond thief who is under arrest in Grand Rapids, has evidently worked jewelers in other cities as well. It is said that he swindled jewelers in Cleveland, Denver and Chicago by his substitute trick. Denver parties are en route for Grand Rapids, and hope to identify the \$2,500 worth of diamonds which he had in his possession when arrested. leweler Zierleyn, of Grand Rapids, has sworn out a warrant for his arrest in case the present case of stealing from Eaton & Lyons falls through. It is thought he is the same man who stole a \$125 ring from jeweler G. William Stolz, Saginaw, Mich., a year ago.

#### Louisville.

Geo. Wolf & Co. are improving their store.

The fishing party, comprising Rich. G. Tafel, Louis C. Seng and Ben. F. Rodgers, have returned from their trip to the Cumberland Mountains. Five of the editorial staff of the Cincinnati *Enquirer* joined the party at the camp.

A meeting of the jewelers of the city was called for the purpose of looking after the entertainment of the G. A. R. Encampment which meets here in September. The rooms of the Kentucky Fish and Game Club were offered and accepted as the meeting place. Those present were: Wm. Kendrick, of Wm. Kendrick's Sons; Thos. J. Pottinger, Rodgers & Pottinger Jewelry Co.; Geo. Wolf, Geo. Wolf & Co.; W. G. Buschemeyer, Buschemeyer & Seng; Mr. Irion, Irion & Girardet; J. B. Barnes, C. P. Barnes & Bro.; Bernard Lemon, Jas. K. Lemon & Son, and Leonard Huber. Bernard Lemon was appointed chairman and also acted as secretary. An entertainment fund was suggested and was started among those present. Contributions made were: Wm. Kendrick's Sons, \$50; Geo. Wolf & Co., \$50; L. Huber, \$25; Lemon & Son, \$25; C. P. Barnes & Bro., \$25; Buschemeyer & Seng, \$20; Irion & Girardet, \$10.

#### Indianapolis.

"The Trilby Heart" has captured the town.

Wm. E. Mount Elwood, Ind., has opened a branch store in Orestes, Ind.

Chas. W. Delaney, Hammond, Ind., has been bought out by A. A. Winslow.

Frank Day recently removed his jewelry business from Orland to Angola, I d.

John Gardner, of Gardner Bros., reports the manufacturing business very good.

The Indianapolis Assay & Refining Co. have recently started in business at 14 W. Ohio St.

Chas. Wasson, Thorntown, Ind., and J. Rya, of Ray Bros., Scottsburgh, Ind., were here last week.

R. W. Tirrell, auctioneer, is conducting a "liquidation auction sale" of the entire stock of Wm. T. Marcy.

G. M. Cole, Bedford, Ind., has severed his connection with Anderson & Co., and will open a store in his own name.

G. F. Reber has removed his store from 34 to 62 Virginia Ave., the change being necessitated by the erection of new buildings.

D. J. Reagan, western representative of Baldwin, Miller & Co., Indianapolis, returned from one of his long trips last week. He reports trade good and the outlook fine for a big Fall trade.

Traveling men seen in Indianapolis included: Daniel Earl; I. W. Friedman; Walter S. Strauss, Jacob Strauss & Sons; Mr. Sloan, John A. Riley & Sloan Co.; Abel King, I. Emrich & Co.; S. Levy, S. Levy & Co.; Chas. A. Whiting, Jr., Crescent Watch Case Co.; J. Rothschild, I. M. Bernstein; W. A. Lamb, Geo. H. Fuller & Sons; C. H. Higbee, Jewelers' Security Alliance and Jewelers' League.

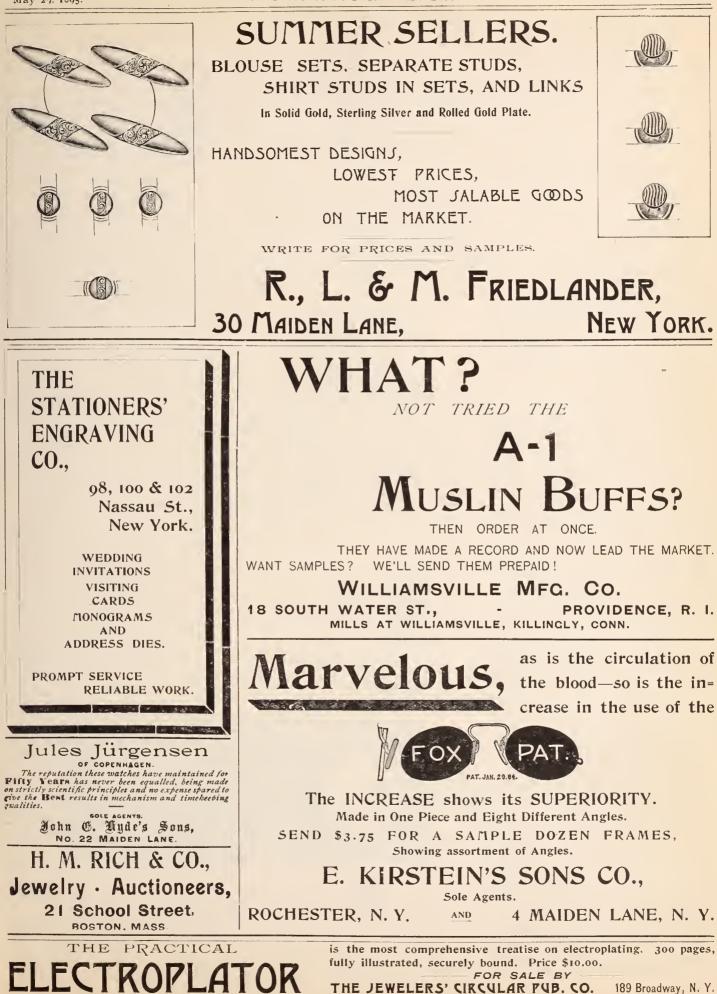
#### Minneapolis and St. Paul.

Sicho & Beard, St. Paul, last week made several improvements in their watch glass and tool departments. The firm are rapidly branching out, and report a fair jobbing trade.

Eastern jobbers and manufacturers represented in the twin cities the past week were: Goldsmith Bros., by I. Speyer; Albert Berger & Co., by Hubert Somborn; Rogers, Smith & Co., by W. S. Dudley; Manhattan Silver Plate Co., by A. E. Hall.

Out-of town jewelers visiting the twin cities the past week were: Fred. H. Eickmeier, North Branch, Minn.; Lucien Diacon, Chaska, Minn.; E. C. Bennett, Pine Island, Minn.; L. B. Gates, Sioux Falls, N. Dak.; A. L. Mealey, Delano, Minn.; W. C. Montgomery, Clearwater, Minn.

27



#### Connecticut.

M. L. Olmstead, of Ridgefield, has opened a jewelry store in Greenwich.

C. W. Leavenworth has been elected vice-president of the Wallingford Tennis Club.

The Barbour Silver Plating Co., Hartford, have increased their capital stock from \$100,000 to \$160,000.

The Probate Court has appointed B. P. Mead and Lewis B. Sutton commissioners on the insolvent estate of Kellogg & Bates, New Canaan.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Ingraham and two children, of Bristol, sailed last week for a trip through Europe. They will be gone several months.

The Bradley & Hubbard Mfg. Co., Meriden, have been awarded the contract for supplying the electric light fixtures for the new municipal building in Middletown.

At a special meeting just held of the board of directors of the Chapman Mfg. Co., Meriden, George Rockwell was elected president of the company, vice E. A. Chapman, deceased.

Roessler & Co, opticians, New Haven, have dissolved. The partners were ex-Selectman Wm. F. Sternberg, his brother Richard P. Sternberg, and Fritz L. Roessler. The last named is to settle the affairs of the firm, the others retiring.

The insolvent estate of S. Goodman, New Haven, was closed in the Probate Court May 21, by the acceptance of trustee S. H. Kirby's report declaring a dividend of 16½ per cent. an the general claims. It was unnecessary to proceed to the declaration of a dividend, as Mr. Goodman has made a satisfactory settlement with his creditors, but it was deemed speedier than withdrawing the estate from the court. Mr. Goodman is now a stockholder of the S. Goodman Co.

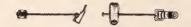
J. R. Brinsmade, of the Silver Plate Cutlery Co., Shelton, has just returned from an extended busiuess trip through the west. He has visited all the principal cities in that section. The cutlery trade has run largely into the department stores, and this, with the demand for premium articles, has brought into the market a cheaper line of goods than he has been accustomed to make. Mr. Brinsmade reports the cutlery trade to be very dull this Summer, but next Fall, he thinks, business will revive.

Both the Mahomedans and Hindus are expert braziers in copper and brass, and do not hesitate to combine the two metals in one vessel to produce an ornamental effect. This was also formerly done by their founders, who cast figures in copper and brass combined, recent investigations showing that a single casting was used for the two metals the copper being put in first and the brass being added by having recourse to different qualities of wax in the mould.

#### The Latest Patents.

#### ISSUE OF MAY 21, 1895.

539,100. STUD OR BUTTON. GEORGE B. ADAMS, Irvington, N. J. Filed Jan. 29, 1894. Serial No. 516,082. (No model.)



In combination with a button or stud having a suitable eye, a link constructed from a continuous piece of metal bent upon itself forming parallel flexible arms, and having a loop at one end integral with said arms, one of said arms being bent at its free end to form a hook, the free end of the other arm lying upon and extending slightly beyond said hook.

539,401. CUFF-HOLDER. GEORGE B. ADAMS, Irvington, N. J., assignor to James A. Flomerfelt, New York, N. Y. Filed Sept. 25, 1894. Serial No. 524,033. (No model.)



In a cuff holder, the combination of a bar, suitable means for attachment to a cuff carried at one end of the bar, grasping jaws carried at the opposite end of the bar and adapted to have a movement around and along said bar, and a spring arranged between said jaws and encircling said bar and operating to keep said jaws normally closed.

- 539,514. ENGRAVING MACHINE. JAMES H. REINHARDT, Newark, N. J. Filed Jan. 15, 1894. Serial No. 496,853. (No model.)
- 539,719. MANUFACTURE OF ARTICLES FROM TORTOISE-SHELL. WILLIAM S. BECHTOLD, Newark, N. J. Filed Dec. 8, 1894. Serial No. 531,185. (No specimens.)



The herein described method for the manufacture of ornamental articles from tortoise shell, and the like, consisting in forming a blank with an opening similar to, but smaller than, the part of contrasting shade or color to be inserted, then placing the parts in proper juxtaposition and subjecting the same to the com bined action of heat and pressure to knit or weld the parts together, and finally ornamenting the inlaid part.

DESIGN 21,319. BADGE. MAXMILLIAN ERNST,



Cleveland, Ohio. Filed Mar. 23, 1895. Serial No. 542,988. Term of patent 31/2 years.



DESIGN 24,320. RING-HOLDER. ADOLPH



Serial No. 542,857. Term of patent 7 years.

#### The Diamond Test Worked.

**T**<sup>WO</sup> giddy young things sat in front of me in a Fourth Ave. car the other day, and one of them said :

"Oh, Jennie, do lemme see it, won't yer?"

" I can't get my glove off."

"Oh, pshaw! Yes you can. I'm awful fond o' diamonds."

It took considerable coaxing, but at last Jennie drew off her left glove, showing a very red hand and a ring with a glass colored stone that might or might not have been a diamond—with the accent on the not.

It was in my opinion a neat rhinestone.

The other girl must have thought as I did, for there was quite a long silence; and then she said :

" Is t-h-a-t a diamond?"

Jennie flared up instantly. "Of course it is," she said. "D'ye think Tommy would gimme an imertation?"

"But it don't sparkle none," persisted her companion. "I thought diamonds always sparkled."

Jennie waved her hand around in the air. "There! Can't you see it now?"

But her companion was unconvinced.

"I know how yer can tell for sure," she continued. "Jest scratch it on the winder. If it's a diamond it'll leave a mark."

So Jennie put the ring against the glass and rubbed it up and down, and was still at it when I left the car.

But there was no scratch perceptible, so I am rather afraid that Tommy is in for it.— Louisville *Post*.

FIRST BURGLAR—Where did yer git all dem clocks an' spoons an' tings?

SECOND DITTO—O! I jest helped a couple up-town to clean out deir house.—Philadelphia *Record*.

#### ANOTHER KIND.

Mother—Didn't you hear a ring at the door?

DAUGHTER—Yes, and I'm in no hurry to answer it. It's only that young Snooply that's been running up here for a long time. I'm getting tired of his ring at the door. He'd better try a ring at my finger.—Philadelphia\_Inquirer.

#### Ocular Refraction,

### AS RELATES TO THE CORRECTION OF VISUAL DEFECTS.\*

BY R. H. KNOWLES, M. D.

NOTE—The purpose of this series of articles is to give to the student without his having had any previous technical education, a clear and practical course of instruction in optics with its application to the fitting of g asses. The Correspondence Column is open to all readers of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR. All questions asked will be fully answered.

#### (Commenced Feb. 27, 1895.) CHAPTER III.

#### EMMETROPIA-(CONTINUED.)

A LTHOUGH 20 per cent. of the human family may approximate the normal standard, and for this reason alone do not require glasses for any purpose, yet there are conditions in which glasses are required, even though the eyes are normal. One of these states is due to a toughened crystalline lens brought about progressively, so that the muscle of accommodation is unable to render the crystalline line convex enough to enable the reader to see the fine print at the convenient distance of 15 inches. We are, therefore, obliged to give a convexspherical-lens, which will make up for the lack of convexity of the crystalline line.

Should the eyes prove to be normal as to vision, we next ascertain the age of the patient and prescribe glasses for reading, according to the rule deduced by Donders, which is to give a convex sphere of one diopter for each five years after the fortieth year.

The following will serve for an example:

The Patient's name. Age. Date. Jas. S. S.  $\rightarrow$  50 yrs.  $\rightarrow$   $+ 2 D^{s}$ . 5. 29th. '95. R. E. V.  $\frac{20}{20}$ L. E. V.  $\frac{20}{20}$ O-D.  $\left\{+ 2 D^{s}$ . For reading.

This rule of Donders is of assistance, as with it, combined with good judgment, we are enabled to gain better results both to the patient and ourselves.

There is still another condition which may require the help of glasses, although as far may be pain in the eyes and blurring while reading. This condition may therefore require prism for the relief of very troublesome symptoms; but as we are to enter fully upon the discussion of this state, we will pass it by at this point, saying that this condition may be found even in an Emmetropic eye.

A phenomenon is found in the perfect eye in the way of a physiological blind spot at the optic disc, called the *blind spot of Maryotte*. At the optic disc the perceptive elements of the retina are wanting; that is, the layer of the rods and cones are deficient at this spot. This fact may be easily demonstrated by the cross and circle test. At the point where the circle is totally eclipsed, the circle is thrown upon the optic disc.

(To be Continued.)

#### Optical Correspondence.

Will you answer the following query ? Name, Mrs. S. Age, 52 years.

R. E. V. <sup>20</sup>/<sub>40</sub> : <sup>20</sup>/<sub>20</sub> v -. 50 D. . c. cx. 180°

L. E. V.  $\frac{20}{40}$  :  $\frac{20}{20}$  v -.50 D.°. cx. 1800

Mrs. S. has been reading, with difficulty, by using a convex twenty focal inch lens. What would you prescribe for reading if the cylinders above give such good results at the distance? J. M.

Answer: If your patient's vision is improved to such a measure that it approximates the normal, all that remains for you now is to complete your work by adding to the distance glasses, the lens which will aid the accommodation, so that for reading, the following formula may be used :

O. D.  $\left| +2.50 \text{ D}^{\circ} \odot -.50 \text{ D}^{\circ} \odot \times 180^{\circ} \right|$ This formula may be further reduced to: O. D.  $\left| +2 \text{ D}^{\circ} \odot +.50 \text{ D}^{\circ} \circ \times 90 \right|$ 

It will be seen that the concave cylinder will neutralize the same amount of a convex sphere in the one meridian, leaving the opposite meridian nor-neutralized, which would have the same effect as that of a convex cylinder with the axis at  $90^\circ$ . The twodiopters spherical lens will remain un-



as vision is concerned it may be perfect. This state is one in which the muscles controling the movements of the eye may suffer speedy fatigue, and as a result there

changed, so that the formula given with the reduction will be the prescription for Mrs. S.'s reading glasses.

I would like a formula for prescribing glasses, using as few words as possible. Could you give me a model upon which to build? Answer: The two following will serve your purpose:

- R. 0. D. + 1 D.<sup>a</sup> ⊂ + 1. D.<sup>c.</sup> cx 90<sup>a</sup>
   O. S. + 1. D.<sup>a.</sup> ⊂ + 1. D.<sup>c.</sup> cx 90<sup>a</sup>
   Fox patent c. angle, 14 k. Skil oo Eye. Mr. J. K.—
   5. 20, '05.

#### Workshop Notes.

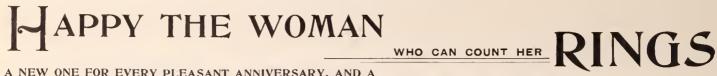
The Balance.—There are three factors upon which the time of the vibration of the balance depends: I. The weight, or, rather, the mass of the balance; 2. The distance of its center of gyration from the center of motion, or. to speak roughly, the diameter of the balance; 3. The strength of the balance spring, or, more strictly, its power to resist change of form.

**Pinning in a Trial Balance Spring.**— When picking out a balance spring for trial, the usual plan of pinning in is to put the collet on a broach held between the thumb and finger of the left hand, while the pin is fitted and the spring pinned in, taking the precaution to push a piece of paper on the broach before the collet or the spring may touch the fingers, as in the case of a damp hand the spring would be likely to be spoilt by rusting.

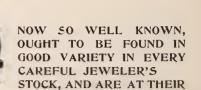
Another Mode of Pinning in Spring.— Another mode of pinning in is to place the collet on the board paper, and put the spring over the collet. With a short piece of boxwood sloped away at the end press the collet on the board; the pin can then be fitted with comfort and without danger of shifting the collet. The pin should be flattened where it presses against the spring, and when fitted and made can be pressed in with a small joint pusher. The spring should start away from the collet hole with an easy curve, and must not hug the collet, or isochronism will be out of the question.

Chamois Leather.-To clean a chamois leather, make a solution of weak soda and warm water, rub plenty of soft soap into the leather, and allow it to remain in soak for two hours; then rub it well until it is quite clear. Afterward rub it well in a weak solution composed of warm water, soda and yellow soap. It must not be rinsed in water only, for then it would be so hard when dry as to be unfit for use. It is the small quantity of soap left in the leather that allows the finer particles of the leather to separate and become soft like silk. After rinsing, wring it well in a rough towel and dry quickly, then pull it out and brush it well. In using a rouge leather to touch up highly polished surfaces, it is frequently observed to scratch the work; this is caused by particles of dust and even hard rouge, that are left in the leather and which may be removed by a clean rough brush.

\*Copyright, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.



A NEW ONE FOR EVERY PLEASANT ANNIVERSARY, AND A FEW EXTRAS FOR OTHER HAPPY DAYS.



COMMAND AT THE HANDS OF OUR SEVERAL TRAVELERS, OR MAY **BE ORDERED DIRECT FROM** 

# M. B. BRYANT&CO.,

10 MAIDEN LANE. .... NEW YORK.

**Complete Establishment** 

MEANS

JEWELRY CO.,

CHICAGO BRANCH 103 STATE ST.

New York.

19 Maiden Lane.



4 MAIDEN LANE (up stairs), NEW YORK. Private Course in Optics. LECTURES \$25.00With Diploma THE KEY TO THE STUDY OF REFRACTION. DESIGNED FOR OPTICAL STUDENTS. NOW READY. 50c. PER COPY. FOR THE CHART SEND TO WM. E. STEVENS. 49 PARKHURST ST., NEWARK, N. J.

# **IMPORTERS OF** UIAMONDS.

Large Assortment Always on Hand.



Watches, Jewelry, Chains, NOVELTIES ETC.

Latest Designs. Lowest Prices.

30



#### The Rambler's Notes.

WHAT THE RAMBLER SAW AND HEARD AMONG THE Cealers in Art Pottery, cut glass, bronzes, etc.

FINE LINES OF

O<sup>WING</sup> to the present popularity of Pelft, dealers will be

greatly interested in the new lines of this ware just introduced by Ferd. Bing & Co., 106 Grand St., New York. One line is of real Holland Delft ware, containing all the fashionable articles as vases, pitchers, trays, bonbonnieres, match boxes, candlesticks, plaques, panels, etc. Another line, one which will appeal to the jeweler particularly, consists of an unprecedentedly large variety of Labouchère's famous real Delft. The merits of this ware are too well known to require further comment. There is also a cheaper line, mainly plaques and tiles in rich oak frames, painted in Holland, in the same style of decoration as Labouchère's ware, and by the same artists.

MERIDEN

FULL line of the cut glass

cut GLASS. made by the Meriden Silver Plate Co. is now to be seen at the New York salesrooms of the Holmes & Edwards Silver Co., 2 Maiden Lane. The Holmes & Edwards Silver Co., having become the New York agents for this product, will hereafter display the newest designs in the Meriden Co.'s cut glass as promptly as they are introduced.

### NEW PORCELENE

THE F. Kroeber Clock Co., 360 Broadway, New York,

will introduce for the Fall trade some entirely new lines in their well known Porcelene clocks. These will be in both the large and small sizes, and will show in addition to the eight tints now running, several shades entirely new to this ware.



THE latest pattern in the cut glass of the Empire Cut

Glass Co., now shown at their warerooms in the Para bu'lding, Church and Warren Sts., New York, is called "Mabel." It is a medium grade cutting with an elaborate design, and shows, among other new features, a leaf outline cut on checker work panels. The pattern comes in bowls, jugs and other pieces suitable for wedding presents.

# FALL LINES IN

T<sup>HE</sup> new lines for 1895 in the art metal goods of the

Bradley & Hubbard Mfg. Co. are now to be seen at their showrooms, 26 Park Place, New York. Prominent among the new finishes in vases and ornamental pieces are the Byzantine, a rich mottled blue and copper effect, a grey Pompeiian and satin gold, all of which are shown on a full line. New shapes and styles abound particularly in brass and onyx tables and jardiniere stands. The candelabra also show new styles with the Byzantine, grey Pompeiian and satin goll as well as a number of other finishes shown exclusively on these articles. In bronze ornaments there are clever imitations of all the latest popular finishes of the French bronzes. The new subjects in this line are too many to enumerate here, though special mention is desirable of the variety of busts of Napoleon in several sizes and in all finishes

#### DECORATED TRENTON

BELLEEK.

THE Royal China Decorating Co., 35 Warren St., New

York, are now turning out an all-American product which will interest jewelers probably more than all other dealers. Heretofore this company have devoted themselves wholly to decorating the finest French china blanks. This work they will continue, but they are now also putting out a line of fancy novelties in Trenton Belleek china decorated at their factory in Jersey City. The delicate floral decorations on the soft ivory tint of the American china produce an effect that in beauty can hardly be surpassed. THE RAMELER.

#### English Pottery Trade With the United States.

T is very satisfactory to note that our pottery and glass trade with the United States has of late shown a marked increase, says the *Pottery Gazette*, London. For the first quarter of this year, and ending with March 31st, the total exports of crockery reached a value of 223,355/. A comparison with other years for the corresponding quarter is most instructive.

#### Quarter ending march 31. 1886 Tariff.

1886£	156,100
1887	159,617
1888	192,881
1889	192,654
1890	209,259
M'KINLEY TARIFF.	
1891	200,268
1892,	194,615
1893	214,667
1894	102,272
WILSON TARIFF.	

year will show an even greater increase.

#### Hindu Brass=Workers.

ANY of the sumptuary arts of India are of no great antiquity, but the working of bronze and brass is one of its most ancient handicrafts. Although 30 centuries have gone by since they had these handicrafts introduced among them, they still practice them with the same simple methods and primitive processes. The preservation of the arts among the Hindus is, no doubt, due to their religion, which dominates every action of their material and spiritual life.

The practice of his craft is to the Hindu workman the performance of his religious duties, every detail therein is fixed and specified in his holy writings. Even when any particular method has become obsolete it can be revived by reference to the holy books, provided that the right people, laymen and churchmen, meet to decipher the hidden mysteries of the craft. As an instance, a traveler said he had recently been told by an Indian official of a village founder who, though he had only had experience of the smallest castings, turned out to order a large bell perfect in form and quality of tone, the largest casting probably made in that part of the country. But whilst the caste artisan in India keeps strictly to his ancient methods, there are others who have learnt their several trades, and practise them to the detriment of the caste craftsmen.

32



#### The Wearing of Jeweled But= tons in Paris.

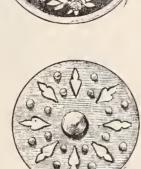
**P**ARIS, France, May 10 —Studs do not admit of great variety of shape, but they may be decorated in many ways. Some exhibit a gathering of tiny pearls surrounded by a gold ring; others imitate Parisian *confetti*, being flat and round, in white, yellow, green, blue, pink, grey, or











JEWELED BUTTONS OF THE END OF THE XVIII CENTURY.

tricolored enamel, with a diamond in the center. Many consist of a well cut colored stone surrounded with brilliants, while others resemble a piece of marquetry work or mosaic. Still others are decorated with gold inlayings on a deeply oxidized ground. A few look like strawberries, almonds, raspberries and other small fruit.

Jeweled buttons are being worn this year on gowns and jackets. By reason of this a jeweler conceived the idea of making an important collection of buttons in all styles. Some consist of one sapphire, or ruby, or emerald, with shallow facets, surrounded with brilliants or pearls; others are flat, cabochons circled with a course of chased gold; while a great many are in pale gold, showing scenes or portraits in low or in half relief. A variety is in pierced work exhibiting rosaceæ, interlacings, or a chimera coming out on a conventional foliage. There are numerous patterns in varicolored enamel or in translucent enamel in love scenes copied from the pictures of Watteau, Bauche, and Lancreb, also cameos framed with pearls. Some buttons are adorned with light *motifs* in niello-work or finely damascened.

The illustration reproduces buttons worn at the end of the eighteenth century. One shows the portiait of a beauty of the first French Republic; a fanciful button, designed by Huet, shows two quadrumanes in relief trying to blow the same

horn; a third exhibits a pretty river scene; the fourth is adorned with a trophy introducing musical instruments and flowers; the fifth shows a drum resting on a pike on a black ground bordered with a succession of flames or tears, two laurel branches running around it on one side, while on the other is the legend *f*<sup>'</sup> appelle à la gloire (I lead to victory); the last button resembles a shield.

Among buttons copied from those worn at the end of the last century, some are adorned with all kinds of rebuses, mottoes and revolutionist emblems painted in enamel on a dark ground. Among novelties in this line a pretty pattern shows three birds in chased gold on a transparent blue enamel ground, the birds being placed symmetrically with displayed wings, their beaks being turned toward a white pearl in the center.

The White Cliffs Opal Fields, New South Wales.

THE opal being now a very fashionable gem, all information obtainable regarding opal deposits is desirable, and thus the following abstract of a paper read before the Ballarat Session of the Australasian Institute of Mining Engineers, by F. G. de V. Gipps, will be read with interest:

"The White Cliffs opal field is situated in the Parish of Kirk, County of Yungunlgra, New South Wales, about 60 miles from Wilcannia, and the River Darling. It is near the southern edge of the cretaceous basin of the interior of Queensland, New South Wales, and South Australia. The opal bearing country, as far as at present known, follows a more or less well defined line running north and south towards the northern end of the field, and northeast and southwest towards the southern extremity.

"The course of the opal field, over its length of about 15 miles, and width of from half a mile to nearly two miles, is more or

less marked on the surface by large angular boulders of sandstone and quartzite. Below the surface, except where considerable erosion has taken place, are other boulders of sandstone and quartzite, but these appear to have been introduced during the latter part of the cretaceous period, and, in contradistinction to the angular surface boulders, which are un-fossiliferous, those found actually in the opal bearing beds are harder, rounder, and more waterworn, some being highly polished, and many of them contain characteristic Devonian fossils. These lower boulders also contain proof of the deposition of opal during a very extended period, as I have obtained among them some which show that they have had opal introduced into them while in a state of considerable porosity. They have then been waterworn very smooth, and subsequently, by pressure or some other cause, broken and re-cemented together by opal, the portions of the boulder having in some cases shifted a quarter of an inch or so, and appearing to indicate the action I have described. While on the subject of the duration of the period of opal deposition I may mention that fully 95 per cent. of the opal obtained on the field is of no value, some of it being common or semi-opal, and much, although of the noble variety, containing little or no color, being very cloudy or two watery. carrying the color only in minute bars or streaks, or being stained a reddish-yellow by iron (the latter being known locally as 'sandywhisker '). In some instances I have found veins or seams of the colorless opal with the edges of the cracked and separated pieces

"An unbroken vein of opal, however small, is never found ; it having, after deposition, been broken into larger or smaller fragments which, however, still retain their relative positions in the vein. This fracturing is evidently due to contraction on hardening, the contraction having doubtless produced the internal strains of conchoidal relation to which the coloring of the opal is most probably due. With regard to the color, however, I may mention that opal obtained in dark, damp, ferruginous clays, or in the thin bands of laminated ironstone, which are of common occurrence, is generally darker and richer in color than that from the white or light colored kaolins and silicious beds. It is usually very clear in color when in a band of gypsum (commonly known as copi); and especially so when the gypsum is crystallized, and where I have found it in contact with the gypsum crystals it has always the appearance of having been eaten into by the gypsum. Lead, in the form of a mixed carbonate and sulphate with some gypsum, exists in many places on the field, occurring in small bun-shaped lumps of from 1/4 to 1 pound in weight all through the clays and kaolins, but I have been unable to trace any relation between this and the opal, and can offer no explanation of its occurrence in this form. These lumps of lead have always a small depression on the lower side, and a small cavity

coated with a thin film of finely colored opal.

in the centre containing minute crystals of lead. The form is always the same, that of a bun with the flat or rather slightly concave side downward. There is another peculiar form common on the field, known as a 'nigger-head.' These nigger-heads are usually oval or spherical masses of more or less opal-impregnated, fine grained silica; they are of all sizes from I pound to I cwt., and almost always contain a center of opalized wood, often also containing opal or good color in cracks caused by contraction. A similar material to that forming the nigger-head is also found in masses containing wood and shells, and as ' bandstones.'

"The 'bandstones' appear to bear a marked relation to the opal deposits. They are flat bands, usually of harder nature than the adjoining strata, and often contain opalized shells, and sometfmes belemnites, and have usually cracks, which have been filled with opal. The seams of opal are usually formed either just above or below the bandstone, generally the latter. This bandstone has been the position, for some considerable period, of the bottom of the water, to judge by the shells, etc., it often contains. There may be more than one bandstone, one being sometimes 2 or 3 feet or more below the



other. The 'nigger-heads,' likewise looked upon as a good indication of opal, also naturally occur at what has been the sea bottom for some considerable period. Where the opal in these indicators is of good color it is likely to be so also in the veins which occur near them. A solution of some alkali such as lime, etc., percolating through the fine silica of the beds, probably in part already in a soluble condition, would naturally dissolve out a portion of it and redeposit it in cracks and cavities as opal. There can be no doubt that the opal has been of a gelatinous nature during deposition, as I have frequently observed various matters, such as small particles of ironstone, clay, etc., held in suspense in clear opal, as in the case of ants and flies in amber, nothing supporting them. This is especially noticeable in some of the opalized wood, fragments of wood, etc., being scattered about in the large veins of clear opal which some of it contains. I may mention that I have seen much silicified wood containing veins of chalcedony, but in none have I seen suspended matter as with the opal. The fact also of all the veins, whether horizonal or vertical, having been broken up, apparently by contraction on hardening, would point to a gelatinous condition.

"There is another point in favor of this, which is that when the color of the individual stones varies, or is not true, in the vertical seams it is banded across the stone, in the horizontal veins if it is along the stone; the bands of color, whether in the vertical or flat veins, being as near as possible horizontal, thus differing from the usual arrangement of veins of silicious or other matter which are generally banded from the sides toward the centre, especially when vertical. This, in conjunction with the suspended matter in the opal, proves that the veins and cavities have not been subject to gradual deposition from silicious matter in a circulation of water, but have been filled by a gelatinous solution of silica, more or less pure, which has had time to settle into zones or horizontal bands, according to its density or specific gravity. I have seen many vertical veins with half an inch to an inch of good opal at the top, but with that immediately below discolored by foreign matter, and often quite opaque and stony looking. In no instance have I seen this order reversed, that is, the base stuff on top and good opal below, although it is often not true, that is to say, it is in horizontal bands of varying color. Owing to this, as a general rule the vertical veins, even when consisting of good colored opal, are not of such good quality as the horizontal.

"In addition to veins the opal is commonly found in pseudomorphic forms, after shells, belemnites, etc. Some of these, when of good color, are very beautiful, though as a rule the shells are much fractured, and being very thin, the opal, though often of most vivid color, is not salable. The belemnites, being thicker, are valuable when of good opal. They are locally known as pipe opal, though of quite distinct nature from the pipe opal of Queensland, the latter having filled long, narrow cavities in a dense sandstone.

"There is a wide variety of opal found on the field, and the prices paid locally run from zero to about  $\pounds_{25}$  per ounce, the ounce being the unit for purchasing in the rough. It is rarely that the price paid exceeds  $\pounds 20$ per ounce. In valuing opal a good many points have to be taken into account. Color is the first, red fire, or red in combination with yellow, blue and green being the best. Blue by itself is quite valueless, and green opal is not of great value unless the color is very vivid and the 'pattern' good. That the color should be true is a vital point. However good it may be, if it runs in streaks or patches alternating with colorless or inferior quality, that is 'untrue,' it is of comparatively small value.

"Pattern is an important factor in the value, the various kinds being distinguished respectively as 'pinfire,' when the grain is very small; 'harlequin,' when the color is all in small squares, the more regular the better; and 'flashfire,' or flash opal, when the color shows as a single flash or in very large pattern. Of course there are many intermediate classes. The 'harlequin' is the most uncommon and also the most beautiful. When the squares of color are regular, and show as distinct minute checkers of red, blue, vellow and green, this class of opal is truly magnificent. The flash opal is often very beautiful in color, especially when of the true ruby or 'pigeon's-blood' color. As a rule, however, it shows green or red flash, according to the angle at which it is held.

" It is difficult to obtain separate stones of absolute similarity in color and pattern, therefore for suits of jewelry a large, true stone, from which the whole could be cut, is worth a great deal more per ounce than so many smaller stones approximately similar. Again, the ground or body of the opal must be taken into account. This is not a constant quantity, as the various patterns require slightly different ground. It should neither be too transparent nor too opaque; almost clear, with a slight milky tinge, translucent being abont the best ground in general. Some of the opal is more brittle than other. Of course the harder and tougher the stone the better it it, as when cut it is less likely to be injured and retains the polish better."

THE NEW WOMAN A ROUGH GEM.

Mr. Labouchere's *Truth* recently offered a prize for the best four-line verse descriptive of the "New Woman." This is one of the winners :

What is the "New Woman" made of ? Pioneer stuff, And gems in the rough,

That's what the " New Woman's' made of.

C. P. Moore has opened a jewelry busi ness in Jackson Center, O.

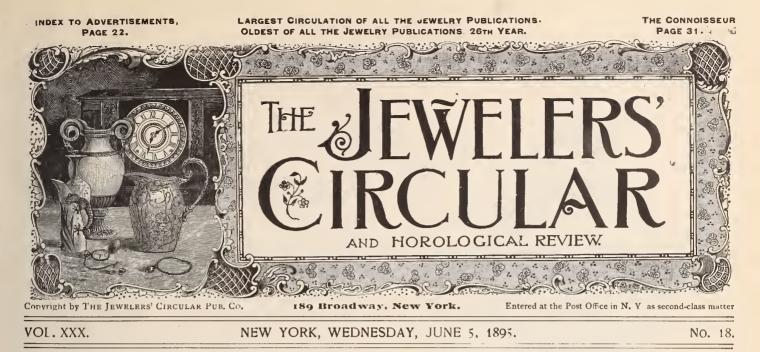
# SPECIAL NOTICE. TWO MORE GRADES OF THE "400."

It is our intention to put on the market about July 1st, 1895, two more grades of the "400," which will be listed at \$12.00 and \$9.00 and will be sold without Cases by this Company.

# HAMPDEN WATCH CO., CANTON, OHIO.

SHIRT ONE TRIAL SETS OF OUR WORK ON REFINING OF ALL KINDS WILL CONVINCE YOU THAT OUR RETURNS ARE THE BES FOR SUMMER TRADE OURS ARE THE BEST. WE HAVE 50 STYLES TO SELECT FROM. PRICES THE LOWEST. DESIGNS THE LATEST, FINISH THE BEST. BELTS AND BUCKLES ALL STYLES AND PRICES. SEND TO UN FOR SAMPLES. REFIN CODDING BROS. & HEILBORN. NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS. New York Office: C. A. Vanderbilt, 178 Broadway. Chicago Office : F. A. Buck, 805 Masonic Temple. No. 2292-2837, \$6.50 Per Doz. Philadelphia Office: J. C. Buck, 15 North 6th Street. CONVINCE YOURSE\_F. GEO. M. BAKER. Gold and Silver Refiner and Sweep Smelter PROVIDENCE, R. I. FLATWARE AND HOLLOW WARE KETCHAM & MCDOUCALL, STAMPED MANUFACTURERS GOLD & SILVER THIMBLES, GOLD COLLAR BUTTONS. AUTOMATIC EYE-GLASS HOLDERS 198 BROADWAY N. Y. SIS THE CENUINE. Manufactured by WM. ROGERS M'F'G CO., HARTFORD CONN. DON'T FORGET THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB LISHING CO.'S BOOK LIST when in want of any tech-LLLUSTRATED CATALOGUE SENT ON APPLICATION nical book in the Jewelry or Kindred Trades. LAMBERT & CO., AIKIN. CHICAGO BRANCH : 103 State Street. No. 19 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK. Manufacturers and Exporters MERCANTILE **Toothpicks and Novelties** Sold Pens, Holders, Pencils, MERCANTILE FOUNTAIN PEN.





#### FRENCH ART IN MOURNING WREATHS.

last was described and illustrated Russia in graceful

remembrance of the late Czar. More interesting than any of these perhaps, from an artistic view-point, is the metal wreath sent by Mr. Lagarde, Governor of Obock, and placed upon the tomb of Carnot, in the Panthéon, May 5. This wreath was presented by King Menelick. The designing of the wreath was open to competition, and that of Ve. Jules Besançon, 81 Bou-Richardlevard Lenori, Paris, was accepted.

The metal composition of this wreath is absolutely new, and is very original in decorative effect and artistic in feeling. This metal is the conception of A.Hopp, of the firm of Ve. Jules Besancon. The designer of the wreath had a great difficult to overcome, as the conditions of the recompetition

N the issue of THE CIRCULAR of Dec. 12 | wreath is entirely of metal. The oak leaves | are in deep green, set upon a base of black several silver wreaths sent by France to velvet. The shield is of copper, the in- silver, tied by ords of gold with tas-

> DIGNE S'ETERNELS REGRETS SON AMI G NI ROIS **F.THIOPIE**

METAL WREATH FROM KING MENELICK, PLACED ON M. CARNOT'S TOMB.

quired a wreath exactly two meters in scription being in black letters. Around and one had not settled his mind upon the diameter, possessing an artistic touch. The the shield is a wreath of light green laurel subject.

leaves. Over the front of the wreath are four palm branches, two in gold and two in

sels reposing on the large bows of crape. The diameter of the entire work is two meters, or six feet seven inches.

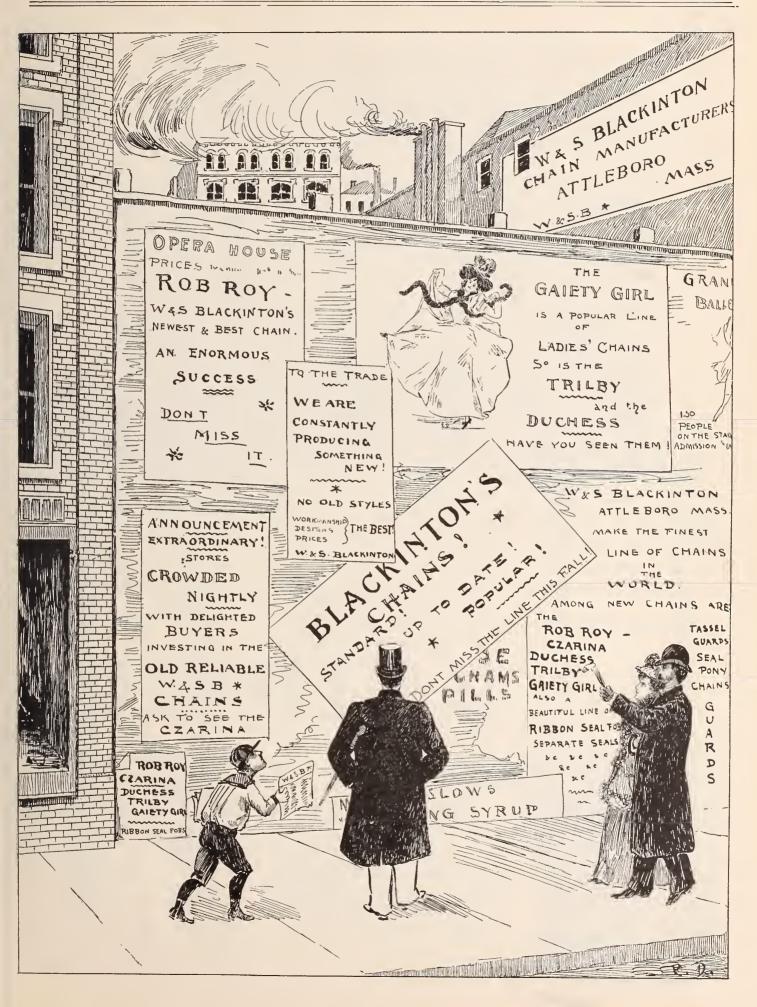
The firm of Jules Besançon is very well and favorably known for its mortuary wreaths, the production of which in France, where the respect for the dead is almost universal, constitutes an important industry.

#### The Commun= ion Cup.

CCORDING to one of the Methodist papers, which has interviewed twelve out of the fourteen Methodist Episcopal Bishops who are now in the country, eight are in favor of the common cup of the Communion, one declined to give his opinion, two thought it a matter of no importance,

2



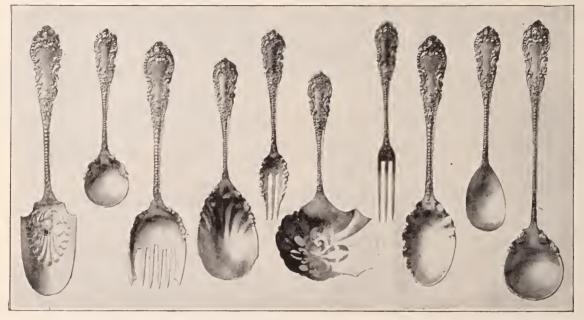


3

#### June, 5 1895.

# THE APOLLO,

IN SOME OF ITS NEWER FORMS. The best selling Sterling Silver Pattern on the market to=day.



Cheese. Chocolate. Sardine. Tea Cac'dy. Bonbon. Bonbon. Berry. Ice Cream. Egg. Chocolate Server. BEING now in excellent working order at our new and larger shops at 91 Sabin Street, with greatly augmented mechanical and display facilities, we have discontinued our New York office, increased our traveling force and concentrated at Providence, where all communications should be addressed.

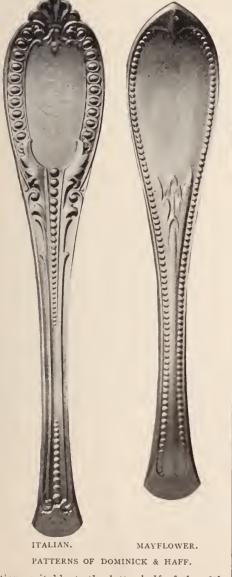
Handsome catalogues, illustrated with photogravure reproductions, on application.





#### BEING AN HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DAY.\*

THE firm of Dominick & Haff, New York, according to the chronology customarily embodied in historical sketches of commercial houses, traces their founda-



#### tion veritably to the latter half of the 18th century. The concern under the existing

#### PART IX.

name was established in 1870, succeeding William Gale & Son, who manufactured silverware in all its branches, and who were at that time considered the oldest established firm of silversmiths in this country. William Gale had been an apprentice of Peter and John Targee who had succeeded to the business of John Vernon, silversmith, of Jacob St., New York, during the latter half of the 18th century. Many facts go to prove that William Gale, who commenced business in 1821, bought out the plant of the Targee brothers.

To William Gale will always be accorded the honor of being the inventor of the process for producing spoons and forks by means of rolls with the patterns for both sides sunk into them. Originally, as we have already said in this series of articles, spoons were made almost entirely by hand, being forged out of bars of silver specially shaped for the purpose. Whatever little ornamentation the articles at that period displayed was produced by engraving or by striking the handles on flat dies with a hammer held in the hand; in fact, the first ornamental patterns were made from flat dies, after the shapes had been cut out by hand. Following the hand process was that invented and patented by William Gale. Thus spoons with ornament on both sides could be easily and cheaply produced. William Gale controled this patent for 14 years, and by reason of the fact that his process was the cheapest known at that time, he became during the term of this patent, the largest manufacturer of spoons in America. The invention was universally adopted by the silversmiths throughout the United States.

However, what was then and for a number of years considered a vast improvement became unsatisfactory as the demand for goods greatly increased, and thus the present system of presses, drops, cutters and other appliances has within the last decade been generally adopted. By the employment of flat dies it became possible to make cutters for the trimming of the handles, thus avoiding the expensive process of clipping and filing. To-day spoons are universally made from either flat dies or from the still more improved dies called shaped dies, which give the shape to the spoon at the same time that it renders the pattern. As to stamping, two processes prevail, one being the drop hammer and



COTTAGE. KING'S. PATTERNS OF DOMINICK & HAFF.

the other the hydraulic press. Both processes, as we have before said, have their claims to superiority.

Dominick & Haff, about the year 1879

bought out that part of the plant of the Adams & Shaw Co., tools, fixtures and patterns that related to the manufacture of silverware, and which the latter had previously purchased from John R. Wendt & Co.

RIBBON.

erected by Ball, Black & Co., then the largest jewelry store in America. This firm had exclusive control in New York city over the Wendt silverware. John R. Wendt & Co. subse-

. John R. Wendt Moresque.

OSIRIS.

Haff.

FLORENTINE.

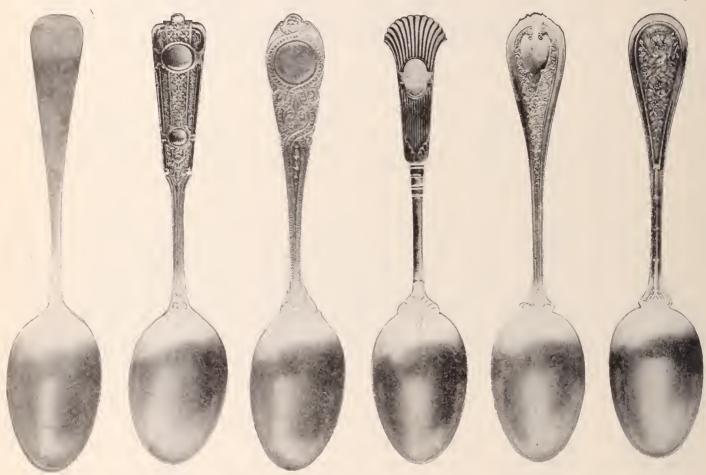
It will thus be seen that the flatware pat-

terns of Dominick & Haff comprehend those

of three concerns, William Gale & Son,

John R. Wendt & Co., and Dominick &

BIRD. 🖕



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF DOMINICK & HAFF.

This purchase gave Dominick & Haff much increased facilities. John R. Wendt was, during and immediately following the civil war, the most prominent maker of silver flatware in the country, throughout which his goods were well known. The shop was located at Broadway and Prince St., New York, occupying two floors of the building

quently sold out their business in two parts, one going to the Whiting Mfg. Co., and the other to the Adams & Shaw Co. Those patterns which went to the former have already been described, while those that went to the Adams & Shaw Co. and later to Dominick & Haff, it is our purpose here to refer to. The patterns of William Gale & Son were the Fiddle Tipped, Antique, Plain Tipped, Plain Thread, Mayflower and Italian. Of these six the four first differed in no respect from those common to other manufacturers, and already described in this series of articles.

The pattern of the Mayflower was de-

# F. M. WHITING COMPANY, SILVERSMITHS.

Factory and Main Office,

NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS.



New York Office,

1128 BROADWAY.

-ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS\_TO FACTORY.---

Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.

ANTIQUE.

rived from that of an old spoon supposed to have been a relic of the *Mayflower* of Plymouth Rock fame. It was one of the very first figured patterns of American production. It was modeled upon the Oval Thread, the beaded effect taking the place of the thread. The Mayflower won a wide and continued success.

The Italian was a rich pattern modeled upon the Oval Thread as to outline. It too was a successful pattern, its ornamental features being most elaborate for the period of his production.

The patterns produced by John R. Wendt & Co. and which came into the possession of Dominick & Haff, were the King's, Oval Thread, Antique, Tuscan, Apollo, Wendt, Cottage, Tulip, Arabesque, Florentine, Ram's Head, Grecian, Monroe, Osiris, Union, Moresque, Ribbon and Bird. Of these 18 patterns, eight are here illustrated, being the more noted ones, and sufficient to exemplify the work produced by this old-time firm of silversmiths. The eight a e: King's, Antique, Florentine, Moresque, Cottage, Ribbon, Osiris and Bird.

The King's and Antique require no description additional to that already given in this series.

The Florentine and the Bird were famous patterns. They were founded, in outline, upon the Oval Thread, the decorative features being extremely elaborate in design and delicate in treatment.

The Moresque also was a successful production, being a fine specimen of the Moresque style of decoration applied to silversmithing. In general outline it was an Oval Thread.

The Cottage was a refined and conservative adaptation of the Oval Thread.

The Osiris was a unique pattern on the Egyptian order.

The Ribbon was a rich pattern, unusual in outline and elaborate in its decorative scheme.

(Series to be continued.)

#### Hamilton & Diesinger to Erect a Jewelers' Business Block.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 30—For some time past it has been evident that Hamilton & Diesinger, silversmiths, 132 S. 10th St., have outgrown the present quarters. The imperative need of more room was recognized sometime ago by the firm, and a suitable location sought for. This want was met by the purchase last Tuesday, of the ground and buildings at 1208 Chestnut St. at a cost of \$125,000. This lot is 25 feet front, by 235 feet deep, and is nearly opposite the Chestnut Street Theatre.

Hamilton & Diesinger will erect on this ground a handsome building, covering every foot of the ground, eight stories in height, with an adequate and well lighted basement, especially designed for the uses of their business in the basement and first, seventh and eighth floors. The second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth floors will be arranged as offices.



### Dominick & Haff,

MAKERS OF WARES IN

#### STERLING SILVER,

FOR THE TRADE ONLY.

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK.

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES.





8

Makers of Finger Rings of every Description.

REMOVED FROM BROADWAY AND JOHN STREET,

TO 3 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

#### Reigning Fashions in Jewelry.

A LADY'S RAMBLES AMONG THE JEWELERS.

Long pointed ovals are seen in sleeve buttons.

Table gongs of silver gilt, covered with silver perforated in rich designs, are attractive.

The present method of bunching the hair out at the sides requires side combs. These have appeared in Summer guise with silver mountings and very pretty they are.

Two distinct finishes are seen to prevail in silver. Beading was noticed conspicuously last week. Observation this week fin is in the newest and handsomest silver that beading alternates with cut work.

Skirt grips as an addition to the belt slide have been introduced, and seem to preserve the desired union between the blouse and the skirt.

As an ornament the crescent is having great lee-way. Long slender crescents are formed of all sorts of minor designs. A series of gold leaves on each of which sparkles a tiny diamond is arranged in the form of a slender crescent. Amber crescents, blue or green, with or without diamonds, are seen on every side.

The bow-knot has been restored to favor. Numbers of designs are now to be seen. The chatelaine pin is the most common manifestation. A superb sword was seen in which the hilt was replaced by three diamond arrows held at the end by a bowknot. This transcends all the purposes of the sword, but the jewel was very pretty from an ornamental point of view.

Checker board devices are noticeable in various articles of jewelry. These are in enamels, one color always being white. In sleeve buttons they are enclosed in raised gold floriations. Belt buckles are made of sectional forms, the center or ground being of alternate enamel squares, and the edges wreathed in the same manner, only with bolder ornament. They are very pretty.

As the time for going into the country draws near, the bedroom candle comes into evidence. The absence of gas in most Summer homes and rural boarding houses makes a feature of the bed candle. The new designs seem to have been conceived for every sort of sojourn and individual taste. The floral designs are charming. Flowers wreath themselves upward from a base of leaves supported on their own tendrils to hold the candle. It is interesting to observe the various devices, and the intimate way in which they cling to nature's model. There are also nautical candlesticks with coils of fine silver ropes, and candles mounted like signal lights. There are candlesticks with oxidized bases in which marine and floral designs are pictured. These candlesticks are all low and have handles.

Elsie Bee.

# The Wearing of Jewelry in Paris.

GORGEOUS JEWELS AT PRINCESS KARAGEORGE-WITCH'S BALL COSTUMÉ-MANY NOVELTIES IN ALL CLASSES OF JEWELRY,

PARIS, France, May 22.—Princess Karageorgewitch recently gave, at her hotel in the Avenue du Bois-de-Boulogne, a *bal costumé*, which proved one of the greatest successes of the season. The following were among the most striking costumes :

Pierre Loti, as a Saracen, wore a breast armour damascened with gold, and a silver helmet; Madam Aimé Morot wore with a sarria green tunic of bayadere, her head being adorned with flowers, turquoises and gold bands, and her arms circled with gold bracelets; Madam Adam wore a Louis VI. robe with garlands of diamonds, flowers on the corsage; Madam Valgreen, as a Merveilleuse, had original motifs in jewelry on her gown; Baroness de Horn wore au Empire robe with a court mantle of purple velvet embroidered with gold ; the costume was of dazzling effect, being adorned with marvellous diamonds (from the sale of the crown diamonds) which had been worn at the coronation of Napoleon I.

Cravat rings are made in all styles: in cable work, in frosted gold studded with tiny colored stones, in close net work embroidered with gems. Some in Rénaissance style show in the center two griffins facing each other; others are adorned with a miniature painting or a historical portrait in pale gold in half relief.

Fashionable bracelets consist of numerous rows of round pearls arranged so as to produce at a distance the effect of net work.

A pretty handle for an ostrich feather fan is a zigzag of light tortoise shell, and another formed of diamonds crossing each other from the base upward.

Umbrella handles are adorned with elegant knobs in gold, silver, platina, or semiprecious substances of all kinds. One of these knobs, in the shape of an egg, is in oxidized platina covered with a light trellis made of fine gold cord; another in pink gold decorated with engine-turning, is wrapped with graceful Pompadour ornaments in pierced work. One, in frosted yellow gold, shows a large aquamarine on the top, and four starlike *motifs* placed around it at regular intervals, exhibiting a pink ruby in the center with small peridots forming the rays of the star.

An original pattern of grape scissors shows two vine stalks with grapes spreading on the base of the blades. The stalks which form the handle stretch and curl slightly at the end, one on the left and the other on the right; two foxes stand upright, one on each stalk, with their mouths greedily approaching the grapes, and their tails curled so as to meet the curling part of the stalks. These scissors are daintily chased. JASEUR.

ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS. RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS,

### IMPORTERS OF

# DIAMONDS,

AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

#### FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

DIAMOND JEWELRY,

IN THE LATEST DESIGNS.

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

58 Nassau Street,

- 29 Maiden Lane,
- 1 Tulp Straat, AMSTERDAM.

I St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus, LONDON, E. C.



TRADE MARK.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

# CARTER, SLOAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY,

#### No. 15 MAIDEN LANE,

NEW YORK.

A. CARTER JR. A. K. SLOAN. C. E: HASTINGS.

GEO. R. HOWE. WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH.

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.



#### Chas. F. Wood & Co.'s Verdict Agaiust the Mercantile Credit Guarantee Co.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals, May 28th, handed down the decision in the case of Chas. F. Wood & Co. against the Mercantile Credit Guarantee Co., appealed from the United States Circuit Court. The appellate Court affirms the judgment for \$5,353.88 granted in favor of Chas. F. Wood & Co.

The case was a novel one involving the construction of a credit insurance policy. The chief point in dispute in the case was as to the meaning of the word "loss" as used in the policy. The policy provided that the company insured the plaintiffs "against loss sustained by reason of the insolvency of debtors" of a certain preferred class, with various limitations as to the amount of loss as to which the company should be liable on any one debtor. The company claimed that the word "loss" as used in the policy was equivalent to indebtedness, or the amount which the debtor owed at the time of his failure; that the limitations as to individual debtors are limitations of the amount of indebtedness to be considered in adjusting the losses; and that the amount to be paid by the company could not exceed the limit of indebtedness of the various debtors, less a proportionate part of the amount paid by the debtors in settlement.

The plaintiffs claimed and the Court of Appeals decided in effect that the word

"loss" in the policy was used in its ordinary business sense ; that the limitations on individual debtors applied to the net loss, after deducting all sums paid by debtors in settlement, and that the company was liable for the amount of this net loss.

#### The Sad Death of E. W. Shepherd.

E. W. Shepherd, for many years the chief entry clerk for Rogers & Brother, 16 Cortlandt St., New York, died of typhoid pneumonia at his home, 1200 Bushwick Ave., Brooklyn, on Thursday, May 30th. A very pathetic circumstance connected with his death is the fact that he had made arrangements to take a vacation of two months, during which time he expected to visit his mother in England. He had secured passage for himself, wife and three children on the Etruria, and was to have sailed on May 25th, but unfortunately was taken sick on the 20th, and was unable to go.

Mr. Shepherd by his ability, earnest work and faithfulness, had won the entire confidence of his employers, and his genial manners, the respect and love of his fellow clerks, who deeply regret his sad decease.

#### Bids Invited for Supplying Spy Glasses etc. to the Government.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 31.-The Navy Department, through the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, is inviting sealed proposals until June 18th, for furnishing the Navy Yard and the Naval Observatory at Washington, D. C., with the following: 25 spy glasses, high power; 25 spy glasses, medium power; 50 spy glasses, low power; to be delivered at the Naval Observatory, five of each sort to be delivered within three months and the remainder within six months after date of contract.

Also 50 binocular glasses, day; 150 binocular glasses, night; ten of each sort to be delivered within three months and the remainder within six months from date of contract; 125 spy glasses for offices of the deck; ten to be delivered within three months and the remainder within six months from date of contract: the above glasses to be delivered at the Naval Observatory.

Prospective bidders may obtain additional information, together with the necessary specifications and blank forms of proposals by addressing the Paymaster-General, Navy Department, Washington, D. C.

#### HE UNDERSTOOD.

STROPHE. IGHTLY the maiden boxed his ear. "You made it ring," he said. ANTISTROPHE. " The ring was all in your ear, 1 fear," Quoth she, and her cheek grew red. CATASTROPHE. Then the young man went away in haste, Nor long on the road did linger. But he came next night and boldly placed A ring on her shapely finger.

# -Chicago T abune. ROLLING MILLS FOR

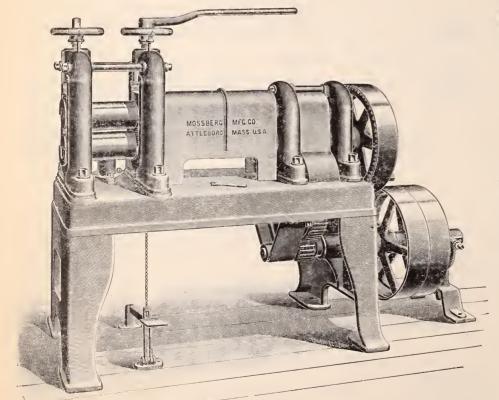
FAST RUNNING.

Our Rolling Mills are of the latest design and embody several ideas never before introduced on this class of machinery.

Cut gears are used for all driving mechanism, and herring bone gears are used in the housings. The Mossberg Anti-Friction Roller Bearing is fitted to the journals of the rol's. This latter feature enables us to build a mill which will do its work double as fast as the ordinary mill with less than one-quarter of the driving power, and positively no heating of the rolls,

Examine our 1895 Catalogue for recent improvements in Jewelers' and Silversmiths' Machinery.

MOSSBERG M'F'G CO., Attleboro, Mass.



#### A Clever Sharper Defrauds Troy Merchants.

TROY, N. Y., May 29 .- A clever swindler succeeded in defrauding Troy merchants Saturday night. His operations extended farther back than Saturday night, however, as he visited his intended victims during he week and spent money. He talked very well and contrived to let the merchants understand that he was a partner of William Connors, of the American Seal Paint Co. The swindler gave his name as W. H. Moore. The false checks he uttered were drawn on the Manufacturers' National Bank, and apparently were signed by William Connors. The left end of the checks bore the mark of a rubber stamp, "The Troy Paint and Color Company, 1895."

Among other stores visited was S. C. Tappin's jewelry store where he purchased a watch and chain which he had "looked at" for a friend during the week. The articles are valued at \$163. Moore paid for the watch and chain with a spurious check. Moore also visited the jewelry store of E. Marks & Son. In this place he was unsuccessful as he was told he must pay in money fo the articles he said he would take. The swindler is de-cribed as about five feet eight inches in height, solidly built, light mou-tache.

#### Jeweler Marshall, Absconder, Bobs Up Again.

BEIDGEFORT, Conn., May 30.—J. C. Marshall, jeweler, who opened a store on Main St. a few months ago and skipped out with over \$500 worth of watches and jewelry that halb.en left for repairs, has turned up in Newark. He tried to work a gold brick game on the Rev. Dr. Charles W. McCormick, of the Halsey M. E. church, of that city. He made a confession of a crime he committed under the name of J. H. Lockwood, in Stepney, Conn., for which he was sent to prison 10 years ago, and he expressed a desire to lead a better life. He was admitted to the church and then worked the gold brick scheme. The police were notified, but he escaped.

#### The Hirschberg Optical Co. Reported Robbed of \$1,000 Worth of Goods.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 29.-H. Hirshberg, of the Hirshberg Optical Co., 7th and Olive Sts., reported a daring burglary to the police for investigation yesterday. The place was robbed some time Monday night, and the discovery that burglars had been there was made by the office boy when he opened the store yesterday morning. The first thing he saw on getting into the store was a trunk which had been packed by Mr. Hirshberg to take on the road broken open and portions of the contents scattered about on the floor. When Mr. Hirshberg got to the place he found that the spectacles and frames missing were worth about \$1.000.

The burglars gained an entrance to the store by a window at the north end, which is in the office. This is the only window or door which was not protected by a burglar aların. They gained the window by climbing to the roof from the alley, and while at work pushing the window in were protected from sight by the large sign on the roof. The trunk which was forced open was one of seven in the store, the other six being empty. The locks and hinges of the trunk were chopped off. The glasses and frames were then taken, and the theves departed by the same way they came.



#### To Retail Jewelers only.

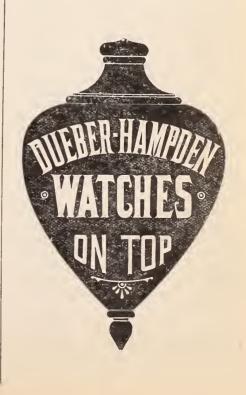
An extra inducement on Fahy's 14k. Extra Gold Filled Watch Cases.

SEE APRIL "STRAWS."

### RICE & HOCHSTER, 485 Broadway, NEW YORK, Factory Grand and Mulberry Sts. COMPLETE LINE OF Tortoise Shell Goods W. F. Evans & Sons SOHO CLOCK FACTORY, HANDSWORTH, BIRMINCHAM, ENGLAND. Manufacturers of CHURCH. CHIME & OUARTER CLOCKS.

GRANDVATHER CLOCK. With arch brass dials to chime upon Bells, Gongs, and Harrington's Patent Tubes.

ESTABLISHED 1805.



#### Twenty - eight Indictments Against New York Department Stores.

After a week's deliberation on the charges against the department stores for violating the silver stamping law passed by the New York Legislature in May, 1894, the Grand Jury of New York handed in indictments against the proprietors of twelve stores to Recorder Goff at 2 o'clock, Wednesday afternoon. Twenty-eight persons in all were indicted. They are:

George A. Hearn, Arthur H. Hearn, Clarkson Cowl and George Schanck, composing the firm of Hearn & Co.

John M. Hughes, Albert B. Hilton and Frederic Hilton, composing the firm of Hilton, Hughes & Co.

James Simpson and William Crawford, composing the firm of Simpson, Crawford & Simpson.

Henry C. F. Koch and Adolph Riesenberg, composing the firm of H. C. F. Koch & Co.

Albert F. Jammes.

Charles B. Webster, Isidor Straus and Nathan Straus, composing the firm of R. H. Macy & Co.

Samuel Adams and John Flanigan, composing the firm of Adams & Co.

Samuel W. Ehrich and Julius S. Ehrich, composing the firm of Ehrich Brothers.

Lyman G. Bloomingdale and Joseph B. Bloomingdale, composing the firm of Bloomingdale Brothers.

Hugh O'Neill, of O'Neill & Co.

Isaac Stern, Benjamin Stern and Louis Stern, composing the firm of Stern Brothers.

John Daniell, John Daniell, Jr., and George T. Daniell, composing the firm of Daniell & Sons.

There were no warrants issued for the arrest of any of the members of these firms, but instead, a note was sent by District Attorney Fellows to each of the firms interested, saying that the presence of their members was required before Recorder Goff between 5 and 5.30 o'clock in the afternoon. Long before the hour designated in the notice the corridor in front of Recorder Goff's court was filled by the members of the various firms or their representatives. They were not permitted to enter the court room until nearly 7 o'clock, as Civil Justice Goldfogle was summing up a case. The dry goods merchants stood around chatting for two hours.

In the gathering were George A. Hearn, Arthur H. Hearn. Albert B. Hilton, and his legal representative, former Judge Horace Russell, H. C. F. Koch, Albert F. Jammes, Nathan Straus, of R. H. Macy & Co., Emanuel W. Bloomingdale, and a member of Hoadley, Lauterbach & Johnson, counsel for Stern Brothers.

While waiting in the corridor a number of these men were interviewed by CIRCULAR representatives. The feeling among them seemed to be unanimous that their indictment was an outrage, particularly as they had not been represented before the Grand Jury, although requests had been made to that body for a hearing. Almost all spoke as if they were the victims of a technicality in the law, claiming that they purchased their silver lines in good faith from "reputable manufacturers," and if the goods sold were not as represented the manufacturers, not they, should be held accountable. Some even went so far as to dehounce the stamping law, saying that it was impossible for them to know the exact fineness of their silver stock without an assay. Some of the dealers claimed they did not know even the charge on which they were indicted.

When the identity of THE CIRCULAR reporters became known to the group, information ceased. It appeared that the merchants blamed the jewelers, and any representative of the trade was most unwelcome.

It was nearly 7 o'clock before the men appeared before Recorder Goff. They all pleaded not guilty and were released on their own recognizance. Those of the indicted men who were not present were ordered to appear Monday and plead. Permission was given to change the plea any time before June 7th.

Recorder Goff said :---<sup>••</sup> I shall parole all the gentlemen on their own recognizance. Those gentleman who plead to-day may have until June 7 to change their plea, by which time they must notify the District Attorney if they conclude to change their pleas or take other legal steps."

Among the indicted was Frederick Hilton, a former member of the firm of Hilton, Hughes & Co., who died a few months ago. The actual time occupied in the court proceedings was 20 minutes, after which the merchants departed. All the indictments were found on the testimony of Newton Dexter and Herbert R. Torrey, an assayer in the United States Assay Office. Mr. Dexter always had John Morris Miller as a witness.

There being so many defendants in this proceeding, specially printed indictments were ordered by the District Attorney. The following is a copy of one as filed by the Grand Jury, the phrases in Italic representing the parts filled in in the blanks:

#### COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF New YORK against John M. Hughes, Albert B. Hilton and Frederic Hilton. The said John M. Hughes, Albert B. Hilton and Frederic Hilton, late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the thirteenth day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, at the City and County aforesaid, being then and there copartners, trading and doing business under the firm name and style of Hilton. Hughes & Co., unlawfully did sell and offer to sell and dispose of to one Newton Dexter a certain article of merchandise, to-wit: one glove buttoner, which said article of merchandise was then and there marked, stamped and branded "sterling;" nine hundred and twenty-five one thousands of the component parts of the metal of which the said article of merchandise was then and there manufactured not being then and there pure silver, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

#### SECOND COUNT-

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said *Join M. Hughes, Albert B. Hilton and Frederic Hilton* of the same misdemeanor, committed as follows:

The said John M. Hughes, Albert B. Hilton and Frederic Hilton, late of the City and County aforesaid, on the day and in the year aforesaid, being then and there copartners, trading and doing business under the firm name and style of Hilton, Hughes & Co., unlawfully did have in their possession, with intent to sell and dispose of the same, a certain article of merchandise, to-wit: one glove buttoner, which said article of merchandise was then and there marked, stamped and branded with the word "sterling;" nine hundred and twenty-five one thousandths of the component parts of the metal of which the said article was then and there manufactured not being then and there pure silver, against the form of the Statue in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

#### JOHN R. FELLOWS, District Attorney.

District Attorney.

A full list of the indictments is as follows : Geo. A. Hearn, Arthur H. Hearn, Geo. Schanck and Clarkson Cowl, for selling on

April 13th, one file marked sterling on .925 fine, and having in their possession for sale one similar file.

John M. Hughes, Albert B. Hilton and Frederic Hilton, two indictments, one for selling a glove buttoner not .925 fine on April 1st, and having a similar article in their possession for sale, and the other for selling a pair of scissors not .925 fine on May 1st, and having a similar pair in their possession for sale

Chas. B. Webster, Isidor Straus and Nathan Straus, composing R. H. Macy & Co., one spoon sold April 13th.

Isaac Stern, Benjamin Stern and Louis S'ern, composing Stern Bros., one sleeve button sold May 3d.

Henry C. F. Koch and Adolph Riesenberg, composing H. C. F. Koch & Co., one finger ring sold April 13th.

Samuel Adams and Jno. Flanigan, composing Adams & Co., one stud sold April 13th.

Lyman G. Bloomingdale and Jos. B. Bloomingdale, composing Bloomingdale Bros., one file sold April 13th.

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse John M. Hughes, Albert B. Hughes and Frederic Hilton of a misdemeanor, committed as follows:

Albert F. Jammes, 907 Broadway, for selling one sleeve button not .925 fine, April 13th, and having in his possession for sale, a similar article.

The other merchants who pleaded Monday were: Samuel W.Ehrich and Julius S.Ehrich, composing the firm of Ehrich Bros., who sold a silver hook not .925 fine on April 13th.

John Daniell, John Daniell Jr. and Geo. T. Daniell, composing the firm of John Daniell & Son, who sold a link cuff button not sterling, April 13th.

James Simpson and Wm. Crawford, composing the firm of Simpson, Crawford & Simpson, who sold a file not sterling, April 13th.

In these, as in the other cases, a second count in the indictment charges them with having in their possession for sale an article similar to the one sold, and mentioned in the first count.

All the defendants pleaded not guilty.

MASSACHUSETTS DEALERS FAVOR THE MOVE-MENT IN NEW YORK.

North Adams, Mass., May 29. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular :

I have been reading the report in your valuable CIRCULAR of "The Proceedings Against the New York Department Stores," and think it a move in the right direction ; but it must be followed up with the best talent we can command. The statement as reported by Messrs. Hilton, Hughes & Co.'s representative seems to me to be very thin, although it may be that their wares are better than most other department But reputable jewelers that are stores. supposed to know the value of silver and the manufactured product, know that when articles are brought to us and offered at a price less than sterling silver can be made for, we begin to question the quality, and if we think we would like to handle it, to keep within the law we should have a sample assayed, and if not up to the standard reject it and have the maker's name published. But more than half of our jewelers in the country, as well as in the city, don't care about the quality as long as the price is lower than their neighbor's.

Therefore I say that it is the business of our jewelers as well as the department stores to know what they are buying. It is very easy to test a sample, and if a lot bought is not up to the standard, pitch it back to the manufacturers and publish the matter.

I believe in a national stamping law with penalty for both gold and silver, and then employ agents in every State to make a tour at least twice a year and test goods found on sale; and as "Philadelphia" in THE CIR-CULAR says, "print and publish the facts without fear or favor." It will cost something, but it will be worth a great deal. We jewelers must keep our reputation good or our business is gone. Yours truly,

#### L. M. BARNES.

President Berkshire Retail Jewelers' Association. Gen. Geo. H. Ford, president of the Connecticut Retail Jewelers' Association sends THE CIRCULAR a copy of New Haven *Journal and Courier* containing a column dispatch from New York, founded on the exclusive article in THE CIRCULAR of May 22, and that in the New York *Herald* of May 23, the details for which were given by a member of THE CIRCULAR staff; also a copy of the New Haven Sunday *Register* containing the following interesting matter:

The recent revelations which have been made in New York City in regard to the sale of bogus silverware and other articles of a similar nature, have resulted in much interest being taken in the matter in this State where the Connecticut Jewelers' Association, of which Gen. George H. Forl of this city is president, have of late been quite active and have succeeded in securing a favorable report and unanimous endorsement of the Judiciary Committee of the Legislature on a bill which will prevent frauds in the jewelry business. Gen. Ford, while engaged in looking up the matter, has secured quite a collection of bogus jewelry which is interesting because of the ingenuity displayed in its manufacture. Gen. Ford in conversation with a *Register* reporter yesterday afternoon in regard to this subject, said :

"It has been known to jewelers of experience and intelligence for a number of years that articles have been made and stamped as genuine by unscrupulous manufacturers and sold by dealers not familiar with gold and silver, ignorant of its quality and value, in some instances not knowing, and in others not caring to know, what proportion of the article was really gold and really silver, so long as the marks and the stamps deceived the buyer and it could be sold at a price much less than genuine articles would command. The law in some countries in regard to these matters is very clear and in England gold and silver are tested and stamped under government supervision. In France an article made of precious metal is so stamped, and if made of

" In this country innumerable small articles stamped 'sterling' and sold as such have appeared in very many places, from the department stores to the tobacconist. They are the stock in trade also of peddlers. The result of this practice has been that the public who look on an article in one of these stores marked at 35 cents and were assured that a regular jeweler would charge them \$1 for it, do not realize the difference between the genuine and the imitation in consequence of the stamp being identical on both articles. This has been a reflection on the jeweler, while, on the contrary, the reflection should be on the manufacturer and dealer who have been selling these imitation things which are marked with a gen-uine stamp. The imposition has been caruine stamp. ried and developed to such an extent in this country that the past few years reputable manufacturers and leading jewelers have interested themselves in the matter of legis lation in the various states to prevent the public from being further deceived, and to arrest fraud that has so long been perpetrated upon innocent people."

Among the articles which Gen. Ford has in his possession is a gold watch in the case of which is the stamp 14 K. and bearing every appearance of a \$100 watch, but in reality the cases are covered over with a thin plating or wash of gold and the cost of making it is about \$5 at wholesale. Yet such watches as this have been sold by irresponsible parties for between \$25 and \$50. Another sample is a plain gold ring which consists of a rounded section of a hollow gold wire or thin sheet metal, through the center of which is drawn a solid rod of brass in order to give the ring the appearance of solidity. The ring was stamped 18 K. A solid gold ring of this description would cost about \$10. The cost of producing the brass filled imitation is about \$1, and varying prices from \$2 50 up are obtained for them. Gold spectacles, were given the acid test and it was quickly shown that they were solid for gold spectacles, were given the acid test and it was quickly shown that they were nothing but brass. One pair, which Gen. Ford has in his possession, were obtained from a lady who had paid \$6 for them. They were practically valueless. Still another article is in the silver line. It consists of a souvenir spoon marked U. S. sterling. At the expiration of a year the silver veneer on the spoon wore off and it was found to be composed of some soft metal.

"Canes and umbrella handles have been made in this State," said Gen. Ford, " of lead and antimony, coated with silver and stamped sterling. It is perfectly surprising the number of articles that we secured while making application for a statute in this State which would prevent these frauds. In not a single instance was any one of these goods obtained in a regular jeweler's store. It is not natural to presume that a man trained to one kind of business is competent in another line. The jeweler who attempts to sell silks, woolens and laces, would undoubtedly sooner or later find himself incompetent in that line. So I deal in watches, diamonds jewelry and silverware; it is a trade or profession that requires intelligence, skill and long experience. I ob serve that in the cases in New York that have been brought to the notice of the Grand Jury, in the Mail and Express, the buyer at R. H. Macy & Co. is quoted as saying that 'we have no means of knowing whether sterling silver comes up to the standard or not except by the weight.' This shows great lack of ability at least, as acids and not weight are the tests of silver, while another house states that dealers come in and show articles obviously not silver and receive orders, and then say, 'Shall we stamp them sterling for you?' In this instance the reply of the buyer is omitted."

A subscriber of THE CIRCULAR sends a copy of the Lowell, Mass., *Times* of May 29. containing a sound editorial headed "Enforce the Guarantee Law," as follows:

A New York grand jury began last week an investigation as to violations of a law that has been, up to the present time, a dead letter. The silver stamping law should be a protection to the public against imposition in the purchase of goods where no ready means of testing their value is possible. And yet the law against the sale of spurious metals for precious metals has had no serious enforcement. Out of thirty-two articles labeled "sterling" and "coin" silver, and purchased as such from 12 leading New York firms, only one assayed up to the legal standard, while the majority showed only the smallest amount of silver possible to allow them to be called by that name. The law fixes the silver standard at .925. To offer for sale as "sterling" articles possessing more than .075 of alloy is a misdemeanor punishable by fine and imprisonment.

The purchaser of silver in Great Britain has an absolute guarantee of the genuineness of the article, if it bears the government stamp, and violations of the law receive such swift and severe punishment that it is ten years since a single case has been presented. The same observance should be maintained in this country; the craze for cheap jewelry should not be allowed to make it incperative. Unless the law is enforced the gifts and keepsakes that we purchase for our friends, and the articles we purchase f r our relves, because we desire something enduring and valuable, may turn out to be worth'ess brass.

The action taken by the New York Grand Jury should be prompt; the offenders should be so severely punished that hereafter in this co-ntry the stamp "sterling" or "coin" should mean exactly what it represents, and the purchasing public may be assured that it is obtaining what it desires, and what in most cases it pays for. The enforcement of the law will in no way affect the sale of the cheaper silver articles, in which the quantity of the precious metal is but slight, but it will ensure that each and every person who really desires coin or sterling silver can obtain it and that is certainly a desideratum greatly to be desired.

#### Rhode Island May Yet Pass a Silver Stamping Law.

**PROVIDENCE**, R. I., June 3.—There are several firms in this city who favor the passage of a silver stamping law, and another effort will be made to bring it about.

When a silver stamping law was introduced in the Legislature in this State in 1893 it was passed by the Senate, and the House referred it to the judiciary committee, where it remained during the remainder of that session. Interested parties were given an opportunity to be heard, and among others the Gorham Mfg. Co. appeared in favor of it. It was at these hearings that some of the Providence dealers stated that it was necessary to so stamp the goods so that they could more readily be put on the market. It was also argued that the purchasers of these articles were not defrauded, because they must know that genuine sterling silver goods could not be purchased at the price at which they were offered.

The argument which probably had more weight with the committee than any other, however, was that no such law existed in Massachusetts, and that Attleboro, as a jewelry center, would take away the business of the local manufacturers if a law was passed in Rhode Island. Since then Massachusetts and New York, through the efforts of the Gorham Mfg. Co., and South Carolina, New Hampshire, Maine, Arkansas, Michigan and Missouri, through the efforts of THE CIRCULAR, have adopted this law, and the act has been considered during the present session of the Legislature here. The bill passed both houses, but the lower body either regretted its action, or because of some powerful influence being brought to bear, reconsidered the vote by which the act was passed and rescinded it, and it was subsequently indefinitely postponed.

#### The Connecticut Senate Approve of Stamping Legislation.

New HAVEN, Conn., May 30.—The State Senate has just approved of the act printed exclusively in last week's CIRCULAR, providing that every article represented to be of gold, which is offered for sale, shall bear upon it, plainly stamped, the figures indicating the exact number of 24 parts of pure gold or proportion of gold that the said article or articles contain. The penalty for a conviction of a violation of this act shall not exceed \$1,000. The law also applies to silver goods, which must also be properly stamped.

The bill has now passed both houses of the Legislature. Credit is due Secretary Tibbals, of the George H. Ford Co.,who, as a member of the Connecticut Jewelers' Association, and as a member of the House of Representatives, introduced and urged the passage of a law requiring the proper stamping of articles of merchandise of gold and silver, and who labored zealously for its success.

In an interview with Gen. Geo. H. Ford, president of the Connecticut Jewelers' Association, that gentleman expressed much pleasure at the earnest, judicious and very able work done by THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR in advocating and promoting the adoption of measures by the different States of the Union to guard and protect the public from imposition and fraud in the purchase of gold and silver wares. Gen. Ford also expressed great satisfaction at the work in progress in New York in which the Connecticut Iewelers' Association has been identified, and said that the Connecticut Jewelers' Association were proud of the fact that, largely through the efforts of the Association and the general awakening of public sentiment on the subject, Connecticut is the banner State, and heads the list of all the States of the Union in being the first to adopt a law providing for the stamping of both gold and silver articles of merchandise, the Connecticut law providing for a gold standard as well as a silver standard.

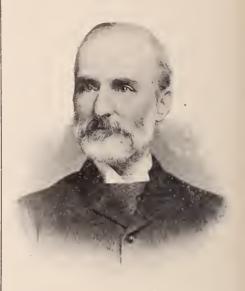
#### Death of John A. Riley.

John Alexander Riley, president of the Jno. A. Riley & Sloan Co., 860 Broadway, New York, died from acute Bright's disease, at his home, 121 Munn Ave., East Orange, N. J., at 8 o'clock A. M., Monday. Mr. Riley had been suffering for over a month, though up to the time of his death he had no knowledge of the disease with which he was afflicted.

About a month ago Mr. Riley, being in bad health, took a trip to Atlantic City, hoping the vacation would improve him. After remaining there about 10 days and feeling no better, he returned and consulted an oculist regarding his eyes which had become affected. The examination of the eyes showed symptoms of the dread disease, and Mr. Riley had his son-in-law, Dr. R. S. Gage, make a careful diagnosis. Dr. Gage discovered that Mr. Riley was suffering from Bright's disease in an advanced state, but the knowledge was kept from the patient as the physician hoped to pull him through. Mr. Riley commenced to sink Thursday, and the hot weather last week caused him to collapse completely. He gradually became worse, until the end early Monday.

John Alexander Riley was one of the oldest, best known and most highly re-

spected manufacturing jewelers in the trade. He was born in New York in 1828, and has always made this city his business home. He learned the jewelry trade as a young man, and was for many years before starting in business for himself, foreman for Chattellier, Dominge & Spence. After



#### THE LATE JOHN A. RILEY.

leaving this concern, about 1857, he formed the firm of Riley, Douglas & Williamson, who started business in the old Gilsey building, Broadway and Cortlandt St. A short time after Mr. Williamson withdrew and Riley & Douglas carried on the business for a few months, when the firm dissolved and Mr. Riley continued alone.

Mr. Riley then removed to 18 John St. Later, he with Chas. F. Freer and Geo. Valdran, formed the firm of Jno. A. Riley & Co. At the end of five years Mr. Valdran died and Messrs. Riley and Freer continued under the old firm name, having removed in the meantime to 7 and 9 Bond St. and later to 860 Broadway, until their embarrassment about 10 years ago. From 1887 until February, 1891, Mr. Riley remained in business by himself. At the latter date he formed the present company, John A. Riley & Sloan Co., Mr. Riley becoming the president, and Frank T. Sloan, treasurer.

The deceased was a man of sterling integrity and kindly disposition, and his death will cause poignant sorrow to his friends in business and social life. He leaves a widow and three daughters; of the latter, one is married to Dr. R. S. Gage and another to B. F. McIntyre; the third, Miss Estelle Riley, is unmarried. The funeral services will be held to-day in East Orange. The remains will be interred to-morrow in Cypress Hills Cemetery.

J. W. Lipop, jeweler, has been elected mayor of Clifton Forge, Va, He is a very popular young man,

The death occurred last week of C. R. Bagley, manufacturing jeweler, Toronto, Can.

#### Letters to the Editor.

#### IN RECARD TO THE STEWART FOUN-TAIN PENS.

NASHUA, N. H., May 28, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular :

Will you please state in regard to the settlement between Mabie, Todd & Bard and Paul E. Wirt, that my patents were not involved in the suit. Anybody can bring suit against anybody, and anybody can settle a suit if he thinks the lawyers either do not understand the proper position to take or make a case so cumbrous that a judge would not take time to wade through it, or for any other reason.

The writer made the first fountain pen that had to be wetted before it would operate: has been compelled to publish his theory on capillarity that one could act intelligently; leaving tradition behind he has had a continued racket with the examiners in the U. S. Patent Office. The scientific must have precedence over the merely structural, as the writer can make two structures apparently alike; one will operate, the other will not. This has compelled the invention of a test by which every dealer can test the compressed air pump with water before he delivers it to W. W. STEWART. his customer.

#### SENDING CATALOGUES TO DEAD MEN.

CATLETTSBURG, Ky., May 28, 1895.

*Editor of* THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: Please note in your next issue, A. H. Clawson, jeweler, died in January, 1895. All jobbers should stop sending circulars and books, as they fall into hands of persons not in the trade. C. F. GALLUP.

#### John McPherson Stole 100 Pounds of Silver from the Gorham Mfg. Co.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 1.—John Mc-Pherson, 25 years of age, and employed for the last four years in the melting department of the Gorham Mfg. Co.,was arrested by the detective force to-day on a charge of stealing bullion from his employers. When arrested he had in his possession silver bars weighing 19 pounds, and in his room at 43 Redwing St. were found bars weighing 16 pounds more. Altogether, he has stolen probably 100 pounds of the valuable metal worth about \$900. He admits his guilt, but refuses to tell where the remainder of the bullion is, only saying that it has been sent out of the city.

McPherson has been stealing for the past six months. He was employed in the melting room as one of the night force, and worked there up to 2 o'clock this morning, when he left, claiming that he burned his right eye by a spatter of metal.

The silver, as it comes to the melters, is placed in large crucibles, and when in a molten state run into long narrow bars which much resemble bars of plumber's solder in size and appearance. The molten silver left over after the bar molds are filled

is poured into smaller molds about a foot long, six inches wide and an inch thick, and into still smaller molds about three inches square.

McPherson's method was to take one of these small molds when leaving work in the morning and slip it into his pocket. The force of melters being only three or four in number he was able to do this for some time without detection, although a comparison of the weight of the silver given to the melting room with that returned, showed a shortage about once in every week or two.

#### Boston.

The marriage of Ami Margot, of Margot Bros., this city, to Miss Clara R. Cuendet, took place May 22, in St. Louis, Mo.

Paul Askenasy, manager for the firm that succeeded H. T. Spear & Son until consolidation with Bogle Bros. took place, will start in business this month as a jobber at 403 Washington St., room 4.

The E. Howard Watch & Clock Co. have placed a 6-foot dial clock of handsome appearance in the 71st regiment armory, New York city. Among other recent contracts is one for a 4-foot dial tower clock in Zion's Reformed Church, at Buffalo, N. Y.

The syndicate that will erect the new Jewelers' Exchange building at the corner of Bromfield and Washington Sts., have secured the estate adjoining their original purchase, and plans for a much larger building than was at first contemplated will be drawn.

E. A. Bigelow, Boston representative of the Courvoisier-Wilcox Mfg. Co., has moved from 370 Washington St. to 403, room 3. William S. Tiffany, representing the Kent & Stanley Co., formerly at 58 Winter St., will also have his headquarters hereafter in the same room at 403 Washington St.

#### Springfield, Mass.

Charles Hall has added a sterling silver department to his store and has largely increased his stock of cut glass.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to enter Knight's jewelry store, Dalton, one night recently, but the burglars were evidently scared away.

F. E. Ladd now has the entire front of his old store at 417 Main St. For the past five years he had occupied half of it, but business was so good this Spring that he felt justified in enlarging his quarters.

Charles F. Fuller and Justin Alward, representing Purrish Bros., of this city, were before the district court at Great Barrington recently for peddling clocks, silverware and other wares without a license. They were fined.

Richard Skeehan was arrested in Hartford Saturday on suspicion of being implicated in the robbery of L. B. Coe's show window on the night of Oct. 22, 1893. Skeehan was brought to this city but was released in \$400 bail.

#### Hancock, Becker & Co.'s Floor Assayed \$1,000.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 3.-For upwards of 15 years one floor of the building at 86 Page St., this city, until recently occupied by Hancock, Becker & Co., has been used by manufacturing jewelers, whose specialties required immense amounts of gold. A few weeks ago Hancock, Becker & Co. vacated the old wooden building, where they had carried on their business for six years. The firm then decided to have the old floor ransacked for stray gold. The entire floor was torn up. Every pine board in the 3,700 square feet of area was uprooted and sent to the gold refining establishment of Brown & Dean Co. where for three weeks the timber was burned and the lost scraps of gold melted and assayed. This operation was completed a few days ago, and the result is quite satisfactory to all concerned.

In talking concerning the matter Mr. Hancock said: "Yes, we made out fairly well. The floor assayed a trifle less than \$t,000 of pure gold."

" Is it a usual occurrence for manufacturing jewelers to take up their floorings and assay it?"

"It has been done a number of times in this city, to my knowledge," said Mr. Hancock. "The floor of the building occupied by Foster & Bailey, and for 25 years used by manufacturing jewelers, was taken up some time ago and gold worth \$2,500 was obtained by the refining process.

"Our Page St. floor had not been thoroughly cleaned for 15 years, and of course it stood to reason that more or less gold would be concealed in the floor. There was only one way to find it—to burn the wood until nothing but the metal is left."

When Hancock, Becker & Co. moved into the Page St. building the floor probably contained a small amount of gold. Everything that was possible was done to prevent losing more of the precious metal. The cracks between the boards were caulked and made perfectly tight, so that it would seem almost impossible for \$1,000 worth of gold scraps and filings to become secreted. To pull up the old floor and have it assayed was a matter of pure speculation with the manufacturing jewelers. The expense of replacing the flooring would reach between \$300 and \$400, and this amount would have to be obtained before any profit would be realized. As the floor assayed \$1,000, of course the venture was a financial success.

In their new quarters in the Kent & Stanley building on Beverly St. further provision against the losing of gold in the future has been made. Sheet iron has been laid over those sections of the shop where the filings are liable to fall. Whatever is swept up from the sheeting is carefully preserved and in due season is assayed. Gold of more or less value is always secured.

Rothstein & Lippman Bro., pawnbrokers and jewelers, Altoona, Pa., will open up a branch store in Johnstown, Pa., in the near future.

#### Cut Diamonds Must Pay 25 Per Cent. Duty.

An important decision was handed down Monday by Judge Townsend, in the United States Circuit Court, relative to the tariff on diamonds. The opinion was rendered on an appeal from the decision of the United States Board of General Appraisers, on diamonds imported by Joseph Frankel's Sons, which declared diamonds to be free under the Wilson bill. The argument on this appeal, which consumed two days, was reported in full in THE CIRCULAR of May 15th. The decision is :

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.

THE UNITED STATES vs. J. FRANKEL'S SONS.

TOWNSEND, District Judge (orally):

The articles in question in this case are diamonds cut, but not set, imported September 13, 1894. They were assessed for duty by the collector of customs at the Port of New York at 25 per cent. *ad valorem* under Par, 338, of the Act of Aug. 28, 1894, which reads as follows:

"338. Precious stones of all kinds cut, but not set, 25 per centum ad valorem; if set, and not specially provided for in this Act, including pearls set, 30 per centum ad valorem. Imitations of precious stones not exceeding an inch in dimensions, not set, 10 per centum ad valorem. And on uncut precious stones of all kinds, 10 per centum ad valorem."

The importers protested, claiming that the diamonds were free of duty under Par. 467 of the Free List of said Act, which reads as follows:

"467. Diamonds; miners', glaziers' and engravers' diamonds, not set, and diamond dust or bort, and jewels to be used in the manufacture of watches or clocks."

The Board of General Appraisers were of the opinion that Congress did not intend to place the diamonds in question on the Free List, but, for certain reasons stated in their opinion, they reversed the decision of the Collector and held that said diamonds were entitled to free entry under Par. 467. From this decision the United States appeals.

It is admitted that the articles are diamonds cut but not set, and that they are precious stones.

The position of the word "diamonds" at the head of Par. 467 in the Free List, printed in the same type as the rest of the paragraph and followed by a semicolon, of itself raised a presumption that Congress thereby intended to place all diamonds on the Free List. The rest of said paragraph, and the language of Par. 338, forcibly suggest a contrary intention. It has therefore been found necessary to examine the general plan of the whole Act, and the punctuation, type, and language thereof.

It appears that in the said Act Congress frequently placed at the beginning of a paragraph the general name or description of articles specifically named therein merely as a heading to such paragraph and for no other purpose. In some of these instances the type and punctuation are the same as Par. 467. It also appears that it is part of the general plan of the Act to arrange articles and their subheadings in alphabetical order. It further appears from an examination of the whole statute that Congress could not have intended to make all diamonds free of duty under said Act. Irrespective of the history and admitted object of said statute to increase duties on luxuries and reduce duties on necessities, the language of Par. 338 is most significant on this point as showing the legislative intent. It not only provides for a duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem upon precious stones of all kinds, cut, but not set, but also provides for a duty of 10 per cent. ad valorem on uncut precious stones, precious stones of all kinds, and on imitation precious stones.

The second section of said Act reads as follows :

"On and after the first day of August, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, unless otherwise provided for in this Act, the following articles, when imported, shall be exempt from duty."

If, therefore, diamonds are otherwise provided for in said Act, they would not be included in the Free List.

The phrase "precious stones of all kinds cut, but not set," not only concededly covers diamonds, but is a specific provision and the only provision for "cut" diamonds. The counsel for the Government strenuously contends that the phrase "precious stones cut, but not set," is a more specific description of these diamonds cut but not set, in the condition in which they are imported, than the single word "diamonds" in the Free List. In that event the more specific appropriation must control. Magone v. King, 2 U. S. Appeals, 263.

It is further to be borne in mind that Par. 338 in terms covers precious stones "of all kinds."

If it were intended by the use of the word "diamonds" in Par. 467 to make all diamonds free, as is contended by coulled for the importer, then miners', glaziers' and engravers' diamonds would be free of duty. But it is manifest that Congress could not have intended this result, because by the express language of said paragraph such diamonds are only free of duty when not set.

And finally, if the word "diamonds" in Par. 467 was anything more than a subheading, there would have been no necessity of adding thereafter in the same paragraph the different kinds of diamonds, such as miners', glaziers' and engravers' diamonds. No sufficient reason has been suggested why, if all diamonds were to be free, Congress should have specifically provided for miners', glaziers' and engravers' diamonds cut but not set.

I am therefore of the opinion that Congress did not intend by the Act of Aug. 28, 1894, to admit diamonds free of duty, but that a consideration of the general plan and arrangement of said Act, and a comparison of the foregoing provisions, show a plain intent to impose a duty of 25 *per cent*. on diamonds cut but not set.

The decision of the Board of General Appraisers is reversed.

HENRY C. PLATT, Assistant U. S. Attorney, For the United States. W. WICKHAM SMITH (of Currie, Smith & Mackie),

For the Importers. Endorsed: U.S. Circuit Court.

Filed June 3, 1895.

#### JOHN A. SHIELDS, Clerk.

A CIRCULAR reporter called upon W. Wickham Smith, of Currie, Smith & Mackie, counsel for the importers, Monday afternoon. "Well,"said Mr. Smith, laughingly, "we are defeated but not dismayed, and still think we have the right end of the case. An appeal will be taken from the decision to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals." He expects this decision will be argued in November or December. Unless the case be "certioraried" by the Supreme Court, or certified to that court by the Circuit Court of Appeals, the next argument will settle the case definitely.

# Death of "Old Tom Paine."

WOONSOCKET, R. I., June 2.—Thomas Dudley Paine, the veteran violin and watchmaker, said to be the oldest citizen in this city, died yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock at his home, 274 Main St., in the 83d year of his age. He was born in Foster, R. I., Oct. 9, 1812. He enjoyed such schooling as the time and district furnished until he was ten years of age, when he removed to this city. Later he went to Boston, where he apprenticed himself to learn the trade of watchmaker and repairer and later returned to Woonsocket, and for more than 60 years his shop and residence have been at their present locations.

For many years the tall form and patriarchal beard of the deceased were often seen on local streets. His fame as a watch and clock maker and repairer was not confined to the State or town where he resided. He was known all over southern New England as an expert in this line. For many years he had charge of the clocks in the Providence and Woonsocket stations of the Providence & Worcester Railroad, and at one time the railroad men thought no man could repair a watch or clock as well as "Old Tom Paine."

He also had a wide reputation as a firstclass violin maker.

# THE DIAMOND TARIFF SUSTAINED.

Judge Townsend declares the duty to be

#### 25 PER CENT.

The retailer need not be affected by this decision as our prices will remain unchanged.

# CROSS & BEGUELIN,

**DIAMOND IMPORTERS,** 

# The Jewelers' Circular HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

PUBLISHED AVERY WEDNESDAY BY

#### THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO.,

#### 189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF JEWELERS, WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS, ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALI ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of luterest or value to our readers. Adver-tising matter will not be printed as news. Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid.

		1	ER ANNUM.
United States and Canada,			<b>\$2.0</b> 0
Foreign Countries in Postal	Union,		- 400
Single Copies, - * -			10

the publisher.

Member	of	the	American	Trade	Press	Association.
Vol. XXX.		June	5, 189	5.	No. 18.	

Every line of reading matter in The Jewelers' CIRCULAR, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written ex-clusively for this journal. Each issue of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR is copyrighted.

#### FEATURES OF THIS NUMBER.

Page 8-FASHIONS IN JEWELRY.

- Page 9-LATEST FANCIES OF PARIS JEWEL-ERS.
- Page I-ILLUSTRATION OF ROYAL WREATH TO M. CARNOT.
- Page 5-SPOON PATTERNS OF AMERICAN SIL-VERSMITHS.
- Page 33-FIVE ILLUSTRATED IDEAS FOR JEW-ELERS' JUNE ADS.
- Page 16-JUDGE TOWNSEND'S DECISION IN FULL IN REFERENCE TO THE DIAMOND TARIFF.
- Pages 12, 13, 14-FULL DEVELOPMENTS IN CASES AGAINST THE NEW YORK DEPART-MENT STORES, WITH LETTERS TO THE EDITOR, COMMENTS BY THE PRESS, ETC.

SMALL BOY TO PEDDLER—" Have yer got any solid-gold weddin'-rings wot only costs five cents? -Judge.

THE above is published in our satiric contemporary in the form of a joke, but there is more truth than humor in it. The small boy could purchase what he desired at almost any department store.

F there are any retail jewelers who have withheld making purchases of diamond goods, because they expected the courts would decide that, through an error of punctuation in the tariff schedules, diamonds cut and unset are free of duty, they should dissipate their caution, for the United States Circuit Court has decided that such diamonds must pay 25 per cent. duty. It would seem, after reading the arguments on both sides, that no reasonable mind could arrive at any conclusion other than that expressed in the decision of Judge Townsend, as given in full in another part of this issue.

ENGLAND, generally slow to follow the fashions created in other countries, is now in line with France and America, and English women are showing an indication to lavishly bedeck themselves with jewels in daytime. At the recent invitation concert of the Strauss Orchestra, at the Imperial Institute, society was out in force, and diamond earrings, diamond necklaces, and diamond brooches were in unusual prominence. The Princess of Wales, the Duchess of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, and the Duchess of Connaught were among those whose diamonds were resplendently prominent.

THAT was an enterprising business stroke a Providence jeweler made when he contracted with the Herreshoffs for the delivery to him of all the scraps of bronze and aluminum which result from the construction of Defender, and which he will make up into pins and sleeve-buttons if the yacht wins the international race. One of the most successful strokes of the house of Tiffany & Co. was the purchase, after the first great Atlantic cable was completed in 1858, of the remaining cable, which the firm made up into articles as souvenirs of the great event.

### The Department Stores' THE position Indefensible Position. the proprietors

of the New

York department stores who were charged two weeks ago, as announced exclusively in THE CIRCULAR at the time, with violation of the Penal Code, in selling merchandise falsely stamped "Sterling," and who were indicted last week, is indefensible. Their endeavors to fix the blame entirely on the manufacturers, while a shrewd move upon their part, must meet with little favorable response when it is made clear to the jury that the department stores purchase so-called silverware at prices so low that they can retail the articles for less than the cost of the bullion silver claimed to be in them.

"The whole thing is trumped up on purely technical grounds. We are the victims of a conspiracy. The silverware handled by this house is good silverware, bought by us in good faith;" such is the general tenor of the expressions of the proprietors of the department stores, and it is echoed editorially by some of the daily newspapers whose managers have their weather eye open for business. Now let us analyze the good faith in which the silverware is bought. The buyers for the various departments of these stores are of the shrewdest caliber of business men. They are well versed in the cost of material. the cost of manufacturing, the lowest percentage of profit that satisfies the manufacturer of the goods he buys, and all other conditions that place him in a position to make the closest deals, grinding down the manufacturer to figures that would be entirely unacceptable, did not the large order and the prompt payment give a prospect of some percentage of profit. The buyer knows what the word "sterling" means as applied to silverware, and he knows that sterling silver is not far removed from pure silver; he knows approximately the current prices of bullion silver, and he also knows that it costs a greater or lesser sum to manufacture silver goods and to market them. Is it to be credited that when he buys two ounce belt buckles stamped " sterling " at \$4 per dozen, (silver bullion at .67 per oz) he believes he is getting genuine sterling silver goods? We cannot imagine such a man going into a mock auction store and purchasing a brass watch in the belief that it is of 18 karat gold, Yet, according to the assertions of the department store proprietors, he is a veritable "Rube" and "easy meat" for "Billy the Fake."

The fact is that the spurious goods have beeu produced because there has been a demand for them from unscrupulous competitors of the jewelers. The collasion between the retailer and maker is plain enough, and neither should be allowed to escape; the law applies to one as to the other, providing both are residents of the State. The making and selling of such trash as described in the indictments are on a par with the making and uttering of counterfeit money, and as there is a specific law in New York covering the case of the makers and sellers of false silverware, it should be applied to the last letter. The silver stamping law is a good one, as necessary as it is just.

# Commercial Tide. keep a close watch of

The Turn of the N March of this business conditions,

noted that a positive change had come over the industrial horizon, and observation since has confirmed them that the tide has turned and that we are now upon a rising tide of industrial activity. While there were upward movements of prices, and an improved demand from time to time during 1894, none of them possessed elements of permanency; however, they were forerunners of the present favorable condition of trade. The improvement is due to the depletion of stocks of retailers generally throughout the country during the past two years of depression, to the accompanying period of restricted credits in which the buying was for immediate wants only, and the prolonged and rigid economy on the part of consumer and producer. In a table prepared by Bradstreets, we find that no fewer than 227 of the more important idle industrial establishments throughout the country have lighted their fires within the past eight weeks, and furnished work to more than 53,000 employes. But entirely aside from this is the showing that the wages of fully 178,000 industrial employes have been advanced since April 1. But the full significance of the statement is only rendered possible when it is shown that within the last two months only 36,000 operatives have been involved by new strikes, and that of them only 25,000 struck for higher wages. The strength and extent of the voluntary increase of wages of industrial employes are indeed a most encouraging exhibition of the force of the underlying conditions of improvement of general trade throughout the country.

As far as the jewelry industry is concerned, it has felt the effect of depressed commercial conditions to a greater degree than any other, and it must wait till all other industries have improved before it experiences a positive revival. Still there are indications that this revival is not far off; returning travelers echo the hopes of the retailers they have visited, while manufacturers are all preparing for a large Fall business. We would not be surprised if the 1895 Fall season in the jewelry trade was one of the most profitable in the history of the industry.

#### Last Week's Arrivals.

THE CIRCULAR has perfected arrangements for obtaining the names and hotel addresses of all the latest buyers visiting New York, and each day posts in its office, 189 Broadway, a bulletin which every member of the trade is cordially invited to copy.

The following out-of-town dealers were registered in New York during the past week : P. H. Bettmann, Chicago, Ill., Astor H.; G. F. Glaser, Denver, Col., St. Denis H.; M. Cohen, Pittsburgh, Pa., Grand Union H.; E. A. Harvey, Hartford, Conn., Grand Union H.; C. C. Will, Pittsburgh, Pa., Grand Union H.; J. J. Coyne, buys art novelties for Mandel Bros., Chicago, Ill., H. Imperial; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, jewelry buyer for Woodward & Lathrop, Washington, D. C., 415 Broadway; D. Dreyfuss, Lynchburg, Va., jewelry buyer for Guggenheimer & Co., 43 Leonard St.; F. G. Sutor, Philadelphia, Pa., St. Denis H.; J. Straub, Lancaster, Pa., Ashland H.; C. P. Williams, Butler, Pa., Astor H.; J. C. Frank, Akron, Ohio, H. Mailborough.

#### **New York Notes.**

S. D. Dessau has filed a judgment for \$27 against Edw. D. Stair.

Frank A. Pfaelzer, Philadelphia, sailed for Europe Saturday on the *Campania*.

'S. B. McCormack, 1358 Broadway, has given a bill of sale of his jewelry store to R. McCormack for \$425.

Edward Forman, of Spaulding & Co., and Mrs. Forman, Chicago, sailed for Europe Wednesday on the *Germanic*.

A. S. Mermod, of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., St. Louis, Mo., sailed May 28th for Europe on the *Trave*.

C. H. Dorflinger and A. J. Grinberg, New York, were passengers for Europe on *La Champagne*, which sailed Saturday.

Walter N. King, Edward B. King and Leo Wormser, all of the Julius King Optical Co., sailed for Europe Wednesday on the *Paris*.

H. A. Kirby, of Kirby, Mowry & Co., Providence, R. I., accompanied by his wife, returned from Europe last week on the *Teutonic*.

The schedules of B. Eckstein & Co., wholesale dealers in jewelry, 496 Broadway, were filed Monday, showing liabilities of \$60,295, nominal assets \$44,089, actual assets \$17,659.

J. G. C. Cottier has entered a judgment for \$2,340.77 against Edward and Alfred Lotary, jewelers, 222 E. Broadway, on a note made by Edward Lotary and endorsed by Alfred Lotary.

The General Term of the City Court last week handed down its opinion in the suit of Freudenheim & Abramson against Julia Raduziner, affirming the judgment for the defendant entered at the trial term.

Miss Mary Evelyn Benedict, daughter of Read Benedict, of Benedict Bros., and James Garnet Basinger, of Georgia, were married last week at the Benedict mansion, "Ravenhurst," West New Brighton.

The cases of Joseph Rundback, charged with concealing property to defraud creditors, and William Dattelbaum, charged with being accessory to the crime, were recently transferred from General to Special Sessions. The cases came up in the latter court Wednesday, and the indictments were dismissed. The accused merchants have settled with the prosecuting creditors by paying 100 cents on their claims, as well as all costs to date.

A motion to amend the complaint of the Dueber Watch Case Mfg. Co. against the 23 manufacturers of watch movements and cases, was made before Judge Lacombe in the United States Circuit Court Saturday afternoon. The United States Circuit Court of Appeals recently sustained the demurrer to this complaint interposed by the E. Howard Watch & Clock Co., and the plaintiffs then moved to amend the complaint to correct the deficiencies pointed out by this tribunal. Judge Lacombe took the papers and reserved decision.

The 10 unset diamonds which Julius Haageman and Isidor Dubois, purser and fourth officer respectively of the Waesland, are accused of having smuggled into this country, were sold by United States Marshal McCarthy, Saturday. The stones which aggregated 1421 karats brought \$620. They were sold in pairs and separately. The demurrer to their indictment interposed by Haageman and Dubois has not yet been argued before Judge Benedict, as the latter is said to have been waiting the decision of Judge Townsend on the diamonds imported by Joseph Frankel's Sons, which was handed down Monday and is published in another part of this issue.

#### The Assignment of S. A. Gutman & Co. Set Aside.

A decision in the suit brought by Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith against Louis Lichtenstein, a partner in the defunct firm of S. A. Gutman & Co., was rendered by Judge Daly, of the Court of Common Pleas, New York, Friday.

Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, who were creditors of S. A. Gutman & Co., obtained judgments against them for \$2,010,14, \$1,079.95 and \$1,330.07. Directly after these judgments were entered, Louis Lichtenstein transferred his interest in his late father's estate to his wife, who again transferred it to a third party. The plaintiffs brought an action to set aside these transfers on the ground that they were made to defraud creditors, and they have won their suit.

Judge Daly's decision sets aside as fraudulent the assignment and transfer made by L uis Lichtenstein to his wife, Gertrude L'chtenstein, of all his right, title and interest in the estate of his father, Moses Lichtenstein, who died on Nov. 19, 1879. The subsequent transfer of the same property by Mrs. Lichtenstein to Simon C. Marum was also declared null and void, for the reason that it was part of a conspiracy to defraud Lichtenstein's creditors. James T. Law is appointed receiver to take charge of the property which Lichtenstein may receive under his father's will. His interest in the estate amounts to over \$5,000.

With the compliments of A. L. Delkin Co., 69 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga., THE CIRCULAR is in receipt of a handsome volume entitled "Official Guide to Atlanta." The book includes information regarding the Cotton States and International Exposition. Among the features of the book is an interesting sketch of the A. L. Delkin Co.

Jewelers desiring to buy seasonable and salable goods should send to Lapp & Flershem, Chicago, Ill., for their circular No. 813, containing illustrations and prices of belts, waist sets, studs, etc., for Summer wear, and circular No. 814, containing bargains in filled cases and "Honest Money" and "Free Silver" lapel buttons. These goods are all appropriate to the times and can be offered at prices that will insure rapid sales.

#### Providence.

#### TRADE CONDITIONS.

The season appears to be opening well and already several concerns have felt the first waves of Fall trade. A large number of jobbers and buyers have been in town during the past week, and several good sized orders have been placed. Those concerns who are making waist\_sets, buckles, links and other seasonable articles are among the busiest, but a generally good business is looked for.

Isaac Stone has started in the manufacturing business at 193 Richmond St.

Charles H. Fuller and family, of Pawtucket, have returned from a European trip.

Extensive alterations and improvements are being made in the office of Fletcher, Burrows & Co.

Charles S. Pine & Co. have removed their manufactory from 121 Broad St. to 38 Friendship St.

M. Myers, Boston, who is offering his creditors 25 cents on the dollar, has liabilities in this vicinity for about \$5,000.

S. Cohen & Co., who have been engaged in the manufacturing jewelry business for about six months at 67 Friendship St., have retired.

Charles F. W. Reinhardt, who has been conducting a manufacturing business for some time at 109 Friendship St., has gone out of business.

George P. Lenau, late with W. S. Hough, Jr., & Co., has gone into the engraving and stone setting business for himself at 151 Pine St., room 1.

J. W. Capron has retired from the recently organized manufacturing concern of R. B. Banister Co. and will in future represent George H. Holmes upon the market.

Henry G. Smith *et ux* have given a mortgage on real estate on California Ave., this city, to the Home Investment Co. for 1,400, subject to a prior moltgage of 1,100.

The Providence line of steamers to New York commenced for the season on Monday the 3d inst. A number of manufacturing jewelers or representatives were among the passengers the first night.

William Bens has taken his brother John Bens into partnership with him, and the manufacturing business will be continued as William Bens & Co. Their plant has been removed from 102 Friendship St. to more commodious quarters at 107.

By the renumbering of Stewart St., the building occupied by S. & B. Lederer, Providence Stock Co., William H. Manchester & Co., Lord & Case, T. E. Carpenter, Campbell-Metcalf Silver Co., Royce, Allen & Co. and D. F. Adams has been changed from 66 to 100.

The stock, tools and fixtures of the manufacturing concern of Alfred H. Williams & Co., 153 Clifford St., was sold at auction

gagee.

AND HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

Among the buyers in town the past week were: J. F. Cohen, of Cohen & Neisser, Milwaukee; J. Weinmann, of Weinmann Bros. & Co., Philadelphia; E. Wertheimer, of E. Wertheimer & Co., New York; J. Steere, of Heilbruuer, Brandt & Steere, New York; J. A. Schwartz, Philadelphia; A. Kronstadt, representative for J. Florsheim & Co., Chicago; an 1 F. Kaufman, New York.

The creditors of B. Eckstein, New York, held another meeting in the rooms of the Manufacturing Jewelers' Board of Trade last Monday afternoon. The committee made a report of their investigations. The representative of Mr. Eckstein who was present, stated that he was authorized to raise the first offer of 20 cents to 25 cents. The matter was freely discussed, and it finally voted to reject this offer. It was afterwards voted that if 33 cents on the dollar was offered, it should be accepted.

The executive committee of the New England Manufacturing Jewelers' Association have sent out their circular invitations for the sixteenth annual meeting of that association on Saturday next. The place selected is the same as last year, Hauterive, on Narragansett Bay, near the Pomham Club grounds The lunch will be served at 11 o'clock, and the business meeting with reports of committees and other business and election of officers, will take place at 12 o'clock. After the business session, the dinner will be served by caterer Walter U. Earle.

#### Philadelphia.

Executions were issued Friday from Common Pleas by the Third National Bank against John E. Frymier, the Market St. fancy china dealer, on a judgment note for \$10,000, and by Geo. R. Reinhard for \$1,015. Mr. Frymier attributes his trouble to general business depression, but says he hopes to pay all his creditors in full.

The replevin suit brought by the receivers of the Philadelphia Optical & Watch Co. against Geo. K. Murray, Ridgway, Pa., was tried before Judge Mayer, of that place, on Wednesday last, and resulted in a verdict for the plaintiffs by order of the court. The action was brought to recover "schedule" goods left with Murray as bailment.

During the past week Messrs. Jacob Muhr, Schimpf and Binder have been busy overhauling the old-time establishment at 7th and Chestnut Sts. preparatory to opening under the new auspices. The liquidation having been settled, the entire interior of the establishment will be changed. Greater show window space will be provided, and extensive improvements will be introduced. It is expected that the new management will be ready to open in about a month.

### A Manufacturer's Reply.

#### The Ivy Ring Co. Answers a Retailer Who Objects to Buying Direct.

#### The Editor of The Jewelers' CIRCULAR:

DEAR SIR:—We note in your issue of May 29, the letter of the retail dealer who signs himself "A Friend of the Jobber," in which he takes exception to our method of marketing the Ivy Rings by selling direct to the retailer instead of placing them through what he is pleased to term the legitimate channel,  $\dot{z}$ . e. the jobber.

It appears to us that the point of illegitimacy raised against the disposition by a manufacturer of his wares through any but the jobber's hands is rather ridiculous. Manufacturers sold direct long before the advent of the jobber on the scene. Many to-day have never marketed through a jobber. We believe that the necessarily limited attention which the jobber can devote to any one line in his stock is not sufficient to do it justice. We introduce the Ivy Rings much more thoroughly, the retailer sells more of them (and we more to him) by pushing them ourselves than would be the case if our output went into the jobber's hands and sales depended on his efforts. Your correspondent wants the jobber to have a profit because he "has the benefit of the jobber's experience when his own judgment is at fault." How many enterprising and successful retailers prefer the jobber's judgment to their own? Who is in the better position to judge of the public's wants, the retailer who deals with them in practice, or the jobber who does so in theory?

The retailer who takes the trouble to look into the matter at all will see several benefits in purchases made direct from the manufacturer. The goods reach him free from the incubus of the middleman's profit, which, small or large, is just so much handicap against competition. "This profit is often tacked on to the price by the manufacturer who sells direct," says your correspondent. Perhaps it is, but in the case of the Ivy Rings we want to state positively and unequivocally that this is *not* so. The retailer purchases at rock bottom price.

To your correspondent's last query, whether we don't sell the jobber because the jobber won't buy of us, we simply answer that, after a full discussion of all the aspects of the case, we decided to sell the retailer direct. We *know* in that case that our goods are being pushed for all they are worth, and in the end our undivided efforts will yield us a better harvest than would the jobber's labors. Selling direct, therefore, we do not ask the jobber to buy. We cover his market thoroughly, and certainly more to our own satisfaction by our own efforts. If your correspondent will send us his name and address we will make up and forward to him an assortment of Ivy rings. If they are not all sold at the end of 30 days, your correspondent may keep the goods with our compliments. Yours truly,

THE IVY RING CO.

Providence, R. I., May 31.



Traveling representatives may consider these columns open for the publication of any news or items of interest regarding themselves or their confreres.

MONG out-of-town traveling men in Columbus, O., recently were: Emanuel Jacobson, Jacobson Bros.; D.Skutch, Waterbury Clock Co.; J. Rothschild, for I. M. Berinstein; Wm. Hanford, Roseman & Levy; Mr. Rohrer, Bassett Jewelry

Co.; representative of Fink, Bodenheimer & Co.; M. W. Smith, Kent & Stanley Co.

George E. Morrill statts this week on a western trip for the Seery Mfg. Co., Providence.

C. B. Randall, Riley, French & Heffron; E. B. Eaton, Young & Stern; Mr. Lane, Allen & Jonassohn; Ben Franklin, L. Tannenbaum & Co., and a host of other eastern men were in Cincinnati last week.

W. F. Adams, for Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., says of his western trip: "Business for the year has been very satisfactory, and the outlook for Fall is most encouraging. Copious rains in Nebraska have given dealers great hopes."

Travelers in Kansas City the past week were: C. A. Boynton, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.; O. R. Ryan, Towle Mfg. Co.; W. S. Willis, Gorham Mfg. Co.; J. D. Underwood, Champenos & Co.; Ed. J. Isaacs, for Ernest Adler; Tom J. Huteson, Spencer Optical Mfg. Co.

Travelers in New Haven last week: Mr. Beckwith, Jos. H. Fink & Co.; Mr. Elcox, Larter, Elcox & Co.; Mr. Mowry, American Watch Case Co.; Mr. Campbell, Day, Clark & Co.; W. C. Nellis, Enos Richardson & Co.; J. W. Thompson, Bioren Bros.; Mr. North, Smith & Knapp.

Members of the traveling fraternity in Indianapolis last week were: Mr. Goldsmith, Leopold Weil & Co.; Mr. Marsh, C. A. Marsh & Co.; H. E. Vincent, Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.; Fred Heffron, Riley, French & Heffron; C. O. E. Hartung, Sussfeld, Lorsch & Co.; B. H. Blank, Hammel, Riglander & Co.; J. E. Blake, Blake & Claflin; O. F. Willemin, T. G. Frothingham & Co., and a representative of D. F. Briggs Co.

About a month ago T. P. Swain, a traveling salesman of Indianapolis, picked up at Manhattan Beach, a handkerchief containing \$2,500 worth of diamonds. Mr. Swain wrote to Mayor Strong of New York, telling him of the find, and in this way the owner was found and the diamonds returned to him. He had dropped the valuable handkerchief while running a race on the beach. Mr. Martin, the owner of the stones, presented Mr. Swain with \$150, and remarked that he had always looked upon the traveling men as a peculiar lot, but he was now convinced that they are the best fellows who ever lived.

The following traveling salesmen passed through Detroit last week: L. Combremont; L. Lelong, L. Lelong & Bro.; Charles Offerman, William Smith & Co.; F. R. Cross, Dueber-Hampden Co.; F. L. Pettee, Waterbury Clock Co.; H. L. Sherman, Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.; F. W. Bliss, Enos Richardson & Co.; I. S. Richter, Bruhl Bros. & Co.; Mr. Brooks, Brooks & Pike; C. F. Ketcham, Riker Bros; F. H. Carpenter, Alfred H. Smith & Co.; and Harry Osborne, Whiting Mfg. Co.

Travelers calling on Syracuse, N. Y. trade last week despite the warm weather were: J. B. Richardson, Wm. C. Greene & Co.; Joseph T. Brennan, Buffalo Watch Co.; H. E. Duncan, American Waltham Watch Co.; L. S. Beckwith, Rockford Watch Co.; Theodore L. Parker; Mr. Rosenbaum, B. H. Davis & Co.; Mr. Cook, Bergstein & Son; A. N. Dorchester, Kent & Stanley Co.; H. B. Richardson, G. A. Dean & Co.; Oscar Stern, Hammel, Riglander & Co.; Mr. Gallagher, Sinnock & Sherrill; Mr. Huestis, Hutchison & Huestis.

Traveling men visiting the Hub the past week included : Charles Van Ness, Reeves & Sillcocks; O. H. Wolff, Alling & Co.; E. W. Martin, Martin, Copeland & Co ; J. D. Pettengill, Derby Silver Co.; H. Barker, John W. Reddall & Co.; Frank Wood, Carter, Sloan & Co.; W. R. Cobb; Harry Hildebrand, H. C. Lindol & Co.; George Paine, E. 1. Franklin & Co.; George H. Cahoone ; Mr. Read, William B. Kerr & Co.; Fred Clarkson, Snow & Westcott; T. B. Wilcox, Pairpoint Mfg. Co.; A. A. Wood, Howard Sterling Co., S. Ware, A. F. Towle & Son Co.; Nate Swift, G. K. Webster & Co.; Louis Fay, Kirby, Mowry & Co.

Traveling men in Pittsburgh, Pa., last week were : A. Lape, Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.; A. W. Atwater, Brooklyn Watch Case Co.; John A. Abel, Lewis, Kaiser & Luthy; Mr. Tiffany, F. H. Sadler & Co.; H. B. Richardson, G. A. Dean & Co.; Mr. Oakley, Thornton Bros.; F. M. Wheeler, Dominick & Haff; Lewis P. Cook, J. F. Fradley & Co.; D. Skutch, Waterbury Clock Co.; C. W. Battey, Waite, Mathewson & Co.; Ernest Block, W. & S. Blackinton; W. T. Hopkins, Meriden Silver Plate Co.; E. M. Knapp, Seymour, Knapp, Warren Co.; L. H. Bosworth, Potter & Buffinton; J. M. Fisher & Co. representative ; G. C. Hudson, H. F. Barrows & Co.; M. Stein, Wendell Mfg. Co.; Mr. Tappan, D. F. Briggs Co.; Harry B. Kennion, H. D. Merritt & Co.; Everett I. Rogers, Parks Bros. & Rogers; E. Untermeyer, Keller & Untermeyer Mfg. Co.; J. F. Dean, Reed & Barton; H. A. Bliss, Krementz & Co.; G. D. Munson, Wm. Rogers Mfg. Co.; Edwin L. Mumford, Waite, Thresher Co.; Mr. Bates, Ellis, Livsey & Brown ; Herbert W. Van Houten for C. Sydney Smith; H. D. Mix, Wightman & Hough Co.

#### Trade Gossip.

The line of fire and burglar proof safes shown by Mosler, Bahmann & Co., 518 Broadway, New York, includes all styles which the jeweler or kindred dealer could desire. Their safes comprise many improvements not found in other makes, while the prices are, perhaps, uniformly lower. A representative will be pleased to call if the jeweler desires to have a new safe, or wishes to exchange his present one for a larger size.

Julius Eichenberg, 174 Weybosset St., Providence, R. I., desires the trade to bear in mind that he was the originator and creator of the "yellow stone," and to notify them of the fact that he will meet all competition in all qualities and will maintain his position as leader. An excellent line of both real and imitation opals and an artistic and dainty line of imitation miniatures are among other good things in Mr. Eichenberg's stock. The regular stock of imitation stones is still as good as ever.

The Mossberg Mfg. Co., Attleboro, Mass., on another page illustrate what they believe to be perfection in rolling mills. They are in use by the Gorham Mfg. Co., Foster & Bailey, the Ostby & Barton Co., and many other first-class houses. All gears and driving mechanism are protected from dust, dirt and the person and clothing of the operator by detachable coverings, which is a most valuable feature. Mills may be had with plain bearings and straight gears if desired, and range in size from 3-inch rolls with 5-inch face, to 8-inch rolls with 12-inch face. The smaller size takes a space about 2x4 feet, the largest 31/2x91/2 feet. A glance at the firm's advertisement on another page shows the mill and conveys an intelligent idea of its improvements.

The steady and gratifying increase in the sales of the Apollo pattern, the latest flatware production of the J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co., Providence, R. I., makes this pattern to-day rank among the most salable in this country. Regular customers duplicate orders again and again, while many new accounts opened on the firm's books vouch for the favorable reception everywhere accorded the Apollo. In some degree its selling powers are also enhanced by the particularly fine line of fancy pieces offered in this pattern, of which the firm's announcement on another page affords some idea. The line of fancy pieces is now also offered in enameled effects, the enameling occupying all the plain surface within the border at the top of the handle. The dainty floral designs relieved by the matt gold which covers all portions not enameled produce a strikingly handsome effect, making each piece a work of art as well as an article of utility. Prices of the enameled ware are very reasonable indeed, while the Apollo pattern and its popular mate, the Argo, are with all other patterns made by the J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co. offered at the regular ounce price.

#### Connecticut.

E. F. Bennett is to open a jewelry store in Waterbury next month.

Jeweler J. B. Keene, Ansonia, was grand marshal of the Memorial day parade in that city.

The Standard Electric Time Co. have engaged J. J. Esterbrook, of Meriden, as constructor and supervisor of all the company's road work.

The Coe Brass Co. have just increased the wages of their 600 employes 10 per cent., restoring prices to the figures paid before the panic.

W. T. Woodruff, president of the Seth Thomas Clock Co., who was thrown from his horse two weeks ago, has so far recovered as to be able to attend to business.

The Waterbury Clock Co. have contracted for an important addition to the manufactory. The building fronting on Elm St. will be built up another story. It is 400 feet long.

A new jewelry store has been opened in Thompsonville by George E. Clark and H. M. Parsons, of Northampton, Mass. Clark & Parsons' store in Northampton was recently burned.

Work has been commenced for the new stamping room at R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co.'s factory, Wallingford, which will be 40 x 60 feet, one story, with a foundation for four stories.

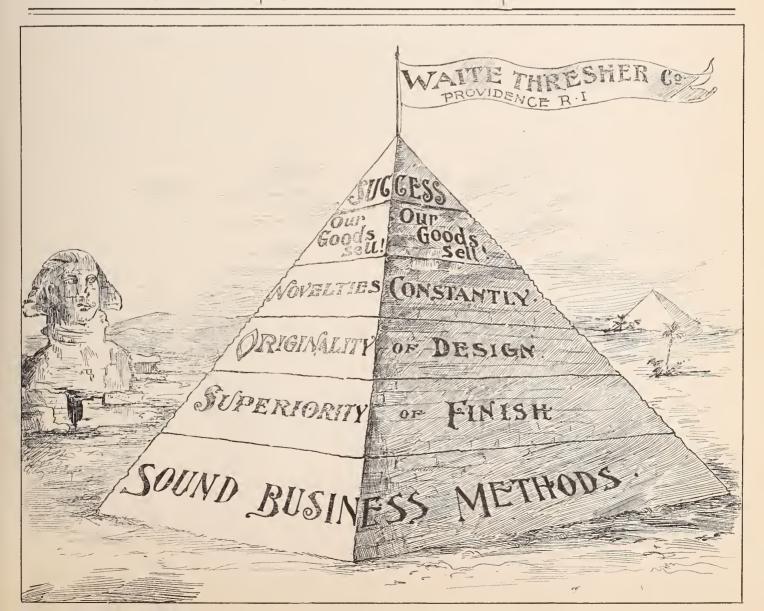
Jeweler L. V. B. Hubbard, of Shelton, has leased the store now occupied by J. E. Wrigley, and will move his jewelry and book and stationery stock to that place as soon as Mr. Wrigley moves into his new store. Frederick W. Shelton will accompany Mr. Hubbard and will carry on the watch repairing business there, and also open a bicycle store.

The New Haven Clock Co. are having great success with their new watch, the New Haven, which they have recently put on the market. Such is the call for it that the company's watch department is working full time, six days a week, and the force engaged in making the watches has been increased. They are small sized vest pocket watches and the cases are of several kinds, imitation gold, silver plated, nickel, etc. Business at the factory has improved so that the entire establishment is working on increased time, nine hours a day, six days a week.

The Curtis memorial bell given to All Saints Church, Meriden, by Mrs. George R. Curtis in memory of her husband, has been placed in position in the church tower. On one side of the bell is the name of the makers and on the opposite side the following inscription:

To the Glory of God and in loving memory of GEORGE REDFIELD CURTIS, Born December, 1825, Died May, 1893. This bell was given by his wife, Augusta M. Curtis, May 22, 1895. Glory to God in the Highest On Earth Peace, Good Will to Men.

Leisure & Brooks, jewelers and booksellers, Independence, Kan., have turned over their stock to their creditors. It was taken possession of by the First National Bank and Walter Sickles was placed in charge. The value of the stock will exceed their indebtedness and the firm will probably be able to resume business.



Page.

### CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Advertisements are entitled to one insertion under proper heading. Extra insertions, \$6.00 per annum. Extra Headings, \$12.00 per annum.

Assayers & Refiners.	Page.	Gold Jewelry. Page.	Show Cases
Goldsmith Bros., 63 & 65 Washing Chicago, Ill Rathbone, J., 1-9 Mathewson St., Pro R. I	ovidence, 25	Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane30-36 Ball, Wm. H. & Co., 15 John St., N. Y 23 Carter, Sloan & Co., 15 Maiden Lane, N. Y 9	Melishek & I Silver Plated
		Gold and Rolled Plate Jewelry.	King, Hugh
Auctioneers.		Waite, Thresher Co., Providence, R. I 21	Rogers & Br
Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y Rich, H. M. & Co 21 School St.,	Boston,	Horological Schools.	The Wm. Ro
Mass	27	Parson's School for Watchmakers, Peoria, Ill. 26	Codding Bro
Badges, Medals, Etc.		Jobbers, Watches, Diamonds, Etc.	Mass Howard & C
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Brenner, Victor D., 108 Fulton St., N		Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., 19 Maiden Lane . 30-36 Lapp & Flerchem, 92-98 State St., Chicago 25 Myers, S. F. & Co., 48 Maiden Lane, N. Y 36	Sterling Site
Chains.		Zferni e I Demen	Dominick & Fuchs, Ferd
Blackinton, W. & S., Attleboro, Mass	<u>3</u>	Musical Boxes.	N.Y. Knowles, J.
Chronomotors Marino		Jacot & Son, 39 Union Square, N. Y 27	Hall, Unic Shiebler, Ge Towle Mfg.
Chronometers, Marine. Bliss, John & Co., 129 Front St N. V	. 71	Muslin Buffs.	Whiting, F.
Diss, John & Co., 129 From St., N.		Williamsville Mfg. Co., 18 S. Water St., Provi- dence, R. I	Wood & Hu
Clocks, French, English and A	merican.		Tissue Pape
Evans, W. F. & Sons, Hendsworth,		Optical Goods.	Dexter, C. F
ham. England Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortl: N. Y.	andt St.,	Geneva Optical Co., Chicago, 111s 25 Kirstein's, E., Sons Co., Rochester, N. Y 34 Levy, Dreyfus & Co., 11 Maiden Lane, N. Y 27	Tool Manufa
Self-Winding Clock Co., 26 Broadway		Optical Schools.	American W Mossberg M Oliver, W. V
Diamond & Precious Stone Im	porters	Chicago Ophthalmic College	Mantaiga Sh
Cross & Beguelin, 17 Maiden Lane, N Disselkoen, John N., 5-7 Maiden Lat		Riowics, Di., 4 Marden Lane, N. F 50	Rice & Hoch
Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. Hedges, Wm. S. & Co., 170 Broadway		Paneled Metal Ceilings.	
Kahn, L. & M. & Co., 172 Broadway, Kipling, R. A., Hays Bldg., N. Y Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maio	N.Y 36	Northrop, A. & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa 30	Trunks and Crouch & Fi
N. Y		Pens, Pencils, etc.	Watch Case
Rich & Allen, State and Madison Sts. Smith, Alfred H. & Co., 182 Broadwa		Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane, N.Y. 30-36 Mabie, Todd & Bard, New York	Dueber Han Fahys, Jos.,
Diamond Cutters.		Printing, Engraving, &c.	Illinois Wat Jacobson, F
Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, Presco		Blanchard, Isaac H , 123-125 West Broadway,	Watch Case
N. Y Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Mai		N. Y 35	N. J. Felix,
Enamelers.		Ring Makers.	Watch Impo
Wild, S. S & Son, 179 Eddy St., Pr R. I.		Bowden, J. B. & Co., 192 Broadway, N. Y 8 Bryant, M. B., & Co., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 30 Ivy Ring Co., Providence, R. I	Hyde's, J. E Loveland, R Mathey Bros Lane, N.Y
Engraving School.		Safer	Robert, E. I
Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Ch	icago 25	Mosler, Bahmann & Co., 518 B'way, N. Y 30	Watch Keys Clark, A. N.
Fine Engraving.		Sample Trunks.	Ciara, A. M.
The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 St.,N. Y		Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y 2	Watch Man Dueber-Han
Fine Stationery.		Scales.	Watchmen's
Parsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St.	, N.Y 35	Kohlbusch, Herman, Sr., 59 Nassau St., N. Y. 8	Imhauser, E

Melishek & Petter, 128 Maiden Lane, N. Y	2
ver Plated Ware.	

King, Hugh E., 908 Masonic Temple, Chicago,	
III	25
Rogers & Bro., 16 Cortlandt St., N. Y	11
The Wm. Rogers Mtg. Co., Hartford, Conn	36

#### erling Silver Novelties.

Codding	Bros.	& F	Heilbor	n, North	Attleboro	
Mass						7
Howard &	Coc	ksha	W. 220	Fourth A	ve., N. Y.,	32

#### erling Silverware.

Dominick & Haff, Union Square. N. Y	7
Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 808-810 Greenwich St.	
N. Y	4
Knowles, J. B. & S. M. Co., Silversmiths'	
Hall, Union Square, N. Y	4
Shiebler, Geo.W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N. Y.	7
Towle Mfg. Co., Newburyport, Mass	4
Whiting, F. M., Co., North Attleboro, Mass.	6
Wood & Hughes, 16 John St., N. Y	4

#### ssue Paper.

Dexter, C. H., & Sons, Windsor Locks, Conn. 35

#### ol Manufacturers and Dealers.

American Watch Tool Co., Weltham. Mass.. 30 

#### rtoise Shell Goods.

Rice & Hochster, 415 Broadway, N. Y..... 11

#### unks and Traveling Bags.

Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y.... 2

#### atch Case Manufacturers.

Dueber Hampden Co., Canton, O..... . .... II Fahys, Jos., & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N.Y. 11 Illinois Watch Case Co., Elgin, Ill..... 2 Jacobson, F H. & Co., 56 State St., Chicago . 25

#### atch Case Repairers.

N. J. Felix, 17 John St., N. Y..... 36

#### atch Importers.

Hyde's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y 27 Loveland, R. A., 177 Broadway, N. Y..... 2 Mathey Bros., Mathez & Co., 21 and 23 Maiden Lane, N.Y..... Robert, E. E., 3 Maiden Lane, N. Y.....

#### atch Keys.

Clark.	А.	N.,	Plainville.	Conn	6

#### atch Manufacturers.

Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton O... ... II

#### atchmen's Time Detectors.

Imhauser, E., 206 Broadway, N. Y..... 36

## Special Notices.

Rates 75c, per Insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines (25 words); additional words 2 cents each. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per cent off; four insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertion, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. It answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

## Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. If answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

POSITION WANTED by diamond setter and jeweler; first-class workman; can do all kinds of repairing; New York city references. Address L. Weissenberg, 546 E. Fifth St, New York.

**T** RAVELING SALESMAN (American Israelite), with long established trade in south and west, is open for a position June 1st; unexceptional references. Address "Y," care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

EXPERIENCED TRAVELING SALESMAN is open for a position; well acquainted with trade in New York State and vicinity. Address Hustler, care H. B. Peters & Co., 177 Broadway, New York City.

A JEWELRY FOREMAN and first-class designer on diamond and general jewelry, capable of taking entire charge of factory, wants a position. Address A. Smith, care E. P. Reichhelm & Co., 80 Nassau St., New York City.

BY PRACTICAL, conscientious watchmaker, with first-class house where light is good; experienced in trade work; 12 years at bench; own tools and trial case; South preferred; references exchanged. Address Isochronic, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WATCHMAKER, expert in fine watch work, best reference, American lathe, single, speaks German and English, desires situation, or will rent bench in first-class store; can give security; do no engraving. Address Watchmaker, 163t N. 7th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

SITUATION WANTED - Any manufacturer who wants a thorough, capable foreman, pattern maker, melter and refiner on tools, or other work, for gold, silver or plate, can secure a desirable workman and mechanic; will go anywhere. Address M. R. G., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A FIRST-CLASS REPAIRER of repeating chronographs and other fine watches, would like a place as soon as possible. His own bench can be used if needed, with an excellent equipment of tools; wages may be determined agreeably to circumstances; unquestionable references. Address Reliable, care IFWEL' S'CT CULAR.

## Belp Wanted.

A TRAVELING SALESMAN for the Middle States only, to sell in connection with his present line, a first-class line of jewelry to retail jewelers exclusively. Address N. B., care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR. WANTED-A good and permanent situation is offered to a good watchmaker and engraver by S. F. Gordon, Shreveport, La; none but a hrst-class hand in both branches need apply. Address, with references, at once, to S. F. Gordon, Shreveport, La.

## Business Opportunities.

WILL BUY OLD ESTABLISHED JEWELRY S TORE, New York or vicinity; must be cheap; state how much bench work. Address Jewel, care JEWELERS CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE –Jewelry store, stock and fixtures, \$3,300; can reduce stock; railroad division; population 3.000; average net profit for six years, \$2.200; central Illinois; terms cash; will stand investigation. Address H., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE-\$1,000 stock in one of the best trading points in northwest Missouri at 75 cents on the dollar; stock in good shape; good opportunity for a man with some capital; bench work will pay expenses; population 1,000. Address P. O. Box 12, Jamesport, Mo.

FOR SALE—A well established jewelry business in a city of 18,000 population; electric street cars and lights, water works, etc. surrounded by a fine farming country; large wholesale center; store is finely equipped with modern fixtures; located on principal street; bench work averages \$250 to \$300 per month, all the work two men can do; stock can be reduced to suit purchaser; good reasons for selling; for particulars, address W. D. Tusten & Co., Shreveport, La.

## To Get.

TO LET.-At 915 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, 5 beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators; suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china and glass importer. Apply on premises.

## Miscellaneous

 $\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{l} W \texttt{ANTED} \texttt{you}_{t}' \texttt{to} \texttt{know} \texttt{ that the genuine "Moseley} \\ \texttt{Lathe"} \mathrel{``equals tue best of the very best. When} \\ \texttt{interested} \texttt{ write your jobber for new price list, or to} \\ \texttt{the manufacturers, Moseley \& Co., Elgin, Ill.} \end{array}$ 

WE WANT TRIPLE PLATE table cutlery, fl.t and hollow silverware to supply a scheme house; will pay spot cash for all goods and place first order for \$500 to \$1,000; manufacturers, what have you to offer? Hutchins Bros., Wholesale Jewelers, St. Paul, Minn.

\$3,000 will buy a Jewelry business in a Connecticut city, well located. Stock and fixtures will inventory over \$5,000. Terms easy. Owner has other business. Address, L. J. SAXTON,

Norwichtown, Conn.

NEW YORK.

## Wм. Ĥ. BALL & COMPANY,

Manufacturing Jewelers,

15 JOHN STREET,



Saratoga Springs, May 6, '95.

Jewelers' Circular Publishing Co.:

Enclosed find check in payment of one insertion of my special notice. I received about 25 applications and have secured a good man.

Yours,

# TO LET.

Two fine large floors in factory building, St. Marks and Underhill avenues, Brooklyn. Solid floors. Light all around; power in abundance.

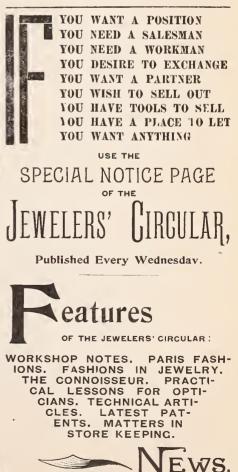
Fire proof vaults built in on each floor. Elevator, Stairs, Transmitting Room and Plumbing in separate extension.

Apply to

## GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO.,

## 179 BROADWAY,

## NEW YORK.





Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

VOL. XXX.

## CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, 1895.

No. 18

## Chicago Notes.

John Baumer, Omaha, Neb., has moved into his new store on Douglas St.

Geo. A. Cutting, Winona, Minn., expects to move into his new store this week.

Manager Burchard and W. F. Adams, of Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., will visit St. Louis this week.

Ed. R. Gifford, of the Ed. R. Gifford Jewelry Co., Edina, Mo., is studying engraving with J. B. Wiggins.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Marquardt Jr., returned Saturday from a visit to the parents of both at Des Moines, Ia.

Manager Whiting, of the Crescent Watch Case Co., returned from leading western cities with many orders. He reports good trade at all points.

Edward Forman, manager for Spaulding & Co., and Mrs. Forman, left Wednesday for an extended tour of Europe, covering a period of six weeks.

Geo. W. Hickox, of Hickox & Hickson, El Paso, Tex., Albuquerque, N. M., and Santa Fé, N. M., is in town figuring on fixtures for a new store at Las Vegas, N. M.

The Gorham Mfg. Co. report continued improvement over last year and a very satisfactory business. The company are getting out many new goods, and promise the trade a big line for Fall business.

Harrison B. Smith, of Alfred H. Smith & Co., and Frank H. Carpenter, western traveler, visited the Chicago office of the firm. Mr. Carpenter left for the east Monday, after reporting a good trip through the west for the season. Mr. Smith will remain here for the week.

The second floor, or rather half floor, built over the shipping room of F. M. Sproehnle & Co.'s salesroom, increases their space 300 square feet and will be devoted to stock. "When we moved here we thought we had room enough for all time to come, but we were mistaken," said Mr. Sproehnle.

Percy Savery, general salesman for Jos. Fahys & Co., will be married this evening to Miss Kathryn O'Donnell, a young lady of this city. The affair is a strictly family one, no invitations being issued. The wedding takes place at the residence of the bride's parents, 6506 Lafayette Ave., Englewood.

George Rice, Gorham Mfg. Co., leaves for New York the present week, Bruce Bonny, of the New York office, temporarily taking charge of the Chicago office. Geo. H. Robinson, vice-president of the Gorham Mfg. Co., is expected here the present week. No permanent successor to the late E. W. Prentiss has yet been selected.

The New Haven Silver Plate Co., of Chicago, have incorporated with a capital stock of \$50,000 for the "manufacturing, buying and selling merchandise of every kind, and particularly gold, silver and nickel wares and gold plated, silver plated and nickel plated wares." The promoters are John K. George, Geo. W. Banks and Geo. Hill.

A loss of \$3,000 to \$4,000 was occasioned by a fire the evening of May 27th on the third floor of Spaulding & Co.'s establishment, 241-243 State St. This floor is occupied by the stationery department of the firm. The fire broke out in the printing department, near the center of that floor, and the contents of the entire floor were damaged by fire, smoke and water. The flames were confined to the one floor, and the lower floors escaped damage by water.

The following reports of railway watch inspection for the second quarter, of 1895, have been completed by J. W. Forsinger, general inspector:

Illinois Central R.R.:

Examined	4,230
Compared with standard time	
Average days' run for rated watches	20
Average daily variation for rated watches, sec-	
onds	.8
Rejected as unsafe	6

Louisville and Nashville:

 Examined
 1,139

 Compared with standard time
 834

 Average days' run for rated watches
 33

 Average daily variation for rated watches, seconds
 6

 Rejected
 2

Three weeks ago a party went into F. M. Sproehnle & Co.'s and asked to see some gold chains. He was noticed to slip a chain up his sleeve and F. M. Sproehnle was notified. "Take that chain out of your sleeve" exclaimed Mr. Sproehnle laying his hand on the man's shoulder. The man remonstrated, at the same time backing up to a counter and dropping the chain. An officer was called and the man taken in custody. Wednesday he was given four years in the State penitentiary. The chain was valued at \$20.

John F. Turner, jewelers' auctioneer, is just home from Wausau, Wis., where he closed a very successful sale for Dickinson & Kelly. The entire stock valued at several thousand dollars was sold, as well as the safe, regulator and fixtures. Mr. Kelly is a stockholder in the Wausau Novelty Co., and will serve as bookkeeper for this concern, while Mr. Dickinson will go on the road for a wholesale optical company.

## Pittsburgh.

Wm. H. Milchsack, 129 Fifth Ave., will go out of the jewelry trade, and will enter the employ of his father.

J. R. Reed, 439 Market St., has had the front of his store torn out, and will replace it with a handsome new one.

On Saturday, June 1st, was inaugurated the half-holiday season among many jewelers, and the 5 o'clock P M. closing was also put in force.

W. W. Wattles has taken out a permit to build two East End houses at a cost of \$6,800. Mr. Wattles has been a successful dealer in realty.

W. O. Harrison, with G. B. Barrett & Co., will be married to-day at 8 o'clock P. M. to Miss Anna Loraine South, of Allegheny. Mr. Harrison is one of the most popular young jewelers in the city.

M. Bonn, the wholesale jeweler, has leased for the Summer months the 15-room brick house with about two acres of land, located about one minute from Quaker Valley station, near Sewickley. This property is known as the Jackson place.

Heeren Bros. & Co. have started on the factory work of the G. A. R. souvenirs and badges for the encampment at Louisville. They will be made from two cannon—from the north and the south—and something like 30,000 will be the number made.

Suit was entered by Henry Terheyden against Lewis J. Seleznick for \$200 and a *capias* issued for the defendants. Seleznick found a pair of diamond earrings lost by plaintiff, and notwithstanding he is aware of the ownership of the property, he refuses to give it up.

## Detroit.

D. C. Morse, jeweler, Ithaca, Mich., was here last week. He is taking a course in optics with L. Black & Co.

A. T. Scattergood, who was recently burned out at Mt. Pleasant, Mich., has started a new jewelry store in Mancelona, Mich.

David Davis, jeweler, 14 Michigan Ave., last week removed to 48 Michigan Ave. A new 14 story business block will be erected on the site formerly occupied by him.

Henry Adams, sentenced to five years in prison for robbing Burt & Hurlbut of \$5,000 worth of diamonds, has been granted 30 days in which to move for a new trial.

Harry Pope, who was under arrest in Mason, Mich., for robbing the jewelry store of D. D. Ranney, Leslie, Mich., escaped last week by wrenching off the hinges of his cell door.

William Ambler, the Northville jeweler, was in the city last week. He has sold his business to Doehle & Son, Yale, Mich., who will continue the business. Mr. Ambler will retire permanently.

George Krementz, who recently lost his suit against the old firm of F. G. Smith, Sons & Co. in the Wayne County Circuit Court, has carried the case to the Supreme Court where it will be tried during the June term.

The Shellito Jewelry Co. opened a well appointed store last week, in Sault Ste Marie, Mich. The store is under the management of F. P. Smith. The optical department will remain in the main store on Portage Ave.

F. Burleson, a forger and diamond nipper, was arrested here last week. Jewelers Merritt & Co. of Northville, complained that he stole a diamond from him last week. After a careful search the missing stone was found in the prisoner's cell.

J. C. Hopkins, the alleged diamond thief under arrest in Grand Rapids, has hired counsel to defend him, paying for his services with the precious stones which are said to have been stolen. As he will be

tried on several charges, the attorney bids fair to shortly have a \$2,500 collection of jewels on his hands.

## St. Louis.

F. H. Niehaus & Sons have opened a new store on 6th St. between Olive and Locust Sts.

Henry Detmering, a jeweler, was fined \$3 and costs a few days ago in Justice Moulic's court for refusing to allow Assessor Hartley to assess his property.

The Retail Jewelers' Association of Missouri are busy making preparations for their annual convention to be held here July 16, 17 and 18th. Maj. Frank R. Bigney will respond to the toast, "The Press," at the convention.

The R. Loewenstein Jewelry Co., of St. Louis, have incorporated with a capital stock of \$10,000 for the general dealing in jewelry and the manufacturing of jewelry. The promoters are Raphael Loewepstein, Alex. Berg, and Henrietta Loewenstein, all of St. Louis.



-"ESTIMATES GIVEN ON GOLD AND SILVER. IF NOT SATISFACTORY WE WILL RETURN SHIPMENT INTACT AND PAY ALL CHARGES."----

June 5, 1895.

The Boehmer Jewelry Co. of St. Louis, have incorporated with a capital stock of \$8.000 in single shares of \$100, to retail jewelry. The organizers are Caroline Boehmer, 40 shares; Edward C. Boehmer, 20 shares, and Emma Boehmer, 20 shares. The capital stock is full paid.

John F. Bolland, of the J. Bolland Jewelry Co., has a "new woman" to register for the next baby show. The girl was born last Tuesday morning.

## Columbus, 0.

James Bourquin, of Bourquin & Co., is spending several months at his old home in Switzerland,

F. B. Kehrer, of Bucyrus, has a collection of relics in a case at his jewelry store which is attracting a great deal of attention. The collection belongs to Frank C. High and is a very valuable one, containing as it does a fine assortment of the best specimens of the utensils of the aborigines of our country.

## Indianapolis.

State jewelers seen here last week were : L. E. Bucktel, Knightstown ; L. J. Hemley, Alexandria ; O. N, Ridgway, Sheridan ; C. Bowers, Fincastle ; A. Meissen, Cicero.

Craft & Koehler have refitted their workshop, adding new machinery, melting and enameling plants, all run by electricity. Gus Craft started June 1st on a trip through Indiana in the interests of Craft & Koehler.

## Pacific Coast Notes.

C. H. Canfield, Orange, Ore., is selling out his jewelry stock.

F. M. Judd has opened a jewelry store in Pokegama, Ore.

M. W. Jenks, San Diego, Cal., will move into a fine new store August 1st.

Charles H. Pratt is reported to be about to open a jewelry store in Butte, Mont.

George Jordan, San Bernardino, Cal. has moved into his new store, which is fitted in elegant style.

E. N. Crawford, of Chicago, is visiting Flagstaff, Ariz., and it is said he will locate permanently there.

H. E. Wilkinson is fitting up a jewelry store in Independence, Cal., occupying the old post office building.

James Da Mant, jeweler, Visalia, refused to pay a license, whereupon an attachment was issued by a local justice.

Byron Naylor, San Diego, Cal., has removed to Santa Fé., N. M., where he will engage in the jewelry business.

William D. Allison's jewelry store, 69 W.

## PARSONS & SCHOOL WATCHMAKERS, PEORIA, ILL Send for Circular and Terms.

PARSONS & CO.

Santa Clara St., San Jose, was burned May 21st. Mr. Allison's loss was not heavy. The fire was of incendiary origin.

Two young men of good appearance have been overhauled by the police at the Reiss House, San Jose, upon suspicion of stealing diamond earrings from M. H. Osgood, a San Jose jeweler. They were searched, but the jewelry was not found. In their baggage at the hotel there were found over 200 plain rings. The young men were allowed to go free

## Kansas City.

E. B. Van Ness, Mound City, Kan., was in town for a few days last week. Among other country buyers in town were: J. A. Hart, Oskaloosa Kan; and J. N. Collins, Cherokee, Kan.

J. R. Mercer has had on display in his windows the past week two very artistic medals manufactured by him for the Greek and Latin prizes to be awarded at the Central High School, this city.

A few nights ago, some one thre w a rock against the big plate glass window in H Drukker's jewelry store, Atchison, Kan., at about midnight. Two officers heard the crash and went to see what was up. They found the broken window, but no jewelry had been taken. Early the next morning John W. Madage walked up to Chief Seip and began such a curious talk in regard to the breaking of the window that he was arrested. He acted as if he had a wheel in his head. Madage has been paralyzed, and his mind is undoubtedly unbalanced.

## Minneapolis and St. Paul.

C. M. Thompson, of the Reed & de Mars Jewelry Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, mourns the death of his mother, ared 43 years, which occurred on May 27th.

A E. Paegel, Minneapolis, removed from 48 S. 31 St. to 48½ same street, pending the erection of a new building on the old ground. Mr. Paegel will occupy one of the new storerooms

J. H. Roettger, Richmond, Minn.; Wm. Krohn, Annandale, Minn.; F. H. Eickmeier, North Branch, Minn.; L. Diacon, Chaska, Minn., were the out-of town jewelers visiting the Twin Cities the past week.

Edward Nordgren, who claims that he was induced to put up \$15 at I. B. Miller's jewelry store, 26 Washington Ave. S., Minneapolis, for a watch that he says is worthless, has begun suit in the Municipal Court against the firm.

F. M. Sprochule & Co., Chicago, who were heavy creditors of J. S. Allen & Co., Minneapolis, who some time ago assigned and subsequently formed a stock company under the firm name of J. S. Allen Jewelry Co., the Sprochules assuming an interest in the new firm, last week acquired the entire business. It is not definitely known what disposal will be made of the place. A. W. Sprochule is in charge of it.

## Cincinnati.

Jos. Noterman writes from Europe of his safe arrival.

A. G. Schwab & Bro. have put in the Holmes burglar alarm system.

The stock of A. Weiler & Co. is being sold out by order of the Court.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of John Herschede to Miss Rose Thale, June 12th.

R. B. Dickenson, Richmond, Ind., Frank Henn, Chillicothe, were visitors to Cincinnati last week.

Ike Lynch, Greenville, O., was in Cincinnati last week to meet his wife on her return from Asheville, N. C., where she has been for her health.

Ike Bloom, of Bloom & Phillips, left for New York and the east Saturday evening to inspect new goods.

The store of Mr. Fullerlove, Owenton, Ky., was robbed several days ago of \$1,500 worth of jewelry. The thief was caught Saturday and about \$1,000 worth of the goods recovered.

Oskamp, Nolting & Co. have the finest display of tortoise shell goods ever seen in Cincinnati. About \$2,000 worth is shown in one window. Some of the combs are very elaborate and are valued at \$75 to \$100.

E. E. Isbell, the well-known jeweler who has occupied his present quarters for years, is compelled to move as his lease has expired. The owner of the building wishes to remodel it. A forcible entry and detainer suit was entered in Squire Winkler's Court against E E. Isbell, May 27, by William Miller, who seeks to put him out of the store at 32 E 4th St. Mr. Isbell was served with a notice to quit several days ago, but as he did not do so legal steps have been taken.

Judge Ferris heard the question of the giving of the bond by the executors of the Hellebush estate last week. Under the will no bond was required, and as there had been no demand or even suggestion of the propriety and necessity for a bond heretofore uone had been given. During the discussion of the proposition made by the executors for a settlement with the Commercial Bank, the propriety of a bond was in some way suggested and the counsel for the trustees acquiesced at once in the matter. Judge Ferris, upon agreement of counsel for the estate and for the trustees of the bank, fixed the amount at \$120,000. This, of course, is only intended to protect the creditors upon the personal property of the estate and is thought to be amply sufficient.

J. H. Sensinig, 'jeweler, New Holland, Pa., has opened a singing school in that town.

Mrs. Emma J. Ruger, Elmira, N. Y., has removed her stock to 107 Sly St., where she is closing it out at cost.

## News Gleanings.

L. Lingren has opened a repair shop in Ogden, Ia.

Albert Mellin, Jr., has engaged in the jewelry business in Stillwater, Minn.

A. O. Berg has opened a jewelry store in Graettinger, Ia.

J. M. Kimball, has sold out to Whitcomb Bros., Lancaster, N. H.

Bert D. Pope, Tilton, N. H., who has been on the sick list, is rapidly recovering.

Mrs. Jessie Brown, Columbus, Kan., has sold her jewelry establishment to Lew Winter and James Throop.

Isaac Samuels, jeweler, Sayre, Pa., was recently married to a young lady of New York.

Harry Rosenberg, jeweler, Hamburg, N. Y., was last week married to Mi-s Rebecca Kahn, of Philadelphia, Pa.

R. C. Eldredge, Milford, Mass., is looking for bluefish this week at Buzzard's Bay, Mass.

The Silver Plate Company of Oshkosh, Wis., amended their articles to increase their capital stock from \$10,000 to \$20,000.

George H. Foye, of G. O. Foye & Son, Athol, Mass., has gone down east on his annual fishing trip among the Maine lakes and streams.

Harry Martin, of Kahoka, Mo., has bought the jewelry stock of G. F. Bauch, Fort Madison, Ia., and will continue the business with David White in charge.

Morris Benton, North Bergen, N. Y., has gone into partnership with George Harris, of Byron Center, in the jewelry business, in eastern Pennsylvania.

George Logemann, Sr., of George Logemann & Sons, Milwaukee, Wis., sailed for Europe May 30th on the *Fuerst Bismarck*. He will travel through the greater part of Europe, and will likely return in the latter part of this year.

Cyrus Platt, Delaware, O., has assigned his stock of jewelry to his son, Frank C. Platt. The assets are estimated at \$1,500; liabilities unestimated. Mr. Platt has conducted a store in Delaware for over 40 years.

A. H. Eaton, a member of the jewelry firm of Eaton & Parmeter, North Topeka, Kan., will probably discontinue his business there next month to go to Brunswick. Mo., to accept a position. Mr. Parmeter will remain in North Topeka.

A number of jewelry firms in Baltimore, Md., have entered into an agreement to close their places of business at five o'clock every afternoon except Saturdays, during the Summer months. On Saturdays their stores will be closed at one o'clock.

A blaze in the four-story brick building corner of Halsey and Marshall Sts., Newark, N. J., occupied by L. Lelong & Bro., about 11.30 o'clock on the night of May 24th called out the fire department. The damage was trifling, and the blaze is supposed to have been caused by a furnace.

H N. Crane has sold out his interest in the jewelry store of F. B. Crane & Co., Mt. Pleasant. Ia., to James P. Rouse. The firm name is now Crane & Rouse, F. B. Crane retaining the interest previously owned by him. Mr. Rouse has been connected with the store for at least 15 years.

McEwan Bros' jewelry store, Waupun, Wis., was robbed recently, the thief entering through a back window and taking a number of chains, rings and watches. Deputy Sheriff Meiklejohn followed the thief to Oshkosh and brought him back with most of the stolen property.

Sneak thieves broke into R. A. Jost's jewelry store, Bayonne, N. J., early Friday morning and decamped with watches and other valuables worth over \$100. The Bayonne police have a clue to the thieves. The plate-glass show window of the store was smashed.

George W. Hickox, of Hickox & Hickson, Santa Fé, N. M., has gone to Chicago, where he will purchase a large stock of watches and jewelry for a branch house to be established in El Paso. The firm have already fine stocks of jewelry in Albuquerque and Santa Fé.

Two more arrests of persons charged with the burglary of Eagan's jewelry store in Muscoda, Wis., have been made. They are William McLaughlin and Joseph Molloy, of Boscobel. Sheriff Dicer arrested them in Iowa. The other man, Cavanaugh, who has been in jail in Lancaster, Wis., will be taken to Crawford county for trial. It is said the sheriff has track of some of the articles stolen. Charles S. Franz, optician, 109 E. King St., Lancaster. Pa., met with a severe accident at his establishment last week. He was removing some goods from a top shelf when the box on which he was standing tilted, throwing Mr. Frantz headforemost to the floor. His head was very badly cut and other injuries were sustained. He was carried into a drug store next door where his injuries were dressed.

The burglar alarm of Rodgers & Pot tinger Jewelry Co., Louisville, Ky., sounded last Monday morning about 1.30 o'clock at Central station. Three officers went to the store, and making an examination of the interior, found the doors and windows fastened down as usual. A member of the firm was notified, and the key to the store being secured the building was entered by the officers. Nothing suspicious was discovered, and no explanation as to why the alarm went off could be given. It is thought, however, that wires might have become crossed.

OF COPENHAGEN. The reputation these watches have maintained for Filly Years has never been equalled, being made on strictly scientific principles and no expense spared to give the Best results in mechanism and timekeeping gualities.

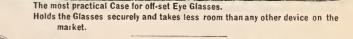
Jules Jürgensen

BOLE AGENTS. John C. Lyde's Sons, No 25 Maiden Lane





H. M. RICH & CO., Jewelry · Auctioneers, 21 School Street, BOSTON. MASS.



27 .



## The Latest Patents.

#### ISSUE OF MAY 28, 1895.

539, S17. CIGAR - TIP CUTTER. LEMAN C. MINE, Brooklyn, N. Y. Filed Aug. 16, 1894. Serial No. 520,484. (No model.)

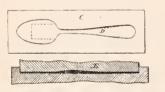


540,040. EYEGLASSES. WILLIE N. BLAN-CHARD, Southbridge, Mass., assignor, by mesne assignments, of one half to Solomon E. Blanchard, same place. Filed Feb. 13, 1894. Serial No. 500,-061. (No model.)



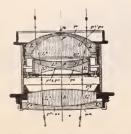
In a pair of eyeglasses, the combination with the frames, the lenses, the nose pieces and the posts of the upwardly extending, inwardly curved arms, having apertured lugs at their upper ends; the parallel rods secured, respectively, to said lugs, and the rod secured to one lug passing through the aperture in the other lug; the apertured plates secured to one end of each rod, through which said rods respectively pass, and the coiled springs interposed between said plates and lugs.

540.046. DIE FOR MAKING SPOON OR FORK BLANKS. FREDERICK M. CHAMBERS, Wallingford, Conn. Filed May 18, 1892. Serial No. 433.438. (No model.)



The herein described male and female dies for the manufacture, by pressing or swaging, of the blanks used in the production of spoons and forks, the said female die having in its face a cavity corresponding in outline to the outline of the finished blank required and deeper than the thickest portion of the same, and the male die corresponding in outline to the outline of the said cavity to adapt it to enter the same, and the bottom of the cavity in the female die and the face of the male die corresponding in conformation to the respective surfaces of the finished blank, which is subsequently operated upon by suitable shaping instrumentalities to convert it into a spoon or fork, substantially as set forth, and whereby the initial blanks, subjected to the action of the said male and female dies, are spread laterally and longitudinally so as to fill the female die, and also properly differentiated in thickness from end to end.

540,122. LENS. HAROLD D. TAYLOR, York,



England. Filed Feb. 5, 1894. Serial 499,140. (No model.)

540,138. NOSE-PIECE FOR EYEGLASSES. JOHN L. BORSCH, Philadelphia, Pa. Filed Apr. 6, 1894. Serial No. 506,602. (No model.) The combination with an eyeglass frame provided with a recessed jaw, of an adjustable nose-piece formed



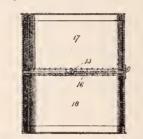
of wire, having its central portion bent to form a loop with parallel sides, and adapted to be vertically adjusted in said recessed jaw, and the ends bent in opposite directions with eyes at each extremity to receive the facing.

540,147. FRUIT-KNIFE. WILLIAM S. COOPER, Newport, R. I.—Filed Feb. 23, 1895. Serial No. 539.391. (No model.)



A fruit knife for oranges, lemons, etc., comprising a handle and a tubular or hollow cylindrical cutter disposed at an angle thereto.

510,205. JEWELERS' SAWDUST BOX. CHARLES T. BRADSHAW, Washington, D. C.-Filed Nov. 15, 1894. Serial No. 528,901. (No model)



A sawdust box, having a cut-off arranged interiorly thereof, a chamber on each side of said cut-off, and a foraminous partition separating each chamber from the cut-off.

DESIGN 24,328. FINGER RING. HENRY POLLEN, Newark, N. J.-Filed Oct, 9, 1894.

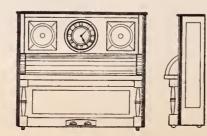


Serial No. 525,435. Term of patent 3½ years. DESIGN 24,329. LINK-CUFF-BUTTON SHANK. JAMES A. FLOMERFELT, New York,



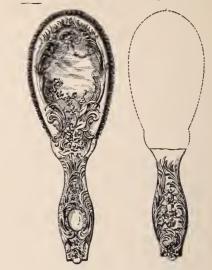
N. Y.--Filed April 29, 1895. Serial No. 547,592. Term of patent 14 years.

DESIGN 24,331. CLOCK - CASE. JOSEPH SCHNARR, Newark, N. J.-Filed Jan. 22, 1895.



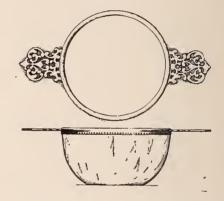
Serial No. 535,824. Term of patent 14 years.

DESIGN 24,330. BRUSH-BACK. CHARLES OS-BORNE, New York, N. Y., assignor to the Whiting Manufacturing Company, same place. -- Filed

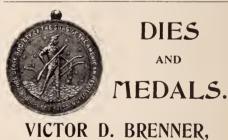


May 4, 1895. Serial No. 548,172. Term of patent 3½ years.

DESIGN 24,332. FINGER-BOWL. JOSEPH F.



FRADLEY, Brooklyn, N. Y.--Filed Feb. 1, 1895 Serial No. 537,032. Term of patent 31/2 years.



ART DIE CUTTER AND MEDAILLEUR.

108 FULTON ST., N. Y.

Cuts, Dies and Hubs for all kinds of Medals, Badges, Portraits, Crests, Coats of Arms, Buttons. Silverware and Jewelry.

Embossing Dies for Fancy Stationery and Leather.

> FINE FICURE WORK A SPECIALTY.



## Workshop Notes.

**Recoil Escapement vs. Anchor.**—There are watchmakers who believe that the recoil is a better escapement than the dead beat —mainly because the former requires a greater vibration of the driving power to affect the extent of the vibration of the pendulum than the latter does. But the matter is beyond argument; the recoil can be cheaply made and is a useful escapement, but beyond question it is inferior to the dead beat in its time keeping qualities.

**Isochronism.**—The eye of the balance spring is occasionally operated on to obtain isochronism, and is left more open for hat purpose. It is found that alterations of the eye are most effective when the ends are attached about one-eighth short of half a turn or one-eighth short of a whole turn. Great experience, which is only acquired after many failures, is required to effect the desired purpose, as in setting the spring true again after the alteration, the effect is easily destroyed.

Advantage of Overcoil Spring.—The great advantage of an overcoil spring is that it distends in action on both sides, and the balance pivots are thereby relieved of the side pressure given with the ordinary flat spring. The Bréguet spring in common with the helical and all other forms in which the outer coil rcturns toward the center, offers opportunities of obtaining isochronism by slightly varying the character of the curve described by the outer coil, and thereby altering its power of resistance.

Too Many Fancy Tools.—A great many watchmakers have too large a number of fancy tools, which they do not know how to use. A good watchmaker can do satisfactory work with a good lathe with all the chucks, a good vise, centering tool, a good set of pinchers, drills, full set of files, and other small tools generally used by a watchmaker in repairing English lever, Swiss chronometers, split seconds, and all foreign watches. A watchmaker must have handled some of the above-mentioned timepieces; and a great deal in repairing watches must lay with the ingenuity of the workman.

Manipulating a Spring.—There is no doubt that the less a spring is "manipulated," the better. Mr. Glasgow contends that the whole question of isochronism resolves itself in the adoption of a spring of the correct length, and recommends for a lever watch 14 turns, if a flat, and 20 turns, if a Bréquet spring is used. He argues that if a spring is too short, the short vibrations will be fast and the long vibrations slow, and that all bending and manipulating of the spring, with a view to obtain isochronism, are really only attempts to alter the effective length of the spring.

**Chronograph.**—Although the chronograph, on account of its ability to measure fractions of a second, has almost displaced the independent center seconds watch, it is by no means a perfect construction. The serrated wheels are not calculated to withstand continuous wear, and it is evident that, however fine the serrations, they would cause the chronograph hand to jump backward or forward when brought into contact unless a projection and groove happen to exactly coincide. This is often aggravated by minute portions of a broken glass or other grit getting into the serrations.

Flat Springs .- The length of a balance spring, especially the flat without overcoil, is important. By varying the strength of the wire, two flat springs may be produced each of half the diameter of the balance, but of very unequal lengths, either of which would yield the same number of vibrations as long as the extent of the vibration remained constant, yet if the spring is of an improper length, although it may bring the watch to time in one position, it will fail to keep the long and short vibrations isochronous. Then again, a good length of spring for a watch with a cylinder escapement vibrating barely a full turn would clearly be insufficient for a lever vibrating a turn and a half.

Overcoil of Balance Spring .-- When the overcoil of a balance spring has been much bent or "manipulated" in timing, its acceleration is almost sure to be excessive. This is just what might be expected, for a spring unduly bent, so as to be weakened but not absolutely crippled, recovers in time some of its lost elasticity. But however carefully a spring is bent, the acceleration is not entirely gotten rid of, even though the spring is heated to redness and again hardened after its form is complete. There is little doubt that the tendency of springs is to increase slightly in strength for some time after they have been subjected to continuous action, just as bells are found to alter a little in tone after use.

Conditions of the Balance.-The time in which a balance will vibrate caunot be predicted from its dimensions alone. A pendulum of a given length always vibrates in the same time, as long as it is kept at the same distance from the center of the earth, because gravity, the force that impels it, is always the same, but the want of constancy in the force of the balance spring, which, in watches and chronometers, takes the place of gravity and governs the vibrations of the balance, is one of the chief difficulties of the times. There is another point of difference between the pendulum and the balance. The time of vibration of the former is unaffected by its mass, because every increment of the mass carries with it a proportional addition to the influence of gravity, but by adding to the mass of a balance the strength of the balance spring is not increased at all, and therefore the vibrations of the balance become slower.

**Acceleration.**—It is pretty generally agreed among chronometer makers that the cause of acceleration is seated in the balance spring, although some assert that cen-

trifugal action slightly enlarges the balance, if the arc of vibration is large, as it would be when the oil is fresh, and that as the vibration falls off centrifugal action is lessened and acceleration ensues from the smaller diameter of the balance. Though the balances do undoubtedly increase slightly in size in the long vibrations from centrifugal action, this theory is disposed of by the circumstance that old chronometers do not accelerate after re-oiling. Others aver that the unnatural connection of the metals composing the compensation balance is responsible for the mischief, and that after being subjected to heat, the balance hardly returns to its original position again. If true, this may be a reason for exposing new chronometers, before they are rated, to a somewhat higher temperature than they are likely to meet with in use, as is the practice of some makers, but then chronometers accelerate on their rates when they are kept in a constant temperature, and also if a new spring is put to an old balance, or even if a plain, uncut balance is used.

## A Crisis

UNDER the electric lights the whole room was seen to be in a state of wild disorder. Articles of vertu were strewn over the carpet, mingled with many toilet accessories. Bureau drawers and cupboards were pulled open and their contents hung out. The furniture was dragged out of place and upset, and rugs lay in crumpled heaps.

In the midst of this terrible disarray two human beings confronted each other; one a woman, the other a mocking, jeering fiend whom the law called her husband. Her eyes had a strained, hunted look; her nervous hands pressed hard on her feverish brow. She strove for speech, but it was denied her, while the man still laughed his cruel, triumphant laugh.

At last, with a stifled groan, she fell swooning on the floor, irrevocably disar ranging her stiff shirt front.

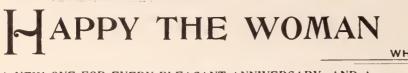
She was a new woman, she had lost her collar button, and she did not know how to swear.—Judge.

#### THE ALARM CLOCK WAS FAST.

The man who is responsible for the following is not addicted to the fishing story habit, neither has he ever made a cam paign affidavit. So his story is at least en titled to some consideration :

"Just across the street from my room this also was in Missouri—was the town clock. I had left a call for 6. I was awakened by a vigorous pounding on the door, and when I responded 'All right,' the man who was doing the work of an alarm clock drawled out:

"Just wanted to tell you, stranger, that if you heard that clock strike 6 you have twenty minutes more to sleep. The clock's that much fast."—Chicago *Tribune*.



A NEW ONE FOR EVERY PLEASANT ANNIVERSARY, AND A FEW EXTRAS FOR OTHER HAPPY DAYS.

WHO CAN COUNT HER RINGS NOW SO WELL KNOWN,

OUGHT TO BE FOUND IN **GOOD VARIETY IN EVERY** CAREFUL JEWELER'S STOCK, AND ARE AT THEIR

COMMAND AT THE HANDS OF OUR SEVERAL TRAVELERS, OR MAY BE ORDERED DIRECT FROM

M. B. BRYANT&CC

10 MAIDEN LANE, .... NEW YORK.

**Complete Establishment** 



Easily applied in new buildings, and over old broken plaster or wood Ceilings. If interested in building or re-pairing, send stamp for illustrated Catalogue, and state if CHURCH, HALL, STORE, OFFICE, or SCHOOL Ceiling is wanted. Address

A. NORTHROP & CO., Pittsburg, Pa.

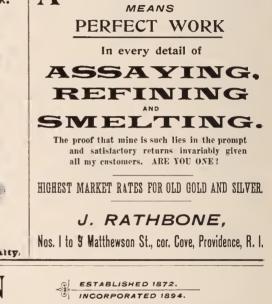
DR. KNOWLES' 4 MAIDEN LANE (up stairs), NEW YORK. Private Course in Optics. LECTURES \$25.00 With Diploma THE KEY TO THE STUDY OF REFRACTION. DESIGNED FOR OPTICAL STUDENTS, NOW READY. 50c. PER COPY. FOR THE CHART SEND TO WM. E. STEVENS, 49 PARKHURST ST., NEWARK, N. J.

**IMPORTERS OF** DIA MONDS.



SAFES FOR JEWELERS.

Large Assortment Always on Hand. Seud for our Representative, Special Safes to Order, Jewelers' Safes a Specialty,



MERICAN WATCH TOOL CO. THE 'ebster= Whitcomb Coster-11 utcomba **GROWS IN POPULARITY.** 1-4 Size PRICES AS LOW AS CONSISTENT WITH QUALITY. Ask your Jobber for Price List of 1895, or write to us at Stoney - Batter Works, Chymistry Dist., Waltham, Mass. JOBBERS IN AIKIN-LAMBERT

Watches, Jewelry, Chains, NOVELTIES ETC.

Latest Designs. Lowest Prices.



## Princess May's Porcelain Dress= ing=Table.

NE of the notable wedding gifts to Princess May was a dressing-table of porcelain.

This piece of furniture is modeled in a shell-work design, and is lighted up by electricity, so that the rays reflecting the colors and tones of the porcelain spread all around a soft glimmer of exquisite effect. On the fringe of the table are the words, "Marriage of the Roses," and the shellwork is decorated with shamrocks, roses, and thistles in raised gold. Eloquent in its poetic expression is, among others similarly conveyed, the idea given by the painting on the left-hand cupboard of the dressingtable. An old-gold rose with golden stem, and golden leaves and petals, represents the archbishop in the act of blessing the Royal pair who, symbolised by a white rose and a red one, are standing before the altar. In their wake is a train of four pink roses adorned with veils of maidenhair ferns ; these are the bridesmaids. Another poetical thought lies in the frame of the mirror, which is ornamented with shamrocks and thistles without the rose.

The artist's mind has conceived the idea that the English rose will be present only when the Duchess of York looks into the glass.

In another splendid suite, which illustrates the poem of " Launcelot and Elaine," the treatment of the modeling and of the coloring is an indisputable proof of the great advancement in art made by the The same praises might be English. sung of other equally lovely pieces, among which are the "Hamlet" sideboard with its rich decoration of palm leaves, and the "Faust" suite, where bold and effective strokes have been made to blend the red tones of fire with the rays of an early mornng sun. Perfection of finish is also attained in this suite in the reproduction of raised gold lace work on a delicate mauve ground. This suite is estimated at £ 10,000. "Gossiping rosebuds" is the name of a dainty toilet set, and a more appropriate wedding present could not be found than the "Orange Blossom" tea service. In the drawing-room table named the "Last Rose of Summer," the scattered leaves represent the notes of Moore's sweet melody.

## The Rambler's Notes.

WHAT THE RAMBLER SAW AND HEARD AMONG THE DEALERS IN ART POTTERY, CUT GLASS. BRONZES. ETC.

BAWO & DOTTER'S CLOCK DEPARTMENT.

BAWO & DOT. TER, 30-32 Barclay St., New York, are now

fitting up their clock department which will occupy the 2d floor of 26 Barclay St., which has been added to their warerooms. This department will occupy the entire loft, and will be under the management of Chas. Jacques. The assortment of clocks to be shown here will be among the most extensive ever carried by any importing house and will include all the finest wares handled by jewelers.

## NEW LAMP SHADES.

NE of the most popular of the new styles of silk

lamp shades produced by L. Straus & Sons, 42-18 Warren St., New York, is the "Napoleon." It is a three cornered shade and comes in a multitude of colors, in plain silk or trimmed with either lace or chiffon. The shade department of this firm contains many other new lines; in fact none but new varieties are now displayed. A large variety of richly decorated lamp globes has also been added to this department.

#### N about two weeks FALL LINES IN FANCY Levy, Dreyfus & WARES. Co., 9 Maiden Lane, New York, will make extensive additions to their stock of fancy goods, fine china, clocks and statuary. Mr. Levy has been in Europe several months buying rich novelties for the Fall trade, and the new goods

purchased will be shown upon his return

TERRA COTTA PLAQUES.

about June 15th.

NEW assortment of terra cotta plaques has been

opened by C. L. Dwenger, 35 Park Place, New York. The plaques are decorated at the centre with beautifully tinted figures or groups in haut relief, surrounded by a frame of pierced work. Some pretty French

china boudoir clock sets have also been added. The shapes are in rococco style and exhibit a variety of decorations. Candlesticks decorated like the clocks act as the side pieces of the set.

## CLOCKS IN DELFT STYLE.

S<sup>OME</sup> quaint cold Dutch styles in Delft clocks are shown

by the Chas. Jacques Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St., New York. One, here illustrated, is made in the style of an old fireplace, the clock being above the mantle.



A small china pot forms the bob of the pendulum and swings above the fire dogs.

## NEW FINISHES IN ART METAL AND BRONZE GOODS. Bronze Works are

THE New Jersey Lamp and

showing at the warerooms, 45 Maiden Lane, New York, several new and attractive finishes in their line of art metal and bronze goods. A number of attractive vases and busts are in a copper and vert finish, while others have a mottled finish in green and Barbedienne. Several new styles of vases with richly decorated porcelain bodies show a Munich copper finish on the metal handle, stand and trimmings. THE RAMBLER.

98, 100 & 102 Nassau St., New York.

WEDDING INVITATIONS VISITING CARDS MONOGRAMS AND ADDRESS DIES.

PROMPT SERVICE RELIABLE WORK.

Of GOLD, SILVER AND PLATED JEWELRY, Enameled, Plain and in Colors.

裟

慾

SOCIETY EMBLEMS, YACHT AND COLLEGE FLAGS. All Varieties of Painted Enamel Work.

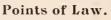
## S. S. WILD & SON,

179 Eddy Street, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Correspondence Solicited. Telephone Connection.

FNAMELERS

DON'T FORGET THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB LISHING CO.'S BOOK LIST when in want of any technical book in the Jewelry or Kindred Trades.



CONSTRUCTION OF PATENT FOR WATCH PRO-TECTOR.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals holds that there is no invention in protecting watches from electrical influences by means of a box or receptacle of sheet iron or other highly magnetic metal, made large enough to contain the watch case; it appearing that the same result had previously been accomplished by means of an internal case of like material, as well as by making the watch case itself of such metal, and that external safety boxes of metal and leather were also old. The patent to Benfield, Aufhauser & Milne for this kind of a watch protector is, therefore, void for want of invention.

Newark Watch Case Material Co. v. Wilmot & Hobbs Mfg. Co.

## TRUST COMBINATIONS.

The Supreme Court of Illinois recently held that a corporation which, by combination between its stockholders and itself, attempted to regulate the price of milk, comes within the purview of the laws of that State declaring that corporations, partnerships, or individuals, entering into any trust or combination with any other corporation, partnership or other individuals, to limit or fix the price of articles sold or manufactured, shall be guilty of conspiracy, although it did not combine with any other corporation, or with any person other than its own members.

Ford v. Chic. Milk Shippers' Ass'n.

## LIABILITIES OF PARTNERSHIP.

Where a partner borrows money for the use of a firm, and diverts it, the firm is liable for the debt.

Where no firm name has been adopted the rule seems to be that a note in the name of one of the partners will bind the firm, when it is done for a firm purpose and on the credit of the firm, and such is the understanding of the parties.

Caraway v. Cit. Nat. Bank, etc. (Ct. Civ. App. Tex.)

## WHAT IS NOT A GUARANTY.

A note addressed to a person, asking him to "let M. have what he requires, and oblige," is not a guaranty, but an original undertaking to become liable for such goods as might be delivered to M.

Buckingham v. Murray.

SUIT FOR CONVERSION OF CHATTELS.

A mortgagor of chattels who retains possession of them, may sue for a wrongful conversion, as under the conditions he is entitled to the possession of the property.

Weir Plow Co. v. Armentrout.

#### FRAUDULENT CONVEYANCES BETWEEN PART-NERS.

Members of a partnership cannot create in favor of another firm of which they are the sole members, a preference as against creditors, by making a mortgage on the property of the first mentioned firm, in its name to that last named, unless it is clearly shown affirmatively that the transaction was free from fraud; and the assignment of an account afterwards secured by such a mortgage entitles the assignee to no exemption from the operation of this requirement.

Bonwit v. Heyman (Supreme Ct., Neb.).

## ILLEGAL PREFERENCE BY INSOLVENT.

Where an insolvent trading firm, which is unable to pay its debts in the usual course of business, sells its stock, and immediately returns part of the price to the purchaser to cancel a prior debt due him, such re-payment is an illegal preference which constitutes an act of insolvency.

Willison v. First National Bank (Ct. App. Md.).



## MATTERS IN

## JEWELRY STOREKEEPING.

That this department shall prove mutually beneficial to our readers, it is desirable that the members of the trade generally communicate with THE CIRCULAR regarding any advantageous device or plan that they are utilizing in the connection of their business.

## Suggestions for June Ads.

THE month of June is selected by many sweethearts and swains as the time for tying the nuptial knot. It might prove an interesting phsychological problem to solve why this is so, but it is not necessary here to inquire into the question. The fact remains that June is the month of love and marriage, and in their advertisements, the retail jewelers would do well to speak directly to those who are about to enter the married state, and those who feel it incumbent upon them to make presents to their fortunate friends.

Such ads. advertise the general business of the jeweler, while complying with an essential rule in advertisement writing, specialization.

The suggestions herewith may be varied to suit stock and individual policy. Electrotypes of illustrations in each ad. will be sent post paid at 75 cents each.





and it behooves you to seek some suitable gift for your sister, daughter, brother, son, or friend—male or female.

We have the stock to select from.

LIVELY & CO., 61 High Street.



This is my Engagement Ring.

> IT WAS BOUGHT AT BIJOUTERIE & CO., 71 MAIN STREET.

I saw innumerable articles there, which I would be very happy to receive as my wedding gifts—clocks, bric-à-brac, silverware, cut glass, and, of course, jewelry.



THIS IS A JUNE BUG



THIS IS A JUNE HUG



Bugs in jewelry are fashionable, as well as hugs in life.

We have all fashionable lines, *blouse* sets, *Trilby jewelry*, *Czarina pins*, *belt buckles* with improved catches, etc.

> JONES & BROWN, 751 Main Street.



SEND FOR CIRCULAR GIVING PRICES AND TERMS.

## The Other Side of Life.

The favorite jewel of the canal boatman is the towpaths.—Philadelphia *Record*.

LOOKING GLASSES-Spectacles.-Puck.

MR. NUCOMER-I found a china collar button in the hash this morning and-

LANDLADY—Nora, bring a gold plated button for Mr. Nucomer; remember, he is on the second floor.—Chicago *Inter-Ocean*.

#### A SCHEMER.

HANGOUT—I want a clock I can depend on. DEALER—Eight-day clock? HANGOUT—Naw; give me one warranted

to run down at II P. M.—*Puck*.

#### VERY PRONOUNCED.

POPULIST—Yes; he is our Congressman, and one of the most pronounced Silverites I know of.

STRANGER—Sure he is consistent, are you? POPULIST—You bet! Why, he made his two sons learn the trade of gold-beating !— *Puck*.

#### SURE OF HIS TRAIN TIME.

"What time will that train be in, do you think?" asked the impatient man.

"It is purty hard to tell," answered the agent of the little Southern branch line in the presence of a Cincinnati *Tribune* reporter. "Sence Bill's tree was cut down he finds it a heap of trouble makin' jest the right time."

"Bill's tree !"

"Yas, Bill; he is the conductor, you know. The tree I was speakin' of stood alongside the track about thirty mile up the road from here, an' when the train come along and the shadder of the tree laid across the middle of the top rail of Buck Johnson's fence, Bill knowed he was on time, and could gage her about to git here on schedule time. Now they cut it down, and all Bill has to go by is his own guess. Company was talkin' some of puttin' up a pole in the place whar the tree uster be, but they hain't done it yit."

## Gold Ornaments From Graves.

D<sup>IGGING</sup> for jewelry seems rather a queer occupation, but in Central America it has been carried on for a long time with success and profit. Along the coast of Costa Rica are vast cemeteries in which the Aboriginal inhabitants of centuries ago were buried. With them were interred great quantities of gold ornaments. Many of the graves have been opened, and from them gold has been taken to the value of a million or more. The first discoveries of this treasure trove caused a rush for the field of exploration which promised to rival that of 1849 in California. Thousands of the graves still remain unopened, and it is the custom for visitors in search of curiosities to rob these ancient sepulchres.

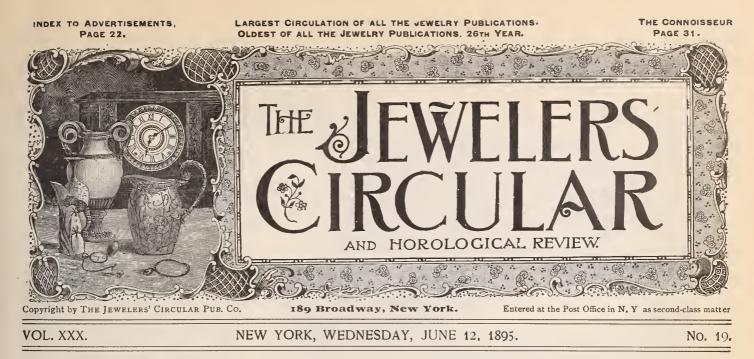


WATCHES

DIAMONDS.

35





## EGYPTIAN ART IN JEWELRY 5000 YEARS AGO.

DESCRIPTION of the remarkable | specimens of ancient Egyptian art in jewelry and goldsmithing unearthed at Dahchour, near Memphis, under the direc- | in gold filigree, bracelets, rows of worked tion of Mr. de Morgan, was

given in these columns last year. Recently this indefatigable French archæologist has been still more fortunate in his researches. Reasoning that so important a monument as the White Pyramid ought to be surrounded with royal tombs, he directed diggings to be conducted with great care about this spot, and on February 15th, last, these efforts were crowned with full success. On the western part of the monument was found a tomb; the cover of a sarcophagus being

removed disclosed a mummy which, according to the inscription painted inside the coffin, was recognized as being the remains of Princess Ita. The royal princess still

wore the jewels with which she had been buried 5,000 years ago: her mask, her necklaces, her bracelets. her ornaments in a network consisting of gold, pearls, cornelian, lapis-lazuli, Egyptian emeralds, and enameled pasted beads glittering here and there. Near her waist was placed a dagger with a bronze blader and

a gold hilt, adorned with interlacings formed of stones incrusted.

Another sarcophagus was opened which, according to the inscription painted inside, proved to be that of Queen Khnoumit. This second find was even more important than the first: numerous articles of adornment

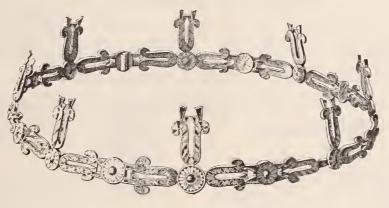


FIG. 2. CROWN ENCRUSTED WITH CORNELIAN, EGYPTIAN EMERALDS AND LAPIS-LAZULI,

gold, pearls, wreaths formed of beads of hard stones-green, red and dark blue-were placed on the mummy. But the most remarkable pieces were found in the serdab

articles is a diadem (fig. 1), consisting of gold filigree interlacings punctured with flowerets in blue stones resembling forgetme-nots, and divided with six crosses,

FIG. I. CROWN OF INTERLACINGS OF GOLD FILIGREE ENRICHED WITH PRECIOUS STONES.

> (adjacent cell). Here were several diadems, | staffs, etc., buried underneath the remains of a scent box. All were carefully collected and placed in bags. The various articles

of precious stones. All these motifs and flowers down to the smallest are formed of hard stones, cut and encased in gold so (Continued on page 33.)

were not moved until photos of them as they were when found had been taken. It would have been otherwise impossible to assemble all the stones and fragments of

jewels dispersed among the dust, consequent to the removal, and to restore the broken parures to their former style and appearance. Some well preserved pieces had only to be rubbed with soft brushes and fine linen to give them the lustre they once possessed. But others had to be assembled, this dainty work being done by skilful woman's hands; this was the case with a gold necklace or gorgerin, adorned with eight rows of colored stones with a double row of pendants.

Among the most striking

ansées, formed each of four lotus flowers. Another diadem of Queen Khnoumit (fig. 2), in massive gold, consist of lyric shaped motifs incrusted with emeralds, cornelians and lapis-lazuli. This diadem was surmounted with a staff forming an aigrette (fig. 3), adorned with gold leaves and flowers formed of bunches

## THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR

June 12, 1895.

# ROLLING MILLS

Our Rolling Mills are of the latest design and embody several ideas never before introduced on this class of machinery.

Cut gears are used for all driving mechanism, and herring bone gears are used in the housings. The Mossberg Anti-Friction Roller Bearing is fitted to the journals of the rolls. This latter feature enables us to build a mill which will do its work double as fast as the ordinary mill with less than one quarter of the driving power, and positively no heating of the rolls.

Examine our 1895 Catalogue for recent improvements in Jewelers' and Silversmiths' Machinery.

PATENTED

MOSSBERG

ATTLEBORD

MFG.CO

MASS USA

## MOSSBERG M'F'G CO., Attleboro, Mass.



# F. M. WHITING COMPANY, SILVERSMITHS.

Factory and Main Office.



New York Office.

1128 BROADWAY.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO FACTORY.

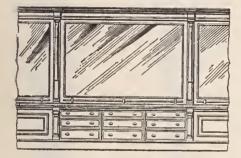
Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withhold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.

## MELISHEK & PETTER,

NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS.

128 Maiden Lane, New York.3

MANUFACTURERS OF WALL AND COUNTER CASES. FOR JEWELRY, SILVER-WARE, ETC.



W<sup>E</sup> make to order only, and guarattee our work to be Dust Proof and First-Class in all its details, and to have all the Latest Improvements as regards Shelf Artangements, Electric Lights, Etc. We will cheerfully furnish Estimates and Sketches for any store free of charge.

CALL AND SEE US.

Jules jürgensen or copenhagen. The reputation these watches have maintained for Fifty Years has never been equalled, being made on strictly scientific principles and no expense spared to give the Best results in mechanism and timekeeping realities. avalities.

John G. Ayúc's Sons, No. 22 Maiden Lane.

> EING now in excellent working order at our new and larger shops at 91 Sabin Street, with greatly augmented mechanical and display facilities, we have discontinued our New York office, increased our traveling force and concentrated at Providence, where all communications should be addressed.

All our popular patterns are offered at regular ounce prices.

Handsome catalogues, illustrated with photogravure reproductions, on application.

# J. B. & S. M. KNOWLES CO.,



# ~ SILVERSMITHS, ~

Providence, R. I.

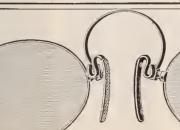
TRADE MARK

WM. SMITH & CO., Manufacturers of Gold, Silver and Roll Plate Chains and Jewelry.



Novelties in Gold and Silver Bead Necklaces and Bracelets. Also a large line of Chain Trimmings and Silver Rings.

Office: 5 and 7 Maiden Lane, New York. Manufactory: 61 Peck Street, Providence, R. I.



Holds the Glasses securely and takes less room than any other device on the market. LEVY, DREYFUS & CO..

The most practical Case for off-set Eye Glasses.

The Improved Imperial Guard. The best and easiest adjustable Eye Glass Guard in the Market,

Send for circular explaining full particulars

9 & 11 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.



Made in Plain Polished, also Gilt with Wreath and Ribbon in Green and White Enamel.



BEING AN\_HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DAY.\*

COMING down to that period in the history of the house of Dominick & Haff extending over the past decade we find that the following flatware patterns have been produced by the firm doing business under the foregoing name: Versailles, Corona, Louis XIV, Rococco. Cupid, Tu-

VERSAILLES

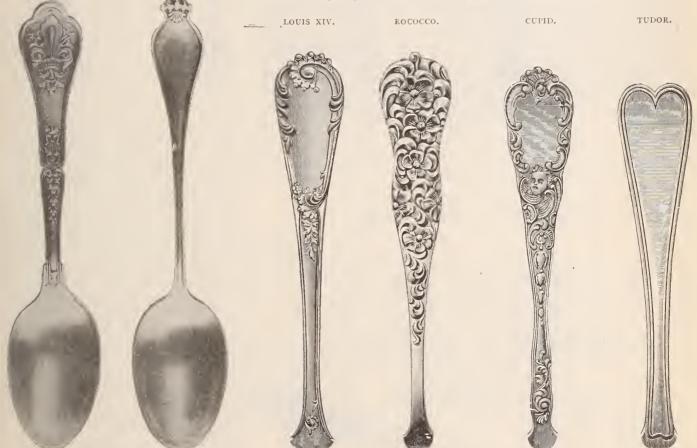
CORONA

## PART X.

1884, is in outline a narrow-bodied variation of the King. In the upper part is an effective device simulating the fleur-de-lis. The pattern is an attractive one.

The Corona exemplifies the exteme of refinement. It was placed before the trade in October, 1885. The outline is the very acme of grace. The shell at the tip is the only detail that disturbs the Puritanical simplicity of the *ensemble*. tive scheme appeals to the æsthetic instincts of the buyer.

The Rococco is not, as its name would indicate, a product founded upon the character of the ornamental art which prevailed during the reign of the Grand Monarch; but it was so named because of its very ornamental style. The design is an intricate combination of cinquefoils and conventional leaves, set upon a ground outlined



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF DOMINICK & HAFF.

dor," Trianon (solid), Trianon (pierced), Mazarin, Charles II, and Rénaissance. The Versailles, introduced in the Fall of

\*Copyright 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

The Louis XIV is an artistic specimen of rococco work in silver flatware. It was introduced in September, 1888, and has always been a success. In outline it is derived from the Oval Thread. Its chaste decorawith the curves of the King pattern. The Rococco was introduced in September, 1888, and has sold well.

The Cupid, placed in the market in June, 1891, derives its name from the cherub peeping out from a network of rococco scrolls which form the main part of the decoration. The shank curves inward slightly, this feature being the principal deviation in the Oval Thread outline. The Cupid is stead of out. As it is the heart-shaped thread is very effective. The Tudor was produced in May, 1892, and has had a good sale since.

The Trianon (pierced) and Trianon (solid)

The Mazarin has been among the most successful conceptions of Dominick & Haff, and deservedly so. The inner portion is a pure fiddle, as seen in the King.

in America



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF DOMINICK & HAFF.

a rich pattern and fully satisfies the demand for Louis XIV style in silverware. The Tudor would be a pure Oval Thread

were introduced in June, 1892, in response to a demand for a highly elaborate pattern. The Trianon is among the richest patterns in every respect did not the tip turn in in- in silver flatware which have been produced

## Dominick & Haff,

MAKERS OF WARES IN

#### STERLING SILVER,

FOR THE TRADE ONLY,

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK.

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES.

while the beautiful scolloping about the panel carries out the curves of the old pattern. The escutcheon at the tip is an effective detail. Ensemble the Mazarin is a pure work of art in silver, and since its introduction in July, 1892 its success has been unabated.

The Fall of 1894 saw two new patterns of Dominick & Haff brought to light, the Charles II in September, and the Rénaissance in October.

The Charles II, in outline, is a variation of the King. The chief detail of the design is the bead border along the exterior edge of the handle. The pattern is finished on both sides, the pretty conventional Greek honeysuckle in relief at the top of the front appearing at the back in a depressed form. In the forks of the Charles II, the beadwork runs down the breast until it. vanishes at the tines.

The Rénaissance is more elaborate than the Charles II. The principal detail is the mask, which gives the motif for the surrounding scroll work. A prominent feature of the pattern is the large mask seen on the reverse, spreading over the upper curvature of the bowl, protecting and strengthening the same. This pattern is produced either with or without saw-piercing in ten symmetrical parts. The Charles II and Rénaissance have proved very popular in the trade.

(Series to be continued.)

## Among the African Diamond Mines.

ELABORATE IMPROVEMENTS AT THE DE BEERS CO.'S MINES—ACTIVE DIAMOND PROSPECT-ING IN THE FREE STATE—THE SUCCESS OF THE ROBINSON MINE.

KIMBERLEY, May 3, 1895 .- The De Beers Co. have just had erected most elaborate and effective machinery for treating refractory blue ground. The greater portion of the latter pulverizes naturally after exposure to the air for a few weeks, and is ready to go through the washing and sorting process. Some of it, however, is so hard that ordinary machinery cannot deal with it, and of this kind many hundred thousand loads have been accumulating during the last few years. Science has now helped, nevertheless, and by means of newer appliances (to describe which would be a tedious effort) all the diamonds brought from the mine can now be recovered.

In the course of a visit to the Free State I have gathered some interesting particulars in reference to the unusual enterprise that has lately been displayed in the various diamond properties in that Republic. The recent discoveries in the northern part of that State are, naturally, the talk of the hour, and great activity is noticeable in these districts, where no stone is being left unturned to develop the hidden treasures. In the Winburg district, where J. B. Robinson has taken in hand Winter's discovery, known as the Kall Vallei Mine, now established as the Robinson Diamond Mining Co., machinery, buildings, and surface works are being erected on the site, on a scale unpredecented in the country. The mine is situated within an area of 600 acres. There are about 50 whites and 500 natives employed, water is plentiful, and the stones found are remarkable for pureness and firstclass quality.

Now another discovery within a thousand yards of this mine (for the half interest of which Mr. Winter received £150,000 in cash) has excited a great deal of interest. At 75 to 80 feet blue has been struck, of magnificent quality, pulverizing more easily in the daylight than any diamondiferous soil in South Africa, and some splendid stones have been found. Digging is being extensively prosecuted, and it is said that in the last few days the diggers have discovered the third crater in this diamondiferous triangle. If the latest find is proved to be as genuine as the others, the triangle thus formed will compose the largest diamond mine in the world.

At Commandant Pan, in the same district, a private company are prospecting on splendid indications with first-class results. At Zuartkoppies, near Kopje Alleen, lately belonging to McSteyn, the Johannesburg Syndicate are doing useful work. Some other farms in the vicinity are being actively prospected, and real hard work is going on at thirteen places in the district.

# AND HOROLOGICAL REVIEW. EFENDER" BELTS. Mounted with the colors of any Yacht Club or College that may be desired. No. 186-\$27.00 Doz. 925 Fine. No. 151 925 Fine. Every dealer should have at least one of these Belts in stock during the present yachting season. Juo. W. Reddall & Co., NEWARK, N. J. FERD, FUCHS & BROS. WOOD & HUGHES, STERLING SILVERWARE MANUFACTURERS SILVERSMITHS, New York Agents for the Derby Silver Co FINE QUADRUPLE PLATED WARE,



On the Vet River another Rand Syndicate are spending £10,000 in thoroughly prospecting the property, which consists of nine farms. Going from this district to Kroonstad, we touch at Driekoppies, which is being amalgamated with Walgegund. Although the quality of the stones from Driekoppies mine is so far not so desirable as could be wished, the finds are increasing. It is said to be steadily yielding 10 karats to the 100 loads, and some authorities assert that 3 karats will pay handsomely. This company are also working Walgegund, a small mine of only 30 claims, but wonderfully rich with stones of good quality. Before the end of the year the diamond industry will be on a settled footing. Nearly all the farmers in these districts have let out mining rights for a number of years. The success of Mr. Robinson's diamond mine, I think, may be now considered a certainty. ST. GEORGE.

8

The jewelry store of Warren & Warren, Calhoon, Ky., was robbed a few days ago. The store was entered by prying open the door. The thieves were unable to secure the contents of the safe, where most of the valuables were stored, but they made a very fair haul nevertheless. They got away with 54 gold and silver watches, 24 chains, 48 gold rings, six pairs of gold rimmed spectacles, six gold pens and a complete set of table cutlery. The citizens have offered a purse of \$100 for the apprehension of the thief or thieves.

## Letters to the Editor.

## VIEWS ON THE DIAMOND TARIFF FROM AN AMERICAN IN HOLLAND.

AMSTERDAM, Holland, May 28, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

The object of this article is to convey to the general public, as well to those who are interested in this branch of business, the fallacy of the American government in continuing to levy a duty of 25 per cent.on diamonds and precious stones imported to America, and also imposing a duty of 10 per cent. on the rough, or, as we better understand it, the raw material.

When the question was raised as to what amount of duty the respective branches of the jewelry industry should contribute in aid of the government to meet its contingent expenses, the diamond was looked upon by the revisors of the tariff only as a luxury, and taking this standpoint, they hastily decided, without mature deliberation, that this commodity should pay a heavy tribute to counterbalance partly the reductions of duties on such general articles which the community at large more extensively consume. No one can deny the logic of this theory and it would be wrong to believe and unjust on our part to impute, that these legislators, who were mainly the cause of having the tariff changed, have had any interest or motive to revolutionize our business to such a deplorable condition with which we are at present confronted.

The intention of the government was to formulate a tariff which would bring adequate revenue to meet its current expenses, but at the same time to create a just duty on all imported commodities, which would benefit the community as a whole, protect and foster the respective commercial and manufacturing industries at home. It is a well-known fact that during the debate upon the revision of the tariff, the attention of the national legislators was mainly directed toward other and greater commodities than the diamond, and which were of more importance to them, their party and to the public.

By the very nature of the jewelry and diamond and precious stones business, contributing comparatively little in increasing the revenue of the American government, an industry little understood by those not engaged in it, and overshadowed frequently by the magnitude of other great industries, it is natural to conceive that our branch of business, particularly the diamond industry, did not and could not have received 'the proper and just consideration and equal attention at that time from the revisors of the tariff ! It is therefore but just and right that a demand should be made to the government for a reconsideration of the question in which we all are interested.

It is but fair and most proper to expect from the revisors of the tariff the privilege of a rehearing on our part and receive in

EXQUISITE DESIGNS IN BUCKLES.

MADE IN ENAMEL (ALL COLORS), GILT AND PLAIN SILVER.

925/1000 FINE.

SILVER MOUNTED TORTOISE SHELL SIDE COMBS, MOUSTACHE COMBS, BACK COMBS, Etc.



SILVER MOUNTED PIPES, STERLING SILVER SCISSORS AND KNIVES AT LOW PRICES.

While my long years of satisfactory dealing with the best people in the Trade has given me a standing which makes unnecessary any protestation of honesty or fair dealing. I nevertheless deem it advisable, in view of the present agitation/of the "Sterling" question to state for the benefit of my old customers, as well as possible new ones, that I am willing at any time to give A WRITTEN GUARANTEE as ito the quality of any article purchased from me.





This Illustration is Red and White Enamel and Gilt Silver.

## J. N. PROVENZANO, SILVERSMITH, 114 E. 14th Street, Academy of Music, New York.

return, with equal fairness, the just consideration and deliberation which other branches of the country's industries have received from them, and we feel convinced by the facts and logical conclusions which we submit to them that they will rectify at the next session the great error which they unintentionally made in raising the duty to 25 per cent. on diamonds and precious stones.

If it is true the functions of the government are the levying of taxes at home, im posing duties on all imported commodities, for the main reasons, as subscribed in the constitution, namely to insure the prosperity of its citizens, it is equally evident the government has no right to jeopardize the interest of an industry which has been fostered and wisely and judiciously protected by the government itself for the past 30 years with satisfactory results both to the government and its citizens engaged in this particular enterprise! We cannot overlook the fact that the diamond business is an important factor in the jewelry industry; it directly and indirectly controls considerable amount of capital, and is so interwoven and linked in the jewelry industry that the change of the tariff on diamonds, as it now exists, affects every jeweler in the United States !

It cannot be denied that before revising the tariff on diamonds, it was the duty of the lawmakers to minutely investigate the nature of the business itself; inquire of those mainly interested in this commodity what the effect would be were they to allow the duty to remain as of old or to change it to the present duty; what additional benefit the government, the public, as well as those engaged in the jewelry business, would obtain by so doing. It is au indisputable fact that they did not do so for reasons stated in the fore part of this article. The Congressional Record will show that the debate upon the diamond question was very limited ; it was discussed in a haphazard manuer; considered as a luxury only, and without further comment, the duty was changed !

As long as we did not receive the proper consideration due us, assuming that they ignorantly changed the duty on diamonds, without apparent wise and substantial reason, without ascertaining what effect this change would create, it behooves us to bring this question to their notice for their consideration and submit to them a synopsis of the diamond industry.

Official statistics will prove that of all the diamonds bought and sold in our country, not  $\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. of the amount of goods was cut in America; official statistics will also show, that during the past 30 years not 150 American or naturalized American mechanics, embracing the various and distinct trade of cutting, were employed in the United States, and if these facts are conceded, namely that uct  $\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. of the amount of goods bought and sold were cut in America, and not over 150 men were employed during this period, assuredly no one with common sense will affirm that the

diamond cutting industry existed in our country in the truest sense of the word. By increasing the duty on diamonds the government unintentionally created a new industry. Two years prior to the change of the tariff, no one ever dreamed we would be forced and compelled to create an enterprise which requires vast experience; an industry which has existed in Holland (and in a smaller way in France and England and some parts of Germany) for generations, a trade which has been handed down from father to son. Characteristic of our American people, some of our merchants, with courage, pluck and energy, began to establish a cutting industry, with the anticipation that they would be protected by our government, but, unfortunately, they were doomed to be disappointed. We will endeavor to show conclusively that with the Contract Labor Law, and a duty of 10 per cent, on the rough, that the government is checking the progress of this new industry.

In the first place, this industry cannot flourish without having sufficient number of mechanics in the various departments which this industry requires, so as to be able to cut an adequate amount of goods to meet the required demand; second, as we have not sufficient people at home, we must obtain them from Europe, and in order to obtain them we must naturally guarantee these men that by leaving their homes, their native land, they will receive proper pro tection and sufficient wages to support themselves and their families. As these people are independent, thrifty and skilled workingmen, good aud moral citizens, their acquisition to our country would be by no means detrimental to us, nor would they in any way conflict or jeopardize the interest of their fellow-mechanics who are at present employed in the United States.

The theory of the Contract Labor Law may hold good in other manufacturing industries, but as far as the diamond cutting iudustry is concerned, it falls short of its purpose and should be revoked. Those who desire this law to be upheld, do so with a motive of preventing others to establish themselves in this new enterprise. As we have not sufficient number of men at home, we must allow these men to come over without restriction; in the first place to foster and encourage the new industry properly; in the second place, not to allow those who have now sufficient men to cut, a monopoly of supplying as much as they possibly can the demand for the goods and, in consequence, prevent others who desire to cut diamonds to enter the industry.

A third point which confronts us, and which is of the greatest importance to us, is the competition of goods cut in Europe and smuggled over to our country! Our government having now created this new industry is in honor bound to extend to it all the protection at its command, and the only way the cutting industry in America can be protected is by chauging the tariff to 10 per cent. on all cut goods and allow the rough to come in free. Under the present duty our merchants, contending as they do, against smugglers and the thousand and one facilities by which diamonds can be brought over without paying duty, are naturally distrustful and lacking of confidence to buy goods in the regular and legitimate way; thus the importer as well as the manufacturer. the wholesaler as well as the retailer, are affected.

This uncertainty, the temptation to smuggle and buy smuggled goods, the suspicion that our neighbor is waiting for or has accepted the opportunity of buying goods in an underhand manner, restrain us from going ahead. In a word, we are in a constant state of nervous "anticipation" and anxiety as to what should be the best method for us to pursue. This uncertainty affects the very foundation of our business, namely, the confidence we have had in one another !

Fourth point: we must not lose sight of the fact that by taking off the duty on the rough, we will be able in course of time to compete with the foreign markets, and sell and export goods cut from America. Prior to the crisis of 1893, for at least 14 years past, we bought half of the yearly product of cut goods in Europe; assuming that during the next 14 years we will be able to handle as many diamonds as we have in the past, deducting one-third of the amount as an allowance for small brilliants, roses, etc., which the European cutters may produce cheaper than ourselves, it can be easily seen the money invested in this enterprise will remain in our country, excepting the amount which will be required to obtain the rough. In other words, by developing and protecting the cutting industry in America, the community will be a decided gainer in every respect.

By not imposing any restriction against foreign skilled laborers coming over to our country, our working forces, our facilities to produce more cut goods will be increased, thereby increasing our purchases of the raw material sufficiently not only to compete in the buying of the rough as cheap as the European cutters, but also to supply abundantly, not only for home consumption but, as we will be benefitted by being able to buy all qualities of rough for the demand of our home trade, for exportation as well. Our merchants will be sellers and not buyers as hithertofore.

By the creation of the new duty on diamonds, the government virtually protects the dishonest merchant to the detrimeut of the law-abiding dealer, compeling the latter either to go out of the business or encouraging the former by buying of him his ill-gotten goods, or at the last extremity urging him to follow the example of the wise but unscrupulous merchant and smuggle himself. At present the government seems very anxious to maintain the credit and hon r of our country, by advocating the payment of its debts in a currency which will be accepted without question. It should also create laws, which will guard the honor and integrity of its citizens. The Constitution of the United States is founded upon moral principles, and we look to our government to uphold these principles. We therefore appeal to our government to revoke the duty on diamonds as it at present stands, and not to protect and encourage our merchants to be dishonest, lowering their moral principles; recognizing dishonesty as a virtue and integrity as a crime.

If the fallacy of our government in raising the duty on diamonds, has been proven the evil effect it has caused in every branch of the jewelry business should rouse every jeweler from his lethargy to bring his influence to bear in having Congress revoke this ridiculous law.

A teasible plan to insure the change of the duty is as follows: Let the jewelers of every county in the United States unite and submit a written appeal signed by every jeweler to change the tariff to the old duty, and let each association of every county send their respective petition to their respective Representatives and Senator, instructing them, as their constituents, the proper course to pursue. In the petition let the logical reasons why the tariff should be changed be stated, and give them a synopsis of the diamond business, so that they can intelligently comprehend the appeal. At the same time it would be wise for the jewelers, in view of the petition, to state their consent not to appeal from the decision "that diamonds, under the present interpretation of the law, impose a duty of 25 per cent," but abide by this decision. Although short sighted people may object to this particular difference, in the long run it will be found that we can come in this manner to a speedy and satisfactory result. By this method the sentiment of those engaged in the jewelry business will be unanimous, and our appeal will receive a hearing.

As we have faith in the stability and integrity of our government in its endeavors to formulate laws which will benefit the community, foster, encourage and protect all of our commercial enterprises, we should feel equally confident by presenting our unanimous appeal for justice and equal rights, that our National legislators will be true to their obligations and rectify the error they unintentionally committed. MONROE ENGELSMAN.

## Death of Charles R. Nichols.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., June 6.—The sudden death of Charles R. Nichols occuired at 11 o'clock, June 2d. For several months past Mr. Nichols had suffered with neuralgia, and for some time he had felt that his end was near.

Mr. Nichols was a native of Fulton, N. Y., and ex-Mayor of that city. He came here several years ago and opened a jewelry store. He was a Mason of high standing and a member of the Mystic Shrine. His wife daughter, and son were in New York at the time of his death. His wife is an invalid. His body was shipped to Syracuse. Mr. Nichols' life was insured for \$15,000.

## Burglars Explode a Safe in Jeweler Rowell's Store.

WOODBURY, Conn., June 5.—Thieves entered the jewelry store of William H. Rowell early yesterday morning and blew open the safe, completely wrecking it. Entrance to the building was obtained by prying off a shutter from a rear window. The explosion was so severe that the whole safe was wrecked and its contents hurled about the room. There was considerable jewelry in the safe, and this was blown to pieces, portions of watches, chains, bracelets and rings being picked up all over the room.

It is not believed that the burglars secured much booty, for they were scared away. The explosion was heard for some distance, and an old lady who lives near the scene began ringing a large bell to give the alarm. This probably frightened the thieves, for when a crowd congregated around the store a few minutes later, no one was in sight.

The authorities are inclined to the belief that the burglars were persons well acquainted with the premises and the habits of Mr. Rowell and his employes.

S. H. Eldridge, jeweler, Mantua Station, O., has failed, and his stock is in the hands of creditors. The extent of assets and liabilities unknown. Eldridge has left town.

## Twentieth Annual Meeting of the Chicago Jewelers' Association.

President, Grove Sackett; vice-president, F. M. Sproehnle; secretary and treasurer. J. A. Todd. Additional Directors—Lem W. Flershem, C. H. Knights, J. P. Byrne, H. F. Hahn, M. N. Burchard, and Julius Schnering. Finance Committee—Messrs. Flershem, Knights, and Byrne. Membership Committee—Messrs. Hahn, Burchard, and Schnering.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 5. - The twentieth annual meeting of the Chicago Jewelers' Association was held yesterday at the rooms of the association, seventh floor, Columbus Memorial building, and the election of officers resulted as above. The only change in officers from the past year was the election of F. M. Sproehnle as vicepresident to succeed George M. Wallace, the latter gentleman not desiring re-election on account of pressing business demanding his undivided attention. Readers of THE CICRULAR are acquainted with the business record of the association's officials, suffice it to say that they are all men of sterling business merit, long identified with the interests of the association, and that the affairs of the body are in strong hands.

Annual statements were submitted by the officers, showing the association to be in a flourishing condition with a membership of 49 of the leading jobbing and manufacturing establishments. A largely increased number of reports was sent out over any previous year by the reporting department, a total of 11,909 inquiries having been made regarding the standing of customers, on which 12,813 reports were made. Letters sent to banks and attorneys as to commercial standings numbered 9,666, to which 8,284 answers were received - very high proportion. There was collected by the collection department \$18,-932.60, the bulk of which was of a difficult class of claims, giving a total average of over 45 per cent. collected of claims submitted to the department, a percentage exceeded by but one year in the history of the association.

In a fire in Muscadine, Ala., G. F. Mc-Elroy, jeweler, lost about \$200.

# OUR SPECIALTY

We also make and keep in stock, Fine Amethyst, Topaz and Cameo Brooches in various Mountings. FINE IVORY PAINTINGS in all Gold Brooch Mountings, also all Diamond, Diamond and Pearl, and all Pearl Mountings, Prices from \$12 to \$100.

MINIATURES painted on Ivory from Photographs, in first-class work and at moderate prices. Orders solicited, and Designs for Mountings furnished when desired.

> DOWNING & KELLER, 3 Maiden Lane New York.



R. A. KIPLING.

Bought and Sold on Commission.

19 RUE DROUOT.

PARIS. FRANCE.

IMPORTER AND CUTTER OF

DIAMONDS.

FROM 10 MAIDEN LANE

TO 4TH FLOOR, ROOM 47

Henry Fera,

Has Removed

AND Fancy 600ds

Precious Stones

June 12, 1895.

Honors to the Memory of John A. Riley.

At the funeral of John A. Riley, of the John A. Riley & Sloan Co., New York, which took place at 4 o'clock, Wednesday afternoon last, the following members of the trade were in attendance: Wm. R. Alling, of Alling & Co.; N. E. Whiteside, of N. E. Whiteside & Co.; John R. Greason; Wm. B. Kerr, of Wm. B. Kerr & Co.; J. Eugene Robert; P. T. Tunison, secretary of the New York Jewelers' Association; E. H. Unkles, with Theo. B. Starr, and L. 1. Mulford, of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

J. M. Bennett and Frank T. Sloan, vicepresident and secretary respectively of the company, Mr. McDonald and about 30 employes did homage to the memory of their late chief by their presence, and later gave expression to their love for the deceased in the following resolutions, which were ordered to be published:

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE.

June 6, 1895.

We, the employes of the John A. Riley & Sloan Co., do hereby express our heartfelt sorrow in the death of the President, Mr. John A. Riley, who had always been a kind and generous employer, and a man worthy of our highest respect and affection.

We also extend our sincere sympathy to his family in this time of their bereavement.

EMPLOYES OF THE JOHN A. RILEY & SLOAN CO., 860 Broadway, New York.

## The Death of John Moir.

John Moir, one of New York's pioneer retail jewelers, was buried Wednesday. He died June 2d at his residence, 313 Hudson St., where he had resided for over 50 years.

John Moir was born in Aberdeen, Scotland, 82 years ago, and came to this country at an early age. In 1844 he went into the retail jewelry business, taking as partner his brother William. The firm, under the name of J. & W. Moir, began business at 315 Hudson St., which was at that time the business center of the city. John Moir remained in business twenty-five years, and retired in 1869. His brother removed the business to Sixth Ave. and 23d St. where it is still continued.

John Moir was one of the oldest business men in New York. He was of the old school and paid close attention to business. Although he took great interest in public affairs, especially those relating to the development of the city, he never sought public office. He leaves a widow and two daughters. The remains were interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

## The Liabilities and Assets of J. Wienhold & Co.

The schedules of William Walther, manufacturing jeweler, 24 John St., New York, doing business under the name of J. Wienbold & Co., were filed with the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, June 4th. Mr. Walther assigned May 20th to August F. Dejonge, with preferences.

The schedules show the total liabilities to be \$16,518.31, nominal assets \$22,008.90, and actual assets \$10,485.44. The value of the

Wm. S. Hedges & Co., Importers of Diamonds. And Manufacturers of DIAMOND JEWELBY. 170 Broadway, New York. 22 Holborn Viaduct, London.

DIAMONDS.

Alfred H. Smith & Co.,

## **IMPORTERS**

DIAMONDS

AND

PRECIOUS STONES.

182 BROADWAY, COR. JOHN STREET,

NEW YORK.

Venetian Building. 34 & 36 Washington St. CHICAGO, ILL.





PRESCOTT ·· BUILDING. John and Nassau Sts., NEW YORK. FACTORY REMAINS AT

NEW YORK. 60 Fulton St.,

# THE BOWDEN SEAMLESS RING

IS MADE ONLY BY

J. B. BOWDEN & CO.,

Makers of Finger Rings of every Description.

REMOVED FROM BROADWAY AND JOHN STREET,

3 MAIDE N LANE. NEW YORK.

stock and machinery is given nominally at \$16,338.21, and actually \$8,450.49. There is a chattel mortgage on machinery, tools and furniture for \$2 000 as collateral security for a debt to C. Emil Grubert.

The principal creditors are: Schultz & Rudolph, \$4,569,61; Bergmann & Touthall, \$560.98; Aug F. Dejonge, \$556,76; Frederick Wienhold, \$5,129.16; M. Fox & Co., \$98.63; Blancard & Co., \$565.81; C. W. Schumann, \$182.82; Enos Richardson & Co., \$138; Mayhew & Carrington, \$146.93; W. B. Durand, \$195.18; Wm. H. Walther, \$342.84; Dr. F. M. Bauer, \$600; C. E. Grubert, \$2,300; Chas. Hellerson, \$200.

## A Company to Quarry Green Onyx.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, June 5 .- Articles incorporating the Green Onyx Co., have been filed with the county clerk. The company have a capital stock of \$125.000, divided into shares of \$5 each. The property which comprises that part of the stock, placed at \$75,000, consists of three claims, which are situated in Bolter's Springs mining district, in Tooele county. The balance of the stock is held as treasury and will be sold for development purposes.

The officers are: Otto Hudson, president; Hiram Beck, vice-president, and W. J. Beattie, secretary and treasurer.

## Proceedings of the Jewelers' League.

The regular monthly meeting of the executive committee of the Jewelers' League was held June 7th. There were present Vice-Presidents Snow and Greason, Messrs. G. W. Van Deventer, chairman, Jeannot, Beacham, Fessenden, and L. Stevens, Jr., secretary.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. Nine requests for chauge of beneficiary were received and granted, and the following applicants were admitted to membership:

Sec. A. Howard L. Holly, New York, recommended by H. Goldsmith and Thos. Watson; John T. Kavanaugh, Philadelphia, Pa., by B. Constantini and J. T. Warde.

Sec. B. L. G. Jaccard, Brooklyn, N. Y., by A. H. Jacot and D. Richardson; H. J. Jonas, Cincinnati, O., by J. Dorst and P. Henry; E. W. Koehler, Indianapolis, Ind., by J. C. Walk and J. E. Evard; E. W. Leeds, Terre Haute, Ind., by J. M. Bigwood and H. F. Schmidt; A. Mauch, St. Louis, Mo., by C. H. Higbee and B. T. Zenk; A. L. Perkins, St. Louis, Mo., by J. M. Hagen and A. Kurtzeborn. The next meeting of the executive committee will be held on July 5th.

A postal card received by THE CIRCULAR from J. M. R. Hanson, Toledo, Ia., unnounced a happy event in the jeweler's life as follows: Compliments of

Miss Ruth Wentworth Hanson daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. R. Hanson Born June 1, 1895 A. D. 11.30 A. M. At Home after date.

ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS. RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS.

IMPORTERS OF

## DIAMONDS,

AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

## FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

DIAMOND JEWELRY.

IN THE LATEST DESIGNS.

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

58 Nassau Street, 20 Maiden Lane. NEW YORK.

I Tulp Straat, AMSTERDAM.

I St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus, LONDON, E. C.



RADE MARK.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

# CARTER, SLOAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY.

## No. 15 MAIDEN LANE.

NEW YORK.

A. CARTER JR. A. K. SLOAN. C. E. HASTINGS.

GEO, R. HOWE WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH.

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.





FACTORY

76 LANGEBLEEKERSPAD

AMSTERDAM

## The Indictments Against the New York Department Stores.

The indicted dry goods merchants, composing the 12 New York firms accused of violating Section 364 a, of the Penal Code, entitled "An Act to Regulate the Sale of Goods Marked 'Sterling,' 'Sterling Silver,' 'Coin' or 'Coin Silver,'" were to have given their final plea to the charges Friday, June 7. Upon application of their counsel, Judge Cowing extended the time until next Friday, June 14th, with leave to the defendants to interpose demurrers to the indictments.

## ADVERTISING THE EXPOSURES.

A powerful advertisement directed against the indicted department store proprietors above referred to appeared in the New York morning newspapers of Sunday, June 9, and the evening newspapers of June 10. The advertisement occupied a column and was in the form of a communication to the editor. It was worded as follows:

## "Dry Goods Silverware" SUDDENLY BECOMES UNSALABLE.

And is No Longer Advertised as a Leader in the Big Department Stores.

SIR: I am happy to report that the indictment by the grand jury of the heads of no less than eleven of the large dry goods and department stores in this city, on the charge of illegally selling wares stamped "Sterling" that were below the standard of purity required by law, has already had effect.

"Sterling Silver" is no longer a leader in these great establishments; in some cases, it is said, the misleading marks have been erased, and in others the goods themselves have been withdrawn from stock-for under the white light of publicity now beating full upon them they have practically become unsalable.

Interesting evidence that this is true is incidentally afforded by Mr. Bernard Eckstein, of 496 Broadway, who failed the other day, and in an affidavit explanatory of the singular decrease in the value of his merchandise assets from a nominal \$30,141.12 to an actual \$7,109.00, makes oath as follows:

Third. That such of the goods as may be called marketable goods, such as belt buckles, combs and silver novelties, are not in fact solid silver up to stan-dard, notwithstanding the fact that they are in many instances stamped "sterling." Fourth. That over 60 per cent. of the whole stock is base metal; in many instances simple brass, and in others composition. Fifth. That the jewelry marked solid gold is of a very low grade, not being in hardly any instance over 4 karat.

very low grade, not being in hardly any instance over 4 karat. Sixth. That at the present time the only portion of the stock which would be at all salable is the "shirt-waist sets," most of which are stamped "sterl-ing silver" but which are not of standard quality, and which under present circumstances it would be difficult to dispose of at all, on account of the indict-ments found by the Grand Jury of this county against merchants dealing in such goods.

The Jewelers' Weekly, from which I clipped the foregoing, adds that "Mr. Eckstein bought almost entirely from eastern manufacturers, and dealt extensively "-not with Jewelers, mind you-but "with the dry goods and fancy goods trade.'

Possibly with some of the same dealers who have recently been avowing the belief that no one in their employ would knowingly either buy or sell spurious silverware for genuine-and laying the whole blame upon the heads of the wicked manufacturers who had dared to place the time-honored Sterling mark upon goods of an inferior metal.

The answer to this attempt at evasion of responsibility comes in a despatch from Providence, |R. I.

(where these goods are largely manufactured), to The Jewelers' Weekly, and which says :

"The goods are manufactured in some instances to order, the marks on the goods being one of the specific orders. In fact, there is one firm which makes pure lead goods which are stamped 'Sterling.' Of course, this is in accordance with an order from the jobbers and others handling the goods."

THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR reports one of the indicted houses as stating through its representative : "The silverware handled by this house is good silverware, bought by us in good faith," and comments as follows :

"Such is the general tenor of the expressions of the proprietors of the department Now let us analyze the good faith the Silverware is bought. The stores. in which the Silverware is bought. buyers for the various departments of these stores are of the shrewdest calibre of busi-ness men. They are well versed in the cost of material, the cost of manufacturing, the lowest percentage of profit that satisfies the manufacturer of the goods he buys and all other conditions that place him in a posi-tion to make the closest deals. The buyer tion to make the closest deals. The buyer knows what the word "sterling" means as applied to Silverware, and he knows that Sterling Silver is not far removed from pure silver; he knows approximately the current prices of bullion silver, and he also knows that it costs a greater or lesser sum to manufacture silver goods. Is it to be credited that when he buys two-ounce Belt Buckles stamped "Sterling" at \$4.00 per dozen—33 1-3 cents apiece-that he believes that he is getting genuine sterling silver goods? "The fact is that the spurious goods

have been produced because there has been a demand for them from unscrupulous competitors of the jewelers. The collusion be-tween the retailer and maker is plaun enough, and neither should be allowed to escape; the law applies to one as to the other, providing both are residents of the State. The making and selling of such trash as described in the indictments are on a par with the making and uttering of counterfeit money, and as there is a specific law in New York covering the case of the makers and sellers of false silverware, it should be applied to the last letter. The silver stamping law is a good one, as necessary as it is just.

I notice that the Jewelers' Weekly says: "If people want cheap goods, they can have them at any price, but it is not to be believed that Sterling goods can be purchased at the prices at which the goods are sold by the houses whose members have been in-dicted." And again: "At the price sold, no one is expected to believe that the goods are Sterling.'

From the point of view occupied by a trade journal, this may possibly be correct. By "no one," no dealer, no expert buyer is meant ; and, of course, no buyer, no expert, supposes for a moment that these goods are genuine. But how about the public? If these marks were not intended to deceive the buying public why were the goods stamped at all?

Out of 32 samples of silverware stamped "Sterling" or "Coin," and collected by me at random from eleven supposably reputable and law-abiding stores in this city, 31 fell short of the .925 standard required by lawfive only reached the standing of .900-one showed only .0004. and several had not a particle of silver in their composition.

These are the plain, undeniable facts-not to be overlooked-not to be forgotten.

And if their bare recital is not enough to demonstrate the necessity for a reform in this matter, why, then, we might as well abolish all standards, abandon all safeguards, drive honest men out of business, shake hands with counterfeiters, and inaugurate the triumphant reign of pinchbeck, and of dry goods "siltriumphant reign of prism verware " at once. Yours truly, NEWTON DEXTER.

NEW YORK, June 8, 1895.

MORE TRICKS OF THE DRY GOODS STORES. BROOKLYN, June 10, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: "Be ye sure that your sin will find you out " is an old text, and one that can be vigorously applied just now to the department stores. They are trying to crawl out of the very small hole that "they didn't know it," that they "were deceived by those wicked manufacturers." On the contrary, their buyers know very well what they are about. They know that they do not go to first-class manufacturers, and pay a fair price for a reliable article, but they seek out unknown and unscrupulous manufacturers, who will do their dirty work for them, and furnish them such rubbish as they can sell for about one-third the price of something that is really good, and at the same time make their customers believe they are getting " great bargains."

It is a well-known fact inside the trade that the department store buyer is always prowling around with a keen scent after job lots, old and discarded patterns, anything and everything that can be sold cheap without any regard whatever as to quality.

A department store recently opened a silver and silver plated ware department, and gave full charge of it to a reliable, conscientious and honest man, and he laid in a stock of silver and silver plated ware of reliable qualities, and of well known makers, but he didn't sell many goods because the other store on the next block was advertising similar goods at about one-third what his own goods cost him and were warranted and sold for the best. His employer came along one day and raked him down because his de partment was not doing any business. Whereupon the manager stated the case, that he didn't consider it the right thing to put in rubbish to cheat the people with. Whereupon the proprietor rejoined that he "didn't care a d -n for quality;" what he wanted was " prices that would bring the trade." And this instance is just a key-note to the department store business as a rule. There may be exceptions that we don't know of.

Another instance: It is the custom among certain foreign manufacturers of dry goods to show their samples of new goods a season in advance, and take orders for the next season's delivery. One Scotchman of integrity whose goods were made in a thoroughly honest manner, and who had a high reputation, and whose goods were in active demand, was visited one day by one of these department store wolves, and his samples inspected and prices obtained. Then he offered the Scotchman a very large and tempting order provided he would cheapen the goods by making them lighter and putting in cotton, and thereby materially reducing the cost The Scotchman asked the reason for all this, and the buyer replied that "their trade demand-d it." Whereupon the Scotchman truly and truthfully said, "It is not so: the trade demand good goods; what you want is to take my patterns and undersell and cut the throats of my friends who are selling honest goods, and you can't have any of my goods at any price." And so on through all the different branches. They will be found out in time and exposed, and then the American woman of any intelligence will no more go into their stores, and the honest dealer will have his trade and his living restored to him.

THE CIRCULAR has been a brave champion in this business and we hope it will keep up the good work.

A far greater fraud than the "sterling" business is the silver plated ware sold by the department store. Any one in the trade knows that nine-tenths of it is rubbish of the worst sort stamped "Quadruple," and if there was a standard and a law there would be more indictments. The unblushing effrontery of the dry goods stores that advertise quadruple cake baskets for \$1. and quadruple plated tea sets for \$\$, requires no comment, but deserves the contempt and scorn and punishment they so richly merit. One who knows,

FULTON.

#### AN ENGLISH SILVER SCANDAL.

The New York Mail and Express recently contained the following interesting article which shows how strenuously the wrongful marking of silver is condemned by our British cousins:

Apropos of the recent unpleasant revela-tions regarding the selling by a number of the great retail firms of New York of ar-

# HONEST VERSUS DISHONEST Silver and Silver Plated Ware.

## IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE TRADE:

WATERBURY, CONN., June 12, 1895.

Cheap metal goods stamped "Sterling" or "Coin" have during the past year been widely advertised and sold to the public, who supposed that owing to the comparatively low price of silver bullion they were buying a genuine article at small cost.

Legal investigation has recently shown that large quantities of these goods stamped "Sterling" or "Coin" are made of brass or other cheap metals, either tinned over or bearing a light wash of silver. Now that this gross deception is being brought to light under the New York State law, the makers of these disreputable wares are trying to dodge the responsibility of their false stamps and statements.

**Silver plated** Spoons, Forks, Knives and other table ware have also been included in these misleading advertisements, and great quantities of worthless stuff palmed off as "first quality" plated ware.

To be assured that you are getting value received for your money every time, buy Spoons, Forks and Knives made by Rogers & Brother, Waterbury, Conn., whose experience extends over half a century and who are known to every first class jeweler in the United States as the makers of the celebrated Star  $\bigstar$  Brand.

**Every article is stamped** "★ ROGERS & BRO., A. I." Every box contains a guarantee as to quality and finish. Money refunded for every piece not found to be exactly as represented upon returning the same to Rogers & Brother, Waterbury, Conn., or 16 Cortlandt St., New York City.

ROGERS & BROTHER,

16 Cortlandt St., New York City.

Waterbury, Conn.

ticles in silver that were marked "sterling," but which on being assayed turned out to be more or less brazen imitations, the exposure of a fraud in the silverware trade has lately created a sensation in England.

It should likewise be of interest to wealthy Americans, for there can be little doubt that the firm in question has had many American customers. Mr. Labouchere in his paper, *Truth*, brought the scandal to light. It appears that one of his readers bought at a very high price some supposedly antique pieces of silverware, but that they turned out to be very clever imitations, stamped with forged marks and dates.

The firm which sold them is one of the most famous in Europe for such articles, and its Bond St. shop is one of the attractions of that famous thoroughfare in the very fashionable end of London. In the last issue to hand of Truth Mr. Labouchere says:

says: "The exposure of the dealings of Messrs. Munday & Son in forged antique silverplate has created very widespread interest in the trade and among collectors. The point to which it seems most desirable to draw attention is the systematic failure of the Goldsmiths' Company to enforce the law which makes it a felony to knowingly sell plate bearing a forged mark. It stands to reason that it is only by enforcing in a criminal court the penalties thus provided that the traffic in forged goods can be effectually stopped. "Only by the inconvenience and disgrace

"Only by the inconvenience and disgrace of a sojourn in jail can such a dealer be deterred from his evil practices. As long therefore, as the Goldsmiths' Company contents itself, as it has done, with levying pecuniary penalties, it is to be expected that the fraudulent trade will grow and prosper. From all sides I hear evidence that it has done so."

THE STAMPING LAW OF ENGLAND.

According to Cripp's "Old English Plate" (London, 1886), everything relating to the prevention of frauds and abuses in the marking of gold and silver wares in England, is summed up in the Act of Parliament of 1844, which enumerates the following offences, all punishable as felonies:

- Sec. 2. Forging or counterfeiting any Die for marking Gold or Silver Wares or knowingly uttering the same; Marking Wares with forged Dies, or uttering them; Forging any Mark or any Die, or uttering the same; Transposing or removing Marks, or uttering them; Having in possession knowingly any such Die or Ware marked with the same:
  - Cutting or severing Marks with Intent to affix them upon other Wares;
  - Affixing any Mark cut or severed from any other Ware ;

Fraudulently using genuine Dies.

- Sec. 3. Selling or having possession of any Wares with forged or transposed Marks without lawful excuse (even unknowing that the Marks were so forged or transposed); penalty £10 each offence.
- Sec. 4. Dealers to be exempt from the above penalties on giving up the names of the actual manufacturer of such wares of gold or silver or base metal, or of the person from whom they received them, but not from the consequences of uttering them with guilty knowledge.
- Sec. 5. Adding to, or altering by addition or otherwise, the character of wares already marked and so as to increase the weight by more than one-third of the original weight, without having them re-assayed as new; or in certain cases with the assent of the Company, the added part only assayed; or selling such ware without the same being marked, penalty £10 for each offence and forfeiture of the ware

Sec. 6. Exemptions to the preceding sections corresponding to those of section 4.

Sce. 7. If any officer of any of the Halls shall mark any base metal with any die, etc., such Company to be liable to a penalty of  $\pounds$ 20, the officer to be dismissed and the ware seized.

Set. 8. Dealers to register every place where they work or carry on business or deposit wares under a penalty of  $\pounds 5$ .

Sec 9. Dealers not to fraudulently erase, obliterate, or deface any mark under a penalty of  $\pounds 5$ 

Sec. 11. Upon information given upon oath against persons suspected of having in possession illegal wares, etc., Justices may grant search-warrants, but not for wares not required to be marked.

Sec. 13. Actions to be commenced within three months after the fact committed.

"It is scarcely credible," says J. H. Buck, in his work "Old Plate," published by the Gorham Mfg. Co., "that every separate part of every separate article made of gold or silver (with few exceptions) goes through this process of examination either in London or in one of the provincial assay towns but such is the fact."

## Death of Henry Semken.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 8.—Henry Semken, an old and respected resident of this city, died this morning at his home, 1407 K St., N. W. This announcement will cause genuine regret to a large circle of friends and acquaintances who knew and respected the deceased. To those intimate with Mr. Semken the news is not unexpected, as his death was the end of a long sickness; in fact Mr. Semken has not been a well man for the past two years. He experienced quite a shock to his nervous system, as well as an injury to his spine, in an accident which happened to him while endeavoring to board a cable car.

Mr. Semken was born 69 years ago in Hanover, Germany. He learned the trade of jeweler in Bremen and in other places, and in 1850 he came to this country with the expectation of embarking in business for himself. His first residence in this country was in Baltimore, where he was employed as a clerk in a jewelry store. In 1852 he came to this city and established a business which he carried on with much success for nearly 40 years. He had a store on the north side of Pennsylvania Ave. between 9th and 10th Sts., and when the Vernon building was erected at the corner of the avenue and 10th St. he removed his business to that place, where he carried it on until about five years ago when he retired, having sold his business to J. Karr, who still carries it on at the same place.

The deceased was one of the leading business men of the city, and was actively identified with many of the institutions here. He was a director in the National Metropolitan Bank, in the Riggs Fire Insurance Co., and in the Children's Hospital.

## A Letter From the Philadelphia Horological Society.

PHILADELPHIA, June 10, 1895. DEAR SIR:—In order to correct an erroneous impression created by unintentionally misleading reports in some of our daily papers, of a meeting held on May 13th, for the purpose of organizing a Horological Society in this city, the Committee on Organization wishes to state: The society being formed will not be a union of watchmakers; will not aim to establish prices, wages, nor hours of work; will not attempt to regulate methods of doing business; nor is it being organized in the interests of or for the purpose of benefiting any particular person or concern in a commercial sense.

The society is being organized solely for the purpose of mutual improvement of its members, by securing concerted action for the dissemination of useful knowledge required in the practice of the profession of horologist, by a study of the science and art of horology; the interchange of ideas in methods of working; the cultivation of a more friendly intercourse; the establishment of a library where may be found the most advanced thoughts in the publications of the profession's literature; the founding of a horological museum for the entertainment and instruction of members; the reading of essays and delivering of lectures (gratuitously), the idea of their presentation being wholly that of mutual improvement, imparting and receiving information. None of the officers of the society will receive any pay for their services.

Any watchmaker, chronometer or clock maker, or person interested in horology, be he employer or employe, be he experienced or a novice, be he master mechanic or apprentice, will be eligible for membership. The feature of examinations may be introduced at some future time if a majority of the society so desire it, but such examinations would not be made obligatory, and only those wishing to do so need become candidates.

But in any case it will not be necessary to pass any examination to become a member of the society. We believe that this organization will have the moral and financial support of every person who has any interest whatever in the profession. You are referred to the trade papers for a full account of preliminary meeting which was held on May 13th, as the aims and objects are there more fully stated than is possible in this circular. It is probable that the membership will be composed not only of residents of Philadelphia and vicinity, but of many from other points, far and near. It is also probable that the society will at present have no connection whatever with any other similar society in the United States, being an entirely separate and distinct organization, on its own merits. The membership fee will be such that any person can easily afford to become a member. A mass meeting will be held on June 13th, at 8 o'clock P. M., in the Merrell Building, corner 19th St. and Fairmount Ave., when, and at which, a constitution and by-laws will be adopted and officers elected. You are cordially invited to be present. Very respectfully,

J. W. HIETEL, F. C. BECK, EDW. T. CORRV, WILLIAM T. LEWIS, Committee on Organization.

## The United States Watch Co. Reduce Prices on Certain Movements.

BOSTON, Mass., June 11.—At the annual meeting Saturday of the United States Watch Co., at Waltham, the following officers were elected: President, T. B. Eaton; vice-president, T. F. Hammer; treasurer, A. E. Hammer; clerk, James E. Cox; directors, the foregoing and G. Lootz. T. B. Eaton was elected superintendent.

The reduction of 15 per cent. on the prices of certain grades of 6 and 16 size Waltham and Elgin movements was met by the United States Watch Co.

## THE HUMMING BIRD.

A jewel on the bosom of the air,

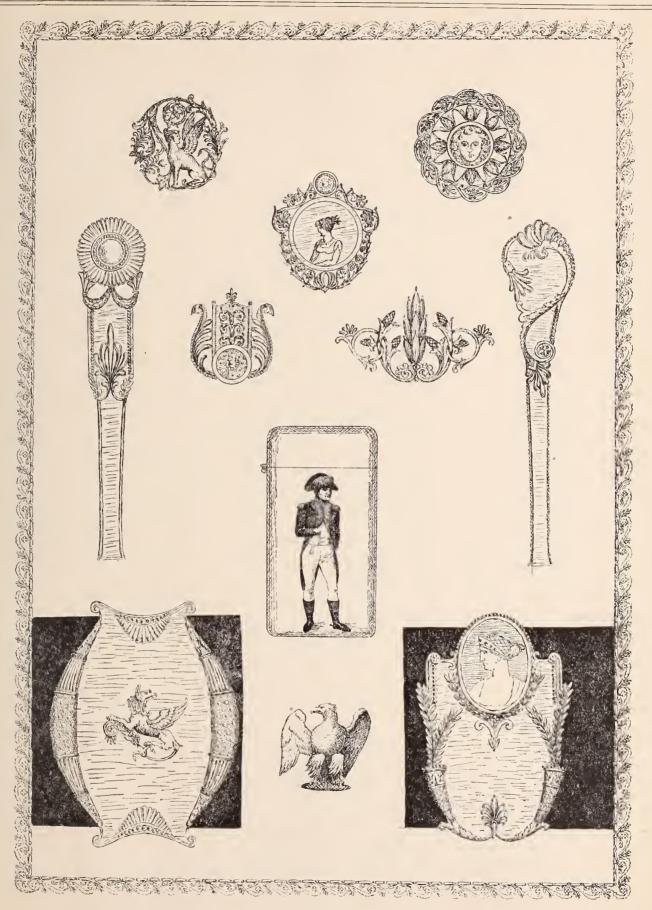
More exquisite than any queen may wear; With tremulous beauty caught from sunset

skies

And dropped one Summer morn from Paradise.

Albert Laighton.





## NAPOLEONIC DESIGNS IN JEWELRY AND SILVER SMALL WARES

Designed and drawn especially for The Jewelers' Circular BY A. BONNIOL & SON, DIE SINKERS, 119 ORANGE ST., PROVIDENCE, R. I.

## SEE PAGE 18A.

## Annual Outing of the New England Manufacturing Jewelers' Association.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 8 .- The 16th annual outing of the New England Manufacturing Jewelers' Association was held at Hauterive, the grounds of the Union Club. The day was warm and clear and in consequence a large number of the members and their friends improved the opportunity of enjoying an excellent recreation from busiiness cares and troubles.

The members began to arrive shortly before 11 o'clock and were met by the efficient executive committee, consisting of John M. Buffinton, Frank T. Pearce and Samuel E. Fisher. A light lunch was in waiting, and was found very appetizing after a sevenmile ride through the country. By noontime upwards of 75 members and guests had assembled. Foot ball, base ball, quoits, billiards, pool, whist and other divertisements were brought into requisition for an hour or more.

At 12:30 the members repaired to the parlors of the club house where a short business meeting was held. The session was called to order by President Fanning. Secretary Clark read the minutes of the last annual and mid-Winter meetings, which were approved. Mr. Clark stated that at the last meeting of the association he had been instructed to correspond with the manufacturers who joined in the exhibit at the World's Fair as to what disposition should be made with the balance still remaining in the hands of the treasurer. Later he was notified by the executive committee that there was some likelihood of a lawsuit on the part of the Chicago parties who manufactured the show cases that were used at the Fair. Their claim was to the effect that extra work had been done that was not stipulated in the contract, and that they expected payment for the same. Since then this matter has been straightened out by executive committee.

Treasurer Carpenter presented his detail account of the receipts and expenditures for the past year, which shows the association to be in a flourishing and encouraging condition. A summary of this report is:

Cash in hand, June 2, '94......\$651.01 Received from World's Fair Committee 128.89 Received from dues, sale of members' and guests' tickets, and other sources..... 528.87 Total receipts......\$1,308.77 Expenditures..... 393.16

Balance on hand..... \$915 61 Present membership, 63.

This report was received amid hearty applause and was unanimously accepted. The following names were recommended by the executive committee for membership and they were elected: Thomas F. Fessenden, of Providence ; J. Perry Carpenter, of Attleboro; and Frank Cutter, of Providence.

Ex-president Edwin Lowe then moved that the secretary be instructed to cast one ballot for the officers for the ensuing yea

and that the list contain the old board. which was done as follows: President, Joseph H. Fanning; first vice-president, A. A. Bushee; second vice-president, Orren C. Devereux; third vice-president, William H. Fisher: treasurer, Horace F. Carpenter: secretary, W. Osmond Clark; executive committee, John M. Buffinton, Frank T. Pearce and Samuel E. Fisher.

President Fanning then thanked the members for their continued confidence and hoped that the association would continue to prosper. He said

"I thank you for the honor which you have insisted upon thrusting upon me again this year. A year ago it was stated that your officers were elected for life, but I had hoped that through some means you would feel disposed to shorten that term. I know that you are desirous of retaining the services of your very efficient executive committee, and as they stated that they would accept only upon the condition that the corps of officers was the same, that you have honored the rest of us with re-election so as to have their support. Well, I cannot blame you for wanting them to serve, and I hope that you will work to assist them in whatever they arrange to carry out.'

On motion of Secretary Clark, it was voted that each member of the association pledge himself to bring in at least one new member during the coming year. In stating the motion President Fanning said he hoped that the time was not far distant when this should be the leading social organization for the jewelers of New England, when they could have at least one annual banquet and gathering similar to those of New York and other similar associations at which the officers of the kindred societies might be invited to be present. There being no further business the meeting adjourned.

After the business session the jewelers and their guests marched to the dining hall where cateror Walter U. Earle and his assistants had prepared the following elabor ate shore menu: Clam chowder, French rolls, brown bread, broiled blue fish, à la maitre d'hôtel sauce, cucumber and lettuce salad, mayonaise dressing, fried eels, soft shell crabs, clam fritters, Saratoga chips, Roman punch, cigarettes, baked clams, baked oysters, baked lobsters, Indian pudding and cream, coffee, lager, cigars, oranges and bananas. Seated at the tables were;

Walter S. Hough, Jr., Marcus W. Morton, Secretary of the Manufacturing Jewelers' Board of Trade, Providence, Walter I. Gardiner, Phineas F. Parsons, William F. Leeder, David Bernkopf, George Becker, Charles Broome, Arthur Henius, J. W. Lawson, Edward L. Clark, Edward N. Cook, Samuel H. Bailey, Charles E. Hancock, William Paul, of A. Paul & Co., of Boston, Col. Isaac M. Potter, Frank T. Pearce, E H. Parsons, Thomas W. Lind, James E. Lind, Major Everett S. Horton, D E. Makepeace, O P. Richardson, J. C. Cummings, Frank J Jones, of the Jewelers' League, of New York, George Andrews, Frank Andrews, Samuel E. Fisher, Orren C. Devereux, James Lawson, F. G. Hawkins. George Steere, William Clarke, Jr., W. Osmond Clark, S. H. Baldwin, J. Perry Carpenter, N. L. Ripley, of Ripley-Howland Mfg. Co., Boston, Peter Lind, Gardiner T. Niles, H. W. Niles, H. A. Carpenter, O. E. Herold, of Newark, N. J., Silas H. Manchester, Louis M. Jackson, Thomas F. Fessenden, Hon. A. F. Holbrook, of Philadelphia, Hon. G. Waldron Smith, of the Boston City Council, Arthur E. Davis, Worcester, Mass., Edwin Lowe. William W. Fisher, George Dover, George M. Baker, W. H. Riley, R. Blackinton, John E. Heathcoate, Thomas F. Arnold, Fred. I. Marcy, John M. Buffinton, S. H. Kelley, Thomas McWilliams, Edward N. Slade, Fred. A. Howard, F. R. Capron, Joseph H. Fanning, S. H. Bugbee, Dr. Edward W. Heffron, of Toledo, O., Martin S. Fanning, Edward B Hough, William Schofield, Frank Bliss, A. H. Bliss, Frank A. Balcom, of the Rockford Watch Case Company, Rockford, Ill., Walter S. Sweet, Jesse B. Sweet, George H. Newhall, Frank L. Budlong, Ezra Perkins, W. C. Perkins, Capt. Benjamin Hall, of the Soldiers' Home, Bristol, R. I., T. S. Foote, William H. Mason, THE JEWELERS' CIRCU-LAR; Charles F. Denison, Denison's Directory; Walter B. Frost, Manufacturing Jeweler; Charles H. Mathewson, Providence Journal; and William W. Scott, Fewelers' Weekly.

After the dinner had been carefully disposed of, the party departed for the ball grounds, where Colonels Frank Pearce and William Leeder, the rival baseballists, chose nines, and the battle began. It was nip and tuck which pitcher put the most balls over the plate, but at any rate Col. Pearce came out victorious by a small odds, although the score was big:

	SCORE	ΒY	INNINGS.						
	I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Manufacturers,	4	2	5	I	2	7	3	8	3-35
Kindred Trades	, 3	4	2	3	4	5	2	6	4-33

Football and other sports occupied the attention of all until 6 o'clock, when the merry party returned to the city.

## Death of Charles C. Proctor.

BOSTON, Mass., June 5 -- Charles C. Proctor died at the residence of his son, on Massachusetts Ave., June 1st, after a long illness from Bright's disease. Mr. Proctor was born in this city June 16, 1845. His father was Eli Proctor, who was a pioneer native American precious stone cutter. After graduating from the public schools he entered his father's shop and there learned the rudiments of the trade of stone cutting. He afterwards went to Amsterdam, where he remained for five years, being apprenticed to some of the most noted diamond cutters in Holland.

On his return to the United States he was engaged by Tiffany & Co., New York, and had been in their employ up to five years ago, when he retired from active business and has been living with his son since. Mr. Proctor was perhaps one of the leading experts on precious stones in this country. He had been sent on special commissions to India and other foreign countries a number of times to search for stones. For some years past he had been more or less of an invalid, and last year made a trip to Europe for his health, returning in December. Since that time he had been steadily declining, and his death was expected at any moment.

A small fire a few days ago occurred in the jewelry store of Chas. A. Robinson, Salina, Kan. D. E. Dever, watchmaker, was the only loser. The fire started in one of the drawers of his watch bench and destroyed most of his tools. It is thought that the fire originated from acids which were in the drawer.

## 18-a

## The Jewelers' Gircular HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

PUBLISHED AVERY WEDNESDAV BY

## THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO.,

## 189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF IEWELERS. WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS. ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALL ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of interest or value to our readers. Adver-tising matter will not be printed as news. Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal. Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid.

		PER	ANNUM.
United States and Canada,			\$2.00
Foreign Countries in Postal Union,	-	6 -	4 00
Single Copies, - *		-	.10

books unless this is done. We will continue to send papers until there is a specific order to stop, in connection with which all arrearages must be paid; but such an order can be given at any time, to take effect at or after the ex-piration of the subscription. All such orders will be promptly acknowledged by mail. The Courts have decided that all subscribers to Journals are responsible until arrearages are paid in full and an order to discontinue has been received by the publisher.

Member	of	the	American	Trade	Press	Associa	tion.
Vol. X	XX	ζ,	June	12, 189	95.	No.	19.

Every line of reading matter in THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written exclusively for this journal. Each issue of The Jewelers' Circular is copyrighted.

## FEATURES OF THIS NUMBER.

- Page 7-LATEST NEWS FROM THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.
- Pages 1 and 33-ILLUSTRATED ARTICLE ON THE REMARKABLE RECENT DISCOVERIES IN THE WHITE PYRAMID, EGYPT.
- Page 5-SPOON PATTERNS OF AMERICAN SILVERSMITHS.
- Page 17-PAGE OF ORIGINAL DESIGNS OF JEWELRY IN NAPOLEONIC STYLE.
- Page 14-FULL DEVELOPMENTS IN CASES AGAINST THE NEW YORK DEPARTMENT
- , STORES, LETTERS TO THE EDITOR, QUOT-ATIONS FROM THE PRESS, ETC.

Department Store

THE funniest thing that has ever come to our notice was a por-

tion of the advertisement of Hilton, Hughes & Co., one of the department store firms of New York indicted for violating an act of Legislature, which appeared in the local evening papers of June 10th. It was a specimen of that dry humor that tickles the nerves all over the body. The extract is as follows:

## SILVERY WARE

- Two for one, three for one is the way these heavy plated pearl handle Fruit Knives are going. They're seconds just a thought wrong now and then in the pearl of the handles; \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 goods at 50c.
- At \$1, silver Trays, Fruit Baskets, Syrup Jars, Spoon Holders — all quadruple plate, picked from our \$2, \$3 and \$5 lots. Sterling silver Spoons, .927 fine, made by
- one of the most reputable manufacturers in this country. Teaspoons, beautiful patterns, 50c., and each one heavier than a 50c. silver piece - and finer.

When we first saw the heading, Selvery Ware, in one paper, we inferred that the types had been juggled by the hurried compositor, producing one of those ludicrous combinations of letters that everyone has remarked. This was funny, but when we saw that in every paper the firm advertised Silvery Ware, our risibilities could hardly be repressed.

When we had recovered our mental equilibrium, we were forced to admit that Hilton Hughes & Co. were quite right: they were advertising Silvery Ware, not silver ware. There is a vast difference between the two. We have known of silvery voiced opera singers who have been buried as paupers because they did not have silver enough with which to buy bread; we have seen homeless wanderers sleep in silvery moonbeams because they did not have a silver dime to pay for a lodging; while many a silvery haired man has gone to the workhouse because silver to him was an unknown possession. There is about as much silver in silvery voices, silvery hair and silvery moonbeams, as in the silvery ware of the department store. It is gratifying to know that the dry goods stores differentiate between silver ware and silvery ware. The jeweler will not object to them handling silvery ware if they will always call it by this name and not mark it with the recognized signs of silver ware.

We would applaud the dry goods firm, did we not have a suspicion that their ingenious advertisement writer is "working a scheme." If our suspicion has no foundation on fact, and if the department stores confess that they handle silvery ware, we hope that the daily press, the champion of the people, will give room to such complaints as are made when these same stores dispose of *silvery* ware on the claim that it is honest silver ware.

COR the illustrations in the valuable article in this issue entitled "Egyptian Art in Jewelry 5,000 Years Ago", THE CIRCULAR is indebted to that fine French magazine, L'Illustration.

## lewelry in

## Napoleonic Style.

NTERESTin things Napoleonic is still high, and the fad will

doubtless leave a deep impress upon the character of the industrial art products of the times. So far the influence has been mainly in the way of nomenclature, numerous products representing divers schools of art being christened after prominent figures of the time of Napoleon; but the truer and more lasting influence which must manifest itself will be in the matter of design. In jewelry and silverware especially is there room for a new style of art, and it is with this circumstance in view that THE CIRCULAR presents to the manufacturing jeweler and the silversmith, a page of original designs in Napoleonic style drawn especially for this journal by a firm of practical men. These designs are illustrated on page 17.

## The Diamond Market.

DESPATCHES from South Africa indicate that a most hope-

ful tone prevails in the diamond market, the opinion being general that the aspects denote an increased demand. The consumption of diamonds depends on the prosperity of the world in general; and in this respect it is safe to say that we can now look forward to a better era. Trade in America has begun to improve, speculation is reviving, and everything seems tending to restore things to their normal level. In Europe there is a brighter commercial and financial outlook than has been apparent for some years, and this will naturally tell on diamonds as on other of the more conservative items of commerce. It is felt at the seat of the diamond industry, notwithstanding the import duty now imposed in the United States, that diamonds will be consumed here just as largely as hithertofore, and that the American citizen will not be influenced in his purchases by the enhanced price which he may have to pay.

#### Jeweler S. S. Newton Terribly Injured.

WINSTED, Conn., June 10.-Jeweler S. S. Newton, of this place, was found lying senseless by the road on a pile of rocks near the town, Saturday afternoon. He was conveyed to his home. His arm was broken at the elbow, part of the bone being torn away. One of his ribs was fractured and he had a large cut on the back of his head, besides various bruises.

Mr. Newton had started out in the afternoon to exercise his horse, and it is supposed that he was run into by a runaway team and thrown out and dragged some distance. Mr. Newton's carriage is damaged. Mr. Newton's advanced age makes the chances of the recovery of the gentleman doubtful. He is one of the oldest business men of Winsted, and has carried on the jewelry business here for 40 years.

## "Silvery" Ware.

## New York Notes.

Max Freund & Co. have renewed a judgment for \$604.70 against Alex Schlang.

Lissauer & Co. are renovating and decorating their offices at 12 Maiden Lane.

Follmer, Clogg & Co. have filed a judgment for \$163.98 against Lewis Wagner.

A judgment for \$161.23 has been entered against Max Bayerdorfer in favor of C. Powell.

Milton P. Bagg, dealer in precious stones, has opened an office in the Hays building, 21-23 Maiden Lane.

A judgment against Horace Craighead for \$5,030 31 has been entered by the National Park Bank.

Judgment for \$5,928 was entered last week against Marcus E. Harris and Solomon Maduro in favor of Imogene Hart.

During the alterations on their building at 39 Union Square, Jacct & Son are quartered in the Decker building, 33 Union Square.

B. M. Henschel, with Marx, Veit & Co., New York, has returned from the south, where he was confined by sickness for three weeks.

Mrs. S. Engel, mother of J. Engel, traveler for Lissauer & Co., died Sunday in Baltimore, Maryland. Mrs. Engel was a sister of Max J. and Morris Lissauer.

An attachment for \$3,524 has been received by the Sheriff against George F. Glaser, wholesale jeweler, Denver, Col., in favor of Vve. L. B. Citroen & Co., diamond importers of this city.

The sale of the outstanding book accounts of the defunct firm of Hagan, White & Co. is advertised to take place June 13th at the Real Estate Auction Rooms, 59 Liberty St The sale is ordered by the receiver, B. Gersen Oppenheimer.

The Australian Opal Co., of Brooklyn, have incorporated with the Secretary of State to deal in all kinds of precious stones. The amount of capital stock is \$10,000, consisting of shares of \$20 each, and the directors for the first year are John Lamont, Elizabeth Lamont, Adele Bierig and Charles Bierig, of Brooklyn.

A well dressed man entered the jewelry store of Wm. Barthman, at Maiden Lane and Broadway, shortly after noon Saturday, and asked Mr. Barthman to cash a check for \$825. The stranger did not wish to purchase anything, and seemed offended when his request was not complied with.

Chas. H. Clark who, as told in The CIR-CULAR May 22, was arrested for obtaining diamond jewelry worth \$82 by fraud from Constantin Lucius, retail jeweler, 841 Sixth Ave., pleaded guilty to the charge last week and was sentenced by Recorder Goff to two years and six months in the State prison.

While a sapphire was being examined at a front window of the office of Albert Lorsch & Co., 35 Maiden Lane, it slipped from the hand of the examiner and fell into Maiden Lane. The search for the stone in the muddy street caused much excitement. The sapphire, which was worth about \$50, was recovered.

Judge Ingraham, in the Supreme Court, Friday, allowed a judgment for \$3,091.62 against Herman Ryman in favor of Benj. Eichberg. The action was brought through lawyers Erdman, Levy & Mayer on one of four notes made by the defendant who was formerly in business at 51 Maiden Lane, under the name of Herman Rypinsky.

Three men, supposed to be professional burglars, were arrested in Hoboken last week for breaking the glass of the show window of F. Brown's jewelry shop at 113 Washington St. They described themselves as Charles Sherrin and William Carey, of 17 First St., and Joseph Collins, of 211 W. 127th St., this city. The men were held for examination.

Fox & Stendicke is the name of a new optical firm who have just opened their headquarters at 947 Broadway, with a branch office and factory at 61 Fulton St. The firm consist of Edward B. Fox, for 14 years with Queen & Co., Philadelphia, and Richard A. Stendicke, the well-known manufacturer of optical instruments. They will give special attention to the manufacture of improved ophthalmic and optical instruments.

As foretold by THE CIRCULAR recently, Sypher & Co., who were accused of undervaluing imported silverware, have made a settlement with the Collector at New York by paying into the Treasury \$4,227. The Collector had only been able to find that this firm imported \$5,490 worth of silverware since 1892 and only one instance of undervaluation. That was an importation valued at \$3,207, the duty on which should have been \$1,443. It was entered at \$940and duty amounting to \$443 was paid.

The replevin suit of Barnet Emerich, a diamond dealer, 35 John St., against John Simpson, a pawnbroker, was settled when it came up for trial Wednesday before Judge Ingraham in the Supreme Court. Charles W. Paul obtained feloniously from Mr. Emerich in June, 1893, a pair of diamond earrings and two valuable diamond rings which he immediately pawned. Paul was convicted and sent to prison, and Mr. Emerich replevied the goods from Simpson, with whom they had been pledged.

The Jewelers' and Tradesmen's Co. will appeal from the judgment for \$2,278.72 in favor of Franciska Thommen directed by Judge Conlon, of the City Court, in the trial before him, April 23d. The suit refers to the interpretation of the clause making the policy issued by the Jewelers' and Tradesmen's Co. incontestable after five years. Mrs. Thommen recovered \$2,000 and costs, the insurance on her husband, Adolph Thommen, who committed suicide, Jan. 29th, 1894. The Jewelers' and Tradesmen's Co. last week filed an undertaking on their appeal from this verdict to the General Term of the City Court.

The Board of United States General Appraisers have decided the appeal of the H.B. Claffin Co. against the decision of the Collector at New York on hairpins composed of metal and not commercially known as jewelry. They were claimed to be dutiable at 25 per cent. under paragraph 170, Act of 1894. The Collector's decision in assessing them at 35 per cent., under paragraph 177, was affirmed. The Board sustained the applicants in the appeal of M. J. Pailiard & Co. against the decision of the Collector on mechanical singing birds in gilt cages, composed in chief value of metal. The appellants, dealers in musical instruments, claimed the merchandise in question to be dutiable at 25 per cent., under paragraph 3261/2, Act cf 1894. The Collector's decision in assessing the same at 35 per cent., under paragraph 177, was reversed.

## Last Week's Trans-Atlantic Voyagers.

#### TO EUROPE.

Among the passengers on the Umbria Saturday were Mr. and Mrs. John Wanless, Toronto, Canada, and Mrs. T. Lynch and Mrs. J. T. Lynch, New York.

The passengers on the *Havel*, which sailed Thursday, included Mr. and Mrs. Rud. C. Hahn, New York, and Isaac Swope, St. Louis, Mo.

#### FROM EUROPE.

Joseph Schweizer, of the Ansonia Clock Co., New York, returned on the *Lucania*.

A. Krower, of Albert Lorsch & Co., New York, H. Glaenzer and Eug. Glaenzer were among the passengers on *La Touraine*.

J. F. Fradley, of J. F. Fradley & Co., New York, returned on the *Berlin*.

## Last Week's Arrivals.

THE CIRCULAR has perfected arrangements for obtaining the names and hotel addresses of all the latest buyers visiting New York, and each day posts in its office, 189 Broadway, a bulletin which every member of the trade is cordially invited to copy.

The following out-of-town dealers were registered in New York during the past week : F. W. Dodge, Boston, Mass., New Amsterdam H.; R. P. Thorne, Jr., Albany, N. Y., Park Ave. H.; P. H. Bettman, Chicago, Ill., Astor H.; A. T. Hopkins, Lockport, N. Y., Sturtevant H.; F. A. Griswold, Pottersville, N. Y., Grand H.; F. J. Smythe, Rochester, N. Y., Sturtevant H.; H. Tilden, Providence, R. I., Murray Hill H.; A. Klimstadter, buyer for J. Florsheim, Chicago, Ill., B'way Central H.; F. G. Sutor, Philadelphia, Pa., St. Denis H.; S. Y. Pierce, china and glassware buyer for R. H. White & Co., Boston, 34 Greene St.; J. Magnus, jewelry buyer for C. M. Linington, Chicago, Ill., 60 Leonard St.; W. H. Miller, jewelry buyer for Grandy & Taylor, Norfolk, Va., Union Square H.; D. and I. M. Oppenheimer, Baltimore, Md., Astor H.; R. Begyeh, Chicago, Grand Union H.; S. C. Eppenstein, Chicago, Astor H.

## Providence.

## TRADE CONDITIONS.

The past week has shown a slight increase in the volume of business, and for the first time in several months the local manufacturers have been advertising for extra help. A majority of the shops are now running on full time with a full complement of workmen, and the indications are that trade will be brisk for some time. There have been a large number of buyers in town the past week, and all of the salesmen who are on the road are sending in good orders. The better grades of goods appear to be in the most demand.

The estate of Daniel Perrin, on Adelaide Ave., has been sold to S. H. Manchester for \$3,600.

George H. Cahoone has been appointed executor of the estate of the late Mary E. Dalrymple.

Stephen C. Howard, of the Howard Sterling Co., accompanied by his wife, has gone on an extended pleasure trip to the Pacific coast.

A judgment for \$1,191.57 has been entered in New York against Hagan, White & Co., in favor of George W. White and others.

The What Cheer Jewelry Co., doing business at 143 Summer St., have been dissolved by the retirement of Fred. E. Pierce. The business will be continued under the old style by H. S. Barrows.

William H. Haskell has resigned his position as treasurer of the Standard Seamless Wire Co., Pawtucket, and has been succeeded by William H. Parks, cashier of the First National Bank, of Pawtucket.

Irons & Russell are increasing their office room. They have taken the entire second floor and will put it all into office purposes. When their alterations are completed, their office will be among the handsomest in the city.

The Champlin building, at the corner of Ship and Clifford Sts., has been closed the past week for the making of necessary repairs to the boiler. This affected S. B. Champlin & Son, S. K. Merrill & Co., Reed & Lincoln and W. E. Webster & Co.

At the recent election of officers in Cranston the following jewelers were among the successful candidates: S. K. Merrill and Arthur E. Austin for councilmen; William R. Dutemple and Robert E. Budlong for school committeemen.

The following were among the buyers in

town the past week: Frank Kind, S. Kind & Co., Philadelphia; G. Warniner, Leete, Pudan & Co., Springfield, Mass.; W. Paul, A. Paul & Co., Boston; M. A. Eiseman, Eiseman & Bros., Chicago; A. Stone, Stone Bros., Chicago; M. Stern, Philadelphia; Clement C. Scott, J. T. Scott & Co., New York; D. Oppenheimer, Baltimore; J. Strauss, Buffalo.

The large bronze panel portrait of the late Bishop Phillips Brooks, which has just been completed at the works of the Gorham Mfg. Co., was on exhibition the past week. The matter of the reproduction of the portrait of Bishop Brooks without the Bishop's robes was discussed by some who saw the piece, but it is understood that the panel portrait is a representation of Dr. Brooks as he was prior to his election to the bishopric of Massachusetts. The panel is a fine work of art and was much admired by all who saw it.

Among those who were present last Wednesday evening at the reception tendered to the actor De Wolf Hopper and the members of his company at the Trocadero, by the members of Mystic Shrine were the following: Henry G. Thresher, Henry W. Harvey, Byron E. Daggett, Frank T. Pearce, Gardner C. Luther, William O. Clarke, Paul Schocker, Charles F-Irons, Thomas L. Hutchins, O. C. Devereux, Horace K Blanchard and Horace Remington.

The case of Asa H. Richmond and wife against William Loeb for libel was heard on a demurrer before Chief Justic Matteson, in the Supreme Court, last week, and the demurrer was overruled and the case reassigned to the Court of Common Pleas for further proceedings. The declaration in this case sets forth in a prefatory statement, the fact that at the time or shortly before the words were uttered, the plaintiff, Richmond, had been engaged by the defendant to sell goods for him on commissicn, and to turn over the proceeds of the sales less the commissions to the defendant. In the charges the words etc., complained of would infer: "That the plaintiff, Asa H. Richmond, had not turned over the money received by him from the sale of the goods, but had embezzled it and so was guilty of embezzlement and subject to the punishment prescribed therefor by law; and that his wife had assisted him in embezzling the money and was accessory thereto, and therefore guilty of the crime of embezzlement and subject to the pains and penalties prescribed therefor by law."



SAMUEL C. JACKSON, MANUFACTURER OF FINE CASES FOR

lewelry, Silverware, &c., also Hardwood Chests, Trays, and Sample Cases.

> 180 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

DEALERS IN

**OPPENHEIMER BROS. & VEITH**, NASSAU AND JOHN STS., PRESCOTT BLDG., NEW YORK.

CUTTERS AND IMPORTERS OF

DIAMONDS. WATCHES.

18-0

## The Attleboros.

A number of western buyers have been in the Attleboros the past week, and the prospects for an increased business seem to be bright.

H. F. Barrows & Co., who have been shut down for a few days pending the annual inspection of the boilers, etc., have resumed. They take a very hopeful view of the uext six months, and consider that the jewelry trade will have a boom.

## Canada and the Provinces.

William Park, jeweler, Toronto, has sold out to W. G. Boxall.

A. L. Rhodes, watchmaker and jeweler, is opening up business in Sydney, Cape Breton.

Henry Birks, Sr., the well-known jeweler of Montreal, has returned from a lengthy trip to California, being absent six weeks.

A. G. Johnson, junior member of the jewelry firm of T. C. Johnson & Sons, Halifax, N. S., was married on June 4th to Miss Mabel Whiston.

Alex. Henderson, who arrived from Scotland about five years ago and started as a jeweler in Amprior, Ont., is reported financially embarrassed and likely to assign.

T. D. Spike, Halifax, N. S., has removed from his old stand on Buckingham St., where he has done business for a number of years, to more commodious rooms in the Aberdeen building, Barrington St.

## Philadelphia.

Wm. H. Otto has opened a store at 3532 Kenderton St.

A. Naundorf has opened a watchmaking establishment on 7th St. above Sansom St.

Extensive interior improvements will be made at the Jewelers' Club rooms during the Summer.

The fixtures of the store of the late John C. Kelly are advertised for sale, and the store itself is to let.

J. H. A. Davidson, of J. E. Caldwell & Co., is at Atlantic City with his wife for a seven weeks' stay.

John Mines has removed from 13th and Market Sts. to 13th and Cherry Sts., and has taken his son into partnership.

Richard Pinkstone, 20th and South Sts., has taken his family to Island Heights earlier than usual this Summer, owing to the illness of one of his children.

Thomas Hammond pleaded guilty Wednesday to the larceny as bailee of two pairs of diamond earrings and two watches, the property of jeweler J. P. Trau. Sentence was deferred.

John Wanamaker has purchased from Mayer Sulzberger, executor of the Simon Muhr estate, the Muhr building at the southwest corner of Broad and Race Sts. The price was \$219,000. A mortgage for \$150,-000 was entered by Mr. Wanamaker in favor of the executor.

The Lovell Clark Co., 102 Market St., and Henry O. Hurlburt & Sons, 938 Market St., were among a number of Market St. merchants prosecuted last week for violating a city ordinance by maintaining a uuisance in the shape of swinging signs. They were released on the payment of costs.

Jacob Muhr states that the newly appointed store will be opeued for business by July 1st. The factory in connection with the establishment has been in operation since Feb. 18th. On Sunday Mr. Muhr and Mr. Rowbotham left for Chicago in order to make arrangements for the establishment of a western branch of the house. The firm name has not yet been determined upon.

nus not yet been determined a

## Boston.

## TRADE CONDITIONS.

A noticeable improvement in trade is reported, nearly all the dealers, both jobbers and retailers, experiencing a much livelier demand. This is attributed by some dealers to the June weddings and receptions, by others to the approaching graduations from schools, seminaries and colleges. If to these causes are added the demauds for trophies and prizes in athletics during the Summer months, it is not surprising that the jewelers should be in better humor uow than they were throughout the Spring. Iu Boston preparations are going forward for the Christian Endeavor Convention and other association affairs of importance, and retailers in all lines are expectant.

D. C. Percival has opened his cottage at Marblehead for the season.

President Fitch, of the American Waltham Watch Co., is enjoying a fishing trip down in the Provinces.

George A. Coleman, of the Roxbury district, was arrested June 7, charged with the larceny of a valuable watch from the jewelry store of H. S. Sargent, Randolph, Mass., May 13.

Vacations have begun at Nelson H Brown's, Fred. M. Rollins having departed for an outing at Damariscotta, Me., last week, and George W. Whittemore going to Bear River, N. S.

Buyers in Boston the past week included: G. F. Pinder, St. Andrews, N. B.; F. P. McKenny, Portland, Me.; J. W. Russell, Franklin, N. H.; A. R. Vaughan, Pawtucket.

Among the prominent June weddings was that of Herbert W. Richards, of George H. Richards, Jr., & Co., to Miss Currier, of Lawrence. The ceremony took place June 7th, at the home of the bride's brother in Andover, Mass. Among the wedding gifts was a solid silver bowl from Mr. Richards' employes.

Frank M. Smith, a former employe of F. B. Toppan, dealer in bric-à-brac and novelties in silver, 144 Tremont St., was arrested on June 6 as he was about to make his escape from the rear entrance to the store. He was discovered by two patrolmen in the act of robbing the establishment, and in a large box which he had with him when captured were silver goods to the value of \$225.

## Trade Gossip.

Among some of the recent copyrighted novelties offered by D. R. Corbin, 10 Cortlandt St., New York, are a scarf pin and lapel button in the form of a heart, bearing upon it the legend U BREAK MY. The goods may be obtained in various styles of finish, and are sure to prove popular.

Levy, Dreyfus & Co., 11 Maiden Lane, New York, are calling attention to their improved Imperial eye glass guard which can be used with any eye glass frame. Dealers will find many advantages in these guards. They can be adjusted in various ways, thereby obviating the necessity of carrying an assortment of different angles, shapes and forms.

The May class in a course of study on the refraction of the eye at Dr. Knowles Optical Institute, 4 Maiden Lane, New York, was composed of the following: T. T. Barnes, Brooklyn, N. Y.; G. H. Pearsons, Portland, Me.; S. Jacobs, Jersey City, N. J.; Wm. F. Todd, Portland, Me.; M. W. Kaufman, New York; Grace T. Marshall, Augusta, Me.; A. E. Gates, New York.

Apropos to the indictments against the proprietors of department stores in New York, charging them with violating an act of Legislature making it a misdemeanor to make or sell metal wares stamped sterling unless the material assays .925 silver, Rogers & Brother, the manufacturers of the celebrated  $\bigstar$  Rogers & Bro. A I brand of silver plated flatware, have something of universal interest to the trade to say on page 15 of this issue of THE CIRCULAR. The statements and deductions offered by this reputable concern will be readily endorsed by all honest, legitimate jewelers.

H. H. Emmons, president of the law firm of Emmons & Emmons, Portland, Ore., and of the Emmons Associated Law Offices, Portland, Ore., Tacoma, Wash., and Seattle-Wash., called upon THE CIRCULAR Thursday. The Emmon's Association make a specialty of foreign business, particularly that of jobbers and wholesalers, and credit men can rely upon this association giving business the most careful attention. Each office of the association has a fully equipped collection department; and from what we know, we can recommend the association to the trade.

## Pittsburgh.

Hardy & Hayes' new number is now 211 Fifth Ave.

J. Harvey Wattles, Mrs. Wattles and Miss Julia Wattles will sail on the 19th inst. for Europe.

Harry Mahler, lately in business in Allegheny, has entered the employ of G. B. Barrett & Co. for a short while.

C. T. Ahlborn has followed the example of the other jewelers in the city and has made extensive repairs.

W. W. Wattles and the Misses Wattles leave this week for a visit to the Blue Mountains.

#### The Waterbury Clock Co. entered judgment last week against Heckel, Bieler & Co. for \$86.

Joseph Crawford, traveler for G. B. Barrett & Co., will after July 1, represent the interests of H. F. Hahn & Co., Chicago.

Visiting jewelers last week were : A. A. Poole, Washington, Pa.; L. Furtwangler, Greensburg; B. Neville, Dawson; J. R. Bruce, Burgettstown; Charles Kennerdell, Freeport.

Local travelers now at home are : George West, West, White & Hartman ; Jos. Crawford, G. B. Barrett & Co.; Herman Cerf, M. Bonn & Co., and Jos. Buerkle, Heeren Bros. & Co.

John Kennedy, formerly on Penn Ave., Wilkinsburg, has removed to Wood St., Wilkinsburg, where he will open a repair shop. Richard Bibby, jeweler, will occupy the old quarters.

Jewelers in the city who are represented on Maj. Denniston's tax list as having done a gross business of \$100,000 and over are: James C. Grogan, \$200,000; John M. Roberts, \$115,000; George W. Biggs, \$210,000; G. B. Barrett & Co., \$200,000; Goddard, Hill & Co., \$200,000; Kingsbacher Bros., \$100,000; E. P. Roberts & Sons, \$218,000; Shaefer & Lloyd, \$250,000; Stanger & Co., \$125,000; Heeren Bros. & Co., \$300,000.

#### Syracuse.

James R. Holden has opened an optical store in the Yates building.

S. H. Lesser, of A. Lesser's Sons, has just returned from a three weeks' trip through Ohio.

Mr. Van Ornan, of Hancock, recently opened a store in Fulton, in addition to that in Hancock.

The next regular meeting of the New York State Association of Opticians will be held in the Pike building, June 19th.

E. G. Seymour, of Jos. Seymour's Sons & Co., has returned from a three weeks' fishing jaunt in the vicinity of St. Johns, N. B.

William G. Oertel is remodeling and enlarging his store in N. Salina St., and it promises to present a very handsome appearance when finished.

Mr. Ely, who represents the Derby Silver Co., and whose home is in Syracuse, left last Monday for his Summer home in Connecticut, where he will remain until Aug. 25.

Jewelers from nearby towns noticed in Syracuse the past week were: W. H. S. Wetherby, Clyde; E. R. Hunt, Elbridge; C. H. Fuller, Manlius; Mr. Gildersleeve, for N. G. Taylor, Weedsport; C. D. Smith, Central Square; C. J. Fuller and O. E. Ward, Phoenix; W. A. Smith, Meridian.

Pretty brooches are in Paris in the shape of tambourines; they are of ivory adorned with a figure or a bust of Harlequin or Columbine. The frame of chased gold sparkles with well-facetted colored stones.

#### Imports and Exports for April, 1895, and the Preceding Ten Months.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 10.-The summary statement of imports and exports for the month ending April 30, 1895, and the ten months ending the same date, compared with the corresponding periods of 1894, has been issued and contains the accompanying figures relative to the jewelry trade:

		1895	1894
Clocks, etc.,	-	\$41 676	\$48 613
Watches, etc.,	-	15 816	4 201
Jewelry, etc.,	-	49 306	89 537
Precious Stones,	etc.,	22 277	24 385

A pair of 6 karat fine white diamonds in a ring setting have attracted much attention in Hyman Berg & Co.'s window, Chicago.

	APRIL		MARCH	TEN MONTHS ENDING   April.		
	1895.	1894.	1894.	1895.	1894.	
IMPORTS.	•					
Diamonds and other pre- cious stones, rough or uncut, including min- ers', glaziers' and en- gravers' diamonds not set, and jewels to be used in the manufac- ture of watches.	\$ 9 934	\$66 614	\$ 8 999	\$547 079	\$452 598	
Clocks and parts of.	31 032	2 833	31 228	272 450	97 539	
Watches, and parts of, and watch materials and movements.	82 032	75 942	76 187	856 437	944 722	
Jewelry, and manufac- tures of gold and silver.	97 289	25 825	55 257	549 040	468 236	
Precious stones, and imitations of, not set.	625 339	540 903	442 060	5 860 486	3 329 444	
EXPORTS.						
Clocks, and parts of.	62 734	85 254	70 077	697 305	779 153	
Watches, and parts of.	35 281	32 660	38 634	288 137	326 209	
Jewelry, and manufac- tures of gold and silver.	59 292	52 427	75 263	595 427	703 111	
Plated Ware.	24 365	24 427	32 822	284 563	246 912	
EXPORTS OF FOREIGN MERCHANDISE.						
Diamonds and other precious stones, rough and uncut, etc.					20	
Clocks, and parts of.		20		137	314	
Watches, and parts of, etc.	2		19	113	48 720	
Jewelry, and manufac- tures of gold and silver.	3 396	I 506	16 204	66 723	17 891	
Precious Stones, and imitations of, not set.			I 200	14 504	313 062	

Merchandise remaining in warehouse on April 30, 1895, and 1894 respectively, was:



The firm report the sale of a number of fine goods the past week.



Auctioneers the legitimate trade only

WE GUARANTEE YOU AGAINST LOSS WRITE US FOR PARTICULARS

14 MAIDEN LANE, New York.

OFFICES : 611 PENN AVENUE, Washington, D. C.

413 E. BALT. STREET Baltimore, Md.

WE PAY ALL OUR OWN EXPENSES.

BEST OF REFERENCES.

19



Traveling representatives may consider these columns open for the publication of any news or items of interest regarding themselves or their confreres.

C. MUNN, who has C. been with C. Rogers & Bros., Meriden, Conn., since 1869, was born in Southington, Conn., in 1848, and his early education was received in the district schools and village academy. He began traveling for the New

Haven Skirt Co. in 1865, and became associated with the plated silverware firm of C. Rogers & Bros. in May, 1869. He has visited all of the principal cities and towns in the Eastern, Middle and Western States, also in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Canada. Referring to his experiences, Mr. Munn said to a reporter of THE CIRCULAR:



"During these 30 years on the road I have seen great changes in the general character and ability of the traveling men. From being, as a rule, a rather dissipated and immoral set, I have seen the inflexible law of evolution grad-

#### C. C. MUNN.

ually weed out the 'black sheep,' until today the moral character of the boys will average full as well as among any other class of men, while their ability, energy and honesty are beyond question. Bright fellows they are, all of them, brainy, big hearted, and a credit to themselves. No class of men are more generous in sympathy or more honorable in business."

The travelers in Kansas City last week were: Edwin J. Isaacs for Ernest Adler; W. C. Barry, Larter, Elcox & Co.

M. C. Herbert, Seattle, Wash., was in Boston, Mass., last week visiting old friends in the trade. He was at one time a traveler for the Ripley-Howland Mfg. Co.

W. S Robinson, formerly on the road for the Ripley-Howland Mfg. Co., Boston, Mass., but for some time on the sick list at his home in St. Albans, Vt., is reported much improved in health.

The date for the New England Jewelry Travelers' Association's midsummer excursion will be July 20 in all probability, and a sail in Commodore Morrill's Navarch is planned as a feature of the outing.

Carey W. Miller, formerly traveling salesman for the Pairpoint Mfg. Co. died in Elgin, Ill., June 5th. Mr. Miller, through the effects of typoid fever and overwork. broke down last Fall and was taken to a hospital for the insane. He had been a popular salesman and much beloved by all who knew him.

He was relating the incidents of his trip to his principal.

"Did you call upon Dinkelberger?" asked the latter.

"Yes," answered the commercial Marco Polo. "He said: 'Mr. Orderbuk, I like you, I like your goots, and I will gif you some bizness-aber nit now.""

Eastern jobbers and manufacturers represented in the Twin Cities the past week were: H. F. Carpenter, by John W. Chase; C. A. Marsh & Co., by C. A. Marsh ; E. Ira Richards & Co., by S. W. Abbey; R. F. Simmons & Co., by Mr. Wightman ; Meriden Britannia Co., by W. C. Wood ; S. O. Bigney & Co., by G. G. Berry.

Orders were booked in Philadelphia, Pa., last week, by Wm. Hancock, Hancock, Becker & Co ; J. E. Simonson, A. J. Hedges & Co.; A. M. Leibman, E. P. Reichhelm & Co.; J. A. Cheney, Ludwig Nissen & Co.; N. Kauffman, Goodfriend Bros.; Geo. B. Osborne, Wm. Smith & Co; Wm. Mount, Thomas Quayle & Co., and M. Crane, Mandeville, Carrow & Chane.

The following traveling salesmen passed through Detroit last week: Mr. Robinson, F. T. Pearce & Co.; Mr. Roberts, Williams Bros.; Mr. Porter, R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co.; Mr. Reed, Reed & Barton: William T. Gough, Carter, Sloan & Co.; Frank Keller, Downing, Keller & Co.; Thomas H. B. Davis, Middletown Plate Co.; George W. Bleecker, the Bassett Jewelry Co.; H. L. Sherman, Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.; F. H. Carpenter, Alfred H. Smith & Co.; Mr. Becket, the Hayden Mfg. Co.; and Robert Wilcox, Rogers, Smith & Co.

Travelers in Pittsburgh, Pa., last week were: F. V. Kennon, for John U. Mauran; I. C. Nicholson Flint, Blood & Co.; J. G. Fuller, J. G. Fuller & Co.; G. C. Booth, Hutchison & Huestis; Mr. Foster, Unger Bros; R. Robinson, F. T. Pearce & Co.; Harry J.'Hildebrand, for H. C. Lindo'; J. B. Richardson, Wm. C. Greene & Co.; Mr. Steere, Arnold & Steere; Wm. Mount, 7'. Quayle & Co.; E. B. Eaton, Young & Stern; G. B. Angell, E. L. Logee & Co.; Mr. Allen for A. Wittuauer; Mr. Sheridan, Horton, Angell & Co.; F. Foster, Unger Bros.; Stephen Woods, Battin & Co.; W. H. Gregory, Strobel & Crane; Louis E. Smith, M. B. Bryant & Co.; E. H. Pelletreau, Shafer & Douglas.

The Montreal Gazette recently contained the following regarding a well-known silverware traveler:

"Mr. George P. Kenrick, of Reed & Barton, Taunton, Mass., is a near neighbor of President Grover Cleveland at Grav Gables, and has often fished within a few feet of the chief man of the United States. ' Cleveland,' said Mr. Kenrick, 'is the laziest fisherman it has ever been my privilege

to know. There he sits in the stern of his boat in a comfortable armchair, dozing away until he gets a bite, which immediately awakes him. He jerks in the fish, which is taken off the hook by the boatman, who rebaits and throws the line in again. The President continues his doze and only wakes up when another bite gives the signal. Mr. Cleveland is getting very fat indeed.' "

Genial seekers after mid-Summer business in Syracuse last week included: H. C. Schwartz, Krementz & Co.; H. R. Mount, Carter, Sloan & Co.; Stephen B. Kent, Wm. H. Ball & Co. and Geo. O. Street & Sons; Charles Van Ness, Reeves & Sillcocks; Rudolph Schwartz, Bippart & Co.; Mr Lape, Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.; Fred. W. Cook, J. F. Fradley & Co.; T. S. Richter, Bruhl Bros. & Co.; Charles Barber. Gorham Mfg. Co.; Mr. Ely, Derby Silver Co.; F. S. Sherry, Jos. Fahys & Co.; Mr. Smith. Robbins & Appleton; Chas. Rosenbaum; M. Adler; Mr. Meyer, Hayden Mfg. Co.; Frank Schoureck, Deitsch Bros.; M. L. Hammel, Keller, Ettinger & Fink; H. C. Barnum, Shafer & Douglas.

Traveling men visiting their customers in the Hub the past week included: William H. Jones, Jones & Woodland; Mr. Kendrick, Kendrick & Davis; Eugene H. Cox, Sussfeld, Lorsch & Co.; Samuel Baldwin, Baldwin, Ford & Co.; L. Kurtz, G. W. Cheever & Co.; Charles Stanley, T. I. Smith & Co.; Herbert French, Riley, French & Heffron; W. S. Campbell, Day, Clark & Co.; George W. Parks, Parks Bros. & Rogers; Mr. Clark, W. G. Clark & Co.; C. L. Bleecker, W. S. Hedges & Co.; Mr. Russell, L. Tannenbaum & Co.; Leverett S. Lewis, Randel, Baremore & Billings, Mr. Connett, Unger Bros.; W. D. Elcox, Larter, Elcox & Co.; W. S. Metcalf, Plainville Stock Co.; Sam Brower, R. L. Griffi<sup>•</sup>h & Son; George Medbury, F. M. Whiting Co.; A. W. Atwater, Brooklyn Watch Case Co.; W. J. Miller, Seth Thomas Clock Co.; Harry Beach, Wilcox Silver Plate Co.

Traveling men were numerous in Indianapolis last week, among the number being Edwin L. Mumford, Waite, Thresher Co.; W. Melcher, Bennett, Melcher & Co.; F. V. Kennon, John T. Mauran; Harry B. Kennion, H. D. Merritt & Co.; C. W. Battey, Waite, Mathewson & Co.; N. F. Swift, for G. K. Webster; G. B. Angell, E. L. Logee & Co.; J. R. Davidson, Allsopp Bros., O. J. Valentine & Co.; E. F. Felger; C. A. Fraser, Hancock, Becker & Co.; E. A. Tyler, Ansonia Clock Co.; G. Rodenberg, S. & B. Lederer; Mr. Miller, T. A. Willson Optical Co.; Mr. Gilbert, F. S. Gilbert & Co.; Ernest Block, W. & S. Blackinton; E. I. Rogers, Parks Bros. & Rogers; C. Whiting, Wade, Davis & Co.; George Pearse, Short, Nerney & Co.; S. H. Brower, R. L. Griffith & Son; C. Vaslett, E.B.Thornton & Co.; F. N.Vaslett, Fletcher, Burrows & Co.; J. M. Phillips, Hamilton & Hamilton Jr.; Mr. Schwab, E. & J. Bass; F. W. Collom, W. O. Hutchins & Co.

#### News Gleanings.

A. G. Brewer has removed from Kingston, Mo., to Lamar, Mo.

Geo. A. Harris has purchased a jewelry store in Northeast, Pa.

M. V. Thompson, Ainsworth, Neb., will remove to Grand Junction, Col.

C. C. Freeman, Concordia, Kan., will soon remove to Mt. Sterling, Ky.

In a disastrous fire in Alliance, Pa., Smith's jewelry store was burned out.

Jenkins & Co., Richmond, Ind., will furnish the silverware for the Hotel Westcott for \$2,200.

Charles Fulton and Geo. H. Kingsbury have opened a new jewelry store in Rochester, Minn.

D. R. Edmond & Co., Cohocton, N. Y., have discontinued the jewelry business at Prattsburg.

A fire in Pittston, Pa., a few days ago caused some damage to the business of jeweler W. M. Berry.

L. B. Coe, Springfield, Mass., has the sympathy of friends in the trade on account of his recent bereavement by the death of a daughter.

A burglar broke into the clothing and jewelry store of Edwin J. Winters, Sag Harbor, N. Y., Wednesday night last and stole \$150 worth of rings and jewelry.

Charles Bolton, for many years in business in Canton, N. Y., as a jeweler, has been forced to make an assignment. It is reported that his liabilities are about \$2,000; assets \$800.

Assignce J. W. Albright recently sold the G. F. Bauch stock of jewelry in Fort Madison, Ia., to Gilman White, of Kahoka, Mo. Mr. White has opened the store and will continue the business.

Jeweler R. S. Gardner, Derby, has recovered from a severe illness and is able to visit his store again. Mr. Gardner has completed his course of study at the Spencer Optical Institute, New York city.

The store of Jeweler Sutfin, Freeville, N. Y., was burglarized last Tuesday night, and from \$50 to \$100 in cash and about \$300 worth of jewelry were taken. The postoffice and hotel were also robbed.

J. H. Dwyer has been sentenced to two and one-half years in the penitentiary for burglarizing A. B. Allen's jewelry store, Pueblo, Col., on the night of May 20th. All he secured was a few gold plated watches.

The jewelry trays which were stolen from the safe of C. H. Wilson, Dunbar, Neb., recently, were found empty near the stock yards. No clue has yet been found to the robbers, though three suspects are now being held at Talmage till searched. A reward of \$600 has been offered.

Frank W. Lamphere, a former resident of Ovid, Mich., and until recently a well known jeweler of Lansing, Mich., died last week ot cancer of the throat. Mr. Lamphere leaves a daughter. He was a man of good business principles, and had amassed a considerable fortune in the jewelry business.

Ernest Schaefer, of Steubenville,O., lately with the wholesale jewelry house of A. H. Gerwig, Pittsburgh, Pa., has leased the Ward store room in Beaver Falls, Pa., recently occupied by D. E. Walter, jeweler, deceased, and will on or about July 1st open a jewelry store. Mr. Schaefer is a practical jeweler, with a thorough knowledge of the business.

Albert G. Bedford has purchased his father's interest in the jewelry business of R. H. Bedford & Son, Ionia, Mich., but will continue the business under the old name. R. H. Bedford is obliged to retire on account of ill health, and has gone to the St. Louis mineral springs, where he hopes to receive beneficial results. A. G. Bedford has been associated with his father for the past eight years.

In the matter of the assignment of Charles Veicht, Milwaukee, Wis., to M. R. Killilea, Judge Johnson has granted a motion for the discharge of the receiver. Mr. Veicht has paid his creditors in full and holds a receipt from each of them to that effect. The liabilities amounted to \$32,000. He has paid off all these and the expenses of the assignment and has a fair sum left over to continue in business again.

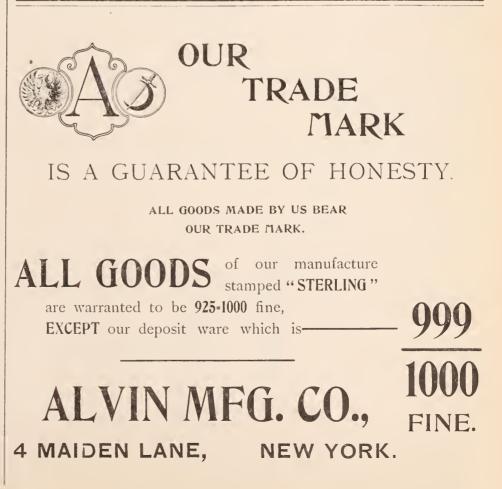
George Merrill, while coming out of E.

S. Ettenheimer & Co.'s jewelry store, Rochester, N. Y., recently fell in a faint. A large g'ass case which was standing near the door was knocked over, and its contents, a quantity of silver and glassware, were deposited upon the pavement. It was estimated that Merrill's fall damaged the glass and silver to the amount of \$100. A question arose as to whether a man would be obliged to pay damages in such a case, and several of the bystanders were of the opinion that he would be responsible for the loss.

#### Uncle Sam Selects Rockford Watches for the Navy.

ROCKFORD, Ill., June 7.—The Rockford Watch Co. have just received a highly distinguished compliment from Uncle Sam. Annually the Navy Department calls upon the watch factories to submit a score of watches for a test, and only the most perfect timekeepers are chosen. Two years ago 17 out of the 20 sent by the Rockford company were selected by the Navy Department. This year the government selected the entire 20 furnished by the factory in this city.

These watches must stand a 30 days' test, and during that period the variation of the Rockford watch was so slight as to be practically incalculable. They are carried by naval officers and are subject to the severest tests.



ze.

# CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Advertisements are entitled to one insertion under proper heading Enter transtant Extra Headings, \$12.00 per annum.

Gold and Rolled Plate Jewelry.

leaung.	EXITA	insertions,	\$0.00	per	annum.

Show	Cases.		Pa

Melishek	&	Petter.	128	Maiden	Lane.	N.	Y	-

#### Silver Plated Ware.

Page.

King, Hugh E., 908 Masonic Temple, Chicago, The Wm. Rogers Mtg. Co., Hartford, Conn... 32

#### Sterling Silver Novelties.

Codding	Bros.	87	Heilborn,	North	Attleboro
Couung	D105.	CC.	11CHDOIN1	110101	Atticboro

Mass	30
Howard & Cockshaw, 220 Fourth Ave., N. Y	34
Provenzano, J. N., 114 E. 14th St., N. Y	8
Reddall, I. W. & Co., Newark, N. L.	-7

#### Sterling Silverware.

Alvin Mfg. Co., 4 Maiden Lane, N. Y	21
Dominick & Haff, Union Square, N. Y	6
Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 808-810 Greenwich St.,	
N. Y	7
Knowles, J. B. & S. M. Co., Silversmiths'	
Hall, Union Square, N.Y.	3
Shiebler, Geo. W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N. Y.	4
Towle Mfg. Co., Newburyport, Mass	7
Whiting, F. M., Co., North Attleboro, Mass.	3
Wood & Hughes, 16 John St., N. Y	7

#### Thimbles.

Ketcham & McDougall, 198 Broadway, N. Y.. 30

#### Tool Manufacturers and Dealers.

American Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass.. 30 Mossberg Mfg. Co., Attleboro, Mass..... 2

#### Tortoise Shell Goods.

Rice & Hochster, 415 Broadway, N. Y..... 18c

#### Trunks and Traveling Bags.

Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y .... 2

#### Watch Case Manufacturers.

Jacobson, F. H. & Co., 96 State St., Chicago . 25

#### Watch Case Materials.

Newark Watch Case Material Co., Newark, N. J...... 35

#### Watch Case Repairers.

N. J. Felix, 17 John St., N. Y	36
Henry, Peter, Cincinnati, O	26

#### Watch Importers.

Hyde's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y... 3

#### Watch Keys.

Clark, A. N., Plainville. Conn.... 36

#### Watch Manufacturers.

Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton, O..... 39

Baker, Geo. M., Providence, R. I	Smith, Wm., & Co., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y 3
Chicago, Ill 25	Horological Schools.
Lelong, L. & Bro., Newark, N. J 36 Rathbone, J., 1-9 Mathewson St., Providence,	Parson's School for Watchmakers, Peoria, Ill. 26
R. I 2	Ivory Miniatures.
Auctioneers.	Downing & Keller, 3 Maiden Lane, N.Y 10
Boyle, S. A. & Co., Washington, D.C 19	Jewelry, Silverware and Optical Cases.
Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y	Jackson, S. C., 180 Broadway, N. Y 18c
Mass 18c	Jobbers, Watches, Diamonds, Etc.
Badges, Medals, Etc.	Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., 19 Maiden Lane .30-35 Friedlander, R., L. & M., Ltd. 30 Maiden Lane,
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y 36 Brenner, Victor D., 108 Fulton St., N. Y 28	N. Y
	Lawyers.
Chains.	Emmons Associated Law Offices, Portland,
Blackinton, W. & S., Attleboro, Mass 11	Ore 26
	Musical Boxes.
	Jacot & Son, 39 Union Square, N. Y 18c
Clocks, French, English and American.	Muslin Buffs.
Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St., N. Y	Williamsville Mfg. Co., 18 S. Water St., Provi- dence, R. I
Diamond & Precious Stone Importers.	
	Optical Goods.
Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. L., N.Y 36	Geneva Optical Co., Chicago, Ills 25 Kirstein's, E., Sons Co., Rochester, N. Y 32
Hedges, Wm. S. & Co., 170 Broadway, N. Y 12 Kahn, L. & M. & Co., 172 Broadway, N. Y 36	Levy, Dreyfus & Co., 11 Maiden Lane, N. Y 3
Kipling, E. E., 182 Broadway, N. Y 36 Kipling, R. A., Hays Bldg., N. Y 12	Optical Schools.
Lorsch, Albert. & Co., 37 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 36	Chicago Ophthalmic College 25
Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane, N. Y 13 Rich & Allen, State and Madison Sts., Chicago 25	Knowles, Dr., 4 Maiden Lane, N. Y 32
Smith, Alfred H. & Co., 182 Broadway, N. Y 12	Paneled Metal Ceilings.
	Northrop, A. & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa 30
Diamond Cutters.	Pens, Pencils, etc.
Fera, Henry, Prescott Bldg., N. Y 12 Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, Prescott Bldg.,	Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane, N.Y. 30-35
N. Y 18c	Mabie, Todd & Bard, New York 34
Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane 13	Printing, Engraving, &c.
Engraving School,	Blanchard, Isaac H., 123-125 West Broadway, N. Y
Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Chicago 25	
·	Ring Makers.
Fine Engraving.	Bonner, Rich & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N. Y 36 Bowden, J. B. & Co., 192 Broadway, N. Y 12
The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassau St., N. Y	Smith, L. B. & H. H., 53 Maiden Lane, N. Y., 32
	Safes.
Fine Stationery.	Mosler, Bahmann & Co., 518 B'way, N. Y 32
Parsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St., N. Y 2	Sample Trunks.
Gold Jewelry.	Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y 2

Page.

Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane... .30-35 Ball, Wm. H. & Co., 15 John St., N. Y ..... 23 Carter, Sloan & Co., 15 Maiden Lane, N. Y... 13

#### в.

#### Sec.

Scales.

Kohlbusch, Herman, Sr., 59 Nassau St., N. Y. 12

Assayers & Refiners.

# Special Notices.

Rates 75c. per Insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines (25 words); additional words 2 cents each. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per cent off; four insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertion, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. If answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

# Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. If answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

WANTED-Position by first-class watch, clock and jewelry repairer; can do all kinds of repairing. Goodman, 60 Cannon St., New York.

WATCHMAKER, who understands all branches of the trade, desires a situation ; will go on trial. Address M. Byrne, 555 Shore Road, Mariner's Harbor, Staten Island, N. Y.

WATCHMAKER (Dane), young man, good work man, own tools, 5 years' experience.wishes a good situation : speaks German. Address Erick Lauritzan. 53 Main Ave., Passaic, N.J.

TRAVELING SALESMAN (American Israelite), with long established trade in south and west, is open for a position July 1st; unexceptional refer ences. Address "Y," care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED-By young man of experience, and thoroughly understanding the manufacturing and diamond business, position as resident or traveling salesman. Address "W.", care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR.

A JEWELRY FOREMAN and first-class designer on diamond and general jewelry, capable of taking entire charge of factory, wants a position. Address A. Smith, care E. P. Reichhelm & Co., 80 Nassau St., New York City.

 $\overline{\mathbf{B}^{Y}}$  watchmaker with 12 years' experience; have done work for the trade and run shop for myself; can give good references; State of Virginia preferred: or would rent window in some thriving Virginia town. Address A. B. Coover, Lock Box 35, Frankfort, Ohio.

SITUATION WANTED - Any manufacturer who wants a thorough, capable foreman, pattern maker, melter and refiner on tools, or other work, for gold, silver or plate, can secure a desirable workman and mechanic; will go anywhere. Address M. R. G., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

POSITION WANTED-Would like a position as instructor in a horological school: or would accept a place as watchmaker in a first-class jewelry establishment: can repair the finest watches in the original style of workmanship and know somewhat of optics. Watchmaker, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

## Belp Wanted.

 $\begin{array}{c} WANTED-First-class, experienced, diamond sales-\\men, acquainted with the South, West and Northwestern States. Apply to the H. Keck Mfg. Co., Nos. 19 & 21 West 4th St., Cincinnati, Ohio. \\ \end{array}$ 

WANTED-A good and permanent situation is offered to a good watchmaker and engraver by S. F. Gordon, Shreveport, La.; none but a first-class hand in both branches need apply. Address, with references, at once, to S. F. Gordon, Shreveport, La.

## Business Opportunities.

WATCHMAKER wants to buy half interest of watch and jewelry repair shop, or would buy watch repair shop. New York wholesale quarters preferred. Address Shop, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

HARD TO FIND-A first class jewelry business for sale : centrally located in a live growing city in Northern Ohio ; business will net \$3,000 to \$4,000 per year ; best of reasons for selling. Address A. C., care 1 HE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE-\$1,000 stock in one of the best trading points in northwest Missouri at 75 cents on the dollar; stock in good shape; good opportunity for a man with some capital; bench work will pay expenses; population 1,000. Address P. O. Box 12, Jamesport, Mo.

FOR SALE-A well established jewelry business in a city of 18,000 population; electric street cars and lights, water works, etc. surrounded by a fine farming country; large wholesale center; store is finely equipped with modern fixtures; located on principal street; bench work averages \$250 to \$300 per month, all the work two men can do; stock can be reduced to suit purchaser; good reasons for selling; for particulars, address W. D. Tusten & Co., Shreveport, La.

FOR SALE—One-third or one half interest in a well established jewelry store in the large and growing city of Atlanta, Ga.; store situated in the very best location for business in the city : inspection invited; correspondence solicited; reasons for selling, want more help and capital for our Exposition. which will be a "hummer." Here is a chance for some good party to make money. No attention will be paid to letters written out of idle curiosity. Address Business, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

# To Let.

TO LET-At 915 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, five beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators, suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china or glass importer. Apply to C. Dorflinger & Sons, 36 Murray St., New York.

#### Miscellaneous

J OBBERS TAKE NOTICE.—Two jewelers with facilities would like to make a contract to manufacture a medium grade of goods, silver or gold. Address J. N., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED you'to know that the genuine "Moseley Lathe" equals the best of the very best. When interested write your jobber for new price list, or to the manufacturers, Moseley & Co., Elgin, Ill.

# **25 REPLIES FROM ONE INSERTION.**

Saratoga Springs, May 6, '95.

Jewelers' Circular Publishing Co.:

Enclosed find check in payment of one insertion of my special notice. I received about 25 applications and have secured a good man. Yours,

C. L. HASKINS.

# TO LET.

....

Two fine large floors in factory building, St. Marks and Underhill avenues, Brooklyn. Solid floors. Light all around; power in abundance.

Fire proof vaults built in on each floor. Elevator, Stairs, Transmitting Room and Plumbing in separate extension.

Apply to

GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO.,

# 179 BROADWAY,

## NEW YORK.

\$3,000 will buy a Jewelry business in a Connecticut city, well located. Stock and fixtures will inventory over \$5,000. Terms easy. Owner has other business. Address, L. J. SAXTON,

Norwichtown, Conn.

# WM. H. BALL & COMPANY,

#### Manufacturing Jewelers.

15 JOHN STREET,

NEW YORK.





Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

VOL. XXX.

#### CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12, 1895.

NO. 19

#### Chicago Notes.

J. C. Woelfle, Peoria, Ill., has been making improvements in his store.

President Cole, of the Towle Mfg. Co., was at the Chicago house the past week.

Seth E. Thomas, treasurer of the Seth Thomas Clock Co., stopped over here 24 hours at the Victoria.

A. Westbaum, formerly for 10 years in business in Rochester, Minn., has opened a new store in La Crosse, Wis.

Henry Birkenbusch, Pekin, Ill., has built an addition to his store and will add new fixtures and an enlarged stock.

Robert Beygeh, of Robert Beygeh & Co, will sail for Europe on business June 15th, on the *Pavonia* from Boston, Mass.

August Stecher, Milwaukee, is settled in his new store, which is larger in size and in a better location than his former one.

C. G. Megrue, representing Aikin, Lambert & Co., New York, arrived here from the Pacific coast and left for the east on the 4th via Cincinnati.

The marriage of Miss Marion Peacock to Edgar Dezo Smith was quietly solemnized June 5th at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Peacock.

The Chicago Jewelers' Association will hold regular monthly meetings in July and August this year, instead of the customary adjournment for the mid-Summer months.

W. R. Abbott, Decatur, Ill., has had a complete line of fixtures made by A. H. Revell & Co., of this city, and it is reported that he has one of the finest stores in Illinois.

The National Self-Winding Clock Co., of Chicago, have incorporated with a capital stock of \$10,000, to manufacture clocks; incorporators, C. S. Burton, M. T. Wray and L. W. Johnston.

F. Willemin, jeweler, Stillwater, Minn., and George Payson, Seth Thomas Clock Co., two earnest disciples of Izaak Walton, made a fine catch of wall-eyed pike recently at White Bear Lake.

The total loss by the recent fire to Spaulding & Co. will be between \$5,000 and \$6,000, principally confined to the stationery department. No claim was made by Spaulding & Co. for damage by smoke. Trash & Plain, successors to the M. Huffman Jewelry Co., Quincy, Ill., have been improving the place and enlarging the stock, and indications are they will carry one of the most extensive stocks in western Illinois.

At the Universalist Church, Elgin, Ill., June 5, Guy Vassar Dickinson, Chicago city salesman for the Elgin National Watch Co., was married to Miss Belle Cloudman, daughter of assistant superintendent W. H. Cloudman, of the watch factory.

Frank Schario, Danville, Ill., will shortly move into his new store on the main street of that city, which has been handsomely fitted out with new fixtures. Mr. Schario has long been in business in Danville and has selected a very desirable business location.

F. L. Grace & Co., Stillwater, Minn., have dissolved partnership, Mr. Grace purchasing the stock and moving it into a fancy goods bazaar as a department. His partner, who is also in the drug business, is to add jewelry to drugs, and make the former a prominent feature.

Detectives have arrested a dangerous gang of porch climbers who have preyed on wealthy citizens, and on the 4th inst. Henry Moe, a manufacturing jeweler at 112 Randolph St. was arrested for alleged complicity with the gang. Mr. Moe, though, is confident his innocence will easily be established.

C. E. Patterson, Towle Mfg. Co., back from an eight week's trip in the central west, says: "Business in this territory shows improvement over last year at this time, and everything is favorable throughout the country. People are in good spirits, and look forward to the Fall with confidence. Crops in general are in good shape, and a good business is assured."

#### Kansas City.

V. S. Cuthbent, with Otto Young & Co., Chicago, has returned from a short western trip.

M. B. Wright, who is in charge of the stock of C. H. Harsch for the creditors, has opened for business and is closing out the stock at private sale.

Fred. C. Merry, of the Julius King Optical Co., New York, was in town last week at the residence of C. L. Merry, manager of the Julius King Optical Co.'s branch in this city.

Ed. Hart, jeweler, 9th and Main Sts., was a few days ago fined \$50 in police court for violating a city ordinance which requires pawnbrokers to make a daily report to the chief of police of all goods left with them. Hart appealed the case to the criminal court.

Among the country visitors in town last week were: O. Kolstad, Pleasant Hill, Mo.; Jos. B. Hayden, Topeka, Kan.; W. W. Whiteside, Liberty, Mo.; J. B. Lowe, Independence, Mo.; Sol. Marks, Launce, Kan.; Matt. Schindler, Weston, Mo.; J. H. Whiteside, Liberty, Mo.

The entire stock of the Jaccard Watch & Jewelry Co. is to be sold in bulk to the highest bidder, June 15. Since the assignment of the company some months ago, the stock has been on sale at reduced prices, but by the order of the Court it is to be disposed of in the above manner.

#### St. Louis.

Zerweck Bros. have opened a new store at 1405 Olive St.

August C. Triton, of Triton Bros., 326 Market St., was married recently to Miss Katharine Mack.

Jos. A. Schultz, assignee of the Western Jewelry Co., announces that he will allow claims, June 12, 13 and 14th., at 521 Locust St.

The St. Louis Trust Co., assignees of the A. R. Brooks Jewelry Co., have been allowed \$831, and Theodore Rassieur, the Trust company attorney, \$415.

G. W. Ferguson, a manufacturer of onyx jewelry, Ozark, Mo., is missing. He left there about a month ago to explore the caves of Barry, Christian and Taney counties in this State, and has not been heard of for three weeks.

Herman Rohne, the watchmaker, late of 2128 Franklin Aye., who died recently, in his will filed for probate gives \$1 each to his children, Anna Wedeur and Eddie and Harry Rohne, and \$100 to his daughter Amelia Rohne. The rest of his estate goes to his wife, Mina.

#### San Francisco.

Trade is reported very fair, considerably better than at this time last year.

W. Goeggel, Woodland, and C. J. Noack, Sacramento, were last week in town on business.

Harry Nordman, of the Standard Optical Co., has returned from his extended trip in southern California.

L. Bernstein, 4th and Market Sts., has sold his jewelry store, which is now under the management of Julius Van Vliet.

The Prudential Watch Repairing Co. have gone out of business, not finding a field sufficiently large for their operations.

The wholesale jewelry houses and jobbers have agreed to close their stores on Saturday at 2 o'clock P. M. during June and July.

Abraham Levy, 9th and Market Sts., died recently, and the store has been placed in charge of Mr. Kohler, formerly with P. Engel, Marysville.

H. L. Rothschild, of Rothschild & Haden-

feldt, has just returned from Montana and the northwest. He reports business brisk in that district.

#### Pacific Coast Notes.

H. O. Chute, jeweler, Roseville, Cal., has arranged to start a fruit store.

A. E. Bocks, Paso Robles, Cal., will remove his business to Woodland, Cal.

E. E. Mensch, who has been with S. Spitz, Santa Fé, N. M., has gone into business at Prescott, Arizona.

Albert Anderson, of Anderson Bros., jewelers, Auburn, Cal., was married recently in Altona, Ill., to Georgia Ware.

John W. Farmer, jeweler, Haywards, Cal., died recently. He was a native of Kent, England, and had been in Edward Haas' establishment as jeweler and watchmaker for some time.

M. A. Markarian, jeweler, Fresno, Cal., who is an Armenian, has received a letter from a missionary in Turkey that Markarian's wife and two children are held virtually captive and cannot come to America to join him.

A consignment of silverware recently received in Stockton was supposed to be sterling silver. When it was examined with care it was discovered that it was stamped "startling silver." The letters were so small that they could not be read without using a microscope.

#### Los Angeles, Cal.

The First Methodist Church, in Redlands, has instituted the custom of individual communion service wine cups which are passed by a member of the official board on silver trays.

E.W. Reynolds & Co., wholesale dealers in optical goods and watchmakers' and jewelers' supplies, 114 S. Spring St., announce to the oculists and opticians of southern California and Arizona that they have added to their optical department the machinery necessary for doing all kinds of lens grinding, and that within a short time they will be prepared to fill oculists' prescriptions.



63 & 65 WASHINGTON STREET, CHICAGO, ILL. -"FSTIMATES GIVEN ON GOLD AND SILVER. IF NOT SATISFACTORY WE WILL BETURN SHIPMENT INTACT AND PAY ALL CHARGES."----

#### Toledo.

Roulet & Armstrong, who have been located at the corner of Adams and St. Clair Sts. for many years, will remove shortly to a spacious store on the opposite corner in the new Valentine Theatre building.

Chas. Bargman gave a public reception last week at his newly fitted store at the corner of Summit and Cherry Sts. With new cases, elegant mirrors and tropical plants the store presented a brilliant appearance,

C. C. Winas who for years has been with W. E. Cawood, has engaged in business for himself in a handsome new store at 411 Adams St. Mr. Winas has been at the bench constantly for 16 years, and is a man of ability and experience. He will give special attention to manufacturing, engraving and repairing.

#### Indianapolis.

The Chicago Jewelry Manufacturing Co. have located in Evansville, Ind.

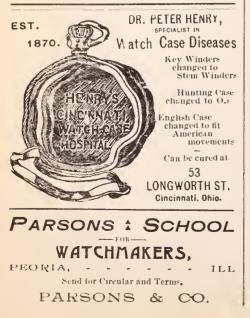
E. M. Wilbite, Danville; J. Sherry Jones, Clayton, and A. R. Cooper, Mooresville, were in the city last week, buying goods.

Louis Kiefer, of L. F. Kiefer & Son, who was injured some weeks ago by the accidental discharge of a spring gun, is able to be at his store but suffers much inconvemence and pain. He is still quite lame.

George C. Schmid some months ago settled in Scottsburg, Ind., as a jeweler and on May 12th last married a young woman of that town. A few days ago Schmid was arrested charged with bigamy. Schmid waived a preliminary hearing and was committed in default of bond.

#### Detroit.

The following Michigan country jewelers were in the city last week: F. C. Barbour, Oxford; John Steele, Plymouth; and C. E. Montford, Utica.



N. K. Standart, formerly traveling salesman for the Johnson Optical Co., has started in the manufacturing optician's business at the corner of Woodward Ave. and Clifford St.

L. B. Colwell & Co.'s stock and fixtures at 30 Bates St. have been sold to Lewis B. Colwell, who will continue the gold and silver refining business. The consideration mentioned was \$2,500.

Last week George Lindsey was arrested in Flint, Mich., on suspicion of being a spectacle thief. He was trying to sell a pair of gold rimmed spectacles for a mere song. Upon being searched the fellow had seven pairs.

Kennedy & Koester dissolved last week by mutual consent, Thomas Kennedy retiring. The firm have been in the wholesale jewelry business together for 26 years. The partnership has been continuous for 18 years. The new firm will be continued by Henry Koester at 185 Jefferson Ave.

Mabley, Harvey & Co., the clothing firm which recently moved into the premises recently vacated by F. G. Smith & Sons, last week purchased an electric street clock from Wright, Kay & Co., which has been put up in the place occupied by the old timepiece which was a landmark. It was made by the Self Winding Clock Co., 26 Broadway, New York.

J. H. Hopkins, the alleged diamond thief under arrest in Grand Rapids, Mich., was examined last week and bound over for trial under bail bonds of \$1,000. Last week Amos Bacon, a representative of the Bohm-Bristol Diamond Co., Denver, Col., replevied two rings worth \$600 from Chief of Police Harvey. Hopkins' attorney claimed that his credentials were false and that he would make trouble. The diamonds were identified by their description sent out by the police. There is no doubt but what they were stolen.

#### Minneapolis and St. Paul.

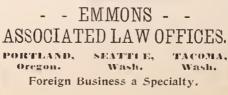
F. J. Salfinger has gone to Chicago on business.

C. O. Borgersrode, Winsted, Minn., was in Minneapolis last week purchasing stock.

C. A. Bergo, watchmaker and jeweler of Minneapolis, will engage in business in Marine, Minn.

J. S. Allen, tormerly of the John S. Allen Co., Minneapolis, has opened an office in the Bank of Minneapolis building.

S. Jacobs & Co., Minneapolis, the past week opened a fine new store with new stock on Nicollet Ave., in addition to their former store which will be retained by the firm.



#### Cincinnati.

Sam Duncan will re-enter the jewelry business, opening at 32 Arcade.

The H. W. Frankenstein Co. have moved back into the Arcade and will enter the wholesale business.

Cards are out among the jewelers announcing the wedding of Fred. Strang, the popular traveler for Jonas, Dorst & Co.

The O. E. Bell Co. have received their first output of silver tea sets, butter dishes and trays. They are in several designs and satin finished and are attractive and low in price.

S. Lindenberg, of Bene, Lindenberg & Co., will go on his annual eastern trip this week, to make selections for next season's trade. C. J. F. Bene writes from Southampton of his safe arrival in Europe.

The date of the certificate of incorporation of the O. E. Bell Co. is June 1st. The capital stock is \$30,000 in \$100 shares, and the promoters are Orpheus E. Bell, Wm. Addis Corre, James C. Ernst and Albert G. Corre. The company will do a general jewelry business.

There are more spurious silver goods sold in Cincinnati by department stores and notion stores, than in any other city of her size. A leading jeweler offered to bet the proprietor of a large notion store the best hat in town that the latter had not a genuine sterling belt buckle in his show wlndow. The bet was taken and the buckle selected by each was assayed and proved to be spurious.

There has been a compromise of the claims of the creditors of A. Weller & Co., who assigned recently. The preferred creditors agreed that they would give the assignor a chance to recover and allow the general creditors to be paid cash in settlement of their claims. This was practically agreed upon June 3, and the store will probably open for business in a few days, as soon as the necessary step for the raising of the assignment can be taken.

Luke Kent, who died at his residence, 343 W. 9th St., recently was one of the pioneer jewelers of the city. For many years he kept a jewelry store on 5th St., at the Fountain square, and was afterward associated in business with Wm. Michie, at 6th and Main Sts., the firm name being Kent & Michie. Mr. Kent retired from business about 20 years ago, on a competency. He was a quiet, reserved business man in his day, and counted many friends.

Eastern men registered at the Gibson House last week: E. I. Rogers, Parks Bros. & Rogers; C. R. Randall; J. Lane; E. B. Eaton; J. B. Freeman; E. W. Collom; G. W. Pearce; C. W. Battey; J. A. Vassetell; E. L. Mumford; S. Hahn; W. W. Middlebrook; S. B. Kent; L. P. Cook; C. W. Waite; H. B. Richardson; B. C. Quimby; J. P. Cord; C. G. Megrue; G. Angell; F. B. Kennion; D. R. Strauss; A. H. Josephs; Geo. H. Cahoone; Geo. M. Coggsill; F. R. Cross; Mr. Booth; Dave Kaiser.

# MATTERS IN

## JEWELRY STOREKEEPING.

That this department shall prove mutually beneficial to our readers, it is desirable that the members of the trade generally communicate with THE CIRCULAR regarding any advantageous device or plan that they are utilizing in connection with their business.

#### Advertising Ideas in Brief.

THE gold watch which jeweler Hubbard, Springfield, Mass., put in his window recently, the price of which was reduced \$1 a day until a purchaser was found, was sold for \$24. The watch was valued at \$30, and six days elapsed from the time it was first put on sale until it was sold.

The most popular man on Washington St., Indianapolis, Ind., during the recent hot spell, was a colored man distributing

ment for H. A. Comstock's jewelry house.

James Gilowsky, jeweler, Milwaukee,

Wis., if superstitious at all, is not afraid of

the number "13." To prove this it was

only necessary recently for the strolling

pedestrian to glance into Mr. Gilowsky's

show windows. There he would have seen

13 big double base bull frogs, each with 13

•

.

•

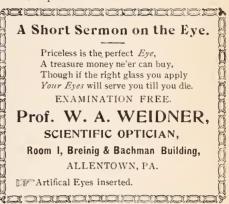
.

clear throated juggerunnums, and 13 ·brindled blotches on 13 bumpy backs. The 13 hop-a-longs were caught in 13 minutes by F. C. Janssen and Joe Kehle.

Some time in February L. Bickings, jeweler, Norristown, Pa., 'lit an immense candle in his show window and offered a valuable gold watch and chain to the person who would guess nearest to the time it would take to consume it. Mrs. Cloward, who put in the correct guess, 1780 hours, was promptly given the prize.

#### An Optical Quatrain.

THE rhyming lines in the following ad. are quite effective:



#### To Wash Windows.

WINDOW dressers always dread the day when they have to wash their windows, says a dry goods trade journal. It shouldn't be such a disagreeable task

the effort. Wait, then, until the sun is

off the window; then dust it thoroughly,

inside and out, and don't touch the glass

until after the inside woodwork has been

properly cleansed. In washing the glass

use warm water mixed with sufficient am-

monia. Do not use soap. Dry the glass with a rubber cleaner or soft cotton cloth, and

polish it with a paper. Then you are done,

SOME POINTED RETAIL JEWELERS' ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### anapproximity and a second property of the second sec COMMENCEMENT \$ RICES A Watch PRESENTS . Something lasting is always more appropriate to give as a graduating gift than anything perishable. Come and see our lasting forms in Gold and Silver which we are offering this year. TELL? Is a large family R of wheels. There is Wedding c no discord in that I ulius (. Walk Birthday and family if you buy a 0 reliable article. You Other Presents NOΩ. will find a large as= In the way of Jewelry and Articles in . Leading Jewelers, 12 E. Wash. St. sortment at very E Gold and Silver, ornamental and otherwise, in greater variety and cheaper low prices that will than ever before. S give very satisfac= It will pay you to see our line and get prices before purchasing. tory results and are Our repairing department is under guaranteed. You the supervision of the most skilled \*\* workman to be obtained. Prices surrun no risk. T prisingly low. OVES THE WORLD Respectfully We will give you best value for your High values at low prices will surely move our stock of Sterling Silver Blouse Sets. Belt Buckle Heart Loc-ets in Gold, Silver and Plate. Large variety of new goods just re-ceived and ready for your inspection. Nice line of Cut Glass Glove Scents, Vinearettes, etc. Single and double Heart Pins at money. E \* \* R. N. Johnquest KLAHOLT. \* \* L 174 Main Street, THE JEWELER, \* \* \* South Side Square, Ansonia, Conn. ⋇ L MARCY'S \* \* Springfield, III. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 38 West Washington Street, \* \* Indianapolis, Ind. after all, if the proper methods were oblarge breezy looking Japanese fans. On the back of each fan was printed " Hot ! served. It is impossible to clean a glass Isn't it? We make it so for our comwhen the sun is shining on it, no matter petitors." Then followed a neat advertisehow much time and muscle are expended in

Many people stopped a few days ago in front of F. M. Herron's window, Indianapolis, Ind., to admire a big tortoise from Bermuda. The head, legs and back most beautifully polished.

M. Zineman & Bro., Philadelphia, Pa., presented General George B. Meade Post, No. 1, with a magnificent floral design for decorative purposes on Memorial Day.

#### Connecticut.

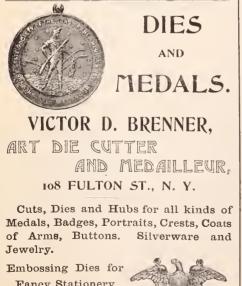
The Thomaston clock and watch shops resumed operations after two weeks' shut down, June 3d.

The new show room which the Meriden Silver Plate Co. are building at their factory in Meriden will soon be completed.

Wm. P. Morgan, who has charge of the Meriden Britannia Co.'s business on the Pacific coast, is visiting in Meriden. Accompanying him is R. F. Allen, who is in business with him. Messrs. Morgan and Allen will return home in two weeks. Mrs. Morgan is a sister to president G. H. Wilcox, of the Meriden Britannia Co.

Mr. Wilkinson, of the Meriden Britannia Co., has designed a prize cup five feet high to be sent to Canada. Although there were several competitors, Mr. Wilkinson's desi.n was chosen. The Meriden company are working on 33 prize cups that will be com peted for by the young athletes of St. Paul's Preparatory School, at Concord, N. H.

The fine brick structure in Forestville owned and used for the past year by D. B. Hills for a clock manufactory, and which was built and occupied for years by the late La Porte Hubbell, who manufactured clock movements for time locks, has been bought by E. D. Rockwell, head of the New Departure Bell Co., who will manufacture bicycle and watchmen's electric searchlights. The new factory is one of the best plants in the State. It stands on the site of the old factory of Hubbell & Beach, which was burned in February, 1873. The old building had been used for many years for the manufacture of clocks and at the time it was destroyed the concern had a large trade in marine clocks. Mr. Hill's business plans are not yet an nounced.



Fancy Stationery and Leather.

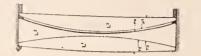
> FINE FICURE WORK A SPECIALTY.



#### The Latest Patents.

#### ISSUE OF JUNE 4. 1895.

510,339. OBJECT GLASS FOR TELESCOPES HAROLD D. TAYLOR, York, England. – Filed Sept. 21, 1893. Serial No. 486,074. (No model.)



A compound objective for telescopes consisting of two positive lenses, one being of baryta light flint glass, and the other of silicate crown glass, with a negative lens of boro-silicate flint glass, the three glasses severally having the optical properties herein specified, and the three lenses being so adjusted in power as to yield an object glass giving an image practically quite free from secondary color aberrations.

510,443. MATCH-BOX. JOSEPH F. GENT, Columbus, Ind.—Filed Sept. 18, 1894. Serial No. 523.340. (No model.)



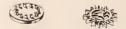
A match-box provided with a series of detached partitions for spacing the matches, having at one end a cover to open the box for the insertion of the matches and a cover at the other end to permit the removal of the same, the cover at the end at which the matches are inserted being the only retaining means for the partitions at that end of the box.

510, 110. MATCH-BOX. JOHN HEISSENBERGER, Nashua, N. H.—Filed Nov. 2, 1894. Setial No. 527 739 (No model.)



A match-b x or case having the hinged spring actuated hid or cover and the spring actuated lever pivoted centrally in one side of the box, and having one end serving as a handle to be pressed by the hand and the other end adapted to engage the free end of the cover for securing said cover.

- 510,511. LAMP-FOUNT HOLDER. ALBERT PATITZ, Meriden, Conn, assignor to The Bradley & Hubbard Manufacturing Co., same place.— Filed May 6, 1895. Serial No. 548,243. (No model.)
- 510.525. WORKMAN'S TIME-RECORDER. EDWARD G. WATKINS, Gardner, Mass., assignor of one-half to Heywood Bros. & Co., same place. --Filed Dec. 28, 1894. Serial No. 533,164. (No model.)
- 510,546. METHOD OF MAKING ESCAPE-WHEELS FOR WATCHES. GEORGE E. IlART, Waterbury, Conn., assignor to the Waterbury Watch Co., same place.—Filed Aug. 9, 1894. Serial No. 519,816. (No model.)



In the art of making duplex escape-wheels, the method employed, which consists in providing upon a suitable blank a circular series of parallel projections for the formation of the impulse teeth, and then removing portions of the blank to finish such teeth and to produce the resting teeth.

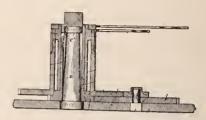
540,578. CHAIN AND CHAIN-FASTENER. WILLIAM COHN, New York, N. Y. Filed Feb. 21, 1895. Serial No. 539,234. (No model.)

A chain composed of the part A', sections B and C and B' and C', and the ends of which said part A' and sections B and C and B' and C' are each joined in cups E and F, said cups E and F being united at a point H, in conjunction with a hook I and ornament D, fastened to said cups E and F at H ; the whole



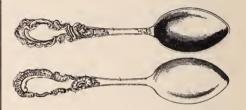
forming one chain.

540,556. CANNON-PINION FOR WATCHES. AGILE N. GAUTHIER, New Orleans, La. Filed Aug. 30, 1893. Renewed Apr. 11, 1895. Serial No. 545,402. (No model.)



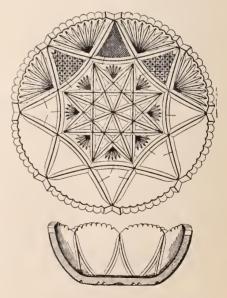
The combination of a center staff, the cannon pinion having the enlargement G, sleeve H adapted to rotate with the staff and having enlargement H', sleeve J incasing the said enlargement, a minute hand carried by the sleeve H, an hour hand carried by the sleeve J, and an operating means.

- DESIGN 21,352. BADGE. MAXMILIAN ERNST, Cleveland, Ohio. Filed May 7, 1895. Serial No. 548.446. Term of patent 3½ years.
- DESIGN 21,353. SPOON. FREDERICK E. PRÉ-TAT, Waterbury, Conn., assignor to the Rogers &



Hamilton Company, same place. Filed Feb. 13, 1895. Serial No. 538,290. Term of patent 14 years.

DESIGN 21,355. GLASS VESSEL. BENJAMIN DAVIES, West Hoboken, N. J., assignor to L.



Straus & Sons, New York, N. Y. Filed Mar. 30, 1895. Serial No. 542,547. Term of patent 7 years.

DESIGN 21,356. GLASS DISH. WILLIAM C. ANDERSON, Toledo, Ohio, assignor to the Libbey Glass Company, same place. Filed Mar. 26, 1895. Serial No. 543,283. Term of patent 7 years.

# Ocular Refraction,

AS RELATES TO THE CORRECTION OF VISUAL DEFECTS.\*

BY R. H. KNOWLES, M. D.

**NOTE**—The purpose of this series of articles is to give to the student without his having had any previous technical education, a clear and practical course of instruction in optics with its application to the fitting of gasses. The Correspondence Column is open to all readers of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR. All questions asked will be fully answered.

#### ιX.

#### (Commenced Feb. 27, 1895.) CHAPTER IV. AMETROPIA.

THIS is a Greek derivation—the eye out of measure—the English of which is abnormal vision or imperfect sight. Ametropia, or abnormal vision, applies to that state or condition of the eyes in which rays of light traveling in parallel paths from 20 feet or infinity will not focus upon the retina with the muscle of accommodation suspended.

Under this heading we appropriately consider the *Errors of Refraction*. As error applied to refraction simply means that the rays of light are not controled by the transparent portions of the eye in such a manner that an object can be seen distinctly, this is due to the fact that either the axial diameter is too short or too long, or that the transparent media describe different curvations in their various meridians; in other words, the eye is misshapen, and it is impossible to perform perfect functions.

In order to determine whether or not the eyes are normal or abnormal as to vision, we are obliged to paralyze the muscle of accommodation by means of a mydriatic. Atropine is the drug commonly employed for this purpose. The following formula is the one prescribed :

R.

Atropiae, Sulph. grs. iv. (4).

Aquae. Distil. fl. 5 i. (1).

M. Lig. One drop in the eye three times daily for three days.

An examination should take place at the end of the third day, as at that time the muscle of accommodation is under control and the real state can be easily ascertained.

The eye will remain more or less atropinized for seven to nine days, and the patient should be informed prior to using the mydriatic, and before discharging him after the examination, in order to avoid any unnecessary alarm in consequence of neglecting to do so.

Atropine may be employed under the 35th year with comparative safety, but the real danger in its use after the 45th year is due to the possibility of precipitating the disease called *glaucoma*. This disease is due to a tension of the eyeball, and atropine will produce such tension.

(To be continued.)

#### **Optical Correspondence.**

I have a patient I can do nothing with in the way of fitting glasses. Will you tell me what I can do, if any-

Copyright, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

thing can be done? She could see at one time perfectly well, eight or ten years ago.

Mrs. Mary B. Age 58 years.

R. E. V. Nil.

L. E. V.  $\frac{20}{100}$  :  $\frac{20}{70}$  w  $\div$  I. D<sup>3</sup>.

With convex sphere of five diopters she cannot see Jaeger No. 9. You can see a white film very easily by means of a strong convex sphere placed in such a way that the light is thrown well into the right eye. The left eye does not look as milky as the right.

ANSWER: Your patient no doubt has a ripened cataract in the right eye, and a cataract in process of development in the left eye. If such is the case, by sending her to an ophthalmic surgeon, you will be conferring upon her a lasting benefit.

What book can I secure which will give me some light upon prisms, and is there a work extant giving a simple treatise of the eye? E. H.

ANSWER: Maddox upon Prisms, \$1.25, will give you all the light you may need in relation to prisms, but if you desire to learn of their application relative to the relief of astheropia, and it is supposed that you are in search of this information, it would be better for you to study with some competent instructor and practitioner who can give you the right kind of information touching upon this subject together with the erro:s of refraction. Hansell & Bell's is the best little manual upon diseases of the eye; price, \$1.75. Both of these books may be secured through THE JEWELERS' CIRCU-LAR.

# Workshop Notes.

Artificial Gold.—Take 100 parts (by weight) of pure copper, 14 parts zinc or tin, 6 parts magnesia, 56 parts sal-ammoniac, 18 parts quick-lime, and 9 parts cream of tartar. Melt the copper, and add gradually the magnesia, sal-ammoniac, quick-lime, and cream of tartar, each by itself, in the form of powder. Stir the whole for 30 minutes, add the zinc or tin in small pieces, and stir again till the whole is melted. Cover the crucible, and keep the mixture in molten condition for thirty-five minutes. Remove the dross, and pour the metal into molds. It has a fine grain, is malleable, and does not easily tarnish.

Recovering Gold from Cyanide Solution.-Add an excess of hydrochloric acid, carefully avoiding the poisonous fumes of prussic acid; heat to boiling; a yellowish green precipitate forms, but some gold still remains dissolved. Cool the liquid; this separates more of the gold. Decant or filter the clear portion, heat the liquid, and add some filings of zinc; in an hour or two the remainder of the gold will be precipitated. Decant the liquid, boil the residue with diluted hydrochloric acid; wash it and add it to the other portions. Ignite and fuse the mixture in a platinum crucible, with an equal weight of acid sulphate of potassium. Dissolve the saline residue in boiling sulphuric acid, then wash it with water and perfectly pure gold will remain.

Acid-Coloring Gold.—Saltpetre, 2 parts;

salt I part; hydrochloric acid, I part. Put saltpetre and salt into the coloring pot, and heat it without water; then add hot water enough to produce a thick paste; let it boil, add the hydrochloric acid, and stir it up well. As soon as the brown vapor arises, plunge in the work quickly, being careful to submerge it completely (since the vapor will affect the work if exposed to it). Let the work boil over a quick and lively fire (and preserve this during the whole process), for about three minutes, stirring it about constantly, taking care not to let any part of it come to the surface of the liquid. Then rinse the work in a light pickle, and then plunge it into hot water. Quick and careful handling in dipping and taking out the work is important. This done, the acid color should be thinned by adding hot water, one-half old color, which is preferable. Submerge the work again, let it boil two minutes, and should some pieces require it, they should boil one minute longer. Now boil the work in a pickle of two thimblefuls of hydrochloric acid to one gallon of water, then again a pickle containing only a few drops of acid, then dry off the work carefully in hot sawdust. Work not properly dried will draw spots.

Restoring the Color of Gold,-It is occasionally quite a trick to restore the color of gold after hard soldering. The simplest and easiest method is to expose all parts of the article to a uniform heat, allow the article to cool, then boil it until bright in a pickle made with about one-eighth ounce of sulphuric acid to one ounce rain water. Another way is to first pickle, then color. Anneal and boil in a pickle made of nitric acid and water, then again anneal black, and dip in coloring mixture made as follows: Put into the coloring pot, or a No. 10 black lead crucible, 9 oz. 12 dwts. saltpetre and 4 oz. 15 dwts. table salt. Heat these without water, then add hot water enough to make a thick paste; let it boil, add  $6\frac{1}{2}$  ounces muriatic aicd, and stir up well. In using, keep up a quick and lively fire, and the mixture should boil up till it fills the crucible, which should have been previously well annealed to avoid breaking. The mixture removes more or less gold, and the operation should therefore be performed as quickly as possible. With good gold, one and one-half to two minutes are long enough to expose it in the mixtures. The article should be constantly stirred about, taking care not to let any of the surface get out of the liquor, as the vapor will affect the work. Then rinse in a pickle, dip in hot water, and dry thoroughly in hot sawdust. This color may be used for gold ranging between 12 and 20 karats fine, but the finest color can be gotten with about 14 karat gold. If not thoroughly dried, the work is liable to become spotted. Much practice is needed to be successful. Coloring is almost an art of itself, and there are many different ways employed by different jewelers, and beginners are not expected to be successful at once.



Latest Designs. Lowest Prices.

JEWELRY CO., 19 Maiden Lane. New York. CHICAGO BRANCH 103 STATE ST.



#### The Rambler's Notes.

WHAT THE RAMBLER SAW AND HEARD AMONG THE Lealers in Art Pottery, cut glass, bronzes, etc.

LEADING ITALIAN CHA

FAIENCE.

CHAS. AHRENfeldt & Son, 52 Murray St., New

York, are showing an entirely new assortment of Italian faience decorated by R. Passarin, a line which has already scored a marked success. The principal pieces, decorated in exquisite combinations of color with full length figures, busts, heads and groups, are plaques, vases, card trays and flower holders. Chas. Ahrenfeldt & Son say that this is their leading line for the Fall trade.

FERNIERES AND

O<sup>NE</sup> of the largest assortments of colored jardinieres

and flower pots ever shown to the trade is to be seen in the warerooms of Hinrichs & Co., 31 Park Place, New York. The wares are principally English, though many of these seasonable articles are in Delft, Bonn and other pottery. The articles range in size from the small three-inch pot to the immense fernieres with pedestals.

NEW CUTTINGS IN PAIR- TWO very rich though popular POINT CUT GLASS. priced cuttings just introduced by the Pairpoint Mfg. Co., 46 Murray St., New York, are called the "Primrose" and "Excelsior." Both contain rich, heavy cups with elaborate and finely finished detail work. Bowls, nappies, jugs, carafes, celery trays and tumblers are the principal articles in this new pattern. Seven different new cuttings are shown on cologne bottles.

A MONG the seasonable articles sonable articles sonable articles sonable articles sonable articles toria ware. shown by Lazarus, Rosenfeld & Lehmann, 60 Murray St., New York, is an assortmont of pretty jardinieres and flower pots in their own Victoria ware. Various decorations are shown on shaded bodies, including several pretty floral designs outlined in gold on matt ivory and cream grounds. Attractive pots are also shown in green, blue and other pronounced colors ornamented with panels containing historical French portraits.

NEW GOODS IN

THE new lamps of the Bradley & Hubbard Mfg. Co.,

which are now shown at their warerooms, 26 Park Place, New York, form a display that the dealer might well go far to see. Lamps in piano, banquet and princess sizes are shown in all their new and leading finishes and in a variety of new shapes that in number is probably greater than that of any previous display. The antique, grey Pompeiian and Byzantine finishes are shown to great advantage on the bodies of the banquet lamps where they are set off by various styles of gilt and silver trimmings. Onyx stems are used with good effect and are shown in over 60 varieties. The princess lamps are particularly dainty this season and contain styles which will be sure to excite the admiration of a large portion of the jeweler's customers.

THE RAMBLER.

#### An Aboriginal Indian Vase.

A FEW days ago there was found by A. G. McElwin on the north side of 210th St., near the Harlem River, New York, a curious vase. It was unearthed from a depth of six feet. The find, coming close on the heels of recent discoveries of Indian remains at that point, has led amateur' archæologists to believe that the vase may be aboriginal and there are certain features present in the vessel which justify these opinions, though other features may outweigh these and give the object a comparatively recent date.

The most striking feature of the vase is the rounded bottom, peculiar to nearly all American Indian pottery, ancient and modern. But while the form is only suggestive of its origin, the method employed in the construction of the vase goes further, and would establish for a certainty the vessel's true character. The process by which the ware was formed is in a degree visible on the vessel's outer side, but it is only on the bottom, where, at the center, an ever widening spiral appears, that the fact is established how the potter had made use of the ancient trick of first forming the clay into long whips or rolls, and by circling them around and around, one coil upon another, had finally built the vase up to the desired height and shape.

The coiling process was a peculiarly aboriginal American trick, and specimens of such ware appear in many localities far remote from each other in this country. Early writers on the native races describe the coiling process as witnessed by themselves. In this pot the spiral is only perceptible on the bottom by the shading between the coils, showing that the vessel had rested in a form during manipulation. On the sides channels appear where the potter's fingers have followed the course of the coils and welded them to each other. Here the vessel differs from certain specimens of Pueblo ware, where the coils were permitted to remain untouched, and thus constituted an embellishment to the pots.

Two other tests support the aboriginal theory; one is the texture of the ware, the other the strong odor emitted from the vessel when wet, proving the ware to be imperfectly burned. We are brought to face here the only evidence against the Indian theory—the vessel when struck has a clear ring, proving it to have been fired in a closed kiln; and therein it differs from the native ware, which was only baked before an open fire. No trace of glazing is present nor could there ever have been any, for the extra firing necessary to a glazing would have so hardened the ware as to dispel the clayey odor previously referred to.

Edwin A. Barber, author of "The Pottery and Porcelain of the United States," says, as to the probable origin of the vessel: "The jar described is, so far as I can judge without seeing it, a piece of aboriginal pottery. I would consider it a fine example of the ware made by the Indians of the Atlantic coast. In order, however, to fully determine its origin it would be necessary to see the piece and to know just how it was found, at what depth and associated with what objects. If it was found in place it must be a relic of the Atlantic coast Indians. If, however, its surroundings would indicate it had been brought where found by accident, it might be an example of the Pueblo In; dians of the west. It is impossible to form an absolute opinion regarding the origin of such a piece without knowing more about it. The form is a common one in mound pottery."



ROCHESTER, N.Y.

32

4 MAIDEN LANE, N. Y.

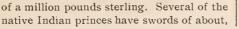
#### Egyptian Art in Jewelry 5000 Years Ago.

#### (Continued from page 1.)

precisely and so evenly that it looks like fine enamel work. The pieces which have been designed with the most refined taste are besides marvels of workmanship.

Princess Ita's dagger (fig. 4) has a gold hilt incrusted with cornelian, lapis-lazuli and Egyptian emeralds; the pommel consists of one large piece of lapis-lazuli.

Let us also mention some necklaces in filigree gold, with pendants in the shape of



stones. The Shah of Persia owns a sword

valued at upward of £,10,000, which was

worn by him on his first visit to this

oreven more than half the value of that belonging to the ruler of Baroda, the golden hilts being studded with most valuable precious

country.



PENDANTS IN GOLD AND PRECIOUS STONES.

with diamonds, and the value of the sword

is \$10,000. When Arthur Wellesley, the

VULTURES IN CHASED GOLD.

Duke of Wellington, won the victory at Assaye, in India, under every disadvantage, thereby inflicting a blow upon the turbulent Mahrattas, from which they never recovered, the British inhabitants of Calcutta voted him a sword valued at \$5,000, and the army presented to him a service of plate of \$10,000 in value.

# 

FIG. 5. FILIGREE GOLD NECKLACE AND PENDANTS.

balls, stars, butterflies and rosacae, (fig. 5), and other pendants and clasps, representing vultures in chased gold, conventional flowers, and insects in gold, incrusted with precious stones.

The whole find includes 5,770 articles, the weight of which in gold is more than one kilogramme, 800 grammes.

#### Valuable Swords.

HE Gaekwar of Baroda, India, posesses a curved sword which is by far the most valuable in the world, says a writer in the Hartford Times. Its hilt and scabbard are encrusted with diamonds, rubies and emeralds of the rarest kind, and its value is £220,000, or approaching a quarter

The Czar of Russia and the Sultan of Turkey possess swords, set with diamonds and other precious stones, worth thousands

#### **Hematite Mining** in Greece.

NEW hematite mine at Marathon, in the village of Grammatico, Greece, was opened last year. The ore is carried down by a railway for about five miles to Limonia Bay, where there is a jetty on the west side 200 feet in length, by means of which 1,000 tons daily can easily be loaded. Proper appliances have been provided for mooring the vessels. The anchorage is considered quite safe, as it is well sheltered. The mine has been leased for 20 years by FIG. 3. several French capital ists. The actual output PRECIOUS STONES, is 6,000 tons monthly,



AIGRETTE IN GOLD AND

but if necessary the quantity can be increased to 15,000 tons. The ore is of an excellent quality, and contains 56 to 58 per cent. iron, 3.80 to 4.00 per cent. man ganese, and 1.60 to 2 per cent. of silica. Whenever the several lodes are found in contact with some small veins of yellow ochre the presence of a very slight percentage of arsenic is found.



FIG. 4. PONIARD OF PRINCESS ITA.

of dollars. The most valuable sword in England is that presented by the Egyptians to Lord Wolseley. The handle was set | hereafter in San Francisco.

George Thomas, Auburn, Cal., has auctioned off all his stock and will do business

33



CAN GET FOR

# WEDDING INVITATIONS,

VISITING CARDS,

MONOGRAMS and ADDRESS DIES.

WE WILL FILL THEM

AT A PROFIT TO YOU!

PROMPT SERVICE. RELIABLE WORK.

THE STATIONERS' ENGRAVING CO., 98-100-102 NA55AU STREET, N. Y.

# THE SWAN FOUNTAIN PEN.

Reputation World Wide. Made upon Distinct Principles. Is a Compressed Air Pump. Simply wet the Insides to Provoke an Energy.

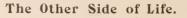
W. W. Stewart, Inventor & Patentee.

MABIE, TODD & BARD, MANUFACTURERS.

New York & London.

Net Prices not Published, but Sent, upon Application, to Dealers.

DON'T FORGET THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB-LISHING CO.'S BOOK LIST when in want of any tech nical book in the Jewelry or Kindred Trades.



"What kind of a reptile is that?" she asked, pointing to a silver coil with ruby eyes, in the jewelry store.

"I think it's a garter snake," he replied. And she didn't ask any more questions for five minutes.—Philadelphia *Record*.

#### IRREVERENCE.

"What do you know about gold and silver?" asked the aged farmer of the irreverent youth. "You are too young to understand anything about the coinage question."

"Oh, of course," jeered the youth. "I guess I am too young to be a safe man to sell a gold brick to."

The allusion was painfully personal.— Indianapolis *Journal*.

NEW IN FAMILY PLATE.

Over their cups of tea Rosabel waxed confidential.

"Elizabeth, if you would try a thousand years you would never guess what I have been buying this morning."

Elizabeth judiciously admitted that she was not much of a guesser anyway.

"Well," continued Rosabel, drawing several slender packages from her pile of purchases, and opening them, to reveal jeweler's boxes, "I have been investing in some ancestral silver. You know I am the youngest daughter, and all the family plate that could be spared has been given to my married sisters.

"None of my great-aunts or grandmothers ever did the square thing by me in leaving me any of the old family silver, but I am sweetly forgiving, and concluded to compliment them by buying my own ancestral spoons.

"Of course I have had them engraved with the family name. Here's one from Aunt Delphine. That chrysanthemum set is marked 'Boquesne,' from my maternal great-grandmother's side of the house, and these curious little coffee spoons are engraved 'Polly,' for my other grandmother. I shall get more from time to time. Don't you think it is a lovely idea?''

Of course Elizabeth agreed with Rosabel that no self-respecting young woman could go to the matrimonial altar without the sustaining consciousness of ancestral silver in the background. And besides, what are we here for, if not to make good the domestic negligence of our creditable predecessors ?—Washington *Post*.



DENNIS STOOD TREAT.

DENNIS—Phwat are yez doin' wid th' basket—sellin' eggs?

PAT-Not an yer loife. 'Tis th' jewelry bizniss Oi'm in.

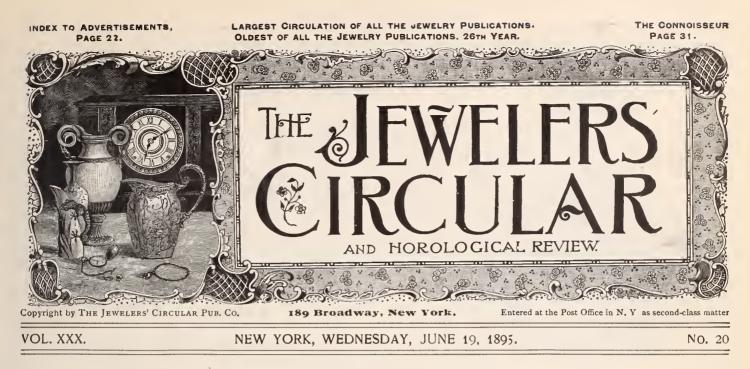
DENNIS—Show yer samples an "prove yersilf a loiar.

PAT-(opening basket)-Niver! Gaze an thim foine p.ir av watches.-Judge









#### ART IN MEDAL DESIGNING.

NOT the least interesting feature of the Louisburg celebration is the beautiful and historically interesting medal struck by Tiffany & Co. for the Society of Colonial Wars to commemorate the 150th anniversary of the capture of Louisburg, on June 17, 1745, by the colonists of the New World. The making of the medal was brought about by the Louisburg Memorial Committee of the General Society of Colonial Wars. The

Sir Peter Warren who commanded the fleet that assisted in the capture. The names of the two commanders appear in simple form under their respective heads. The inscription which surrounds the profiles takes the form of a border, with the introduction of two small medallions, one of which bears the head of a North American Indian, and the other a full length figure of a colonial soldier. Besides telling the occasion for the perandes Christo duce " (Despair of nothing while Christ leads). Upon the reverse of the medal is an accurately cut reproduction of the medal struck by order of Louis XV. of France to commemorate the building of the fortress. It is best described in the simple language used in the historical records of the Louis XV. medal, which reads as follows : "View of the fort of Louisburg, with a large building in the centre having a cross;



COMMEMORATIVE MEDAL OF THE CAPTURE OF LOUISBURG, JUNE 17, 1845.

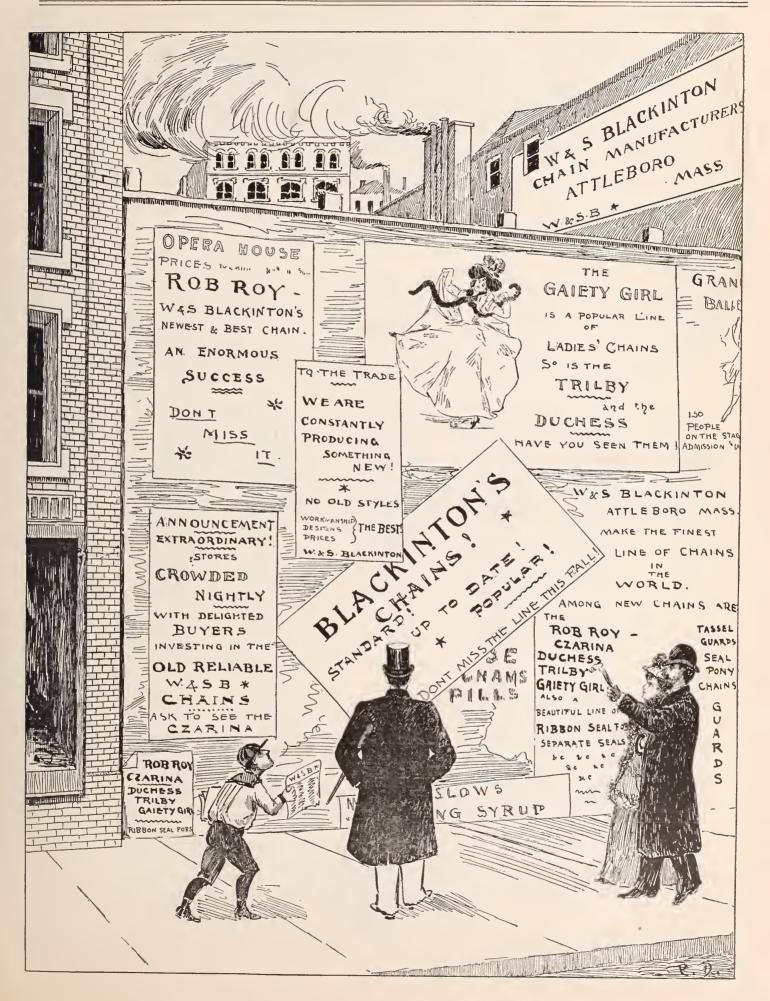
broad ideas of the design were suggested by Howland Pell, chairman of the committee, and carried out in detail by James H. Whitehouse, of Tiffany & Co. who have obtained the order for the cutting of the dies and the producing of the medals.

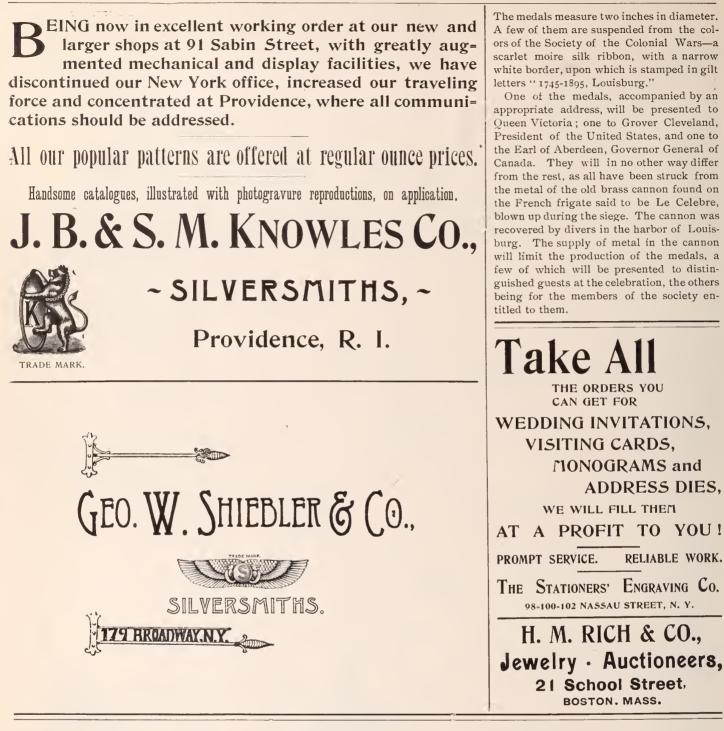
The obverse of the medal consists chiefly of two heads in profile, the one being that of Sir William Pepperrell who had command of the colonial land forces that captured the town from the French; the other that of striking of the medal in concise and well chosen terms, the lettering contributes a very pleasing effect to the design. The inscription reads as follows: SOCIETY OF COLONIAL WARS. In Commemoration of the 150th Anniversary of the Capture, June 17, 1745.

Forming an inner line to the above is the famous motto of the expedition: " Nil Des

houses grouped around the fort ; a point of land with lake and grove of firs extends to the foreground, where are wharfs, warehouses and ships in a harbor. At the left a strait leads to the open sea, where appear two ships and three sloops." Around the edge of this side of the medal is the sentence, "Ludovicoburgum fundatum et munitum," which reads in connection with the MDCCXX. placed in the exergue, "Louisburg founded and fortified 1720."







# F. M. WHITING COMPANY, SILVERSMITHS.

Factory and Main Office,

North Attleboro, Mass.



New York Office,

1128 BROADWAY.

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO FACTORY.

Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withhold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.



# BEING AN HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DAY.\*

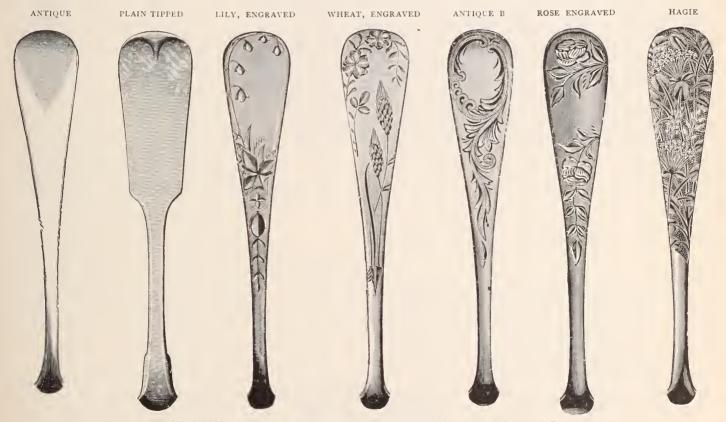
THE F. M. WHITING CO. and their predecessors have been manufacturing silver flatware for a decade past. The concern was founded by Tifft & Whiting in about 1840, in North Attleboro, Mass. They started manufacturing jewery in an unused blacksmith's shop, and 13 months afterPART XI.

and added other silver work until this branch of business became very large and resulted in the organization of the Whiting Mfg. Co., with William D. Whiting, president.

In 1875 a factory in New York was built where Mr. Whiting conducted the business

| ence R. Whiting.

The flatware patterns of these manufacturers are the following: Plain Tipped, Antique, Lily engraved, Wheat engraved, Antique B, Rose engraved, Hagie, Pearl, Narcissus, Palm, Autumn, Marquis, Shell, Bow-Knot, Gladstone, Esther, George III,



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE F. M. WHITING CO.

ward built a two-story shop. In 1847 they built a part of the present Whiting building. By 1853 the business had so increased that 40 feet more were added to the building. At this time Mr. Whiting bought out Mr. Tifft's interest. Mr. Whiting then established a New York office and began the manufacture of silver combs and hairpins

Copyright, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

for five years, at the end of which time he returned to North Attleboro, and in company with his son, F. M. Whiting, entered upon the manufacture of silver jewelry and sterling silverware under the name of F. M. Whiting & Co. Wm. D. Whiting died Nov. 25, 1891, and F. M. Whiting, May 28, 1892. The F. M. Whiting Co. were incorporated in March, 1895, by Florence L. Whiting, Josephine S. Whiting and FlorOrleans, Helena, Tyrolean, Gothic, Roderic Genoa, Damascus, Neapolitan.

In common with other silversmiths this concern have made the Plain Tipped and Antique.

In 1885 the Lily engraved, Wheat engraved, Antique B, and Rose engraved were placed on the market in response to the then great demand for engraved patterns in spoon ware. They proved very successful. They were followed in the same year by the Hagie. All these patterns are founded upon the Antique, which presents the most advantageous surface for engraving.

The Narcissus, the first ornamental die pattern of {F. M. Whiting & Co., appeared In 1887 the successful Palm was introduced, following in outline the Oval Thread, and being very elaborate in ornamentation.

In 1888 the firm brought out the Autumn, which followed no recognized model in outwas an Antique pattern with simple engraved ornamentation at the tip.

The Marquis, placed on the market in 1889, proved one of the most successful patterns of the firm. It is unique in outline and very bold in its ornamental fea-



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE F. M. WHITING CO.

in 1886. In outline it follows a style then prevailing in spoon ware, but which never superseded the older models as a standard.

line. The elaborate floral decorative scheme of the design was effective. In this year also the Pearl was gotten out. It

# Dominick & Haff,

MAKERS OF WARES IN

# STERLING SILVER,

FOR THE TRADE ONLY;

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK.

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES

tures. It is a very attractive pattern.

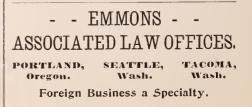
The Shell, 1890, has been referred to often in this series of articles. The Shell produced by the different manufacturers is always essentially the same.

The Bow-Knot, produced in the same year as the Shell, is an Antique pattern showing at the upper part of the handle a bow-knot in die work.

In 1890 also was introduced the Gladstone, a highly successful pattern. It discloses an elaborate combination of scrolls and conventional leaves. Were the outline unbroken it would be that of the Oval Thread.

(Series to be continued.)

At a dinner which Bernard Barnato, the South African diamond king, gave in London recently, he entertained his guests with the conjuring tricks which were his means of livelihood in a circus in his youth.



## **Reigning Fashions in Jewelry.**

#### A LADY'S RAMBLES AMONG THE JEWELERS.

In the height of the season jewelry was not more sumptuous than at this moment. The watering places offer as fine opportunities for the display of ornament, as the opera or the most famous of the Winter functions. Among the less well known people having social ambitions, the Summer hotels, where the fluent correspondent is gathered, are the best possible arenas for the wearing of jewels.

From the indications collets which fall in with the prevailing fashion of high neck dressing are to be greatly worn. A dozen strings of small pearls separated at intervals by diamond bars are so commonly shown that it seems they must be part of the costuming of every woman of fashion. The diamond bars take the form of lovely ornament, flowing scroll-like forms and interlacing lines. Other collets are of flne wrought gold chains closely set and punctuated in the same manner as the pearls. There are other diamoud collets, bands of ornament, flowers and foliage contained between straight lines. One of the prettiest of these was wrought with opals and diamonds; nothing could be more becoming than the soft radiance of the opal relieved by the brilliant points of light thrown off by the diamonds.

These collets are not only provided for people who can support such splendor. There are collets made of silver beads sized like pearls, and of fine silver chains divided by bars of turquoise, fine pearls, and of differently tinted enamels. These, in point of fact, are as becoming as many of the handsomer collets.

The inclement season of heat is also responsible for the increase in importance of vinaigrettes. In the last week these have been pushed to the fore, and in such numbers that one might infer that American women were disposed to faint at any moment if an attractive remedy were not at hand. The most luxuriant fancy is not too luxuriant to lavish on vinaigrettes. Jade seems to be a favorite material for these. The jade vinaigrettes are mounted in gold, of course, and besprinkled with odd drops of color. Others have queer carvings in low relief. Jade is simulated in the new clouded glass which has been twisted into curious convolutions. The matrix of turquoise and of opal is also used for this purpose. Dead gold serves for other vinaigrettes. This is incrusted with stones, Indian fashion, and it would be a fortunate begum who would have a handsomer smelling bottle than some of those shown. Rock crystal is variously used, many faceted and carved in relief. Its crystalline brilliancy needs neither gems nor color, so all the enrichment is put in the cover. All vinai-

# THE "DEFENDER" BELTS. Mounted with the colors of any Yacht Club or College that may be desired.





IS MADE ONLY BY

J. B. BOWDEN & CO.,

Makers of Finger Rings of every Description.

REMOVED FROM BROADWAY AND JOHN STREET,

NEW YORK.

LANE.

MAIDEN

8

grettes are long and narrow, so as to be easily carried. The shillalegh-like forms of a few years ago have gone out.

A column could be written on the delightful 'forms in which brooches are found for Summer decoration. Diamond brooches take the form of fine flowers twisted into round forms. Forget-me-nots and maiden's hair fern seem to prevail. A bow-knot with which a bunch of fine flowers is tied is an instance of these graceful designs. The diamonds are all of moderate size, and it should console those who cannot afford large stones, that in actual beauty they cannot rival these dainty and even poetical arrangements.

Another feature of the season is the long watch chains. These are apparently derived from the long lorgnon chains. The simplest forms are the fine meshed chains punctuated with stones. Diamonds, pearls, rubies and emeralds are used; these are set in diamond shaped rims of gold, and the form makes itself very evident. One chain in fact was seen entirely made up of these gold diamonds enclosing diamonds. In other chains spheres of emerald and sapphire separated the lengths of chain. These were greatly admired. Silver chains follow the gold chains in style, pearls, turquoises and enamels taking the places of the more precious stones.

A word must be added about back combswhich have taken on a new style. The shell is outlined in ornamental curves and these are defined with small pearls set between lines of gold. Shell is of itself ornamental, and the idea of giving itsbeauty\_full value is much better than to overlay its rich markings with othermaterial.

Odd shaped gems are worked into the grotesque and unique styles of jewelry now worn. A large pear shaped pearl is used to represent the body of a butterfly, which has an emerald head and gold filagree wings, with waving lines of small diamonds and ruby spots. ELSIE BEE,

#### Testimonial Scroll in Silver.

O<sup>N</sup> the occasion of the jubilee commemorating [his 25th anniversary of priesthood, Rev. Edward W. McCarty of St. Augustine's Chuich, Ercoklyn, N. Y. was presented with a beautiful silver scroll made by Tiffany & Co., upon which was etched the corgratulatory address from his congregation and friends.

As a work of art, the scroll is one of the most extraordinary products of this character ever turned out by Tiffany & Co. The scroll stands fully 24 inches in height and weighs over 310 ounces. The entire address has been etched in Gothic characters. Beneath the address is a fine etching of the parish church and buildings connected with it; and below these, upon the rolled part of

the scroll, is a good portrait of Father McCarty, also etched. The portrait is surrounded with a wreath and sprays of lilies and flax, typifying the purity and gentleness of his character. Twining between the flowers is a ribbon wrought of silver, inscribed "Twenty-five Years. 1870-1895." The scroll is surmounted with a Latin cross entwined with passion flowers, the symbol of religious faith. Though a massive sheet of solid silver, it has been wound around a staff at each end as gracefully as a sheet of parchment. The ends of the staff terminate in pear shaped ornaments encrusted with ivy leaves, emblematic of friendship and love. The scroll is supported by a substantial solid silver easel back. The beautiful testimonial in its entirety is fitted into a finely finished oak chest.

#### An Interesting Case for Prof. Cæsar Lombroso.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 12-A girl, about 12 years of age, with large blue eyes and long golden hair, called on the C. Preusser Jewely Co., 438-440 E. Water St., on May 14th and asked to be shown some ladies' fine watches. The girl was well dressed and the clerk inferred that she belonged to a wealthy family. After looking over a number of watches, she picked out one of the best and asked the clerk to put it in a case. The package was handed to the young miss and she asked that it be "charged to her papa, Leo Roth." The clerk inquired at the office of the jewelry store if Mr. Roth, who is a tobacco merchant and lives at 1214 Grand Ave., dealt with the firm, and was told that he did and that his credit was good for a dozen watches. The girl took the watch and with a smile on her face left the store.

A few days ago a collector called on Mr. Roth and presented him with a bill from the C. Preusser Jewelry Co. for a gold watch. Mr. Roth said he did not know that his daughter had purchased a watch, and when he made inquiries at home that day he was astonished to learn that no member of his family had visited the jewelry store. He so informed the Preusser company. The police were also notified. Detectives are at work on the case. The girl evidently knew with what stores Mr. Roth dealt, and other merchants will probably be heard from with bills for articles.

The following named jewelers of Wilmington, Del., have agreed to close their places of business at six o'clock during June, July and August, excepting on Saturday evening: C. F. Rudolph, S. H. Baynard, M. F. Davis, J. T. Montgomery, J. C. Massey, W. C. R. Wright, E. E. Hanf, Joseph H. Kern, Charles M. Banks, D. P. Smyth, A. J. Schless, H. E. Thomas & Co.

The jewelry store of John Greene, located in a frame building at 15th and California Sts., Denver, Col., was recently nearly destroyed by a gasoline explosion. Greene said that his store contained \$5,000 worth of jewelry which he claimed was all runned. There was an insurance of \$2,500 on the jewelry.

# established 50 years. RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS,

IMPORTERS OF

# DIAMONDS,

AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

## FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

DIAMOND JEWELRY,

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

58 Nassau Street,

- 29 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK.
- I Tulp Straat,

I St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus, LONDON, E. C.

TRADE MARK.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

# CARTER, SLOAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY,

## No. 15 MAIDEN LANE.

NEW YORK.

A. CARTER JR. A. K. SLOAN. C. E. HASTINGS.

GEO. R. HOWE WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.



JOHN N. DISSELKOEN, Cutter and Importer of DIAMONDONDS PACTORY: 76 LANGEBLEEKERSPAD AMSTERDAM



#### The Philadelphia Horological Society Assuming Definite Shape.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 13.-A well attended meeting of watchmakers of Philadelphia was held this evening at the Merrill building, 19th St. and Fairmount Ave., for the purpose of permanently organizing a Horological Society. The chairman at the preliminary meeting held in May, W. T. Lewis, presided. The chairman after making some remarks bearing upon the probable future of the Society, appointed Chas. Murset secretary pro tem.

Minutes of the preliminary meeting were read and approved. The chairman of the committee on organization, J. W. Hietel, then read the report of this committee, which was followed by the report of the committee on location and expense, read by F. W. Schuler. Both reports were accepted The report of the committee on constitution and by-laws was then submitted to the meeting and a printed copy of the same was handed to each person present. The constitution and by-laws were provisionally adopted. Their main features are as follows ·

#### CONSTITUTION.

#### ARTICLE I.-NAME.

This society shall be kn .wn as THE PHILADELPHIA HOROLOGICAL SOCIETY, and shall consist of not less than five members, and this society cannot be dissolved while such a number of active members remains.

# FROM 47 Cortlandt St., to 10 Maiden Lane.



Come and see us.

#### ARTICLE IL-OBJECT AND AIMS.

The object of this society shall be: To promote and to secure concerted action for the purpose of mutual improvement in the practice of our profession as horologists, by a study of both the practical and theoretical divisions of the science and art of horology: to publish the results of such study for the benefit of all in the profession; to preserve the same for the use of our successors; to elevate the standard of workmanship; and to encourage in the members a higher coffception of what our art really is.

It shall aim to attain this object by:

(1) The establishment of a library and reading-room, where may be found the latest and most advanced thoughts in the publications of the profession's literature

(2) The founding of a horological museum and the collection of tools, models and machines, used in our art, for the entertainment and instruction of the members

(3) The delivering of lectures and the reading of original papers connected with the art of horology.

(4) The encouragement of merit, either in invention or workmanship, by suitable rewards or other marks of distinction.

(5 The cultivation of a more friendly intercourse. ARTICLE III.-MEMBERS.

SECTION 1 This society shall consist of four classes of members, active, associate, honorary, and life members

SEC. 2 Active members shall be those not included in the associate and honorary classes and shall be entitled to all the privileges of this society.

SEC 3. Associate members shall have all the privileges of active members, with the exception of voting and holding office.

SEC A Honorary members shall be such as this society may elect, on account of their great abilities as horologists, or in recognition of valuable services rendered, and shall be entitled to all the privileges of this society, except voting and holding office, and shall be exempt from the payment of dues.

SEC. 5. Life-membership (not transferable) may be acquired by the payment of fifty dollars, within any one year.

Any person who shall have been an active member in good standing for twenty consecutive years, may, upon his application. become a life-member.

Life-members shall have the same rights and privileges as active members.

ARTICLE IV, - APPLICATIONS FOR MEMBERSHIP.

Any watchmaker, or person interested in horology, over fifteen years of age, shall be eligible for membership. The application, with name and address, accompanied by the proper fee, may be presented at any regular meeting of this society, when a majority of votes shall elect him. Thereafter, upon signing the Constitution and By-Laws, he shall become a member. Those not residing within the limits of the city of Philadelphia may be considered as members in good standing, although they have not signed the Con-titu tion and By-Laws.

#### ARTICLE IX -FEES AND DUES.

Each active member of this society shall pay to the Secretary, annually, the sum of two dollars; each associate member shall pay, in the same manner, one dollar annually; and these amounts shall constitute the whole cost of membership. Life and honorary members shall be exempt from dues. There shall be no initiation or entrance fee.

#### BY-LAWS

SEC. 6. The regular monthly meetings of this society shall be held on the first Thursday evening of each month, except in cases where the said first Thursday happens to be a legal holiday, in which case the regular meeting shall be held on the Thurs-day evening following The meeting on the first Thursday in March of each year shall be styled the Annual Meeting.

SEC. 8. All meetings shall be conducted in the English language, and shall be governed by the usual parliamentary laws.

A recess was then taken for the purpose of allowing those who wished to do so, to sign as members. The invitation met with a hearty response. After the recess the constitution and by-laws were ratified by the members, with the exception that Article X, of the constitution and Section 17 of the by-laws be held in abeyance until the next regular meeting of the Society.

The following members were then elected to serve until the annual meeting in March, 1896: President, William T. Lewis, with I. Herzberg & Bros.; first vice-president, Georges Kerth, with J. E. Caldwell & Co.; second vice-president, Albert Alber, 1405 Ridge Ave.; third vice-president, William N. Brunner, 734 Sansom St.; secretary, Charles Murset, with Bailey, Banks & Biddle Co.; treasurer, J. W. Hietel, with W. G. Earle & Co.; executive committee, Chas. E. Hamer, with Bailey, Banks & Biddle Co.; James Orr, 2057 Germantown Ave.; Edwin T. Corry, with Bailey, Banks & Biddle Co.; F. C. Beck, with D. F. Conover & Co.; F. W. Schuler, Philadelphia College of Horology. All officers are ex-officio members of the executive committee.

Chas. Murset, secretary, 830 Race St., Philadelphia, Pa., will answer any communications relating to the Society.

E. J. Kelley and A. R. Silvers have opened a watchmaker's school under the name, Southern Horological School, at 68 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga. The firm plan to teach watchmaking, engraving, and jew elry repairing and manufacturing.

The Illinois Watch Case Co., Elgin, Ill., will manufacture high grade bicycles as well as watch cases. The company have added to their present factory, an extension of 2 500 square feet, which will be used for their new business. The first year's product will be 2,500 bicycles.

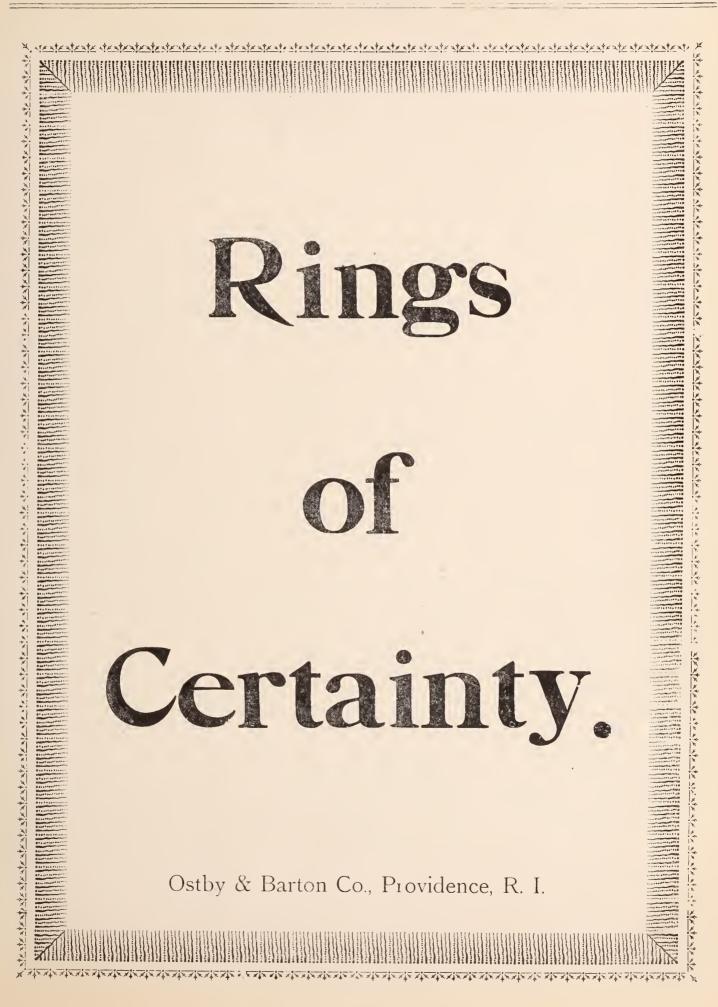


SALE AGENTS FOR THESE GOODS!

Holds the Glasses securely and takes less room than any other device on the

The most practical Case for off-set Eye Glasses.

market.



#### PERPETUAL CALENDAR IN BUNYAN'S WATCH.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 11, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

Last year I found in one of your issues a request by P. S. for information of the key to the perpetual calendar engraved in the John Bunyan watch. I cut it out and intended to send to you the correct calendar with its key, but mislaid the clipping and in consequence the matter slipped my memory. Looking over some old papers to-day, I came across the clipping and send to you herewith a copy of the diagram as it appeared in THE CIRCULAR, as well as the correct one:

(Copy.)

(Oop).)							
	March	Nov.	I	8	15	22	29
	August		2	9	16	23	30
May		Jany.	3	10	17	24	31
	October		4	ΙI	18	25	
April		July	5	I 2	19	26	
Sept.		Dec.	6	13	20	27	
June		Feb.	7	14	21	28	

The above is not entirely correct, either through miscopying or original misengraving. Below I give its true diagram and the key for the balance of this century:

Feb.	March	Nov.	I	8	15	22	<b>2</b> 9
Feb.*		Aug.	2	9	16	23	30
	May		3	10	17	24	31
	January	Oct.	4	II	18	25	
Jan.*	April	July	5	I 2	19	26	
	Sept.	Dec.	6	13	20	27	
	June		7	14	2 I	28	

In leap year take January and February marked with asterisk. The day of the week opposite to the year in the following almanac falls on the dates of the above table:

1895 Friday	1898 Tuesday
1896 Sunday*	1899 Wednesday
1897 Monday	1900* Friday
*Leap years	1901 Saturday

Examples: On what day of the week will the 4th of July fall in 1899? In 1899, Wednesday falls on July 5th, the 4th falls therefore on Tuesday.

A certain festival is set for the 7th of February, 1900. On what day does it fall? In 1900 (a leap year) Friday falls on the 9th, the 7th is therefore Wednesday.

Wanted to know the date of second Saturday in June, 1897. 1897 Monday falls 7th and 14th, Saturday 5th and 12th. Very respectfully yours,

A. F. WATCH.

#### FRAUDS IN QUADRUPLE PLATE,

NEWARK, N. J., June 11, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

On behalf of a down-trodden craft, I desire to thank you for your able championship of honesty and fair dealing, and for your help in the exposure of the rascals who have so long robbed us of our birthright. The daily press is doing nothing whatever

in this direction, but its columns are open, and its large type is at the disposal of the dry goods and department stores to advertise their frauds and cheats, but when Mr. Dexter exposes those same frauds and cheats, he has to pay for the privilege at the rate of \$250 a column, and even then, like the New York *Tribune*, it does not use its best display type for a heading, but sets up the article in fine type, and uses the smallest in the office for the head lines.

The object of this letter is to call the attention of the retail jewelers throughout the country to their present opportunity. As a class, I believe, from principle and from policy, they sell their customers honest goods at fair prices, but for several years past they have seen their trade stolen away from them by the glaring, lying advertisements and misrepresentations of the dry goods department stores. Now that the truth has come out about the kinds of goods they sell, the great public at large ought to be fully informed of it, and the retail jewelers in their section of the country ought to take space in their local papers and widely advertise the frauds exposed.

The same exposure as to sterling will apply a hundredfold to "quadruple" plate, and if the retail jeweler consults the columns of THE CIRCULAR for the past few issues, he can find abundant material out of which to make a very effective advertisement. The enemy has furnished him with a good club. Now it remains for the jeweler to take up that same club and knock out the unprincipled rascals who have thrived on his misfortunes. Yours truly,

A JEWELER.

#### The Death of Louis Kern.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 12.—Louis Kern is dead! This was the sad intelligence that was passed among the manufacturing jewelers in this vicinity the last few hours. The deceased was one of the best known of the younger jewelers in this section, and had hosts of friends. He was a jovial fellow, a firm friend and a skilful workman. As a designer and pattern maker he was one of the best.

Deceased was born in Seekonk, Mass., April 13, 1864, but removed when quite young to Pawtucket, R. I., where he attended the public schools. While at school he displayed an aptitude for designing, and upon finishing his studies he apprenticed himself to learn the trade of designer and jewelry pattern maker with Fritz Henry, who was then engaged by Martin, Copeland & Co. Having completed his apprenticeship, he worked for awhile for Saxton, Smith & Co., of this city, and then for about three years for Carter, Sloan & Co., Newark, N. J.

Concluding his engagement with the Newark concern he returned to this city and entered the employ of G. E. Luther, later becoming an employe of Foster & Bailey. About a year later he accepted a position with Hamilton & Hamilton, Jr. When the manufacturing firm of Patt, Kettlety & Co. organized he became a member, but after a year he withdrew and associated himself with his brother Herman, as Kern Brothers, with a shop at 19 Page St. This venture was unsuccessful, and Louis, upon its discontinuation, obtained a position as pattern maker with C. A. Marsh & Co., Attleboro. About a year ago he returned to this.city and engaged with S. & B. Lederer, with whom he remained until ill health forced him to give up work.

#### Proceedings of the Jewelers' Security Alliance.

The regular monthly meeting of the executive committee of the Jewelers' Security Alliance was held at the Alliance office, the 14th inst. There were present : H. H. Butts, chairman; J. B. Bowden, president; Henry Hayes, vice-president; Bernard Karsch, treasurer; Messrs. Abbott, Ball, and Geo. H. Hodenpyl, secretary.

The following firms we'e admitted to membership: F. Brown, 113 Washington St., Hoboken. N. J.; L. W. Clark, East Radford, Va.: Corcoran & Vilsack, 101 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.; Codding Bros. & Heilborn, Geo. W. Cheever & Co., and S. E. Fisher & Co., No. Attleboro, Mass.; Estate of Henry E. Droz, 130 Fulton St., New York; Fessenden & Co., 100 Friendship St., Providence, R. I.; Hannan & Eros, New Castle, Pa.; Heyman & Kramer, 65 Nassau St., New York ; Joseph C. Klaholt, 514 Adams St., Springfield, Ill.; Kaspar & Barnes, 84 Madison St., Chicago, Ill.; Francis Kronenberger, 1992 Third Ave., New York ; Louis C. Lowes, 7 Mass. Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.; Herman B. Lodde, La Fayette, Ind.; Franz Mahrecke, Tacoma, Wash.; Schach & Riorden, Spokane, Wis.; Jacob Sosnowski, 424 Washington St., Boston, Mass.; Sommer & Pierik, 112 East Side Sq., Springfield, Ill.; Frank Schario, Danville, Ill.; Louis Stern, 86 Fulton St., New York ; l'aylor & Wright, Binghamton, N. Y.; Howard Wilcox, Catskill, N. Y.

May 17th—H. A. Tunehorst, Jerseyville, Ill.; C. L. Nicholson, 530 Fifth Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

#### A Petition Suit on Behalf of Clemens and Lucia Hellebush.

CINCINNATI, O., June 15 .- A. A. Kramer, of Kramer & Kramer, has filed a suit on behalf of Clemens Hellebush, Jr., executor, and Lucia Hellebush, executrix, of Clemens Hellebush, for a partition of the Hellebush estate. All the heirs, as well as the trustees of the Commercial Bank, are made defendants. It is alleged that the debts of the deceased were over \$200,000, the charges of the administrator of the estate \$20,000; that the total value of the personal estate and effects of the deceased were about \$100,000, and insufficient to pay the debts and costs of the estate. The property it is sought to partition is located on Hackberry St., at Broadway and Lock Sts., and on Kleine St.

It is asked that each defendant be required to set up his or her right in the property, and that the latter be sold to pay the debts, etc. This suit promises to develop what has not yet been revealed in the matter of the Commercial Bank failure. The facts as to how the bank made such big loans, amounting to \$235.834, to the Hellebushes, which facts have been shut off in the Insolvency Court proceeding, will likely develop. Also the curious relations that existed be tween Hellebush and Specker Bros. & Co. by which so many notes were given, and the indorsement repudiated.

Jacob Dorst, Wm. Michie and Ed. Lovell are the appraisers appointed to report on the Hellebush jewelry stock.

# The Stites Jewelry Co. in the Hands of the Sheriff.

Deputy Sheriff Loub Friday took charge of the place of business of the Stites Jewoelry Co., wholesale dealers in jewelry, 51 Maiden Lane, New York, on 12 executions in favor of creditors, aggregating \$10,152.

The greater number of the judgments were entered Friday morning by Freeman & Green, the New York attorneys for the Manufacturing Jewelers' Board of Trade, Providence, R. I. They are: To S. E. Fisher & Co., \$1,155.55; R. S. Hamilton, \$273.30; C. H. D. Hubbard and others, \$202; Hayward & Sweet, \$207; G. L. Vose, \$613 08; O. M. Draper, \$252.25; T. Quayle & Co., \$215.80; S. O. Bigney & Co., \$383.40; and Fowler Bros., \$233.20. The other judgments are to Mrs. E. Stites, \$1,858.60, and Thomas H. Heffron, \$4.427.

The Stites Jewelry Co. were incorporated in June, 1892, with a paid in capital stock of \$10,000, and succeeded Stites Bros. who failed in January, 1892, with liabilities of \$27,000. Their present failure was caused by the suit of Thos. H. Heffron to recover on promissory notes made by the company to Mortimer H. Stites, now dead. The action was tried before Judge Pryor in the Court of Common Pleas last week, resulting in a verdict for the plaintiff for \$4,066.80.

Creditors of the company knowing of this suit had previously obtained judgments on their claims, and when Heffron obtained his verdict these judgments were immediately entered and executions issued thereon.

#### Clever Smugglers Foiled by Boston Customs Officials.

BOSTON, Mass., June 14.—A clever attempt to smuggle in a large lot of silver and gold chains and watches was discovered by Examiner Charles Brown at the appraiser's stores Tuesday [afternoon. The invoice value of the package in which the smuggled goods were secreted was only about \$15, and it was evidently the expectation of the smugglers that, owing to the insignificant amount, the merchandise would be passed easily by the examiner.

The contraband articles include 19 silver and 9 gold chains of exquisitely delicate workmanship, and 6 silver watches of English make, Swiss movement,

The common looking sack which contained these valuables was imported from Constantinople and consigned to Agop Dostorinian, Worcester, dealer and importer of Turkish goods. The merchandise was invoiced as okre, and the sack lablled "Bosdon," in crude letters only weighed about 60 pounds. When the invoice came to Examiner Brown, he ordered the sack opened and made the ordinary examination after it had been weighed to ascertain if its weight was correct. Another package of the same stuff had been sent through previously, probably as a blind, and this, after it had been thoroughly examined, was found to be all right.

Hoping that the officials had been thrown off their guard, this attempt was probably made with visions (f eluding the customs, but after the examination had been made, the opener and packer sounded the sack with an iron rod to make certain it was all right. The rod struck something hard, and the bag being opened and emptied, a bundle and box were found containing the jewelry. The chains were extra large ones, made for watches, and were finely made and ornamented. The watches were chased, of English make, but with Turkish characters on the faces.

The goods, after being inspected by Appraiser Stearns, were turned over to a storekeeper and will be confiscated and sold at auction.

#### Alabama Jewelers Favor a State Stamping Law.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala, June 15.—The annual meeting of the Retail Jewelers' Association of Alabama has been called to convene on the 25th inst. A mail ballot as to the place for the meeting resulted in the selection of Selma. A good attendance is promised, as already more than half of the membership have notified Secretary Rosenstihl that they will be on hand.

A number of important questions will come up, among them being the stamping law, which it is proposed to get the State legislature to enact. An effort was made to get such a law through the last legislature, but it failed. The jewelers are very anxious for it, in order to have each piece of goods stamped so as to show its composition.

One object of the proposed stamping law is to prevent irresponsible parties from handling jewelry and silverware. Another law to prevent the distribution as prizes of watches and jewelry of an inferior character by business houses will be drawn up, and a committee appointed to present both to the next session of the legislature.

Clifford Coleman died at his father's residence, in Nottoway County, Va., last Monday night. He learned the jewelry business with Buchanan & Brothers, Petersburg, Va.; and at the time he was smitten with the disease which culminated in his death, he was associated in the jewelry business in Richmond.

#### Petition to Declare H. H. Johannes Insolvent.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 14.—The Quaker City Watch Co., B. J. Cooke's Sons, and H. O. Hurlburt & Sons, all of Philadelphia, through R. B. Tippett & Bro., attorneys, filed a petition in the Court of Common Pleas yesterday against Henry H. Johannes, praying that the defendant may be declared an insolvent. Johannes conducted a jewelry store at 1229 W. Baltimore St., and the petitioners are creditors to the aggregate amount of \$596.13.

It is claimed that, being so indebted, Johannes made an illegal preference in making a bill of sale to Max Kohner for  $r_{1,150}$ , and thereby committed an act of insolvency. Kohner, it is understood, has conveyed the premises to Ida Mills, and the proceedings are also directed against both these parties, to set aside the conveyances, as well as against Johannes. The customary order to show cause was issued.

John Rau & Bro., a firm composed of John and Henry Rau, jewelers, 1115 E. Baltimore St., and 143 N. Gay St., have made a deed of trust for the benefit of creditors to Charles Herzog, who has been appointed trustee, with a bond of \$4,000. The assets are said to be about \$2,000 and the liabilities small. The failure was caused by general depression in the business.

#### N. E. Whiteside Wants an Accounting from his Former Partner.

Vice-Chancellor Emory, in Jersey City, N. J., Monday heard the argument on the application by N. E. Whiteside for an accounting from John W. Fahr, and an injunction against Fahr and Moses A. Sawyer, to restrain them from disposing of assets pending the proceedings.

Whiteside & Fahr were manufacturers of fine jewelry at 93 Greene St., Newark, N. J., until February 1st, when the firm dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Whiteside paid Mr. Fahr who withdrew, \$5,476 as his share, and the latter engaged in business with Moses A. Sawyer as manufacturing jewelers, having quarters in the same building as Mr. Whiteside. Mr. Whiteside alleges that after the dissolution he had an expert examine the books, and found that instead of having owed Fahr \$5,476, the latter owed him money.. He then made this application for a new accounting and an injunction restraining Sawyer & Fahr from disposing of any assets purchased with the \$5,476 paid by Whiteside to Fahr. Fahr claims the amount paid was a compromise settlement for a quit claim, and that the action is brought maliciously to interfere with his business.

In a destructive fire in Gen va, Ind., a few days ago, the jewelry business of J. D Didot suffered to the extent of \$1,000.

#### The Indictments Against the New York Department Stores.

In Part I. of General Sessions, New York, Friday, Judge Cowing again extended the time for the plea of the twelve department store firms accused of violating Sec. 364 A of the Penal Code relating to the sale of goods marked "sterling." Judge Cowing set down June 21st as the date for the final pleading, when, if it be not changed or if a demurrer is not interposed, the temporary plea of "not guilty" made by all the indicted merchants will be recorded as their final plea.

Clerk Hall, of Part I., was seen Monday by a CIRCULAR reporter in reference to the statement made by a trade contemporary that the indictment against Hilton, Hughes & Co. had been quashed. This, Mr. Hall said, was untrue. Neither of the two indictments against Hilton, Hughes & Co., nor those against any of the other firms, had been quashed. All the firms, said Mr. Hall, would be required to plead or demur by Friday next.

The following effective reading notice appeared several days last week on the first page of some New York newspapers :

#### WHERE DID YOU BUY IT? Your Silverware May Be ''Sterling,'' or It May be Only Marked So.

"Out of 32 samples of Silverware stamped 'Sterling' or 'Coin,' and collected by me at random from eleven supposedly reputable at d law-abiding dry goods and department stores in this city, 31 fell short of the .925 standard required by law; ; five only reached .900; one showed the infinitesimal quantity of .0004, and several had not a particle of silver in their composition !'-Adv.

In the above is contained the pith of the complaint upon which the true bills of indictment were found against the department store proprietors, and as the statements are absolutely true, they cannot too often be repeated by the jewelers, either in their advertisements or in their dealings with the public.

The journals representing the dry goods trade naturally espouse the cause of the department stores, the proprietors of which they are inclined to assert are veritable Adonises of innocence. *The Dry Goods Economist* of June 15 editorial says:

"Everyone knows the remark of the old farmer to his cantankerous ram on finding the dead body of the animal stretched out on the railway track after trying conclusions with an express train-' Well, Bucky, old boy, I admire your pluck, but darn your judgment.' This old story will probably be recalled by many who read the facts, printed in another column, which have been elicited this week in regard to the attack upon department stores by the jewelry trade. In pluck the jewelers and their advisers seem to have been all right, but in judgment wofully lacking. It seems clear that the silver articles sold in the department stores are of just the same quality as those handled by the jewelers-no better and no worse-while the prices of the

big dealers are surprisingly lower than those of the men who make a specialty, and this is evident not only by assay and weight, but by superficial examination. Nor is this all. It appears that the agitation started for the purpose of lessening the sales of the department stores has had a contrary effect. The wide publicity that has been given to the matter has awakened consumers to the difference between jewelers' and department store prices, and it turns out that the jewelers, so far from helping themselves, have apparently broken down the last barrier against department store competition. Further developments resulting from the action of the department stores, who, it seems, are likely to make things very unpleasant for their assailants, will doubtless prove extremely interesting."

It is a matter of common experience and observation that the general public has for several years past been awakened to a knowledge of the difference between the prices charged by the department stores and those charged by the specialty or onekind stores, but, with the exception of a certain deplorable class of ignoramuses whose only basis of value is price, they have always known that this difference of price is counterbalanced by a difference of quality. Through the exposures which led to the indictments, the vast difference between the quality of the silver goods-or silvery goods as one department store calls themhandled by the dry goods stores, and that of the silver goods of the legitimate jewelry store, has been emphasized.

If, as the *Economist* says, the public have misunderstood the agitation of the jewelers, mainly through the exaggerated and hypobolical assertions of the dry goods stores and the equivocal attitude of the daily press, the truth of the late P. T. Barnum's aphorism,—"you can fool all of the people some of the time, you can fool some of the people all the time, but you can't fool all of the people all the time "—will soon be made apparent.

As a matter of fact, our observations incline us to discredit the asseverations of the *Economist*. Not only have the department stores almost universally given up advertising their jewelry and silverware departments, which a few weeks ago were extendedly advertised in the public prints, but we learn from good authorities, salesmen for the manufacturing and jobbing firms who supply the goods to these stores, that business in these departments has greatly fallen off.

The department store merchants have retained F. R. Coudert as their counsel in their campaign against the jewelers, and he will not only conduct the defence, but will also direct the counter attack. The evidence upon which this counter attack is based is now being gathered. According to the above quoted journal, most, if not all, of the 11 department stores indicted have bought a number of sterling silver articles from leading jewelers, and probably more than a hundred assays have been made.

In one group of assays there were seven articles, purchased from seven prominent silversmiths. The assays resulted as follows, all the articles being stamped sterling, which required them to be 925 1,000 fine:

Hairpin			908
Bracelet			918
Links and studs			9161/5
4.5 4.5			924
Button hook			8,61/2
Links			922
Chain			926
'T 7	1 17	,	2 1

How analogous to the .400's and .0004's of the dry goods silverware these figures are !

The following advertisement headed, "Is your Silverware 'Sterling' or only marked so? Some reasons why the New York State Sterling silver law should be enforced," occupied a column in Sunday's *Herald*, being in the form of a letter to the editor:

#### To the Editor of the New York Herald:

SIR—By a law of the State of New York it is an illegal act to sell or offer for sale any article of silverware stamped "Sterling" unless nine hundred and twenty-five one-thousandths parts thereof are really genuine silver.

There is nothing hard to be understood about this law. It works no injustice, does not interfere in the slightest with the sale of plated ware, or ware of any degree of cheapness, so long as it is not marked "Sterling."

It simply defines by law the stamp of "Sterling," and makes it illegal for any one to make or sell an article for sterling silver that is not sterling—that is, 925-1,000 fine - a safeguard that is absolutely necessary; a safeguard which for years has existed in England, and is there held practically inviolate.

l cannot conceive why such a law should be objected to by any manufacturer or dealer in the United States --provided he is an honest man.

Nevertheless, it has been known to the legitimate dealers in legitimate silverware for a long time that no law on the statute books was being more flagrantly violated than this They knew it from the impossible prices at which "Sterling" silverware was daily advertised, and from the fact that the goods—such as they were – were actually sold "as adv.rtised."

The buying public, clinging to the old tradition that "Sterling" silver, like Cæsar's wife, was beyond suspicion — with no means of testing the quality of their purchases, and having a hazy idea that silver bullion was quoted at a low figure-hugged their socalled bargains to their hearts and marvelled at the cupidity of the regular jewelers for asking what was, in fact, only a fair price for honest goods.

Through this agitation the public are learning to require that, in addition to the stamp of "Sterling," it should be accompanied by the stamp of some wellknown manufact urer's trademark; and this in reality is their best safeguard.

An effort has recently been made to enforce the Sterling Silver Law in the city of New York. That there was need for so doing is shown by the fact that out of thirty-two articles selected at random from a dozen supposably reputable and law abiding department stores in this city thirty-one fell short of the .925 standard required by taw, five only reached the standard of .900, one showed an infinitesimal .0004. and several had not a particle of silver in their composition as tested at the United States Assay Office.

And every one of these articles bore the stamp of "Sterling" silver

The trade demand for these goods, having been created by certain stores who could not compete with the jewelers and sell honest goods, was met by a new class of manufacturers of silverware, who are known to the craft principally as makers of plated table wares and plated jewelry, who devote their energy to supplying the market for this kind of silverware which the regular makers have declined to serve.

Proof of these facts having been placed before the Grand Jury, indictments were found against the responsible heads of eleven different department stores AND HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

—in all, some twenty-eight individuals. They have been arraigned, have pleaded not guilty, and are now awaiting trial. What the result will be, of course, no one can say. Be that what it may, I can see no good reason why every dealer, large and small, should not be compelled to obey a law so manifestly wise and just.

Can you ?

TREASURY DEPARTMENT ON THE LOOKOUT FOR IMPORTATIONS OF BOGUS ANTIOUE SILVER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 17.—The Treasury Department has warned collectors of customs to keep a lookout for antique silver ware imported from abroad. Under the law articles manufactured prior to 1700 are classed as antiquities, and are admitted to this country free of duty.

The Gorham Mfg. Co., New York, have filed complaint with the Treasury that many articles of silver ware manufactured in imitation of old silver ware are now being imported into this country as antique silver. The silver ware manufactured in imitation is sold much higher than silver ware of recent manufacture, and it comes in free of duty.

"A series of disclosures has recently been made in connection with the antique silver trade," says the London Watchmaker, Jeweler, Silversmith and Optician of June, just received, "which demands the serious attention not only of the trade but of the public. It appears that for many years a certain Mr. Munday has been making a speciality of antique silver at 6, Great Portland St., and obtaining a good connection amongst collectors. A little while ago one of his customers showed him an old strap cup, stating that he should like another just like it. The cup was left in Mr. M. nday's possession, and subsequently, quite by an unaccountable coincidence, the vendor of antiques became possessed of just the thing the collector required, which he gladly purchased for about £380, which was at the rate of about  $\pounds_4$  per ounce, on the recommendation of Mr. Munday that it was a genuine antique. Unfortunately, however, the collector submitted this specimen to an expert, who immediately recognized that the hall marks were forged, an opinion shared by subsequent judges. Hereupon the collector turned out some 75 articles, all of which he had purchased of this same Mr. Munday as antiques, and all were found to be modern. Now comes the question : how such a case should be dealt with?

"The Goldsmiths' Company were communicated with, and under existing laws the Company fined the vendor something over  $\pounds 200$  in penalties, whilst the collector brought an action against the dealer, who admitted that the articles and marks were not in accordance with the representations and warrants, that, in fact, they were erroneous, but while declaring they were not fraudulent, would not disclose the source from whence he obtained them. He was, however, allowed to be let off with a small payment of some  $\pounds I$ ,100. Why the judge did not compel this dealer to produce his books and show where he obtained the articles from is a little difficult to understand. Hearing what had occurred, another of Mr. Munday's dupes began to have the articles he had purchased from him examined by an expert, with the result that some 40 or 50 articles were also declared to be spurious. Then came a further disgorging of  $\pounds_{I,200}$ .

"There are two very important questions raised here, the first as regards the man Munday himself, and the second, the power of the Goldsmiths' Company under such circumstances. It is absolutely certain that either Munday knowingly sold the fraudulent silver, or else he is devoid of that knowledge which is necessary to carry on his business in a manner which is not detrimental to the public safety. The other point connected with the Goldsmiths' Company which strikes us, is the failure which appears to attend their attempts to enforce the law which makes it a felony to knowingly sell plate bearing a forged mark, when the Acts appear so explicit on the subject. In conclusion, we admit that why men, when cases like these are brought home to them, are allowed to go off scot free by a mere disgorging of some of the money they have received in the transacting of business, is a mystery which is wholly incomprehensible to those who consider the laws of the country ought not only to protect the dupes but to punish the duper."

#### LETTERS ANENT THE AGITATION.

NEW YORK, June 12, 1895.

Editor of The Jewelers' CIRCULAR: At the suggestion of Thomas G. Brown

& Sons, we take the liberty of writing to ask for the following information, viz.: In what States is the sterling silver law recently enacted in force, and what are the dates of enactment. The latter information we particularly desire in regard to New York.

Thanking you in advance for your courtesy, we remain,

Very truly yours,

#### THE JAMES W. GIBSON CO.

ANSWER:—The silver stamping law has been passed in the following States:

Massachusetts	April 24, 1894
New York	May 4th, 1894
South Carolina	January 6th, 1895
New Hampshire	February 13th, 1895
Missouri	March 5th, 1895
Arkansas	March 14th, 1895
Maine	March 22d, 1895
Michigan	Last of April, 1895

The above dates are approximately correct, the one for New York State being absolutely correct. The law has been passed by both branches of the Connecticut Legislature, and has been reported upon favorably by the Judiciary Committee of Minnesota.

New Haven, Conn., June 15, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

The writer considers that it would redound to the advantage of the trade if the jewelers throughout the country would publish such ads. as the accompanying.

317	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	11."
3		\$ \$
×.	What Jewelers Know	Y
+	About Sterling Silver.	*
4		\$
4	dry goodc stores in New York have been	, (†
*	should be a fair warning to the New	*
*	reliable old established house like S.	*
*	street, who have spent 49 years handling	*
4	lowest that honest goods can be sold for.	*
+	specialties. We know nothing about	*
+	How Little Dry Goods Stores	*
+	Know About Sterling Silver.	*
H.	~ ~ ~ <b>~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~</b>	1

The exposures of the tricks of the depart-

ment stores should be spread far and wide. Yours truly,

J. B. L.

New York, June 17, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

There was a fakir who lived in the south, And one day it came to pass That he practiced miscegenation By mixing silver with brass. It became noised about That such a crime had been committed, When the jewelers all with a mighty shout Secured a rope, to the purpose fitted. The purpose 1 and what was that, pray? To form a ring and exhibit the scamp. The south, if the jewelers have their way, Will be the sunny land of the honest stamp. W. W. S.

NEW YORK, June 13, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

In making a social call the other evening on a jeweler friend of mine, we got to discussing the present exposure of the department store on sterling goods. As I am not in the line of business that has to do with that department, but am a manufacturer of woolen goods, I desire to add my testimony to the effect that the same frauds are perpetrated in other lines of goods as well; so that the axiom,

> " Falsus in uno, Falsus in omnibus"

can be freely translated,

False in one department,

False in all departments.

Last season we brought out a very pretty and attractive cloth for ladies' suitings. It was introduced to the best retail stores in New York and all the large cities, and found a large and ready sale at retail for \$1.50 per yard. It was of pure wool. It was of good weight, proper for the purpose, and full width.

As soon as the article became known as desirable, the department stores had made for them some goods almost identical in appearance, but lighter in weight and two inches narrower in width, the warp of cotton, and the filling of short stock wool. In other words, the counterfeit was that article denominated as "shoddy." It is very tender, will soon pull apart at the seams, or tear, and after it has been exposed to rain or dampness will almost fall apart.

(Continued, 3d col. page 16.)



TRAVELING men calling on Davenport, Ia., jewelers the past week were : Louis Freund, Max Freund & Co.; Samuel J. Loeb, Loeb Jewelry Co.; Alfred G. Stein, L. H. Keller & Co.; S. E. Bolles, M. B. Bryant & Co.; G.

H. Lynton, F. M. Whiting Co.; Mr. Terrill, E. Ira Richards & Co.; and J. E. Bucher, Rogers, Smith & Co.

The travelers in Kansas City last week were: Mr. Brooks, Brooks & Pike; F. L. Carrow, Mandeville, Carrow & Crane.

Travelers in the west look happy, and say the boys are doing first rate in orders, far better than a year ago. The future of trade in the west would seem to warrant it.

Travelers in Philadelphia, Pa., the past week included: W. F. Chambers, Daggett & Clap; Samuel L. Howland, Eisenmann Bros.; A. W. Atwater, Brooklyn Watch Case Co.; W. B. Ettinger, Jung, Staiger & Kletz; Wm. A. Tarlton, Wightman & Hough Co.; W. Hancock, Hancock, Becker & Co.; Geo. W. Reed, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.

The following traveling salesmen passed through Detroit last week: Mr. Hutten, Geoffroy & Co.; Mr. Ashton, Kent & Stanley Co.; Mr. Harrison, Harrison & Groschel; William Matschke; William T. Gough, Carter, Sloan & Co.; Mr. Fiddler, Toronto Silver Plate Co.; Thomas Davis, Middletown Plate Co.; Sol. K. Jones, Levy, Dreyfus & Co.; Louis E. Smith, M. B. Bryant & Co.; O. C. Lane, Reed & Barton, and Billy Hanford.

George W. Cook, a popular traveler for Otto Young & Co., Chicago, was married June 12 to Miss Nellie Manning, of this city. After the ceremonies at the Church of the Transfiguration, a reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents, 214 42d St. An elegant silver service was the gift of the fellow workers of the groom. Mr. and Mrs. Cook left on a tour of Wisconsin watering places, and since the first of the week have been at home at 133 42d St.

A few traveling men appeared in Syracuse, N. Y., the past week, including J. J. Hawkes, Hayden W. Wheeler & Co.; Mr. Terrill, E. Ira Richards & Co.; Mr. Rothschild; Mr. Brinck, Crescent Watch Case Co.; W. Wildprett, Wildprett & Saacke; Harry C. Larter, Larter, Elcox & Co.; Mr. Hancock, Hancock, Becker & Co.; F. C. Allen, for A. Wittnauer; Mr. Nordlinger, L. & M. Kahn & Co.; Frank W. Harmon, M. B. Bryant & Co.; T. R. Theise, S. C. Powell; B. F. Noble, Payton & Kelley; P. E. Robinson, for Ira Goddard, successor to George W. Pratt & Co.

Eastern jobbers and manufacturers represented in the Twin Cities the past week were : Waite, Thresher Co., Providence, by E. L. Mumford ; H. D. Merritt & Co., by Harry B. Kennion ; Foster & Bailey, by J. A. Limbach ; Potter & Buffinton, by L. H Bosworth ; S. O. Bigney & Co., by G. G. Berry ; Ostby & Barton Co., by D. A. Wilkins ; C. C. Darling & Co., by B. F. Snow ; F. H. Noble & Co., by Robert Kehl ; Low, Weinberg & Co., by Hugo Low ; Heintz Bros , by D. W. Wiser ; Maltby, Henley & Co., by Geo. T. Seal ; R., L. & M. Friedlander, by Mr. Harris ; Abe Jandorf.

Travelers in Pittsburgh, Pa., last week were: L. E. Fay, Kirby, Mowry & Co.; Geo. L. Paine, E. I. Franklin & Co.; Stephen B. Kent, Wm. H. Ball & Co. and Geo. O. Street & Son; E. B. Eaton, Young & Stern; Harry Osborne, Whiting Mfg. Co.; Mr. Wightman, R. F. Simmons & Co.; I. C. Nicholson, Flint, Blood & Co.; Chas. F. Ketcham, Riker Bros.; J. H. Patten, for D. S. Spaulding; Mr. Sinnock, Ehrlich & Sinnock; C. A. Marsh, C. A. Marsh & Co.; C. O. E. Hartung, Sussfeld, Lorsch & Co.; Mr. Otis, Harvey & Otis; Mr. Hancock, Hancock, Becker & Co.; C. A. Boynton, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.

Traveling men in Boston, Mass., during the week included: E. W. Martin, Martin, Copeland & Co.; A. C. Van Houten, for C. Sydney Smith; Fred. H. Miller, Shoemaker, Pickering & Co.; Herbert Barker, John W. Reddall & Co.; Ed. Ackley, Eckfeldt, Ackley & Woodland; George W. Read, William B. Kerr & Co.; Charles W. Cary, J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co.; B. W. Henderson, Enos Richardson & Co.; Henry G. Thresher, Waite, Thresher Co.; W. A. Moore, Dueber-Hampden Co.; Chas. Bennett. Jacob Bennett & Son; Samuel Howland, Eisenmann Bros.; William H. Tarlton, Wightman & Hough Co.; A. L. Stearns, Roy Watch Case Co.; C. H. Barney, Middletown Plate Co.; T. B. Wilcox, Jr., Pairpoint Mfg. Co.; Charles L. Power, Ludeke & Power; Herman A. Friese, Lewis, Kaiser & Luthy; G. B. Osborn, William Smith & Co.; O. D. Wormser, A. J. Grinberg & Co.; G. W. Henckel, for Frank H. La Pierre; John W. Sherwood.

Among the travelers who "made" Indianapolis last week were: Mr. Sheridan, Horton, Angell & Co.; Geo. L. Paine, E. I. Franklin & Co.; H. D. Mix, Wightman & Hough Co.; Richard Robinson, F. T. Pearce & Co.; Geo. C. Booth, Hutchison & Huestis; J. F. Ripley, Watson, Newell & Co.; Harry J. Hildebrand, for H. C. Lindol; Wm. Mount, T. Quayle & Co.; C. H. Clark, J. F. Sturdy's Sons; Frank B. Lawton, S. B. Champlin & Son; H. E. Cobb, Daggett & Clap; Gus. Dorchester, Brown & Dorchester; Robt. Moorhead, R. L. Moorhead & Co.; A. B. Chase, G. W. Cheever & Co.; F. W. Trewin, Keystone Watch Case Co.; J. S. Platt, Foster & Bailey; Frank Snow, for C. C. Darling; Wm. W. Middlebrook, B. A. Ballou & Co.; G. B. Angell, E. L. Logee & Co.; H. B. Richardson, G. A. Dean & Co.; Mr. Ford, Baldwin, Ford & Co.; L. I. Field, W. G. Clark & Co.; F. H. Gladding, Gladding & Coombs Bros.; E. A. Bennett, Foster & Bennett; Mr. Kettlety, Albro & Co.; H. W. Steere, Arnold & Steere; I. C. Nicholson, Flint, Blood & Co.; G. W. Birnbaum, Ehrlich & Sinnock; and representatives of Mason Jewelry Co., C. H. Cook Co., Fowler Bros., Hayward & Sweet, J. T. Inman & Co., Wm. C. Greene & Co., and Chas. Keller & Co.

#### The Dry Goods Store Indict= ments.

#### (Continued from page 15.)

Now this article has been extensively advertised and sold by the department stores almost universally at 96 cents per yard, the average woman thinking and being led to think that she is buying the same good article that is sold in the regular stores for \$1.50 for 96 cents; whereas the two articles, for real merit and wearing qualities, are no more to be compared than tissue paper with linen cambric.

I think that the honest retail merchants, in justice to themselves and to the uninformed public, ought to buy samples of fraudulent goods, and then publish analyses in parallel columns in the daily papers of the really good and the miserably bad, side by side, so that the buyers may know that by paying a fair price they are getting that which will give them service, while the counterfeit is but a delusion and a snare. And so throughout all the departments; I have do doubt that every one of them can be shown up tainted with fraud and deceit, the same as sterling has been proved to be.

I am told by a friend in the grocery line that that department is honeycombed in the same way.

I have been favored with some copies of your paper which I have read with interest. You are doing a splendid work for the jeweler, and it is to be hoped that other trade journals will take up the cudgels and fight manfully for righteousness and fairdealing in competition.

Truly yours.

FRANKLIN STREET.

#### Glenn Hilton Reported to Have Been Murdered.

. HUNTINGTON, W. Va., June 14.—A dispatch from San Francisco, Cal., to-day, is to the effect that Glenn Hilton, a prominent jeweler of this city, who died there Tuesday while traveling for his health, was drugged by some parties claiming to be ranchmen, and then robbed. His body is being held there and the authorities are investigating the case. His wife here is almost crazed with grief.

J. F. Butler, Potsdam, N. Y., opened a branch jewelry store in the *Plaindealer* building, at Canton, N. Y., on the 15th. The new store is in charge of Bert Kipp.

#### 17

# The Jewelers' Gircular HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

PUBLISHED ZVERY WEDNESDAV BY

#### THE IEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO..

#### 189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF JEWELERS, WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS, ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALL ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of interest or value to our readers. Adver-tising matter will not be printed as news. Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal. Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

#### INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid.

			PER	ANNUM.
United States and Cana	da, -	-		\$2.00
Foreign Countries in Po	stal Unio	on, -		- 4 00
Single Copies, 🛛 - 🍍 -		-	-	.10

Member	of	the	American	Trade	Press	Association.
Vol. X	XX	Χ.	June	19, 189	95.	No. 20.

Every line of reading matter in THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written exclusively for this journal. Each issue of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR is copyrighted.

#### FEATURES OF THIS NUMBER.

Page 16-OUR TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVES. Page 33-PAGE OF ADVANTAGEOUS HINTS TO RETAILERS.

- Page 5-SPOON PATTERNS OF AMERICAN SILVERSMITHS.
- Page 7 COMPLETE REVIEW OF REIGNING FASHIONS IN JEWELRY.
- Page 29-PAGE OF TECHNICAL MATTER, WORKSHOP NOTES, ETC.
- Page 31 THE CONNOISSEUR, RAMBLER'S NOTES AMONG THE IMPORTERS OF POT-TERY, BRIC-À-BRAC, ETC.
- Pages 14. 15, 16-FULL DEVELOPMENTS IN CASES AGAINST THE NEW YORK DEPART-MENT STORES, LETTERS TO THE EDITOR, QUOTATIONS FROM THE PRESS, ETC.

# The Increase in the Wearing of Jewelry During Summer.

ELSIE BEE'S review of the reigning fashions in jewelry, in another part of this issue,

is unusually interesting and comprehensive. In recent years there has arisen a definite demand for jewelry adapted for wear during the Summer months. The watering resorts give opportunities for ostentation equal to those of the functions of the Winter social season, and as these resorts are the Mecca of the newspaper correspondent, the less known people who are in the great majority, accept the opportunities offered to give outward expression of their wealth, their social ambitions, or merely their conceit, with a view to being included in the reports and on dits respecting the notable personages at the resorts, which occupy so much space in the newspapers during the heated term. And it is a felicitous circumstance, from the jeweler's point of view that inasmuch as the number of watering places increases from year to year with more than commensurate increase in the number of sojourners, this intermediate season in the trade promises to be an established annual occurrence.

The Improvement in Trade.

contemporary, the New York Journal of Com-

UR reliable

merce, summarizes in comparison the conditions of general trade during the last holiday season and at the present time, in the following terms :

" Last winter our inquiries at retail stores in this city as to the condition of holiday business indicated that the stores which catered to the tastes and means of persons in moderate circumstances were doing more business than ever before, while the highest class of dry goods and jewelry stores reported a rather light custom, and the latter class of stores were selling far more than usual of the small silver trinkets that make pretty presents without costing much money. Information which we have received regarding retail business in Chicago indicates that at present the best class of stores are having much the better of the revival of business; it is the stores that keep the most expensive goods that report the best trade. With this comes the evidence afforded by the agents of the steamship lines, to the effect that the demand for first and second class cabin passage is equal to that of 1892, or even better, and this is true of all the lines. Freight business is dull, but cabin passenger business was never better and for many of the lines it was never before so good. We infer, therefore, that the improvement in business reached the working classes and the people of moderate incomes first, and reached them in time to materially liberalize their Christmas expenditures, while the persons who live on profits and rents and dividends were still practicing a good measure of economy. The change for the better has

now so far advanced, however, that these classes are buying good clothes again and taking their vacations abroad."

## The Illinois

#### Anti-Trust Law.

THE Anti-Trust law of Illinois, the passage of which gave a disastrous blow to

the National Association of Jobbers in American Watches and the Co-operating Manufacturers' Association, bas again manifested its workings in the case of the Whiskey Trust, which has been declared illegal by a decision handed down by the Supreme Court of Illinois. The decision is of moment to the jewelry as well as every other industry. In its decision, the court holds that the Whiskey Trust exceeded the powers conferred by its charter by forming a combination to control prices rather than to manufacture whiskey. The claim made by the trust that the surrendering and gathering in of the stock of different distilleries purged the trust of illegality, was disposed of by the court with the declaration that there is no magic in a trust certificate that can remove the taint of illegality from the trust scheme. It was urged on behalf of the trust that, by its charter, it was authorized to purchase and own distillery property, and that there was no limit placed upon the amount of property which it might thus acquire. The court, however, declares that by its certificate of organization it was only authorized to engage in the general distillery business in Illinois and elsewhere, and to own the property necessary for that purpose. ' Grants of power in corporate charters, the court further says, are to be construed strictly, and what is not given is, by implication, denied, and the trust is authorized to own such property only as is necessary for its business, and no more. The court further declares that in accumulating distillery property in the manner and for the purpose shown, the trust not only misused and abused the powers granted by its charter, but usurped and exercised powers not conferred by and wholly foreign to that instrument, so that the judgment of ouster was clearly warranted.

#### Annual Meeting of the Ohio Retail Jewelers' Association.

COLUMBUS, O., June 12 .- The Ohio Retail Jewelers' Association held their annual meeting here to-day and elected the following officers for the year: President, J. D. Smith, Union City; vice-president, S. Thoma, Piqua; secretary, C. B. Bargman, Toledo; treasurer, J. G. Kapp, Toledo.

H. H. Mithoefer, Cincinnati; Louis Hummel, Cincinnati, and C. B. Bargman, were chosen delegates to the National convention, to be held in St. Louis next month. Piqua was chosen as the place for holding the next State convention.

The First National Bank of York, Neb., and F. G. Chessman have closed the jewelry store of F. A. Hannis on chattel mortgage. The liabilities are about \$4,000.

Benjamin Eichberg has entered a judgment for \$3,162.03 against Herman M. Ryman.

Mrs. Joseph Schweizer, with her son and daughter, sailed for Europe Saturday on *La Touraine*.

Ludwig Nissen, of Ludwig Nissen & Co., will sail for Europe June 20, on the *Normannia*.

C. W. Sedgwick was among the passengers for Europe on the *Lucania*, which sailed Saturday.

J. G. Schanbacher has given a chattel mortgage on machinery and stock of jewelry for \$9,000 to H. Ost.

Gustave Stighls, 614 Columbus Ave., has given a chattel mortgage on jewelry fixtures to Martha Stighls for \$600.

E. M. Levy, with Sam Stern & Co., started Monday on a week's trip to Washington, Baltimore and vicinity.

Joseph L. Herzog has been admitted as a partner in the firm of Louis Kaufman & Co., 41 Maiden Lane The firm name remains unchanged.

Hula Heinecke, eldest daughter of Edmond Heinecke, jeweler, died June 11th. The funeral took place Thursday morning from 850 E. 135th St.

The United States Watch Co. have established their New York headquarters in the office of the John B. Yates Co., 46 Maiden Lane. O. E. Davis is the manager.

William S. Keily, assignee of B. Eckstein, is advertising for creditors of the latter to present their claims at the office of George W. Gallinger, 5 Beekman street, on or before August 26th.

J. A. Lubin, an optician and jeweler of Brooklyn, was arrested in Jamaica last week for offering to sell goods without a license. The police justice before whom he was taken found him guilty, but suspended sentence upon Lubin taking out a license.

Robert Stoll, the medal maker of this city, was among the men arrested at the bouts of the Seaside Athletic Club, Brooklyn, Saturday, charged with aiding in carrying on a prize fight. He with the others pleaded not guilty, and was held for examination in \$500 bail.

J. E. Whitcomb, of the American Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass., was in New York last week, whence he left for Philadelphia and the west. Mr. Whitcomb reports business at the factory to be in a flourishing condition, twice the number of hands being at work at present as compared with this time last year.

Wickliffe B. Tuttle, a widely-known traveler for Strobell & Crane, Newark, N. J., died in Rutland, Vt., June 3d. He had been ill about three weeks with appendicitis. Mr. Tuttle represented Strobell & Crane over six years, covering the territory between Portland, Me., and Washington, D. C. Phillip Graume, a jeweler by profession, attempted suicide in a police station in Hoboken, N. J., Wednesday. Graume was penniless and sought lodging in a cell at the station, where he was found later unconscious from loss of blood, having gashed his wrist in an attempt to kill himself. A doctor sewed up the wounds and Graume recovered.

The stock in the New York store of Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.,  $_{36}$  E. 14th St., was considerably damaged through a fire which broke out in the building at that address about 7 o'clock A. M. Monday. The fire commenced on the third floor but did not reach the lower stories. The goods in Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.'s stock room in the cellar and showrooms on the first floor were, however, badly damaged by water. The loss has not yet been estimated. It is fully covered by insurance.

An attachment for \$3,834 has been issued to the sheriff against Antoine Lecoultre, Jr., a dealer in watches and jewelry, in the Sheldon building, 68 Nassau St., whose office has been closed about two months. The attachment was obtained through the Swiss Consul in this city on claims of H. Redard & Sons and Marcus Lecoultre. They consigned watches, movements and jewelry to Antoine Lecoultre, Jr., between April 1, 1894, and April 30, 1895, which they claim he has sold and did not pay over the proceeds. The attachment was obtained on the ground that he had left the State.

Judge Daly and a jury in the Court of Common Pleas, Friday, tried the suit of Arthur Wilenski against David Weisenberger, formerly a pawnbroker of Second Ave. Wilenski was employed by Weisenberger during 1893 to take charge of pledges while the latter was in Europe. On Weisenberger's return in October, 1893, he caused Wilenski to be arrested for stealing a pledged watch. Wilenski proved that he bought the watch at a pawnbroker's sale, where it had been sent by a dealer to whom Weisenberger sold it. Wilenski was tried at Special Sessions, and on this evidence acquitted. He then brought action against Weisenberger to recover \$5,000 for malicious prosecution. The jury awarded him a verdict of \$1,000.

PROOF OF FRAUD IN SUIT FOR PRICE OF GOODS.

One who undertakes to impeach a written instrument, as having been procured by fraud, must establish the fraud by clear and satisfactory evidence.

An answer that alleges that the agent of the party suing for the price of goods drew up a contract and read it over to the party purchasing, who, believing that the instrument was as read, executed it, and the answer sets out the difference between the instrument signed and the one which he supposed he was signing, sufficiently shows that the contract was procured by fraud.

Lithographing Co. v. Houppert (Supreme Ct. Ala.)

#### Last Week's Arrivals.

THE CIRCULAR has perfected arrangements for obtaining the names and hotel addresses of all the latest buyers visiting New York, and each day posts in its office, 189 Broadway, a bulletin which every member ot the trade is cordially invited to copy

The following out-of-town dealers were registered in New York during the past week: O. E. Bell, Cincinnati, O., H. Marlborough; E. C. Gifford, Fall River, Mass., H. Imperial; G. Whitney, Binghamton, H. Imperial; L. Sickles, Philadelphia, Pa., H. Marlborough; A. K. Hawkes, Atlanta, Ga., Astor H.; E. G. Merrill, Portland, Me., Everett H.; M. Streicher, Chicago, Ill., Astor H.; L. E. Kirstein, Rochester, N. Y., H. Imperial; M. A. Eiseman, Chicago, Ill., Astor H.; A. S. Curhbertson, Toronto, Ont., Astor H.; W. A. Heeren, Pittsburgh, Pa., H. Marlborough; A. Wolf, Chicago, Ill., Broadway Central H.: H. N. Marsh, Binghamton, N. Y., Sinclair H.; J. Hyman, Chicago, Ill., Hoffman H.; W. Morris, Philadelphia, Pa., Morton H.; J. Rutherford, Philadelphia, Pa., Astor H.; A. C. Anderson, Toronto, Ont., Astor H.; T. G. Hawkes, Corning, N. Y., Astor H.; H. C. Walton, Cincinnati, O., Astor H.; S. Guggenheim, Buffalo, N. Y., Sturtevant H.; S. N. Lesser, Syracuse, N. Y., Grand Union H.; G. J. Strobel, Waterbury, Conn., Astor H.

Bushing the Barrel Holes.-If the barrel holes are worn, and the barrel is out of truth. as is often the case, it may be better to put in a new stopping in the barrel and get it true by the cover; but generally it will be sufficient to close the holes by laying the barrel on a small round stake and hammering up the boss from the inside of the barrel, This boss is usually left large, and if it is hammered on the outside edge, the hole will be closed, when it can be made to fit the pivot by broaching with a round broach, and it will be good enough to last for years; this repair is often an improvement, as it lessens therubbing surfaces of the shoulders of the barrel arbor pivots.

Attention to the Banking .- Before taking the watch down the banking should be carefully examined by guiding, to determine whether or not the escape wheel has a safe rest upon the anchor pallets. Should the banking be safe, but wide, close one, or if necessary bothof the banking pins; bearing in mind, however, that very little play is needed. Friction is thus reduced, and the impulse power of the pallets thereby increased; which is in turn transferred to the balance wheel, increasing its arc of vibration. Should the fork pin squeeze against the roller, thus clogging the motion of the balance wheel, the banking is insecure, and after the watch has been taken down and the escapement reached, the fork pin should be bent a trifle forward.

19

#### Providence.

#### TRADE CONDITIONS.

Generally speaking, trade in this vicinity is the best that it has been for three years past at this season of the year. There is every indication that the business will remain good during the balance of the year, some of the manufacturers being very sanguine that there will be no falling off until after the Christmas holidays. Novelties have been enjoying a good demand, but now it is the more staple lines that are feeling the demand. Silver goods, especially in sets for shirt waists, have called the turn, and those firms who were early in the field with their samples are reaping a big harvest. Many concerns are running nights, and a number are advertising for help; the firm that is not working full time is the exception.

John M. Chandler, of J. M. Chandler & Co., left some days ago on an extended western trip.

George W. Pray, Brcad St., Pawtucket, whose store was burned out last April, has completely refitted his old stand and restarted in business.

C. F. Sulzner, St. Augustine, Fla., has removed with his family to Narragansett Pier, R. I., for the Summer. He will open a store there for the sale of novelties.

The directors of the Manufacturing Jewelers' Board of Trade met at their rooms Saturday afternoon, and considered several matters concerning failures that are pending settlements.

William H. Luther has sold to Herbert J. Astle real estate at the corner of Niagara St and Adelaide Ave., containing 10,000 square feet, upon which Mr. Astle has given a mortgage of \$9,500.

J. W. Clewley has been admitted to partnership with H. S. Barrows, in the manufacturing concern doing business under the style of the What Cheer Jewelry Co., 143 Summer St.

Parks Bros & Rogers recently patented a new link button which will probably take its place among the leading articles in this line as soon as it is placed upon the market. It consists of a jointed link connection, which enables the wearer to adjust it to any length desired, at the same time holding the cuff in the proper position. The firm are at work now upon tools and machinery for making this article, which will be manufactured in time for the holiday trade.

William Keily, New York, assignee of B. Eckstein, has notified the creditors to file their claims before August 26. The offer of 25 cents on the dollar has been renewed. This compromise is in two, four and six months' notes, the latter being endorsed. By this offer the small creditors, of less than \$200, are to have their entire dividend within 60 days from the time of acceptance. A paper is being circulated among the creditors in this city and the Attleboros, and the offer is being generally accepted.

#### Philadelphia.

Westcott Bailey will sail for Europe early in July.

James McMenamin, jeweler, Frankford, will be united in marriage to Miss Susan Beaver, June 26th.

F. C. Baumiller, 12th and Chestnut Sts., has departed on a combined business and pleasure trip to the west.

Geo. Koehl, late with P. H. Trau, 11th and Market Sts., will in a week or so open a new establishment at 38 Seymour St., Germantown.

The will of jeweler Henry J. Becker, Fairview Ave., was admitted to probate Thursday. An estate of over \$1,000 was left to relatives.

The magnificent silver service presented to Speaker Walton, of the State House of Representatives, at the close of the session was furnished by J. E. Caldwell & Co.

Howard Fitzsimmons, West Chester, Pa., while here last week, says the bicycle craze is killing the jewelry business in the suburban towns, as young folks spend all their spare cash on wheels.

Joseph McManus, a special officer at Gimbel Bros., pleaded guilty in Quarter Sessions last week to robbing the jewelry department in that store, and was sentenced to two years in the Eastern Penitentiary.

Queen & Co. Incorporated have already paid 60 per cent. of their indebtedness. On Sept. 2d they will pay an additional 20 per cent., and on that date will give six months' notes of the reorganized company for the final 20 per cent.

Out-of-town purchasers here the past week included: Howard Fitzsimmons, West Chester, Pa.; W. W. Frances, Ardmore, Pa.; John Dewar, Bryn Mawr, Pa.; C. F. Rudolph, Wilmington, Del.; R. S. Porter, Woodbury, N. J.; B. C. Foster, Bristol, Pa; Joseph Ladomus, Chester, Pa.

#### Springfield, Mass.

Chas. Rogers has removed his optical store to a new location at 441 Main St.

George E. Clark has taken H. M. Parsons as a partner in his new jewelry business at Thompsonville, Conn.

Lucius B. Coe has the sympathy of his friends in the death of his daughter, Nellie May Coe, who succumbed to an attack of nervous prostration. She was 17 years old and a girl of very lovable character.

Richard Skeehan had a preliminary hearing a few days ago, on the charge of breaking and entering L. B. Coe's jewelry store, when \$250 worth of goods was stolen. There was evidence to show that Skeehan was a party to the crime, but as one of the most important witnesses was missing the case was continued until the 28th.

F. A. Hubbard has already under way an extensive enlargement of his store. He has rented the large store in the rear, facing Pynchon St., and will put the two stores into one. The new store has about 1.000 square feet of floor space and will about double his present floor area. The new store will be in the shape of the letter L, and there will be entrances from two streets. The addition will enable Mr. Hubbard to have his engraving and repair departments on the ground floor and will furnish a location for the five men who are now compeled to work in the basement. Among other departments to be increased will be that devoted to silverware and wedding stationery. The latter department will be decorated entirely in ivory and gold.



#### Trade Gossip.

"The Jewel." the new fountain pen of '95, gotten out by the John Holland Gold Pen Co., Cincinnati, O., is having a steady run.

The rush for medal work has kept all shops humming. Jos. Noterman & Co., Cincinnati, O., have worked their men 14 hours every day the past week to get off the numerous orders.

The self-filling Swan fountain pen grows daily in popularity, Dealers find no difficulty in interesting customers and making sales. Mabie, Todd & Bard, the manufacturers, New York, invite correspondence.

The Trenton Watch Co.'s cyclometer commends itself to wheelmen because of its small size, absolute accuracy, strength, durability and lightness. Made of aluminium. its total weight is only  $2\frac{1}{4}$  ounces, while, in addition, the action is positive and noiseless, and the case dust and waterproof. It can be read easily from the saddle.

Reed & Barton, Taunton, Mass., among other recent productions are showing an especially artistic and beautiful coffee set. In design it combines the severely classical with the softer flutes and beads, the result being that wealth of reflecting surfaces so popular in the reign of the second Charles. While octagonal in shape, the many bends and curves of the pattern leave in the eye no impression but that of graceful inward and outward swelling surfaces, embellished where desirable with the dainty beads and flutes. The set comprises three pieces.

The coming international yacht contest for the America Cup and the many races of minor interest have given birth to the usual demand for novelties of a nautical style. In anticipation of this demand, Ino. W. Reddall & Co., Newark, N. J., have introduced two beautiful belts, which they have named "Defender," after the yacht built to uphold American supremacy in racing. These belts, which are illustrated on another page, are of sterling silver and are thoroughly "yachty" in their ornamentation. The design of the clasp consists of a combination of steering wheel, anchor and hawser, over which is mounted an enamel yacht signal. These signals are made in the design and colors of any yacht club or college desired. No more beautiful novelty for the yachting season has ever been introduced than these belts, which are sure to find a ready sale.

In their latest offering, that of tortoise shell goods, the manufacturers of the Prince s R ngs have ind ed given the trade an agreeable surprise. Many of their comb patterns are unique, and all are excellent. The shell used appears to be of the very finest quality and of an exceedingly high polish. The carvings and shapes, too, leave nothing to be desired. All sorts, shapes, sizes and kinds of fancy combs are shown, and jobbers will find it profitable to inspect the line at once and place their orders. Every comb is designed and produced in the firm's factory from the rough shell. Prices, it is needless to say, are therefore lower perhaps than have ever been asked for goods of similar quality and workmanship. Each comb bears the very appropriate trade-mark XL, for purposes of identification. Another feature is that any pattern in the firm's stock can be had in light, medium or heavy weights, all with the same superb finish. Notice the inside front cover page in next week's CIRCULAR.

The number 1-2 automatic drop press illustrated elsewhere in this issue by the Mossberg M g. Co., Attleboro, Mass., has proved specially popular among manufacturers of link buttons, etc. Larger sizes of the press are being used with eminent satisfaction by leading silversmiths for spoons, forks and all sorts of silver novelties. The press is simple, easy to adjust and operate, and the work produced while rapid, is always uniform. The presses are self-contained and all driving mechanism is fastened to the base. They are operated in the same manner as a power press and have a hand trip, although a foot trip can be furnished when desired. The smaller sizes are, when desired, provided with an automatic safety attachment. which catches the hammer if the belt shou'd break, avoiding any liability of injuring the operator or the dies. The manufacturers are prepared to furnish these presses in six sizes, with hammer varying from 50 to 500 lbs., and will guarantee that they will do from one and one half to two times the amount of work that can be done by the ordinary drop press.

#### **Canada and the Provinces.** TRADE CONDITIONS,

Business is steadily improving, the jewelry trade sharing to some extent in the general revival. The June weddings and the visits of a large number of excursionists and tourists have assisted in giving a marked impetus to the local trade, and it is expected that next month will witness a restoration of normal conditions. The demand for solid silver goods is brisk. Souvenir spoons are more popular than ever in Canada, though they have gone out in the United States. Enamel work is returning to favor, having for some time been but little in vogue here. The market is at present flooded with cheap and trashy patent belts made in Birmingham, England, which seriously injures the Canadian trade, and dealers have also to contend against an influx of certain American silver goods. Though some temporary loss results, the jewelers whose goods bear standard trade-marks will benefit as soon as the inferior character of the other goods is generally realized. Reports from the Canadian Northwest, where trade has for long been in a very depressed condition, are more encouraging than at any time during the last five years.

Alex. Henderson, Arnprior, Ont., is trying to effect a compromise with his creditors. J. S. Gill, Sudbury, Ont., was in Toronto recently replenishing his stock, and reports business fluurishing.

J. H. Sterling, Simcoe, Ont., was among the sufferers at the recent large fire in that place. His windows were \_broken and goods scorched.

D. Barr, Sarnia, Ont., is building a fine new block of stores in that town, one of which he will occupy. It will be handsomely fitted up.

The store of W. E. Parker, Hamilton, was robbed last Saturday night. The thieves got away with gold rings, watches, etc., valued at \$400.

R. H. Jupp, Orillia, Ont., was in Toronto making extensive purchases lately, and states that owing to a satisfactory lumbering season trade is good in that locality.

John Wanless, Toronto, has sailed for Europe with his wife and family for an extended tour. He expects to place extensive orders in the leading European markets.

The extradition proceedings in Toronto against Rothchild *alias* Hutton, the diamond swindler, drag along very slowly. The case has been remanded from time to time on various grounds, and June 14 another postponement was made.

R. W. Woodruff, jeweler, late of Winnipeg, Man., has entered into partnership with his brother, H. F. Woodruff, Woodstock, Ont., under the name of Woodruff Bros. The business will be carried on in Woodstock, and the two stocks combined will form one of the finest west of Toronto.

The J. E. Ellis Co., Toronto, have secured the contract to supply diamond goods for the bicycle meets at Hanlan's Point, Toronto, during the present season, for which all the prominent jewelry houses in the city tendered. The total amount will be somewhere in the neighborhood of \$8,000.

#### Boston.

George S. Cutler, with Rand & Crane, was married, June 11, to Miss Nute, of Woburn.

Frederick H. Larter, of Larter, Elcox & Co., was in town calling upon friends the past week.

A. T. Sylvester has severed his connection with the clock house of Nelson H. Brown, where he has been business manager during the year.

The E. Howard Watch & Clock Co. have been awarded the Government contract for clocks for all points east of the Rocky mountains to be supplied during the year,

Col. C. H. Osgood, Lewiston, Me.; W. B. Studley, Rockland, Mass.; T. R. Cushing, of the latter town, and J. P. Murphy, Jefferson Meadows, N. H., were among the buyers here last week.

Mrs. Nelson H. Brown will take a vacation trip of about three weeks' duration, starting this week for the west with the intention of visiting Chicago, Denver and other large centers in that section.

#### News Gleanings.

J. J. Friend, Lincoln, Ill., is putting up a new store.

John Rau, Baltimore, Md., has made an assignment.

J. A. McCaulley will open a jewelry business in Danvers, Ill.

A. E. Henry, Rockford, Ill., recently lost a li<sup>+</sup>tle girl by death.

Jeweler Levy has moved from Milton, Wis., to Belvidere, Ill.

Jos. Kern, Wilmington, Del., is on a visit to his parents in Germany.

Olof G. Turnquest, jeweler, Scranton, Pa., has gone to Bowen, Ia.

A. L. Fuchs will embark in the jewelry business in Poplar Bluffs, Mo.

A. Westerbaum has opened a jewelry store at 304 Main St., La Crosse, Wis.

Jeweler Boucher, Sheffield, Ia., has opened a jewelry store in Swaledale, Ia.

C. C. Freeman has closed his business in Concordia, Kan., and moved to Mt. Sterling, Ky.

E. A. Douglas, late of Goodland, Kan., has opened a jewelry store in Boulder, Col.

H. H. Johannes, Baltimore, Md., has given a bill of sale to Max Kohner for \$1.200.

John F. Snyder, jeweler, Custer, Pa., was united in marriage with Miss Mary Mohn a few days ago.

Charles Mowen, jeweler, Cleveland, O., and Lilla Brainard, Mantua, O., were married recently.

In a disastrous fire in Youngstown, O., recently, the business of E. C. Bates, jew, eler, was burned out.

Charles M. Tuttle, jeweler, Thomasville, Ga., and Miss Mary Verdie Battle were married a few days ago.

Wm. J. Francis, Uhrichsville, O., has assigned for the benefit of creditors. The assets are about \$1,800.

G. C. Kirk, of S. Kirk & Son, Baltimore, Md., is on his way home from Mexico, where he has been for some time.

Harry E. Thomas, Harry E. Thomas & Co., Wilmington, Del., was married last week to Miss Margaret E. Martin.

Reinhardt & Mittendorf, Lincoln, Ill., have fitted their new room in fine style, and will add china and cut glass in a separate room.

Miss Otie Kircher, daughter of Mrs. T. Kircher, a leading jeweler of Davenport, Ia., graduated from Vassar College, June 12th.

Noah Brunner, jeweler, Ridgway, Pa., was married a few days ago to Elizabeth, daughter of Theodore Gehrer, of Honesdale, Pa.

C. F. Kesselmire, Salem, O., was closed by the sheriff June 8th. He then made an assignment to H. C. Jones for the benefit of his creditors. W. B. Studley, Rockland, Mass., is having his store completely remodeled, and when finished expects it to be one of the finest in the county.

Mr. Sommer, of Sommer & Peirik, Springfield. Ill., has sold out his interest in the firm to Mr. Peirik, who becomes the sole owner of the business.

W. E. Long, formerly with A. F. Froeb & Co., Terre Haute, Ind., has embarked in business for himself, having leased a portion of a room on Main St.

Elmer E. Starr, Hobart, Ind., who has been conducting a jewelry store in the Union block for the past six months, will move from Hobart to Valparaiso.

James Garvey has placed an attachment on the jewelry store of John C. Manning, Springfield, Mass., on a claim of \$125. Garvey was formerly in the employ of Mr. Manning.

Downs & Gunther, Bellevue, O., have dissolved partneship, Harry Downs, the senior partner, retiring. G. L. Gunther assumes all liabilities, and will continue the business under his own name.

Ike M. Koch will open in the near future an art, china and novelty store on Main near 5th Sts., Little Rock, Ark. Louis Bernays, formerly of the Bernays Jewelry Co., will be manager and chief clerk of the store.

Charles H. Pepar, jeweler, 1206 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md., who was stricken with paralysis recently, is very ill. Mr. Pepar is 84 years old, and has been in business in West Baltimore for almost half a century.

William I. Gardner, a jeweler at 241 Straight St., Paterson, N. J., is suspected of keeping a "fence" where youths find a ready sale for stolen jewelry. He was arrested last week on a charge of receiving stolen goods.

While John Hagerty, a jeweler of Stroudsburg, Pa., and a crack shot, was playing with a toy rifle and shooting at marks about his place of business, the load from the rifle entered the ear of John Adams, who was passing the store.

The door of the jewelry store of George V. Brady, Washington, Pa., was found open by officers at 1 45 o'clock last Tuesday morning. The conditions indicated that some one had attempted to rob the store but had been scared away.

A few nights ago the jewelry store of Mallory & Hollenbeck, Catskill, N. Y., was broken into and a quantity of cheap watches was stolen. The entrance was effected by breaking a window about 12x18 inches. The value of the watches taken was nominal.

J. C. Klaholt, a prominent citizen and jeweler of Springfield, Ill., is largely interested in that city's enterprise, being a stockholder in banks, electric light plant, and several manufacturing concerns—the wherewithal being made in the jewelry business in Springfield. The store of Robertson & Gleason, 112 S. 8th street, St. Joseph, Mo., was entered by thieves some time after 12 o'clock last Monday night. They entered through a rear window. Goods to the amount of about \$150 were secured, the show window and cases being stripped clean.

A revolving globe 5 feet in diameter with an outline of all the States and countries of the world is a work engaging the skill of George C. Schreiber, Lincoln, Ill. It will have an iron frame work filled with cotton batting and coated with glue and sawdust. It will be an exhibition piece and will require three years for completion.

#### Syracuse.

E. R. Hayden, of Groton, and Bert Shotz, of Port Byron, were noticed in town last week.

In the special term and adjourned session of Oyer and Terminer last Tuesday morning, in the case of Marcus Marks, charged with robbing Becker & Lathrop, Justice McLennan decided against the prisoner in the application to quash the indictment, and Marks was brought in to enter a plea of not guilty. At the request of Attorney Wilson the case was remitted to the Court of Sessions to be tried at this term of court. Chief of Police Dagwell, of Utica, has reiterated that if Marcus Marks escapes conviction here, he will be taken to Utica upon the charge of having stolen diamonds from a store in that city several months ago.

#### Pittsburgh.

Maurice Baer is on the sick list.

F. Chrantz, formerly of Wylie Ave., has removed to 243 Fifth Ave.

J. Calomon, lately with I. Ollendorf, will start in the jobbing business, July 1st, with his office on Sheffield St., Allegheny.

E. J. Bubb, formerly in business alone, has taken his son into partnership, the firm being known as E. J. Bubb & Son.

The diamonds for the P. A. C. Diamond Meet are furnished by J. R. Reed & Co., Market St., and will be on exhibition this week.

Richard Donohue, Jr., son of R. Donohoe, Wheeling, W. Va., was killed on the train sent out from Wheeling to assist at the fire in Cameron, W. Va.

Visiting jewelers in the city last week were: C. L. Clark, Blairsville; H. B. Cubbison, New Castle; E. N. Kennerdell, Tarentum; D. L. Cleland, R. L. Kirkpatrick, and Harry Grieb, Butler, Pa.

James Johnston was fined \$10 and costs last Tuesday by Magistrate Brandner for stealing a watch chain from H. Lieber's jewelry store, 3416 Butler St., on the Saturday previous. He asked to see some watches, but did not make a purchase, and when he went out Mr. Lieber discovered that the chain was missing. The stolen property was found on Johnston wher arrested.

### CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### All Advertisements are entitled to one insertion under proper heading. Extra insertions, \$6.00 per annum. Extra Headings, \$12.00 per annum.

Page	Page.	- Page.
Assayers & Refiners.	Gold and Rolled Plate Jewelry.	Show Cases.
Goldsmith Bros., 63 & 65 Washington St., Chicago, Ill	Waite, Thresher Co., Providence, R. I 27	Melishek & Petter, 128 Maiden Lane, N. Y 2
Rathbone, J., I-9 Mathewson St., Providence, R. I	Horological Schools.	Silver Plated Ware.
	Parson's School for Watchmakers, Peoria, Ill. 26	King, Hugh E., 908 Masonic Temple, Chicago,
Auctioneers.		III 25
Boyle, S. A. & Co., Washington, D.C 32	Jobbers, Watches, Diamonds, Etc.	Rogers & Bro., 16 Cortlandt St., N. Y 19 The Wm. Rogers Mtg. Co., Hartford, Conn 36
Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y	Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., 19 Maiden Lane . 30-36 Becken, A. C., 103 State St., Chicago, Ill 26 Lapp & Flershem, 92-98 State St., Chicago 25	Starling Siles Negalities
	Myers, S. F. & Co., 48 Maiden Lane, N. Y 36	Sterling Silver Novelties.
Badges, Medals, Etc.		Codding Bros. & Heilborn, North Attleboro Mass 32
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y 10 Brenner, Victor D., 108 Fulton St., N. Y 28	Lawyers.	Howard & Cockshaw, 220 Fourth Ave., N. Y., 30
	Emmons Associated Law Offices, Portland, Ore 6	Reddall. J. W. & Co., Newark, N. J 7
Chains.	Musical Boxes.	Sterling Silverware.
Blackinton, W. & S., Attleboro, Mass 3	Jacot & Son, 39 Union Square, N. Y 30	Dominick & Haff, Union Square, N. Y 6 Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 808-810 Greenwich St.,
Clocks, French, English and American.		N. Y 7 Knowles, J. B. & S. M. Co., Silversmiths'
Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St.,	Muslin Buffs.	Hall, Union Square, N. Y 4 Shiebler, Geo.W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N. Y. 4
N. Y	Williamsville Mfg. Co., 18 S. Water St., Provi- dence, R. I 32	Towle Mfg. Co., Newburyport, Mass
Diamond & Precious Stone Importers.	Optical Goods.	
Disselkoen, John N., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N.Y 9 Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. L., N.Y 36	Geneva Optical Co., Chicago, Ills 25 Kirstein's, E., Sons Co., Rochester, N. Y 2	Tool Manufacturers and Dealers.
Hedges, Wm. S. & Co., 170 Broadway, N. Y 8 Kahn, L. & M. & Co., 172 Broadway, N. Y 36 Kipling, R. A., Hays Bldg., N. Y 8	Levy, Dreyfus & Co., 11 Maiden Lane, N. Y 10	American Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass 2 Mossberg Mfg. Co., Attleboro, Mass 35
Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane, N. Y	Optical Schools.	
Rich & Allen, State and Madison Sts., Chicago 25 Smith, Alfred H. & Co., 182 Broadway, N.Y 8	Chicago Ophthalınic College	Trunks and Traveling Bags.
		Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y 2
Diamond Cutters.	Paneled Metal Ceilings.	
Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, Prescott Bldg.,	Northrop, A. & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa 35	Watch Case Manufacturers.
N. Y 34	Pens, Pencils, etc.	Dueber Hampden Co., Canton, O
Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane 9	Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane, N.Y. 30-36	Fahys, Jos., & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N.Y 34 Illinois Watch Case Co., Elgin. Ill 2
Enamelers.	Mabie, Todd & Bard, New York 8	Jacobson, F. H. & Co., 96 State St., Chicago . 25
Wild, S. S. & Son, 179 Eddy St., Providence,	Derivation of The series with an Ann	· ·
R. I 35	Printing, Engraving, &c.	Watch Case Repairers.
Engraving School.	Blanchard, Isaac H., 123-125 West Broadway, N. Y	N. J. Felix, 17 John St., N. Y 36
Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Chicago 25		
	Ring Makers.	Watch Importers.
Fine Engraving.	Bowden, J. B. & Co., 192 Broadway, N. Y 8 Ostby & Barton Co., Providence, R. I 11	Hyde's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y 34
The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassau		Loveland, R. A., 177 Broadway, N. Y 34 Mathey Bros., Mathez & Co., 21 and 23 Maiden
St., N. Y 4	Safes.	Lane, N.Y 35
	Mosler, Bahmann & Co., 518 B'way, N. Y 30	
Fine Stationery.		Watch Keys.
Parsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St., N.Y 30	Sample Trunks,	Clark, A. N., Plainville. Conn 36
Gold Jewelry.	Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y 2	

#### Scales.

Kohlbusch, Herman, Sr., 59 Nassau St., N. Y. 8

Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton, O..... 35

Watch Manufacturers.

Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane... .30-36

Ball, Wm. H. & Co., 15 John St., N. Y..... 23 Carter, Sloan & Co., 15 Maiden Lane, N. Y.... 9

Gold Jewelry.

Rates 75c. per Insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines(25 words); additional words 2 cents each. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per cent off; four insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertion, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. It answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

#### Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. If answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

OPTICIAN, young man, 25, first-class jewelry jobber, and salesman; best references; good habits. Address H. H., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

EXPERIENCED TRAVELER, well acquainted with western and southern trade, wants position July 1st. Address Experience, care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR.

POSITION WANTED as salesman for jobbing or manufacturing house; 15 years' experience; best of reference from past employers. Address C G. S., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED-A position for an experienced watchmaker and optician. Parties wanting a thorough and reliable man with best references, apply to T B., 95 Brenton St., Cleveland, Ohio.

TRAVELING SALESMAN (American Israelite), with long established trade in south and west, is open for a position July 1st; unexceptional refer ences. Address "Y," care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A TALL YOUNG MAN of 16 would like situation with a wholesale watch, jewelry or silverware house; has experience in office work, shipping, etc. Address W A. Einhaus, 22 Maiden Lane, New York.

WANTED-By young man of experience, and thoroughly understanding the manufacturing and diamond business, position as resident or traveling salesman. Address "W.", care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR.

A JEWELRY FOREMAN and first-class designer on diamond and general jewelry, capable of taking entire charge of factory, wants a position. Address A. Smith, care E. P. Reichhelm & Co., 80 Nassau St., New York City.

SITUATION WANTED Any manufacturer who wants a thorough, capable foreman, pattern maker, melter and refiner on tools, or other work, for gold, silver or plate, can secure a desirable workman and mechanic; will go anywhere. Address M. R. G, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

POSITION WANTED—Would like a position as instructor in a horological school: or would accept a place as watchmaker in a first-class jewelry establishment; can repair the finest watches in the original style of workmanship and know somewhat of optics. Watchmaker, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

POSITION WANTED between September i and December i by a man of 12 years' experience; have been in business 4 years for myself; will accept a position as salesman or watchmaker; can take charge of business; have good set of tools and trial lens; can give best of references. O. K., care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR

#### Help Wanted.

WANTED-First-class, experienced, diamond salesmen, acquainted with the South, West and Northwestern States. Apply to the H. Keck Mfg. Co., Nos. 19 & 21 West 4th St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED-A good and permanent situation is offered to a good watchmaker and engraver by S. F. Gordon, Shreveport, La.; none but a first-class hand in both branches need apply. Address, with references, at once, to S. F. Gordon, Shreveport, La.

#### Business Opportunities.

WILL BUY OLD ESTABLISHED JEWELRY STORE, New York or vicinity; must be cheap; state how much bench work. Address Jewel, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

H ARD TO FIND-A first-class jewelry business for sale; centrally located in a live growing city in Northern Ohio; business will net \$3,000 to \$4,000 per year; best of reasons for selling. Address A. C., care 1 HE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE-A well established jewelry business in a city of 18,000 population; electric street cars and lights, water works, etc. surrounded by a fine farming country; large wholesale center; store is finely equipped with modern fixtures; located on principal street; bench work averages \$250 to \$300 per month, all the work two men can do; stock can be reduced to suit purchaser; good leasons for selling; for particulars, address W. D. Tusten & Co., Shrevep, rt, La.

FOR SALE-One third or one half interest in a well established jewelry store in the large and growing city of Atlanta. Ga.; store situated in the very best location for business in the city : inspection invited : correspondence solicited; reasons for selling, want more help and capital for our Exposition. which will be a "hummer." Here is a chance for some good party to make money. No attention will be paid to letters written out of idle curiosity. Address Business, care JEWELLERS' CIRCULAR.

To Let.

[] O LET-At 915 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, five beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators, suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china or glass importer. Apply to C. Dorflinger & Sons, 36 Murray St., New York.

#### Miscellaneous

JOBBERS TAKE NOTICE.—Two jewelers with facilities would like to make a contract to manufacture a medium grade of goods, silver or gold Address J. N., care JEWELERS' (IRCULAR.

WANTED you to know that the genuine "Moseley Lathe" quals the best of the very best. When interested write your jobber for new price list, or to the manufacturers, Moseley & Co., Elgin, Ill.

WANTED-Watch and clock repairing for the trade. Mail orders a specialty. Best references. S. Meren, care A. Bottstein, 623 Eighth Ave., New York

#### WANTED.

#### Traveling Salesman in Solid Silverware.

A good opening for the right man with established connection, who can influence and hold trade; all communications treated as strictly confidential.

Address, L-28, JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

\$3,000 will buy a Jewelry business in a Connecticut city, well located. Stock and fixtures will inventory over \$5,000. Terms easy. Owner has other business. Address, L. J. SAXTON,

Norwichtown, Conn.

### Wм. H. BALL & COMPANY,

Manufacturing Jewelers,

15 JOHN STREET,

NEW YORK.

# TO LET.

Two fine large floors in factory building, St. Marks and Underhill avenues, Brooklyn. Solid floors. Light all around; power in abundance.

Fire proof vaults built in on each floor. Elevator, Stairs, Transmitting Room and Plumbing in separate extension.

Apply to

GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO., 179 Broadway, NEW YORK.

# Workshop Notes.

200 PAGES BOUND IN CLOTH.

The most complete book of the kind ever published.

A perfect encyclopedia of information.

With a copy of Workshop Notes and 52 numbers of <u>The Jewelers'</u> <u>Circular</u> (a year's subscription price, \$2.00), any jeweler will have all the trade literature he needs.

SEND \$2.50 AND GET BOTH.



Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

VOL. XXX.

#### CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1895.

NO. 20

#### Chicago Notes.

Jacob Muhr is showing his new lines here.

M. A. Lumbard, wholesale jeweler, Des Moines, Ia., was in the city last week.

Rovelstad Bros., Elgin, Ill., are putting in a number of improvements.

George D. Lunt, Towle Mfg. Co., is in Newburyport, Mass.

About 200 eastern salesmen are entertaining the Chicago jobbers with displays of their new lines.

Mr. Bennett, president of Reed & de Mars Jewelry Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, spent the pastweek here.

J. R. Davidson, manufacturers' agent, 183 Dearborn St., has taken Isaac Swope's line of watch cases and Swiss goods.

S. N. Jenkins, Aikin, Lambert & Co., last week returned from a three weeks' trip in Indiana and Illinois.

C. S. Crawford, Peoria, Ill., is remodeling his store, putting in a new steel ceiling and other improvements.

M. N. Burchard left for the factory of Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., Wednesday night, and will take his vacation at the seashore before his return about July 8.

Clarence W. Edwards has resigned as traveler for eastern jewelry lines and associated himself with the railroad construction business.

James T. Edwards, Chicago manager for L. Tannenbaum & Co., reports an improvement in their line; there is a better demand for colored stones.

S. K. Huston, Chicago manager for the New Columbus Watch Co., has taken permanent headquarters at 807 Columbus Memorial building.

Mrs. Buck, wife of F. A. Buck, of Madson & Buck, died at their home in Austin, Ill., Saturday week suddenly, from combined heart and kidney trouble.

Clinton & Turner have succeeded William H. Bradshaw, Paris, Ill. Mr. Bradshaw has fitted up an elegant new store in Wooster, O.

Benj. Allen will attend the graduation at Yale College, June 25, of his son, Benjamin C. Allen. Mrs. Allen and family will remain in the east for the Summer, spending July at Shelter Island, L. I., and August in the mountains.

Fey Bros., formerly in the jewelry business in Peoria, Ill., assumed the managership of the Fey Hotel there last October and are reported to have made a financial success at it.

Mr. Monsch, well known to visiting jewelers during the World's Fair, as having charge of the Bureau of Information of the Chicago Jewelers' Association, has taken a position with the Gates Iron Co.

Henry Moe, the Randolph St. jeweler, arrested by detectives on a charge of receiving stolen property, was arraigned before Justice Everett. Owing to the fact that one of the members of bis family was sick, the case was continued until June 17. Moe was released on \$500 bonds.

The Wadsworth Watch Case Co. received at their Chicago salesrooms, Thursday, the first consignment from the factory of the new goods for the Fall of '95. Very attractive cases are their new beaded centers, made in all sizes, and the new engravings, both in bias and top and bottom, are finely executed in neat designs.

Mr. Rice, Gorham Mfg. Co., left Friday for New York, Bruce Bonny who arrived Wednesday, assuming for a few weeks the charge of the company's interests here. Mr. Bonny says the house is doing better all along the line, Chicago and elsewhere, with increased sales in April and May and so far in June. The Chicago office has shown a decided improvement, and this, he thinks, speaks well for the west.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Elgin National Watch Co., held Tuesday week, the following board of directors was re-elected: T. M. Avery, Benjamin Allen, Charles Fargo, George H. Laflin, C. H. Hulburd, O. S. A. Sprague, Martin A. Ryerson. The business of the company was regarded by the directors to be in a satisfactory condition. Dividends were at the rate of 8 per cent.

Reports indicate that Decatur, Ill., is right in line with improvements. O. E. Curtis & Bro. are putting in a new French plate glass front to their store, and also to the second floor occupied by their china stock. W. K. Abbott & Co. have settled in their newly refitted store on Water St., and H. Post contemplates refitting his place and making it one of the most attractive in eastern Illinois.

"It is peculiar how one year compares with another," said M. A. Mead. "In 1894, for instance, January trade was prostrated, likewise February; March showed a slight recovery, and April, May and June were ordinarily fair. In January of 1895 business was very good; in February it was good; also good in March; April tapered off below January, May was slow and June dull. Up to the first of June our sales were 50 per cent. ahead of last year." Though quiet now, Mr. Mead predicts a good Fall season for watch lines.

#### Minneapolis and St. Paul.

J. L. Bryant, formerly of St. Paul, has opened in business in Elgin, Miun.

John Pfister, St. Paul, last week celebrated his silver wedding.

C. F. Sicho, of Sicho & Beard, has returned from his maiden trip west.

L. S. Weller, St. Paul, is having an auction sale.

Henry Jacke, St. Paul, has recently improved the interior of his store.

J. F. Salfinger has returned from a business trip to Chicago.

H. E. Murdock, Minneapolis, left for the east a few days ago to purchase Spring stock, novelties, etc.

J. M. Bennett, secretary of the Reed & de Mars Jewelry Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, has gone east to arrange for the issue of their new catalogue. The firm will get out a large cloth bound illustrated catalogue of 400 pages within the next 90 days.

Out-of-town jewelers visiting the Twin Cities the past week were: A. H. Schleuder, New Ulm, Minn.; E. J. Swedlund, Atwater, Minn.; W. G. Gould, Glencoe, Minn.; Wm. Plackner, Arlington, Minn.; Erick Anderson, Hector, Minn.; G. J. Boyd, Lewiston, Minn; N. Peterson, Henderson, Minn.; Henry Kloff, Nielsville, Wis.; W. H. Booth, Sioux Falls, So. Dak.; Lewis Watowa, Owatona, Minn.; E. H. Koerner, Barnesville, Minn.; J. L. Bryant, Elgin, Minn.; Isaac Mau, Sibley, Iowa; L. B. Gates, Sioux Falls, So. Dak.; M. Swedberg, Luverne, Minn.

#### THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR - WESTERN SUPPLEMENT.

#### Pacific Coast Notes.

I. P. Riley has opened a jewelry store in Preston, Idaho.

N. H. Wilson, Merced, Cal., has concluded his auction sale.

William Wadds, jeweler, being about to leave Vancouver, B. C., has turned over his business to J. W. Jackson.

W. D. Allison, whose jewelery store in San José was burned out, has secured a new location on W. Santa Clara St.

The invitations are out for the wedding of John R. Kocher, of R. Kocher & Son, San José, Cal., and Miss Lillie E. Smout.

CharlesWittmack's jewelry store, Fresno, Cal., was burglarized on the night of February 11th. One of the burglars, named Massey, has just been arrested in San Francisco. There were three burglars in the gang. Five gold watches, two rings and two gold chains stolen from the Wittmack store were found on Massey's person. Other articles have been found in pawnshops and jewelry stores.

#### San Francisco.

Business in the trade is reported fair.

E. A. Phelps, of Phelps & Muller, has returned from his eastern trip.

W. Bohm, a manufacturing jeweler of this city, has invented a life-saving fender to attach to electric cars.

Fred. Davis, of Nordman Bros., and Harry Nordman, of the Standard Optical Co., have gone on a trip through the mining counties.

Louis H. Peters, son of William Peters, jeweler, San Jose de Guatemala, was a passenger on the steamer *Colima*, which was wrecked.

Miss Rothschild, daughter of a member of the firm of Rothschild & Hadenfeldt, was married last week to I. Tausky, an attorney of the city.

H. S. Bonestell, of the California Jewelry Co., has returned from the northwest. He had a very exciting adventure while in Washington, being treed for a half a day by a wild boar. George E. Smith, formerly representing the Keystone Watch Case Co., in this city, is in charge of the business of John Serex, who has been indisposed for some time.

#### Detroit.

George W. French, Belding, Mich., has removed to Sparta, Mich.

F. A. Earle recently started a new jewelry business in Leland, Mich.

P. Welsh, jeweler, corner of Woodward and Gratiot Aves., has redecorated his store.

William Foster, formerly with jeweler Newcomb, Big Rapids, Mich., has started a jewelry store in Yale, Mich.

C. Norris, of Ida, and Frederick Grimm, of Mt. Clemens, were the only Michigan country jewelers in the city last week.

The Michigan Optical Co. report business as more than fair in their line. Since their reorganization the company have paid exclusive attention to the jobbing trade in direct opposition to their former policy.



------ FSTIMATES GIVEN ON GOLD AND SILVER. IF NOT SATISFACTORY WE WILL RETURN SHIPMENT INTACT AND PAY ALL CHARGES."-----

J. P. Hopkins, the alleged diamond thief, under arrest in Grand Rapids, Mich., was last week bound over for trial in the Superior Court. His attorneys attempted to have the case quashed but the court refused to take such action.

A gang of girl thieves was last week discovered in Vassar, Mich. Despatches to Detroit papers stated that Jeweler Wightman was the principal victim. Two of the girls, named Lockhart and Honser, were detected in the act of nipping rings from a tray which he had set out for their inspection. There are 10 or 12 girls in the gang.

# OVER 1,000 JEWELERS

have endorsed by their unsolicited testimonials the Hampden Watch Co.'s rebate system. Never was praise more merited than in their last achievement in introducing their new 17 Jeweled Adjusted movement, with §1.00 rebate to the jeweler.

It is the cheapest high grade movement ever offered to the trade.

Read Description and send for Sample Movement.



No. 80 HUNTING. No. 81 OPEN FACE.

Nickel, 17 ruby jewels in composition settings, sunk second and circle dial, Roman figures and seconds, Breguet hairspring, adjusted compensation balance, steel patent regulator, patent centre pinion engraved, regular "Hampden" mainspring, moon or spade hands, comes in a skeleton case.

PRICE \$10.00. A. C. BECKEN, The Chicago Wholesale Jeweler, Special Agent for

DUEBER-HAMPDEN WATCHES.

103 STATE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.



Send for Circular and Terms, PARSONS & CO. During the last month no less than three electric street clocks have been erected on Woodward Ave. Since Mabley, Harvey & Co. placed theirs, the following jewelers have followed suit: George Shaffner, 210 Woodward Ave., and F. Rolshoven & Co., corner of Gratiot and Woodward Aves. The E. Howard Watch & Clock Co. furnished the latter. It is understood that F. G. Smith & Sons will also shortly erect one.

#### Kansas City.

Mr. Chick, who has been running a jewelry auction at 8th and Main Sts. for some time, was arrested for selling a fake watch to J. Ho!mes, of Lees Summit, Mo., for \$17. The jewelers with the help of the city police are trying to run such fake auctions out of town, but so far they have not been very successful.

Ferdinand Bing & Co., New York, June 10, asked Judge Philips in the United States Circuit Court, to appoint a receiver for the Jaccard Watch and Jewelry Co. The Jaccard company assigned March 2 to R. W. Hocker as trustee. Mr. Hocker is now selling out the stock under the assignment. Ferdinaud Bing & Co. allege that the company before assigning preferred some of their creditors, and among them D. C. Jaccard, of St. Louis, father of Eugene G. C. Jaccard, the company's president. They also complain that Mr. Jaccard, Sr., controled the policy of the company, and that it was his money which started the firm in business, and, finally, that when he was made a preferred creditor it was without consideration.

#### Indianapolis.

Horace A. Comstock was recently elected treasurer of The Limited Gun Club.

A destructive fire in Decatur, Ind., June 12th, destroyed Deid's jewelry store. The loss is covered by insurance.

S. E, Buchtel, Knightstown; A. Meissen, Cicero, and Mr. Ritter, of Ritter & Ryan, Muncie, were in the city last week buying goods.

Chas. J. Kiefer of L. F. Kiefer & Son, has leased the Bay View Hotel, Lake Maxinkuchee, Ind., and will operate it this Summer.

Eliott Sims, traveler and buyer for Heaton, Sims & Co., left last week for a two weeks' trip among his Indiana customers.

Of the \$0.000 subscription started by the Indianapolis *News*, to be used in the purchase of a silver service for the battleship *Indiana*, \$5,217 30 has been subscribed.

Conrad Krantz, a jeweler of Muscatine, Ia., for years' until failing eyesight compelled him to relinquish the business for that of a florist, died in Mercy Hospital, Davenport, Ia., June 11th. as the result of an operation for the removal of a tumor that had been troubling him for some time.

#### Cincinnati.

T. K. Bruner, of Bruner Bros., Circleville, O., is reported very ill.

T. J. Heinz, Lexington, Ky., is buying new goods in Cincinnati this week.

Wm. Pflueger, of Jos. Noterman & Co., will start this week on his Summer fishing expedition among the big lakes.

The O. E. Bell Co. are putting in machinery for their new factory. They will have some sensational novelties for July.

I. Bloom, of Bloom & Phillips, has returned from the east, where he made a selection of fine goods which they will introduce to the trade in the Fall season.

E. L. Beer, a brother of two well-known jewelers and son of a veteran in the trade, will open a new jewelry store in Batesville, Ind. He is in Cincinnati this week buying his outfit.

Oskamp, Nolting & Co. have displayed in one of their show windows \$10,000 worth of diamonds and precious stones, loose and mounted. The exhibit is attracting much attention. The firm have the largest belt display in the city.

The Ohio Retail Jewelers' Association held their annual meeting in Columbus, O., last week, and elected Louis Hummel, of Cincinnati, and E. Bargman, of Toledo, as delegates to the National Convention to be held in St. Louis, Mo., July 17th, 18th and 19th.

The nitro-glycerine explosion in Parkersburg, W. Va., last week, blew out the front windows of the new store of J. Wetherell & Son. The firm had just moved into their new premises. The store of jewelers G. E. Smith & Sons was damaged to some extent.

E. E. Isbell & Co. are fitting up the store at 203 E. 4th St, two doors east of the Duhme Co., in elegant style, and will have it ready for occupancy next month. Tiled floors and marble sides, with new fixtures will make the store one of the swellest places in the city. The firm will have two large double windows for disp'ay.

There is considerable indignation among local jewelers against the graduating classes of Hughes and Woodward High Schools because they purchased their class pins in other cities. The Hughes class bought its pins in Chicago, and the Woodward graduates purchased their pins from a New York firm. The students claim that they received better and cheaper offers in the other cities than they could get here. Local jewelers, however, say that they can make pins just as cheap and of just as many designs as jewelers in other cities, and they declare that, inasmuch as the students receive their education free, and largely at the cost of the taxpayers of this city, it was in very bad taste in them to patronize other cities in preference to Cincinnati. The jewelers have refused to offer any prizes for the Field Day contests of the high schools as heretofore.

#### Connecticut.

M. L. Carter & Co., Danbury, are handsomely renovating and improving their store throughout.

Jeweler Fred. H. Brown, Meriden, gave a concert at his store Friday afternoon and evening, at which crowds attended.

Alfred Barker, traveling salesman for the Meriden Britannia Co., is ill at his home in Meriden, threatened with typhoid fever.

Salesman M. A. Illingworth, of C. Rogers & Bros., Meriden, has returned from a business trip and reports trade improving a little.

Assistant treasurer Walter Camp, of the New Haven Clock Co., and family, are summering at the Pembroke Hotel, Woodmont, near New Haven.

In the Connecticut House of Representatives on Thursday, June 13th, Representative Tibbals, of the Geo. H. Ford Co., New Haven, acting in behalf of the Connecticut Jewelers' and Opticians' Association, obtained the adoption of the amendment to the jewelers' bill, providing a penalty of one year in jail for selling bogus jewelry or ware for silver or gold.

#### Jeweler J. B. Keene, of Ansonia, has a small bottle of champagne which was given to him some fifteen years ago, and which he at the time pledged himself to keep and drink when he should hear of the giver's marriage. Time has rolled on, the giver is not married, and there are no present indications that he ever will be, but the bottle is still retained.

But little hope is entertained of the recovery of jeweler S. S. Newton, Winsted, who was so badly injured by a carriage runaway 'recently, as told in last week's CIRCULAR. He is 74 years of age and is still in a dazed state, and no indications of improvement thus far appear. It is now learned that the accident happened near the Agricultural Society's driving park. Although it is not positively known, it is thought that a runaway horse collided with the team of Mr. Newton, throwing him out with great force upon the highway.

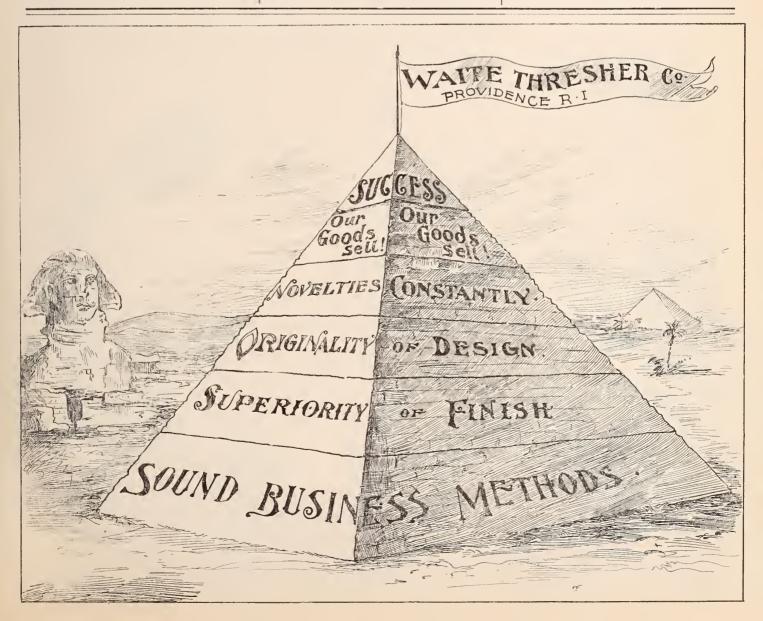
#### Worcester, Mass.

On account of the increase of the rent in the Burnside from \$3 000 to \$3,500, Nelson H. Davis, jeweler, has given up his store, 351 Main St., and has leased the store, 375 Main St.

Frank Knowlton, who for a great many years has occupied the two stores in the Brinley block, had moved to 372 Main St. The block he formerly occupied has been torn down and a million dollar block will be erected on the site. Mr. Knowlton had a lease of the store until 1897, and it is understood that the State Mutual Insurance Co. paid Mr. Knowlton \$10 000 for the lease.

Wilhur F. Boswell was arrested some days ago on a warrant charging him with embezzlement of a diamond ring from W. A. England, jeweler. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the Massachusetts reformatory for an indefinite period. On May 3, Boswell went to Mr. England's store where he is well known and said that his wife had a friend visiting her who wanted to buy a diamond ring and who asked him to bring home two to select from. It appears that after getting the rings he pawned one for \$11.

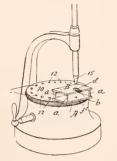
T. W. Gurley, jeweler, Meyersdale, Pa., was married a few days ago to Miss May Gunter, of Frostburg, Md.



#### The Latest Patents.

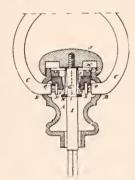
#### ISSUE OF JUNE 11, 1895.

540.683. ROLLER JEWEL REMOVER FOR WATCHES. HARRY B. OBERLIN, Columbia, Pa.-Filed Oct. 25, 1894. Serial No. 526,919. (No model.)



The support for a roller-moving device, substantially as herein described, which consists of a base-plate having a depending stump with an aperture therein which opens to the upper side of the base-plate, and a top-plate supported by and above the base-plate and having the edgewise opening slot, b, and the rabbet-like depression, d, within its top surrounding said slot.

540.739. WATCH-BOW FASTENERS. Ru-DOLPH M. HUNTER, Philadelphia, Pa., assignor



to the Keystone Watch Case Company, same place.—Filed Dec. 31, 1892. Serial No. 456,872. (No model.)



AND MEDALS.

DIES

VICTOR D. BRENNER, ART DIE CUTTER

AND MEDAILLEUR,

108 FULTON ST., N. Y.

Cuts, Dies and Hubs for all kinds of Medals, Badges, Portraits, Crests, Coats of Arms, Buttons. Silverware and Jewelry.

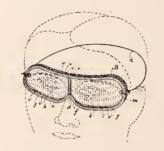
Embossing Dies for Fancy Stationery and Leather.

> FINE FICURE WORK A SPECIALTY.



The combination of a pendant having holes upon opposite sides, a bow adapted to the pendant and fitting through the holes therein and having its ends provided with flanges, and an annular sleeve secured upon the inside of the pendant and having down wardly projecting parts unobstructed from above fitting in front of the flanges to prevent them being pulled outward and also upon the inside of the flanges and prevent them being pushed inward and adapted to be adjusted into position after the bow ends are inserted into the pendant.

540.746. EYE SHIELD OR GUARD. BEN-JAMIN F. LAME, Boston, Mass.-Filed Sept. 25, 1891. Serial No. 406,830. (No model)



An eye-shield comprising lenses of flexible, transparent material, a felt strip or cushion projecting at right angles from the lenses, and provided with lateral perforations or notches, a recessed portion in said cushion for the nose, a binding strip or edging of light, flexible material for said lenses, and means for securing said shield upon the face.

540,768. OP FICAL ADVERTISING DEVICE. RICHARD W. WESTERN, London, England.-Filed April 19, 1895. Serial No. 546,412. (No model.) Patented in England Nov. 7, 1893, No. 21,162.



In an optical advertising device the combination with a series of transparent prisms of a series of record bearing backings in such juxtaposition with certain of the sides of the several prisms that the records can be viewed through the parts of the prisms which are not backed directly and also by reflection.

510, S20. COLLAR-BUTTON. DANIEL ROYSE, Lafayette, Ind.-Filed March 18, 1895. Serial No. 542,287. (No model.)



As a new article of manufacture, a combined collar button and necktie holder, comprising a flat base, a shank rigidly fixed thereto, and a head consisting of a long narrow closed link through which the necktie may be passed before tying, and which link is rigidly fixed to the said shank at a point near enough to one end to allow of its being passed through the buttonholes one end at a time.

510, S74. WATCH. WILSON E. PORTER, New Haven, Conn., assignor to the New Haven Clock



Co., same place.—Filed May 31, 1894. Serial No. 512,966. (No model.)

In a stem winding and stem-setting watch, the combination with the winding and setting trains thereof, of wind ng and setting wheels permanently meshed into the said trains, located in line with each other, and each having a central opening, a winding and setting arbor passing through the said wheels, and adapted to be alternately coupled with them, and means for pushing in and pulling out the said arbor, and rotating it, the arbor being adapted at separated points located adjacent to the outer faces of the said wheels for being coupled with them.

540,983. WATCH-BOW FASTENER. OTTO W. HEINEMAN, Philadelphia, Pa.-Filed June 26, 1893. Serial No. 478,781. (No model.)



A watch bow having at each end a reduced neck with projecting head at one side, in combination with a pendant having at each side jinner and outer recesses separated by a rib or flange free from contact with the neck of the bow having a notch therein for the passage of the projecting head of the bow, the outer recesses receiving and constituting a bearing for the ends of the bow beyond the necks, the inner recesses receiving the heads on said necks, and the notches in the rib being so located in respect to one of the caps of the watch case that said c1p must be opened b-fore the bow can be adjusted to bring its heads into line with said notches.

- DESIGN 24,375. PLATE. CHARLES J. AHREN-FELDT, New York, N. Y.-Filed Jan. 13, 1895. Serial No. 535,034. Term of patent 7 years.
- DESIGN 24,376. COVERED DISH. CHARLES J. AHRENFELDT, New York, N. Y.-Filed Jan. 15, 1835. Serial No. 535,035. Term of patent 7 years.

DESIGN 24,379. BRUSH-BACK, &c. JOSEPH F.



FRADLEV, Blooklyn, N. Y. –Filed Feb. 13, 1895. Serial No. 538,292. Terin of patent 3½ years.

DESIGN 24,380. SILVERSMITH'S STOCK.



GILBERT L. CROWELL, JR., Arlington, N. J., as signor to Dominick & Haff, New York, N. Y.— Filed May 11, 1895. Serial No. 549,020. Term of patent 7 years.

**Pivot Polishing.**—The polisher used for a pivot may be oblong or square. The first is the best form, with the edge next the shoulder sloped off at such an angle that the edge of the polisher will always get to the corner of the pivot and shoulder. This side of the polisher may be straight or a little convex, and both face and edge of the polisher kept sharp by repeated filing up with a sharp but not a coarse file, as using a polisher until it is quite smooth only puts the work out of shape and rounds the shoulder.

# Solid Silver

(Exclusively.)



# WHITING M'F'G CO.

Silversmiths,

Broadway & 18th St.,

NEW YORK.



#### Continued from page 16.

The following article occupied two columns in the 4 o'clock edition of the New York *Mail and Express* yesterday. This newspaper is championing the cause of the dry goods stores, and the article with the one which appeared in the issue of that paper of Saturday, June 15, will give an idea of the tactics which will be used by the indicted firms:

Newton Dexter, the "counsel" of sundry unnamed silversmiths, and the informing witness upon whose testimony the Grand Jury indicted several prominent retailers of merchandise in department stores, declines to make any statement concerning the history of his career published in *The Mail* and *Express* on Saturday.

His statement might have been made interesting by the disclosure of the names of the nebulous companies, associations and individuals whom he claims as his backers in the effort to shield the manufacturers of bogus silverware and jewelry at the expense of the merchants who in good faith bought and sold their debased goods.

Diligent inquiry among manufacturers of this city failed to elicit any considerable acquaintance with Dexter. He is somewhat known to the trade as a man who three or four years ago offered his services as organizer and promoter to sundry concerns which were about to change from co-partnerships to limited liability corporations. The editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, the weekly organ of that trade, says that Dexter found the most extensive field for his enterprise in Connecticut, Massachusetts and some other eastern States. The Manufacturing Jewelers' Association of Connecticut was one of his pet successes.

his pet successes. "He did a great deal of such work for the eastern jewelers," said THE CIRCULAR'S editor.

This seems to New Yorkers hardly the class of commercial enterprise that should give Dexter the standing in the community which ought to back so serious a matter as the indictment of merchants of high standing for grave misdemeanors. Yet Dexter was able to achieve this end without, as will appear below, any particular inquiry by the District Attorney or his subordinates as to the standing of the complainant, the genuineness of his claim to represent reputable concerns or corporations, or his good faith in the prosecutions.

#### WHAT THE LAW SAYS.

It ought to be borne in mind that the law whose violation has wrought such serious consequences became operative as late as June I, 1894, so that it had not been a year upon the statute books before its aid was invoked to punish the presumably most innocent of those who might have violated its provisions. It reads:

"Section 364a.—A person who makes or sells or offers to sell or dispose of or has in his possession with intent to sell or dispose of any article of merchandise marked, stamped or branded with the words "sterling" or "sterling silver;" or encased or enclosed in any box or package, cover or wrapper, or other thing in, by or which the said article is packed, inclosed or otherwise prepared for sale or disposition, having thereupon any engraving or printed label, stamp, imprint, mark or trademark indicating or denoting by such marking, stamping, branding, engraving or printing that such article is silver, sterling silver or solid silver, unless nine hundred and twenty-five onethousandths of the component parts of the metal of which the said article is manufactured is pure silver, is guilty of a misdemeanor."

Section 3646 is identical in language except that it relates to articles stamped "coin" or "coin silver," which contain nine hundred thousands of the metal.

The penalty for misdemeanor is a fine not exceeding  $\$_{1,000}$  or imprisonment in the penitentiary not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the Court.

#### MAKERS THE OFFENDERS.

In the eyes of the makers of this statute the offender of most turpitude and importance, the makers, were named first as they should have been. The manufacturer alone of all the chain of possible offenders named is the only one whose guilt is an inevitable inference not needing affirmative proof. It could hardly be expected of the wholesale middleman or the retail merchant that he would break package and assay all or even samples of an invoice to determine the quality or the goods.

As well expect him to break a box of matches to find whether one or more are missing. Both buy on the faith of trademark and stamp, and no rule of evidence presumes their guilty knowledge that a manufacturer has debased the standard stamp and his own trademark. The fact of low price could hardly be cited as proof of guilty knowledge, since prices have been so deranged and values so disturbed by general business depression ever since this law was enacted that many manufacturers seeking to turn product into coin have thrown their goods on the market at much less than cost price. These facts would be adjudged as requiring affirmative proof of guilty knowledge on the part of buyers of bogus silverware or jewelry. How can a manufacturer escape the infer ence of guilty knowledge that his bogus stuff marked "sterling" or coin was intended to deceive?

The "Counsellor" Newton Dexter, elected to proceed against the last named of the reputable offenders enumerated by the act, and it would appear that he had no trouble in procuring the assistance of the prosecuting powers in furthering his ends. On the bare statement that a manufacturing company, which has a-branch in this city, was back of him, he secured access to the Grand Jury, and on the strength of a sworn report of sundry assays of the metal in goods bought at certain department stores, he procured the indictment of the merchants who owned them.

#### FELLOWS AND THE INDICTMENTS.

"Who was the complainant in the case of the indicted violators of the 'bogus silver' act?" was asked of District Attorney John R. Fellows.

"Why, an Eastern manufacturing company, with headquarters in this city," Col. Follows replied.

Follows replied. "Then Newton Dexter was not the complaining witness?" was asked.

"He was a witness, but was not the complainant. He claimed that several other manufacturers and jewelers were interested in the prosecution, but so far as I remember only the company referred to was named." Col. Fellows then courteously referred *The Mail and Express* representative to Assistant District Attorney Battle as the subordinate who was in charge of the indictments.

The complaining witness in those indictments was Newton Dexter, Mr. Battle told the reporter.

There was only one witness besides him, and no corporation or firm was named as witness or interested in the prosecution, although Dexter, in conversation, claimed to be acting in the interest of some such concerns.

"Did you not think it worth while to inquire into the truth of his claim to representative character and into the integrity of his purposes in making the complaint?"

"I merely inferred that he was what he claimed to be from the fact that the letterhead upon which he aduressed this office named him as 'counsel' of some jewelers' association. I do not recall its name now."

Col. Fellows was seen subsequently by another representative of *The Mail and Express*, to whom he said that Dexter was the man on whose affidavit the indictments were based. He added: "They will probably die a natural death as soon as the dry goods men show that they procured their goods in good faith in the regular channels."

nels." The foregoing interviews were held yesterday. Col. Fellows was asked this morning to reaffirm what he had said about the indictments "dying a natural death." He denied with some heat having said anything of the sort. "I was not interviewed at all yesterday upon the subject of the indicted merchants. Some one asked me about Silsbie and the missing indictments, and that was the subject I talked about."

"But you said that a silver manufacturing company was complainant in the indictments, and that Dexter was only a secondary witness. What had the company or Dexter to do with the Silsbie case."

Col. Fellows' memory was evidently refreshed, and he replied: "Those indictments are bail cases that will not come up for some weeks. I have not interested myself about them, and shall say no more on the subject now. That settles it." It thus appears that a man like Dexter, without any ascertained backing of repu-

It thus appears that a man like Dexter, without any ascertained backing of reputable business corporations or individuals, was able to use the machinery of the law to threaten and harass men of long-established character and probity. If he was really engaged upon a crusade to protect the public against bogus and illegal goods,why, it is asked, did he not proceed against the makers of the stuff which was proven bogus by assay?

THE CIRCULAR editor is somewhat misquoted in the foregoing to fit the argument offered by the *Mail and Express* interviewer.



#### Workshop Notes.

Cleaning Gold Frames. - Gilt frames may be cleaned by applying heated alcohol with a sponge until all stains are effaced. The alcohol is then allowed to dry off gradually. Under no circumstances dry with a cloth.

Jewels in Swiss Watch Work .- The condition of the jewels in Swiss watch work is of some considerable importance, and if the repairer aspires to be a good jeweler, considerable practice with the lathe will be necessary. If it is only desired to replace holes from a stock kept for that purpose, they can be put in without much trouble, raising the edge of the setting at one side to allow of the insertion of the jewel, and securing it in position by rubbing the setting well over the stone with a well burnished rounding-center in a handle; a strong and fine pointed arbor will do to raise the edge for the insertion of the stone. When a setting is too badly injured to hold a stone properly, an English hole with brass setting may be fitted in a chamfer or soldered in. Jewels should always be tested, to see whether they are loose, as troublesome variations of depths and freedoms are casual, which often escape observation.

Examining the Banking .- In a correct escapement, the fork should bank against the pin, immediately the scape tooth has dropped from one jewel to the other. If the watch overbanks, the fork is either too short or the roller is too small; in most cases the trouble lies with the fork, unless the roller has been tampered with. The effective length of the fork should be such that, when the power is on the watch, if the guard point of the fork is pressed against the roller, it will on being released return to the bankings. In no case should the fork be left so short that it can be wedged against the roller, as the watch would be liable to stop at any time, and if it received a jar would in all probability start off again, and so cause a great deal of trouble in locating the stoppage, an annoyance to customers.

Lengthening Fork .- The fork in Swiss watches may be lengthened in several ways. Draw the temper, if necessary, and stretch it with the plane endof the hammer, on the part between the notch and the center. If done this way, care must be taken to see that it is not bent by the stretching, and, if so, straighten it before placing into the watch, or else it would have too much run on one side, and not escape on the other. Another way is to file back the old guard point or edge, drill a hole and fit a new one having a pivot on the bottom to go through the hole. Rivet it in place, if possible; if not, solder it carefully. It can then be shortened to correct length and the fork repolished.

Expansion Balance.-It is obvious that a balance may be correctly made, but not afterward compensated. It would then be a compensation or expansion balance, but not a compensated or adjusted one. A balance, the rim of which is not cut through entirely, is certainly not adjusted, and cannot be until it is cut. So also, a cut balance, the rim of which is not so made as to be susceptible of adjustment, may be a nuisance, causing the watch to run perfectly "wild." A well made compensation balance, the rim of which is not cut, is no better than a plain gold balance, because its rim, though capable of compensating, has no chance to do so, its rim being fastened at all points. Consequently, it expands and contracts under the influence of changed temperatures just as any other solid balance would do, whether made of gold or any other material. The screws may be ornamental, but they have no function as compensation weights, and such a balance is merely a "screw balance."

#### New Tools for Watchmakers.

O fit the set-hands arbor to the center or cannon pinion, various devices are employed. Many repairers use a hammer, but when this is done the arbor is nearly always bent so that the minute hand, which it carries, passes nearer the dial at one place than at another. Cl. Saunier recommends the device shown in fig. 1, the mode of action of which will be evident at a glance. An arbor that is too loose is introduced into the hole c, and at the top and bottom of the slack portion two punch

marks are made opposite to one another.

The punch having a conical or three-

sided point, will occasion an extension of

the metal round each mark; if a smooth file.

be passed over the surface so as to remove

the burr, which would not offer any perma-

nent resistance, sufficient projecting metal

will be left to secure a sound and lasting

friction when a little oil is applied. If the

arbor is well supported immediately be-

neath the punch, it will not be distorted by

any moderate impact. It is advisable

before operating upon the metal to ascer-

Generally speaking, these are the objec-

tions to be urged against hammering the

set-hands arbor so as to secure sufficient

friction to make it hold in either of the

pinions through which it passes in the ordi-

nary form of a watch. Tracing a spiral line

on its surface is not much better, as the

metal thus caused to project soon wears off.

When, however, only a slight increase of

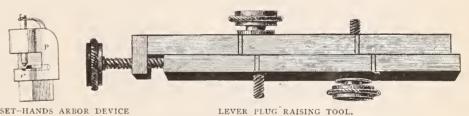
diameter is needed, the following will suf-

Roll the arbor on a hard flat wood surface

with a file of medium cut, applying considerable pressure so that the arbor is forced against the file. If the pressure is sufficient and maintained long enough, a dead rough surface will be formed on it which will increase its diameter so that it will retain a small quantity of oil. It is well to roughen the surface rather more than necessary subsequently passing a burnisher lightly over it until the arbor fits the pinion with sufficient friction.

A German inventor has devised another tool, shown in accompanying illustration, Fig. 2. It consists of two hardened steel plates, furnished with three kinds of filecuts. One of the plates has a crosspiece added at right angles, which is furnished with a hole. Through this tapped hole passes a screw with milled head which acts upon the second steel plate, with which it is connected in such a way that by turning the screw the two plates are displaced in their positions. One of the plates is furnished with holes with screw-thread at distances dividing it into three equal parts. The other plate with the crosspiece is in the same manner furnished with slots at equal distances. Through these pass two milled head screws into the tapped holes of the other plate.

When, now, an arbor is laid between the two plates, and by the two milled head screws fastened loosely, it will be moved to and fro between them by rotating the length-screw. The effect of this manipulation is that in consequence of the pressure.



SET-HANDS ARBOR DEVICE

tain its degree of hardness.

fice:

of the two screws and the file-cut on the plates, a certain burr will be raised on its surface, enlarging the diameter of the arbor. This is placed in the file-cut corresponding

larger in diameter. The tool can also be used for raising lever and loose cylinder plugs. They are treated in the same manner. It can also be used for taking them out. The cylinder is for this. purpose fastened up to the height of the plug between the steel plates, and the manipulation is similar to that specified for arbors, with the difference only that the place where the cylinder is laid in and rolled must be without file-cut-that is, entirely smooth. The repairer will readily see that thismethod of withdrawing the plugs is farsimpler and easier than the dangerous way of beating them out. Thus says the inventor.

to its looseness, and will thereby become

The Argus, of Biggs, Cal., says that a watchmaker and jeweler is needed in that town.





#### The Rambler's Notes.

WHAT THE RAMBLER SAW AND WEARD AMONG THE Cealers in art pottery, cut glass, bronzes, etc.

\_\_\_\_\_



THE new assortment of real bronzes received by Leon J.

Glaenzer & Co., 80 Chambers St., New York, contains busts and figures in all the latest finishes. Among the notable pieces are a pair of crouching figures, "Eros" and "Psyche," by E. Laurent; a large figure, "Mignon," by Hipp Moreau; "Offrande," by A. Goddez; "Improvisatrice," "Etoile en Matin" and a number of thoroughly upto-date subjects, among which are Mme. Sans-Gene and the one illustrated herewith. This last has proven to be one of the most popular pieces ever handled by the French dealers.

# LATEST STYLES IN

A<sup>T</sup> their new warerooms, 33 Park Place, New York,

Wm. Guérin & Co. are showing some handsome lamps in the new Baufort shape. The body of these lamps is a slender, graceful vase which widens at the base. The lamps are in a large number of different colors, with floral decorations, as well as in  $p \hat{a} t e$ sur-p $\hat{a} t e$  decorations. A line of vases similar to the lamps in shape and decoration is also displayed at these warerooms.

# NEW GOODS IN CUT CLASS.

A NEW decanter is shown by the Empire Cut Glass

Co., at their warerooms, Para building, Church and Warren Sts., New York. It has a graceful shape and is ornamented with the "Lakewood" and other rich cuttings. The pattern is also cut in the head of the stopper. Among the new pieces shown by the company is a three pointed tray suitable as a large salad dish, olive tray or fruit dish.

# FINE DRESDEN

A HANDSOME line of Dresden lamps is to be seen at

the warerooms of Ferdinand Bing & Co., 106 Grand St., New York. They show raised flowers in all colors, some pieces being also ornamented with cupids. The sizes are many, varying from the small princess to the largest banquet lamp. Dresden blue, pink and green seem to be the predominating colors. Another line of Dresden lamps display a decoration consisting of large raised roses on vines. An entirely new bacarrat library lamp is made of translucent glass decorated with a cupid surrounded by a wreath of roses. The globe is of the same material and is decorated in the same manner as the body of the lamp.

Maddock & Co., 21 Barclay St., New York, are again presenting to the trade an illustrated circular devoted to their open stock of Wedgwood jasper ware. In addition to illustrations, descriptions and prices, the circular contains an authentic history of the celebrated Portland vase.

THE RAMBLER.

#### Spun Glass.

S PUN glass found very little practical use until it was tot practically about 50 years ago by Jules de Crunfaut, a French chemist. As a young man he led very much of a Bohemian life, and among other things he visited Venice, and saw them spinning glass there. Later he took up the subject, and, being a chemist, he undertook to solve the difficulties that arose out of the nature of the glass itself. He settled finally in Vienna, and devoted himself to the solution of these problems, and it may be said that the practical application of spun glass dates from this time, though it had been known for so long a time before. First he softened the hard, shiny effect of the glass fabric, and used a glass that had a soft, silky appearance much more pleasing. The question of brittleness was a much more difficult one, yet he met with quite a good deal of success in solving this too. He made a spun glass or "mineral wool," so fine that its threads were thinner than silk threads, and persons who did not know what it was pronounced it to be wool of the finest grade.

Crunfaut set to work to make practical use of it, and made muffs, hats, caps, plumes, &c., of excellent quality, soft and agreeable to both eye and touch. Whereas the old spun glass could only be knitted, Crunfaut's could be woven. The chemical or physical nature of glass was at first a hindrance in the way of spinning it. But this resulted later in developing new uses for it. Its cleanness and antiseptic properties render it peculiarily suitable for medical and surgical use. Since glass is almost entirely unattacked by strong acids, except



LEON J. GLAENZER & CO.

hydrofluoric—it is a most valuable material for laboratory filters where we have to do with strong acid solutions. So valuable is it for this purpose that scarcely a laboratory is without this glass wool or mineral wool.

One objection to this glass is that only certain colors can be produced with it. White, green, pink, yellow. brown, and blue may be made, but there is more or less difficulty in working these various kinds of colored glass. Of course colored fabrics can only be made by spinning colored glass, as it is self-evident that glass cloth could not be dyed. This disadvantage is counterbalanced by the great advantage there is in the ease with which grease spots and all other dirt may be removed with a little washing. Other advantages are, that it is non-combustible and a poor conductor of heat.

G. G. Brooks, Calosa, Cal., advertises that if any patron is dissatisfied with any work done in his establishment during the past six months, a favor will be conferred by giving the watchmaker an opportunity to do the work over, free of charge.

#### How Precious Stones Are Scientifically Tested.

A RTHUR CHAMBERLIN, in the Mineral Collector, says: An accurate scientific method has at last been discovered, whereby precious stones may be distinguished from the fraudulent gems which are now so numerously manufactured in the laboratories of Paris and other Con tinental cities. This is by testing them for their specific gravity, but not by the scales occasionally used for large stones, and which, however delicate, are unreliable.

The new means of detection of bogus gems is simple and ingenious, and is likely to be widely adopted in the jewelry trade. It is the chemist who has added this knowledge to the lapidary's art. Several liquids have been discovered, which are more than



# Muslin Buffs.

Invariable in Standard, Only One Quality-THE BEST.

THIS DESCRIBES THE

WILLIAMSVILLE AI MUSLIN BUFFS.

WE'LL SEND PREPAID SAMPLES.

WILLIAMSVILLE MFG. CO.

18 SOUTH WATER ST.,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

MILLS AT WILLIAMSVILLE, KILLINGLY, CONN.

three and one-half times as dense as water, and in which, therefore, the amethyst, the beryl and other light stones will actually float.

The most useful of these liquids is methylene iodide, which has a specific gravity of 33, and in which the tourmaline readily floats. Moreover, it is not corrosive or in any way dangerous. It being impossible for the lapidary to prepare a number of liquids each having the specific gravity of a different gem stone, the methylene iodide is easily diluted by adding benzine to it. Each drop of benzine added makes the liquid less dense, and so it may be used to separate the tourmaline and all the lighter gem stones from each other.

If it be doubtful whether a certain gem be an aquamarine or a chrysoberyl, all that is necessary is to place it in a tube of the liquid, together with a small fragment of true aquamarine to serve as an index. If it be a chrysoberyl, which has a specific gravity of 3.6, it will sink like lead. If it be an aquamarine, which has a specific gravity of 2.7, it will float. If the liquid be then stirred and diluted until the index fragment is exactly suspended, the gem also will neither float nor sink, but will remain poised beside it. This method may be adopted with all of the lighter stones.

But for heavier gems, like the carbuncle, the jargon, the sapphire, the ruby, the spinal, the topaz and the diamond, a different liquid is necessary. This has lately been discovered by the Dutch mineralogist Retgers. He has found a colorless solid compound which melts at a temperature far below that of boiling water to a clear liquid five times as dense as water, and therefore sufficiently dense to float any known precious stone. This compound is the double nitrate of silver and thallium.

Its most remarkable property is, that it will mix in any desired proportion with warm wa'er, so that by dilution the specific gravity may be easily reduced. This fused mass may be reduced in density by adding water, drop by drop, so as to suspend in succession carbuncle, sapphire, ruby and diamonds.

These tests of precious stones may be made in a few minutes, and are absolutely reliable, as all stones of the same nature have the same specific gravity. None of the bogus rubies or diamonds have the same weight as those they are made to imitate.

Among the latest of the fine novelties in silver introduced by J. N. Provenzano, 114 E. 14th St., New York, are some exquisite designs in sterling silver belt buckles, which are made in various colors of enamel, in gilt and in silver. Among other salable articles are some new silver mounted tortoise shell side combs, moustache combs, silver mounted pipes and scissors. Mr. Provenzano's products are too well known to the trade to need extended comment; otherwise attention should be directed to the many beautiful features in the design and workmanship of these articles.

#### JEWELRY STOREKEEPING.

That this department shall prove mutually beneficial to our readers, it is desirable that the members of the trade generally communicate with THE CIRCULAR regarding any advantageous device or plan that they are utilizing in connection with their business.

#### Why Not Round Windows?

THE sameness of store fronts is accountable for a large share of their failure to draw trade says the Dry Goods Chronicle whose remarks in this case apply with some force to the jewelers as well as to the dry goods dealers. Some windows are larger than others; some are set out, others flush or recessed; some are much slanted at the side; that's all. Once in a thousand you see a window that has unique features-round corners or some other pleas. ing variation.

dow, especially if it be well slanted, may be effectively dressed, but, too, the side dressing detracts from the beauty of the show in front. If the window is flush, having no recess at its side, the passer must get well in front of it before he gets any satisfactory view at all, unless, indeed, the window is fifteen or twenty feet wide.

With an oval front and the superstructure properly supported, no posts or corners would break the continuity of the entire window display. Naturally the latter would assume a form somewhat in agreement with the curve of the glass and so, as the

ends only would be curved, and then the several standards could be so grouped as to produce a similar and harmonious effect.

#### Points of Law.

AGREEMENT OF CONTINUANCE OF PARTNER-SHIP.

An agreement in partnership articles, that upon the death of any partner his heirs or legal representatives shall occupy his place in the partnership, controls only the property of the deceased which is in the firm at the time of his death. Such an agreement will prevent a dissolution of the partnership by the death of any member.

Rand v. Wright (Supreme Ct., Ind.).

#### CONFESSIONS OF JUDGMENT.

The Supreme Court of Wisconsin says: It seems to be well settled that even if the affidavit which is attached to the complaint on which judgment is confessed, is defective and insufficient, yet the judgment is not void, but only voidable, and that, in the absence of equities on the part of the debtor

#### SOME POINTED RETAIL JEWELERS' ADVERTISEMENTS.



windows. The store was unoccupied yet, but we stopped and looked at it. The effect was exceedingly pretty, and so novel as to attract the attention of every passer. We certainly think that the oval form could be adopted by many stores with good results The mere form of the window itself would be a novelty, but that is not all. The corners of windows obstruct the  $vi \in w$  of their contents. Where there is a drcply recessed door, the side of the win-

its extent and beauty than by unconnected snatches at the side and front. Window fixtures such as are now made

could be easily adjusted to carry out the plan of such a window. If the latter were narrow its circular form would naturally be quite pronounced, and a single standard provided with many brackets and short rods would be sufficient to make a most agreeable display. With a wider window the curve would be flatter, or possibly the

Lockport, N.Y.

BROWN, HIXSON & Co.,

debtor himself.

scribers.

Mayer B. & S. Co. v. Falk.

An Interesting and Useful Visitor.

CULAR an interesting and useful visitor.

Therefore we are counted as regular sub-

You have succeeded in making THE CIR-

WRITE FOR SPECIAL OFFER ON EXTRA FILLED CASES mm

Good only until August 1st.

JOSEPH FAHYS & CO., NEW YORK. 41 MAIDEN LANE,

### Jules Jürgensen

or copennacen. The reputation these watches have maintained for Fifty Vearn has never been equalled, being made on strictly scientific principles and no expense spared to give the **Bent** results in mechanism and timekeeping exalities.

BOLE AGENTS John G. Ayde's Sons, NO. 22 MAIDEN LANE.



and satisfactory returns invariably given all my enstomers. ARE YOU ONE?

HIGHEST MARKET RATES FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER

J. RATHBONE, Nos. I to y Matthewson St., cor. Cove, Providence, R. I.

# THE PRACTICAL ELECTRO • PLATER.

By MARTIN BRUNOR.

A comprehensive treatise on Electro Plating, covering every branch of the trade, with notes on ancient and modern gilding and formulas for new solutions.

300 PAGES, FULLY ILLUSTRATED. Securely bound in cloth and half morocco.

PRICE \$10.00.

FOR SALE BY

THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

189 BROADWAY,

#### Queries by Circular Readers.

NOTE .- Questions under this department will be answered as promptly as possible. Some queries require careful investigation be fore a satisfactory answer can be given; hence such anwers are often seemingly delayed. THE CIECULAE desires every jeweler to take advantage of this department.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: Can you tell me the makers of silverware (tea sets), stamped G, a representation of a turtle, and a J. G. C. TAYLOR.

ANSWER:-Goodman & Jenks, silversmiths, 43 West St., Boston, Mass., are the makers of the silverware marked as you describe.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: Can you tell us a way to polish shell combs? We would like you to send us word if you know of any J. M. ROBERTS. method.

ANSWER:-If the shell comb is flat, rub smooth with pumice stone and water, and polish with the palm of the hand or with a brush. If the comb is pierced or curved, special machinery for polishing is needed, and we advise you to send it to a firm that makes a specialty of repairing, Rice & Hochster, 483 Broadway, New York, or W. K. Potter, Providence, R. I.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

Will you kindly give me through THE CIRCULAR a description of a Time Ball; also instructions for making same I desire to place it on the front of my store, and to drop the ball having it strike a gong at 12 M. from my electric clock inside the store. H.L.LANG.

ANSWER:- Perhaps the only available description of the time ball is contained in the article entitled " United States System of Observatory Time," which appeared in THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR of February, 1890. This article was reproduced in pamphlet form by the Self-Winding Clock Co., 26 Broadway, New York. We are given to understand that it would be quite impossible for you to erect such an arrangement as you desire, and we advise you to communicate with the Self-Winding Clock Co., whose

business it is to erect such apparatus. They will furnish all the information you desire.

#### Hypnotized by a Gem.

661 HAVE often wondered," said an Eighth St. jeweler, "at the fascination a brilliant big diamond possesses for some people. Last week I sold a diamond that weighed a little over five karats. Previous to the sale I had it in the window for a few weeks. A certain old couple used to come regularly every day and gaze for an hour at a time at the gem. It was a straw colored diamond, but very flashy. The old couple would invariably turn and keep their eyes on the stone as long as they were in sight, and seemed reluctant to leave. The next day after I had sold the gem the old couple appeared as usual, and the look of disappointment on their faces was keen and lingering. They scrutinized the corner of the window in a vain search, and when they failed to discover their favorite moved slowly and sadly away."-Philadelphia Record.

OFFICIAL RECEIVER (at a meeting of creditors)-What have you come here for?

PROFESSIONAL BEGGAR-To put in my claim. Herr Meyerstein used to give me two pence every week - Eulenspiegel.

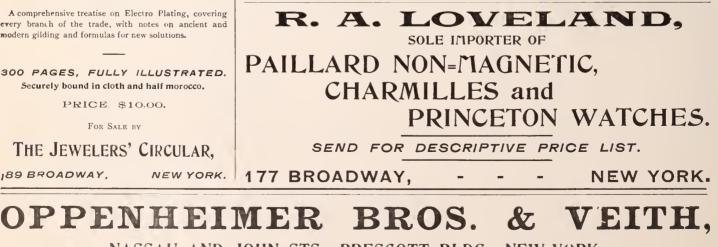
"Are you going abroad this summer?" asked the watch case of the main wheel.

" I don't know," was the reply, but if I do I'll travel incog .- Philadelphia Record."

The burglar turned with a sneer of indignant triumph.

"If you shoot me," he hissed, "you'll wake the baby."

There was nothing to do but permit him to load all the silver into a sack and carry it away, leaving the front door open behind him.-Detroit Tribune.



NASSAU AND JOHN STS., PRESCOTT BLDG., NEW YORK.

CUTTERS AND IMPORTERS OF

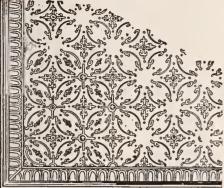
DIAMONDS.

NEW YORK.

DEALERS IN

WATCHES.





Easily applied in new buildings, and over oid broken plaster or wood Ceilings. If interested in building or repairing, send stamp for illustrated Catalogue, and state if CHURCH, HALL, STORE, OFFICE, or SCHOOL Ceiling is wanted. Address

A. NORTHROP & CO., Pittsburg, Pa.



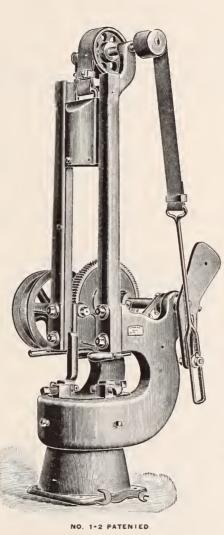
ENAMELERS \* \*

Of GOLD, SILVER AND PLATED JEWELRY, Enameled, Plain and in Colors.

SOCIETY EMBLEMS, YACHT AND COLLEGE FLAGS. All Varieties of Painted Enamel Work.

S. S. WILD & SON, 179 Eddy Street, PROVIDENCE, R. I. Correspondence Sulicited. Telephone Connection.

# AUTOMATIC DROP PRESSES FOR JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS.



UR new Automatic Drop Presses are simple, easy to adjust and operate, also capable of rapidly producing work that is uniform. These presses are self-contained and all driving mechanism is fastened to the base. They are operated in the same manner as a power press and have a hand trip, although a foot trip can be furnished when desired. The smaller sizes are provided with an automatic safety attachment, which catches the hammer if the belt should break, avoiding any liability of injuring the operator or the dies. This attachment makes it necessary to remove both hands from the dies when operating the press, but is not an essential feature, and can be dispensed with if not deemed necessary. We are prepared to furnish these presses in six sizes, with hammer varying from 50 to 500 lbs., and will guarantee that they will do from one and one-half to two times the amount of work that can be done by the ordinary drop press. 

NO. 1=2.
Weight of hammer
Weight of bed or anvil 800 lbs.
Weight, complete IIco lbs.
Distance between poppets 6 in.
Stroke adjustable from o in to 36 in.
Space occupied

Examine our 1895 catalogue for recent improvements in Jewelers' and Silversmiths' Machinery.

Mossberg Mfg. Co.,

ATTLEBORO, MASS.

MATHEY BROS., MATHEZ & CO.,

BRASSUS, SWITZERLAND.

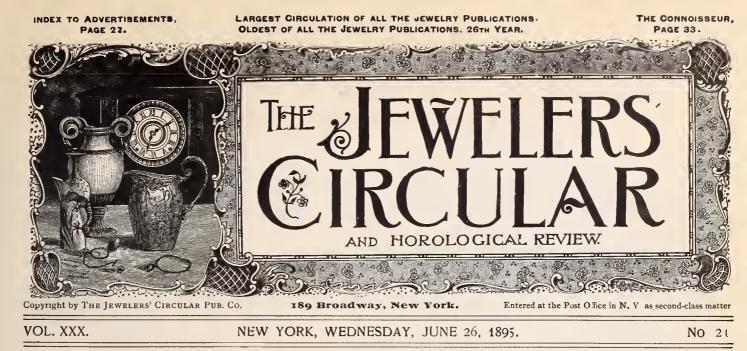
21 & 23 MAIDEN LANE, N. Y. MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF

PLAIN AND COMPLICATED WATCHES.

SPLITS AND REPEATERS

C. H. MEYLAN WATCHES.





INFLUENCE OF SCULPTURE ON GOLD AND SILVERSMITHING.

N the higher branches of the gold and eling, as expressed in the sculptural art, is absolutely necessary if one is to acquire success. Cellini not only fashioned works of gold and silver, but was among the foremost sculptors in Italy's art history. In ancient times the sculptor's art was inseparable from that of the goldsmith, for gold and silver and precious stones were often combined with the ivory. Athené, deification of sacred womanhood as well as divinity of Athens, was Phidias's lasting love among the goddesses. Over the substantial foundation of the figure the ivory was laid on in thick pieces, so exquisitely joined that face and hands appeared as if carved from solid blocks. The eyes were treated in gems .or enamels. The draperies were golden.

The embodiment of the human figure in the ornamental scheme of works of silver, even in the smaller articles, as match boxes, flasks and other pieces that come within the class of goods generically called trinkets, is monthly becoming more and more prominent, and thus the study of famous works of art in sculpture and painting, principally the former, is imperative upon the part of the de signer, die cutter and chaser. The importance of a knowledge of fine art is ap-preciated by our principal

There is potent reason why sculpture | to our human sympathies. As A. G. Radsilversmiths' arts, a knowledge of mod | should play such a large part in silver- | cliffe in his "Schools and Masters of Sculp-



SHIPWRECKED. - R STIGELL, SCULP.

silversmiths and jewelers, and their de- | smithing, goldsmithing and the lesser arts. signers' rooms are veritable artists' ateliers. | Of all the fine arts it appeals most strongly | contains diamonds worth \$10,000,000.

utre" puts it, sculpture is man's study of man-man's own ideal and apotheosis. By its enchantment heroes become gods, and gods stand as men. It unites the most solid realism with the highest poetry.

The group herewith illustrated is a fine subject for study. It was sculptured by R. Stigell, of Germany. The figures evidence a knowledge of anatomy upon the part of the sculptor worthy of the physician. The postures, play of muscles and expression of face offer abundant opportunity for study as they are as true as life itself.

#### A Sabbath=Keeping Clock.

LONDON gossip writes: "The Aquarium people have organized an exhibition of curious old clocks and watches. Among the 2,000 examples acquired are several of special interest. Of the general exhibits one of the most interesting is a clock built by a pious Scotchman a century and a half ago. To guard against any possible consequences of breaking the Sabbath, he so constructed it that at midnight on Saturday it stopped dead and never so much as ticked until Monday morning began."

The jewelry worn by the Sultan of Lahore

The trade mark XL is stamped on the back of each comb. Special styles are made for manufacturers to mount.

# Genuine Tortoise

# Shell Combs.

MADE BY THE

# PRINCESS RING MANUFACTURERS,

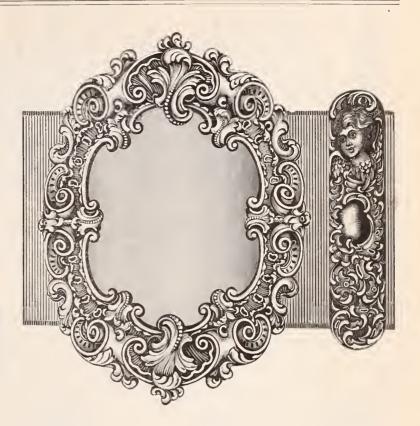
Nº

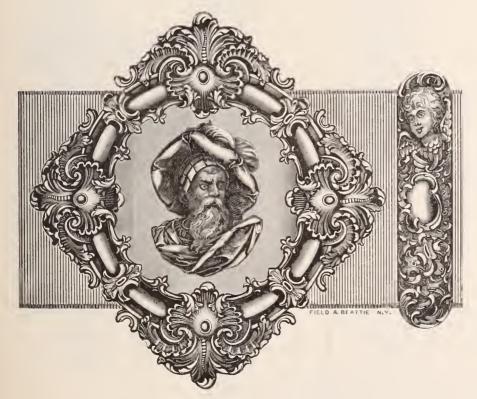
# Hays Building, 21 & 23 Maiden Lane, N.Y.

(Order of any Wholesale House.)

Our new 1895 complete catalogue will be sent to you early in July.

- 6717 Oxidized.
- 6718 Old Gold Finish.
- 6719 Silver, Satin Finish.
- 6720 Roman Gold Finish.





6757 Roman Gold Finish.
6758 Old Gold Finish.
6759 Oxidized.
6760 Silver, Satin Finish.

THESE BUCKLES ARE ALL PROVIDED WITH OUR INTERCHANGEABLE BELTATTACHMENT.

# BIPPART & CO.,

Manufacturers of FINE JEWELRY IN 14 K. GOLD AND .925 FINE SILVER GOODS,

# NEWARK, N J.

# THE APOLLO

as well as all of our goods of whatever description have but one standard

# STERLING 925 FINE.

We make no other grade nor any kind of goods but sterling silver, and our trade mark therefore can be relied upon at all times.

SELLS. J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co., SILVERMITHS,



PROVIDENCE, R. I.





Reputation World Wide. Made upon Distinct Principles. Is a Compressed Air Pump. Simply wet the Insides to Provoke an Energy.

W. W. Stewart, Inventor & Patentee.

MABIE, TODD & BARD, MANUFACTURERS.

New York & London.

Net Prices not Published, but Sent, upon Application, to Dealers.

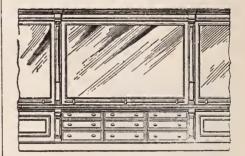
# MELISHEK & PETTER,

128 Maiden Lane, New York.

MANUFACTURERS OF WALL AND COUNTER CASES,

FOR JEWELRY, SILVER-

WARE, ETC.



WE make to order only, and guarattee our work to be Dust Proof and First-Class in all its details, and to have all the Latest Improvements as regards Shelf Artangements, Electric Lights, Etc. We will cneerfully furnish Estimates and Sketches for any store free of charge.

CALL AND SEE US.

DON'T FORGET THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB LISHING CO.'S BOOK LIST when in want of any techuical book in the Jewelry or Kindred Trades.

# F. M. WHITING COMPANY, SILVERSMITHS.

Factory and Main Office,

NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS.



New York Office,



-ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO FACTORY.---

Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withhold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.

CHEESE SERVER

THE

APOLIO



### BEING AN HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DAY.\*

THE flatware patterns produced by the F. M. Whiting Co., North Attleboro, Mass., during the past five years have been all of an elaborate character. None of them, with the exception of the last introduced, the Neopolitan, follows any established

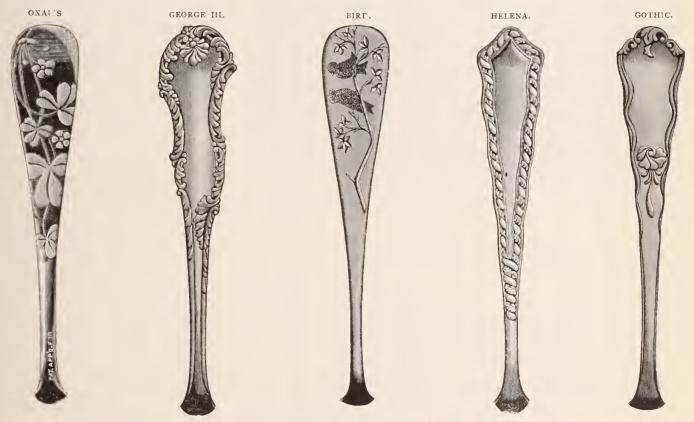
#### PART X.

successful, and still finds a good sale. The George III. was produced in 1891 and proved a good seller. Its unique decorative effects seemed to strike the popular fancy.

In 1892 two patterns were placed upon

and vary greatly in their ornamental fea tures. The Tyrolean was a very successful pattern and is still having a large sale. The Gothic, a refined pattern, was not produced in a full line.

The Damascus of 1894 has proven one of



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE F. M. WHITING CO.

model as to outline, all containing some radical variation.

In addition to 'he Gladstone, Bow-knot and Shell, already described in the last instalment of this series, the Esther was introduced in 1890. Its outline is attractive and symmetrical while the scrolls and conventional leaves combine into an effective ornamentation. The pattern was very

Copyright, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

the market, Orleans and Helena, the former having a large measure of success. The Orleans followed the George III. in respect to its irregular outlines. The combination of rococco details and little flowers and leaves is very pretty. The Helena is a symmetrical pattern and possesses considerable beauty.

The Tyrolean, Gothic, Roderic and Genoa were brought out in 1893. All these patterns have unique but symmetrical outlines the most successful of the patterns of this firm of silversmiths. Its shell-like effects along the edge are highly original. This pattern approaches the Oval Thread in general outline.

The last pattern of the F. M. Whiting Co. is the Neopolitan placed in the market in the Spring of this year. We consider it the most artistic pattern of the company. It reflects the prevailing demand for patterns founded upon the old King, as it in outline Bids for Furnishing Spy Glasses to the

Government.

opened at the Bureau of Supplies and Ac-

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 20.-Bids were

#### follows closely its ancient predecessor. The shell detail at the top and the symmetrical arrangement of heavy leaf work down the sides are very effective. The pattern has

RODERIC, GENGA, DAMASUS, INEPOLITAN,

FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE F. M. WHITING CO.

won much success since its introduction. (Series to le continued.)

J. F. Butler, Potsdam, N. Y., opened a branch jewelry store in the *Plaindealer* building, at Canton, N. Y., on the 15th. counts, Navy Department, June 18th, for furnishing the Naval Observatory in Washington with spy glasses and binocular glasses. The bidders were as follows':

Twenty-five spy glasses, high power, 25 spy glasses, medium power, 50 spy glasses,

## Dominick & Haff,

MAKERS OF WARES IN

#### STERLING SILVER,

FOR THE TRADE ONLY

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK.

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES

Fifty binocular glasses, day, 150 binocular glasses night—Vogtlaender & Son, \$4,050; James G. Biddle, \$3,432; Levy, Dreyfus & Co., \$2,500; T. S. & J. D. Negus, \$2,100; Henry Lorsch, \$2,100; John A. Gray, \$2,550.

One hundred and twenty-five spy glasses for officer of the deck—Vogtlaender & Son, \$1,875; James G. Biddle, \$1,650; Levy, Dreyfus & Co., \$1,312 50; T. S. & J. D. Negus, \$1,000; Henry Lorsch, \$800; John A. Brashear, \$3,175; John A. Gray, \$1,-218.74

#### The Affairs of the Old Columbus Watch Company.

COLUMBUS, O., June 19.—Philip H. Bruck, as receiver for the Columbus Watch Co., has filed his report in the case of Carl T. Pfaff and Louis Lindeman against the company. The report shows a balance on hand of \$3\$,000.51, and states that the debts are now all paid, and that there is sufficient on hand to pay a dividend of  $12\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. to each and every creditor.

#### Death of Frederick C. Richard.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., June 20.—At 5 o'clock on Sunday evening last Frederick C. Richard, jeweler, was stricken down with heart disease and died inside of ten minutes, without having regained consciousness. Mr. Richard had been to New York city the previous week, and while there was suddenly taken ill and his son Edward went and brought him home.

Mr. Richard was a native of Switzerland, where he lived until grown to man's estate and had completed his trade, that of watchmaker. While yet a young man he came to the United States, and 40 years ago he came to Bellefonte and opened a jewelry store. When the war broke out Mr. Richard enlisted, and during that long struggle, served with distinction and valor.

Mr. Richard was about 68 years of age. He was a member of Gregg Post, No. 95, and also of the Order of Free Masons. He leaves a wife and three children. The funeral took place yesterday and was conducted by the Masons.



#### The Love for Jewelry in France.

THE MANY COSTLY JEWELS GIVEN AT THE WEISSWELLER - ROTHSCHILD WEDDING ——JEWEL ORNAMENTED DRESSES A PRETTY NECK BAND.

PARIS, France, June 12 .- This is the season for aristocratic weddings; several have taken place lately. Mdlle. Mathilde Weissweller received most magnificent presents on the occasion of her marriage with Baron Henri de Rothschild, the presents from the Dowager Baroness Nathaniel de Rothschild being particularly admired. There was among them a parure formed of rubies unequaled for size and value. I his parure consisted of a diadem showing a graceful foliage, two bracelets of the same style, a trefoil composed of three enormous rubies, and a necklace exhibiting a succession of diamond bow-knots with rubies in the center and five large rubies as pendants. Also worthy of mention was a handsome corsage garniture formed of two large diamond bow-knots connected with chains in diamonds; a breloquet of blue enamel studded with brilliants, holding a costly watch that belonged to Prince de Condé; a diadem formed of emeralds, exhibiting in the center a large star with seven rays; a chatelaine of chased gold with colored stones set in an old, quaint style; a pendant consisting of emeralds in cabochon, diamonds, and pearls; a peacock feather consisting of the finest colored stones; a diamond bird of paradise, etc., etc. From 5,000,000 to 6,000,000 francs was spent by the two families on the occasion of the marriage.

A very graceful diadem consists of a succession of oval wreaths, formed of diamond dog roses. These wreaths, which diminish in size from the center to the sides, rest on a pale gold band showing a course of diamond fern leaves. Another diadem consists of a very narrow diamond ribbon twisted so as to form in the center a light open *motif* in the middle of which hangs a large sapphire.

The corsage of pale colored Summer dresses is trimmed with bands of darker colored satin soberly adorned with flowers formed of jewels.

A pretty neck band in mauve satin has in front a clasp in jeweled open work consisting of diamonds with an emerald in cabochon in the center. **FA** pendant of the same style held by a fine double chain of gold, hangs short from the clasp.

IASEUR.

#### Bids for Furnishing Clocks to the Government.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 22.—The Interior Department, through the Indian Bureau, is inviting sealed proposals until July 2, 1895, for furnishing 18 clocks, pendulum, 8-day, to be delivered in San Francisco, Cal.

Prospective bidders desiring additional



149-151 State St., Chicago, Ill.



information, together with the necessary specifications and blank forms of proposals, can obtain same by addressing D. M. Browning, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C.

#### The Connecticut Association of Retail Jewelers Incorporated.

New HAVEN, Conn., June 20 — The Connecticut Association of Retail Jewelers and Opticians formed to protect their interests "against the evil and abuses that exist in the trade, and for the purpose of elevating and maintaining the profession of the jeweler to the highest standard in the mercantile world," to-day filed a certificate with the Secretary of State. The corporation has the power to purchase, hold or lease real estate, not exceeding \$25,000 in value.

The corporation is located in New Haven and is composed of George H. Ford, C. H. Case, C. Strobel, C. R. Hansel, A. W. Austin, S. H. Wood, F. H. Brown, J. C. Tracey, F. E. Harvey, C. M. Parker, F. J. Breckbill and others.

#### Activity Among the Connecticut Manufactories.

MERIDEN, Conn., June 19.—Treasurer George M. Curtis, of the Meriden Britannia Co., said to-day that the duration of the Summer shut down of the factory this year might not be over two weeks. It will begin the last week in June.

The E. A. Bliss Co.'s factory is now running overtime and may not shut down at all this Summer.

The Meriden cutlery shops were closed last Saturday night for three weeks.

Secretary W. F. Rockwell, of the Miller Bros'. Cutlery Works, Meriden, said he had not fully decided yet upon the shut down, but that it would probably be for two weeks from July 1st.

At the Parker shop in Meriden it was given out that the managers had not reached the matter of the July vacation yet.

At the office of the Bradley & Hubbard Mfg. Co., Meriden, it was stated that the length of the shut down had not yet been decided upon, but probably would be for one week.

Many of the Meriden factory managers find it quite impossible to decide at present upon their course, and were consequently unable to state definitely whether their vacation period would be longer or shorter than usual. Among these are the Meriden Bronze Co., C. Rogers & Bros., the J. D. Bergen Co., and the Meriden Silver Plate Co.

The spinners and burnishers at the Meriden Silver Plate Co.'s factory are now working 10 hours a day, four days a week. Business is better with the burnishers than at any time this year.

The Wilcox Silver Plate Works are running 45 hours a week. All of the silver factories are a trifle busier and are laying up a stock that will last them during the Summer shut-down.

NEW YORK.

MAIDEN

TO

IS MADE ONLY BY

J. B. BOWDEN & CO.,

Makers of Finger Rings of every Description.

REMOVED FROM BROADWAY AND JOHN STREET,

LANE.

8

The large factories of R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co., Wallingford, are operating on full time now. On July 1 work will be suspended during one week for the Summer inventory. The outlook for the Fall trade is very good, and it is expected that full time will be given all of the hands during the Summer and Fall.

#### Herman J. Dietz Silently Steals Away.

Herman J. Dietz, dealer in watches and diamonds, in the Prescott building, John and Nassau Sts., New York, has given up his office, and creditors for over \$20,000 are mcurning his failure. The safe and fixtures in Dietz's office are claimed under a bill of sale by Louis Rosenberger, pawnbroker on Second Ave.

Deputy Sheriff Henning Thursday received an attachment against Dietz for \$1,766 in favor of Feigenbaum & Schweiger, which was obtained on the ground that he had disposed of his property. This firm contend that Mr. Dietz had purchased a large amount of diamonds at high prices in the last two weeks. They sold him diamonds to the amount of \$3,245 between April 6 and June 17, on which he paid \$1,479. On June 12 they say he called at their store and wanted to buy more diamonds. He owed them \$1,322 at the time and they declined to sell him except for spot cash. He expressed his willingness to pay cash, selected \$600 worth of diamonds, and then said he could not pay them all cash, but paid \$157 cash and gave a check for \$443 signed by Seniche Simon, wholsale dealer in tailors' trimmings, 26 East Broadway. The check was dated June 10, payable on July 10, and was drawn on the Bowery Bank. Dietz, they allege, represented that Mr. Simon was worth considerable money. Mr. Simon failed on Tuesday, and Feigenbaum & Schweiger have been searching for Dietz ever since. Deputy Henning visited Mr. Dietz's office, but found nothing to levy upon.

Dietz bought for cash and notes, the latter being endorsed by Simon, who was well rated by Dun's and Bradstreet's agencies. To a creditor who saw him at his house Friday, Dietz said that his failure was caused by the failure of Simon, to whom, he claimed, he gave notes for \$11,000.

One of Dietz's principal creditors told a CIRCULAR reporter that Dietz has been selling diamonds in a small way for several years, and was formerly on East Broadway. He had sold Dietz for about a year, getting half cash and half notes which were paid. "When Dietz took his present office down here," said the creditor, "I felt sure that this failure was coming, as there were too many dealers willing to jump at the chance of selling him as many goods as he wanted at half cash."

Among Dietz's principal creditors are: F. F. Leimbach, H. A. Groen & Bro, Louis Strasburger's Son & Co., H. Schenkein & Sons, Schultz & Rudolph, Freuderheim & Abramson, and Solidarity Watch Case Co.

# ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS. RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS.

IMPORTERS OF

# DIAMONDS.

AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

#### FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

DIAMOND JEWELRY. IN THE LATEST DESIGNS.

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

58 Nassau Street, 29 Maiden Lane,

- NEW YORK.
- I Tulp Straat, AMSTERDAM.

1 St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus, LONDON, E. C.

TRADE MARK

CARTER, SLOAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY,

ESTABLISHED 1841.

#### No. 15 MAIDEN LANE.

NEW YORK.

A. CARTER JR. A. K. SLOAN. C. E. HASTINGS.

GEO. R. HOWE. WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH.

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.

Cutter and Importer of





#### The Sheriff Takes Possession of the Business of Ernest Adler.

Deputy Sheriff Carraher June 18th took charge of the office of Ernest Adler, dealer in diamonds, in the Hays building, 21-23 Maiden Lane, New York. The Sheriff acted under an execution obtained by Herman Joseph for \$8,667 in favor of Fanny Zuckerman, to whom Mr. Adler confessed judgment for money loaned to him at various times since May 27, 1891.

According to a statement by Mr. Joseph Mr. Adler's liabilities are to a few houses and will exceed \$100,000, but that by transferring outstanding accounts and returning merchandise he has secured his confidential creditors, as well as a part of the merchandise creditors, reducing his liabilities by at least \$50,000. Mr. Joseph further said that the only available assets in sight are the fixtures in his place of business at 21 and 23 Maiden Lane and in his factory at 5 Dutch St. The immediate cause of the failure, was the withdrawal of the foreign houses which have been furnishing him with money and accommodations.

There will be a meeting of creditors, the attorney on Friday told a CIRCULAR reporter, called within a week, at which Mr. Adler will make an offer of settlement. Mr. Joseph expressed himself as confident that Mr. Adler's offer would be accepted and that he would resume business, as his offer was to be a large one. All Mr. Adler's merchandise creditors are said to be in New York. Among the principal ones are: S'ern Bros. & Co., Bruhl Bros. & Co., Wallach & Schiele, Eichberg & Co., and Joseph Frankel's Sons.

Ernest Adler has been connected with the jewelry trade over 15 years. He is a brother-in-law of Leopold Weil, and was a partner in the firm of Leopold Weil & Co. from 1880 to 1885, when he withdrew and went into the shoe business. Shortly afterwards he returned to the jewelry trade, engaging as a dealer in diamonds. Mr. Adler is related to one of the Bruhl brothers.

#### Ship's Officers Charged With Smuggling Diamonds.

The trial of Isidor Du Bois and Julius Hegeman, formerly purser and fourth officer respectively of the *Waesland* charged with smuggling cut diamonds into this country, was concluded before Judge Benedict, in the United States Circuit Court, Thursday. The jury failed to agree, and were discharged.

Hugh O. Pentecost appeared for Du Bois and Hegeman. He cited the opinion of the general appraisers, who decided on Feb. 7 that unset diamonds were free. He claimed that the decision of the United States Circuit Court overruling the decision of the appraisers, was rendered after the act upon which a crime had been charged had been committed.

The defendants testified that they had

read the Wilson bill and had read the decision of the appraisers, which had been published in pamphlet form, and had concluded that they were doing no wrong in bringing the stones into this country.

The Judge charged the jury that they should take into consideration the intent of the prisoners in bringing the stones. This is said to be the point which caused the disagreement. United States District Attorney MacFarland told a CIRCULAR reporter that he would have the case retried as soon as possible. A motion to try the case this week was made before Judge Benedict, Monday.

#### The Failure of Ernest Adler Causes Martin Frank & Co. to Assign.

Martin and Julius Frank, composing the firm of Martin Frank & Co., manufacturers of jewelry at 49 Maiden Lane, New York, made an assignment Wednesday to their brother, Siegfried Frank, giving preferences to Samuel and Max Grumbacker, of Trenton, \$4,750, and to the National Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, \$550. The preferences are for money loared and notes discounted.

The failure is said to be due to recent losses in business, among which was one caused by the failure of Ernest Adler, Martin Frank & Co. being creditors for about \$1,200. S. & B. Oppenheimer, the attorneys for Martin Frank & Co., estimate the liabilities at about \$15,000, and the assets at nominally the same amount. The



in every box containing Silver Plated Spoons, Forks or Knives, or any other article bearing the stamp

## ★ ROGERS & BRO, A. I.

We have been in business half a century, and every jeweler in the United States knows our goods as the celebrated

### STAR ★ BRAND.

We manufacture and sell only the best.

Money refunded for every article not entirely satisfactory as to quality and finish if returned to ROGERS & BROTHER, Waterbury, Conn., or 16 Cortlandt St., New York City.

#### 16 CORTLANDT STREET,

NEW YORK CITY.

# ROGERS & BROTHER, Waterbury, Conn.

10

#### actual value of the assets they were not able to state. Mr. Oppenheimer told a CIRCULAR reporter that he could not yet tell when the schedules would be filed. He expected to call a meeting of the creditors within ten days.

The business of Martin Frank & Co., who were formerly at 10 Maiden Lane, was established in February, 1890, by Martin Frank and Henrietta Stern, under the style of Stern & Frank. Mr. Frank had previously been a book-keeper for Goodman & Rosenberger. Stern & Frank dissolved Feb. 1st, 1895, and Mr. Frank admitted his brother Julius as a partner and adopted the present firm name.

# Alabama Retail Jewelers Will Meet in Selma.

The secretary of the Retail Jewelers' Association of Alabama has sent out the following notice to the members of the organization :

SELMA HAS WON.

The Retail Jewelers' Association of Alabama will meet in Selma, June 25, 1895. Every member is expected to be present.

The National Association meets in July, at St. Louis, Mo., and delegates will be appointed.

Much instruction must and will come up before this meeting, and your presence is urgently needed. Make this a well-attended meeting

Arrangements for hotel, etc., will be complete at reduced rates. WM. ROSENSTIHL, JR, E. H. HOBBS, President. Secretary.

H. HOBBS, Flesident. Secretary.

#### A Philadelphia Church Adopts Individual Communion Chalices.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., June 22.—Sackett & Co., silversmiths and manufacturers of silver plated ware, 924 Chestnut St., have just completed an individual chalice communion service for the Trinity Reformed Church of this city.

The set consists of 400 chalices, so arranged as to set securely in sockets on trays holding 25 each, from which they are dispensed to the congregation. Accompanying the set are filling flagons, trays for receiving the empty goblets, etc.

#### Phelps & Bartholomew to Make a Cheap Stop Watch.

ANSONIA, Conn., June 22.—Ansonia is to have a new industry, that of the manufacture of watches, which Phelps & Bartholomew are to produce.

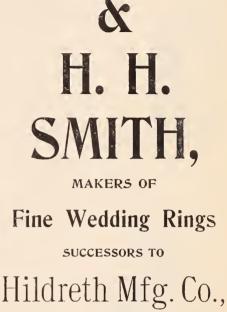
Mayor Bartholomew, when interviewed, said that they had been making arrangements to get a watch on the market that would be a good timepiece to sell at a small figure.

Men have been making the tools for the proposed watch department for the past few months and are now getting the machinery ready. The watches will first be put out in nickel cases, and later silver and gold cases will be used. The chief feature of this watch is that it will be a stop watch as well as a regular timepiece. The concern expect to have their watch on the market in the Fall.

#### Rogers & Hamilton Co. to Build a Factory of Their Own.

WATERBURY, Conn., june 22.—The Rogers & Hamilton Co. have bought of the heirs of Henry C. Griggs about 16 acres of land on the corner of Griggs and Vine Sts.. extending northerly and including the old pond. It is 200 yards north of the old stone factory which is now occupied by Hawkins & Lynch. The company will build a factory to accommodate their silver-plating business, and have it ready before their lease of Holmes, Booth & Haydens expires a year hence. Holmes, Booth & Haydens need the leased buildings for their own use and convenience.

A curious clock is on exhibition in Brownson & Rankin's window, Kalamazoo, Mich. Cheese cloth of various colors covers the face and the hour figures are of silk mitts. The minute hands are made of spools of silk. It tells the passing of Father Time and is a very clever window display.



L. B.

# 53 Maiden Lane,

NEW YORK.

\*\*\*\*\*

Send for our original designs in

# Class Rings.

DON'T FORGET THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB LISHING CO.'S BOOK LIST when in want of any tech nical book in the Jewelry or Kindred Trades.





F. TWACHTMAN, one of the best known travelers in Obio and Indiana, represents the popular and extensive jobbing house of Oskamp, Nolting & Co., Cincinnati. He was born in the Oueen City in

1867, entering the jewelry business as an office boy in the employ of Ludwig & Nolting in 1881. Upon the change effected



in the firm he continued with the house as salesman, and was finally sent on the road. He possesses the staying qualities typical of German stock. His extensive trade in his field is strong proof of his popularity. This is in no small measure

#### L. F. TWACHIMAN.

due to his house, which is one of the most enterprising and best equipped in the west.

The travelers in Kansas City, Mo., last week were: Lawrence H. Smith, Bippart & Co.; N. Lichtenstein, Leopold Weil & Co.; Mr. Brooks, Brooks & Pike; Leo W. Bleecker, the Bassett Jewelry Co.

Traveling men calling upon their Indianapolis customers last week included : Alfred Frank, Herzog, Goldsmith & Frank; Geo. Whiting, S. E. Fisher & Co.; M. Stein, Wendell Mfg. Co.; H. C. Rowbotham, J. Muhr & Bro.; J. T. Metcalf, R. Blackinton & Co.; Jas. D. Underwood, Champenois & Co., and representatives of Ostby & Barton Co., and Brooks, Bonnell & Co.

Arrangements are now complete for the New England Jewelry Travelers' Association's outing next month. Starting from the South Boston Yacht Club quarters in Commodore Morrill's yacht Navarch at 11 o'clock, July 20, a sail down the bay will be enjoyed and dinner will be spread for the party at the Rockland House, Nantasket Beach. All who can attend are requested to notify E. H. A. Pingree, Harry F. Hayes or John L. Shepherd, the committee of arrangements.

Traveling men in Boston, Mass., the past week included: W. C. Carrow, Mandeville, Carrow & Crane; A. H. Holly, Towle Mfg. Co.; I. Russell, L. Tannenbaum & Co.; Elmer Wood, Charles F. Wood & Co.; A. Wittnauer; W. S. Campbell, Day, Clark & Co.; T. G. Frothingham; Albert Krower, Albert Lorsch & Co.; John A. Abel, Lewis, Kaiser & Luthy; T. F. Fessenden; Henry

G. Thresher, Waite, Thresher Co.; Fred.S. Gilbert; Mr. Bartlett, Whiting Mfg.Co.; Mr. Call, Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.

Seekers after orders in Syracuse the past week included: E. H. Ackley, Eckfeldt, Ackley & Woodland; F. D. Smith, Riker Bros.; Gus. L. Abrams, Levy, Dreyfus & Co.; W. R. Bowes, Bowes & Crandall; Lucien Rockwell, Osborn & Co.; Arthur Pinover, A. Pinover & Co.; G. B. Osborn, Wm. Smith & Co.; J. Goldberg; C. W. Noyes, Ehrlich & Sinnock; Fred S. Eason, J. T. Scott & Co.; G. C. Germond, Self Winding Clock Co.; Harry S. Carpenter, Parks Bros. & Rogers; Mr. Marsh, C. A. Marsh & Co.; Mr. Rodenberg, S. & B. Lederer; J. T. Inman, J. T. Inman & Co.; H. F. Duncan, American Waltham Watch Co.

The following traveling salesmen passed through Detroit last week : S. O. Bigney, S. O. Bigney & Co.; William Maschke, Kuhn, Doerflinger & Co.; S. E. Bateman, The Parker Co ; E. W. Trewin, Keystone Watch Case Co.; J. M. Fisher, J. M. Fisher & Co,; Mr. Roberts, Williams Brothers; David Kaiser, Lewis, Kaiser & Luthy; Alexander Levin, for Max Nathan; J. H. Kettlety, Albro & Co.; W. A. Taylor, Williams & Payton ; Mr. Mason, W. F. Briggs & Co; J. A. Lucas, J. A. Lucas & Co.; A. I. Parker, the Osmun-Parker Mfg. Co.; Harry Osborne, Whiting Mfg. Co.; Louis E. Smith, M. B. Bryant & Co.; S. W. Abbey, E. Ira Richards & Co.; W. H. Gregory, Strobell & Crane.

Travelers in Pittsburgh, Pa., last week were: E. H. Pelletreau, Shafer & Douglas; Charles W. Hempel, Sandland, Capron & Co.; Mr. Hamilton, Meriden Bronze Co.; Mr. Hancock, Hancock, Becker & Co.; A. Bradshaw, Meriden Britannia Co.; W.F. Chambers, Daggett & Clap; Chas. F. Robinson, Link, Angell & Weiss; Mr. Tappan. D. F. Briggs Co.; Herbert W. Van Houten, for C. Sydney Smith; A. J. Parker, Osmun-Parker Mfg. Co.; C. F. Willemin, T. G. Frothingham & Co.; Wm. W. Middlebrook, B. A. Ballou & Co.; I. L. Lehwess, for D. R. Corbin; L. V. Benson, for Frank H. La-Pierre; Louis A. Scheuch, Jeannot & Shiebler; W. F. Cory, W. F. Cory & Bro.; Mr. Miller, Shoemaker, Pickering & Co.; H. A. Bliss, Krementz & Co.; Geo. H. Coggsill, Geo. L. Vose & Co.; L. Stern, Young & Stern; Wm. A. Copeland, Martin, Copeland & Co.; W. A. Moore, Dueber Watch Case Mfg. Co.; Mr. Lampert, Henry Zimmern & Co.; Mr. Rowbotham, J. Muhr & Bro.; J. A. Keane, Ostby & Barton Co.; Wm. Matschke; Mr. Harmer, Solidarity Watch Case Co.

The Princess Ring manufacturers, 21–23 Maiden Lane, New York, in their well displayed advertisement on page 2 of this issue, show a few of their many handsome and artistic patterns in genuine tortoise shell combs. The line is one of the handsomest ever shown, and its beauties can hardly be depicted in black and white, though the cuts will give our readers a general idea. All bear the trademark X L.

#### Trade Gossip.

A1 is the name of the muslin buffs made by the Williamsville Mfg. Co., 18 S. Water St., Providence, R. I., and the name is well deserved. Those who use them say there could be none better.

The new Neapolitan flatware pattern, F. M. Whiting Co.'s last offering, proves an excellent seller. It combines many points of merit, not the least of which are beauty and artistic qualities. All communications to this firm should be addressed to the factory and main office, No. Attleboro, Mass.

Geo. M. Baker, the energetic and enterprising refiner, whose very complete establishment at Providence, R. I., handles more and more work each month, makes it a rule to give his personal attention to every branch of his business. Satisfaction to all his customers is thereby assured.

C. G. Braxmar, now located at 10 Maiden Lane, New York, wants everybody in need of anything in badges, medals, society rings, pins and charms, to call and see him. Mr. Braxmar or his courteous salesmen will show all visitors an assortment that is second to none in the country.

Accuracy is the chief requisite in the scales used by the jeweler. Fine balances and weights for every purpose are to be had from Herman Kohlbusch, Sr., 59 Nassau St., New York, who has manufactured these delicate instruments for the past 35 years. Mr. Kohlbusch's long connection with the trade speaks for itself.

An attractive new paper cutter or letter opener is being introduced by the Niagara Silver Co., Niagara Falls, N. Y. It is made both in aluminum and in silver plate, and shows a pretty floral design on the handle. The reverse side of the cutter is arranged to contain the advertisement of the firm using the article for this purpose.

The dainty paintings on ivory in gold, all diamond, diamond and pearl and all pearl brooch mountings as offered by Downing & Keller, 3 Maiden Lane, New York, have apparently filled a demand of long standing. Prices range from \$12 to \$100. The firm also solicit orders for miniature paintings on ivory, of which they make a specialty.

Codding Bros. & Heilborn, No. Attleboro, Mass., are making a special drive on shirt waist sets, which they offer in endless variety, and, as they tersely put it, "at prices the lowest, designs the latest, and finish the best." Belts and buckles are also offered by this enterprising house in all styles and at all prices, and samples will be cheerfully sent on application.

Some time ago THE CIRCULAR illustrated a foot ball medal which caused much favorable comment. This medal was produced by Victor D. Brenner, an art die cutter and medalleur, 108 Fulton St., New York, who is doing fine work for the jewelry trade. Mr. Brenner cuts dies and hubs for all kinds of medals, crests, portraits, buttons, silverware, etc., and makes a specialty o fine figure work.

#### The Department Stores Defeated in their Retaliation upon the Jewelers.

The developments in the proceedings against the twelve department store firms accused of violating Sec. 364 A of the Penal Coderelating to the making and sale of goods stamped "Sterling" was again marked by the granting of an extension of time in which the pleasor demurrers may be made. The date now set is July 2d, at least that is what Assistant District Attorney Battle told a CIRCULAR reporter, though Clerk Hall, of Part I, General Sessions, stated at the same time that he had received no notice of the extension.

Fromme Bros., counsel for Hugh O'Neill, have stated that their client will not demur to the complaint but will let the preliminary plea of "not Guilty" stand.

The department store proprietors who, as previously told in THE CIRCULAR, have associated together to defend these actions, and who have employed Frederick R. Condert as counsel, made a counter attack last week against two large silver manufacturers. The attack, however, ignominiously failed to accomplish the ends desired.

Amo Bardeleben, of 341 W. 18th St., and Max Ortlieb, of 82 55th St., Brooklyn, appeared before the Grand Jury and charged these two companies with selling silverware stamped sterling which did not assay .925 fine silver. They presented in evidence certain small articles purchased from these companies which assayed a few points below the standard. The United States Assayer in New York, Herbert G. Torrey, who was called as a witness to testify to the fineness of the silver, explained to the Grand Jury, how, in soldering, a lower karat silver than the article soldered must necessarily be used and that this, will of course make the article assay less than before.

He was asked the per cent. decrease in the assay due to solder and explained that it would depend on the amount and quality of the solder used. In answer to a question by a Grand Juror, Mr. Torrey stated generally the fineness of the goods for selling which the department stores were indicted, and compared this with the articles on which an indictment was asked against the silver companies. Some of the department store articles ranged from .002 to .300 fine, while articles of the silversmiths were considerably over .900 fine. One of the jurors asked if the difference in the value of the silver of the articles of the silversmiths as assayed and as represented was not about 34 of one cent. Mr. Torrey answered that it was about that figure. Then some of the Grand Jurors wanted to know if it were credible that concerns like those against whom indictments were sought would attempt to cheat for a fraction of a cent. This, they said, was ridiculous, and the charges were dismissed.

Frederick R. Coudert, counsel for the indicted dry goods merchants, was seen by a CIRCULAR reporter Monday afternoon. He said he represented all or practically all of the indicted firms. The final time to plead, he explained, had been extended ten days, but he could not say definitely whether a demurrer would or would not be interposed.

"It's my opinion" said Mr. Coudert, "that all the defendants will demur, though I cannot say definitely."

"Were the charges against the silverware companies instigated by the dry goods men?" asked THE CIRCULAR reporter.

" I cannot say," replied Mr. Coudert.

"Of course you know though ?" insisted the reporter.

"Not necessarily." replied the lawyer, "though even if they did make the charges there was no malice in so doing; they merely employed the *reducio* ad absurdum mode of argument." "No," replied Mr. Coudert to another question, "my clients have not been informed what the articles on which the indictments were obtained assayed. They merely know that these articles were less than .925 silver."

United States Assaver Herbert G. Torrey was seen by a CIRCULAR reporter who wished to verify the information relative to Mr. Torrey's testimony before the Grand Jury. During the course of the interview Mr. Torrey stated that about half the articles of jewelry submitted to him for assay by dry goods, jewelry and other dealers generally were below the standard, while others were far above the standard, some assaying .940 and sometimes .950 fine: umbrella handles were the worst, ranging from .002 to .300. He explained the difficulty in manufacturing articles that would assay exactly .925 or .900, and stated as his opinion that there should be the same difference allowed manufacturers of solid goods that the United States allows in coinage.

"This," said Mr. Torrey, "was a difference or 'Seignorage' of three points; namely, all silver coins, which are supposed to be .900 fine, must be not less than .897 and not more than .903."

Mr. Torrey told a reporter that a proposition was being considered by some of the large department store proprietors to establish an association for the purpose of employing some well-known assayer who would make trequent assays for all the members, and whose name would be a guarantee to the public.

#### NEWARK, N. J., June 22, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

Please figure for me in your next issue: If I put I dwt. of copper to every oz. of silver, making 2I dwt. how fine in thousandths is my alloy. STERLING.

ANSWER: --- There will be  ${}_{1}^{1}$  alloy;  ${}_{21}^{1}$  of 1000=48. 1000-48=952. Your alloy is .952 fine. To obtain .925 fine 8 ounces are usually added to 100 ounces pure silver. Some very scrupulous silversmiths add only 7  ${}_{2}^{\prime}$  ounces alloy to 100 pure silver, so as to be sure to obtain the figure .925, this combination making .928.

#### Silversmiths and Jewelers Offer Ideas on Stamping Legislation.

With a view to obtaining a consensus of ideas on a subject now agitating the entire jewelry industry, the following list of questions was submitted to silversmiths and to representative retail jewelers throughout the country :

Gentlemen :- What are your ideas on the subject of regulating the stamping of silver articles ?

a. Do you favor regulation by Act of Legislature?

b. Do you favor the establishment of a system similar to the Hall Mark system which exists in England?

What are your ideas on the subject of regulating the stamping of gold articles?

What means would you suggest to combat the making and selling of so claimed falsely marked articles?

VOICE OF THE SILVERSMITHS,

#### Favor Legislation Regulating the Manufacture of Precious Metals.

NEW YORK, June 24, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

Yours of the 20th inst, received. In answer to your questions would say as follows:

"Do you favor regulation by act of legislature?"

We certainly do favor regulating the manufacture of all precious metals by act of Legislature, but, would prefer a general law passed by Congress, if that is possible. We do not favor the establishing of a system similar to the "Hall mark" which exists in England. This is too cumbersome and would be of great inconvenience to manufacturers; and, on that account, has been largely done away with in England, and is no longer required there.

The writer visited Goldsmiths' Hall, in London, and saw the system of the "touching" of silver. Every piece of silver manufactured in London, "in order to receive the Hall mark," must be taken to Goldsmiths' Hall in the morning, and is not returned until late in the afternoon. The manufacture of silver in this country is very much larger than in England, and the necessity of having the goods out of the factory for the greater part of the day would occasion great inconvenience and loss. A law requiring that all precious metals should be stamped and made a uniform standard, with a penalty for selling goods that do not come up to the standard, would, in our minds, be sufficient. This also answers your last question.

Yours truly,

Dominick & HAFF.

#### Manufacturers to give Bonds for Proper Use of Hall Mark.

New York, June 22, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular :

In answer to your enquiry in regard to the stamping of silver articles, we think that it should be regulated by act of Legislature.

We favor some recognized stamp which would settle all questions as to genuineness,

but without the delay that is associated with the English Hall Mark system ; makers to give bonds for the proper use of said stamp.

The same law to apply to articles made of gold. Very truly,

GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO.

#### Different States Pass Laws.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 24th 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular: Your favor of June 20th reached us in due

course, but the writer has been so busy that he was obliged to postpone the answer until te-day.

In answer to your first question, our company wishes to record itself as in favor of regulating the stamping of silverware by Act of Legislature. When the act was pre-sented in our State Legislature last year providing penalties for stamping silverware with the words "sterling" and "coin" when the articles were not up to such standard, the writer appeared before the committee the writer appeared before the committee having the bill in charge and advocated it as strenuously as he knew how. There were influences at work however, opposing the passage of the bill which those who introduced it did not know how to overcome, and in consequence of such influences the act failed of passage. It will probably be introduced again at

the January session of our Legislature next year, when it will probably pass without much opposition.

You ask if we favor the establishment of a system similar to the Hall Mark system which exists in England. In reply to the question we would say that we are not suf-ficiently familiar with the practical work-ing of the English Hall Mark system to express an intelligent opinion in regard to it.

As regards the stamping of gold articles we would say that we think the stamp should indicate the exact quality of gold of which the article is made. For example, if a manufacturer should make a piece of goods 14 or 16 karats fine and stamp it 18 kt. he should be punished for it. Such manufacturer may plead that he does not deceive his customer, as the customer knows very well that the article is not 18 karat as very well that the article is not 18 karat as stamped, and the customer, if a jobber, may plead in turn that his client, the retailer, knows very well that the article is not of the quality indicated by the stamp, and, therefore, is not deceived; but, it seems to us that such a stamp is intended to de-ceive somebody, and probably this some-body is the innocent consumer of the article who believes that the gold is of the quality indicated by the stamp.

It therefore appears that the manufac-turer and the jobber, and perhaps the re-tailer likewise, are accessories before the fact to the fraud, for it is nothing less in our opinion

In regard to the means to be adopted to prevent the making and selling of falsely marked articles, we would suggest that the

Legislatures of the different States can do much good by enacting laws similar to that which prevails in the State of New York. We are informed that already nine States have enacted such legislation, and that a bill providing similar penalties is now be-fore Congress. In the interest of honesty and fair dealing we hope the bill will pass. Yours truly

Howard Sterling Company, H. Howard, President.

#### Actions in Several States Endorsed.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 21, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

In answer to your favor under date of June 20, asking expression from us in regard to regulating the stamping of gold and silver articles.

Action that has been taken in several of the States, enactment of laws affording the necessary protection to the manufacturers, has our endorsement, and we hope soon will be made a national one,

Yours very truly,

J. B. & S. M. KNOWLES CO., S. M. KNOWLES, Pres.

#### Favor Protection of Manufacturers and Dealers.

WALLINGFORD, CONN., June 21, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

Your circular letter of the 20th inst. at hand. To your questions we have to

*a.* Yes. *b.* No-too cumbersome for American business, and the manufacturer's trademark ought to be a sufficient guaranty.

We are not prepared to suggest means to combat the making and selling of falsely marked articles. We certainly favor the protection of makers and vendors of honest goods; also the exposure and punishment of the opposite class.

Yours truly, R. WALLACE & SONS MFG. Co.,

W. J. Leavenworth, Treas.

#### State Inspectors and Heavy Penalties.

Boston, Mass., June 21, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: We favor regulation by act of Legislation, and suggest State inspection and heavy penalty.

GOODNOW & JENKS.

Providence, R. I.

#### The Fineness Should Be Marked.

UTICA, N. Y., June 22, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

In answer to yours : a—yes; b, yes. The fineness should be stamped on gold goods.

Fines should be exacted from those violating the law. C. C. SHAVER.

## All our SILVER GOODS of every description are guaranteed to be 925/1000 FINE OR BETTER.

We have some beautiful new patterns in Belt Pins, said by those who have seen them to be the best ever offered. They have several new features and are made in the popular Bead pattern, plain, floral, and scroll. SEND FOR SAMPLES.

THOS. W. LIND, JEWELERS' FINDINGS,

#### VOICE OF THE RETAILERS.

#### A Hall Mark System Advocated.

DECATUR, III., June 22, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular: Gentlemen:—In answer to your favor of the 20th, we beg to say that we are in favor of regulating by an act of Legislature the stamping of silver articles. We are not in favor of having it possible for anything to be stamped other than it is. Stamps or Hall Marks similar to those used in Eng-land, would in our judgment be the best method of regulating it, making the penalty sufficiently high for anybody counterfeiting the marks.

Our ideas about stamping gold goods are the same as with reference to silver. Every gold article should be stamped with a Hall Mark that denominates its quality accur-Mark that denominates its quality accur-ately, with no chance for dishonest people to sell improperly stamped goods. We would suggest that the different Legisla-tures make sufficiently high penalty for any one selling falsely marked goods, that will drive them out of the market. Let the last man in whose hands these goods are found be the sufferer, just as you would counter-feit money. Yours, for the good of the people,

O. E. CURTIS & BRO.

#### A Hall Mark on Gold and Silver Wares.

NORFOLK, Va., June 21, 1895.

Editor of The Jewelers' CIRCULAR: GENTLEMEN-Replying to your circular letter of 20th inst., will answer:

a. Yes, decidedly.b. We think that system a good one, not knowing of a better.

We not only approve the idea of stamp-ing all silver articles, but gold also, but would urge that it be done speedily and drive Mess. Pewter, Sterling & Pinchback out of their nefarious business.

Every honest dealer would approve of and be benefitted by such a system, in our opinion. The unscrupulous manufacturer and dealer of such inferior wares should be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. We hope for the adoption of a Hall Mark

in the very near future. Yours truly,

C. F. GREENWOOD & BRO.

# In Favor of a Hall Mark, and Some

#### Suggestions for Stamping Silver Ware.

Newark, N. J , June 21, 1895. *Editor of* The Jewelers' Circular:

Replying to your call for my ideas on the subject of stamping gold and silver jewelry, would say I am strongly in favor of such a trademark as you suggest.

For the past twenty years I have made many trips abroad, and have mingled and done business with the trade in the different countries of Europe. In England the Hall Mark works wonderfully, and woe be to the maker of gold and silverware stamped with the Hall Mark, if it assays below the standard.

We jewelers of this, the most blessed country on earth have been very slow, and our rights have been invaded, prostituted and debased by goods being put on the market stamped "sterling' when they did not contain 50 per cent. of what they were marked.

The legitimate jewelers should work in concert and crush the rascals out that are robbing day and night by their fraud, trick-ery and dishonesty.

In our busy thought in regard to the proper method for stamping gold and silver jewelry, and solid flat and hollowwate, we

AND HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

are forgetting the very important matter of silver plated table ware. The stamping of this class of ware is of vital importance—we ought to have a standard or mark for quadruple and triple plate, and the following scale would, I think, be a capital one:

To have deposited on each ice pitcher 15 pwts. of silver; urns with lamps, 1 ounce; cakebaskets, 8 to 10 pwts.; 22-inch waiters, 40 pwts., and butter dishes, 5 to 8 pwts. Those who have not put in the debased goods, and have kept and sold none but

standard goods have had a hard battle with the dry goods houses, but now the silver lining of the dark cloud is bursting upon

us. You are at liberty to publish this in your ever alert trade journal, if you wish. Yours truly,

BENJAMIN J. MAYO.

#### Stamp the Exact Quality on Every Piece.

ROCKFORD, Ill., June 22, 1895.

Editor of The Jewelers' Circular: I know nothing of the Hall Mark system,

but I would be greatly in favor of a law compelling manufacturers of gold or silver to have a trademark and stamp the same the exact quality on each and every piece. Yours truly, D. F. SULLIVAN.

#### Favor A National Stamping Law.

DANBURY, Conn., June 21, 1895. Editor of 'THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

Replying to your favor of the 20th inst., will say we are strongly in favor of the cause, and wish it might become a national law with a heavy fine attached for the manufacturers, as it would be the means of elevating the trade to a position where the elevating the trade to a position where the jeweler could control it.

Yours, etc.,

RIDER, BRYANT & CO.

#### How to Mark Gold and Silver Wares. SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 21, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

We are very much in favor of some plan that you refer to in your circular letter of June 20th. We had already talked with Hon. Major Pool, member of Congress at next session, on the subject, and can, no doubt, secure his assistance. We don't know the Hall Mark system, but am in favor of legislation at Washington, not State State

Gold stamped its quality and initials of firm.

Silver stamped "Sterling Silver" and initials of firm.

The word sterling can be applied to any article. Am glad you have moved in the matter and will talk with our Congressman at your request. Yours,

BECKER & LATHROP.

#### National Society of Jewelers to Prosecute Offenders.

PUTNAM, Conn., June 21, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

Replying to yours of June 20th: Question A—I do favor regulation by act of Legislature, feeling that it will put the jewelers on an equal basis with the dry goods people as far as quality is concerned, which will in part remedy the cutting of prices.

Question B—It seems necessary that some system like the Hall Mark system should be adopted to insure the quality claimed.

Make the law prescribe a heavy penalty for violation; then have those who violate the law prosecuted by some national society of jewelers like the Security Alliance, who shall give no quarter to them.

This is my idea regarding the matter. Respectfully yours,

GEO. E. SHAW.

#### A Hall Mark for Gold and Silver Favored.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., June 21, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

In reply to your letter of June 20th, asking our opinion on the subject of regulating stamping of quality of gold and silver ar-ticles, we do favor a law on the subject similar to the Hall Mark for silver, and think gold articles should have their quality stamped on them, and a penalty enforced by law for false representation if stamped Respectfully, wrong.

WILLIAM WISE & SON.

#### Mark the Quality and Severely Punish Offenders.

PATERSON, N. J., June 21, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

Yours of 20th to hand asking our ideas on the subject of regulating the stamping of silver and gold goods. In the first place I believe the time has arrived when it is ab-solutely necessary that some action should be taken by the honest, legitimate trade to have an act passed by the Government to nave an act passed by the Government to compel all goods, whether gold or silver, to be stamped. I should say silver goods "Sterling" thereby meaning that is 925-1000 fine. In gold goods down to 10 karat; below that quality the buyer under-stands that he is taking his own chances.

There may be an objection made by some manufacturing concerns that this entails

too much trouble and additional cost. Let too much trouble and additional cost. Let me ask who pays this but the consumers? They will only be too glad to pay a little extra if they feel assured that they are get-ting quality. No city, state or government objects to paying a fair price for anything provided the goods are delivered according

#### NO GUARANTEE BETTER.

ALL OUR

SILVER NOVELTIES

Although Stamped STERLING are also

## HALL MARKED

being a GUARANTEE of Standard Test

FINE by the

### English Government.



Bachrach & Freedman, SILVERSMITHS.

1 & 3 UNION SQUARE, N.Y. 806 MASONIC TEMPLE, Chicago.

Write for Samples.



o contract. Then why will not the same rule apply to the individual buyer? No honest manufacturer can object, as it nonest manufacturer can object, as it costs him nothing. No honest dealer can object as the goods then speak for them-selves. And he is protected against the contemptible practice of parties selling a low quality of goods at a low price, claim-ing that they are equally as good. The buyers cannot object, for they have only to select according to individual tastes feeling select according to individual tastes, feeling that they have been honestly dealt with.

My 30 years' experience in the retail business have taught me to believe that the only way for the legitimate jewelry trade to have fair competition is for the United States Government to pass a law compelling gold and silver to be stamped as suggested above. Then outsiders cannot cut our throats with pewter and brass goods.

Another thing that has got to be a per-fect humbug is the stamping of plated ware and the quality of the blanks. I need not go into detail on this subject, as it has been so flagrant of late that it has become a stench in the nostrils of honest manufacturers and dealers. There is no use in making a State law. To make it effective it must be a Government law, so as to

cover the whole country, with a severe pen-alty for non-compliance thereof. In conclusion, I trust that the day may be not far distant when such a law will be in force.

Your paper has been the mouthpiece of the jewelry trade for very many years, and if this subject is taken up by you, backed as you are by the best people in the trade, it is bound to be a success. Yours sincerely,

LOUIS H. PIAGET.

#### Mark Karat Indicating Quality.

DETROIT, Mich., June 22, 1895. *Editor of* The Jewelers' CIRCULAR: *a*—Yes; we have such an act in Mich-

igan. b-Yes.

Gold articles should bear the karat stamp

indicating the quality. We suggest State or national legislation. Very sincerely yours,

WRIGHT, KAY & CO.

Hall Mark System for Silver and Gold.

Rochester, N. Y., June 22, 1895. Editor of 'The Jewelers' Circular: *a*—Yes.

b--Yes.

Hall Mark system should apply to gold articles as well as silver. Offenders against the law should be fined.

MCALLASTER & HUMBURCH BROS.

#### Mark Articles Just What They Are.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 21. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular: Every article of silver should be stamped.

a. Yes.

b. Yes.

Compel the maker of gold articles to mark or stamp goods just what they are. Have a good law and punish everyone that violates the law. Jas. Sanders' Sons.

#### Inspectors to Investigate Charges.

Hazelton, Pa., June 19, 1895. Editor of 'The Jewelers' Circular: I favor an act compelling manufacturers to stamp *exactly* quality of both silver and gold on all goods; also enforcing same by heavy penalties. Suggest having inspec-tors appointed by law to investigate all charges, something similar to oil inspec-tors. Respectfully, WM. GLOVER, JR. tors.

#### Favor the Hall Mark System of England.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., June 24, 1895 Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

In regard to your questions regulating the stamping of gold and silver articles, we are decidedly in favor of establishing a system whereby all articles must be marked or stamped guaranteeing their true quality, that no fraud or deception can possibly be made upon the public or dealers. We favor the Hall Mark system which exists in Eng-land. Very truly,

A. A. WEBSTER & Co.

#### No Stamping Legislation for Silver, but for Gold.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 21, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

I think the regulating the stamping of silver articles will work badly *against* the jeweler both in profits and amounts of goods sold, as it places the cheapest department and dry goods on a level with the best jewelry store. It takes away much of our argument in regard to *jewelers' goods* being sterling *vs.* dry and grocery goods, etc.

The regulating of the stamping of gold articles might be a good thing, as they do would be a protection to the jeweler.

What means would we suggest to com-bat the making and selling of falsely marked articles? Mr. Dexter's plan seems to be a good one—if the goods are not standard, let the maker be the one to stand the burden if he represents them different from what they are, and let a fund be raised among the fraternity to find out about the thing. I am willing to pay my pro rata. C. S. BALL.

#### Active State Associations to Fight Falsely Marked Goods.

BOSTON, Mass., June 21, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: Actual quality should be stamped on each

piece: .925, .800 etc., etc.
a. Yes.
b. Yes, as nearly as such a system can

be founded in the United States.

As to gold goods, actual quality should be stamped on each article. What means would we suggest to combat the making and selling of so claimed falsely marked articles? Active State associations embracing the leading jewelers.

A. STOWELL & CO.

#### Punish Offenders as Severely as Counterfeiters of Money.

NEWARK, N. J., June 21, 1895. Editor of The JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

a. Yes. b. Yes.

We think gold articles should be subject to the same laws as applied to silver.

We think, if it were possible, there should be a United States law both in regards to gold and silver goods, following the English laws as nearly as possible, all such articles being stamped at the Government office, the penalty for imitating the same being as severe as that of making counterfeit money. FRANK HOLT & CO.

#### The Stamp the Guarantee.

SAVANNA11, Ga., June 22, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers Circular:

a. Yes. b. Yes.

We think in articles of gold the stamp should be the guarantee, and the retailer and manufacturer held responsible.

Heavy fines or imprisonment should be used to control the making and selling of falsely marked articles.

THEUS BROS.

#### Fine and Imprisonment for Violation of Law.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., July 20, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

All gold and silver goods should be stamped with quality. Regulati Legislature, fine and imprisonment. Regulation by

Respectfully yours, A. D. NORTON.

#### (More letters next issue.)

#### Death of Charles W. Kennard.

BOSTON, Mass., June 22.—Charles W. Kennard, a retired Boston jeweler, died early Monday morning at his home on Chestnut St.

Mr. Kennard was of the same family as the late W. H. Kennard, of Bigelow, Kennard & Co., and sub-treasurer M. P. Kennard, of this city. He was born in Portsmouth, N. H., in 1835 and came to Boston when a young man, to enter the employ of Bigelow Bros. & Kennard, predecessors of the well known firm of Bigelow, Kennard & Co. About 20 years ago he entered into business on his own account at the corner of Tremont St. and Hamilton place, and later founded the Alexander Company, located on West St. He retired from active business eight years ago, and during the past three years he has been an invalid.

The funeral services Wednesday were attended by a number of intimate friends of the family, among them being prominent business men by whom Mr. Kennard was held in the highest esteem. He leaves a wife and three daughters.

#### Arthur Levy Leaves for Parts Unknown.

ELIZABETHPORT, N. J., June 22.—Arthur Levy, a well known jeweler, for some years on 1st St., has left for parts unknown and creditors are bewailing his departure.

A charge was made against Levy of carrying on a pawnbrokerage business without a license. The case was to have come up for a hearing to-day. Thursday he packed his stock on a big truck and left town. Several persons who had left watches and jewelry with Levy to be repaired were around the place yesterday looking for their property. One man had intrusted Levy, he said, with a diamond worth \$75 to sell for him, and he obtained a loan of \$12 on it.

H. E. Adams, Sanford, Fla., will, on July I, open a branch store in Lakewood, Fla. He has been appointed inspector of watches for the Florida division of the Plant system of railroads, and as Lakewood is a terminal for a great many employes, Mr. Adams deemed it necessary to have an inspector there. Mr. Adams succeeded H. B. Lord three years ago and is doing a very good business.

The Jewelers' Circular HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

PUBLISHED ZVERY WEDNESDAV BV

THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO.,

189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF IEWELERS, WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS, ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALL ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of iuterest or value to our readers. Adver-tising matter will not be printed as news. Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal. Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

#### INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid.

		PER	ANNUM.
United States and Canada, -	-		\$2.00
Foreign Countries in Postal Unio	n,		4 00
Single Copies, - 🤊		-	.10

books unless this is done. We will continue to send papers until there is a specific order to stop, in connection with which all arrearages must be paid; but such an order can be given at any time, to take effect at or after the ex-piration of the subscription. All such orders will be promptly acknowledged by mail. The Courts have decided that all subscribers to Journals are responsible until arrearages are paid in full and an order to discontinue has been received by the publisher.

Member of	the	American	Trade	Press	Association.
Vol. XXX		June	26, 189	5.	No. 21.

Every line of reading matter in THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written exclusively for this journal. Each issue of The Jewelers' Circular is copyrighted.

#### FEATURES OF THIS NUMBER.

- Page 30-WORKSHOP NOTES.
- Page 33-THE CONVOISSEUR.
- Page 29-OPTICAL ARTICLE.
- Page 12-OUR TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVES.
- Page 27-PAGE OF ADVANTAGEOUS HINTS TO RETAILERS.
- Page 5-Spoon Patterns of American SILVERSMITHS.
- Page 7-REVIEW OF REIGNING FASHIONS IN JEWELRY IN PARIS.
- Pages 13, 14, 15, 16-LETTERS FROM THE TRADE IN REFERENCE TO SILVER AND GOLD STAMPING LEGISLATION.
- Page 13-FULL DEVELOPMENTS IN CASES AGAINST THE NEW YORK DEPARTMENT STORES, LETTERS TO THE EDITOR, ETC.

**`HE** department Department Stores stores of New York have found that Fail in their Attack. the New York law entitled "An Act to Regulate the Making and Sale of Articles Stamped 'Sterling, 'Sterling Silver,' 'Coin' or 'Coin Silver,'" is not a two edged weapon in the hands of the jewelers in their fight against illegal and destructive competition in the sale of silver goods; and as for the proceedings

against the department stores by the jewelers being a "boomerang," as designated by the Dry Goods Economist, the latter class of merchants are strengthened in their position by the ignominious failure of the department stores to bring charges against them. As opposed to the formidable array of assay figures ranging as low as .005 and nothing, upon which they found 28 true bills of indictments against the department store proprietors, the Grand Jury were asked to find indictments against two famous silversmithing concerns upon two assay figures that differed so little from the required standard as to be considered too trivial and too close to .925 to make a case

Ideas Upon Stamping Legislation.

on.

TO test the interest of the jewelry trade in the question of legislation regulating the stamping of silver and gold wares, and to obtain a consensus

of ideas as to the best way to combat the existing evil of falsely stamped articles, the following questions were submitted in writing to about one hundred silversmiths and retail jewelers:

What are your ideas on the subject of regulating the stamping of silver articles?

a. Do you favor regulation by Act of Legislature? ħ. Do you favo the establishment of a system similar to the Hall Mark System which exists in England ?

What are your ide is on the subject of regulating the stamping of gold articles?

What means would you suggest to combat the making and selling of so claimed false y marked articles

The many responses evidence a lively interest in the agitating question, upon the part of the trade, and many valuable suggestions are offered, being published in extenso in another part of this issue.

WEEK after week The Circular correspondents report the establishment of departments of art stationery in jewelry stores, and it is becoming widely recognized among jewelers that this class of merchandise is a harmonious and profitable adjunct to their regular stock. The adoption of this line by jewelers cannot be complained against by the stationers, as the former merchants will maintain the prices and high character of the goods and will not indulge in tricks of ruinous competition, such as are used by the so-called department stores.

N Connecticut the silver plated ware factories are active, and the outlook for the Fall trade is very good. Summer vacation

shutdowns generally will be shorter than usual, and all the hands will be given full time during the Summer and Fall. Is the return of good times reaching the jewelry industry?

T was a proper, yet graceful recognition by the board of aldermen of Providence, R. I., of the beneficent and useful life of George W. Wilkinson, the late superintendent of the Gorham Manufacturing Co., in naming the new thoroughfare into Roger Williams Park, Wilkinson Avenue, The genius of George W. Wilkinson was no small active item in the progress of the Gorham Manufacturing Co., the special pride of the second city of New England.

#### Letters to the Editor.

#### INFLUENCE OF THE DEPARTMENT STORES.

ST. PAUL, June 19, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

Please send us extra copy of June 5th. We think it would please the retailers to see published in your next issue the manufacturers' names and trade marks, where known, with assay quality of goods submitted, upon which evidence the indictments were found against the New York stores. We want to know who the manufacturers are that stamp and sell fraudulent silver. In three years more, if the present condition continues, the department stores will swallow the smaller jewelers, body and breeches. Their influence has been strong enough to suppress all mention of the indictments or investigation in the columns of the daily papers here. A copy of the New York law introduced at the last session of the Minnesota Legislature passed the House, but was killed after the second reading in the Senate. A national law regulating both gold and silver is a national need, and we hope your paper will present to its readers a practical plan of securing such from the next Congress, urging trade co-operation in support of the measure.

Yours truly.

#### Myers & Co.

#### Burglars Captured while Looting Breckbill & Benedict's Store.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., June 24. John O'Neil, of this city, and J. Higgins and Walter Foley, of New Haven, were arrested to-day for breaking and entering Breckbill & Benedict's jewelry store early Sunday morning. John Higgins became frightened after the job was done, and in attempting to run away, stumbled into the arms of an officer. Jewelry, silverware and watches to the value of \$500 were recovered.

In the police court this morning O'Neil and Higgins each entered a demurrer, which was overruled by Judge Carroll, and the accused were bound over to the Superior Court under \$1,000 bonds each. Walter Foley, the third man, was released. He had merely been seen with the men early in the evening, and was not concerned in the burglary.

#### New York Notes.

Bartens & Rice have filed a judgment against S. C. Hubbard for \$57.37.

Dattelbaum & Friedman have filed a judgment for \$446.35 against Julius Caro.

A. judgment for \$77.70 has been entered against Joseph Hyman, by J. H. Dederick.

A judgment against Henry Carter for \$499.98 has been entered in favor of J. A. Mooney.

J. Muhr & Bro., Philadelphia, Pa., have made application for membership in the New York Jewelers' Board of Trade.

Isaac W. Friedman, diamond importer, 170 Broadway, is a member of the United States Grand Jury, sworn in Wednesday.

The Brooklyn Watch Case Co. have certified to the Secretary of State an increase in their capital stock from \$30,000 to \$400,000.

J. H. Crosby, of Greenleaf & Crosby, Jacksonville, Fla., was in New York last week. He will shortly leave for Europe on his annual buying trip.

Dr. R. H. Knowles is with his family spending the Summer at Peaks' Island, Casco Bay, Me., where he is conducting a Summer school of optics.

A fire which broke out last week in the one-story frame building at 865 Eighth Ave., occupied as a jewelry store by C. D. Hawkins, caused a loss of \$1,000.

Judge Patterson, of the Supreme Court, Thursday appointed Guilliam B. Demorest receiver of Peoli & Willey, cutlery commission merchants, 97 Chambers St., in place of Daniel B. Peoli, who died recently.

The creditors of Simon Dessau are cited to appear at a Special Term of the Court of Common Pleas, August 5, 1895, to show cause why the final settlement of the accounts of L $\epsilon$ on Lewin, the assignee, should not be made.

Claude D. Sanford, a jeweler of Northport, L. I., dropped dead at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon. He had just reached home after a bicycle trip. It was a sixty-mile run, and was ridden in quick time. Mr. Sanford was Noble Grand of the local lodge of Odd Fellows. He was 29 years old.

Judge Andrews and a jury, in the Supreme Court, Friday rendered a verdict for \$375 in favor of 12 year old Chas. Heide, and against C. Jackle, jeweler, 866 Third Ave. Heide received a flesh wound on the leg, July 4, 1893, from a stray bullet which he claimed was fired by Mr. Jackle. Mr. Jackle denied that he fired the shot.

The pawnbrokers with whom John Donaldson, formerly of 189 Broadway, pawned his memorandum goods, and against whom replevin actions have been instituted by Ludwig Nissen and John C. Mount, acting for Donaldson's creditors, last week gave an undertaking to the sheriff and recovered possession of the replevied goods pending the actions. The sheriff's sale of the machinery, etc., in the factory at 5 Dutch street, of Ernest Adler, whose failure is recorded elsewhere in this issue, took place at 10.30 o'clock yesterday morning. After the contents of the factory had been sold, the sale was transferred to Mr. Adler's office, 21 Maiden lane, where the safe, fixtures and other property remaining in the hands of the sheriff were disposed of.

Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith have obtained a judgment in-Terre Haute, Ind., against John Bernhardt and Henry Bushing. Bernhardt and Bushing, who were formerly a jewelry firm in Terre Haute, were jointly made defendants in a suit demanding \$4,500, the amount the defunct firm are alleged to have been indebted to plaintiffs at the time of their failure and discontinuance ot business. Bushing is now a jeweler in Denver, and Bernhardt is a shoe dealer in Terre Haute.

Hiram A. Bliss's tenth anniversary as manager of the Maiden Lane branch of the Gorham Mfg. Co. was fittingly celebrated by the employes Thursday. When Mr. Bliss arrived at his office he was surprised to find the vicinity of his desk decorated with silk flags and smilax, and upon the desk between two large bouquets, a silver mounted cigar chest containing 100 cigars. The cigar case was tastefully inscribed as follows: "Presented to Hiram A. Bliss as a Token of Respect and Esteem. by the Employes of the Gorham Mfg. Co., June 20, 1895."

The appeal by Ga Nun & Parsons, opticians, from the judgment obtained against them by Clara M. Price, was recently dismissed by the Court of Appeals. Ga Nun & Parsons obtained from Judge Dugro, in the Superior Court, Friday, an order staying any proceedings by Miss Price then pending, until their motion for a reconsideration of their appeal be decided. Miss Price obtained a judgment in the Superior Court against Ga Nun & Parsons on the ground that her health had been impaired through their negligence in fitting her with eye-glasses. Her judgment was sustained by the General Term of the Superior Court, and then appealed to the Court of Appeals with the above stated results.

The action brought by E. Aug. Neresheimer & Co. to set aside the assignment of Chas. E. Hansen, has on consent of counsel been referred by Judge Beach, of the Supreme Court, to Win. B. Keily, as referee to hear and determine. Chas. E. Hansen assigned November 20, 1893, to Hugo S. Mack. Amony the creditors were E. Aug. Neresheimer & Co., who recovered a judgment against him for \$832.73. Then through their attorney, Frederick Beltz, Neresheimer & Co. brought this action in the Supreme Court to set aside the assignment as fraudulent and void. It is alleged that the assignor did not turn over all his property to the assignee, and that he concealed a large portion of his assets.

#### Last Week's Arrivals.

THE CIRCULAR has perfected arrangements for obtaining the names and hotel addresses of all the latest buyers visiting New York, and each day posts in its office, 189 Broadway, a bulletin which every member of the trade is cordially invited to copy.

The following out-of-town dealers were registered in New York during the past week: S. Lindenberg, Cincinnati, O., Astor H.; M. Ellbogen, Chicago, Ill., Astor H.; J. A. Herschede, Cincinnati, O., H. Savoy; M. L. Carter, Danbury, Conn., Continental H.; J. A. Schwarz, Philadelphia, Pa., H. Albert; J. J. Ayres, Keokuk, Ia., Astor H.; H. H. Johannes, Baltimore, Md., Cosmopolitan H.; W. L. Ballou, Providence, R. I., Murray Hill H.; W. N. Durfee, Providence, R. I., Imperial H.; J. H. Flanagan, Washington, D. C., Astor H.; H. K. Fulton, Washington, D. C., Sturtevant H.; W. H. Thompson, Jr., Philadelphia, Pa., Continental H.; A. L. Phillips, Jamestown, N. Y., H. Metropole; J. H. Wattles, Pittsburgh, Pa., Westminster H.; J. R. Smith, Denver, Col., H. Imperial; W. A. Miles, Columbus, O., Astor H.; A. S. Levy, Hamilton, Ont., Astor H.; E. G. Acheson, Pittsburgh, Pa., Astor H.; J. H. Crosby, Jacksonville, Fla.; G. K. Bowler, Cleveland, O., St. Denis H.; M. Gutman, Baltimore, Md., H. Marlborough; B. Levin, Kansas City, Mo., Astor H.; M. L. Levy, San Francisco, Cal., Grand Union H. J. A. Schwarz, Philadelphia, Pa., Astor H.; A. M. Weber, Milwaukee, Wis., Broadway Central H.: H. Keck, Cincinnati, O., Astor H.; W. A. Needham, jewelry buyer for Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution, Salt Lake City, Utah, H. Savoy.

#### Last Week's Trans-Atlantic Voyagers. TO EUROPE.

Among the passengers for Europe on the Majestic Wednesday were : C. H. Duhme, and Mrs. Duhme, Cincinnati ; Thomas G. Hawkes and family, Corning, N. Y., and Herman Unger, of Unger Bros., New York.

The *Etruria* which sailed Saturday carried S. S. Battin, and S. S. Battin, Jr., Newark, N. J., and M. Ellbogen, Chicago.

L. Barre, of Tiffany & Co., and M. Junod, Geneva, Switzerland, sailed for Europe Saturday on *La Normandie*.

FROM EUROPE.

A. Hirsch, Chicago, arrived from Europe last week on the *Germanic*.

Mrs. J. L. Judels accompanied by her family recently arrived from Antwerp on the *Friesland*.

The Dueber-Hampden factories have been running continuously since the first of the year and will have no vacation this year unless possibly the 4th of July week, the factories' output being almost entirely the better class of watches for which there is a steady and growing demand. It is probable that a largely increased force of employes over the 1,500 now at work will be necessary by the time the Fall trade fairly sets in.

## Solid Silver

(Exclusively.)



# WHITING M'F'G CO.

Silversmiths,

Broadway & 18th St.,

NEW YORK.



19

#### Connecticut.

W. A. Hawes, Norwich, has removed to 44 Main St.

Joseph Goldschmidt has opened a jewelry store in Ridgefield.

There are rumors afloat in Forestville that the clock shops there will again be running in the near future.

A. O. Jennings, secretary of the Waterbury Watch Co., and Mrs. Jennings have just returned from their three months' European trip.

President Geo. H. Wilcox and some 30 clerks of the Meriden Britannia Co. attended an outing of the company's employes held at the shop reservoir.

The German silver department of the Bristol Brass & Clock Co., which is more often called the "spoon shop," will shut down July 29th for two weeks for inventory.

George D. Munson, of Wallingford, one of Connecticut's best known traveling men, representing the Wm. Rogers Mfg. Co., has returned to Wallingford from an extensive business trip.

Waterbury's school authorities have contracted with the Standard Electric Time Co. for a tower clock to cost \$550. The Standard Electric Co. will charge \$15 a year for caring for the electric tower clock.

Meriden's highest social circles are interested in the announcement of the engagement of Miss Florence Wilcox, daughter of Mrs. H. C. Wilcox, and John Tredennick, a popular clerk at the Charles Parker Co.'s office. Decision has just been given in favor of the defendant in the case  $\langle f \rangle$  John B. Mc-Laughlin  $\forall s$ , the Bristol Brass & Clock Co., both of Bristol, to recover \$10,000 for the loss of a hand through defective machinery, which was tried before Judge Wheeler in the Superior Court in Waterbury a few weeks ago.

#### Syracuse.

W. H. S. Wetherby, of Clyde, C. H. Fuller, of Manlius, O. E. Ward, of Phœnix, M. E. Baum, of Tully, Frank Lee, of Memphis, and G. N. Luckey, of Baldwinsville, were in town last week replenishing stock.

The June meeting of the New York State Association of Opticians was held in A. O. U. W. Hall last Wednesday with a good attendance. Representatives from more than the usual number of towns and cities in central New York were present. The topic for discussion, "Anatomy of the Eye," was opened by G. M. Babbitt and participated in by nearly all present.

The movement for a Saturday half holiday during July and August is meeting with very little success. Most of the jewelers are willing to close if all would enter into the agreement, and live up to it. One or two firms are absolutely opposed to the idea, however. The plan was tried last year, but did not prove an entire success. In the meantime Eugene B. McClelland, the pioneer of the movement in Syracuse, will close his store as usual on Saturday afternoons and evenings.



# Muslin Buffs.

Invariable in Standard, Only One Quality-THE BEST.

THIS DESCRIBES THE

# WILLIAMSVILLE AI MUSLIN BUFFS.

WE'LL SEND PREPAID SAMPLES.

#### WILLIAMSVILLE MFG. CO.

18 SOUTH WATER ST.,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

MILLS AT WILLIAMSVILLE, KILLINCLY, CONN.

News Gleanings.

Will H. Foster has opened a jewelry store in Yale, Mich.

C. E. Smith, of Brooklyn, N. Y., has opened a jewelry store in Westport, N. Y.

Jarvis & Son, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., have completed the improvements in their jewelry store.

Jeweler L. V. B. Hubbard, Shelton, Conn. is now located in his attractive new store on Bridge St.

The jewelry store of F. A. Harris, York, Neb., was closed a few days ago on mortgages.

The jewelry stock of C. L. M. Bugbee & Co., Oelwein, Ia., has been sold to George and Ray Brown.

Jeweler G. H. Shirkey, Forestville, N. Y., has arranged to exchange shops with his father P. T. Shirkey, of Allegany.

Caleb Dickinson, Plainfield, N. J., has closed his place of business and stored his goods. He will commence July 1st traveling for an ink firm.

In a fire on Canal St., Grand Rapids, Mich., a few days ago, R. D. Carstens suffered to the extent of \$1,500, fully covered by insurance.

Walter M. Robertson has formed a partnership with W. E. Long, jeweler, 342 Wabash Ave., Terre Haute, Ind., and will enter actively into the business on July 1.

William T. Gardiner, jeweler, Paterson, N. J., was held to bail in the sum of \$200 on a charge of receiving stolen goods, the particulars of which were related in last week's CIRCULAR.

A man who gave his name as John Earl was arrested a few days ago in Brighton, Col. Five gold watches and five silver watches with chains were found on his person. He does not explain where he got the watches.

Bert D. Pope, a well known and popular business man of Tilton, N. H., died June 16th, of blood poisoning, aged 36 years. He had been in the jewelry business there for nearly 15 years. He was an Odd Fellow and United Workman.

> THE ORDERS YOU CAN GET FOR

WEDDING INVITATIONS.

VISITING CARDS.

Take A

ADDRESS DIES, WE WILL FILL THEM AT A PROFIT TO YOU!

**MONOGRAMS** and

PROMPT SERVICE. RELIABLE WORK.

THE STATIONERS' ENGRAVING CO. 98-100-102 NASSAU STREET, N. Y.

#### Providence.

#### TRADE CONDITIONS.

Those who have been prophesying an increased business during the warm weather have so far proved true seers, and the indications are very favorable for a continuance of the prosperity that is at present being enjoyed. A number of shops are running nights and nearly all on full time. Few workmen are loafing and advertisements for help are frequent in the daily papers. The first week in July will probably witness the closing of the factories for repairs, but after that it is expected that business will be brisk clear into the holidays.

Sisto de Petrillo has started in the retail business at 131 Acorn St.

W. C. Randall has started in the enameling business at 110 Richmond St.

Otto Homqervist has started in business at 70 Elm St.

A request has been made by the sisters of the late Albert V. Blake that William Smith be appointed administrator of the estate.

Emil A. Bracker, New York, was registered at the Narragansett Hotel the past week and placed several good sized orders.

Sylvester Eastman will open a suite of optical parlors at 27 Aborn St., about July 1st. He will continue his jewelry business at 26 Dorrance St.

Warren C. Greene, who formerly carried on the jobbing business at 151 Point St., is now engaged in the real estate brokerage business with E. R. Burlingame.

An auction sale of 307 shares of the Ladd Watch Case Co.'s stock will be held June 27, at 12 o'clock at the office of Dean & Calef, 29 Weybosset St.

Nathaniel Fisher, for several years foreman for Royce, Allen & Co., has started in business as Fisher & Co. at 53 Clifford St. He will make a line of white metal novelties and general lines of jewelry.

The Board of Aldermen voted Thursday to name the new thoroughfare into Roger Williams Park, Wilkinson Ave., in memory of the late George W. Wilkinson, superintendent of the Gorham Mfg. Co.

Philip Riley has given a chattel mortgage of \$1,000 to Francis L. O'Reilly, covering the stock, tools, machinery, etc., in the manufacturing jewelry establishment at 101 Westfield St.

A quarterly dividend of  $1\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. upon the preferred stock of the Gorham Mfg. Co. has been declared, payable July 1st. This stock has advanced steadily during the past few months and is now held at 117 $\frac{1}{2}$  with 115 $\frac{3}{4}$  bid.

Several buyers have visited the manufacturers of this city and the Attleboros the past week. Among them were: B. Arnstine, of Arnstine Bros. & Mier, Cleveland; B. Levin, Kansas City; Mr. Kingsbacher, Kingsbacher Bros., Pittsburgh, and Mark Streicher, Chicago.

The partnership heretofore existing between J. J. Hatch and H. L. White, as Hatch, White & Co., has been dissolved, F. Dunnell having purchased Mr. White's interest. The business will be continued under the style of Hatch, Dunnell & Co.

The new firm of refiners at 189 Eddy St., is styled Hanley & Sullivan. The former has had upward of 30 years' experience with Messrs. Smith, Darling and J. Rathbone, while Mr. Sullivan has been with the latter about four years.

F. D. Williams, who for the past quarter of a century has carried on the jobbing business in this city and was one of the oldest and best known in that line in New England, has retired. He is succeeded by George H. Remington, as George H. Remington & Co., with headquarters at 45 Eddy St. where Mr. Williams has been located for many years. Mr. Remington was formerly in the retail gents' furnishing goods business on Westminster St.

Ansel L. Sweet, who is continuing the business of the late firm of G. B. Willis & Co., states that he has not received any information as to the whereabouts of his former partner since his disappearance nearly a year ago. He has been informed by several parties during the past week that Mr. Willis was in this city, but investigation disclosed that it was a case of mistaken identity.

Before Judge Sweetland, in the Sixth District Court, the case of Levi L. Burdon against Frank W. Petty was heard June 20. This is a case for the recovery of the value of machinery and tools purchased of Mr. Burdon amounting to \$108. The defence was that the liability was shared by T. D. Pratt. It seems that Petty and Pratt agreed to make and sell buttons and for a time did carry on this business. They bought from Burdon a lathe valued at \$100. and some small tools. Pratt says he furnished the stock from which the buttons were made by Petty, Pratt doing all the selling. He disposed of about \$300 worth of the finished product, and never divided the profits with Petty. Judge Sweetland ruled that although the two men had never had any agreement as to a partnership, their acts showed that such a partnership was understood to exist and did still exist because no division of the profits had been made. For this reason he decided that the action should have been brought against the partners, and gave decision for the defendant for costs. A jury trial was claimed by Mr. Burdon's counsel.

#### Boston.

#### TRADE CONDITIONS.

Business in the jewelry and silverwate line is undeniably broadening in volume and tone. Previous reports to the effect that increased activity was noted by many of the jobbing houses have elicited further confirmations the past week, and the wholesale dealers are practically unanimous in their recognition of the improvement in trade.

D. C. Percival's yacht Sally took first

prize in the Corinthian Yacht Club regatta, Bunker Hill day.

In the case of Edson H. Burnham, optician, the adjourned third meeting in the Insolvency Court is set for July 19.

The American Furniture Co., which carried a line of tableware and had a few creditors among the Boston jobbers, assigned June 19.

William Amsden, a crook who was concerned in a diamond robbery in this city about two years ago, was arrested in Charlestown on the 17th inst. He had with him a miscellaneous lot of jewelry valued at several hundred dollars.

Buyers in town the week past included : H. W. Ordway, M. F. Wood, of G. H. Wood & Co., and Fred Gray, with Harry Raynes, all of Lowell ; F. D. Barton, Palmer, Mass.; John Lunt, Safford & Lunt, Newburyport ; H. E. Washburn, Plymouth, Mass.; E. F. Tinkham, Middleboro ; George W. Hendrick, Nashua, N. H.

Arthur E. Fisk, head of the diamond department of the firm of Smith & Patterson, had a rather uncanny experience one day last week. While riding a bicycle in the Highland district he collided with a carriage fell, and was for three hours uncon scious. When he came out of that condition he was at a station on the New York & New England Railroad and presumably had been conveyed to this point by the driver of the vehicle with which he collided. The place is half a dozen miles distant from where the accident occurred. Presumably the man who was driving, finding that his victim was unconscious, took him into the carriage and tried to revive him, but becoming alarmed, cast about him for a way out of the difficulty and adopted the plan of abandoning him at the depot.

#### Philadelphia.

E. P. Percival, 221 W. 8th St., met with a serious mishap last week. Stepping off a trolley car his foot slipped and he fell, spraining his ankle.

The few salesmen who were in Philadelphia last week in search of orders included : Geo. W. Reed, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.; W. B. Ettinger, Jung, Staiger & Klitz; Wm. H. Tarlton, Wightman & Hough Co.; W. Granbery, Hancock, Becker & Co.

Jacob Simon was convicted in the Quarter Sessions on the 19th inst. of receiving, with a guilty knowledge, jewelry, etc., valued at \$500, stolen from the store of Aaron Fetherman in McKean County. He was sentenced to a year's imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary.

Out-of-town purchasers here the past week included: Howard Fitzsimmons, West Chester, Pa.; W. W. Francis, Ardmore, Pa.; John Dewar, Bryn Mawr, Pa.; C. F. Rudolph, Wilmington, Del.; Robert Steel, Hammonton, N. J.; B. C. Foster, Bristol, Pa.; R. G. Porter, Woodbury, N. J.; W. Kohl, Norristown, Pa.

#### CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Advertisements are entitled to one insertion under proper heading. Extra insertions, \$6.00 per annum. Extra Headings, \$12.00 per annum.

Assayers & Refiners.	Gold and Rolled Plate Jewelry.	Show Cases, Page.
Baker, Geo. M., Providence, R. I 31	Smith, Wm., & Co., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y 36	Melishek & Petter, 128 Maiden Lane, N. Y 4
Goldsmith Bros., 63 & 65 Washington St., Chicago, Ill 25	Henelasias) Oshaala	Silver Plated Ware.
Lelong, L. & Bro., Newark, N J 36 Rathbone, J., 1-9 Mathewson St., Providence,	Horological Schools.	King, Hugh E., 908 Masonic Temple, Chicago,
R. I 27	Parson's School for Watchmakers, Peoria, 111. 26	111
	Jewelers' Findings.	The Wm. Rogers Mig. Co., Hartford, Conn 35
Auctioneers. Boyle, S. A. & Co., Washington, D.C 20	Lind, Thos. W., Providence, R. I 14	Sterling Silver Novelties.
Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y	Jobbers, Watches, Diamonds, Etc.	Bachrach & Freedman, 1-3 Union Sq., N. Y 15 Bippart & Co., Newark, N. J 3 Codding Bros. & Heilborn, North Attleboro
Mass 27	Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., 19 Maiden Lane. 30-32 Friedlander, R., L. & M., Ltd. 30 Maiden Lane, N. Y	Mass
Badges, Medals, Etc.	Lapp & Flershem, 92-98 State St., Chicago 25 Myers, S. F. & Co., 48 Maiden Lane, N. Y 36	Reddall, J. W. & Co., Newark, N. J 7
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y 31 Brenner, Victor D., 108 Fulton St., N. Y 28		Sterling Silverware.
	Lawyers.	Dominick & Haff, Union Square, N. Y 6 Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 808-810 Greenwich St.,
Clocks, French, English and American.	Emmons Associated Law Offices, Portland, Ore	N. Y
Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St., N. Y		Hall, Union Square, N. Y
	Musical Boxes. Jacot & Son, 39 Union Square, N. Y 29	Shiebler, Geo. W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N. Y. 4 Towle Mfg. Co., Newburyport, Mass 7
Diamond & Precious Stone Importers. Disselkoen, John N., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N.Y 9	Jacot & Son, 39 O mon Square, N. T 29	Whiting, F. M., Co., North Attleboro, Mass 4 Whiting Mfg. Co., Broadway & 18th St., N. Y. 19
Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. L., N.Y 36 Fera, Henry, Prescott Bldg., N. Y	Muslin Buffs.	Wood & Hughes, 16 John St., N. Y
Hedges, Wn. S. & Co., 170 Broadway, N. Y 8 Kahn, L. & M. & Co., 172 Broadway, N. Y 36	Williamsville Mfg. Co., 18 S. Water St., Provi- dence, R. I	Thimbles.
Kipling, E. E., 182 Broadway, N. Y	Option Goods	Ketcham & McDougall, 198 Broadway, N. Y 31
Lorsch, Albert, & Co., 37 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 36 Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane,	Optical Goods. Geneva Optical Co., Chicago, 1115 25	Tool Manufacturers and Dealers.
N. Y	Optical Schools.	American Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass 31 Mossberg Mfg. Co., Attleboro, Mass 35
	Chicago Ophthalmic College	Tortoise Shell Goods.
Diamond Cutters.	Knowles, Dr., Neponset Cottage, Peak's Island, Caseo Bay, Portland, Me	Princess Ring Manufacturers, 21–23 Maiden Lane, N. Y 2
Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, Prescott Bldg., N. Y	Paneled Metal Ceilings.	Trunks and Traveling Bags.
Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane 9	Northrop, A. & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa 35	Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y 32
Diamond Mountings.	Pang Pangils at a	Watch Case Manufacturers.
Oppenheimer, H. E. & Co., 14 Maiden Lane, N. Y	Pens, Pencils, etc, Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane, N.Y. 30-32 Mabie, Todd & Bard, New York	Dueber Hampden Co., Canton, O
Engraving School.		Jacobson, F. H. & Co., 96 State St., Chicago . 25
Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Chicago 25	Ring Makers.	Watch Case Materials.
Fine Engraving.	Bonner, Rich & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N. Y 36 Bowden, J. B. & Co., 192 Broadway, N. Y 8 Bryant, M. B., & Co., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 31	Newark Watch Case Material Co., Newark, N. J
The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassau St., N. Y	Smith, L. B. & H. H., 53 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 11	Watch Case Repairers.
	Safes.	Felix, N. J., 17 John St., N. Y
Fine Stationery.	Mosler, Bahmann & Co., 518 B'way, N. Y 32	

Parsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St., N.Y... 32

#### Gold Jewelry.

Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane... .30-32 Ball, Wm. H. & Co., 15 John St., N. Y ..... 28 Carter, Sloan & Co., 15 Maiden Lane, N. Y ... 9 Schwartz, W. H., & Co., Newark, N. J..... 29

#### Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y .... 32

#### Scales.

Sample Trunks,

Kohlbusch, Herman, Sr., 59 Nassau St., N. Y. 8

#### velties. , 1-3 Union Sq., N. Y... 15 k, N. J. .... 3 ilborn, North Attleboro · 35 220 Fourth Ave., N. Y.. 32 E. 14th St., N. Y..... 15 Newark, N. J..... 7 ion Square, N. Y..... 6

#### and Dealers.

#### Is.

#### ng Bags.

#### acturers.

#### ials.

#### ers.

#### Watch Importers.

Hyde's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y.. 29 Loveland, R. A., 177 Broadway, N. Y..... 34

#### Watch Manufacturers.

Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton, O..... 35

### Special Notices.

Rates 75c. per insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines(25 words); additional words 2 cents each. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per cent off; four insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertion, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. It answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

#### Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. If answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

POSITION at once by practical jeweler, six years' experience; best of references. Address T., care T. L. Evans, Williams, Iowa.

WANTED-Situation as clock repairer (English); thoroughly understands English and French clocks. J. Barker, 209 Sandford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED-Situation by a first-class watchmaker, 26 years old; own tools; best references; salary wanted \$15 a week. Address H. W., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

TRAVELING SALESMAN (American Israelite), with long established trade in south and west, is open for a position July 1st; unexceptional refer ences. Address "Y," care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED-By young man of experience, and thoroughly understanding the manufacturing and diamond business, position as resident or traveling salesman. Address "W.", care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR.

SITUATION WANTED by young man having had experience in watch factory and at repairing watches, clocks and jewelry; will work reasonably; first class references. Address R. B., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A JEWELRY FOREMAN and first-class designer on diamond and general jewelry, capable of taking entire charge of factory, wants a position. Address A. Smith, care E. P. Reichhelm & Co., 80 Nassau St., New York City.

SITUATION WANTED - Any manufacturer who wants a thorough, capable foreman, pattern maker, melter and refiner on tools, or other work, for gold, silver or plate, can secure a desirable workman and mechanic; will go anywhere. Address M. R. G., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WATCHMAKER, expert, 18 years' experience, over four years in last position, single, has best references, American lathe, speaks German and English, desires situation; does no engraving; will go anywhere at once. Address "Watchmaker," 1831 North 7th St. Philadelphia, Pa.

POSITION WANTED—Would like a position as instructor in a horological school: or would accept a place as watchmaker in a first-class jewelry establishment; can repair the finest watches in the original style of workmanship and know somewhat of optics. Watchmaker, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

#### Help Wanted.

WANTED-A watchmaker, jeweler and engraver; send reference and sample of work; a steady position to proper man. K., care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR.

TRAVELING SALESMAN having established trade to sell medium grade of hollowware on commission. Address, giving reference and towns visited, Silver Plate, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR. A TRAVELING SALESMAN for the Middle States only; to sell in connection with his present line, a first-class line of jewelry to retail jewelers exclusively. Address N. B., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

#### Business Opportunities.

W ILL BUY OLD ESTABLISHED JEWELRY STORE, New York or vicinity; must be cheap; state how much bench work. Address Jewel, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

J EWELRY BUSINESS for sale ; 13 years established ; owner going abroad. Apply to Fisher & Sons, 63 Nassau St., New York.

FOR SALE-Old established jewelry business in one of the best towns on the Pacific coast at a big bargain; sickness the cause for selling. Address H., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE—A well equipped steam power shop for making diamond mountings; two years' lease and established business; everything in first class running order. Address F. C., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE-Plant formerly conducted by Hagan, White & Co., for the manufacturing of jewelry, novelties, cane and umbrella heads, fully equipped with most approved machinery, dies, etc., and in completer running order; can be bought at an extremely low figure and on most favorable terms. Apply to S. Gumprecht, 248 W. 23d St., New York.

FOR SALE-Wishing to retire from the jewelry business I offer my stock, fixtures, lease and good will for sale; business of 22 years' standing; best location; fine store, and low rent; stock and fixtures \$9,000 to \$10,000, with plenty of work for two competent men, and a good field for an optician; can show a good profit during the past two years of dull times; the leading store of this town of abo it 11,000 inhabitants, and a clean stock. Call on or address C. W. Skiff, Westfield, Mass.

FOR SALE-One-third or one-half interest in a well established jewelry store in the large and growing city of Atlanta, Ga.; store situated in the very best location for business in the city : inspection invited; correspondence solicited; reasons for selling, want more help and capital for our Exposition. which will be a "hummer." Here is a chance for some good party to make money. No attention will be paid to letters written out of idle curiosity. Address Business, care JEWELLERS' CIRCULAR.

### To Let.

TO LET—At 915 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, five beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators; suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china or glass importer. Apply to C. Dorflinger & Sons, 36 Murray St., New York.

#### Miscellaneous

WANTED you to know that the genuine "Moseley Lathe" equals the best of the very best. When interested write your jobber for new price list, or to the manufacturers, Moseley & Co., Elgin, Ill.

OPTICIAN—Experienced, would like to make engagements with a few first-class jewelers in eastern Pennsylvania or New Jersey States, to refract and fit glasses on commission; own fine trial case; good references. Address Box 14, Pleasantville, N. J.

\$3,000 will buy a Jewelry business in a Connecticut city, well located. Stock and fixtures will inventory over \$5,000. Terms easy. Owner has other business. Address, L. J. SAXTON,

Norwichtown, Conn.

# TO LET.

Two fine large floors in factory building, St. Marks and Underhill avenues, Brooklyn. Solid floors. Light all around; power in abundance.

Fire proof vaults built in on each floor. Elevator, Stairs, Transmitting Room and Plumbing in separate extension.

Apply to

GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO., 179 Broadway, NEW YORK.



SPECIALTY: SALES OF JEWELRY BRIC-À-BRAC AND ARTICLES OF VERTU

No jeweler or watch repairer should be without a copy of "WORKSHOP NOTES," a new and very useful book for the workshop. Send for circular containing a complete index of the book, and judge of its merits foyourself.



Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

#### CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1895.

NO. 21

#### Chicago Notes.

VOL. XXX.

L. H. Bauer, Elgin, Ill., was here buying goods the past week.

F. M. Sproehnle and family will spend July at Lake Beulah, Wis.

E. G. Webster visited several days with his son, G. A. Webster, this city.

F. O. Hardy & Co. have increased their capital stock from \$100,000 to \$200,000,

H. D. Wortley, Kalamazoo, Mich., was numbered among the buyers last week.

T. K. Benton, general manager Courvoirsier-Wilcox Mfg. Co., was here a few days last week.

Messrs. Church and Payson, Seth Thomas Clock Co., passed Sunday at Delevan Lake, Wis.

F. H. Putnam with Sercomb, & Sperry Co., is at Crystal Springs, Ind., for his health.

T. F. Kennedy, lately with the Schauweker & Chalmers Co., has engaged with Lamos & Co.

Otto Pfeffer, St. Louis Clock & Silverware Co., was here two days last week, stopping over on his way east.

C. F. Couts leaves Chicago the present week to arrange for the removal here of his family from Paducah, Ky.

Mr. Jeanne, Alfred H. Smith & Co., will be in Chicago this week on his return to New York from a southern trip.

P. H. Rabe, an old-time jeweler, formerly in business in South Bend, Ind., and Freeport, Ill., visited friends here last week.

P. H. Savery, of Jos. Fahys & Co., and newly made bride, returned Monday week from a wedding trip to Excelsior Springs, Mo.

Cashier Tompkins, G. W. Marquardt & Sons, will put in the time from July 15th to Aug. 1st rusticating wherever fancy leads him and Mrs. Tompkins.

J. B. Norris, for over 20 years with Giles, Bro. & Co., has taken the line of 10 karat goods made by W. F. Mowry, in addition to Luther's chain line.

A. M. Johnson, long with Shourds & Kasper, recently opened a store at Clark and School Sts., Lake View, to which he now gives his undivided attention.

The Provinces of Canada will be invaded the present and coming week by A. E. Bentley, manager United States Watch Co. This is Mr. Bentley's first invasion of Canada.

Outlying city districts report improved business. Seasonable weather and public requirements are responsible, and business among the smaller stores is better than a year ago.

"Trade is getting better and we look for a nice business. Improvement is noted in all sections;" thus says S. N. Jenkins, who left the first of the week with Aikin, Lambert & Co.'s line for a month's business in Wisconsin and Minnesota.

Hulda Cohen, who has a jewelry and notion store at 357 Clark St., filed a petition in the Superior Court a few days ago for a mandamus to compel the Mayor to grant her a license as a dealer in second-hand goods, which was refused her.

The third quarterly inspection of watches on the Michigan Central Railroad by Chief Inspector Forsinger resulted:

Several changes will be made by tenants of the Venetian building the first of the mon.h. Dyrenforth & Co. give up their office, which will be occupied by W. A. Burrows & Co., and the United States Watch Co., now having offices on the third floor, will occupy the suite vacated by Burrows & Co.

The court has been recommended to give an option to Joseph Sandman, Trenton Watch Co., to cle se out the stock of Schauweker & Chalmers Co. in 15 days. The proposition awaits the order of the court before becoming effective, and the bid when made will be subject to the approval of the court.

W. C. Tuthill, for 10 years past with Jos. Fahys & Co. at both the New York and Chicago offices, severed his connection with the house last Tuesday. Mr. Tuthill is one of the incorporators of the National Needle Co., with capital stock of \$300,000, and will devote his time to this new industry in this country.

Zi Riley, Champaign, Ill., sold out early last week to two relatives, Mr. Busey, Urbana, Ill., and N. A. Riley, a boot and shoe dealer of Urbana. The Buseys conduct a bank in the latter town and loaned the Champaign jeweler considerable sums, for which they received a bill of sale. The sale has been investigated by a Chicago jobber, one of the largest creditors, who pronounces it legitimate and says it looks as though a proposition of 25 to 33 I-3 per cent. might be made to the unsecured creditors, who hold accounts of some \$10,000.

#### St. Louis.

F. H. Niehaus & Son will open their new store on 6th St. about August 1.

The Missouri Jewelry Co., of St. Louis, have incorporated with a capital of \$3,000; incorporators, Morris Ellman, M. E. Cutner and Solomon Goldstone.

#### Pittsburgh.

M. Bonn and family will spend the Summer in the Quaker Valley.

G. W. Snyder, of the South Side, was married Wednesday evening last to Miss Emma Eisenbeis, of Allegheny.

E. J. Bubb, Jr., of E. J. Bubb & Son, manufacturing jewelers, will sail to-day for Europe on the *St. Louis*. Mr. Bubb will make a tour of the continent and be absent two months.

J. Harvey Wattles, of W. W. Wattles & Co., accompanied by his wife and sister, Miss Julia Wattles, left last week for New York, whence they sailed on the *Ne*-braska for Europe.

Visiting jewelers last week were: Geo. V. Brady, Washington, Pa.; B. Neville, Dawson; A. V. Johnston, Evans City, John Linnenbrink, Rochester; Harvey Wallace, Smiths' Ferry; L. Furtwangler, Greensburg; L. Cleland, Butler.

James M. Ziegler has opened a diamond office at 48 Fifth Ave. He was for 20 years connected with the jewelry trade in New York, and his recent marriage with Miss Laura Parker, of this city, caused the change of location.

The Fulton Jewel Manufacturing Co., limited, of Toronto, Canada, have been organized with a capital stock of \$3,000 in \$50 shares. The company will manufacture and deal in silverware and general jewe

#### San Francisco.

F. J. Batchelor, of the Seth Thomas Clock Co., has returned from a trip south.

Philip W. Clark, Mountain View; F. M. Jackson, Los Gatos, were in town on business last week.

John Serex, manager of the Pacific coast office of Jos. Fahys & Co., is in the Yosemite Valley on his vacation trip.

The Columbia Loan & Collateral Office has been incorporated. The capital stock is \$25,000. The directors are: Julius Van Vliet, Louis Van Vliet, A. Wunsch, S. Peckerman, and C. B. Peckerman.

The Chicago Clock Co. recently caused certain articles of furniture to be removed from the house of Frank Shay, an attorney. Shay secured judgment on default, and the court has refused to reopen the case. The judgment against the company is for \$2,000.

#### Pacific Coast Notes.

Franklin Bros., San José, Cal., will open a branch store in San Lucas. F. W. Farmer, formerly a jeweler in Lake County, died recently in Haywards.

The company operating the turquoise mine in Turquoise, Ariz., are reported to be taking out some excellent specimens.

F. Ritschard, jeweler, Jacksonville, Cal., died suddenly of heart disease recently. He served as a Union soldier during the war.

Daunt Bros., Modesto, Cal., have purchased the jewelry store of N. H. Wilson, Merced. Fred. H. Daunt will conduct the Merced business.

W. B. Clifton's jewelry store, Eureka, Cal., was robbed by burglars one night recently. Jewelry and watches to the value of \$2,000 were secured. The thieves cracked the small safe in the store. The robbery was not discovered until the next morning, and they made a safe escape with the plunder.

Detroit.

D. P. Work last week started a department of fine stationery in the store of R. J. F. Roehm & Son.

Frank G. Smith, Jr., left last week for Sheridan, Wyom, where his father and wife are visiting at the home of George Smith.

L. A. Steele, Linden, Mich, has sold an interest in his jewelry store to Mr. Maloney, and the firm name will hereafter be Steele & Maloney.

Word was received here last week of the death of Alfred C. Weinman, Ann Arbor, Mich. He was a well known watchmaker and engraver, and was in the employ of Jacob Haller.

Thomas Kennedy, formerly of Kennedy & Koester, recently dissolved, last week started for New York to purchase watchmakers' tools. He will shortly start a retail store on Shelby St. opposite the new Government building.

A stranger last week entered the jewelry store of George Chantler, Manistique, Mich., and asked to be shown a watch. He selected one to his liking and then asked for a chain. He selected one and grabbing both ran out of the store, closely pursued



------ "ESTIMATES GIVEN ON GOLD AND SILVER, IF NOT SATISFACTORY WE WILL RETURN SHIPMENT INTACT AND PAY ALL CHARGES."-----

by Mr. Chantler. The thief turned and fired several shots at Mr. Chantler. Others took up the chase, but he kept them off with his revolver and escaped.

The following Michigan country jewelers visited Detroit jobbers last week: Eugene Campbell, Pinckney; Steele. John Plymouth; C. Norris, Ovid.; G. W. Stevens, Port Huron; M. D. Walton, Amada; C. E. Montford, Utica; William Parks, Reese; William Till, Columbiaville; and George Chambers, Mt. Clemens. J. A. Knoltzke, North Baltimore, O., was also here. Both retail and wholesale jewelers say that a considerable improvement in business has been noticed during the last two weeks.

#### Cincinnati,

All the jobbing houses in Cincinnati close at noon on Saturdays.

Nick Adler, Lexington, Ky., was in Cincinnati, last week buying goods.

Harry Walton, of the Wadsworth Watch Case Co., is in the east with a new line of cases.

C. J. Bene, Bene, Lindenberg & Co., is enjoying the grand musical festival at Berlin.

Wm. Keller, manager of the E. C. Barlow Co., Georgetown, was in Cincinnati last week buying goods,

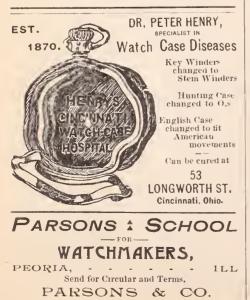
Mr. Bitterman, of Bitterman Bros., Evansville, Ind., accompanied by his wife, is visiting friends in Cincinnati.

It is understood that an inventory of the Hellebush estate will be filed in a few days, to show if its value is equal to the offer of \$61,500 in cash, to release the dower interest of the heirs.

#### Indianapolis.

Louis Lowes will shortly leave for an extended trip to California.

Chas. Stoner is back from his successful maiden trip. He represents S. T. Nichols & Co. in southern Indiana.



Gus. Craft, of Craft & Koehler, reports the manufacturing business unusually brisk. July business will equal any Christmas month.

#### Kansas City.

Fred. C. Merry, of the Julius King Optical Co., New York, is home from a western trip.

During the severe rain storm which visited this city last week, the skylight in Davis' jewelry store, 616 Main St., was broken, and the water inundated the entire stock. Many watch and clock movements were destroyed.

The country visitors in town last week were: W. H. Hudson, Winfield, Kan.; C. H. Bauer, Concordia, Mo.; O. R. Wilson, Muskogee, I. T.: C. E. Wordin, Topeka, Kan.; J. C. Johnson, Mt. Sterling, Ill.; T. S. Cotchadal, Superior, Neb.

Judge Philips, in the United States Circuit Court June 19, appointed a receiver for the Jaccard Watch & Jewelry Co. As R. W. Hocker was already selling the stock as trustee for the creditors, the Judge said he saw no reason why the present control of the property should be disturbed, and therefore appointed Mr. Hocker receiver. In deciding to appoint a receiver, the judge said that a firm in failing circumstances could not properly make any of its stockholders preferred creditors. It had been shown, when the application by Ferdmand Bing & Co. for a receiver was heard, that I. C. Jaccard one of the preferred creditors, was interested in the company.

#### John Caspary Executes Two Chattel Mortgages.

DETROIT, Mich., June 21.—John Caspary, jeweler, 259 Woodward Ave., has given two chattel mortgages on his stock and fixtures, aggregating \$2,374. The first, for \$1,500, is in favor of Annie Caspary and Theresa Hoffman, and the second for \$874, is in favor of the following creditors: Leo Hyman; E. Ira Richards & Co.; Keller, Ettinger & Fink; E. F. Sanford & Co.; and E. G. Webster & Son.

Mr. Caspary has been in business in his present location but a short time, and says that poor business and collections necessitated him giving the mortgages.

The chattel mortgage sale of the stock of jewelry owned by L. M. Follett, Mansfield, Wis., is in progress and will continue until the entire stock is closed out.

Randels & Wilson, jewelers and wall paper and carpet dealers, Salem, O., were closed last Tuesday night by the sheriff on an attachment. They then made an assignment to H. C. Jones for the benefit of their creditors. Assets and liabilities not known.

#### Maine Diamonds.

A T the recent meeting of the Pine Tree Club in Boston it was stated that diamonds surpassing the brilliants of Africa and Brazıl would yet be discovered in Maine. This sensational assertion has caused considerable discussion and aroused wide interest concerning whether the speaker had any grounds for making such a claim.

It is a fact that diamonds have already been found in Maine, two at least in Oxford County. They were not insignificant specimens either, but one of them was a magnificent brilliant, for which \$100,000 was offered and refused.

In 1892 a man who was breaking up a boulder on Chatham mountain found within the rough rock a crystal so peculiar as to attract his interest. He took it home and on subsequently exhibiting it to a New Yorker sold it to him for \$16.

The New Yorker had the crystal ground and polished and carried it to the World's Fair where it attracted the interest of those who are interested in rare gems.

While it was on exhibition at the World's Fair the New Yorker was offered \$100,000 for the brilliant, but he held it at a higher figure.

Rev. D. O. C. Chambers, of Fall River, Mass., an enthusiastic mineralogist and a recognized expert on gems in New England, returned the other day from a trip to the place where this valuable gem was found, carrying in his grip two specimens of the same crystal, which had been taken from the same rock as the large one.

They were rough rock on the outside, but within was a crystal as transparent as spring water with a luster difficult to describe by words.

There is a difference of opinion among experts as to whether these crystals are genuine diamonds or a new mineral. Mr. Chambers considers them a new gem because they will cut a common diamond, usually considered the hardest of all known minerals, as easily as a common diamond will cut glass.

He thinks there are no more specimens of this interesting gem in the mountain. The search for valuable minerals has been going on there in a quiet way for some time with no encouraging result,

It was reported last Summer, and the report has not been denied, that a diamond or two of inferior quality and small value had been found in a rocky hill near the Saco River at Hiram.—Bangor *Commercial*.

**To Polish a Pivot.**— Turn down to about the right size, polish with oilstone dust until all the marks of the graver are gone. Then polish with sharp rouge till a very grey gloss is attained. Take a strip of sheet zinc and oil the edge, dipit into the oilstone dust and rouge; this is the best way for polishing pivots.

#### MATTERS IN

#### JEWELRY STOREKEEPING.

That this department shall prove mutually beneficial to our readers, it is desirable that the members of the trade generally communicate with THE CIRCULAR regarding any advantageous device or plan that they are utilizing in connection with their business.

#### Points of Law.

FROM THE LATEST DECISIONS OF THE HIGHEST COURTS.

**P**ART payment of the principal on a note past due, or of interest due, is no consideration for an agreement for an extension of time on the note.

Every partner is liable for the fraudulent representations of every other partner made in the sale of partnership property as a means of effecting such sale.

Where nothing is said as to the manner in which a contract is to be performed, it will be presumed that it is to be done in a proper and skilful manner.

One approaching a railroad crossing has no right to rely for protection solely on the custom of the company to have a flagman at the crossing; he must also look and listen.

Oral representations by the agents of an insurance company are merged in a subsequent contract, or policy of insurance, and are inadmissible to vary the terms of the contract.

In an action for false warranty in the sale of a machine, the party is entitled only to damages arising from the fraud, and cannot recover interest or insurance on such machine.

After a note has become barred by the statute of limitations the liability of a surety cannot be revived by payments made by the maker, without the knowledge or consent of such surety.

The promise of one person to indemnify another for indorsing the note of a third person is not within the statute of frauds. requiring promises to pay the Jebts of another to be in writing.

A director who buys at a discount a debt of a corporation, without advising it of the opportunity, will be considered as buying for the corporation, and can collect from it only the amount he paid.

An assessment on the capital stock of an insolvent corporation, made by a receiver, by order of court, is binding only on those persons who would be liable as stockholders upon an assessment levied by the directors.

Where a bank, knowing itself to be insolvent, receives for deposit, from the maker, a check on another bank, the depositor may, in an action alleging the fraud, recover the check or the proceeds of it. Property in the hands of a common carrier in transit to a place outside of the State is not subject to garnishment, although it is yet within the State at the time of the service of the garnishee summons.

In an action on a fire insurance policy, it is essential to the right of recovery that proof of loss be furnished according to the conditions of the policy, unless such conditions have been waived by the company.

A corporation is not a citizen, within the provision of the constitution of the United States, securing to a citizen of any State the rights, privileges, and immunities guaranteed to the citizens of the several States.

Duress may consist of one's goods as well as of his person, and an action may be maintained when one is compelled to submit to an illegal exaction in order to obtain his goods from one who has them, but refuses to surrender them unless the exaction is endured.

A vendor of personal property who has possession of it at the time of the insolvency of the vendee, may assert a vendor's lien for the unpaid purchase price, although he has previously accepted the vendee's notes for the full amount. There is always an implied condition that the vendee will keep his credit good until the term of the credit shall have expired.

#### A Chic Circular.

A 3	N EFFECTIVE little circular is	as
A	follows :	
	lonows.	
A)	LAS AND A SA ANALAN ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA ANA	2h
2015	かちゃうえきちゃうえきうえきさんこうべいかいかいがちょうろう	JA.C.
33		33
談話	I do my work as well as	***
3000	-	MAX.
33	any one.	\$\$
影響		変が
Since		シンシン
38))	I do it better than some	88)
	do theirs.	
No.	do thono,	影
1000 B		\$\$\$X
33	I do it at prices as reason-	33
影影		
333	able as anybody's.	いい
33D		33
		受い いっかい しょう
影	Walton H Chunont	302
<u>38</u>	Walter H. Grunert,	833
33	OCONTO, WIS,	
33%	000110, 115,	
SUCK.	Repairer of Watches, Clocks	20
SS.	and Jewelry.	33
影影		3XX
mar.		NO W

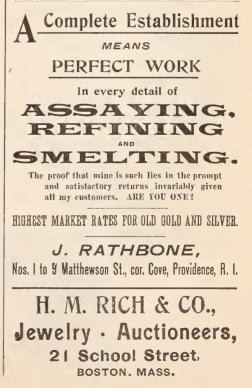
#### New Books of Interest.

Jewel Don'ts.—BY EDMUND RUSSELL. THE BRAMERTON PUBLISHING CO., 135 GREEN-WICH ST., NEW YORK. 120 PAGES. PAPER COVER. 50 CENTS.

The writer of this book, Edmund Russell has acquired the reputation of being an authority on the æsthetics of jewels; and as an insignia of his specialty he shows on the front cover a portrait of himself as Prince Siddartha in "The Light of Asia," while on the back cover is shown his heavily jeweled hand, as the same prince.

Fifty pages are devoted to "don'ts," and as there are about a half dozen on each page, the work furnishes about 300 "don'ts" on the subject of wearing jewels. The other pages are devoted to reprints of clippings from newspapers and magazines, and quotations from the poets bearing upon the subject of jewelry. There is a good deal of sound reason in the writer's mass of jewel wearing philosophy, and a wide circulation of his work will tend to inculcate in the minds of the public a knowledge of the artistic value of jewels, without disturbing their love for display. The jeweler himself can acquire much valuable information and knowledge by a perusal of Mr. Russell's book.

Retail jewelers throughout the country will do well to look into the matter of establishing an engraving department for wedding invitations, visiting cards, etc., etc. The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassau St., New York, a reliable house, will do all the work for you promptly and satisfactorily and at such prices as to leave dealers a handsome profit. Write them and get samples and prices.



#### Artistic Belt Buckles.

The vast amount of cheap, trashy belt buckles that findsits way to the department stores-yes and even to many of the jewelry stores-has caused a revulsion among the better class of manufacturing jewelers, who it may be expected will go to the other extreme. The most artistic belt buckles that have come to our notice are those just placed upon the market by Bippart & Co., Newark, N. J. They are illustrated on page 3, and beautiful as they appear, no engraving could do them complete justice. They are rich, massive, elaborate in ornamentation, and perfect in workmanship. The die work is of the highest order, the details being clear and sharp, with many effects of undercutting. One shows a fine head of a Moor in characteristic headgear. The portrait is handsome, serious and typically Moorish. The head gives the motif for the ornamental scheme of the border, it being a beautiful combination of Moorish decorative details. The other buckle is equally rich and artistic in a different way. The slides of the belts are also fine specimens of workmanship, being in harmony with the buckles. It is hard to refrain from using the superlative in speaking of these belts; they appeal to the highest taste.

The belt buckles are produced in oxidized finish, old gold finish, satin finish silver and Roman gold finish, and are all provided with the firm's interchangeable belt attachment.

The Fall line of Wm. Smith & Co., 5 and 7 Maiden Lane, New York, is this year better than ever before. It includes many novelties and dainty things in all the prevailing fashions.



SPECIALTY.

#### The Latest Patents.

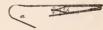
ISSUE OF JUNE 18, 1895.

511.207. CLOCK. CHARLES A. JACQUES, New York, N. Y. Filed Apr. 26, 1894. Serial No 509,056. (No model.)



In an alarm clock, the combination of a main driving train, an alarm train with mechanical releasing means therefor, tripping disk or disks interposed and forming mechanical connection between the main train and the mechanical releasing means for said alarm train, and an adjusting device for moving said disk or one of said disks in the direction of its axis into position to move the alarm releasing mechanism, whereby the alarm can be operated at different predetermined recurring intervals.

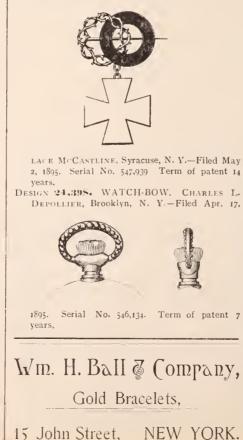
541,384. NAPKIN-HOLDER. BENJAMIN F. PASCOE, Globe, Ariz.—Filed Feb. 18, 1895. Serial No. 538,787. (No model.)

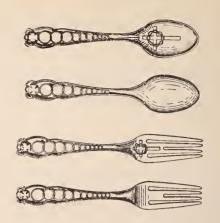


As a new article of manufacture, a napkin-holder comprising two members pivotally secured together, the ends of said members being bent within the main portions thereof to form jaws and arranged to bear against each other at the rear of the pivot pit.

541.452. CYCLOMETER. WILLIAM S. BIGBY, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Filed June 29, 1894. Serial No. 516.052. (No model.)

DESIGN 21,396. BADGE OR PIN. MAE WAL-





DESIGN 24.397. SPOON, FORK, &C. MAE

WALLACE MCCASTLINE, Syracuse, N. Y.—Filed May 2, 1895. Serial No. 547,940. Term of patent 14 years.

DESIGN 24.399. SLIDE-FRAME FOR BUCK-LES. Alfred J. Havden, Pueblo, Col.-Filed



Mar .26, 1895 Serial No. 543,285. Term of patent 14 years.

#### Auctioning Bogus Watches

**''H** ERE'S a watch that would cost you \$35 at a retailer's. How much am I bid? \$5? A short price, but we'll let 'er go at that. Five dollars, fi', fi', fi', five dollars, am I bid !"

And the auctioneer at a local loan office rattles off jokes and bids, and real values against the bids given him, at the rate of at least 400 words per minute.

The alert "capper" stands by, and when the bids are low and slow, he puts vigor and action into it, by "bucking against" buyers, and bids higher and higher, until the price desired by the auctioneer is reached, when it is knocked down.

Monday morning a reporter visited this establishment, and when a beautifully embossed gold watch was put up for sale, he bid \$5; the auctioneer laughed, but said he'd start it at that.

The "capper" got next to the *Chronicle* man, and tried to outbid him. The watch was finally knocked down to the "capper" for \$6.50, and he paid for it with the firm's money.

This "capper" happened to be an acquaintance of the reporter, who asked him how much that watch was really worth.

"Oh, it didn't cost more than \$5 anyway, but keep quiet, will you?"

These watches go like hot cakes, and a large crowd of bargain hunters can always be found here. "Kicks" are frequent, but the glib tongued auctioneer usually talks them into a good humor.—St. Louis *Chronicle*.

#### **Ocular** Refraction, AS RELATES TO THE CORRECTION OF VISUAL DEFECTS.

BY R. H. KNOWLES, M. D.

**NOTE**—The purpose of this series of articles is to give to the student without his having had any previous technical education, a clear and practical course of in-struction in optics with its application to the fitting of gasses. The Correspondence Column is open to all readers of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR. All questions asked will be fully answered.

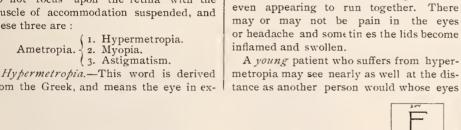
(Commenced Feb. 27, 1895.) CHAPTER IV.

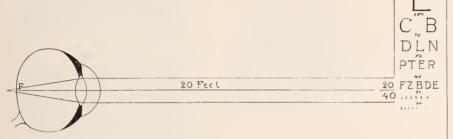
#### AMETROPIA-(CONTINUED.)

HERE are three states or conditions of the eye in which the rays of light do not focus upon the retina with the muscle of accommodation suspended, and these three are :

Ametropia. 2. Myopia.

from the Greek, and means the eye in ex-





#### HYPERMETROPIA.

cess of measure, or far sight. This applies to that state or condition of the eye in which rays of light from 20 feet or infinity will focus behind the retina, with the muscle of accommodation suspended. This is due to the fact that the antero-posterior diameter of the eye is too short. This condition may also be due to a subnormal refractive power of its media ; in other words, the focal length of the refractive media is greater than the length of the eyeball.

Twenty per cent. of all eyes suffering from an error of refraction will be found to be hyperopic. An hypermetropic or hyperopic eye is an undeveloped eye. All children born into the world are at first hyperopic, and as they grow and develop, the eye

Copyrighted, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

are emmetropic; this is accomplished by means of the muscle of accommodation being in a state of hyper-activity, which will produce a sufficient convexity of the crystalline lens; but the ciliary body is unable to do this for the near point for any length of time, as the muscle of accommocation soon becomes exhausted, and the strain spreads to other portions of the eyes, causing secondary affections, which we will discuss later along.

#### (To be Continued)

#### **Optical** Correspondence.

A patient came to me to-day who puzzles me considerably, and as I have had this occur several times in the same way I know that it must be of usual occurrence and that it can be easily explained, but I cannot satisfy myself with what knowledge I have, neither do I remember of reading about it in books. If I have I must have passed it by without recognizing it.

Patient is a young lady of fourteen years who delights in reading and playing the piano. Her parents brought her to me, as nothing ever has been out of the way, and suddenly she discovered that she could neither see well at the distance and that the letters ran together and were blurred. Her pupils are well dilated and she appears anæmic.

#### R. E. L. $\frac{20}{70}$ : $\frac{20}{20}$ v. = 2. D <sup>s</sup>.

L. E. V.  $\frac{20}{70}$ :  $\frac{20}{20}$  w. = 2 D<sup>8</sup>.

With this formula she cannot see to read a word, but by placing convex spheres before the eyes she reads fairly well. I know something can be done, but I am at a loss whether to prescribe distance glasses and another pair of reading glasses, or to ignore the distance altogether. What shall I do? M. S.

ANSWER: The history you have given of your patient is a typical case of one suffering from spasm of the accommodation, a state or condition sometimes described as accommodative myopia or false myopia. You should not prescribe glasses until the family physician has been consulted and his advice and treatment given. This patient may not require glasses at all, but she should have rest for her eyes and such tonics should be given which may be indicated by her general health.

This interesting case suggests the advisability of using atropine in testing the vision, especially in young people. In nearly every case the muscle of accommodation in an over active state may deceive us as to the exact state of things, and by using the mydriatic we know then that the muscle of accommodation or the ciliary body is suspended, and what might appear to be myopia may prove to be hyperopia, and hyperopic astigmatism may be mistaken for myopic astigmatism.

Function of the Mainspring.-The mainspring performs a very important part; it produces a force which must be preserved as nearly intact as possible. The barrel being actuated by this force must, in its rotary motion, actuate an entire mechanism, and its energy experiences a diminution from one wheel to another, so that when it arrives at the escapement a large part of the original force has been consumed by the many frictions of the depthings and pivots. Theory can with precision calculate this loss. To this may still be added the imperfections of construction, bad proportions, etc., which augment the intensity of the frictions, and consequently require more force.





also changes, so that a child who may be far

sighted at an early age, a few years later

may be found to not only approximate the

normal standard but may go on and the eye

The shortening of the antero-diameter

may be due to an unusually flat corner.

Plathymorphia, but true axiel hyperme-

tropia is due to the eyeball remaining in an

undeveloped state, thus rendering the

Hyperopic eves generally are small and

sink well into the sockets. The patients who

suffer from this error complain that they

cannot read for any continued length of

time without the letters becoming dim, and

antero-posterior-diameter too short.

become over-developed.

#### Workshop Notes.

Flat or Spiral Spring.-A flat or spiral spring should never be larger than half the diameter of the balance, that is, if the spring has the coils close together, such as are generally in use at present; but if a new spring is required for a job watch, it must be of a size to suit the stud and curb pins. and therefore if larger than this prescribed size the coils should be more open.

Polishing Pivots.-Both the grinding and polishing of pivots are best done with slips of bell-metal filed to shape and used like the old fashioned pivot burnishers. Many workmen finish off with Vienna lime or diamantine to give a fine gloss, but it is hardly necessary if the polishing with sharp rouge is well done, as that gives a splendid black lustre that is the ideal of perfect polish for steel. The polishing should not be continued too long, or the surface will asume a sort of brown color and be of inferior appearance.

Friction of Mainspring .- The friction produced between the coil blades during the activity of the spring is of great importance, and becomes so much more injurious as the spring is out of truth, that is to say, when it unfolds to one side. It is fairly difficult to ascertain the origin of this, and the inquirer frequently loses much valuable time in ascertaining it. In the common watch, where the price does not, naturally, permit any very exhaustive inquiry, much could nevertheless be done toward ameliorating this evil.

Function of Regulator.-The regulator performs an important function in timing. Young watchmakers vainly try to reduce a watch to a regular rate simply because they have not given sufficient attention to the regulator. It is well-known that it should move with gentle friction-neither too hard nor too soft. Equally well known is the fact that the outer spring coil must lie exactly in the circle described by the curb pins. To some watchmakers, however, it appears very unimportant whether the curb pins stand far apart or closely together; yet this difference is productive of many irregularities in the rate of the watch.

Ruby Holes.—The ruby holes should not be too constricted, there being no danger in allowing a little play to the pivots in the holes. In the better grade of watches the ruby holes are usually of a fair size, well oiled and well set, with the exception of the center holes, which are often too exact, the

factory workman imagining that to make them well only little play must be allowed. The consquence is that the oil does not remain upon the pivots, entailing a rapid alteration in the rate of speed of the movement owing to the pivots wearing rough and getting cut. Too often these holes do not receive from the manufacturer the attention which their importance demands.

Timing in Temperature.—The practice of regulating at different temperatures is already well understood, yet for the sake of perspicuity it should be remembered that when a watch goes slower in heat the screws are carried toward the end of the blade or the balance, and if that does not suffice, then change the last gold screw for one of platina; but this latter course is very unusual, owing to the length of the spiral now in use. If the watch gains in heat the screws should be set back; and if after they have all been put back the watch still gains, the arms of the balance must be shortened, and two additional small screws added. With a little practice the desired result will be obtained.

Pallet Depths.-In light pallet depths the wheel has only to be moved back in the locking a mere trifle, but in very deep depths or long run to the bankings, the wheel has to be moved back a good bit. It is the moving back of the wheel to get the locking out from under the tooth that causes the principal resistance to the force of the balance, for if there were no motion backward of the wheel the unlocking would only be a frictional resistance, as in a regulator clock ; but this is im possible in watches, for there must be a detachment by draught inward sharp enough to free the guard-pin without any hesitation, or else there is danger that the vibration of the balance is frequently interfered with, which, in some cases, will stop the watch.

The Banking Pins .- If on closing the banking pins, the pallets escape freely and the roller and lever are not free, first try if the guard-pin is free with the banking closer, and has fair shake when the end of the lever is moved. If tight, the guard-pin must be bent back, or the roller edge turned away and repolished to give the guard-pin freedom, care being taken that the pin though free, is not so free as to pass the roller or to stick; reducing the size of the roller insures its safety, though an impression to the contrary seems to prevail among some foreign makers of common lever escapements, judging by the large radius of roller outside the ruby pin, which is seen in all

cheap levers of English, Swiss, and German make. Both time and trouble are saved by making the guard roller as small as possible. True theory requires it smaller than the roller-pin radius, hence, the double roller escapement.

Too Great Precision.-A subtle defect and one which inexperienced workmen do not readily perceive, because they occur almost solely in fine watches, is a too great precision in the performance of the escapement, but which, however, is not noticeable upon the vibration of the balance. In order to remedy this, it is sometimes necessary to remove the gilding at the place where the pallet rests while it is locked. To ascertain if the action is too strict, all the teeth of the wheel should be made to pass by, using a small wooden point in order to push the pallet of the anchor to the locking point on each side of the scape-wheel. In the great majority of cases the teeth will not pass equally well on both sides, to rectify which, it is often only necessary to raise the bed of the gilding on one side. This defect does not exist in anchors in which the locking is made on the stem of the wheel, though but few escapements of this kind are met with on account of the greater care required in their manufacture.

Cramped Ruby Pin.-Should the ruby . pin be unable to leave the lever notch, with the motion of the lever curtailed to that given it by the pressure of the pallets only, the necessary freedom must be obtained by more legitimate means than wasting the motive force in pallet motion and extra locking friction-an evil in its best form to be kept within the smallest possible limits in all escapements. If the lever notch is very deep, removing sufficiently with a piece of oilstone will give freedom, but much care is desirable in making a radical alteration, and repairers should think twice before removing parts they cannot restore. Putting the roller on a wire and warming it sufficiently to allow the ruby pin to be moved nearer the center of the roller, to make a more shallow depth, and, if the pin is circular, replacing it with one flattened on the surface, will allow the pin to leave the lever notch with more freedom ; and experiments with a brass pin in the roller should also precede any serious alterations. Exchanging a small roller pin for a large oval or flattened one will diminish the labor required in unlocking, and improve some escapements by changing the engaging friction at the line of centers to a disengaging action.

#### AIKIN, LAMBERT & CO., MANUFACTURERS AND Fine Gold Pens, = Holders, = Pencils, = Picks EXPORTERS OF . . . AND NOVELTIES IN GOLD. SILVER AND PLATE.

Having increased the size of our factory we are prepared to make larger quantities of goods than ever. Every pen carefully tested and fully warranted.

CHICAGO BRANCH: 103 State Street, S. N. JENKINS, Manager.

CENERAL ACENTS FOR PAUL E. WIRT FOUNTAIN PENS.

1 19 Maiden Lane, New York.

M DE OXII

APPY THE WOMAN

A NEW ONE FOR EVERY PLEASANT ANNIVERSARY, AND A FEW EXTRAS FOR OTHER HAPPY DAYS.

> NOW SO WELL KNOWN, OUGHT TO BE FOUND IN GOOD VARIETY IN EVERY CAREFUL JEWELER'S STOCK, AND ARE AT THEIR

COMMAND AT THE HANDS OF OUR SEVERAL TRAVELERS, OR MAY **BE ORDERED DIRECT FROM** 

WHO CAN COUNT HER RINGS

10 MAIDEN LANE,

# M. B. BRYANT&CO

.... NEW YORK.

KETCHAM & McDOUCALL, MANUFACTURERS GOLD & SILVER THIMBLES. GOLD COLLAR BUTTONS,

VATCHES.



ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE SENT ON APPLICATION

UTOMATIC EYE-GLASS HOLDERS

198 BROADWAY N. Y.



ONE TRIAL OF OUR WORK ON REFINING OF ALL KINDS WILL CONVINCE YOU THAT OUR RETURNS ARE THE BEST.

FROM 47 Cortlandt St., to 10 Maiden Lane.

BADGES

CHARLES G. BRAXNAR

MANUFACTURING JEWELER

Nº 10 MAIDEN LANE

SEND FOR CATALOGUE NEW QUARTERS Come and see us.



CONVINCE YOURSE\_F. GEO. M. BAKER, Gold and Silver Refiner and Sweep Smelter PROVIDENCE, R. I.

DIAMONDS.



31





#### The Tyg.

A MONG the forms of early English pottery the tyg or manifold drinking cup is, perhaps, the most interesting. Ever since Noah "planted a vineyard," mankind has proved susceptible to the influence of strong waters, and around the drinking habits of a nation has grown a wealth of folklore, which, however seriously we may deprecate the cause, we could ill afford to dispense with.

There is a widespread impression that the liquors of long ago were mild and innocuous as compared with modern drinks, but amongst the nations yet untouched by European influence, fiery liquors are produced and consumed. Witness the "arrack" of India, the "saki" of Japan, and the "pombe" of Central Africa; these, if not as concentrate l as Scotch whiskey, are at least far more potent than beer. They are all freely drunk by the respective peoples, and are of pure and ancient native production.



TYG, (GEOLOGICAL MUSEUM.)

Beer in England is of ancient origin, though the increasing bitterness of flavor is doubtless of modern growth. Before the days of pottery the leathern "black jack" held its own, and had the merit of being unbreakable. When, however, the advantages of greater cleanliness, in the use of earthenware, became manifest, the leathern vessels were speedily laid aside. The most obvious use of pottery was the formation of vessels to hold liquid, hence jugs and cups prece 'ed plates as articles of use in the new ware.

There probably never was a period when pottery of some description was not made in these islands, but the art, after the departure of the Romans, was of slow development. Some jugs of the twelfth and

thirteenth centuries are in existence, but it was not until the middle of the seventeenth century had been reached that the potters made any distinct progress.

It is in this advance that the influence of drinking customs is most clearly seen. Liquor and conviviality have always been linked together, and, from the appearance of a vessel such as this, we may imagine two or three jovial souls, clad in mail or jerkin, sharing their potations and their news.

These early vessels were made of common c ay of rude strength and color-a description that almost equally fits the men who used them-and were coated with a soft lead glaze. The early attempts at decoration, departing from the primitive plan of incised lines, consisted of embossed medallions, rudely moulded and applied with but little regard for symmetry. Color or shading was sometimes introduced, but at that period, and upon so dark a body, no great brilliancy was possible. The germ of an æsthetic desire once implanted, its growth is but a matter of time, and amongst the potters of that day were some who were not content to stand still. Before long they began to experiment in the use of variously tinted clays in a freer manner than was possible by using only moulded medallions.

This class of work, known as "slip" decoration, is believed to have originated as far back as the end of the sixteenth century. Dated pieces are extant from about 1640, and the Staffordshire tyg illustrated bears the date 1659 on a label. This tyg has four handles, and examples are known with as many as ten, being evidently intended to serve a large company, and to be passed from hand to hand. With the more plentiful supply of ware the combined usage of a common cup became unnecessary, and perhaps a more refined and fastidious taste preferred a separate vessel; but it is quite possible that the modern loving-cup had its origin in the economical use of a single drinking mug for the whole assembly. Be that as it may, there is something in the idea of fellowship and camaraderie engendered by the use of the same cup. In the parable of Nathan, the ewe lamb drank of the poor man's cup, an evidence of very close union, and there is no doubt that this idea prevailed when the first loving-cup was circulated. But for all that, it is told that, owing to an act of treachery on the part of a fellow-drinker, it became necessary for a friend to stand up behind the recipient of the cup in order that he might be guarded against a secret blow as he stood to drink.



STAFFORDSHIRE TYG, 1659 (BRITISH MUSEUM).

These ancient tygs grew in size and importance as the occasion of their use assumed a ceremonial character, the decorations became more elaborate, and, as in the example illustrated below, medallions were reintroduced and combined with slip work.

The seats of the manufacture of these wares were mainly at Wrotham in Kent, and in the Staffordshire Potteries. At the former place a large quantity of work was produced, and there is no doubt that some interesting discoveries would result from an excavation on the site of the old manufactory. The makers of these tygs also succeeded in turning out a number of large dishes or plaques evidently used for decorative purposes. Some of these were finished with slip decoration and others by a kind of converse process. The mould was engraved



WROTHAM TYG.

with deep trenches, and when the dish was pressed, the hollow spaces between the resulting raised lines were filled with a different colored clay, so that an inlaid effect was produced. In most of these pieces the glaze used is very soft, and is yellowish in tone,

SOME rich and

mottled colorings

effective new

#### The Connoisseur.

(Continued from p. 33)

so that a warm and lustrous appearance is imparted to the work.

Most of the English museums are rich in specimens of these early English wares, and their study cannot fail to be of interest to those now engaged in ceramic production. It seems rather a pity, too, that the universal demand for a white body should have altogether dismissed their rich colorings

WRITE FOR SPECIAL OFFER ON 14K. EXTRA FILLED CASES

Good only until August 1st. JOSEPH FAHYS & CO., 41 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

and warm tones. The Germans are now making large quantities of an inlaid ware of warm and sober tone, so that there would seem to be some warrant for the reintroduction of some such manufacture into England. We have all the tradition on our side, and while it would not be desirable to return to the crude idea and execution of the seventeenth century, the hint might be taken, and the details greatly improved. A great part of the success which attended the efforts of Josiah Wedgwood was due to the fact that he seized upon and successfully harmonized all the most beautiful tints of color in clay that could be obtained. This is surely possible now, and with different pastes different tints will be obtained. Such tints enriched by flowing glaze would present to the purchasing public a new desire, or at least a new means of education.-Pottery Gazette, (London).



Broadway, New York. These new clocks show imitations of brilliantly colored onyx, marble, wood and granite, that as closely resemble in lustre, coloring and finish the substances they imitate as did former finishes resemble porcelain. A large and varied number of colorings is shown in both

the mantle and smaller sized clocks.

NEW GOODS IN

PORCELENE CLOCKS

NEW STOCK OF CH. FIELD SHORTLY after HAVILAND CHINA. July 1st, Haviland & Abbot, 29

The Rambler's Notes.

WHAT THE RAMBLER SAW AND HEARD AMONG THE

DEALERS IN ART POTTERY CUT GLASS.

BRONZES, ETC.

have been introduced in the Porcelene

clocks of the F. Kroeber Clock Co., 360

Barclay St., New York, will commence to show their new stock of Ch. Field Haviland china, for which they are the New York agents. Many beautiful shapes and decorations are promised, which will be described in THE CIRCULAR as promptly as they are introduced.

A FINE DISPLAY OF Hall Clocks.

A FINE line of hall clocks is shown by Bawo & Dotter,

in their new clock department, at 28 Barclay St., New York. Various styles, ranging from the plain to the very elaborate and expensive, are in mahogany,oak, rosewood and cherry cases. The movements are principally of Elliot's make, striking Westminster and Wittington chimes, on eight bells, four bells, or gongs. The clocks are also fitted with separate deep gong hour strike.

#### NEW AND POPULAR PRICED LAMPS.

A<sup>N</sup> entirely new and popular priced line of banquet

Jersey Lamp & Bronze Works. These goods, the makers clain, though of a moderate price, will be finely finished and rich in appearance, and will be thoroughly suited to the trade of the retail jewelers. The lamps will be seen in the company's showrooms, 45 Maiden Lane, New York. THE RAMBLER.

#### AN APPEAL TO SENTIMENT.

"Have you had that printing done in which we refer to the silver tones of the tenor?" asked the manager of the opera company.

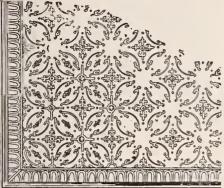
"Not yet," replied the agent.

"Well, have them put that line in the biggest type they can get. We play Denver week after next."—Washington *Star*.

#### SATISFACTORY.

FRIEND—Did you have a successful trip? DRUMMER—Fine! I've got a dozen new stories !—*Puck*.





Easily applied in new buildings, and over old broken plaster or wood Ceilings. If interested in building or repairing, send stamp for illustrated Catalogue, and state if CHURCH, HALL, STORE, OFFICE, or SCHOOL Ceiling is wanted. Address

A. NORTHROP & CO., Pittsburg, Pa.





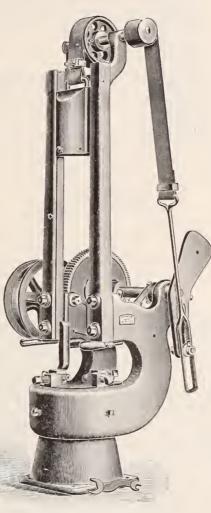


WM. ROGERS M'F'G CO., HARTFORD CONN.

# AUTOMATIC DROP PRESSES FOR JEWELERS AND SILVERSMITHS.

Weigh Weigh Weigh Distar Stroke

Mossberg Mfg. Co.,



UR new Automatic Drop Presses are simple, easy to adjust and operate, also capable of rapidly producing work that is uniform. These presses are self-contained and all driving mechanism is fastened to the base. They are operated in the same manner as a power press and have a hand trip, although a foot trip can be furnished when desired. The smaller sizes are provided with an automatic safety attachment, which catches the hammer if the belt should break, avoiding any liability of injuring the operator or the dies. This attachment makes it necessary to remove both hands from the dies when operating the press, but is not an essential feature, and can be dispensed with if not deemed necessary. We are prepared to furnish these presses in six sizes, with hammer varying from 50 to 500 lbs., and will guarantee that they will do from one and one-half to two times the amount of work that can be done by the ordinary drop press.

NO. 1=2.	
t of hammer	50
it of bed or anvil 8d	
nt, complete IIC	
nce between poppets	
e adjustable from	2

NO 1-2 PATENTED

No 2292-2837, \$6.50 Per Doz.

ATTLEBORO, MASS. SHIRT WAIST SETS

FOR SUMMER TRADE OURS ARE THE BEST. WE HAVE 50 STYLES TO SELECT FROM. PRICES THE LOWEST,

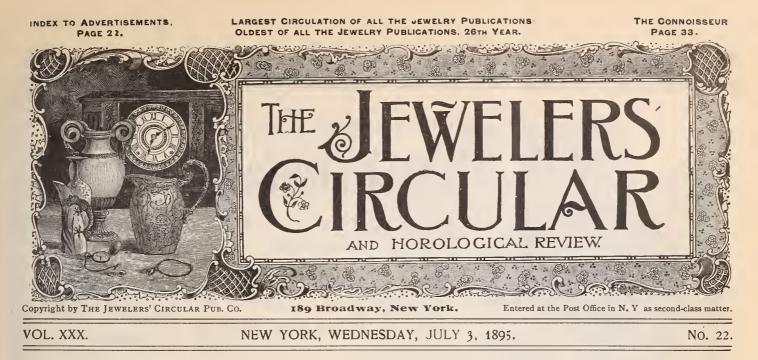
#### DESIGNS THE LATEST, FINISH THE BEST.

BELTS AND BUCKLES ALL STYLES AND PRICES. SEND TO US FOR SAMPLES.

CODDING BROS. & HEILBORN, NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS.

New York Office: C. A. Vanderbilt, 178 Broadway. Chicago Office: F. A. Buck, 805 Masonic Temple. Philadelphia Office: J. C. Buck, 15 North 6th Street.





#### REPOUSSÉ WORK IN SILVERSMITHING.

THERE was recently presented to General Nicholas Senn, at the convention of military surgeons of the United States, held in Buffalo, N. Y., a splendid shield of

sterling silver in repoussé work in high relief. An engraving of this piece of art work in silver is here presented.

The conception of the design is that of the angelic figure of Mercy raising a fallen warrior. In the center is the Geneva cross in deep red enamel. The inscription, which has been properly treated as a band of ornament around the outer rim of the shield, and adds much to the general decorative effect, runs as follows: "To Nicholas Senn, M. D., Ph. D., LL. D., Surgeon General, N. G. Ill., the Association of Mil. Surgs. of the United States inscribes this testimonial in grateful recognition of his services as its founder and first president, and in the advancement this line that has been produced by an American house. The conception of the design and the drawing are due to B. P. Jenks, of the foregoing firm, while the exe-

geons of the United States is due, was president until last year, when he was succeeded by George N. Sternberg, Surgeon General of the United States Army. The history



SILVER SHIELD PRESENTED TO SURGEON GENERAL NICHOLAS SENN. neeting. | cution of the repoussé work is by W. D. | tralized

of military surgery. Fifth annual meeting. An. Dom. MDCCCXCV." The shield was manufactured by Goodnow & Jenks, Boston. It is one of the most successful works in

Darby, superintendent of their factory. General Senn, to whom the credit of forming the Association of Military Sur-

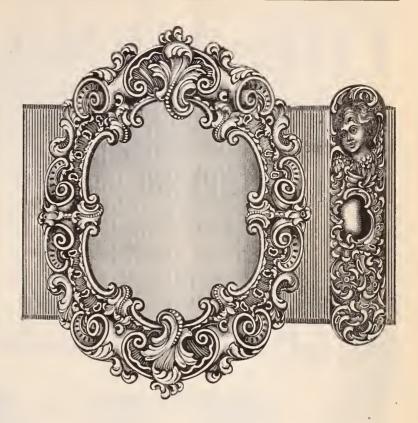
tralized by international agreement. The compliment to Switzerland was due to that republic, since it had taken the initiative in the movement. A treaty known as the con-

of this movement is of interest. For centuries a medical service has been attached to armies, but the terrible revelations of the suffering during the Crimean war caused widespread feeling among civilized nations, the outcome of which was the international conference at Geneva in 1863, which included among its 36 delegates the representatives of 14 governments and six societies. A representative of the United States was present, but during the civil war the Government was averse to formally joining in the international agreement. A red cross in a white ground, the flag of Switzerland, with the colors reversed, was adopted as the distinctive badge of persons and places neu\_ The

2



6717 Oxidized.
6718 Old Gold Finish.
6719 Silver, Satin Finish.
6720 Roman Gold Finish.



6757 Roman Gold Finish.
6758 Old Gold Finish.
6759 Oxidized.
6760 Silver, Satin Finish.

THESE BUCKLES ARE ALLPROVIDED WITHOUR INTERCHANGEABLE BELTATTACHMENT.

# BIPPART & CO.,

Manufacturers of FINE JEWELRY IN 14 K. GOLD AND .925 FINE SILVER GOODS,

### NEWARK, N. J.

#### THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR

# THE APOLLO

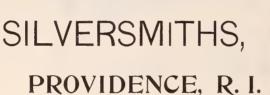
the most popular flatware pattern on the market, all our other well-liked and salable patterns, and in fact all our goods of every description, have but one standard,

### STERLING, <sup>925</sup> FINE.

#### WE MAKE NO OTHER GRADE.

Our trade mark is therefore at all times a guarantee that the article on which it appears is STERLING SILVER.

J.B. & S.M. Knowles Co.





vention of Geneva embodying various resolutions, was signed in 1864 at Geneva by 12 out of 16 delegates there assembled; and this treaty has since been acceded to by every power excepting China and some of the smaller Asiatic countries. The convention was finally ratified by the President and Senate of the United States, and the treaty signed in March, 1882. As a result of this, General Senn five years ago called together in Chicago those interested in the subject, and formed the Association of Military Surgeons of the National Guard. The surgeons of the regular army and navy soon afterwards joined the society, and then it became known as the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, with a membership of over 500 medical officers.

WOOD & HUGHES. STERLING SILVERWARE MANUFACTURERS New York Agents for the Derby Silver Co-FINE QUADRUPLE PLATED WARE, No. 16 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK 206 Kearney St., San Francisco, Cai HASKELL & MUEGGE, Agents.

FERD. FUCHS & BROS. SILVERSMITHS, MAKLRS OF STERLING SILVERWARE, 808-810 Greenwich St., . New York.



4

THE

SELLS.

CHEESE SERVER



#### BEING AN HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DAY.\*

PART XIII.

THE old established house of Reed & Barton, Taunton, Mass., have been manufacturing sterling silver flatware somewhat over five years. For many years they had enjoyed a world-wide reputation as manufacturers of nickel and silver plated

purpose to discuss here. In the short space of five years they have placed upon the market 10 fine staple patterns in sterling silver flatware, which uphold the makers' reputation as originators of designs.

These ten patterns are as follows : Lux-

in general outline, derived from the Oval Thread. Its elaborate net-work of floral ornamentation is very attractive.

La Rocaille, placed on the market in 1890, is one of the most successful patterns of the firm. It is rich and artistic, the



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF REED & BARTON.

wares. When the firm entered upon the manufacture of sterling silverware, their abundance of capital, their pride of 40 years of successful effort, and their determination to lead and not to follow, guaranteed to the trade that they would produce something out of the ordinary. They excited the universal admiration of the trade in their enamel work, regarding which it is not our

Copyright, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

embourg, Flora, La Rocaille, Athenian, Athenian engraved, Empire, Trajan, La Reine, Majestic and La Marquise. None of these patterns follow directly any model.

The Luxembourg produced in 1290 is a chaste pattern which suggests, in outline, the old King. The conventional leaf work about the edge is an artistic ornamental feature.

The Flora introduced in the same year is,

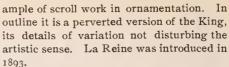
points of variation in the outline from the Oval Thread enhancing the general effect. The swirling curves, the shell-like details, and the columnar stem combine in making a beautiful ensemble.

The Athenian and Athenian engraved are a condensed version of the Ovai Thread. They appeal to a refined, simple taste. They were introduced in 1891.

The Trajan, brought out in 1892, is the most elaborate pattern of Reed & Barton

and has proved highly successful. It is a marvelous conglomeration of flowers and scrolling leaf-work, and is a conception of a truly artistic mind.

The Empire, another production of 1892,





FLATWARE PATTERNS OF REED & BARTON.

appeals to that taste which demands finicalness of detail in ornamental effects. The outline is a delicate sweep.

La Reine shares with the Trajan a deserved popularity. It, too, is a notable exThe Majestic, placed before the trade in 1894, is derived from the old King, which pattern governed the spoon products of silversmiths generally last year. The decorative scheme is a symmetrical treatment

### Dominick & Haff,

MAKERS OF WARES IN

#### STERLING SILVER,

FOR THE TRADE ONLY

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES

of flute work. The pattern, taken all together, is highly effective.

La Marquise, the latest pattern of Reed & Barton, produced the current year, exhibits a unique treatment of the Roman scroll. The outline is unique but symmetrical, and the bead details enhance the general beauty of the pattern. La Marquise has won a large measure of success.

(Series to be continued.)

#### Collection of Clocks in the National Museum.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 27.—The National Museum, of Washington, through Professor Langley, the secretary of the Smithsonian Institute, has been making a collection of clocks and devices for telling the time. This is a hobby with the professor, and on his several trips to Europe he has brought over to America quite a number of devices, ancient in history and design. These, together with the result of several years' labor on the part of a number of persons connected with the Institute, have recently been arranged and classified and are now on exhibition to visitors.

In the collection are some that date back to the time when sun dials constituted the only method of measuring the lapse of time among the masses of the people. One dial in the collection was not uncommon in the rural 'regions of the northern States 30 to 40 years ago. Other devices in the collection are hour glasses such as were used in England during Shakespeare's time, and models of early clocks which were run by weights. A large number of watches illustrate the progress in the make of this important mechanism.



Gold Medal Paris Exposition for Superior Cutting in Competition with the World. Highest and Only Awards for Scientific Cutting at Antwerp Expositions1885 and 1894-

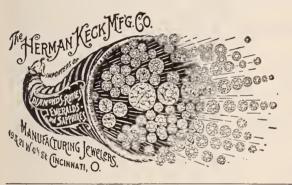


Ooetermans=Henrichs=Keck

### Diamond Cutting Company, LEADING DIAMOND CUTTERS.

ANTWERP, CINCINNATI, KIMBERLY.

> **Our Fortunate Purchase at Kimberly of BLUE-RIVER-STONES.** The only shipment of DIAMONDS equal to OLD MINE GOODS, and the LARGEST SINGLE SHIPMENT of its kind in the history of the Diamond Business, the FIRST SHIPMENT OF ROUGH DIAMONDS DIRECT FROM AFRICA to the UNITED STATES, WILL BE CUT BY THE BEST ARTISTS IN THE WORLD AT OUR NEW FACTORY (to the HIGHEST DEGREE OF PERFECTION), and will be offered to the trade WITHOUT PROFIT to establish our reputation as UNEX-CELLED ARTISTIC DIAMOND CUTTERS in the New WORLD, as testified to by HIGHEST AWARDS in the OLD.



WE have on hand a FULL LINE OF DIAMONDS, of all grades and sizes, cut in our new factory, and are prepared to offer them at Lower Figures than Former Im-PORTED GOODS.

#### SOLE SELLING AGENTS.

Complete Stock in all Grades and Sizes of Diamonds (Finished in our Unrivaled Cut), at Lowest Prices.



# F. M. WHITING COMPANY, SILVERSMITHS.

Factory and Main Office,





New York Office,

1128 BROADWAY.

Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withhold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.



8

Makers of Finger Rings of every Description. REMOVED FROM BROADWAY AND JOHN STREET, OSMAIDEN LANE,

NEW YORK.

#### Jewelry and Silver of the Sporting Season.

#### A LADY'S RAMBLES AMONG THE JEWELERS.

This is to be a sporting season. The clubs and college insignia have assumed new importance. Plain buckles, something like the West Point buckles, with a framework of beading have the sporting pennant larger and more prominent than ever, thrown across for the only ornament. Similar buckles have been spoken of before, but these are large and much more prominent. It is observed that the yachting pennant of the New York Club is more harmonious on a dull silver ground, while the white and light blue of the Royal Yacht Squadron, which it seems has some votaries here, looks best with light silver, while the cross of the Larchmont deep blue goes equally well with silver and with silver gilt. The pale blue and white pennant of Columbia demands silver, while the orange and black of Princeton insists on gold. The Harvard crimson looks well on gilt, while the blue of Ely's boys is well relieved on either silver or gold. The yachting belt buckle is a taking novelty of the season.

Belting is supplied by the thoughtful jeweler in club colors. Princeton belting is in longitudinal divisions of orange and black. Solid blue, crimson and pale blue are provided for Yale, Harvard and Columbia respectively. Nor are minor colleges and clubs neglected in this matter. Beautiful arrangements are shown by some jewelers in mounted buckles. White belts are provided with buckles of lustrous silver and white enamel; blue belts have buckles of silver and blue enamel. Appropriate tints in metals and color are combined in this manner—a happy forethought that saves busy women the pains of shopping and matching tints.

Prizes and trophies are displayed on every side. Among the prizes for the greater events loving cups are decidedly the favorite. These are of the three handled variety in the larger cups. They are of silver, richly wrought, although sometimes of glass overlaid and mounted with silver.

Outside of these great events and occasions in which the prize is suggested by the nature of the competition, as in tennis where a racket is the usual prize, more personal trophies are preferred. Never was there such a choice as this season. The occasion is shown in the ornamentation, and the designers and the engravers have done themselves honor. The man, for example, who has made the best catch can have a razor on the sides of which are fish in relief. For the golfer, if he be a man, is a coupon cutter, on which is laid out golf links and players at work. Tennis courts. are laid out on coupon cutters and match safes, cigar and cigarette holders. The man on the wheel is found on every available object that can accommodate his personal use. Horse racing, hunting, marine views are depicted with a picturesqueness and an exactness on objects in silver such as no other season has shown.

Gold stick and scarf pins suggest all sorts of sports. An oar, for example, is used as the pin and across the paddle is a miniature birch bark canoe or racing shell. A silver hat on a steering wheel signifies the yachtman's pin. A man astride his wheel is perfectly reproduced in gold for the bicycler. Gold tennis rackets and crossed golf sticks, the Manhattan diamond, the New York Athletic Club's winged foot are reproduced in rubies, garnets and diamonds for the ornamentation of the Summer scarf.

These are ostensibly for the men, but in these days, when men share with women their garments and sports and ornaments, the need for purely feminine devices scarcely exists. White canvas memorandum books, diaries, pocket books, card cases, and portfolios are intended chiefly for the fair sex away from home, on whom falls the bulk of the correspondence. These are bound with a simple brown and white mixed cord, and the writer's sporting tastes and preferences are indicated in the upper right hand corner in enamel pennants, twisted sailor knots and the implements with which tennis, golf and bowls are played. ELSIE BEE.

#### U. S. Government Report on Precious Stones.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26.-The report of the Geological Survey on Precious Stones of the United States for the calendar year 1894, completed by special agent George F. Kunz, New York, has been received from New York.

The principal developments of the year are summarized as follows: The finding of a 107% karat diamond at Dowagiac, Mich.; developing of a new ruby mine near Franklin, North Carolina; finding of emeralds at Mitchell Peak and near Earles Station, North Carolina; memorial to Congress to preserve the world renowned agatized forest; finding of a remarkable compact variscite giving a new ornamental stone utabite, and a smaller output of the turquoise mines due to the depressed financial conditions.

The rumor that circulated early in this year of the discovery of brilliant diamonds at Mount Edgecombe, near Sitka, Alaska, was proven on investigation to be without foundation. Sapphire deposits are reported 25 miles west of Phillipsburg, Montana, 14,000 acres in extent. A new locality of true emeralds was also found near Bakersville, N. C. A big output is predicted upon development of the vein. The output of turquoise, of which so large a quantity was mined during 1891 and 1892, was limited to not more than 30,000 for 1894. No new turquoise mines of value were opened,

### ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS. RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS.

IMPORTERS OF

### DIAMONDS.

AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

#### FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

DIAMOND JEWELRY.

IN THE LATEST DESIGNS.

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

58 Nassau Street,

29 Maiden Lane,

NEW YORK.

I Tulp Straat, AMSTERDAM.

I St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus, LONDON, E. C.



FRADE MARK.

CARTER, SLOAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

#### No. 15 MAIDEN LANE.

NEW YORK.

A. CARTER JR. A. K. SLOAN. C. E: HASTINGS.

GEO. R. HOWE. WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH.

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.

Cutter and Importer of

FACTORY !

76 LANGEBLEEKERSPAD AMSTERDAM.





#### An Interesting Decision by the Board of General Appraisers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 28 .- It would seem to be better both for the importer and the Government if there were less room for contention in the construction of our tariff laws. A troublesome dispute has been recently decided by the Board of General Appraisers and an opinion rendered by General Appraiser Somerville. The merchandise in question was an importation of bronze vases per La Bretagne for Thos. Kirkpatrick, New York, under the Act of August 28, 1894, which was assessed for duty under paragraph 177, providing for "Manufactured articles or wares not specially provided for in this Act, composed wholly or in part of any metal, and whether partly or wholly manufactured, thirty-five per centum ad valorem."

The importer claimed that these articles were free from duty, the warrant for that claim being found in paragraph 585, which reads as follows: "Philosophical or scientific apparatus, utensils, instruments, and preparations, including bottles and boxes containing the same; statuary, casts of marble, bronze, alabester, or plaster of



Easily applied in new buildings, and over old broken plaster or wood Ceilings. If interested in building or repairing, send stamp for illustrated Catalogue, and state if **CHURCH, HALL, STORE, OFFICE,** or **SCHOOL** Ceiling is wanted. Address

A. NORTHROP & CO., Pittsburg, Pa.

Paris; paintings, drawings, and etchings, specially imported in good faith for the use of any society or institution incorporated or established for religious, philosophical, educational, scientific, or literary purposes, or for encouragement of the fine arts, and not intended for sale."

The contention of the importer was that the concluding phrase of this paragraph does not limit or qualify the preceding words "casts of \*\*\* bronze," and a similar contention was made by Leon J. Glaenzer & Co. relative to an importation of philosophical instruments, which involved the construction of the corresponding section of the tariff of 1890, namely paragraph 677. It was the decision of the Board at that time that the instruments in question were not free of duty, unless specially imported in good faith for use in the institutions therein described, and not intended for sale. Against this decision an appeal was taken to the Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York, but the official information in connection with this case is that the suit was abandoned by dismissal. The present case is entirely analogous. The articles are casts of bronze and were imported for barter or sale as stated in the report of the collector made to the Board. They are not, therefore, for any society or institution, religious, educational, scientific, or otherwise, and the finding of the Board was that they were not free of duty.

#### The Assets and Liabilities of Herman A. Ockel.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 29. — William Fitch, assignee of Herman A. Ockel who failed Dec. 31, 1894, has filed his schedules with the Clerk of the Supreme Court, and it is expected that a dividend will be declared in a short time. These schedules are as follows:

Assets—Clocks, \$1,901.13; bronzes, \$43.20; music boxes and attachments, \$1,241.84; plated silverware, \$650.60; opera glasses, \$57.72; jewelry, \$953.20; diamonds, set and unset, \$1,354.79; watches complete, cases and movements, \$4,851.02; book accounts, good, collectible and uncollectible, \$2,009.62; fixtures, etc., \$1,946; total, \$15,892.04; real estate, house and lot situated on Academy Ave., assessed for \$4,400 and mortgaged for \$4,000.

Liabilities: Accounts payable, \$3,832.08; bills payable, \$7,854.93; wages, \$79: rent, \$292; amount due on memorandum goods sold, \$945.69; total, \$18,003.70. According to the schedules there are 62 creditors. Among the larger of these are:

Rogers & Bro. \$92.13; Charles Jacques Clock Co., \$215.70; Smith, Patterson & Co., \$1.012.06; Louis Kaufman & Co., \$261.35; N. H. White & Co., \$2,605.40; Adelphi Silver Plate Co., \$323.74; Peckham Seamless Ring Co., \$124.13; Bassett Jewelry Co., \$101.71; Jacot & Son, \$540.36; Jules Racine & Co., \$393 25; Kent & Stanley Co., \$318.58; William Fenton, \$379.96; C. Sydney Smith, \$258 30; Mathey Bros., Mathez & Co., \$267.76; Seth Thomas Clock Co., \$161.22; Broice Bros., \$101.65; C. Rogers & Bros., \$194.38; Suffolk Trading Co., \$294.50.

#### The Death of Edward H. Goulding.

ALTON, Ill., June 24.— Edward H. Goulding, a prominent jeweler of this city, died early on the morning of June 20th after an illness of a month.

Mr. Goulding was born in Grafton, Mass., Nov. 6, 1827, and came west 40 years ago. The funeral was held Sunday.

#### The Dueber Factory to Manufacture Bicycles.

A new industry is to be started at the Canton watch factory which will give employment to a large number of people. For the past six weeks Mr. Dueber has been arranging for the manufacture of bicycles, and now has his plans almost completed. The Hampden shop is well equipped for their manufacture, and very little machinery needs to be purchased. The wheel to be turned out will be strictly high grade, and, according to the statement of Mr. Dueber. will be the best in the market. It is probable that no wheels will be manufactured for sale this year, but that a large stock will be made ready for next year's trade. Although no name has yet been selected for the wheel, it will probably be called the Dueber.-Elgin Courier.

A timepiece invented by jeweler E. L. Egolf, 807 N. 3d St., Harrisburgh, Pa., is attracting much attention. It is a mysterious clock, which cannot be removed from the store as the dial is painted on the glass window. The hands are genuine, and passers-by are kept guessing as to what runs the clock.



### Philanthropical Causes Worthy of Support.

The following letter has been sent to the trade asking for subscriptions and donations for the Fair in aid of The Educational Alliance and The Hebrew Technical Institute, to be held Dec. 9 to 21, 1895, in the Madison Square Garden, New York:

#### To the Trade :

GENTLEMEN - In calling your attention to the Fair in aid of two of the broadest philanthropical causes of the century, the Jewelry Committee would say, the Executive Council of the Fair have adopted a resolution in behalf of those who propose to aid the Fair, so they should be spared the annoyance of being solicited by different parties laboring for the cause, embarrassing the donor as to whom he or they should honor as the medium of their donation.

Said resolution is printed on inside cover of every book and is as follows. It is respectfully requested that the wholesale trades should make their contributions only through the various t ade committees appointed to act for the purpose in their fa ticular line. In this manner each trade will have an opportunity for concentration of purpose, and total results easier shown. One of our Committee will ca'l on you later, and it is hoped that you will kindly withhold your donation until such call is made.

It may be superfluous to call your attention to the broad grounds on which the Educational Alliance and the Hebrew Technical Institute of this city are founded. The first is to-day educating and Americanizing a large number of young foreigners, boys and girls in their teens, who are taught the essentials of a common education, and particularly the Engl sh language and the principles of American citizenship; the Alliance using every means within its power to inculate American ideas and to consummate in a few years what in-former days\_required many years to accomplish.

The Technical Institute goes a step further. They are to day educating several hundred young men in various industrial trades, giving them a good general schooling and practical and technical teaching in the various mechanical branches of the industrial world, teaching handicrafts making them capable masons, curpenters, cabinet-makers, etc.

Both of these institutions are limited in their sphere owing to lack of means; and it is proposed that this grand fair to raise as near to \$200,000 as possible, removing a mort<sub>i</sub>:age and placing the institutions on a solid foundation to work.

Please bear in mind that while there are some twenty committee nen pertaining to the Jewelry and kindred trades, all subscriptions and donations will be credited to the Committee, and the trade as a whole will receive credit for the same, and it is hoped that when the results are published the Jewelers' totals will stand at the very head of the list.

Very respectfully,

THE JEWELRY COMMITTEE.

The committee of jewelry lines consists of S. F. Myers, of S. F. Myers & Co., chairman; M. J. Lissauer, of Lissauer & Co.; Leopold Stern, of Stern Bros. & Co.; Gus. Veith, of Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith; David Keller, of Keller, Ettinger & Fink; B. L. Strasburger, of B. L. Strasburger & Co.; M. J. Strauss, of Hammel, Riglander & Co.; Henry Lorsch, of Sussfeld, Lorsch & Co.; J. J. Cohn, of J. J. Cohn; Leopold Adler, of L. & J. Adler & Co.; L. Weil, of S. Valfer & Co.; I. Bschrach, of S. Bachrach & Sons; A. Redlich, of Ludwig, Redlich & Co.; M. S. Newwitter, of Newwitter & Rosenheim; S. Mosbacher, of S. Mosbacher & Co.; A. Liebeskind, of J. Hamerschlag's Sons; E. Stein, of Basch Bros. & Co.; L. Lehman, of Lazarus, Rosenfeld & Lehmann, and Albert Ulmann, of Jewelers' Weekly.

#### Small Dividend Declared by the Assignee of W. L. Ballou & Co.

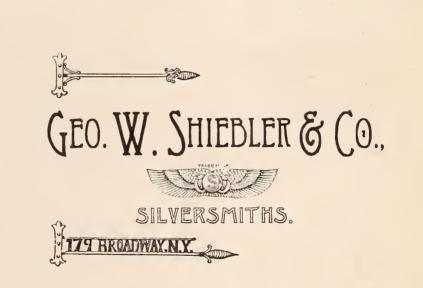
PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 27.—Clarke H. Johnston, assignee of William L. Ballou & Co., has announced and is paying his first and final dividend amounting to six per cent. The defunct concern conducted a manufacturing jewelry business on Warren St., and a wholesale and retail business at the corner of Mathewson and Westminster Sts. They made an assignment Oct. 18, 1894.

There is considerable controversy over the outcome of the matter, and many of the creditors claim that it is the worst failure that has occurred in the eastern jewelry trade in many years. The following figures from the schedules filed with the Clerk of the Supreme Court by the assignee are of interest :

Assets: Fancy Goods, \$5,110.70; jewclry, \$7,431.03; crockery, \$1,134.28; leather goods, \$3,351.87; silverware, \$3,061.54; furniture and fixtures, \$200; goods sold during the taking of the inventory, \$475.71; accounts

receivable, \$201.95; total assets, \$20,967.08 Liabilities : Total, \$78,079. Among the largest creditors are : M. Fox & Co., \$2,158.-73; W. G. Hopkins, trustee for W. E. White, \$1,238.97; W. S. Hedges & Co., \$1,271.47; Max Freund & Co., \$1,939.07 ; Parker Bros., \$3.100; Albert Lorsch & Co., \$4,354.85; L. Tannenbaum & Co, \$2,284 36; Jos. Frankel's Sons, \$950; Brown & Dean, \$774.-22; Henry Cowan, \$459.40; John W. Sherwood, \$697.27; Meriden Britannia Co., \$593.72; National Bank of Commerce, \$9,-750; Atlantic National Bank, \$9,250; Morrill Bros. & Co., \$404.50; Hayden W. Wheeler & Co., \$715.33; Smith, Patterson & Co., \$427.17, and nearly 150 others.

About 2 o'clock one morning recently, the burglar alarm in S. Desio's jewelry store, 1012 F St. N. W., Washington, D. C., went off, and sounded a general thief alarm. A special officer responded and blew a distress call which brought patrolmen to the spot. The premises were searched, but the thieves who had attempted to force an entry had fled.



# Perhaps You Don't!

BUT IF YOU SHOULD USE MUSLIN BUFFS,

TAKE ONLY THE A1 WILLIAMSVILLE BUFFS.

One Standard-INVARIABLE.

One Quality-THE BEST.

One Trial—ALWAYS USED.

PREPAID SAMPLES IF YOU WANT THEM!

#### WILLIAMSVILLE MFG. CO.

18 SOUTH WATER ST.,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

MILLS AT WILLIAMSVILLE, KILLINGLY, CONN.

#### Annual Meeting of the Alabama Retail Jewelers' Association.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 27.—The fourth annual meeting of the Retail Jewelers' Association of Alabama was held in the Y. M. C. A. Hall, Selma, Tuesday, the 25th inst. Twenty-eight members of the trade were present when President Hobbs called the convention to order.

Secretary William Rosenstihl, Jr., being absent, J. L. Schweizer, of Selma, acted as temporary secretary. In opening the session President Hobbs made a brief speech in which he reviewed the four years' growth of the association and outlined the beneficial results already accomplished, as well as the work which yet remains for the association to do.

Temporary Secretary Schweizer submitted a letter from Secretary Rosenstihl, who was unavoidably detained in Birmingham, which offered some valuable suggestions for a line of action by the convention, especially as regards the proposed enactment by the State Legislature of a law which will require the stamping of gold and silver goods by all manufacturers in order to show how much pure metal the goods contain, and to indicate their quality, and thus prevent imposition upon the public.

Mr. Rosenstihl, in his letter, urged the enforcement of the pawnbrokers' law enacted by the last Alabama Legislature, and called the association's attention to the necessity for action against those wholesale houses that sent out their catalogues and price lists broadcast and indiscriminately.

On motion, the letter and its suggestions were referred to a special committee consisting of C. L. Ruth, Montgomery; W. H. Welch, Demopolis; and G. J. Alston, Tuscaloosa.

William Black, Montgomery, who was absent, also sent a letter along the same line and it was likewise referred to the foregoing committee for action.

The election of officers then took place with the following results: E. H. Hobbs, Selma, president; J. C. Welch, Uniontown, vice-president; C. L Ruth, Montgomery, second vice-president; Wm. Rosenstihl, Jr., Birmingham, secretary; Wm. H. Welch, Demopolis, treasurer; board of directors W. H. Welch, Demopolis, E. H. Hobbs, Selma, F. L. Zimmerman, Troy, George A. Poetz, Mobile, and J. L. Schweizer, Selma; all the old board being re-elected except Otto Stoelker, Montgomery, whom Mr. Schweizer succeeds.

Recess was then taken to give the special committee time to prepare their report.

When the convention reassembled after dinner the special committee reported as follows, which was unanimously adopted:

"Your committee beg leave to suggest that, as our Legislature does not meet again until after our next annual convention, we recommend that the chair appoint a committee of three, consisting of the president, E. H. Hobbs, J. L. Schweizer and F. Loeb, to draft a suitable bill requiring the stamping of gold and silver, to be reported and acted upon at the next annual meeting of our association.

 $^{\rm tr}$  We further suggest that the treasurer forward the per capita tax to the National Association.

"We also condemn every house which issues catalogues and distributes them indiscriminately throughout the country, and we pledge ourselves not to buy from such houses who do not seek the legitimate trade.

"We further suggest that in regard to the pawnbrokers' law just passed at our last Legislature, that all members of this association see that the law is strictly enforced, and that the Secretary furnish each member of our association with a copy of this law.

"The committee also recommend that our president take proper steps to have our association incorporated by law; also that the above special committee look into the law of Alabama as requiring the licensing of peddlers of clocks, spectacles. eyeglasse; silverware, etc., and, if nece sary, to draft a suitable bill for presentation to the Legislature to regulate this practice properly, and we de-ire that such bill be general in its scope in order to embrace the entire State and thus avoid the passage of local bills, the same bill to be reported at our next annual meeting with the others."

The convention then elected J. L. Schweizer, Selma, delegate to the National Convention which meets in St. Louis July, 17th, and C. L. Ruth, Montgomery, alternate. Mobile was selected as the next place of meeting, the date to be determined by the board of directors.

After final adjournment the delegates were regaled at an elegant lunch spread before them by the jewelers of Selma, and a delightful evening concluded another successful session of the Retail Jewelers' Association of Alabama.

The new pawnbrokers' law which the association urges its members to have enforced is as follows:

#### AN ACT TO REGULATE THE BUSI-NESS OF PAWNBROKING.

SECTION I. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Alabama : That any person engaged in the business of Pawnbroking, upon receiving as security for the loan of money or other thing of value, any personal property or chose in action, shall enter in a book a full description thereof, and give to the Borrower a receipt setting forth the same description of the pledge, stating the amount of the debt and when it is due; Omitting to make such entry and to give such receipt, the Pawnbroker shall forfeit the debt and all right to the security.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted: That all sales by Pawnbrokers of pledges must be made at 'public auction after five days' notice thereof given by advertisement in a newspaper published in the city or town where the pledge was made, of the time and place of sale, in which advertisement the thing sold shall be described as in the receipt given. No pledge shall be sold until after the expiration of sixty days from the date when the pledge was delivered. All sales made contrary to this provision shall be void.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted: That any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and for each offence upon conviction shall be fined not less than ten dollars and not more than one hundred dollars.

During the convention's session attention was called by Temporary Secretary Schweizer to the good work THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR has been doing for the association by publishing fuller reports than other papers of its progress and work, and keeping the trade well informed. In proof of this Mr. Schweizer read several extracts from THE CIRCULAR bearing on the Alabama Association. THE CIRCULAR was thanked.

A note of thanks was given the Y. M. C. A. for the use of their hall.

Both J. L. Schweizer and C. L. Ruth will attend the National Convention.



100 RICHMOND ST., PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Manufacturing Jewelers and Silversmiths.

STERLING, 925/1000 FINE.

Headquarters for Manicure Goods and Sterling Novelties.

#### Silversmiths and Jewelers Offer Ideas on Stamping Legislation.

On June 20, THE CIRCULAR sent to the silversmiths and about 100 jewelers a letter embodying the following questions:

Gentlemen:-What are your ideas on the subject of regulating the stamping of silver articles?

a. Do you favor regulation by Act of Legislature?

b. Do you favor the establishment of a system similar to the Hall Mark system which exists in England?

What are your ideas on the subject of regulating the tamping of gold articles?

What means would you suggest to combat the making and selling of so claimed falsely marked articles?

The response to the letter has been very prompt and full, the following letters being received last week, in addition to the many published in last issue of THE CIRCULAR:

VOICE OF THE SILVERSMITHS.

#### Not In Favor of a Hall Marking System.

NEW YORK, June 26, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

We are heartily in favor of the adoption of a national law with severe penalty clause to regulate the stamping of silver articles. The penalty for violation should be of sufficient severity to make the law effective, and we would favor a law giving one-half of fine imposed to the party furnishing the necessary evidence to secure conviction. Until such time as a national law can be enacted we are in favor of the movement inaugurated in several States through their

legislatures. We do not approve of the English Hall Marking law, as we think that just as satisfactory results can be obtained with a national law, and with less trouble and expense to the manufacturer.

Our experience with the Hall Marking office has not resulted in giving us a favor-able opinion of the English law. They refused to stamp articles of silver deposit on glass that were 999-1000 fine on the ground that they could not stamp them without breaking the glass, notwithstanding the fact that we demonstrated to them that the stamps could be readily impressed in the fine metal by hand without the use of a hammer. Hence we were obliged to place our goods on the market without the Hall Mark relying solely upon the reputation and guarantee of the dealer handling the goods -and we had some difficulty in receiving assurance from the Hall Marking officials that they would not interfere with the sale of the goods, although they were about 10 per cent. finer in quality than the standard required by law.

We are in favor of the same law to be applied to the stamping of gold articles. Yours truly,

ALVIN MFG. Co.

#### Hall Mark for Both Gold and Silver.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 24, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' CIRCULAR

We think that all silver articles should be stamped "sterling" and that a penalty en-acted by law should be passed, making a sever penalty against any person or firm or corporations who shall make any silver articles, jewelry, tableware or other goods so stamped, not to the standard of sterling silver.

As regards gold jewelry, all such should be stamped with the exact amount of value per karat. In other words, we should have a Hall Mark for silver and gold.

JOS. SEYMOUR'S SONS & CO.

#### Hall Mark System of England Advocated.

New York, June 28, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' CIRCULAR

We have your letter of 20th, and would say, in reply, that we are heartily in favor of regulating the stamping of silver by act of the Legislature similar to the Hall Mark system in vogue in England, and our idea as to a remedy for the evil arising from the fraudulent stamping of silver, is the enact-ment of a national law. Yours very truly,

J. F. FRADLEY & CO. GEO. W. DOMICK.

#### VOICE OF THE RETAILERS.

#### The Hall Mark System a Panacea.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 24, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

Your circular in regard to the stamping of silver articles is quite opportune.

We believe the manufacture and sale of any article stamped sterling and sold for sterling silver that assays less than 925-1000 fine should be made a crime punishable by fine and imprisonment.

The act to regulate the sale of goods marked sterling or coin recently passed by the Legislature of New York and other States should be made a national law at next session of Congress.

We think an amendment should be added compeling manufacturers to stamp every article with their trade mark in addition to the words, "Sterling, 925-1000." Many legitimate manufacturers have

been stamping their goods sterling without using their trade mark. Let us have the addition of the trade mark

We believe the same law should be made to apply to all gold goods and have the makers' trade mark with the quality 10,14 or

18 karat stamped on every article. A system similar to the English Hall Mark system adopted in this country would be a panacea for many of the evils the retail trade suffer from.

Make these laws and punlsh all violators -let our honest manufacturers be the guardians of the illegitimate makers and the retailers will give their attention to the fake jewelers and dry goods pests. Yours truly, E. P. ROBERTS & SONS.

#### Should be a Law Regulating the Stamping of Manufactured Goods.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 24, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

Your circular letter of 20th received. It is no doubt the judgment of reliable jewelers that there should be a law regulating the stamping of manufactured goods, both silver and gold, as a precautionary measure against fraud or imposition. We have had only one instance so far-possibly two-where the article was falsely stamped sterling; for some reason we had our doubts as to its genuineness, and stood over the pot or crucible to see the result. It proved to be base metal silver plated. We have this now in our possession. As a consequence a very

positive correspondence was had with the what we had supposed to be the thoroughly reliable manufacturer. Your movement in this direction is a good one. Yours truly,

W. KENDRICK'S SONS.

#### Make False Stamping a Criminal Offense.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 22, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

In answer to your letter of June 20th re-garding the stamping of gold and silver ware, will say:

That I have seriously been considering this problem for some time, and have come to the conclusion that every manufacturer of gold or silver ware should be compeled by law to stamp the grade of fineness, and also his name or initials, or trademark, on all articles placed on the market.

In order to carry this idea into effect, I had introduced in our last Legislature a bill regulating these matters, which passed the Senate but got side tracked in the House on account of the rush of business towards the end of the session.

In order to protect the honest manu-facturer as well as the dealer, I should favor a law making false stamping a crim-inal offense. Yours respectfully,

J. C. KLAHOLT.

#### Have Goods Up to the Standard.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 28, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

We have a law regulating the stamping of silver articles, and every manufacturer and dealer should abide by it or suffer the a. We do.

a. We do.
b. Certainly.
As to gold goods every article should come up to the standard.

As to the combating the abuse, have the quality stamped on each article of gold, and have all plated goods stamped plated, so that the customers may know what they are purchasing. Let us be square and honest in our business transactions.

C. H. CASE & Co.

#### Every Manufacturer Should Have a Trademark.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 28, 1895.

Editor of The Jewelers' Circular: a. We do. b. Yes.

As to gold goods, all goods should be stamped with quality, and every manufacturer should be compeled to have a trade-HARRIS & SHAFER. mark.

#### The Hall Mark System the Best in Existence.

Омана, Neb., June 24, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

In answer to your inquiry of the 20th with reference to the establishment of a system similar to the Hall Mark system which exists in England, we will say that we are heartily in favor of it. As far as we have investigated this system, we find it the very best in existence, and we certainly are in favor of regulation by Congress. We also think that the stamping of gold articles should be included in the same bill, and parties—no matter who they may be— who sell articles represented to be gold or silver of a certain standard while they are not, ought to be punished by fine and imprisonment the same as thieves and swindlers.

The jewelry business at best is a confi-ence business, and the public at large dence should be satisfied that whenever they purchase an article of a jeweler the same must be exactly as represented by him. Whenever we reach that time the stigma which now rests upon certain jewelers will be removed and the public at large will buy jewelry more freely than they do at the present time.

We hope that your efforts in this direction will be crowned with success, and we are ready to render any assistance at any time that is in our power. Yours very truly, Max Meyer & Bro. Co.

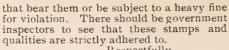
Max Meyer, Pres.

#### Congress Should Regulate Stamping.

Augusta, Me. June 24, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

Your letter received, and in reply will say: I think Congress should adopt a stamp that must be used on all goods stamped ster-ling; also on all gold goods, together with their quality. Every manufacturer of silver goods should use this, and if any article made falls below 925-1000 fine, he should be subject to a heavy fine by the government.

Manufacturers of gold goods should also use the government stamp with quality stamp, giving exactly the quality of goods



Respectfully, H. P. LOWELL.

#### A Hall Mark System Up To Date.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 22.

Editor of The Jewelers' CIRCULAR: a. Yes, by Act of Congress, uniform in all the States.

b. Yes, but changed to suit present conditions.

The same laws should apply to gold as to

Would suggest that the penalties for violating the law be the same as that for counterfeiting money.

MYERS & CO.

#### Mark Goods Their Correct Quality.

MACON, Ga., June 22

Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

a. We do.b. We favor the system when silver isb. We favor the system when silver is chould be such. stamped sterling that it should be such. Gold should be stamped whatever karat it be, and it should be that fine.



### TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

All our popular Silver Goods are exactly what they purport to be. All silver Stock used by us is

STERLINC, 925/1000 FINE.

J. T. INMAN & CO., ATTLEBORO, MASS.

All our SILVER GOODS of every description are guaranteed to be

### 925/1000 FINE OR BETTER.

We have some beautiful new patterns in Belt Pins, said by those who have seen them to be the best ever offered They have several new features and are made in the popular Bead pattern, plain, floral and scroll. SEND FOR SAMPLES.

THOS. W. LIND, JEWELERS' FINDINGS. Providence, R, I,

Parties falsely marking articles should be prosecuted. I. H & W. W. WILLIAMS.

#### Government Detective to Inspect Manufactures.

SALEM, N. J., June 25, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: In reply to yours of June 20th asking our ideas in regard to regulating the stamping

of articles we would say: Stamp each article its real value-qual-

ity.

Our answer to question a is: We do favor regulation by act of Legislature, but make it effective.

b—Certainly we approve of a system sim-ilar to Hall Mark of England with any improvement. Each article should have a stamp representing a real quality.

It will need an expert detective, an office established and paid for by the government, and the man must be one whom the unprincipled cannot buy with corrupt gold, to inspect the manufacturers' articles.

Very truly, WHEELER & SON.

#### Jewelers Should Urge Their Congressmen to Have Law Passed.

York, Pa., June 24, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular: In answer to your questions, will say that I am heartily in favor of having all silver and gold articles stamped as in England; in fact, in favor of any act that will compel all people to be honest.

I have had occasion within the last week to examine belt buckles, hat pins and waist sets that were stamped "sterling" and found them partly silver and partly plated. These goods were bought at a dry goods store here. Would suggest that all jewelers request the member of their district to have such a law passed as the Hall Mark system. Respectfully.

R. F. POLACK.

#### Regulate the Stamping of Gold and Silver Goods.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., June 21, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' CIRCULAR :

We are greatly pleased to see the jewel-ers' friend take up the cudgel. Honest jew-elers have long enough been handicapped by the inferior goods offered by the dry goods firms. We certainly favor regulation by the Legislature, not only in silver goods but gold goods. Likewise, we favor the Hall Mark system of England. Again thanking THE CIRCULAR for the interest manifested, we remain,

Respectfully yours, MARKS & KRANK.

Manufacturers Must Mark Exact Quality.

Ansonia, Conn., June 21, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

a. Yes. b. Yes

As to gold articles, stamp quality on every article.

Compel every manufacturer under heavy penalty to stamp every article its correct Respectfully, R. N. JOHNQUEST. quality.

All Gold Should Bear Initial and Trade= mark.

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 22.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: a. Yes.b. If practical, would be the best.

All gold articles should be stamped with initial and trademark.

Violation of the law should be a felony; the penalty should be a fine or imprisonment or both.

GEO. WOLF & CO.

(More letters next issue.)

#### Consolidation of F. G. Smith & Sons and Sturgeon Co.

DETROIT, Mich., June 30.—Articles of association of Smith, Sturgeon & Company were filed yesterday. The capital stock is \$100,000, with \$75,000 paid in. The latter is held as follows: F. G. Smith, Jr., 1,250; Martin S. Smith 2d, 1,250; Charles F. Hammond, 3,750; William A. Sturgeon, 1,250 shares.

The consolidation of Sturgeon & Co. and F. G. Smith & Sons will unite two of the biggest retail jewelry businesses in Detroit. The new officers will be: Chas. F. Hammond, president; Frank G. Smith, Jr., vice-president; W. A. Sturgeon, treasurer, and Martin S. Smith 2d, secretary. Frank G. Smith, Sr., who is now in Sheridan, Wyo., will retire from business permanently.

All the members of the firm are young and energetic. Mr. Hammond is not a jeweler by profession, but a practical business man and manager of the immense Hammond estate. The company will occupy the first, second and fifth floors in the building now occupied by F. G. Smith & Sons, and the new régime will begin to-morrow.

#### Death of John J. Fry.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 28.—At a late hour Monday night the Grim Reaper removed one of the most respected jewelers in the city. The announcement of the death of John Jonathan Fry, of B. A. Ballou



THE LATE JOHN J. FRY.

& Co., came with great suddenness to many who were unaware of his illness.

John J. Fry was the son of Nicholas Fry, was born in East Greenwich, R. I., Aug. 31, 1831, and passed his boyhood days upon his father's farm, attending the public schools of that vicinity. At the conclusion of his course of study there he came to this city and entered the office of Cushing & Farnum, and studied civil engineering and surveying. While thus engaged he became acquainted with Miss Ballou, the sister of Barton A. Ballou, his partner, and later they were united in marriage.

Soon after his marriage, having invested in real estate in Illinois, he removed there and for a number of years he resided there working his farm land. The ill health of his wife necessitated their removal to the east again, and accordingly they sold out their western interests and returned to East Greenwich. Here for a time he engaged in the grocery business and during his residence here represented the town in the State Legislature.

In 1869 he sold his grocery business and removed to this city and decided to unite with his brother-in-law, B. A. Ballou, in the manufacture of jewelry. The firm, as known for many years, of B. A. Ballou & Co., was thus established and has since continued and accounted as among the most successful of any in this vicinity.

The deceased was distinctly a family man and was but little known outside of his family circle. His portion of the business was to look after the office, with charge of the books and shipment of orders. His sterling integrity and courtesy won him many friends and his memory is highly revered by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. The cause of death was a cancerous growth in the vicinity of the stomach.

#### In view of the present agitation concerning

STERLING SILVER

we take this opportunity of informing the Trade

That we manufacture goods for the legitimate Jewelry Trade only;

That our product is guaranteed to be 925-1000 fine and

That our trade mark is stamped on every article that admits of such a stamp.



# HOWARD STERLING CO.,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

#### The Department Stores Demur to the Indictments.

The indicted department store proprietors of New York, accused of having violated Section 364a of the Penal Code, relating to the selling and stamping of silver ware, have demurred to the indictments, and their cases have gone over until next Fall.

The following is a copy of one of the demurrers, the others being essentially the same :

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE

OF THE

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW	
York against	Demurrer
John Daniell, John Daniell THE YOUNGER,	to Indictment.
AND GEO. H. DANIELL.	

The above named defendants demur to the Indictment herein, charging them with misdemeanor, on the ground that it appears on the face thereof :

That the said Indictment does not ıst. contain a plain and concise statement of the act constituting the crime charged without unnecessary repetition, as required by Section 275 of the Code of Criminal Pro-

cedure. 2d. That the facts herein stated do not constitute a crime.

> ABEL E. BLACKMORE, Counsel for said Defendants, 55 Liberty St., New York City.

Frederick R. Coudert, counsel for the merchants, stated Monday to a CIRCULAR reporter that the demurrers would be served on Assistant District Attorney Battle that afternoon or early Tuesday morning. The defendants' time to demur expired yes-Both Mr. Cohn, of Hoadly, terday. Lauterbach & Johnson, counsel for Stern Bros., and Mr. Coudert stated that the arguments on the demurrers would probably be postponed until after the prison cases of the court calendar were disposed of; that is, at least till October.

The defendants' demurrers, counsel said, simply contended that the allegations in the indictments were not sufficient to show a crime. Mr. Cohn stated that he had unsuccessfully endeavored to obtain from the District Attorney information regarding the fineness of the articles on which the indictment against Stern Brothers was found, and also the name of the manufacturer of the goods.

#### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

DETROIT, Mich., June 24, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' CIRCULAR :

We note with interest in THE CIRCULAR of June 12, on pages 14 and 16, the article entitled "Indictment against New York Department Stores," and for the purpose of sending to our four leading papers, together with a short, explanatory letter, would ask you if you could send us four reprints of this article, hoping to thereby stop frauds of this kind, as the same silver law, of which you are aware, is in effect in Michigan. Yours very respectfully. ROEHM & SON.

P. S. Have you had or will you have in your sterling silver articles a description of Wood & Hughes' patterns?

[We forwarded to Roehm & Son four copies of THE CIRCULAR of June 12. Any jeweler desiring reprints of any of the stamping articles published in THE CIRCU-LAR, for a similar purpose, will be gladly accommodated. In reply to the postscript question, we will say that the patterns of Wood & Hughes will be described and illustrated in the series, The Spoon Patterns of American Silversmiths, in the near future.—ED.]

NEW YORK, June 28, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

We are very pleased to see that you are keeping up the agitation in regard to the quality of material in the manufacture of jewelry and silverware. For the past twenty-two years we have

For the past twenty-two years we have alloyed our gold stock in the different qual-ities as follows: 10 kt.,  $.416\frac{7}{3}$ ; 14 kt., .586; 18 kt., 755, the alloys being based on government bars  $.997\frac{1}{2}$  fine, and if the bars were finer, as they usually are, we used the same quantity of alloy as if they were  $.091\frac{1}{2}$  fine they were .997 1/2 fine. We purposely make our 18 kt. above the

required fineness, for we have sent large numbers of this quality of pencils to France, and they have a very severe test, and in order to be certain of passing the test we make the above quality. We understand that the French government will stamp as 18 kt. if the article stands a test of .745, or .005 less than absolute quality. We make our 18 kt. for use in the home market same as we do for France.

Some three years ago there was a ques-tion raised in regard to fineness of silver and we altered our alloy so that all of the silver we manufactured into holders or pencils would assay .940 fine, so that we could and have guaranteed that the silver would assay tully as fine as sterling, including the solder seam. Yours truly,

MABIE, TODD & BARD.

#### NEW YORK, July 1, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

We have been much interested in reading the articles and letters that have appeared in THE CIRCULAR for several weeks past, relating to the dishonest competition of the dry goods stores. The letter in your last issue from Mr. B.

Mayo, and also the one from Mr. L. A. Piaget, allude with a great deal of force to fraud and misrepresentation used in selling silver plated ware. The sale of miserable trash of this kind of goods by dry goods stores is something perfectly enormous, probably a hundred times greater than their "sterling" silver sales.

Of all the goods in the world, the average retail purchaser cannot tell good reliable silver plated goods from trash by outward appearances, but they buy these goods on the faith they have in the seller. It is not a new thing, this manufacture of showy light plated goods, for it has been going on for years, although nearly everyone engaged in that line of business has ulti-mately come to grief. But it is a new thing for large retailers who are supposed to have some regard or respect for their reputations, to sell such goods under advertisements, misrepresentations and guarantees that are absolutely false.

Mr. Mayo's suggestion in the way of a standard is a good one, and the leading manufacturers should adopt such a stand-ard, and then adopt a "Hall mark" of their own, copyrighted, and allow only such manufacturers to use it, as subscribe to and confer to a high standard quality in

plating. Mr. Piaget very truthfully says stamping of quality on plated ware is a perfect hum-bug, and is a stench in the nostrils of honest manufacturers and dealers.

We have before us now a flaming adver-tisement of "quadruple" plated goods, where fern dishes are designated in such plate for \$2 00. Now, every manufacturer and re-tailer knows that a fern dish of the best plate and made by any of the leading manufacturers of established reputation, cannot be purchased at wholesale for less than \$4 or \$5 for the smallest sizes, and yet here is a concern that unblushingly lies, and says that they can furnish what the public be-

lieve to be an article of full quality, and in "quadruple" plate, too, for \$2 oo!!! Now, we happen to know all about these fern dishes. They are purchased in lots of one thousand at a time. They are made by an obscure little manufacturer who is hardly known to anyone in the business. He will not deny that they are made on the com-monest metal, plated with a "skin plate" that will not last twenty-four hours after they are once cleaned, and that he receives just \$1 a piece for them, the dry goods man making a neat little profit of one hundred per cent. as compensation for sacrificing his truth and his veracity. Many of these bogus goods are stamped with high sounding names and trade marks of fictitious manufacturers who have no existence.

It occurs to us that this is a fight in which manufacturers and legitimate dealers are all deeply interested, and that every means should be taken to scotch the head of this modern octopus wherever it appears. The jewelry trade, and for that matter our manufacturers, should keep their own hands clean and have nothing to do with the un-clean thing, either by manufacturing or selling it.

We note with some regret that there are a few first class jewelers in the country who retail "Quadruple Plate" ice pitchers for \$4.00, and who sell these fern dishes, also quadruple plate for \$2.50. It is true, 50 cents more than the dry goods man asks, but it will hurt them in the estimation of their customers far beyond any profit they will ever make on such goods.

One scheme that strikes us as a good one is for the retail jeweler to buy a small line of this miserable stuff, mark it in plain fig-ures, sell it for what it exactly costs him, expose it prominently on a counter or table, all by itself, and have a big show card printed : *This is the "Quadruple Plate"* sold by dry goods stores. In this manner they may educate the public, and finally drive the worthless stuff out of existence, and the reputable manufacturer and the honest jeweler should not hesitate with truth on their side, to fight this devil of "concentrated lie."

Perhaps this fern dish and other "Quad-ruple plate" business is another instance where the innocent and the guileless buyers of the department stores have been imposed upon by the wicked manufacturer. It looks very much as though they like to be imposed upon, because 99 per cent. of the plated ware now sold in department stores is this same quality of "Quadruple plate."

MANUFACTURER.

W. S. Cary, representing the Wilcox Silver Plate Co., has started on a business trip for New Orleans direct and thence through Texas.

Jay Lewis will open a jewelry store in Bellevue, Ga.

 $0^{\mathrm{F} \mathrm{the} \mathrm{sev}}$ 

tail jewelers'

associations

eral re-

# The Jewelers' Gircular HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

PUBLISHED AVERY WEDNESDAY BY

#### THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO.,

189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF IEWELERS. WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS, ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALL ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of interest or value to our readers. Adver-tising matter will not be printed as news. Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal. Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

#### INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid.

			PER	ANNUM.
United States and Canada,				\$2.00
Foreign Countries in Postal	Union,	-		- 400
Single Copies, - * -			-	.10

Member of the American Trade Press Association.

Vol. XXX.	July 3, 1895.	No. 22.

Every line of reading matter in THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written exclusively for this journal. Each issue of The Jewelers' Circular is copyrighted.

#### FEATURES OF THIS NUMBER.

Page 33-THE CONNOISSEUR.

- Frontispiece-ART IN REPOUSSÉ WORK.
- Page 34-New BOOKS. POINTS OF LAW.
- Page 30—PAGE OF ADVANTAGEOUS HINTS TO RETAILERS.
- Pages 5, 6-SPOON PATTERNS OF AMERICAN SILVERSMITHS.
- Pages 8, 9-JEWELRY AND SILVER OF THE SPORTING SEASON.
- Page 29—Page of Technical Matter, Workshop Notes, etc.
- Pages 13, 14, 15-LETTERS FROM THE TRADE IN REFERENCE TO SILVER AND GOLD STAMPING LEGISLATION. (2d part.)
- Page 16 FULL DEVELOPMENTS IN CASES AGAINST THE NEW YORK DEPARTMENT STORES, LETTERS TO THE EDITOR, ETC.

#### Field for the

#### Retailers' Associations.

throughout the country, none conducts its affairs in a more direct and business-like manner than that of Alabama. The organization is quite representative of the State and comprises in its membership progres-The sive and substantial business men. proceedings of the fourth annual meeting of the Association published in extenso in another portion of this issue, will be read with interest by the trade generally. It was the feeling of the convention that the indiscriminate distribution of catalogues by some wholesale jewelry houses is an abuse. In their condemnation of this practice, the retail jewelers will have the endorsement, passive at least, of all those who believe in preserving the integration of the trade. There can be enacted no law to prevent a merchant sending a jewelry catalogue to whomsoever he pleases, but if he desires to retain the patronage of the jewelers, and also aims to get that of outside parties, he will ultimately learn that he has overreached himself. No aphorism is but that respecting entirely true: the likelihood of one falling between the two horses, when he tries to ride both, is almost axiomatic in its truth.

The suggestion offered at the meeting that all members of the organization see that the law regulating the business of pawnbrokers, recently passed by the Alabama Legislature, be enforced, bears equally well upon the members of the retail jewelers' associations in other States. It is remarkable to how little extent the jewelers exert themselves to have enforced the laws enacted in their interest. We consider that the prime reason for the existence of the retail jewelers' associations is to see that these laws are enforced to the last letter. Violators of the acts regulating auction sales, pawnbroking, gold and silver stamping, peddlers' licenses, etc. should be the special game of the members of the jewelers' organizations. The police machinery, left to itself, will always prove inadequate to effectively combat the operations of these law breakers. The jewelers must take the initiative steps in the apprehension and punishment of the offenders.

THE jewelry trade is solicited for subscriptions toward several worthy charities, but no cause should receive a more spontaneous and liberal response than that for which an extensive fair is to be held in New York in December next, as referred to in another part of this issue. The cause is out of the pale of the ordinary. Instead of proposing to assist known charities for which the Hebrews throughout the world are noted, such as orphan asylums, hospitals and institutions for the sick and infirm, this cause is one which touches the American regardless of creed. The Educational Alliance and the Technical Institute take the able-bodied foreigner by the hand, and through the means of their teachers and schools propose to inculcate in him American principles and teach him to gain a livelihood in fields different from what he expected to engage in or what, under ordinary conditions, would be only possible to him, such as merchandising, peddling, etc. He is taught the language, the principles of citizenship, and the various industrial trades.

HILE America can hardly be called the arbiter of fashion to the European countries, the fact remains that in the matter of tortoise shell goods the Americans have set the styles for their trans-Atlantic brethren, and European manufacturers are busy satisfying the demand for these fashionable articles. The result is that the supply of raw shell is strained and that its price has greatly advanced. Those manufacturers who have laid in a large stock of shell will, therefore, shortly profit through their foresight and enterprise.

#### Fuller Details of the Ohio Retail Jewelers' Association Meeting.

C. B. Bargman, Toledo, O., secretary of the Retail Jewelers' Association of Ohio, The CIRCULAR the following sends details of the proceedings at the annual meeting of that organization, in Columbus, June 11th, which are essentially the same as published in this journal of June 19th:

The officers elected for the coming year were: President, J. D. Smith, Union City, Ind.; vice-president, A. Thoma, Piqua, O.; secretary, Chas. B. Bargman, Toledo, O.; treasurer, Geo. J. Kapp, Toledo, O.; board of directors, J. J. Nurre, Cincinnati, O.; L. Eisenshmidt, Cincinnati; J. H. Lentz, Cincinnati; Chas. Reinstatler, Cincinnati; Fred. Pieper, Covington, Ky.; delegates to the National Convention, H. H. Mithoefer, Cincinnati; L. Hummel, Cincinnati; Chas. B. Bargman, Toledo; alternates, A. Thoma, Piqua; H Ross, Cincinnati; Fred. Pieper, Covington, Ky.

The meeting was well attended, and a general talk in the interest of the retail jeweler was indulged in. After viewing the features of interest in the city, the convention adjourned to meet June 12-13, 1896, in Piqua, O.

#### Diamond Robber Hopkins Sentenced.

DETROIT, Mich., June 30.-John P. Hopkins, the diamond robber in custody in Grand Raplds, was found guilty yesterday of stealing a book from a store in the day time, and sentenced to four years in the Marquette prison. He robbed two jewelry stores besides the book store. The book was worth only \$1.

When arrested, Hopkins had \$2,000 worth of diamonds in his possession, \$600 worth of which was replevied by a Denver firm. His wife claims that he is a member, of a well-to-do New York family and that he is a member of Talmage's church.

#### New York Notes.

Hipp. Didisheim has filed a judgment for \$117.75 against Rosa Lisner.

A judgment against Christian Jackle for \$595.77 has been entered in favor of Chas. Heide.

Lippman Tannenbaum has entered a judgment for \$1,556.93 against Chas. E. Hansen.

Judgments against Herman J. Dietz for \$355,02 and \$1,021.17 were filed Friday in favor of J. Van der Linden.

A. G Stein, of L. H. Keller & Co., sailed to Europe on *La Campagne*, Saturday, on a month's pleasure trip.

Albert Lorsch & Co. have entered a judgment for \$2,019.82 against Ernest Adler. A judgment for \$1,742.48 was entered by Wallach & Schiele against the same party.

The creditors of John Donaldson have been assessed 35 8-10 per cent. on their claims by the committee in charge. The money is to redeem goods which Donaldson pawned.

Michael D. Gallagher, retail jeweler, 649 Sixth Ave., has been appointed a clerk of the Court of General Sessions at a salary of \$2,500 a year. Gallagher owes his appointment to Judge Allison.

The two actions to recover on notes brought in the City Court against Ernest Adler, by C. Cottier & Son and Frederick Scheidig, were discontinued June 23rd by an order from Judge McCarthy.

Herman Joseph, attorney for Ernest Adler, stated Monday that no arrangements for a creditors' meeting had yet been made, as Mr. Adler was in the west and nothing could be done until his return.

The Dueber Watch Case Mfg. Co. have published in pamphlet form the speech of Col. Edw. C. James, summing up their case against the co-operating manufacturers of movements, in the recent trial in the New York Supreme Court.

Dr. J. B. Wilbur, of Brooklyn, one of the examining physicians of the Jewelers' League of New York, died on Tuesday, June 25th, at his Summer house in Upper Montclair, N. J. Mr. Wilbur was also medical examiner for the Mutual Benefit, Washington Life, Berkshire Life, New England, Ætna, Mercantile Benefit and Penn Mutual Life Insurance companies. The deceased was 70 years old. The funeral services were held from his home in Brooklyn, Friday.

George F. Kunz will have charge of the preparation of the exhibit of precious stones for the U. S. Geological Survey, at the Cotton States and International Exposition, at Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 18th to Dec. 31, 1895. The exhibit will contain only gems found in the Southern States. Jewelers having remarkable specimens which they desire to exhibit are invited to communicate with Geo. F. Kunz, care Tiffany & Co., New York. Judge Lacombe, of the United States Circuit Court, has granted the motion of the Dueber Watch Case Mfg. Co. for leave to amend their complaint in the suit in this court against the co-operating manufacturers of watch movements and cases. The plaintiffs asked to change the complaint in conformity with the recent decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, which sustained the demurrer of the E. Howard Watch & Clock Co.

Walter G. King and Leo Wormser, of the Julius King Optical Co., returned from Europe Saturday, bringing with them the first model of the new adjustable handle opera glass holder, which the Julius King Optical Co. are about to introduce. The article, which permits the opera glass to be regulated for the handle, has been patented by this company in Great Britain, Germany, France and Austria as well as in the United States. Messrs. King and Wormser while abroad arranged with Lemaire, of Paris, to manufacture these goods for the company.

Mrs. Martin Brunor died June 24, at her home, 402 Van Brunt St., Brooklyn. She is said to have killed herself by taking paris green after quarreling with her husband. At the funeral, Friday, Brunor was denounced by an adopted daughter of his wife's first husband as having caused Mrs. Brunor to commit suicide, and was nearly mobbed by friends and relations of his wife while on the way to the cemetery. Brunor has been connected with the jewelry trade of New York as a plater and polisher for several years. He married his late wife last August. She is said to have kept a small jewelry store near Hunter's Point.

Martin Frank & Co., who recently assigned, are offering to settle with their creditors at 33 per cent. The payments are in three notes, satisfactorily endorsed, due in four, eight and twelve months. Benjamin Oppenheimer, attorney for Martin Frank & Co., Monday gave out the first statement of the firm's affairs that has been made. The liabilities, including preferred credits, are about \$15,000, of which \$10,000 is for merchandise. The assets nominally valued at \$12,000 are actually worth about \$5,500. The firm have since last January been paying their creditors and decreasing their purchases, thereby reducing their indebtedness about one-half in the past six months. The failure, he said, was due to bad collections and recent losses in outstanding accounts for over \$6,000. The firm's creditors, who number between 15 and 20, had, the attorney said, signified their willingness to accept the proposed settlement.

E. Ira Richards & Co, 68-70 Nassau St., New York, have a new bicycle name plate which in many features surpasses anything of the kind heretofore produced. It is made of sterling silver, fits any size bar, cannot slip when in place, adjusts readily and easily, and presents a most attractive appearance.

#### Second Trial of Dubois and Hagaman, Alleged Diamond Smugglers.

The second trial of Isidor Dubois and Julius Hagaman, accused of smuggling diamonds, took place before Judge Benedict and a jury, in the criminal part of the United States Circuit Court, New York, Thursday afternoon. The defendants, who were the purser and fourth officer respectively of the Red Star steamship *Waesland*, were accused of bringing in 10 unset diamonds which they attempted to sell to Robert H. Ramsgate, diamond cutter, Sixth Ave. and 14th St., New York.

Mr. Ramsgate, the principal witness for the prosecution, testified that March 1st Dubois called to see him about purchasing diamonds and gave him the address of a firm in Antwerp. April 4th Dubois called upon him again and told him a friend on the steamer had some diamonds to sell. Ramsgate went to the *Waesland* and saw Hagaman, who offered him 10 diamonds. The next day Hagaman and Dubois called at Ramsgate's office, where they were arrested, Ramsgate having in the meantime notified the Customs authorities.

The defendants and their counsel, Hugh O. Peutecost, practically admitted the salient points made by the prosecution, but denied that there was any attempt to defraud the government. The defendants claimed to have seen the decision of the Board of General Appraisers declaring diamonds to be free, and to have acted in the belief that this decision was correct and operative. The goods were not entered on the manifest, the purser said, because they were the personal property of the fourth officer, Hagaman.

Mr. Pentecost made an able plea for the prisoners, dwelling on the point that there was no evidence that his clients intended to defraud the government, and therefore they could not be convicted of smuggling. Judge Benedict charged against the prisoners and the jury retired with instructions to bring in a sealed verdict Monday.

The Jury's sealed verdict, which was opened Monday noon, declared the defendants not guilty and they were immediately discharged.

#### Last Week's Trans-Atlantic Voyagers. TO EUROPE.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lorsch, New York, sailed Saturday on La Campagne.

Geo. L. Fox, and T. J. Huteson, of the Spencer Optical Mfg. Co., New York, were among the passengers on the new *St. Louis* last Wednesday.

The *Campania*, which sailed Saturday, carried among her passengers Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Platt and J. Wertheimber, New York.

#### FROM EUROPE.

Jules Racine and Nicholas Benziger, New York, returned last week on the Umbria.

Among the passengers from Europe on *La Bourgogne* were Mr. and Mrs. Buhler, New York.

#### Providence.

M. Bonn, of M. Bonn & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., was here last week.

W. Shuttles, of W. S. Shuttles & Son, Dallas, Tex., was here the past week.

C. F. Fairbrother, for many years at 214 S. Main St., has closed out his business on account of ill-health.

<sup>•</sup> The Nicholson File Co. are erecting a new mill of brick and wood, 49x47 feet, on Dexter St, Central Falls.

Tilden-Thurber & Co. are displaying a large line of *Defender* buckles in sterling silver, that are meeting with a very ready sale.

William J. Hamilton, with William Hamilton & Co., was united in marriage to Miss Caroline M. McQuestion, at Pawtucket, Wednesday afternoon.

Henry H. Richardson, one of the very few surviving pioneer manufacturing jewelers of this city, is ill at his Summer cottage, at Kettle Point. He is in the 79th year of his age.

William Smith has been appointed administrator of the estate of the late Albert V. Blake, with S. C. Shurtleff and Hannah Smith as sureties; James Smith, Alfred Smith and Edwin L. Mitchell as appraisers.

The Manufacturing Jewelers' Board of Trade have had a long distance telephone connected with their office in the Wilcox building. The interior of the office has been repainted and is now one of the handsomest in the city.

The case of E. L. Logee & Co. against Fred Kaufman for debt has been settled by the payment of the amount of the bill and costs by the defendant. It is understood that Mr. Kaufman is to bring a suit against E. L. Logee & Co. for false pretenses.

Handsome and commodious quarters have been opened by Thomas F. Mullen in the new building erected on Aborn St., where he now has ample facilities for exhibiting his large stock. Mr. Mullen has conducted business at 39 Aborn St. for many years.

During the past week Secretary Morton, of the Manufacturing Jewelers' Board of Trade, received a check from the A. R. Brooks Jewelry Co., St. Louis, Mo., in payment of an additional dividend of  $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. This makes a total of  $21\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. that has been received. The board was interested to the amount of \$9,238.48, divided among 52 creditors.

#### Boston.

Henry Cowan is on a six weeks' business trip south.

The American Waltham watch factory closed for three weeks' vacation Friday night.

C. D. Tucker, inside salesman for Nelson H. Brown, goes to Wells Beach on his vacation this month.

O. C. Dow, watchmaker to the trade, has been ill and unable to be at his place of business all the past week. Jewelers in town as buyers the past week included: George H. Woodbury, Newport, N. H.; George H. Tilton, Rochester, N. H.; F. E. Dana, Warren, R. I.; James E. Webster, Milford, N. H.

The Boston business of M. Myers may be wound up when a settlement with the creditors is effected, as Mr. Myers is said to contemplate removal to the Pacific coast, probably to San Francisco.

E. A. Bigelow, manager at the Boston office of the Courvoisier-Wilcox Mfg. Co., goes to the mountains the first week in July. Mr. Bedell, of the New York office, will take charge of the office during Mr. Bigelow's absence.

Two men gave a sleight-of-hand performance at E. J. Boyce's counter one day last week. They were examining ring mountings and promised to call again, but eight gold rings departed with them, and they haven't been seen since.

The Massachusetts Retail Jewelers' Association will meet at Young's Hotel, this city, July 9. Addresses are expected from Mr. Barber, of the Globe Optical Co., representatives of the Gorham and Towle Manufacturing companies, and others.

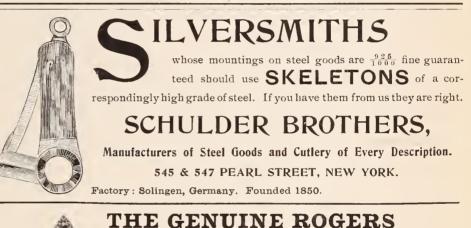
FORK

STRAWBERRY

William Paul and family will be at Terrace Gables, Falmouth Heights, most of the Summer. Andrew Clifford, salesman for A. Paul & Co., is taking his vacation at Epsom, N. H. Chester H. Miles is at Nantucket and D. D. Burns has gone to Marlboro.

Commodore C. F. Morrill will lead the big fleet of pleasure craft of the South Boston Yacht Club next Saturday on a long cruise down east, stopping along the New England coast at various points of interest, whereat entertainment will be provided by local yacht clubs for the Hub yachtsmen.

The June meeting of the New England Association of Opticians closed the season and the next one will not take place until the third Monday in September. Five new members were admitted as follows: Edwin P. Wells and William H. Dolman, Boston; E. M. Shepherd, Malden; Thomas L. Williams, West Quincy; Nathaniel T. Worthley, Jr., Bath, Me. There was an address by W. E. French on "Amateur Photography," and a letter was received from the A. S. Aloe Co., St. Louis, Mo., suggesting the formation of a National Association of Opticians. This matter will come up for discussion at the first Fall meeting.



# ELECTRO SILVER PLATE

SPOONS, FORKS, KNIVES, &c.

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE

STAR \star BRAND

which has been manufactured continuously for HALF A CENTURY and made the name of ROGERS on Electro Silver Plate celebrated, is stamped

# ★ROGERS & BRO., A. 1.

If you wish the **BEST GOODS**, which will satisfy your customers and build up your reputation as a reliable dealer, insist upon having those bearing the above trade mark. They are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. For sale by leading jobbers throughout the country and made exclusively by

#### ROGERS & BROTHER,

Waterbury, Conn.

16 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

Geo. H. Elson, the Park St. jeweler, accompanied by his wife, will sail for Europe on the *Pavonia* July 20th, to make his annual purchases abroad.

Frank W. B. Pratt, agent of the Waterbury Clock Co., and family leave for Cape Porpoise, Me., to spend the Summer. Mr. Pratt reports business as good.

E. J. Williams, who has had charge of the engraving and printing department at the 'OHara Dial Co., Waltham, has severed his connection with that concern and is now with the Waltham Horological School, Waltham.

Clarence H. Brown, formerly with the E. Howard Watch & Clock Co., this city, has bought out the music business of W. D. Brck, Portland, Me. He will add watchmaking to the business, and later in the season put in a stock of watches, clocks and jewelry. The store is centrally located at 272 Middle St.

#### Springfield, Mass.

S. Franklin has opened a jewelry store in the Cooley Hotel block, Main St.

F. A. Robbins, Pittsfield, on July 1 took possession of additional quarters above his store for an art room.

Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Bullock have started on a three months' driving trip through Vermont and Canada. They will spend one month in Swanton, Vt.

The A. F. Towle Son & Co.'s silver works, Greenfield, are shut down for the annual inventory and repairs. Work will not be resumed until after July 4.

M. D. Fletcher, whose work as an amateur photographer of ability has already been noticed in THE CIRCULAR, has just published a small book containing 35 pictures of Forest Park.

Robert B. Lester, formerly a jeweler in this city and later in Maiden Lane, New York city, has been compeled to give up business on account of ill health and is now seeking health at Hadley.

F. A. Hubbard furnished the four gold and four silver medals awarded at the commencement of Child's Business College. They were in the shape of an open book across which lay a pen and laurel wreath and were designed by one of Mr. Hubbard's engravers, William J. Brecknell.

James W. Skiff, the well-known Northampton jeweler, died at his home in that city Saturday, and his funeral was held Monday. Mr. Skiff was stricken with apoplexy last Wednesday while repairing a clock at his home and never regained consciousness. His boyhood days were passed in Williamsburg, Mass., but when a young man he came to this city and engaged in the jewelry business. Some years ago he moved to Northampton and opened a store. He was a prominent Odd Fellow. He leaves a widow, two sons and a daughter, besides a brother and sister.

#### News Gleanings.

H. P. Hall will open a jewelry store in Carthage, Mo.

The store of George B. Chase, Le Roy, Ill., has been closed by the sheriff.

M. K. Laudenslager has removed from Schwenksville, Pa., to Telford, Pa.

J. J. Myhre, La Crosse, Wis., has decided to go out of the jewelry business.

A. W. Gunnison, formerly of Northboro, Mass., will start a new store in Hudson, Mass., shortly.

J. W. Wherley, of Salamonia, Ind., has opened a jewelry store and a repair shop in Portland, Ind.

C. M. Wills, Oakland City, Ind , has sold out to N. Arnold, who will continue the business.

J. M. Murphy, of Arkansas City, Kan., will open a jewelry store at 42 Ohio St., Sedalia, Mo.

Olof G. N. Turnquest, jeweler, Scranton, Pa., and Miss Myra M. Shurtz, were married a few days ago.

C. S. Bidwell, Monticello, Ia., has been succeeded by Bedwell & Taupert, the new partner being R. J. Taupert.

George W. Canneff, Elmore, O., passed away at his home a few days ago. He leaves a wife and four children.

Jacob Beringer, Westerly, R. I., has opened a branch store at Watch Hill, with Miss Annie Belle Babcock as saleslady.

In a fire in St. Mary's, Ind., June 26th, Holkamp's building and jewelry stock were damaged to the extent of \$2,500, fully insured.

F. G. Bixby, formerly with B. E. Brown and Smythe & Co., Rochester, N. Y., has opened a place of business of his own at 12 State St.

The administrators of S. S. Kelly, deceased, Dunbar, Pa., are selling out his large stock of watches and jewelry at appraisement.

Mrs. L. K. Nowierski, wife of jeweler Leon K. Nowierski, Floresville, Tex., died June 15 after a long illness. She left three grown children.

The Hamilton Watch Co., Lancaster, Pa., have shut down their factory for the usual Summer vacation of a month. About 300 employes are affected.

The jewelry store of T. E. Lanier, Waycross, Ga., was entered by burglars recently. Several hundred dollars' worth of jewelry, guns and pistols was stolen.

A. W. Williams, Kewanna, Ind., has transferred his jewelry business to D. W. Sibert, who has opened a new store, which will be in charge of E. D. Stevenson.

Hugo Watson and wife, Manayunk, Pa., sailed for England recently on the *Lucania*. They will visit points of interest in England and Scotland and be gone several months.

A pretty wedding was that which occurred in North Adams, Mass., June 19, the principals being William Herman Schramm, with E. M. Dickinson, and Miss Estella Hopkins Clark.

No clue has been found as to the parties who burglarized Skusas' jewelry store, Havre, Mon., recently. It is believed that the burglars have gone north across the line with their booty.

Burglars a few nights ago entered the store of Zuckmaier Bros., North Tonawanda, N. Y., and took jewelry and trinkets amounting to about \$300. Entrance was effected by a back window.

J. T. Laughlin, formerly of American Waltham Watch Co.'s factory, has joined forces with a brother in Butte City, Mont., and they will start this month there the new firm of Laughlin Bros.

Kelley & McBean Co., of Niagara Falls, N. Y., have incorporated to manufacture and deal in gold, silver and other novelties, plated ware, etc.; capital, \$55,000; directors, H. W. McBean, Dollie A. Kelley, D. M. Kelley and S. J. Devlin.

W. J. Stein, jeweler, Stillwater, Minn., has made an assignment of his entire stock to Senator W. C. Masterman. The value of the assets is not given, but the indebtedness is estimated at about \$12,000, divided among the two local banks and two jewelry firms in Chicago.

The Spencer Optical Co., of Buffalo, N. Y., have incorporated to manufacture high grade optical goods. The capital stock is \$20,000; and directors: Roswell Park, Henry R. Hopkins, Wm. H. Glenny, Frank H. Goodyear and Bert L. Jones, of Buffalo.

At the Twilight Park Pharmacy, Haines Falls, N. Y., Thos. D. McElhenie sells a great variety of goods to tourists and cottagers, from souvenir spoons to tennis shoes, or a thimble to a hammock. He is always on the lookout for salable novelties and is glad to hear from makers of such goods. The little shop is open during the Summer. Mr. McElhenie's permanent address is 259 Ryerson St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gerome Desio, jeweler, 1107 F. St. N. W., Washington, D. C., was denied an injunction by Justice Cox against John Dunphy, of New York, and Chapin Brown. His suit was instituted June 7, alleging fraud in a rent transaction. Mr. Desio wanted to compel the defendants to allow him the rent of the premises mentioned for a term of several months, which they refused. He asked an injunction to prevent them from evicting him.

Judge Slack, San Francisco, refused to commit Henry Wolff, jeweler, to jail for contempt in failing to pay his divorced wife, Lillie, \$250 a month alimony. The issue in the case was as to the ability of Wolff to pay. In behalf of the wife, it was contended that he had falsified his books in order to make it appear that he was unable to comply with the Court's order. Judge Slack concluded, from all the evidence, however, that Wolff is, as he had claimed, insolvent.

#### A Cloud Without a Silver Lining.

#### A TALE OF REVENGE.

#### CHAPTER I.

DE MONTMORENCY YOUNGPOO-DLE was wrapt in thought and cigarette smoke. The evening previous, with the glinting stars and the glimmering moon for witnesses, Euphemia Von der Rodengaben, the billionaire brewer's only child, had spurned his offer, despised his professions of love, scorned his avowals, disdained his faithfulness, scouted his protestations, and had generally looked down upon, disregarded, slighted, pooh-poohed, sneered at, whistled at, hooted, flouted and made light of his bleeding heart. The interview had terminated in her giving him the rinkydink, and that is why he was wrapped in different things.

#### CHAPTER II.

"Yes, my darling, I am yours," blubbered Euphemia into the ears of Count Hamfatio Ranterini, who, poor but magnanimous, disregarded his great name, and to earn his daily bread played the leading part in the great equine drama, " The Horse Doctor,"leading the horses fro and to the stable twice a day. And the happy Count buried his breath behind his hand, and stroked her silken cheek with his nose. Ah ! if they in their bliss could have seen De Montmorency Youngpoodle wrapt in thought, what deeds of darkness would have been spared for Laura Lean Jibby !

#### CHAPTER III.

De Montmorency Youngpoodle is still wrapped in thought. He is in the very depths of devilish devisings of revenge. His mind is full of black pigment, and his heart pumps out ink.

"Ah! ah !!" he suddenly exclaims, jumping up and striking his fore-head with his clenchèd hand ; " I have it ! Eureka !! Now will I have my revanche !!!" and his face grovels in a groggy gyration of grimaces.

#### CHAPTER IV.

It was the morning of the day when Euphemia Von der Rodengaben was to become the Countess Hamfatio Ranterini. Her heart was soft this morn, and when she surveyed De Montmorency's many presents she could scarcely refrain from blibbering to herself: "He was good. Ah ! let's see. A cake basket marked 'quadruple,' an ice pitcher stamped 'sterling triple plate;' and this pretty butter dish! it is 'quadruple sterling triple XXX plate ;' it must be very fine. And these spoons, how pretty ! 'sterling' they are marked, too. Oh ! poor De Montmorency, how good he must be! And see this tea set and coffee set, and sugar and creamers, all marked 'quintuple plate!" But we will leave her in her enthusiasm.

#### CHAPTER V.

"Had I Asmodeus," bleated Youngpoodle to himself, "then would my heart gloat over her. But to work. I must send this dispatch at once. Let's see." (He reads aloud):

"Miss Euphemia Von der Rodengaben: " My presents, which you so much admire, I bought at Trash & Rott, the department store. What you think is silverware, they call 'silvery' ware. The quadruple plate is produced by allowing a piece of silver to shine on the brass body; while the sterling silver is really 'startling' if you take a microscope, and assays all the way from .00001 to .00002 silver. I am revanched.

"DE MONTMORENCY YOUNGPOODLE." CHAPTER VI.

The shock was too much for the young bride and she succumbed. But even to the last Youngpoodle eked out revenge. Trash & Rott's ad. of special bargains

#### **COFFIN TRIMMINGS:**

Guaranteed quadruple plate; .03 a piece. Other stores charge ninety-nine times as much. To-day only.

caught his eye; he bought a set and urged the undertaker to use them on poor Euphemia's coffin. They laid away the unbridled bride amid the tears of a maudlin throng. Then De M. sighed a sigh of relief. Ouotha:

"She gave me the marble heart but I gave her the dead face."

#### Philadelphia.

George W. Reeves, diamond setter, has opened an establishment at 125 S. 7th St.

Max Greenfield, late of H. Muhr's Sons, has opened a store on 7th below Market Sts.

James D. Hughes, of L. A. Scherr & Co., has started on a two weeks' yachting excursion.

Jacob Muhr represented the Manufacturers' Club of the National Whist Convention at Minneapolis.

Harry Schimpf has taken a cottage overlooking the Delaware, at Riverton, N. J., for the Summer.

Jeweler James W. McMenamin, Frankford, was married on Wednesday last to Miss Susana L. Beauer, daughter of Robert Beauer, a retired merchant.

Edward T. Chase, of J. E. Caldwell & Co:, sailed for Europe Saturday on the Campania. Mr. Chase's trip is with special reference to the firm's importations of fine clocks and watches.

The next regular meeting of the Philadelphia Horological Society will take place at Bank Hall, southeast corner of Broad St. and Columbia Ave., Philadelphia, at 8 o'clock P. M., July 11, 1895.

Out-of-town customers here the past week included: Harold N. Fitch, Salsbury, Md.; Joseph Ladomus, Chester, Pa.; W. W. Vincent, Georgetown, Del.; L. H. Bewley and H. N. Boldt, Atlantic City, N. J., and Frank H. Barndt, Sterlington, Pa.

After undergoing elaborate alterations and repairs the store of H. Muhr's Sons opened for general business on July 1st. The old firm name has been retained. In addition to Jacob Muhr and Philip Muhr, Messrs. Binder and Schimpf are said to be in the firm. Jacob Muhr will sail for a business trip to Europe on July 13th.

#### Connecticut.

The Waterbury Watch factory closed June 29 for three weeks.

The Derby Silver Co.'s works closed June 28th for the usual Summer vacation.

The New Haven Clock Co, have so many orders for their watches that business in the watch department may be continued all through the Summer without interruption. The clock department is shut down until July 22d.

Orders received by the R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co., Wallingford, have rendered it necessary to operate a portion of the plant nights. Just at present this concern is rushed with business and the outlook for the future continues good.

The employes of the Winsted Optical Co.'s shop, West Winsted, have received notice that they will not be wanted after July I. The shop at one time employed 35 to 40 hands, but the hands have been gradually reduced during the past few months, until now only about a dozen are employed.

The E. Ingraham Co., Bristol, have announced that the works will be closed from July 3 to Aug. 1 for inventory and repairs. The company are perfecting arrangements to place a new marbelized clock on the market, and it is stated that the finish cannot be distinguished from genuine marble or onyx. The long shut-down this year is due largely to the dulness in business, since the sales have been mostly confined to clocks in oak and walnut cases.

Col. Watson J. Miller, of the Derby Silver Co., has won a suit brought against him by John A. Adams, Springfield, Mass., to recover on a promissory note of \$20,000, with interest from 1883, which the plaintiff alleged was given to him by Alonzo Waite, late of Chicopee, Mass., in whose estate Col. Miller is administrator. The claim of the defendant was that the signature of Alonzo Waite was forged, as well as that of Mrs. Rowe, a witness to the note. The plaintiff's side introduced evidence in rebuttal of that presented by the defendant's side. The jury returned a sealed verdict for the defendant.

The war between China and Japan has aroused interest upon the part of Americans in the customs and fashions of the people of these two nations, and many novel devices of Chinese suggestion are now to be bought. Among these is a snuff bottle of the Chinese favorite stone, jade. The receptacle for the snuff is hollowed out in the stone itself. Women use the bottle for salts or scents. The bottles are made also of rock crystal, smoky topaz or other hard stone. A feature of these articles is that they are naturally cool to the hand.

### CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Advertisements are entitled to one insertion under proper heading. Extra insertions \$6.00

Page sayers & Refiners.	Gold and Rolled Plate Jewelry.	Pag Show Cases.	e.	
Goldsmith Bros., 63 & 65 Washington St., Chicago, Ill 2	Waite, Thresher Co., Providence, R. I 31	Melishek & Petter, 128 Maiden Lane, N. Y	34	
Rathbone, J., 1-9 Mathewson St., Providence, R. I		Silver Plated Ware.		
ctioneers.	Parson's School for Watchmakers, Peoria, Ill. 26	King, Hugh E., 908 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill	25	
Boyle, S. A. & Co., Washington, D.C Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y	Tourslove' Findinge	Rogers & Bro., 16 Cortlandt St., N. Y The Wm. Rogers Mfg Co., Hartford, Conn	19	
Rich, H. M. & Co 21 School St., Boston, Mass	Lind, Thos. W., Providence, R. I 14	Sterling Silver Novelties.		
dges, Medals, Etc.	Jobbers, Watches, Diamonds, Etc.	Bippart & Co., Newark, N. J Codding Bros. & Heilborn, North Attleboro	3	
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y 3 ains.	Lapp & Flershem, 92-98 State St., Chicago 25	Mass Foster & Bailey, Providence, R.I Howard & Cockshaw, 220 Fourth Ave., N. Y.	12	
Bigney, S. O., & Co., Attleboro, Mass 2	Myers, S. F. & Co., 48 Maiden Lane, N. Y 36	Inman, J. T., Attleboro, Mass		
ronometers, Marine.	Lawyers.	Sterling Silverware.		
Bliss, John & Co., 129 Front St., N. Y 3 ocks, French, English and American	Ore 10	Dominick & Haff, Union Square, N. Y Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 808-810 Greenwich St.,	6	
Evans, W. F. & Sons, Hendsworth, Birming-	Musical Boxes.	N. Y Howard Sterling Co., Providence, R. I	4	
ham, EnglandJacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St., N. Y 3	Jacot & Son, 39 Union Square, N. Y	Knowles, J. R. & S. M. Co., Providence, R. I. Mauser Mfg. Co., 14 E. 15th St., N. Y Reed & Barton, Taunton, Mass	4 14 4	
Self-Winding Clock Co., 26 Broadway, N.Y 3		Shiebler, Geo. W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N. Y. Towle Mfg. Co., Newburyport, Mass	7	
amond & Precious Stone Importers. Disselkoen, John N., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y	Williamsville Mfg. Co., 18 S. Water St., Provi- dence, R. I 11	Whiting, F. M., Co., North Attleboro, Mass Wood & Hughes, 16 John St., N. Y		
Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. L., N.Y 3 Hedges, Wm. S. & Co., 170 Broadway, N. Y Kahn, L. & M. & Co., 172 Broadway, N. Y 3	Optical Goods.	Tissue Paper. Dexter, C. H., & Sons, Windsor Locks, Conn.	20	
	Geneva Optical Co., Chicago, Ills 25		22	
N. Y. Rich & Allen, State and Madison Sts., Chicago 2	Optical Schools.	Tool Manufacturers and Dealers. American Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass		
Smith, Alfred H. & Co., 182 Broadway, N. Y.	Chicago Ophthalmic College	Mossberg Mfg. Co., Attleboro, Mass		
amond Cutters. Coetermans, Henrichs, Keck Diamond Cutting	Island, Casco Bay, Portland, Me 23	Trunks and Traveling Bags.		
, , , _	Paneled Metal Ceilings.	Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y	31	
N. Y		Watch Case Manufacturers.		
amond Mountings.	Pens, Pencils, etc.	Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton, O	-	
Oppenheimer, H. E. & Co., 14 Maiden Lane, N. Y	Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 2-31 Mabie, Todd & Bard, New York	Fahys, Jos., & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N.Y. Illinois Watch Case Co., Elgin, Ill Jacobson, F. H. & Co., 96 State St., Chicago .	10 2 25	
amelers.	Ring Makers.	Watch Case Repairers.		
Wild S. S. & Son, 179 Eddy St., Providence, R. I	7 Bowden, J. B. & Co., 192 Broadway, N. Y 8 Wood, J. R. & Sons., 21-23 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 34	Felix, N. J., 17 John St., N. Y	36	
graving School.		Watch Importers.		
Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Chicago 2		Hyde's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y	2	
ne Engraving. The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassau	Mosler, Bahmann & Co., 518 B'way, N. Y 32	Loveland, R. A., 177 Broadway, N. Y Mathey Bros ,Mathez & Co., 21 and 23 Maiden	10	
St.,N. Y	Sample Trunks. Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y 31	Lane, N. Y Robert, E. E., 3 Maiden Lane, N. Y		

Dueber Hampden Co., Canton, O..... 35

#### Watchmen's Time Detectors.

Imhauser, E., 206 Broadway, N. Y..... 34

Auctioneers.	Parson's School for Watchmak
Boyle, S. A. & Co., Washington, D.C 2	
Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y 34	Jewelers' Findings.
Rich, H. M. & Co., 21 School St., Boston, Mass	Lind, Thos. W., Providence, R
Badges, Medals, Etc.	Jobbers, Watches, Diamo
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y 32	Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., 19
Chains.	Lapp & Flershem, 92 98 State S Myers, S. F. & Co., 48 Maiden
Bigney, S. O., & Co., Attleboro, Mass 23	
Chronometers, Marine.	Lawyers.
Bliss, John & Co., 129 Front St., N. Y 36	Emmons Associated Law Off Ore
Clocks, French, English and American.	
Evans, W. F. & Sons, Hendsworth, Birming-	Musical Boxes.
ham, England 2 Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St.,	Jacot & Son, 39 Union Square,
N. Y	
Self-Winding Clock Co., 26 Broadway, N.Y 36	Muslin Buffs.
Diamond & Precious Stone Importers.	Williamsville Mfg. Co., 18 S. W
Disselkoen, John N., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y 9	dence, R. I
Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. L., N.V 36 Hedges, Wm. S. & Co., 170 Broadway, N. Y 8	Ontirel Geode
Kahn, L. & M. & Co., 172 Broadway, N. Y 36	Optical Goods.
Kipling, R. A., Hays Bldg., N. Y	Geneva Optical Co., Chicago, I
N. Y	Optical Schools.
Smith, Alfred H. & Co., 182 Broadway, N. Y 8	Chicago Ophthalmic College
Diamond Cutters.	Knowles, Dr., Neponset C Island, Casco Bay, Portland,
Coetermans, Henrichs, Keck Diamond Cutting	
Co., Cincinnati, O 7	Paneled Metal Ceilings.
Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, Prescott Bldg., N. Y	Northrop, A. & Co., Pittsburg
Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane 9	
Diamond Mountings.	Pens, Pencils, etc.
Oppenheimer, H. E. & Co., 14 Maiden Lane,	Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maide Mabie, Todd & Bard, New Yor
N. Y	, Mable, Iodd a Daid, New Iol
Enamelers.	Ring Makers
Wild S. S. & Son, 179 Eddy St., Providence,           R. I	Bowden, J. B. & Co., 192 Broad
Engraving School.	Wood, J. R. & Sons., 21-23 Maio
Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Chicago 25	Safes.
Fine Engraving.	Mosler, Bahmann & Co., 518 B
The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassau	Seconda Managira
St.,N. Y	Sample Trunks.
Fine Stationery.	Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broa
Parsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St., N. Y 35	Scales.
Gold Jewelry.	Kohlbusch, Herman, Sr., 59 Na
Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane 2-31	Skeletons and Steel Good
Ball, Wm. H. & Co., 15 John St., N. Y 23 Carter, Sloan & Co., 15 Maiden Lane, N. Y 9	Schulder Bros., 545 Pearl St., 1
Carter, broan & borg 15 Mardon 2000, 10 1 10 7	1

Bippart & Co., Newark, N. J Codding Bros. & Heilborn, North Attleboro	3
Mass Foster & Bailey, Providence, R.I Howard & Cockshaw, 220 Fourth Ave., N. Y Inman, J. T., Attleboro, Mass	12 32

Dominick & Haff, Union Square, N. Y	6
Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 808-810 Greenwich St.,	
N. Y	4
Howard Sterling Co., Providence, R. I	15
Knowles, J. B. & S. M. Co., Providence, R. I.	4
Mauser Mfg. Co., 14 E. 15th St., N. Y	14
Reed & Barton, Taunton, Mass	4
Shiebler, Geo. W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N. Y.	II
Towle Mfg. Co., Newburyport, Mass	7
Whiting, F. M., Co., North Attleboro, Mass.	7
Wood & Hughes, 16 John St., N. Y	4

American	Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass	2
Mossberg	Mfg. Co., Attleboro, Mass	35

Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton, O	35
Fahys, Jos., & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N.Y.	10
Illinois Watch Case Co., Elgin, Ill	2
Jacobson, F. H. & Co., 96 State St., Chicago .	25

#### Watch Manufacturers.

assau St., N. Y. 8

#### в.

N.Y..... 19

Assayers & Refiners. Goldsmith Bros., 63 &

# Special Notices.

Rates 75c. per Insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines (25 words); additional words 2 cents each. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per cent off; four insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertion, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. If answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

#### Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

POSITION at once by practical jeweler, six years' experience; best of references. Address T., care T. L. Evans, Williams, Iowa.

SITUATION WANTED by watchmaker, clock and jewelry repairer, single, 10 years' experience. Address 519 North St., Sidney, O.

WANTED-Situation by a first-class watchmaker, 26 yearsold; own tools; best references; salary wanted \$15 a week. Address H. W., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN, with old estab-lished trade in the south and southwest, is open for a position as traveler. Address G., care JEWEL-ERS' CIRCULAR.

POSITION by practical young man, experienced clock and jewelry jobber, ordinary watch repairer and salesman; tools: reference former employer. Lock Box 488, Saugerties, N. Y.

WANTED-By young man of experience, and thoroughly understanding the manufacturing and diamond business, position as resident or travel-ing salesman. Address "W.", care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR.

SITUATION WANTED by an engraver, chaser and designer on silver or gold; has had charge of engraving department in large factory; first-crass references. Address J. W. A., care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR.

WANTED-Waichmaker, strictly first-class, wants situation: also does plain engraving; young man; fine set of tools and references; city or country. Address T. W. Swilley, 413 East Baltimore St., Balti-more Md Address T more, Md.

POSITION by young man 24 years old, in wholesale or retail house as salesman or watchmaker; 7 years' experience; moderate salary with good house; best references. Address Manhattan, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A JEWELRY FOREMAN and first-class designer on diamond and general jewelry, capable of taking entire charge of factory, wants a position. Address A. Smith, care E. P. Reichhelm & Co., 80 Nassau St., New York City.

WANTED, A POSITION as salesman in a retail or wholesale jewelry business; have been er-gaged for the past 5 years with one of the leading retail bouses in New York City; best of references. Address A. B. C, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR

TRAVELING SALESMAN 17 years' experience (age 39), large acquaintance among best retailers through Pennsylvania, also Delaware, Maryland and District of Columbia. is open for engagement; also some acquaintance West among the jobbers. Address C., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

POSITION WANTED as jeweler and repairer; can do some setting; ring making a specialty; 14 years at bench; best of relerence from Last employer Address J. W., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

**POSITION WANTED**—Would like a position as instructor in a horological school: or would accept a place as watchmaker in a first-class jewelry establishment; can repair the finest w. tches in the original style of workmanship and know somewhat of optics. Watchmaker, care JEWELLERS' CIRCULAR.

#### Belp Wanted.

ONE GOOD WORKMAN on gold optical goods state experience and salary; one polisher on gold optical goods. Address Optical, Box 28t6, New York City.

#### Business Opportunities.

WILL BUY OLD ESTABLISHED JEWELRY STORE, New York or vicinity; must be cheap; state how much bench work. Address Jewel, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE-Old established jewelry business in one of the best towns on the Pacific coast at a big bargail, ; sickness the cause for selling. Address H., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE—A well equipped steam power shop for making diamond mountings; two years' lease and established business; everything in first class running order. Address F. C., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A CHANCE for a watchmaker with small capital; the fixtures and lease of small jewelry store, es-tablished r2 years, in Turner's Falls, Mass.; very little competition, low rent. population 5,000. John H. Starbuck, Mortgagee, Turner's Falls. Mass.

FOR SALE-Plant formerly conducted by Hagan, White & Co., for the manufacturing of jewelry, novelties, cane and umbrella heads, fully equipped with most approved machinery, dies, etc., and in com-plete running order; can be bought at an extremely low figure and on most favorable terms. Apply to S. Gumprecht, 248 W. 23d St, New York.

FOR SALE-Wishing to retire from the jewelry business I offer my stock, fixtures, lease and good will for sale; business of 22 years' standing; best location; fine store, and low rent; stock and fixtures \$9,000 to \$10,000, with plenty of work for two compe-tent men, and a good field for an optician; can show a good profit during the past two years of dull times; the leading store of this town of abo it 11,000 inhab-tiants, and a clean stock. Call on or address C. W. Skiff, Westfield, Mass.

FOR SALE-One-third or one-half interest in a well established jewelry store in the large and growing city of Atlanta, Ga.; store situated in the very best location for business in the city : inspection invited; correspondence solicited; reasons for selling, want more help and capital for our Exposition. which will be a "hummer." Here is a chance for some good party to make money. No attention will be paid to letters written out of idle curiosity. Address Business, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

#### To Let.

TO RENT-A desirable small office, 2 front win-dows, suitable for diamond business. No. 4 Maiden Lane (1st floor), New York.

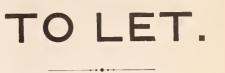
1 O LET-At 915 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, five beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators, suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china or glass importer. Apply to C. Dorflinger & Sons, 36 Murray St., New York.

#### Miscellaneous

WANTED you to know that the genuine "Moseley Lathe" equals the best of the very best. When interested write your jobber for new price list, or to the manufacturers, Moseley & Co., Elgin, III.

 $L_{\rm OST-Hunting}$ -case solid gold watch. 18 size. W. T. H. Rosen on the dial, with a plated chain; if offered for sale stop it, notify police and communi-cate with Theo. Rosen, 58 Amsterdam Ave., N. Y.

Successors to MARSH & BIGNEY,



Two fine large floors in factory building, St. Marks and Underhill avenues, Brooklyn. Solid floors. Light all around; power in abundance.

Fire proof vaults built in on each floor. Elevator, Stairs, Transmitting Room and Plumbing in separate extension.

Apply to

GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO., 179 BROADWAY,

#### NEW YORK.

\$3,000 will bny a Jewelry business in a Connecticut city, well located. Stock and fixtures will inventory over \$5,000. Terms easy. Owner has other business. Address, L. J. SAXTON,

Norwichtown, Conn.

Wm. H. Ball & Company,

Gold Bracelets.

15 John Street. NEW YORK.

**DR. KNOWLES'** 

Summer School in Optics, NEPONSET COTTAGE.

Peak's Island. Casco Bay, Portland, Me.

LECTURES \$25.00 with Diploma

ROOM AND BOARD, \$6.00 PER WEEK.

The Key to the Study of Refraction, 50c per Copy. For Sale by

WM. E. STEVENS, 49 PARKHURST ST, NEWARK, N. J.

ATTLEBORO, -

S. O. BIGNEY &

Makers of ROLLED PLATE CHAINS, A STERLING SILVER NOVELTIES 925/1000 FINE.

MASS.

CO..

OUR GOODS ARE SELLERS.



Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1895.

#### Chicago Notes.

VOL. XXX.

Burglars made a hole with a big stone in the jewelry window of H. B. Barnes, Monadnock building, early one morning recently and removed a tray containing \$150 worth of diamonds left there over night by mistake. Detectives have as yet found no clue.

E. E. Coleman, a diamond broker, with headquarters at the Hotel Richmond, this city, is reported to be the Coleman who jumped his bond which he gave in the Minneapolis Municipal Ccurt when he was arraigned on a charge of adultery brought by his wife.

Juergens Nabstedt, connected with the diamond mounting department of Juergens & Andersen Co., is visiting at his home in Davenport, Ia. There his father and three brothers run a flourishing jewelry store and are at the head of a rapidly increasing manufacturing business.

The Illinois Watch Case Co., Elgin, are building an addition to their watch case factory which will have 25,000 square feet of floor space, making in all 75,000 square feet, which will be devoted to the manufacture of watch cases and bicycles. The first year's output of bicycles, it is expected, will reach 7,500 high grade wheels.

#### St. Louis.

The convention of the Missouri Retail Jewelers' Association will meet July 16 at the Southern. The convention of the National Association meets the next day. The Bauman-Massa Jewelers' Supply Co. were, June 26, awarded judgment in Judge Wood's court against W. C. Rau for \$649.51 in five counts, \$253.50 of which bears 8 per cent. interest.

The program of the State convention is: 9.30 a. m. to 12 m. Opening of convention and address by O. F. Oberbeck, who will lecture on "Why Retail Jewelers Should Organize," "The Benefits of Organization," and "What Our Organization Has Accomplished in the Past." Then from 12 m. to 1.30 p. m. is recess and dinner; 2 to 5 p. m., regular business and election; evening, lecture on "The American Watch and Its Manufacture," with stereopticon views, by H. E. Duncan, of the American Waltham Watch Co., at Havlin's Theatre.

#### Cincinnati.

Louis Albert is away on a business and pleasure trip combined.

Joseph Mehmert is mailing his new material and tool catalogue.

Eugene Swigart will leave on July 10 for a vacation up in northern Wisconsin.

A. G. Schwab accompanied his wife and Mrs. A Herman to Mt. Clemens, Mich.

Walter Eisenschmidt, Covington, is seriously ill with congestion of the brain.

J. L. Francis, the western traveler for E. & J. Swigart, will be married this month.

S. Summers, of Bene, Lindenberg & Co., will spend the hot weather at French Lick Springs.

Dave Schroder, of D. Schroder & Co., has gone to the lakes of Wisconsin for a short vacation.

Charles Ankeny, of Duhme Co., has returned from a visit to his store in Lafayette, Ind. He reports business prospects good.

Henry Hahn is at Atlantic City, N. J., with his wife. They will return by way of New York, when Mr. Hahn will purchase Fall goods.

Thos. Anderson, Bedford, Ind.; A. Graham, Mt. Vernon, Ind.; and Messrs. Lefevre and Stanley, Hillsboro, O., were in Cincinnati last week.

The Wholesale Jewelers' Association of Cincinnati held their regular quarterly meeting July 2d at the Gibson House. They made arrangements for a picnic to take place this month in one of the suburban groves. The association now numbers 27 members.

Mutual differences have caused the dissolution of the partnership of E. Klein & Brother, the Race St. optical firm. The partners are Emanuel and Sigmund Klein. For some time there has been a disagreement as to the proper method of conducting the business. Sigmund Klein retires from the partnership, and the business hereafter will be conducted under the old firm name of Emanuel Klein.

Oskamp, Nolting & Co. are among the most enterprising jewelers in the west. Their show windows are constant marvels to the public. This week they have in one window an upright frame of yellow satin in which is embedded over 300 watch move

ments. This is the most magnificent watch display ever made in Cincinnati. This firm will issue a catalogue in September that will be a guide to the trade for ordering holiday lines.

The Mayor of Cincinnati received official notification from the Secretary of the Navy that the cruiser *Cincinnati*, would he entered on its career July 20th, and he appointed a committee to convey and present the complimentary silver set that was bought in recognition of the honor conferred upon the city in the naming of the ship. The presentation will be made July 17th. The set has been on exhibition at Clemens Hellebush's store for some time, and was made by Dominick & Haff, New York.

#### Pittsburgh

C. S. Snyder has opened a new store on Broadway, New Brighton.

G. B. Barrett and Miss Mary Barrett left Saturday for a visit to Cambridgeboro.

A. Kuntzebern, of St. Louis, stopped over last week to see friends prior to his departure for Europe.

James R. Brown, traveler for G. B. Barrett & Co., and Mrs. Brown have gone to Ludington, Mich.

Steele F. Roberts celebrated his 38th birthday by a stag dinner on the 25th at the Hotel Duquesne.

George Gunn, traveler for the hardware department of Heeren Bros. & Co., sailed last week for Scotland.

Sheafer & Lloyd designed the medals for the Schenley Park sports on the 4th. Considerable comment last year was raised by the letting of this contract to other than local firms.

Visiting jewelers here the past week included: J. R. Grieb, Butler; F. H. Hayes, Washington; B. Neville, Dawson; E. H. Kennerdell, Freeport; A. G. Crabbe, Hyndman; W. W. Fitley, Rochester; W. W. Murdoch, Ligonier.

The half holid 4y subject is a much mooted one at present, many jewelers preferring no holiday, claiming that many large cash sales are lost by closing up shop. Trade at the present time of the year is exceptionally good. W. W. Wattles & Sons, J. C. Grogan, Sheafer & Lloyd, Hardy & Hayes, Henry Terheyden and Goddard, Hill & Co, have thus far signed the petition.

#### San Francisco.

H. S. Rothschild, of Rothschild & Hadenfeldt, is back for the Summer.

C. J. Foster, manager of Schreve & Co., has returned from his eastern trip.

C. E. Graebe, San Jose, and Wm. Goeggel, Woodland, were in town on business last week.

M. L. Levy has taken the agency of the Mauser Mfg. Co., and of the Alvin Mfg. Co., New York.

The new loan office of the Louis Van Vliet corporation is being fitted up in elegant shape on Grand Ave. near Market St., and will soon be ready for business.

Mr. Carpenter, of R. S. Simmons & Co., has been in town. Two other eastern travelers, Messrs. Limbach, of Foster & Bailey, and Voelkins, of Ostby & Barton Co., were due last week.

J. C. Davis passed a forged check on J. Macowsky, jeweler, of this city, for a gold stop watch, two rings and some unset diamonds the total value of which was \$240. He went away with \$40 in cash also. He also bought a diamond for \$300 from L. H. Scharer, 1200 Market St., and paid some cash and gave a draft for the balance. Mr. Scharer became suspicious after Davis left the store and had the swindler arrested. Davis confessed and nearly all the goods he had secured were recovered.

#### Pacific Coast Notes.

J. Clark is about to open a store in The Dalles, Ore.

C. St. Louis has opened a new jewelry store in Grants' Pass, Ore.

A satisfactory settlement has been made between Frank Smith, San Jose, Cal., and his creditors.

G. H. Radke has opened a store in Calistoga, Cal. His brother, E. N. Radke, is a jeweler in Santa Cruz, Cal.

Wm. Goeggel, Woodland, Cal., has sold his store to A. E. Bochs, Paso Robles. Mr. Goeggel will retire from the jewelry business. Henry Kruchler, North Yakima, Cal., is in San Francisco looking for a suitable place to locate in that part of the country.

The Kent Stanley Co., Providence, R. I., have begun suit in Anaconda, Mont., against John W. Cotter, H. S. Tuttle, J. H. Leyson and E. O. Dugan, late of the Tuttle-Dugan Co., for \$158 due on account.

Allenson & Sons, Hollister, Cal., have turned over their entire business to their creditors. Their liabilities are about \$5,000. They have been granted an extension of 12 months, and it is expected they will pay in full.

Aluminum finger rings seem to be on the increase a mong the young and old at Bristol, R. I. The cause of this is the great fad that has been engendered by the sheathing and fitting of *Defender* with aluminum. The aluminum plates were all weighed when they first arrived at the works of the Herreshoffs, and since that time nearly 40 pounds of the metal have been missed.



- STIMATES GIVEN ON GOLD AND SILVER. IF NOT SATISFACTORY WE WILL RETURN SHIPMENT INTACT AND PAY ALL CHARGES."----

#### Indianapolis.

E. C. Miller will spend this month at his farm in Ohio.

W. F. Brewer, Bedford, Ind., has taken possession of his handsome new storeroom.

David J. Reagan and Oscar Derndinger, travelers for Baldwin, Miller & Co., are taking their vacations preparatory to starting out on the road the middle of July.

J. J. Somers, Thos. Totten & Co.; Geo. Whiting, S. E. Fisher & Co.; and a representative of the Blair Fountain Pen Co., called on the Indianapolis trade last week.

#### Detroit.

R. W. Rastall, of Detroit, has started a new jewelry store in Big Rapids, Mich.

J. H. Steere, of Arnold & Steere, Providence, R. I., is in the city looking after his Detroit business.

Ralph Dewey and wife will shortly start for a several months' trip to Europe. Mr. Dewey is with Sturgeon & Co.

E. E. Starr, Bowling Green, O., and J. A. Konetzka, North Baltimore, O., purchased goods here last week.

Among the Michigan country jewelers here last week were: C. E. Montford, Utica; H. St. John, Milford; and E. A. Cress, Minden City.

George D. Alger has opened a jewelry store in Benton Harbor, Mich. He is a recent graduate of Hutchinson's Watchmaker's School, Laporte, Ind.

The customs house officers at Windsor, Ont., just across from Detroit, have for a long time suspected that more or less smuggling of jewelry from Detroit was going on. They have had two detectives at work on this side shadowing suspects, and have been rewarded by capturing several on the other side. Abraham S. Marks was arrested last Saturday and a lot of cheap jewelry taken from him.

#### Rockford.

The death occurred recently of Henry Peers, the aged father of J. C. Peers, jeweler. The deceased was born in Albany, N. Y., Aug. 6, 1816.

The Rockford Watch Co.'s vacation is from June 29 to July 22. It is reported that the company have accepted a large contract for cyclometers and will start making them after vacation.

The National Cutlery Co. are the defendants in a bill filed in the Circuit Court by James J. Anderson, who sues for 100 shares of stock alleged to be due him by contract with the organizer of the company, J. W.



Meacham. Mr. Anderson is the inventor of the device for table cutlery blanks which he patented. Mr. Meacham organized a stock company in which Mr. Anderson was to be employed as superintendent at a salary of \$300 per month. The plaintiff alleges that he was to receive stock in the concern, which the directors refused to issue. He sold the patent to the company for \$5,000, and asks the court that the stock be given him.

#### Minneapolis and St. Paul.

H. E. Murdock, Minneapolis, returned from the east last week.

A. Sanborn, Minneapolis, last week removed his place of business from 1327 Washington Ave. to 1421 same street, into finer and larger quarters.

F. W. Spaulding, Minneapolis, late of Spaulding Bros., has opened an office at 460 Syndicate Arcade, Minneapolis, where he will do watch repairing.

J. M. Bennett, of the Reed & de Mars Jewelry Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, returned last week from a two weeks' trip east on business in the interest of his firm.

Out-of-town jewelers visiting the Twin Cities the past week were: Albert L. Mealey, Delano, Minn.; Theo. G. Mahler, LeSueur, Minn.; Lucien Diacon, Chaska, Minn.; W. F. Rust, Millbank, S. Dak.

#### Kansas City.

P. H. McBride, last week opened a jewelry store in Lebanon, Kan.

C. L. Merry was absent on a short business trip to Springfield, Mo., last week.

N. A. Heath, Jr., has opened a jewelry store in Hebron, Neb. He has a good location and fine stock and fixtures.

H. P. Hall, formerly of Wellington, Kan., has removed to Carthage, Mo. Mr. Hall spent all of last week in this city buying new stock.

The following out-of-town buyers were here last week: W. S. Lytle, Atchison, Kan.; W. H. Hudson, Winfield, Kan.; C. H. Bauer, Concordia, Mo.; E. E. Huffman, Phillipsburg, Kan.; C. O. Rankin, Olathe, Kan.

On June 27, at 2 o'clock P. M., the auction sale of the stock of the Jaccard Watch and Jewelry Co. was commenced by order of the United States Circuit Court. The property is divided and offered for sale as follows : First class-the wall cases, counters, railing, show cases, shelving, safes, tables, gas and electric fixtures, clock on sidewalk, cash carriers and mirrors; second class-engraving and printing machines and all apparatus and material and tools for printing and engraving, the machinery and tools for repairing and manufacturing, and the desks, chairs, scales and stoves; third class-the stock of goods, consisting of jewelry, diamonds, jewels, watches, novelties, solid and silver plated ware, tortoise shell goods, cutlery, canes, umbrellas, potteries, marbles, lamps, art tables, bronzes, cut glassware, brass goods, stationery, clocks, leather goods, leather and silk cases; also one horse, wagon and harness, also book accounts and bills receivable. The highest and best offers for the three classes, for all of said property in bulk, will be reported to the United States Circuit Court at Kansas City, Missouri, for its approval or rejection, and only such sales as are approved by the court will be consummated. The property had been appraised at \$52,-159.20.

# Canada and the Provinces.

William Wadds, jeweler, Vancouver, B. C., is out of business.

J. A. Pitts, jobber, Montreal, is starring through the lower provinces.

E. Jacot, jeweler, Quebec, who has been ill for some time, is well again and attending to business as usual.

Wm. T. Shortt, jeweler, Dartmouth, N. S., was married on June 26th to Miss Minnie J. Howe, of Halifax.

Mr. Lajoie, jeweler, St. Catherine St., Montreal, has failed; local firms principally are interested.

H. N. Cameron, Halifax, N. S., has just returned from a visit to New York, where he took a short course in optics.

A. R. Harmon, manager of the Canadian Branch of Robbins & Appleton, Montreal, is spending a holiday at Prouts' Neck. with his family.

M. J. MacNamara, Coaticoke, Que., was in Montreal last week looking up show cases for his new store, his place of business having been burnt out recently.

Chas. Green, representing Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., is in the lower provinces doing good business. George Smith, of the same firm, has just returned from a successful trip to Quebec.

Fire last week in the Warren Chambers, Wellington St., Toronto, occupied by a number of manufacturers' agents and A. & E. Gunther, wholesale jewelers, did \$25,-000 damages; all fairly well insured.

#### Syracuse.

M. H. Rees left last week for a trip to Kingston, Ont.

S. Van Orman has opened a new jewelry store in Fulton. F. C. Adams will superintend the repairing department.

Newton Dexter, representative of the Connecticut Jewelers' and Opticians' Association was in Syracuse Friday and attempted to arouse interest among local jewelers in organizing an association, but did not succeed. Syracuse jewelers were supposed to have formed an association a year or so ago, but have not been heard from since.



TRAVELING salesmen calling on Davenport, Ia., 'jewelers the past week were: F. R. Horton, Carter, Sloan & Co.; Mr. Smith, Whiting Mfg. Co.; H. C.Van Ness. Unger Bros.; R. L. Robinson, Dennison Mfg. Co.;

C. A. Garlick, C. H. Knights & Co.

Fred. J. England has been engaged by Koch, Dreyfus & Co., New York, to represent them in the New England States, New York and the west.

The travelers in Kansas City last week were: A. R. Vermilyea, Bradley & Hubbard Mfg. Co.; F. R. Horton, Carter Sloan & Co.; S. Lyon, S. Lyon & Son.

W. D. Merrill, traveler for the E. A. Whitiney Co., Boston, Mass., is very much in favor of the "new woman." She arrived at his home one day last week, and is in every way up to date, in fact runs the whole house.

Among the salesmen who braved a torrid week in Philadelphia were: Frank B. Lawton, S. B. Champlin & Sons; J. Baum, Rothschild Bros.; Samuel P. Howland, Eisenmann Bros.; W. F. Chambers, Daggett & Clap; and A. W. Atwater, Brooklyn Watch Case Co.

Among the jewelty travelers visiting the Hub the past week were: Thomas G. Frothingham; Otto H. Wolff. Alling & Co.; C. H. Barney, Middletown Plate Co.; George W. Read, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.; W. S. Campbell, Day, Clark & Co; J. M. Fisher; Mr. Foster, Foster & Bailey; William H. Jones; Charles Ballard, Hayden W. Wheeler & Co.

Among the traveling men in Springfield, Mass., recently were: C. T. Dougherty, Sexton Bros; H. C. Schwartz, Krementz & Co.; Mr. Jones, Jones & Woodland; Charles Van Ness, Reeves & Sillcocks; Benjamin F. Griscom, Bippart & Co.; S. H. Van Derzee; J. E. O'Donnell, William B. Kerr & Co.; F. R. Hollister, G. E. Luther & Co; A. M. Connell, Unger Bros.; Mr. Squire, E. Ira Richards & Co.; H. E. Bleecker, The Bassett Jewelry Co.

Travelers in Pittsburgh, Pa., last week were: S. W. Abbey, E. Ira Richards & Co.; J. D. Underwood, Champenois & Co.; Arthur Pinover, A. Pinover & Co.; Everett I. Rogers, Parks Bros. & Rogers; H. A. Scofield, Lincoln, Bacon & Co.; Mr. Brooks, Brooks & Pike; Harry B. Kennion, H. D. Merritt & Co.; Mr. Whiting, S. E. Fisher & Co.; Edwin L. Mumford, Waite, Thresher Co.; A. A. Greene, A. A. Greene Co.; J. Fred. Crane, Mandeville, Carrow & Crane.

Eastern jobbers and manufacturers represented in the Twin Cities the past week were: Ames Mfg. Co., by A. L. Reed; Stevens Silver Co., by S. S. Gilbert; Providence Stock Cc., by M. L. Jacoby; S. & B. Lederer, by G. Rodenberg; Meriden Britannia Co., by W. C. Wood; Ehrlich & Sinnock, by Mr. Sinnock; Park Brothers & Rogers, by Everett I. Rogers; Winsted Optical Co., by Mr. Pierce; D. F. Briggs Co., by Mr. Tappan; A. C. Becken, by Joe Aicher.

The following traveling salesmen passed through Detroit last week : Mr. Tiffany, F H. Sadler & Co.; Frank S. Goff, W. H. Pervear & Co.; Joe Fowler, Fowler Bros; J. M. Weil, Weil Bros.; F. A. Fairbrother, B. K. Smith & Co.; Mr. Frazer, H. W. Smith & Co.; Mr. Battey, Waite, Mathewson & Co.; Mr. Trafton, Wheaton, Richards & Co.; Mr. Morell, the Seery Mfg. Co.; C. F. Ketcham, Riker Bros.; C. A. Boynton, W. B. Kerr & Co.; G. W. Bleecker, the Bassett fewelry Co.; L. E. Fay, Kirby, Mowry & Co.; Fred. Foster, Unger Bros ; Ferd. Bliss, Enos Richardson & Co.; W. F. Cory, W. F. Cory & Bro.; W. C. Barry, Larter, Elcox & Co., and a representative of the Plainville Stock Co.

Summer "tourists" noticed in Syracuse. N. Y., the past week included: W. F. Cory, W. F. Cory & Bro.; Mr. Brooks, Brooks & Pike; S. D. McChesney, Wm. B. Kerr & Co.; L. H. Bosworth, Potter & Buffinton; W. H. Gregory, Strobell & Crane; C. T. Dougherty; A. J. Parker, Osmun-Parker Mfg. Co.; V. W. Henderson, Enos Richardson & Co.; H. D. M'x, Wightman & Hough Co.; R. A. Thompson, for Henry Glorieux; J. R. Palmer, Palmer & Peckham; Chas. F. Robinson, Link, Angell & Weiss; C. L. Molten, for Clarence W. Sedgwick; W. F. Chambers, Daggett & Clap; H. C. Van Ness. Unger Bros.; E. Biny, for Bloch Ainé; N. F. Swift, for G K. Webster; G. A. Terhune, Robt. H. Ingersoll & Bro.; T. C. Nicholson, Flint, Blood & Co.; F. A. Fairbrother, Jr., B. K. Smith & Co.; Milton S. Rodenberg, S. & B. Lederer; F. V. Kennon, for J. T. Mauran.

#### Efforts to Organize Retail Jewelers in New York State,

Rochester, N. Y., June 28.—Newton Dexter, of New York, representative of the Connecticut Jewele.s' and Opticians' Association, was in the city yesterday. He invited the jewelers of the city to meet him at Powers Hotel last evening for the purpose of forming a local organization to be made a branch of a proposed State organization.

Few jewelers were present. It was decided not to take any formal action in the matter but to hold another meeting the second week in July. A similar meeting was held in Buffalo last night and a loc..l organization was formed. Mr. Dexter goes from here to Syracuse and will meet with the jewelers of that city to-night.

#### Trade Gossip.

"Waite, Thresher Co.'s goods sell" is a truism which jobbers should bear in mind.

S. O. Bigney & Co., No. Attleboro, Mass., report lots of orders daily. Mr. Bigney guarantees that every particle of silver stock used by him is 925-1000 fine.

The announcement of the Howard Sterling Co. elsewhere in this issue is timely. The company's trademark, however, has always been a guarantee of quality.

J. T. Inman & Co., Attleboro, are now in excellent shape in their new and larger quarters in the Bates building. Every ounce of silver stock used by this firm in the manufacture of their popular line is sterling, 925-1000 fine.

The F. M. Whiting Co., No. Attleboro, Mass., are busy finishing their line of fancy pieces in their new Neapolitan. Some recent productions in trays, dishes, tea sets and other hollow ware by this house are especially commendable.

W. F. Quarters, the wide-awake and busy electro plater and colorer, Providence, R. I., has, in his new shops, perhaps the finest establishment of its kind in the country. Every detail is constantly under his personal supervision and the result is that Mr. Quarters never has a dissatisfied customer.

In view of the present demand for miniatures Julius Eichenberg, Providence, R. I., has imported some specially large and fine enamels on 22 karat surface. The work is excellent and the article presents a most excellent appearance. Manufacturers interested may obtain samples and full information by communicating with Mr. Eichenberg.

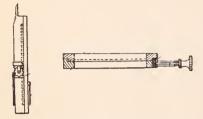
While it is entirely unnecessary to say so, the J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co., Providence R. I., desire the trade to bear in mind that they are silversmiths in all that the word implies. They use nothing but sterling silver 925 1000 fine in everything made by them, and their trademark on a piece guarantees it to be 925-1000 fine. Their popular and salable Apol o pattern in flatware sells better than ever, while the line of fancy pieces in this pattern is augmented almost daily. The enamel and gold effects in these latter command admiration wherever shown, and are, indeed, worthy of it.

Thomas W. Lind, Providence, R. I., desires the trade to bear in mind that he can supply at all times everything in the line of jewelers' trimmings. Mr. Lind's designers produce something new almost daily, and manufacturers can depend on the line being at all times up to date. Among Mr. Lind's latest productions are several belt pins combining the dainty bead design now so popular, and made in plain, floral and scroll patterns. These pins by a peculiar method of construction in bending over the edges offer all the resistance of a solid piece of silver, if indeed not more. The method of forming the catch for the pin is also new and most excellent. Samples may be had on application.

#### The Latest Patents.

#### ISSUE OF JUNE 25, 1895.

541,484. OPTOMETER OR SIGHT - AD-JUSTER. HENRY H. HEMPLER, Washington, D. C.-Filed Apr. 8, 1892. Serial No. 428,387. (No model.)



The spectacle gage comprising a supporting-bar l, two non-rotative rings supported on the bar and movable to and from each other, and having recesses in their perimeters, and formed with lateral and horizontally projecting-sleeves adjacent to the recesses, two rotative rings fitted to and held by the non-rotative rings and formed with rack-gears, on their rear edge surfaces, shafts journaled in the sleeves of the nonrotative rings, pinions on the inner ends of the shafts arranged in the recesses of the non-rotative rings, projective rings, and a djust the rotative rings, and a nose-piece on the supporting bar.

541,501. APPARATUS FOR ANNEALING GOLD. WILLIAM D. PORTER, Providence, R. I.--Filed Oct. 29, 1894. Serial No. 527,201. (No model.)

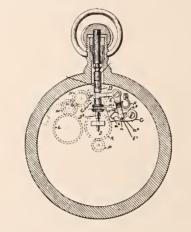
The combination of a hopper having an opening at its bottom adapted to deliver its contents successively, a table having an opening beneath said hopper, supports for said hopper and table, respectively, and an annealing plate beneath the hopper and upon the table and in proximity to a source of heat.

541,515. SELF-NEUTRALIZING FLEXIBLE CONDUCTOR FOR TRANSMITTING MO-TION TO MOVABLE OBJECTS. BENJAMIN W. WARWICK, London. England.—Filed Sept. 3, 1892. Serial No. 445,024. (No model) Patented in England Aug 10, 1891, No. 13,478; in Germany Sept. 1, 1892, Nos. 68,485 and 69,572; in Switzerland Sept. 1, 1892, No. 5,670; in France Sept. 2, 1892, No. 224,106; in Belgium Oct. 18, 1892, No. 10,1771; in Italy Oct. 20, 1892, No. 32,874; in Canada Mar. 1, 1893, No. 42,125, and in Austria-Hungary June 21, 1893, No. 56,082 and No. 10,257.



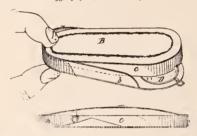
In combination, the movable time stamp having hands operating mechanism in the stamp, including a crown wheel F, a time motor mechanism and the flexible shafting comprising the two shafts A, A', connected to said motor mechanism to be rotated in opposite directions relatively to each other the pinions on opposite sides of the crown wheel and connected with the said shafts.

- 541,523. ENGRAVING MACHINE TABLE. CHARLES C. BRUCKNER, Chicago, Ill., assignor to the National Engraving Machine Company, same place.—Filed Mar. 17, 1894. Serial No. 503,989. (No model.)
- 541,561. STEM WINDING AND SETTING WATCH. WILLIAM M. MATHESON and MEL-VIN L. BISHOP, Waltham, Mass.—Filed Apr. 5, 1895. Serial No. 544,643. (No model.)



In a stem-wind and hand-set for watch movements, in combination, a rotating and sliding stem D, an angular lever E engaging the stem, and a lever G having a cam-slot engaged by the angular-lever, and a sliding-pinion H, H<sup>2</sup> on and rotating with the stem D and engaged by the cam-slot lever.

541.767. SPECTACLE-CASE. GEORGE H. LLOYD, Somerville, Mass.—Filed Dec. 5, 1894. Serial No. 530.919. (No model.)



An eyeglass or spectacle case, composed of a body or lower portion and a longitudinally-tilting cover transversely pivoted at a point intermediate between its ends to said body, whereby pressure on one end of the cover will raise the opposite end to open the case. **541,S13.** PIN. PAUL JEANNE, Greenville, N. J.

-Filed Nov. 9, 1894 Serial No. 528,283. (No model.)



A device of the class described, comprising a casing, a vertically disposed shaft journaled in the said casing, an ornament formed with a supporting bar or pin, and a sleeve removably connected with the said bar or pin and adapted to be locked thereto by the said shaft.

541, S09. COLLAR-BUTTON SHIELD. JAMES A. DUNNING, Aulander, N. C., assignor of onehalf to Kobert J. Dunning, same place. – Filed Jan. 24, 1895. Serial No. 536,067. (No model.) As a new article of manufacture, the herein described shield for collar buttons, consisting of two superimposed soft and thin flexible disks of greater diameter



than the base of the button, and secured to each other at their marginal portions only, said marginal portions being left unsecured at opposite points, and slits in the upper of said disks to admit the base and shank of the button.

DESIGN 24,417. SPOON. JOHN W. MAILLOT, North Attleborough, Mass., assignor to the F. M.



- Whiting Company, same place.—Filed March 29, 1895. Serial No. 543,756. Term of patent 31/2 years.
- DESIGN 24,418. EYEGLASS-SPRING. EMIL B. MEYROWITZ, Ridgefield, N. J., assignor to the



Meyrowitz Manufacturing Company, same place. -Filed Sept. 20, 1894. Serial No. 523,648. Term of patent 7 years.

The new, useful and original shape or configuration of eyeglass springs characterized by a forward tilt of the bow of the spring in a straight line from the upper ends of a pair of vertical shanks.

- DESIGN 24,432. BADGE. WALTER N. BRUNT, San Francisco, Cal.—Filed Dec. 26, 1894. Serial No. 533,022. Term of patent 3½ years.
- DESIGN 24,433. SPOON. IRA B. SMITH, Bristol, Conn., assignor to the Bristol Brass and Clock



- Company, same place.—Filed Mar. 14, 1895. Serial No. 541,810. Term of patent 7 years.
- DESIGN 24,434. NOSE-PIECE FOR EYE-



GLASSES. EDWARD HOMMEL, Syracuse, N. Y. --Filed Nov. 14, 1894. Serial No. 528 8. Term of patent 14 years.

#### The Adjustment of Repeating Watches.

S OME years ago John Huquenin contributed a series of valuable articles to the *Journal Suisse d'Horlogerie* on the subject of the manufacture and adjustment of repeating watches. Before taking a repeating movement down, he says, to get at the escapement, the repairer should ascertain whether it is necessary to raise the dial by laying an edge (silver) around it, so that the hour wheel and the bridge over the sethand wheel can have sufficient freedom without being obliged to thin them very much, or to cut away the back enamel of dial.

If it is a minute repeating movement, care must be taken to make sure that the height of the snails agrees properly with that of the greater and minute pieces, to determine exactly the definite position of the cannon pinion, of the hour and minute wheels, and to exactly calculate the necessary height for the dial; one will thus avoid lost space, which will be doubled when the case is made, if the pendant is planned to come in the middle of the band.

Be certain that the space between the center and third wheels is sufficient for the balance, reckoning the height of the rim equal to half of that of the mainspring. If the space is not judged to be sufficient, the third wheel ought to be lowered with care before the holes are jeweled; the face of the third pinion must be kept a little higher than the center wheel.

If it is not possible to lower the third wheel, the two wheels must be thinned as much as possible, and the height of the rim of the balance carefully reduced.

It is to be remarked in certain pieces that the leaves of the fourth pinion are not sufficiently free of the circumference of the balance, of which the diameter is generally equal to that of the barrel cover; in this case the leaves should be lowered, so that the face of the pinion is only one-tenth of a millimeter above the third wheel, that being properly in its place.

If the pinion only wants lowering a little, simply to insure its not fouling the balance screws, it would be easy to lower the fourth wheel.

These operations should be done before planting the escapement, in order that the escape pinion and the balance staff may be pivoted in agreement with the new positions of the third and fourth wheels.

Next, examine if there is sufficient space between the end of the "surprise" and the center part of the barrel cover. In the contrary case, the examiner should introduce this necessary quantity of space, after having verified the depth of the barrel in the center pinion.

When the setting hand pinion touches on the edge of the barrel cover, the examiner should not turn it up unless the gearing of the sliding pinion for setting the hands will bear it.

The striking works of minute repeaters for hunting case movements are so arranged that there is a possible danger that the quarter piece on which are the three teeth which act against the lifting of the small hammer, may foul the fingers of the stop piece. It is advisable to get the stop work as low as possible, and to drill the barr $\epsilon$ l arbor within sufficiently, so that the pin may be partly sunk in the thickness of the finger piece.

In these same pieces, the spring of the quarter piece passes over the lowest part of the barrel cover, and under the quarter snail. This part of the cover ought to be turned level with the bottom of the plate; this will allow the blade of the spring to be left sufficiently broad to prevent its riding up in working.

The opening in the brass edge of the pillow plate for the arm of the rack is often larger than necessary to limit the return at the moment that the stopping is effected. It is expedient before taking off the striking work, to mark by a line on the plate the position of the arm entirely brought back, in order that the maker of the slide may have an indication to limit the length of the draw so that there shall be no play after it has been fully drawn up.

Mark on the plate the places for the case screws, so that one of them may be near the foot of the bells, and that the blocks may not be in the way of the case spring or of the slide.

#### PLANTING THE ESCAPEMENT.

The proportions indicated for the diameter and height of the rim of the balance are not always able to be adhered to and may have to be modified to suit the caliper.

When the bell of the large hammer requires the balance being drawn off, the diameter of the latter should be reduced in order that the escapement maker may not break into the counter-sink of the screw, in freeing the center-wheel bars.\*

In certain pieces, the fourth wheel arbor does not allow of a balance as large as the barrel cover; the caliper is also sometimes arranged that the teeth of the barrel are too close. Balances with higher rims should be used for these escapements, if the space between the center and third wheels permits. It is well to order screws of 14 and 18 karats, in place of the low quality gold ordinarily used.

For a general rule, it is necessary to calculate the diameter and height of the rim of the balance, in agreement with the strength of the mainspring and the quality of the escapement, in view of obtaining a vibration not less than a turn and a half, the main spring being fully wound up. Its complete development varies between six turns and six turns and a half for a stop work four turns, and from seven to seven and one-half turns with a stop work of five turns ; with these conditions the occasional drags, caused by the repeating mechanism, will exert no influence on the performance of the watch.

\* A " bar" movement is being described. (*To be continued*.)

#### Workshop Notes.

American End Stone.—To fit on American endstone, the cheapest way is to open up the old setting and fit in a new one; the end stone should be tight.

Power Consumed by Friction.—Experiments instituted have demonstrated that the train (wheels, pivots, depthing), when in proper condition and lubricated with fresh oil, consume about 20 per cent. of the motive force.

**Removing Lead Solder.**—Immerse the piece of jewelry in hydrochloric acid, in which leave until the lead has been eaten away. It is best to heat the article gently, and brush off the lead while melted, before subjecting the piece of jewelry to the corrosion by the acid.

**Oiling a Watch.**—For oiling a watch, use the best oil to be obtained; for an oiler take a fine piece of steel wire, which fasten into a little handle, and tap the end of the wire slightly, so as to make it hold a little oil. Oil the pivots and pallet stones; do not oil the minute wheel, as the oil will make it stick to the plate; oil center post a little before putting on the cannon pinion.

**Polishing.** — The speed of the lathe should be quite rapid for polishing. But the chief requisite for obtaining a good polish is to have the surface truly plane or flat. An irregular surface can never take a perfect polish. All the corners should be cut clean and square, and the flats must extend to the very edge. If edges are rounded off it shows poor workmanship.

To Replace Broken Foot Jewel.—Remove the broken jewel from the collet or setting; place the collet or setting in one of your lathe chucks large enough to hold the same; start in motion, and with a fine pointed burnisher raise the bezel sufficiently to receive a new jewel; select one to fit both pivot and setting, replace in the chuck, and with a little larger burnisher, close down the bezel, and your job is complete.

**Polishing Laps.**—Different kinds of laps are used by different workmen, the most common being soft iron, copper, tin, type metal, and bell metal. The latter is generally preferred for small laps, on account of its hardness, keeping its shape well, but type metal is also very good material. Large type, being worn too much for printer's use, can be bought cheaply at any printing office and filed into shape. Bell metal slips can be obtained from any material store.

Polishing Steel Watch Parts.—It is quite a job to get a nice, bright polish on the steel parts of a watch, and nothing is calculated so much to increase the beauty of a movement. Contrary to the expectations of some, the polish does not depend upon the kind of steel used, and any good, close grained steel will answer. It should be properly hardened and tempered, and (after being brought as nearly as possible to its final shape by turning or otherwise) then ground with oilstone dust and oil till a fine grey surface is obtained. The polish is then put on with crocus and diamantine.

#### MATTERS IN JEWELRY STOREKEEPING.

That this department shall prove mutually beneficial to our readers, it is desirable that the members of the trade generally communicate with THE CIRCULAR regarding any advantageous device or plan that they are utilizing in connection with their business.

#### A Remarkable Watch Repairer's Window.

**S**TEPHEN MESSERER, jeweler, 15 Springfield Ave., Newark, N. J., has arranged a novel window display which has created quite a sensation, the window being besieged by spectators early and late.

In the left hand corner is a picture of Mr. Messerer's store painted in 'oil, across the upper stories being a large inscription: S. Messerer's Hospital for Sick Watches. Twenty-four brownies are seen marching toward the hospital, each one carrying one or two old, battered, tarnished watches or empty cases, and bearing in his hand a card of complaint such as the following:

	I have lost both hands.
•••	I am all broke up.
•••••	Tam an broke up.
	I can't keep time. Must see Messerer.
	My inside is out of order. Messerer must repair me.
:	
	A Victim of the Trolley Car.
:	••••••
	I am all out of shape.
:	·····
	I want a general overhauling.
•	······
	I need a new face.
* * * * * * *	I want my case gilded.
	I believe I am gone. Must see Messerer.
	The brownies are followed by an ambu

lance carrying a dirty old clock. Alongside the hospital, on the upper terrace, are a few small palm trees in pots, to imitate a picnic grounds, where a half dozen clean watches are ticking merrily. On their cards are the following legends:

We Never Gave Better Time Than Now.

	Messerei			-			
:			He's t	he Bo	ee.		
:							
• • • •	•••••	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • •	•••••	••••
			-				privat
0	~			moni	ame	ents ar	id tomb
stor	nes rea	.ding	:				

***************************************
Here Lies an Old Watch, Tinkered to Death
by John Tick.
In Memory of a Spoiled Watch. Killed by
Isaac Knownothing.

Mr. Messerer says he has received many flattering comments on his idea, and no ad. could have done him more good. "If there was anyone who did not know where Messerer's place is, he surely knows now," writes the jeweler.

#### How a Progressive Jewelry Firm Advertises.

THE Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., writes Charles A. Bates in Printers' Ink, have one of the handsomest jewelry stores in America. It is on the corner of two principal streets, and the exquisitely beautiful window displays that are made attract a greater or less number of people all day long. During the busy afternoon shopping hours there is a crowd in front of the windows continually. The store would do a great deal of business solely on account of the windows if it did not do any other advertising at all. The fact is that the newspaper advertising is particularly good. It isn't very pretty, but that doesn't make so very much difference after all.

The advertisements contain definite information, and plenty of prices. They are full of suggestions. The advertising is dignified without being stilted, the sole object seeming to be the conveyance of information and the sale of goods. In one advertisement the range of prices is from fiftycent sleeve links to a two-thousand-dollar diamond pendant. Mr. King seems to consider the needs of everyone. The business is of a high class, and yet, contrary to all precedent, it is advertised in a business-like way. A great many high-class stores seem to think that they must retain an unbending rigidity, and that the preservation of their dignity is more important than the sale of goods.

Dignity is a good thing in advertising. I don't believe in undignified methods in any kind of a store, but advertising is purely business. There should be very little sentiment about it. The ad. that sells goods is a good ad. always. The ad. that sells goods will be, in nine cases out of ten, an ad. that talks plainly to people in a way that everybody can understand. It isn't flippant, nor cute, but it isn't so dignified that it fails to give any information.

The Mermod, Jaccard Co. issue a monthly. sheet of illustrations of desirable goods. The one which I have before me contains on the first page pictures of three water pitchers, ranging in price from five dollars to twenty-five dollars and fifty cents. Each one is adequately described, and could be purchased almost as well from the circular as in the store. This special notice is printed in one corner of the page: "A good ice pitcher is made air-tight, with selfclosing spurt valves to exclude warm air. Has double walls, double bottom, and double lid, making a non-conducting air chamber all around. Such a pitcher will keep water cold from six to eight hours, and if properly made and plated will last many years. All our ice pitchers are so made. All are heavily quadruple silver plate on hard white metal, and each pitcher is stamped on the bottom-Mermod, Jaccard & Co."

That gives a pretty fair index to all of the advertising. It is a plain, straightforward story, that tells the people exactly what they would most desire to know about the goods. The two inside pages of this circular are filled up with pictures of various novelties and prices on each one. The last page is devoted to cut-glass, with pictures and prices. The circular isn't very well printed, and I am inclined to think this is a mistake. Its appearance is ordinary when it ought to be fine. The printing of a jewelry store ought, by all means, to be of the best quality. The printing either represents or misrepresents the house, and it is undoubtedly true that people who do not know a house judge it by its printing. Just the same, I have no doubt that this circular, and other similar ones, have sold a great many goods. I believe that they would have sold more goods if they had been printed in better shape, and, at any rate, the difference in the cost of ordinary printing and fine printing is so slight, that the chance of using a better grade is always worth taking.

There isn't anything remarkable about this advertising except its common sense. It is remarkable that common sense should be remarkable, but it is so just the same. It isn't at all necessary that an advertisement should be pretty to sell goods. It isn't even necessary that it shall be finely written. What you say is more than how you say it. Some of the prettiest ads. that I ever saw didn't sell goods, and some of the ugliest did. It isn't a question of appearance so much as it is a question of sense. To be sure, a sensible ad. is all the better for being pretty. There is no reason why advertising should not be both handsome and sensible, but that kind of advertising is the most notable exception.



32





#### The Rambler's Notes.

WHAT THE RAMBLER SAW AND HEARO AMONG THE CEALERS IN ART POTTERY, CUT GLASS, BRONZES, ETC.

Ν exceptionally A FINE VIENNA TERRA fine display of COTTA FIGURES. Vienna terra cotta figures just received by Hinrichs & Co. is now to be seen at their warerooms, 29-31 Park Place, New York. The majority of the pieces are life sized busts in natural colors, though many fine figure subjects are also shown. Among the latter are: "Whittling," "Cataline," "Egyptian Water Carrier," "Falstaff," and a host of smaller figures such as monks and pickaninnies. The busts contain many realistically colored Moorish men and women, whose features are depicted in an absolutely life-like manner; this is particularly noticeable in the large bust of a Bedouin Arab. Other busts of women of various types are also shown.

> NEW GILT ANO CHINA CLOCKS. THE new gilt and china clocks recently received by the

Chas. Jacques Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St., New York, contain very many pieces that



GILT AND CH1NA CLOCK SET. CHARLES JACQUES CLOCK CO.

are both new and attractive in design, while popular in price. One of these, here illustrated, is made especially for this company. It is shown in three colors, ivory, turquoise or rose, with various decorations. Vase candelabra similarly decorated act as side pieces.

#### OECORATEO PORCELAIN UMBRELLA HANOLES.

HAT is probably the largest and most elaborate dis-

play of decorated porcelain tops for umbrella and parasol handles now to be found in New York, is that of Chas. Ahrenfeldt & Son, 52 Murray St., New York. The assortment contains over 50 different shapes and styles, each of which is in a host of different decorations. Knobs, ball tops, cross tops, crooks and other handles are shown in *bleu de feur* with gilt decoration and white panels, in solid colors as pink, red, green, yellow and apple, with floral panels, and in white with many varieties of the Dresden flower decoration. There is also a number of tops with Delft decorations.

NEW GOODS IN L , R. & L.

N their own Austrian ware Lazarus, Rosenfeld & Leh-

mann, 60 Murray St., New York, are showing a large and complete line of articles decorated à la Vienna. The articles have solid color bodies, red and turquoise predominating, the decorations being portraits and figure panels. These panels consist of either reproductions of celebrated paintings or medallions of historical French men and women. In addition to the vases, ewers and jugs, there is the usual assortment of novelties handled by jewelers, such as trinket sets, trays, teapots, sugars and creams, cracker jars, caddies, chocolate jugs, etc.

#### PAIRPOINT MFG. CO.'S

THE new Malach ware of the Pair-

New MALACH WARE. point Mfg. Co. is now to be seen at their New York branch, 46 Murray St. The substance is a dark green glass decorated with gilt ornamentations of various kinds, principally floral and bird designs, many being treated in Japanese style. Odd, yet attractively shaped vases, flower jars and bouquet holders are the principal articles at present displayed in this ware. THE RAMELER.

#### Ancient Glass.

HE glass blowers of ancient Thebes are known to have been as proficient in that particular art as is the most scientific craftsman of the same trade of the present day, after a lapse of 40 centuries of so-called "progress." They were well acquainted with the art of staining glass, and are known to have produced that commodity in great profusion and perfection. Rosselini gives an illustration of a piece of stained glass known to be 4,000 years old, which displayed artistic taste of high order, both in tint and design. In this case the color is struck through the vitrified structure, and he mentions designs struck entirely in pieces from 1/2 in. to 3/4 in. thick, the color being perfectly incorporated with the structure of the piece, and exactly the same on both the obverse and reverse sides.

The priests of Ptah at Memphis were adepts in the glassmaker's art, and not only did they have factories for manufacturing the common crystal variety, but they had learned the vitrifying of the different colors and the imitation of precious stones to perfection. Their imitations of the amethyst and of the various other colored gems were so true to nature that even now, after they have lain in the desert sands from 2,000 to 4,000 years, it takes an expert to distinguish the genuine articles from the spurious. It has been shown that, besides being experts in glass making and glass coloring, they used the diamond in cutting and engraving glass. In the British Museum there is a beautiful piece of stained glass, with an engraved emblazonment of the monarch, Thothmes III., who lived 3,400 years ago.

#### A Turkish Royal Pottery.

A PORCELAIN factory, on the model of that of Sèvres, has, it is reported, been recently established within the precincts of the Sultan's private residence at Yildiz Kiosk. The foreman and workmen have so far been French, but they are acting as instructors to Turkish hands, under the superintendence of Selim Melhame Effendi, the future chief of the little factory. The kaolin used there is of excellent quality and is found near Tchatalja.



Hulbhalun o Hillpioved Hille Delebio 12 and 24 Different Keys with Safety Lock Attachments. 13.5. Patents 1875-6 and 7. Reiseud, 1880 This Watchman's Time Detector consing all atest im provements. The into the market, tanot be tampde with successtuly. Varranted is every way Send for circular E. IMHAUSER, 208 B'way New York U. S., A. A. J. COMPRIE, AUCTIONEER,

22 John St., N. Y. Special Salesman of WATCHES, DIAMONDS, BRIC-A-BRAC, FOR ESTABLISHED JFWELERS. WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

#### New Books of Interest.

#### Manual of Instruction in Hard Solder-

ing.—SECOND EDITION, REVISED AND ENLARGEF. BY HARVEY ROWELL. SPON & CHAMBERLAIN, PUBLISH-ERS, 12 CORTANDT ST., NEW YORK. 66 PP. CLOTH COVER. 75 CENTS.

This book is intended for those persons who have the genius for mechanical invention, and who desire to be able to construct the devices for their experiments without serving a term of years at any one trade. Since hard soldering or brazing is often a fundamental process in the construction of models, they are often left too weak, and devices to bridge over a lack of knowledge of this process are necessary. "Among the jewelers, gunsmiths, makers of surgical, mathematical, optical and philosophical instruments, watchmakers, and occasionally the dentists, it has been handed down from one generation to another, each one teaching it as adapted to his own requirements, so useful is it in nearly all branches of mechanical construction," says the author.

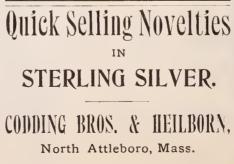
The work is divided into nine chapters respectively headed: Utensils and Chemicals; Alloys for Hard Soldering; Oxidation; Structure of Flame; Heat; The Process; The Process (continued); Technical Notes; Properties of Metals. To these is an appendix on the repair of bicycle frames, timely information indeed, and notes on alloys. The book closes with a chapter on soft soldering.

Much published in this little book may be new only to the beginner, but it is well to compare notes, and if only one point is gained, it will repay the small cost of the volume.

#### Points of Law.

POLICE POWER AS TO PEDDLERS' LICENSE.

The act February 6. 1830, requiring all persons desiring to peddle clocks to make proof before the Quarter Sessions of their good moral character, and to obtain a license, being general and reasonable, is a proper police regulation. and not in violation of the interstate commerce clause of the constitution of the United States. The purpose of the act was to secure some measure of protection for the citizens of the commonwealth against the frauds practiced upon them by strangers, who had no place of business in the State, and who, when wanted



New York Office : C. A. Vanderbilt, 178 Broadway. Chicago Office : F. A. Buck, 805 Masonic Temple. Philadelphia Office : J. C. Buck, 15 North 6th Street. to answer for their cheats and crimes, were safely beyond the reach of process. This court has uniformly asserted the validity of such legislation as a reasonable and proper exercise of the police power.

Commonwealth v. Harmel (Supreme Court of Pennsylvania).

#### LIABILITY IN MANUFACTURE OF DEFECTIVE EYEGLASSES.

Where an optician undertook to make eyeglasses for a customer according to a certain prescription, but the glasses were defectively or erroneously constructed, the optician is guilty of actionable negligence, and his liability does not rest on "a sale coupled with an implied warranty."

Price v. Ga Nun (Superior Court of New York City, General Term).

#### CLASSIFICATION OF ANTIQUE OPAL.

A single antique opal produced at a period prior to 1700 is not entitled to free entry under paragraph 524 as a "collection of antiquities," but is dutiable at 50 per cent. ad valorem as jewelry, under paragraph 452 of the Act of October 1, 1890, notwithstanding it was imported with other articles whose production prior to 1700 had not been satisfactorily established by evidence.

Tiffany v. United States (Circuit Court S. D. New York.)

A Pittsburgh jeweler says that there is character revealed in the jewelry of the present season, when worn by the Summer girl, "Now, this is the way you tell," said the jeweler; "when a soft eyed maiden, with a heart full of sentiment asks to look at shirt studs, we show her cupid-like designs. The college girl takes the college colors of her best young man enameled onto the gold. The strong minded girl wants a plain opal setting; the athletic girl takes sporty designs, such as oars, tennis rackets, bicycle design or golfing sticks. The piazza girl likes something very dainty and feminine, such as floral designs studded with gems."

#### PINS HIGH THIS YEAR.

WIFE.-My dear, I want four hundred dollars for pin money.

HUSBAND.—Humph ! Pins must be high this year.

W1FE.—Yes. Diamond pins are.—New York *Weekly*.



No Ring Stamped Different from Quality. Send for Catalogue and Price List.

Old Gold and Silver received and estimated on : if amount allowed does not give satisfaction, notify at once and will return at our exrense. in same condition as received.

# FAST RUNNING

Our Rolling Mills are of the latest design and embody several ideas never before introduced on this class of machinery.

Cut gears are used for all driving mechanism, and herring bone gears are used in the housings. The Mossberg Anti-Friction Roller Bearing is fitted to the journals of the rolls. This latter feature enables us to build a mill which will do its work double as fast as the ordinary mill with less than one quarter of the driving power, and positively no heating of the rolls.

Examine our 1895 Catalogue for recent improvements in Jewelers' and Silversmiths' Machinery.

PATENTED.

MOSSBERG

ATTLEBO

MFG.CO MASS US

# MOSSBERG M'F'G CO., Attleboro, Mass.

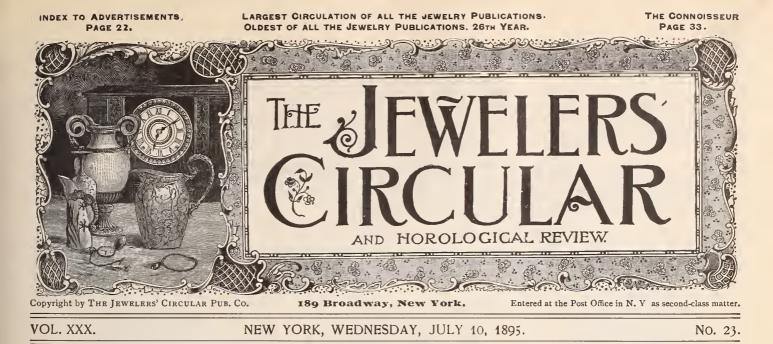


H. M. RICH & CO., Jewelry · Auctioneers, 21 School Street, BOSTON. MASS.



**18 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.** 





#### ENGLISH GOLDSMITHING AT ITS BEST.

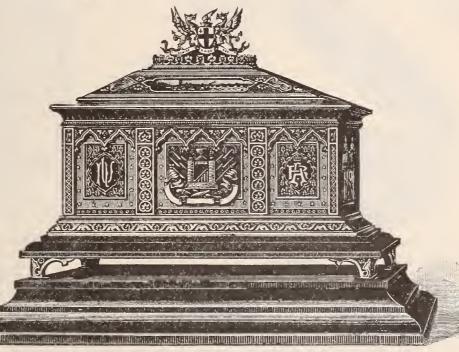
**O**<sup>N</sup> June 6, 1895, the Corporation of London gave a public reception to His Highness, the Shahzada Nasrulla Khan, son of the Ameer of Afghanistan. An address of welcome was presented to His Highness enclosed in a solid gold casket (18 karat Hall marked) of which the engraving is an illustration. There is no great departure from the too rigid style in the shape of the casket. It is remarkable that

the opportunity is not taken advantage of in the presentation of these caskets to introduce some striking innovation in shape.

Apart from the sameness in general contour with former presentation caskets, there is, however, some very original and exquisite workmanship in the decoration of this casket. The illustration gives an excellent general idea of the production, but it does not convey such an idea of the mass of inarabesque. The reverse bears an equivalent inscription in Persian characters, flanked by the arms of Afghanistan with pilasters and ornamentation as on the obverse. At one end is an emblem in relief representing the Guildhall of London, and at the other is a representation, also in relief, of Dorchester House, the mansion set apart for the use of His Highness during his stay in executed in highest style of the goldsmith's art.

#### Improvement in Scales.

A SIMPLE contrivance is suggested by W. H. F. Kuhlmann for enabling workers with the balance to read the position of the pointer more exactly and readily. His idea is to reverse the scale so that it



GOLD CASKET PRESENTED TO SHAHZADA NASRULLA KHAN.

tricate detail ornamentation as an engraving on a larger scale would have done. The work has been most tastefully carried out by Mappin & Webb, 2 Queen Victoria St., London, E. C., whose design was selected from a number sent in open competition.

The right and left panels bear the monograms in enamel of the Ameer and of his son, the Shahzada, respectively, divided from the centre panel by pillars in Persian London. Rising in simple lines from the paneled arcading; the cover, also treated in Persian arabesques with suitable spaces on the obverse and reverse for views of the Tower Bridge, bears in full blazon upon a raised dome the arms of the city of London surrounded by a coronet of fleur-delis and Maltese crosses.

The whole rests on feet of decorated gold, standing upon a crimson base, with a platform of blue velvet. The work has been finished by E. L.Logee & Co., Providence. It was in the form of a badge consisting of a bronze bar in the form of an arch, bearing the legend, "Rachael—Palestine Temple— A. A. O. N. M. S.;" pendant from this is a bronze fac-simile of the city seal of the official size, and pendant from this is a small bottle half full of sand, with the inscription on the label, "Sands from the Desert of Pawtucket." There were 700 of these badges made.

faces a concave cylindrical mirror attached to the column supporting the balance. The pointer is made finer at the end than usual, and moves between the scale and the mirror in which a magnified image of the pointer and scale is visible.

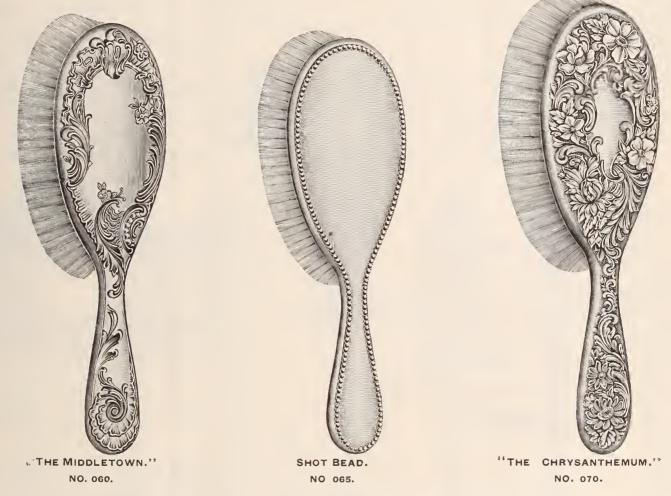
Charles B. Duckworth devised a very neat souvenir of the pilgrimage of the Mystic Shriners to the oasis of Pawtucket, R.I. recently, which was made and



# TOILET WARE

# THE MIDDLETOWN PLATE CO.,

Manufacturers of the BEST quality ONLY of Silver Plated Hollow Ware None other is desirable at any price.



The above in Hair, Hat, Cloth, Military and Velvet Brushes, Round and Oval Mirrors, Combs, Whisk Brooms, Puff Boxes, Soap Boxes, Hair Pin Boxes to match.

A full assortment of Table Ware in Shot Bead, Fluted, Empire, and other desirable designs.

BUY RELIABLE GOODS ONLY.

# THE MIDDLETOWN PLATE CO., 22 JOHN ST., N. Y. MIDDLETOWN CONN.



Factory and Main Office,

4

NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS.



New York Office,

1128 BROADWAY.

-ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO FACTORY .----

Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withhold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.



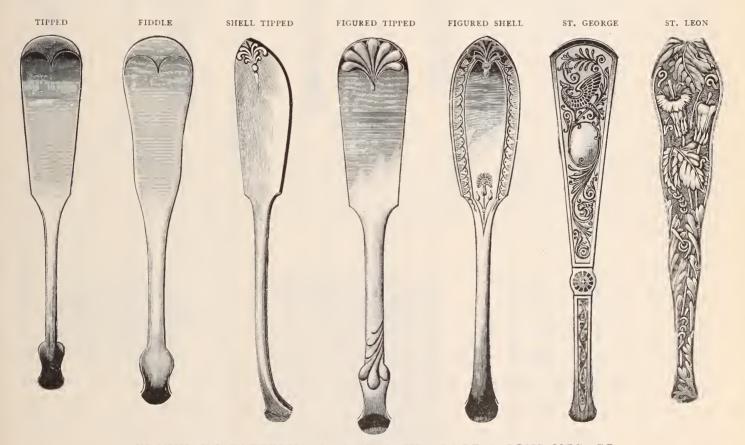
#### BEING AN HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DAY.\*

#### PART XIV.

THE R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co., Wallingford, Conn., have long been famous as manufacturers of spoons, Robert Wallace, the founder of the business, being known as one of the leading spoon makers in America. Mr. Wallace when a young

which the present great concern has grown. He is believed to have been the first person to manufacture German silver. In September, 1865, the firm changed its name from R. Wallace & Co. to Wallace, Simpson & Co., and on June 17, 1871, it was tured, from the plain table spoon to the most elaborate souvenir spoon.

The sterling silver flatware patterns of the company are as follows: Tipped, Fiddle, Figured Tipped, Shell Tipped, Windsor, Sherwood, Figured Shell, St. George, Em-



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE R. WALLACE & SONS MFG. CO.

man, in the year 1835, secured from a foreigner the receipt for making German or nickel silver.' He produced some of the metal, which he had manufactured into spoons at a mill in Waterbury. After its practicability had been thoroughly tested he manufactured the metal on a small scale and in 1855 established the factory out of

Copyright, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

incorporated under the title of the R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co. Beginning with table wares, one branch after another has been added until the company now make all kinds of solid silver, nickel silver and silver plated goods.

The manufacturing plant of the factory contains all the latest improvements in the way of machinery and appliances, and all kinds of spoons imaginable are manufacbossed, St. Leon, Ivanhoe, Bessie, Waverley Louvre, Rodney, and the engraved designs No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 5, No. 7, No. 11, No. 12, No. 13, No. 14, No. 15, No. 16, No. 17, No. 18 or Claremont, and No. 19.

In common with all manufacturers of silver flatware, the Wallace Company have manufactured the Tipped or Plain Tip, Fiddle or Fiddle Tip, Windsor or Antique with handle bent forward, Sherwood or Antique with handle bent back.

The Shell Tipped was designed in 1874 by Henry Biggins. In outline it is a sharpened variety of the Plain Tip. The swedge or tip in this case is a device resembling the

#### end of the stem.

The Figured Shell produced in 1874 and designed by Henry Biggins is the same as the Shell Tipped, with the addition of ornamental edging. The St. Leon was the first of the Wallace patterns to possess the heavy elaborate features that are seen in the products of today. The pattern was designed in 1887 by John Clulee. Its outline follows no stan-



FLATWRE FATTERNS OF THE R. WALLACE & SONS MFG. CO.

conventional honeysuckle.

The Figured Tipped was designed by H. L. Wallace in 1891. The point of differentiation from the Tipped lies in the shell-like tip and the ornamental device on the lower The St. George, designed in 1883 by F. Waterhouse, reflects the style of flatware fashionable about a decade ago, the introduction of elaborate and delicate arabesque work in a simple and plain outliue.

### Dominick & Haff,

MAKERSOF WARES IN

#### STERLING SILVER,

FOR THE TRADE ONLY

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK.

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES

dard, it being a symmetrical series of light waves. The ornamental scheme is a beautiful arrangement of floral details.

The Ivanhoe has proved one of the most successful Wallace patterns. It was designed by John Culver, in 1891. In outline it is a variation of the Oval Thread, the ornamentation being an artistic elaboration of scrolls and panels.

The Bessie, produced in 1890 and designed by H. I. Clulee, has won success since its introduction. The break at the tip is its only point of variation from the Oval Thread. The ornamentation is attractive.

H. Clulee also designed the Embossed, in 1886, which has an Antique shape, while the front of the handle is completely covered by a net-work of leaves, flowers, twigs, buds, etc.

The Waverley, designed by H. L. Wallace in 1892, has had a phenomenal run. This is a slight imitation of the rococco style of ornamentation which has been very popular. It consists of an intricate maze of curves and lines, twisting around the edge of the spoon and making a very pretty effect. In general outline the Waverley is derived from the old King, which formed the basis of the patterns of two to three years ago.

The Louvre is in many respects the most artistic pattern produced by the R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co. It is an elaboration of rococco work, and is rich and French in fect and feeling. W. H. Tomey was the designer and it was introduced in 1893.

The Rodney was also placed in the market in 1893. It is unique yet symmetrical in outline, terminating with a shell tip. The front discloses a net work of delicate

TYROLEAN.

mont, the outline of which is a slight variation of the Oval Thread.

THE F. M. WHITING CO.'S PATTERNS. In the consideration of the flatware pat-

ī.

ORLEANS.



ESTHER.

FLATWARE PATTERNS OF F. M. WHITING CO.

scrolls.

The engraved patterns were produced from 1884 to 1891. The hand engravings are all performed on Windsor or Antique handles, with the exception of the Clareterms of the J. M. Whiting Co. in the issues of June 19 and 26, illustrations of the Tyrolean, Esther and Orleans were unavoidably omitted. They are here presented. (Series to be continued.)

#### Death of a Nonagenarian Jeweler.

YORK, Pa., July 5.-The death occurred July 1 of one of York's oldest and most respected citizens, Abraham Dehuff, after an illness of three months, aged 96 years, 7 months and 23 days. He was born Nov. 8, 1798, on W. Market St. He received a common school education and then went to Lancaster where he served an apprenticeship to a jeweler. After finishing his trade he worked awhile in Baltimore, Md., and Hartford, Conn. He then came back to his native county and started in business for himself in Dillsburg. In 1847 he returned to York, starting in business here at 315 W. Market St., where he conducted the watch and jewelry business until about eight years ago, when the infirmities of age compeled him to retire, and he was succeeded by his sons, H. K. & F. M. Dehuff.

The deceased was a very skilful jeweler, and in 1855 received a gold medal at the State Fair held in Harrisburgh for making the smallest gold watch at that time known, being no larger than a three cent piece. He afterwards made two similar watches, one of which was presented to President James Buchanan and is now on exhibition in a museum at Washington, and the other was purchased by the Prince of Wales during his tour in this country. The first made watch was stolen from Mr. Dehuff about three years ago.

Mr. Dehuff was a remarkable man in many respects. He was an inventor, taking out patents for a washing machine, horse rake, corn sheller and other things. He was of French descent. His grandfather came over to this country with Lafayette during the Revolutionary War. He leaves to survive him one son and two daughters, 14 grandchildren and 13 great-grandchildren.

White leather belts mounted in silver are among the prettiest novelties of the week.



#### The New Jacot Building.

The new Jacot building here illustrated which will soon appear at 39 Union Square, New York, will add greatly to the beauty of that part of New York. The structure will be of iron, brick and terra cotta, and will occupy a plot 28 feet six inches by 110 feet. The building is to be fitted with electric elevators, and the most modern ap-



NEW BUILDING OF JACOT & SON.

pliances for heating and ventilating, and will contain, in addition to several studios, a number of offices especially suited to the requirements of the jewelry trade.

The owners, Jacot & Son, importers of musical boxes, who are now located temporarily in the Decker building, will occupy the first floor and basement of the new structure as soon as it is completed. The building will be ready for occupancy by Sept. 1st.

#### Proceedings of the Philadelphia Horological Society.

The Philadelphia Horological Society, Philadelphia, Pa., have issued a circular letter of which the following is a copy:

DEAR SIR-It may be said the term "active" member does not signify that such member will be expected to take an active part in meetings, nor to prepare lectures, essays, etc., *un'ess he wishes to do so*.

The two classes of members, *active and asso iate*, were formed in order to allow both those who wished to assist the society to the extent of two dollars and one dollar per year respectively, to do so.

Neither active nor associate members are restricted to residents of Philadelphia. Many who will never be able to attend the meetings will join as *active* members, as by so doing they will the better assist the cause of horology, and it will also give them an increased interest in the society as well. Do not delay but sign and mail your application to-day.

The society has a bright prospect for a useful future, so be one of the number who will make it what it will be. Very respectfully,

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, Philadelphia Horological Society.

In another circular occurs the following passages, which should be read carefully by those who have a misconception of the purposes of the organization:

Any watchmaker, chronometer or clock maker, or person interested in horology, be he employer or employe, be he experienced or a novice, be he master mechanic or apprentice, is eligible for membership, and no examination or qualification is required. The application, with name and address, accompanied by the proper fee, may be presented at any regular meeting of this society, when a majority of votes will elect him. The society is not a union of watchmakers; does not aim to establish prices, wages, nor hours of work; does not attempt to regulate methods of doing business; nor has it been organized in the interest of or for the purpose of benefitting any particular person or concern in a commercial sense.

It was not organized for pecuniary profit, and its object is a wholly disinterested one, none of its officers receiving any pay for their services. The papers and contributions that are read at its meetings, save such for which prizes may be offered, are all gratuitous; the idea of their presentation being wholly that of mutual improvement, imparting and receiving information. The condition of watchmakers in this country, as few will deny, is such that such a society cannot fail to be of benefit.

There is scarcely any workman of ten, fifteen, or twenty years' standing, who has not made experiences,

SAFES FOR JEWELERS.

the knowledge of which would benefit his less experienced fellows. There are methods of working, means and manner of doing certain work, superior to any others, which it would be a pity to have go to loss. The fortunate possessors of this knowledge are invited to make it known through the medium of this society, that it may be discussed in meeting and published for the benefit of all who cannot attend the meetings, and at the same time preserve it for our successors.

We want you to give us your moral and financial support. Join us now and assist us in the work we have undertaken. We want you to sign the enclosed application and mail it to the Secretary, so that your name may be presented at the next meeting. We feel that you must be interested in everything that pertains to the betterment of the trade.

Address the Secretary, Mr. Chas. Murset, 830 Rac+St., Philadelphia, Pa., for Constitution and By-Laws, application blanks and any further information required.

#### The Amsterdam Diamond Market.

AMSTERDAM, Holland, June 25.—The market as to rough diamonds is as firm as ever, and the melees, roses and small brilliants, which are cut for the American trade, are high and desirable goods and  $\varepsilon$  re scarce.

### The Sheriff in Possession of the Store of C. W. Freeman.

SCRANTON, Pa., July 3.—C. W. Freeman, the Spruce St. jeweler, was closed by the sheriff after hours on the evening of June 26th, and the entire stock is now in the sheriff's hands. There were three executions, one by John J. Fahey for \$198.24; one by George S. Horn for \$706.54, and the last by Dr. B. H. Throop for \$1,619.57.

#### Death of John P. Adams.

John P. Adams, at one time a member of the old firm of Adams, Chandler & Co., silver plated ware manufacturers, died at his home, 131 St. James Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., early Tuesday morning last, after an illness of ten days' duration. Mr. Adams left the jewelry trade many years ago and studied law. He served for three years as Commissioner of City Works in Brooklyn, under Mayors Chapin and Boody.

The deceased was a brother of the late Caleb Cushing Adams, founder of C. C. Adams & Co., Brooklyn.

Take All The orders you can get for WEDDING INVITATIONS, VISITING CARDS, MONOGRAMS and ADDRESS DIES, WE WILL FILL THEM AT A PROFIT TO YOU ! PROMPT SERVICE. RELIABLE WORK. THE STATIONERS' ENGRAVING CO. 98-100-102 NASSAU STREET, N. Y.



Large Assortment Always on Hand, Send for our Representative, Special Safes to Order, Jewelers' Safes a Specialty,



Simply wet the Insides to Provoke an Energy. W. W. Stewart, Inventor & Patentee

MABIE, TODD & BARD, MANUFACTURERS.

New York & London.

Net Prices not Published, but Sent, upon Application, to Dealers.

# LATE NEWS SUPPLEMENT THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

#### VOL. XXX.

#### NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 10, 1895.

#### No 23

#### Meeting of the Massachusetts Retail Jewelers' Association.

BOSTON, Mass., July 9.—The Massachusetts Retail Jewelers' Association met this afternoon at Young's Hotel with president Rufus C. Eldridge, of Milford, in the chair. The meeting, however, was lightly attended on account of the heavy rain, and the program was changed from that officially announced in advance on account of the nonappearance of two of the expected speakers.

It had been anticipated that a representative of the Gorham Mfg. Co., and L. D. Cole, of Newburyport, from the Towle Mfg. Co., would be present and address the meeting; also that A. G. Barber, of the Globe Optical Co., of Boston, would speak. Mr. Barber, however, was the only one of the trio who was present.

The meeting was a lively one, nevertheless. In the absence of Secretary Newcomb, the treasurer, Mr. Kerr, of Boston, officiated.

Four new members were admitted as follows: J. P. Farrington, Kingston; J. O. Jacot, Stockbridge; George E. Bemis, Charlemont; A. W. Flye, Gloucester.

The treasurer's report showed a cash balance at date of 31.70. Per capita tax had been paid to the National Association on 66 members. The four added to-day make the total list 70.

A letter from F. E. Ladd, of Springfield, who, with F. A. Robbins, of Pittsfield, will be a delegate to the National meeting shortly to be held in St. Louis, suggested that the association in some way inform its delegates what action it desired its representatives to support on the matter of legislation regard ing false stamping of gold and silver manufactures.

This started a discussion which was briskly carried on by a number of the members. President Eldridge invited a free discussion by those present, even if they had to forego the pleasure of hearing from the special speakers invited, and called upon the treasurer, Albert R. Kerr, for remarks.

Mr. Kerr said he thought the delegates would go to the National Convention better

prepared to voice the views of Massachusetts jewelers if they went instructed. It was in his judgment one of the greatest



W. W. NEWCOMB, SECRETARY.

needs of the trade that some way of telling whether a man was selling brass or gold should be devised. He was young in the

# WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR OPTICAL GOODS

And can promptly furnish everything in the line of repairs and supplies. Some specially good things are offered in

COLORED GOODS,

for beach trade among them being

SUN GUARDS,

a cheap and attractive novelty in colors which at . . . .

#### 60c. PER DOZEN,

will be found excellent sellers. Try a sample dozen.

Field Glasses,

FOR THE RACES. Binoculars. Ra

fered.

Race Glasses.

clear or in colors, fills every

requirement, excluding com-

pletely all foreign substances.

EYE PROTECTORS

for Bicyclists. The new

WORCESTER GUARD.

Less conspicuous and cheaper

than any guard heretofore of-

New England Dealers can always be assured that we can fill at once every want in **OPTICAL GOODS.** 



#### J. B. Humphrey Reports Boston's Diamond Industry Brisk.

#### Business in Both Cut Stones and Repair Work Rushing.

BOSTON, MASS., July 8.-Mr. J. B. Humphrey, 383 Washington St., in this city, one of America's pioneer diamond cutters, and whose work has made his name synonymous with excellence, is working his factory to its utmost capacity to keep pace with orders.

"The sale of diamonds, recutting and matching and repairing are all very brisk," said Mr. Humphrey to e CIRCULAR representative. "This," he continued, "is perhaps due to the fact that New England jewelers have found out that they can do as well with me, if indeed not better, than with cutters in other cities."

Mr. Humphrey's cutting is all geometrically true and it is no flattery to say that experts can easily distinguish a Humphrey cut stone by its superior excellence.

#### Jules Jürgensen OF COPENHAGEN.

The reputation these watches have maintained for Fifty Years has never been equalled, being made on strictly scientific principles and no expense spared to give the Best results in mechanism and timekeeping qualities.

> SOLE AGENTS. John E. Myde's Sons, NO. 22 MAIDEN LANE.

business, he said, but he had met with some bitter experiences in the way of competition from unscrupulous competitors who could undersell simply because they sold regardless of quality. A law to reach the manufacturers was needed, and he understood that a move similar to that recently stirring up so many unscrupulous dealers in New York might shortly be made in Boston. He favored str ngly a National law and offered the following resolutions :

Whereas, the experience of the trade has shown the necessity of legislation to check the evils of false stamping and the inadequacy of State laws in checking the evils of false stamping of the manufactures of gold and silver, and

Whereas, it has invariably been found impossible to secure concurrent legislation in all the States for any measure, however desirable;

Resolved, that the Massachusetts Retail Jewelers' Association advocates the passage by Congress of a law to punish false stamping of the manufactures of gold and silver, and be it further

Resolved, that the delegates of the Massachusetts Retail Jewelers' Association to the National convention to be held in St. Louis, Mo., in Julv, be, and they are hereby instruct d to support and urge such acts by the National Retail Jewelers' Association as will tend to secure National legislation in accordance with the views herein expressed.

Charles M. McFarland spoke in the same vein. He favored the resolutions, because, although a law might not be necessary in small places, in all the larger cities the jewelers were brought into competition with the department stores. These stores could undersell now because they could deal in inferior goods. Make it impossible for them to buy such goods and he was very certain they would not handle stock of recognized quality at a loss.

F. A. Robbins, Pittsfield, disagreed with the previous speakers. He was ready to carry out the wishes of the meeting, however, in his capacity as a delegate. He believed in building up such a reputation that the people of a community would have confidence in the individual jeweler. A

# NEW ENGLAND JEWELERS

should not fail to examine the handsome and salable high grade goods in LORGNETTES, GENTLEMEN'S CHAINS and VIC-TORIA VESTS, (the latter a new and most popular seller) as made by S. O. BIGNEY & CO., ATTLEBORO, MASS. The firm's line of Sterling Silver Novelties, 925-1000 fine 1s also second to none. Every first class jobber carries this firm's goods. Does yours ?



Gold and Silver Platers,

#### 488 WASHINGTON STREET,

Replating and Repairing Silver Plated Ware, and Regilding and Silverplating Watch Cases a specialty. We are Headquarters for this Work.

stamping law, he believed, would benefit the dealers who are unworthy competitors, and would benefit the department stores and best manufacturers, not the retail dealer of standing. With such a law no distinction would exist between the straightforward dealer and his rivals.



F. E. LADD, VICE-PRESIDENT.

E. M. Dickinson, of North Adams, took sides with Mr. Robbins against the resolution. He believed the delegates could better represent their association if they went unpledged, open to reasons advanced by either side if a discussion of the subject should take place. He advocated an assay committee to test manufacturers' goods, as better than a law. Then retailers could buy of the upright manufacturers only.

It was decided by the meeting that the delegates should go unpledged, and, as a compromise. the following vote was passed: .

Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that a National law should be passed to punish false stamping of the manufactures of gold and silver.

A committee was appointed to draw up resolutions of respect for the memory of the late President Goodman.

Mr. Barber's address was then listened to appreciatively and applauded at its conclusion.

Yellow diamonds are having their inning. A large proportion of the prettiest jewelry of the week and especially in rings had for the most prominent feature a large yellow diamond. The appropriate relief was found in the colorless stone.

BOSTON, MASS.

PROMPTNESS-EFFICIENCY-LOW PRICES.

#### Among the African Diamond Mines.

KIMBERLEY EXCITED OVER REPORTS OF NEW FINDS OF DIAMONDS-----AGITATION AGAINST THE SEVERITY OF THE PUNISHMENT OF I. D. B.'S.

KIMBERLEY, June 3, 1895 .- Kimberley is almost crazy with excitement in connection with the quest for new diamond mines, and several "rushes" lately remind one of the early '70's. As I have mentioned in previous communications, there has been extraordinary activity in prospecting for several months, while during the past fortnight a genuine excitement has taken possession of a portion of the population. One day last week a report got abroad of something good having been discovered at Barkly West and a phenomenal rush took place in that direction. Kimberley was practically deserted on that day and there were not half a dozen cabs left in the place. Arrived at the Civil Commissioner's Office I found an excited crowd of between 2,000 and 3,000 persons.

It seemed that Mr. Ward, one of the discoverers of Wesselton Mine, had found another reputedly rich spot, but wished to impose a condition that 300 of his own friends should have the first digging licenses. He offered afterward to admit all the others on the same terms as the 300 who had priority, but this system was regarded as irregular. There was a good deal of confusion and some little disorder, but the result was that Mr. Ward finally declined to throw open the spot and the crowd ultimately dispersed. That is how the matter now stands. It is not of much concern to readers at a distance ; but it is an cpisode throwing a side light upon the proceedings of the period.

The following day there was excitement here caused by a report that George Seymour had struck a diamondiferous spot in Villiers St., almost in the center of town, and had taken out a prospecting license for the same. The novelty of the thing was evidently much appreciated, for in a few hours some hundreds of persons had taken out licenses. The outcome of it all is that a few small diamonds which had remained in the debris with which the road had been originally made have been recovered, but there is no further good prospect.

Again there is an agitation against the severity of the punishment for illicit diamond buying, but the Cape Parliament does not appear likely to be moved. From an intimate knowledge of the working of the the Diamond Trade Act, I am led to a thorough conviction that the industry must be protected by special laws, and further that the provisions of these laws are carried out in strict accordance with justice. There is no arrest until the officers of the Detective Department are convinced that a systematic course of buying stolen diamonds is being carried on by the suspects.

ST. GEORGE.

#### Death of a Former Foreman of the Dueber Factory.

CINCINNATI, O., July 3.—The death recently occurred of Emil Rehse, clerk of the Cincinnati police court, who at one time was prominently connected with the jewelry trade of this city.

Emil Rehse was born in Cincinnati, 37 years ago. He attended the public schools, and when about the age of 14 secured a position as cash boy with the John Shillito Co. In a short time he accepted a position with Duhme & Co. and learned the trade of a case engraver. After finishing his apprenticeship, and after he had worked at his occupation for several years, he was sent for by the Dueber Watch Case Mfg. Co., then located in Newport, Ky., to become a foreman.

He subsequently entered upon a political career.

#### President Galpin's Little Daughter Drowned.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 4.- President S. A. Galpin, of the New Haven Clock Co., and wife have been bereaved in the drowning of their 10-year old daughter Louise which occurred yesterday in Newtown, Conn., where they have been staying for several weeks Their faithful Swedish nurse girl Ella Johnson lost her life also in at tempting to save the life of her little charge.

The accident occurred at Taunton Lake about a mile and a half from the center of the town. The nurse and the child went to the lake, the little one desiring to go in bathing. The child ventured beyond her depth. Through exhaustion or because of a cramp Louise was unable to reach the shore and cried to the attendant to come to her assistance. The Johnson girl swam out to rescue the child, but before she reached the little one the child became exhausted and went to the bottom.

P. Freedman, 175 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., enjoys the distinction of having the smallest jewelry shop in the city, if not in the country. It is no more than three feet wide, and is a unique spectacle with its array of watches, clocks and small jewelry.

EMPIRE

CUT GLASS

CU. Manufacturers of RICH AMERICAN CUT GLASS. Salesrooms: 35 MURRAY ST.

35 MURRAY ST., (Para Bldg.) New York.

> Fall Samples Now Ready for Inspection.

# Perhaps You Don't!

LAKEWOOD FLARED-SHAPED BOWL.

BUT IF YOU SHOULD USE MUSLIN BUFFS, TAKE ONLY THE A1 WILLIAMSVILLE BUFFS.

One Standard—INVARIABLE. One Quality—THE BEST. One Trial—ALWAYS USED. *PREPAID SAMPLES IF YOU WANT THEM!* 

WILLIAMSVILLE MFG. CO.

18 SOUTH WATER ST., - PROVIDENCE, R. I, MILLS AT WILLIAMSVILLE, KILLINGLY, CONN.



Makers of Finger Rings of every Description. Removed from Broadway and John Street,

10 3 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

#### Jeweler J. Travis Killed While Wheeling.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., July 4.—J. Travis, in the jewelry business here, early this morning took a run on his wheel. When he reached Long Branch he met two stages. One pulled to one side to let him pass, while Travis turned his wheel in the same direction. He was run over and terribly injured, and taken to the hospital in Long Branch, where he died soon afterward.

Deceased was 66 years old and was a member of the Asbury Park Wheelmen.

#### The Failure of a Plated Ware Manufacturer.

Ernest A. L'Allemand, doing business as the L'Allemand Mfg. Co., manufacturers of electro silver plated ware, 73 to 79 Fulton St., New York, made an assignment July 2d to Oscar L'Allemand giving a preference for \$150 to his attorneys, Foley & Powell, the amount being due for legal services.

Mr. Foley stated Wednesday to a CIRCU-LAR reporter that the failure was due to poor business. Since Mr. L'Allemand bought out his partner, Mr. Stix, two years ago, he has never had capital enough and his credit was about exhausted. His landlord had advanced him about \$10,000, and endorsed notes for about this sum. When he stopped endorsing notes, said Mr. Foley, L'Allemand had to assign. His liabilities, the attorney said, might aggregate \$25,000. The indebtedness to the trade, however, would not exceed \$2,000. The schedules are to be filed within the 20 days allowed.

The business was established many years ago, and has been carried on by various firms. E. H. Rowley & Co. had it from 1862 to 1889, when they were succeeded by Stix & L'Allemand, who dissolved on Aug. 31, 1893, since which time Mr. L'Allemand has carried it on alone.

#### John Stark Demonstrates How Ballot Boxes can be Stuffed.

WALTHAM, Mass., July 5.—John Stark, the manufacturer of watchmakers' tools, who is a member of the license commission, claims to have discovered a defect in the present ballot box system. According to his statement it is an easy matter to stuff the boxes with ballots from one to 25 without being detected. He has already informed members of the Legislature concerning the alleged defect, and he is now arranging to illustrate to the public how ballot boxes can be stuffed under the present Australian system. Both the political parties are discussing the new problem before them of remedying the evil, and the legislative members who have conversed with Mr. Stark on the subject are bound to investigate for themselves.

Mr. Stark says that by carefully preparing the ballots all of 25 of them can be placed in the machine, although only one will register, and so in counting them the ballot tellers will be at a loss, if they are so disposed, what to do with them. Should the tellers be in the pay of a candidate they can see that the ballots are counted in all right.

As the machines are constantly getting out of order, the register as a rule is not relied upon by the tellers in counting up the number of ballots cast.

#### The Canadian Authorities Get Rid of Jewelry Swindler Rothchild.

TORONTO, Can., July 5.—Charles Rothchild, alias Hutton, known as "Diamond Charlie," will probably in a day or two be sent to take his trial at Moberly, Mo., for frauds committed in that place. Ext ad tion was ordered by Judge McDougall on two charges, one for offences committed in Moberly, the other for offences committed in Swainsboro, Ga. Eight other charges laid against the prisoner were dropped. The 15 days allowed to appeal against the Judge's decision have elapsed and no appeal has been taken. The arrival of an officer from Moberly to take Rothchild back is expected at any time.

The officials of the county jail here will be relieved to see the last of this notorious prisoner, as he has caused them no little trouble. Information apparently well authenticated was received that an attempt would be made to effect his rescue, and extra guards were put on and special precautions taken to frustrate any such attempt on the part of the prisoner's friends.

#### Death of an Old Time New York Jeweler.

APPONAUG, R. I., July 5.—William W. Knight, an aged resident of this village and one of the old time jewelers of New York, died at his home here yesterday from heart trouble. He was in the 77th year of his age. Mr. Knight was born in this vicinity, but spent the most of his life in New York, where he was engaged in the jewelry business. He has been a resident of Apponaug the past five years. He leaves a widow and two daughters.

The funeral was celebrated from St. Barnabas Episcopal Church here on Saturday.

#### Boston.

D. C. Percival's *Sally* has taken another prize. She came in third in the Fourth of July regatta at Marblehead, Mr. Percival's Summer home.

Buyers in town the past week included : A. K. Belcher, Foxboro, Mass; Frank A. Knowlton, Worcester, Mass.; H. C. White, Claremont, N. H.

A. S. Hirschberg, manufacturer of diamond mountings, has removed from 375 to 386 Washington St. His new location is in the building occupied by Harwood Bros., Charles May and A. D. Cairns & Co.

Charles F. Morrill, of Morrill Bros. Co., who purchased the plant and stock of the Seery Mfg. Co., Providence, R. I., has sold the plant to Esser & Barry, of that city. He retains the goods on hand, however, and George E. Morrill continues on the road closing out the stock.

# ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS. RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS, importers of

# DIAMONDS,

AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

#### FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

DIAMOND JEWELRY,

IN THE LATEST DESIGNS.

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

58 Nassau Street, 29 Maiden Lane,

- NEW YORK.
- I Tulp Straat,

I St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus, LONDON, E. C.



TRADE MARK.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

# CARTER, SLOAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY,

#### No. 15 MAIDEN LANE,

NEW YORK.

A. CARTER JR. A. K. SLOAN. C. E. HASTINGS.

GEO. R. HOWE WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH.

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.



JOHN N. DISSELKOEN, Cutter and Importer of DIANO INDS FACTORY: 78 LANGEBLEEKERSPAD ANSTERDAM. S & 7 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK.



11

#### Silversmiths and Jewelers Offer Ideas on Stamping Legis= lation.

On June 20, THE CIRCULAR sent to the silversmiths and about 100 jewelers a letter embodying the following questions:

Gentlemen:- What are your ideas on the subject of regulating the stamping of silver articles?

a. Do you favor regulation by Act of Legislature?

b. Do you favor the establishment of a system similar to the Hall Mark system which exists in England?

What are your ideas on the subject of regulating the stamping of gold articles?

What means would you suggest to combat the making and selling of so claimed falsely marked articles?

The response to the letter has been very prompt and full, the following letters being received in addition to the many published in last two issus of THE CIRCULAR:

#### VOICE OF THE RETAILERS.

#### The Matter Should be Taken up by Congress.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, June 28, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular :

In reply to your circular letter of the 20th, I would answer with pleasure the questions as follows :

as follows: a. I do favor the regulation by act of either State or National Legislature. b. I do favor the English system of stamping by "Hall Mark" both gold and silver. Further in regard to stamping, I would have all goods marked with the karat, which in this country is maintened used which have all goods marked with the karat, which, in this country, is principally used to, 14 and 18, not stamping or recognizing anything lower, and making it a penal of-fence for any manufacturer to stamp any article in any shape which could be con-strued as an initiation mark.

l think this should be a national matter and should be taken up and acted on by Congress. I am, gentlemen, very respect-fully yours. W. H. BEOK. fully yours,

#### Favor a Duplication of the English Hall Mark System.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 27, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

Replying to yours of 20th inst., would say that I favor regulating the stamping of silver articles by act of Legislature, and was one of the two dealers in Little Rock who succeeded in having such a law enacted by our last Legislature.

Answering your second question, I would endorse a duplication of the English Hall Mark System. It would certainly elevate Mark System. It would certainly clovate the jewelry business to the plane to which it belongs if the British system of stamping the fineness of quality on gold goods was adopted. The effect of a similar law in the adopted. The effect of a similar law in the matter of sterling ware is already being felt by the legitimate jewelry trade. It will of course be difficult to have laws enacted by the various Legislatures that will correct all trade abuses. But if a national act governing stamping was passed, defining, say three grades 18, 14 and 10k. as the accepted standards, all goods to be stamped or marked in a manner goods to be stamped or marked in a manner

similar to that now covered by the laws of New York governing the matter of sterling, making the misdemeanor start with the manufacturer, and in the absence of identification of the latter to hold the last person reached by inquiry as responsible.

The greatest portion of goods bought to-day by the retailers are bought "on faith," and I doubt if a dozen establishments in the United States could be found that would not innocently be amenable to such a law to day if investigated as Mr. Dexter is now doing the department stores in New York.

Yours respectfully, CHAS. S. STIFFT.

#### Stamping Would be a Timely Cure Against Jewelry Swindling.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 27, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

a. Yes. We believe that the quality of all gold and silver should be stamped.

Laws should be enacted, where they are not already in force, to protect con-sumers against swindlers in fake jewelry. There is a large business done in that line in our city now. One concern here gives written guarantees, but they are so worded that the victim has no chance in law. But the stamp would, we think, cure all that, for it would be evidence that could not be controverted. Yours truly, CADY & OLMSTEAD.

#### If Possible a National Law.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 29, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

In answer to yours of 20th inst. will say, we favor the passage of laws regulating the stamping of articles made of silver and gold, and think, if possible, the laws should be enacted by United States Congress, so be enacted by United States Congress, so as to make it general, as it is a difficult matter to have the different State Legisla-tures pass the laws, and if passed there would be no uniformity. We do not understand the Hall mark sys-tem of England. The laws passed should attach a severe penalty for streaming arti-

attach a severe penalty for stamping articles falsely, and should be especially aimed at the manufacturer, as the vendor can so easily claim ignorance, etc. Yours truly, JULIUS C. WALK & SON.

#### Heartily in Favor of Stamping Legisla= tion.

COLUMBUS, Ga., June 29, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

Your circular letter in regard to stamping gold and silver articles with its proper qual-ity has been received. In answer I can only cheerfully second this idea, because it will tend to bar fraud and bring the legitimate jewelry trade up to a higher standard. I will try to express my views in as con-

densed a manner as possible; by so doing I may be able to assist in an honorable movement for honesty and building up confidence ment for nonesty and building up confidence in good reliable jewelry firms, which is very necessary, as the public has been swindled long enough by so-called jewelers and sharpers, who are not competent to test gold or silver.

In answer to a: I do favor legislative action in the matter, making it a penal offence to sell spurious or low-grade articles

for high grade goods. To b. I cannot answer correctly as I do not know the system of Hall Marking, but I would agree that every manufacturer or maker of gold should use his individual stamp if there is room to stamp it. I am willing to stamp my manufactured goods C. M. K., Sterling, or C. M. K., 18k., 14k., or what the case may be; just the same as we rely on the stamp of Gorham, Whiting, Wood & Hughes, Dominick & Haff, etc., etc.

It would require the appointment of an inspector or assayer by each State or district to investigate and prosecute fraud, because an individual firm could not afford to act as prosecutor. If the law could be made a national one so much the better, as territorial laws and State lines would be obliterated. Thanking you for the interest taken in this good work, I remain yours truly, C. M. KINSEL.

#### Dissents Against Stamping Legislation.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., July 2, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

To your circular letter of June 20th I beg to say: I do not think I would at present favor legislative interference in the manufacture of gold and silver wares, or a com-pulsory government stamping law, such as is now in force in England and Europe. It seems to me that it is an open question whether such a law would benefit the jew-eler or not, and so far as I can now see it, it would benefit only the reliable manufac-turer, and not the reliable retailer. The aim of every reputable jeweler is always to bring and to keep his reputation and business standing where the public will say, as ness standing where the public will say, as I have heard people remark of Tiffany & Co.: "I would rather go there to buy, even if I do have to pay more, for I am sure of getting a good article." I think that every community has many people who are willing to pay the jeweler a little more profit for his goods for the protection that his bus-iness standing gives them feeling that he iness standing gives them, feeling that he is so careful of his reputation that he will only buy from firms on which he can thoroughly rely.

One thing more that you did not ask bout. I do not for a minute allow what about. seems to be so generally taken for granted, that the jeweler charges a much larger percentage of profit than the department stores, as the latter could hardly flourish and prosper as most of them do and constantly sell their goods at or less than cost, as many of them pretend to do. There can be no doubt that most jewelers would be obliged to ask a little more for a given article than the average department store, for three reasons: First, he gives his customers a more intelligent service; second, he puts up his goods for delivery in a more attractive and expensive way, and last but not least, he engraves all goods that can be engraved a reasonable and many times an unreasonable number of letters free of charge.

Now it seems to me that a compulsory government stamping law will place any "Cheap John" to a certain extent on a level with the jeweler of established reputation, and the fact that there are probably ten people who pass the counters of the dry goods stores where one passes the counters of most jewelers, will tend to take away a certain proportion of the jewelers' trade if people know that the goods they get there are the same quality that the jeweler keeps; and then what is the poor jeweler to do unless he becomes an adjunct to or opens a department store himself, which many of us have done to a certain extent?

Yours very truly, F. A. ROBBINS.

#### We Must Have a National Law.

FREEPORT, Ill., June 28, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

I am very much in favor of a law regulating the manufacturing of all kinds of gold and silver goods. I think Congress should take hold of the matter and compel all makers of gold and silverware to stamp

the quality and maker's name upon the goods. A State law will not do. We want a general law which will answer in any State. I trust the time is not far off when we will have this law. Yours, &c., M. V. B. Elson,

#### Same Law for Gold and Silver.

ZANESVILLE, O., June 21, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR : The stamping of silver articles should be regulated by the National Government. a. Yes, anyway; b. Yes.

The same law should exist for gold as for lver. JOHN M. BONNET.

silver.

*Editor of* The Jewelers' Cikcular : *a.* Yes. *b.* Yes.

I believe every article of gold ought to be stamped. ASA COLLIER.

#### Severe Penalties for Violation of Silver and Gold Stamping Law.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., June 22, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

Decidedly in favor of the stamping of silver articles. a. Yes; b. We do.

In favor of regulating the stamping of gold articles; suggest to combat the making and selling of falsely marked articles by laws, either by the National Government or State legislatures, and attaching severe penalties for their violation.

Truly yours, R. C. Green & Son.

#### Heavy Fine For Violation of Statutes.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 22, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

a. Yes. b. Yes.

Stamp quality on gold same as on silver. Make it an offense subject to heavy fine to violate the law.

MERRICK, WALSH & PHELPS JEWELRY CO.

#### Stamp Quality and Trademark on all Goods.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 2, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

We answer your circular of June 20th by stating that we would favor any movement that would insure dealers getting what manufacturers claim the quality of their goods to be, and to that end would have them stamp quality, with their trademark, on all goods whether gold or silver. This would protect the dealer as well as the con-sumer. Yours truly Yours truly, W. W. WATTLES & SONS. sumer.

#### State's Prison Offence to Falsely Mark Goods.

Owego, N. Y., June 27, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

a. Yes. b. Yes.

As to gold goods, everything from 10 k. and above should be properly marked. To combat the evil it should be made a State's prison offence to falsely stamp silver or gold articles. W. L. HOSKINS.

#### Manufacturers' Stamp Should be Be= yond Question.

New Orleans, La., July 2, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: Enclosed find my ideas on the subject of stamping legislation.

I decidedly favor letter a. Do not favor letter b, and think that a manufacturer's stamp should be beyond question. In favor of regulation by act of Legislature on both gold and silver with plain stamp 10, 14 and 18k, for gold, and sterling for silver. The public will soon learn to avoid goods not so stamped and square dealers will not buy anything else. Respectfully,

A. M. HILL.

#### Government Should Regulate Stamping of Gold and Silver.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., June 22, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR : In reply to your circular of 20th inst., will say: Most assuredly we favor that an act should be passed by Legislature. We do not thoroughly understand what the Hall Mark system is. Of course we have some idea what it implies, but would like to have you inform us more fully on this subject. In our eyes it would seem that there is only one way to regulate the stamping of gold or silver. First, pass the law that such wares shver. First, pass the law that such wates must be as stamped, under penalty, and also compel every maker of such wares to use *their* trade mark or stamp; with a severe penalty for counterfeiting any such trade mark or stamp, with a government stamp for all goods under sterling or under 14 karat. There is no reason why such works should not be regulated by law the

うしていていていてい

FORK

STRAWBERRY

same as butter, whisky, canned goods, or anything else.

Selling these wares as they have been, is nothing more or less than counterfeiting. It would seem necessary, however, to have the law passed in every State first. Or if such a thing is possible make it a national law at once. The pirates are certainly get-ting a good stirring up. We enclose a copy



of an ad. we have been running for two weeks. We have given it to them in about this tone for the past 60 days. We are sorry not to be able to lend a stronger hand to the movement; but will do all we can to help it along. Yours truly, LUDY & TAYLOR. it along.

### TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

All our popular Silver Goods are exactly what they purport to be. All silver Stock used by us is

# STERLING, 925/1000 FINE.

J. T. INMAN & CO., ATTLEBORO, MASS.

# THE GENUINE ROGERS ELECTRO SILVER PLATE

SPOONS, FORKS, KNIVES, &c.

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE

STAR \star BRAND

which has been manufacture l continuously for HALF A CENTURY and made the name of ROGERS on Electro Silver Plate celebrated, is stamped

# ★ ROGERS & BRO., A. 1.

If you wish the **BEST GOODS**, which will satisfy your customers and build up your reputation as a re-liable dealer, insist upon having those bearing the above trade mark. They are guaranteed to give per-fect satisfaction. For sale by leading jobbers throughout the country and made exclusively by

#### ROGERS & BROTHER,

Waterbury, Conn.

16 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

#### Government Stamp for Marking Gold.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., June 24, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

The exact quality should be stamped on every piece. *a*. Yes.

a. Yes. b. Yes.

On gold the fineness should be stamped with government stamp, with penalty for violation same as for counterfeiting money. Severe penalty should be meted out to offender, if caught. A smart detective should be employed. L. M. BARNES.

#### Heavy Penalty for Falsely Marking Articles.

ATHOL, Mass., July 5, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' CIRCULAR :

In answer to your questions of June 20th :

a. Yes. b. Ycs. I think the manufacturers of gold goods should stamp the quality on each article. Make a penalty heavy enough to stop

making falsely marked articles.

Yours, &c., G. O. Foye & Son.

#### Put Name and Trademark on Every Article.

Col. W. A. Moore, of the Dueber Watch Case Mfg. Co., who visited THE CIRCULAR office recently answered the questions as follows:

"You cannot make people honest by legislation, but make a law that every manufacturer of gold and silver articles shall do as the Gorham Mfg. Co. and the Dueber Co. do, viz.: adopt a trademark, have it registered at Washington, and put their name on every article they manufacture."

#### A Crime to Fraudulently Stamp Goods.

New Haven, Conn., June 21, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

a. Yes! and have worked (with others) to attain it.

Yes ! if it can be done. Do not think it can be enforced.

Laws should be passed in each State, and finally by act of Congress, making it a crime to mark goods fraudulently.

S. H. KIREY.

#### WHITE ENAMEL

prepared from a special formula owned and controlled entirely by

#### VICTOR BISHOP & CO., .. NEW YORK.

21 Maiden Lane,

#### Between \$35,000 and \$40,000 the Fire Loss of Bailey, Banks & Biddle Co.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 6th. The fire early on the morning of the 2d in the factory of the Bailey, Banks & Biddle Co. caused a loss to the building to the extent of \$20,000. In addition to the building, the damage to the goods and machinery will amount to between \$15,000 and \$20,000. The loss is entirely covered by insurance.

The origin of the fire is still a mystery. The fire broke out shortly after midnight on the fourth floor of the building. The fourth floor and the mansard roof above it were burned out. The floors were used for the manufacture of high grade stationery. The fire was discovered by Officer Maguire, who saw big puffs of smoke curling out from the fourth floor. In an instant the place was bright with the light of the fire. The engines were prompt in responding, but even before they had arrived the flames ate their way through the ornamental copper sheathing constituting the 12th St. wall of the rooms. The building is built solidly of brick, with floors supported by iron girders and the flames were thereby prevented from descending.

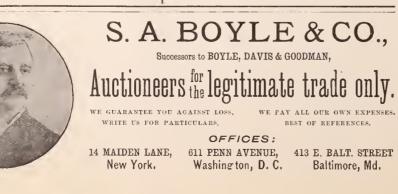
#### Cincinnati Wholesalers to Establish a Board of Trade.

CINCINNATI, O., July 6.-The movement recently inaugurated by the Wholesale Jewelers' Association, of this city, in regard to establishing a board of trade and credit system, if carried out, will prove a boon to the trade. A committee consisting of Lee Kaufman, A. G. Schwab, C. H. Ankeny, C. A. Saunders and L. Gutman were appointed to devise ways and means and report at the meeting next week.

The Cincinnati jobbers have been in fear of each other taking away their respective trade, and until they dissipate this feeling, they cannot accomplish any mutual good.

#### Newark Retail Jewelers Do Not Unanimously Agree on Early Closing.

NEWARK, N. J., July 5 .- The latest movement for early closing on Saturdays is being conducted by the employes of the jewelry and silverware houses. The clerks, headed by A. H. Peal, of J. Wiss & Sons, have been circulating an agreement and have the signatures of the following employers: William T. Rae & Co., J. Wiss & Sons, Benjamin J. Mayo, A. D. Wadsworth, Christi Brothers, G. D. Wiegman, Charles Freeman, Philip B. Levy, C. Hart-



degen & Co., James Traphagen, Gaven Spence & Co. and H. Ginger.

To make the agreement binding there are still lacking two signatures, those of Frank Holt & Co. and Jean Tack. The clerks expect to secure Mr. Holt's signature on his return from the west, but Mr. Tack has thus far declined to affix his signature to an agreement.

#### Affairs of the Dulaney Clock Co. Likely to be Soon Settled.

VALPARAISO, Ind., July 8.-There is a prospect that the affairs of the defunct Dulaney Clock Co. may be settled soon. Receiver Norris has received a proposition from a party for the sale of the stock of clocks on his hands. Should the proposition be accepted the creditors will realize about 15 to 20 cents on a dollar on their claims.

#### leweler Meyer Sends a Bullet Through His Brain.

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 4.-- A jeweler, John C. Meyer, Jr., residing with his parents at 1233 Decatur St., last week committed suicide by shooting himself through his brain. He assisted his father in conducting a jewelry store and was engaged to be married next month.

A short time ago Meyer returned from Tennessee, where he had gone in hopes of regaining his health. He failed to secure the desired relief and returned very much broken down and disheartened. The young man became despondent over his condition and about a week ago his family noticed that his constant worrying had unbalanced his mind. They deemed it advisable to keep a watch over him through fear that he might do himself harm. However, he showed no signs of contemplating suicide. Mr. Meyer was 36 years of age.

#### Suit Over a Charm Typifying the Cotton States Exposition.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 4. - Judge Lumpkin has rendered his decision in the case of Solomon Isaacs against H. A. Smith, in which he refused to grant the injunction asked for. Isaacs claimed that he had invented a little watch charm in the shape of a cotton bale to be worn as a scarf pin or as a watch charm. He claimed that he had entered into a partnership with Smith for the purpose of making and selling the charm at the Cotton States Exposition, but Smith had proven false to him and had changed the charm by adding to it a negro boy eating a watermelon, which did not improve it, and which was added only to get around the original patent. He asked that Smith be enjoined from selling these charms.

The case came up several days ago. Isaacs was unable to establish his claims to the satisfaction of the Judge, so an order was passed on Saturday refusing to grant the injunction.

The newest buckles are of cut silver, and have a very bewitching sparkle,

#### suggests the adoption of a common mark, the manufacturer giving bonds for its proper employment.

#### An analysis of the replies of the retailers is as follows :

Favor Regulation by Act of State Legislature	40
Favor Hall Mark System	34
Favor Regulating Stamping of Gold .	45
Favor National Law	16
Government Inspectors	4
Ignorance of Hall Mark System	5
Favor National Society	I
Favor Active State Organizations	I
Do not Favor Silver Stamping Legislation	2
Do not Favor any Stamping Legislation	I

From this table it will be inferred that the retail trade are almost unanimously in favor of stamping legislation, either State or National, applied to both gold and silver, there being but two dissenting voices out of 51 though one of this small minority is in favor of legislation being applied to the stamping of gold. The adoption of a system similar to that of the Hall Mark of England is favored by almost all the retailers, though an appreciable ignorance of the English system seems to prevail among the retail jewelers.

We purposely refrain at this writing to enter into an exhaustive inquiry of the foregoing tables, being content for the time being to make this interesting exposition of figures.

#### The Cincinnati Jewelers' Board of Trade.

A<sup>S</sup> individuals, the wholesale jewelers of Cincinnati, O., are the peers of their fellow merchants in New York, Chicago

and other cities, in the essentials that go to make complete business men; but they seem to have lacked one important characteristic, the possession of which would have redounded to their mutual advantage. This characteristic is co-operative good-will toward each other. The Cincinnati wholesalers have gained a large measure of patronage from the retail jewelry trade within a wide radius of their city; but the perpetuation of this desirable state of affairs has been threatened by an animosity in competition which must tend to drive away trade from the Queen City to Chicago and other points. The principle that if you cannot sell goods to a customer, endeavor to keep his trade from a competitor by derogatory reflections upon such competitor, is condemnable under all circumstances, and particularly so where the natural conditions of a place warrant efforts toward making it an important distributing point. The organization of a board of trade

# The Jewelers' Gircular

#### HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

PUBLISHED AVERY WEDNESDAY BY

#### THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO.,

#### 189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF IEWELERS. WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS, ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALL ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of interest or value to our readers. Adver-

we consider of luterest or value to our readers. Adver-tising matter will not be printed as news. Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal. Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid. PER ANNUS

United States and Canada,			\$2.00
Foreign Countries in Postal	Union,	-	- 4 00
Single Conies .			10

the publisher.

#### Member of the American Trade Press Association. Vol. XXX. July 10, 1895. No. 23.

Every line of reading matter in THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written exclusively for this journal. Each issue of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR is copyrighted.

#### FEATURES OF THIS NUMBER.

- Page 29-OPTICAL ARTICLE.
- Page 33-THE CONNOISSEUR.
- Page 27-OUR TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVES. Frontispiece-English Goldsmithing at ITS BEST.
- Page 28-PAGE OF ADVANTAGEOUS HINTS TO RETAILERS.
- Pages 5, 6, 7-Spoon Patterns of American SILVERSMITHS.
- Page 28 JEWELRY AND SILVER OF THE SUMMER SEASON.
- Page 30-PAGE OF TECHNICAL MATTER, WORKSHOP NOTES, ETC.
- Pages 12, 13. 14-LETTERS FROM THE TRADE IN REFERENCE TO SILVER AND GOLD STAMPING LEGISLATION. (3d part.)

THE jewelers of Missouri, Arkansas, New Hampshire, Maine, Massachusetts and South Carolina, in which States exists a law regulating the stamping and selling of wares purported to be silver, should follow the example of R. J. F. Roehm and other jewelers of Michigan where also exists such a law, who have entered upon a crusade against violators of the statute.

#### The Voice of the

#### Trade on Stamping

WITH this issue we publish the latest replies received from the trade to the

Legislation. following questions

submitted to the silversmiths of the country, and to about 100 retail jewelers :

What are your ideas on the subject of regulating the stamping of silver articles?

a. Do you favor regulation by Act of Legislature?

b. Do you favor the establishment of a system similar to the Hall Mark system which exists in England?

What are your ideas on the subject of regulating the stamping of gold articles?

What means would you suggest to combat the making and selling of so claimed falsely marked articles?

As few or no more replies to the circular letter containing the above questions are expected, we may take the total number received and as published in this and the two preceding issues of THE CIRCULAR, as the basis of some interesting figurings. The total number of firms replying was 61 as follows:

Silversmiths			ю
Retailers .		:	51

Analyzing the replies of the silversmiths we can arrange the following table:

Favor Regulation by Act of State Legislature	10
Favor National Law	5
Favor Hall Mark System	3
Against Hall Mark System ,	4
Recognized Stamp with Bonds	I
Favor Regulating Stamping of Gold	6
State Inspection · .	I

While all the silversmiths express themselves in favor of regulation by act of State Legislature, and only half in favor of National legislation, they doubtless would favor the latter, though its accomplishment is doubtful. They are about evenly divided on the question of employing a system similar to that of the Hall Mark in England, those being particularly opposed to it who express a definite knowledge of the scope and operations of the system. One firm



among the Cincinnati wholesalers, one object of which is to discountenance such practices, is, therefore, a movement in the right direction.

An effort is being made here to keep foreigners out of the technical, industrial, and industrial art school. A petition to that effect is being circulated in all the Saxon cities. I have asked to see a copy of the petition, but thus far have not been successful. I am told that while its purpose, as expressed in the preamble, is general, its real object is to keep out Englishmen and Americans. This, however, is only hearsay—one of those things that one hears everywhere when conversation about the petition comes up.

THE above is from a consular report dated April 16, 1895, from Consul Monaghan, at Chemnitz. The Germans are evidently not believers in reciprocal courtesy. During the period of the World's Fair, we came in contact with many representative manufacturers of Germany who were visiting this country on an idea stealing tour. They visited the jewelry, watch and silverware factories, and being treated with characteristic American courtesy, imbibed in a few hours a knowledge of machinery, processes, styles and fashions that were the result of years of thought and experiment. The American manufacturers had nothing to gain and much to lose by their courtesy; still, they opened their doors wide to the inquisitive tourists.

#### Edholm & Akin Jewelry Co. Seized Under a Chattel Mortgage.

DEADWOOD, S Dak., July 3 .-- The Edholm & Akin Jewelry Co.'s establishment has been taken possession of by M. S. Fleishman & Co., Chicago, under a chattel mortgage given June 28 by Col. Akin, of Omaha, vice president of the company, the debt secured by the mortgage with interest being \$2,900. Mr. Fleishman has been here since last Tuesday trying to settle the matter, but owing to the absence of N. J. Edholm and Arthur Akin, resident members of the company, who had sole charge of the business, nothing could be done. Col. Akin, of Omaha, vice president of the company, was then notified and on his arrival the affairs were examined into, with the result as stated above.

The business will be continued for a short time or until the matter is settled. A rough estimate places the value of the stock on hand at from \$4,500 to \$6,000.

#### Supplies for the Third Lighthouse District.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 9.—Sealed proposals are being invited until July 18th, for furnishing the Third Lighthouse District, Tompkinsville, Staten Island, N. Y., with the following items:

Ten pairs binocular glasses; 3 spy glasses; 72 clocks, marine; 20 clocks, pendulum.

Prospective bidders desiring additional information together with the necessary specifications and contract blanks, can obtain same by addressing A. S. Snow, Commander, U. S. N., Lighthouse Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y.

#### New York Notes.

Adolf Dushler has given a chattel mortgage on fixtures to M. Abraham for \$300.

Arnstein Bros. & Co. have filed a judgment for \$1,235.22 against Morris Schiff.

Chas. L. Tiffany, of Tiffany & Co., with his family, is summering at Southampton, L. I.

Otto Treibs, of Treibs Bros., 68 Nassau St., returned from Europe Saturday on the *Paris*.

Josephine Nockin has given a chattel mortgage on jewelry fixtures to R. Muller for \$1,000.

A judgment for \$302.64 has been entered against Ernest L'Allemand in favor of E. Hendricks and others.

Follmer, Clogg & Co., in the City Court, some days ago recovered a judgment for \$327.28 against Hugo Heyman.

W. W. Wells, Newark, N. J., has given a chattel mortgage on his machinery, stock, etc., to the Spencer Optical Mfg. Co. for \$3,000.

Sig. Kohn has purchased the business of Ernest Seifert, 75 Nassau St., and succeeds Mr. Seifert as a setter of diamonds and precious stones.

Walter G. King, of the Julius King Optical Co., will hereafter make his headquarters at the company's New York office, instead of the store in Cleveland, O.

Henry J. Holler, son and partner of Peter Holler, a jeweler at 66 Broadway, Brooklyn, was married recently to Miss Elizabeth Taubman, by the Rev. Gustave Sommers.

Eugene Glaenzer, Geo. Carlton Comstock and John S. Spencer, the last of the Spencer Optical Mfg. Co., were passengers on *La Bourgoyne*, which sailed for Europe Saturday.

Jeannette B. Chatellier, wife of John Chatellier, traveler for Dominick & Haff, died suddenly Thursday at her residence, 70 E. 86th St. The funeral services were held at the Church of the Beloved Disciple, 89th St. near Madison Ave., Saturday afternoon.

Creditors of Herman J. Dietz, formerly a dealer in watches and diamonds in the Prescott building, have obtained from Judge Van Wyck, of the City Court, an order to examine Dietz in supplementary proceedings. The application was made in the name of Jos. Von der Linden, a judgment creditor. The examination will commence some time this week. Dietz failed recently, giving a bill of sale to Louis Rosenberger.

Deputy Sheriff Walgering, July 2nd arrested Simon Dessau, a former dealer in diamonds, carbon and bort, 4 John St., on an execution for \$4,311.46. The amount represents an unsatisfied judgment obtained against Dessau on Jan. 28 by Sarah A. Carson, who sued him to recover \$50,000 damages for causing her arrest on a charge of blackmailing when she tried to collect a bill from him. Dessau gave bail Wednesday and was released.

John Davis, one of the two men arrested for stealing \$6,000 worth of diamonds a few months ago from the window of the jewelry store of Constantin Lucius, 841 Sixth Ave., has been convicted of grand larceny in the Court of General Sessions. Hisconfederate, John Saunders, demanded a separate trial, which has not yet taken place. Judge Fitzgerald withheld sentence on Davis until after Saunders shall be tried. Davis was told by the Judge that the only way he could escape a severe sentence was by telling where the stolen goods are located.

The actions of Jules Racine & Co. against property clerk Ino. Harriott and ex-Sheriff Sexton have been discontinued. An order to that effect was signed by Judge Van Wyck. of the City Court, Saturday. The actions resulted from the failure of Jos. Rundback, a Harlem jeweler, who was indicted on the charge of concealing goods with intent to defraud his creditors. Among the goods were watches purchased from Jules Racine & Co., which were turned over to the property clerk, pending Rundback's trial. The indictment against Rundback having recently been dismissed, Jules Racine & Co. discontinued their action to recover the goods.

The Spencer Optical Co., of Buffalo, N. Y., recently incorporated, succeeding the Spencer & Smith Optical Co. The name of the new corporation being similar to that of the Spencer Optical Mfg. Co., of this city, the president of the latter company last week instructed his attorney, Frank H. Hipple, to bring an action for an injunction against the new Spencer Optical Co., restraining them from using this name. Mr. Hipple wrote to the Buffalo company, and, after some correspondence, the latter have practically signified their willingness to change their corporate name so that it will not interfere with the Spencer Optical Mfg. Co., and the suit will therefore probably not be commenced.

#### Trade Gossip.

Margot Bros., 11 Franklin St., Boston, Mass., have a most excellent reputation as case makers. They also do all kinds of repairing, re-engine turning, etc. Send them your battered cases.

The Globe Optical Co., 414 Washington St., Boston, Mass., offer some excellent sellers in colored goods for beach trade and in new eye shades. See their announcement on another page.

S. O. Bigney & Co., Attleboro, Mass., are constantly producing something new. The working force has been again increased, and duplicate orders constantly being received is the best guarantee, if one is needed, that this firm's goods are sellers. Their chain line is particularly fine.

The T. F. Tuttle Silver Co., in their new and larger quarters, 488 Washington St., Boston, Mass., have added the manufacture of silver novelties to their plating work. Watch case replating is, as ever, a specialty with the company, and all work is finished promptly. Remember the new number-488 Washington St. July 10, 1895.



"GOELET" SCHOONER CUP.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS CONCERNING ARTICLES STAMPED STERLING SERVE TO EMPHASIZE THE IMPORTANCE OF OBSERVING THE

MAKER'S MARK.

We make Solid Silver only of sterling quality,  $\frac{925}{1000}$  fine every article bearing our trade mark. Therefore purchasers secure entire freedom from false impressions.



MASSACHUSETTS NAVAL BRIGADE TROPHY.

# Solid Silver

(Exclusively.)



# WHITING M'F'G CO.

Silversmiths,

Broadway & 18th St.,

NEW YORK.

SHOW TO A A

#### The Michigan Silver Stamping Law Will be Enforced

DETROIT, Mich., July 5.-The jewelry trade of Michigan has followed the example of the eastern trade, and is about to institute a crusade against the sale of spurious "sterling" silver goods. For two or three years purchasers of articles alleged to be sterling, at department stores that advertised prices of sterling at half its actual value have been surprised after using their purchases a short time to find the silver wearing off. It was finally discovered that the alleged sterling was no more than a cheap article of plate. Robert J. F. Roehm, of the jewelry firm of Roehm & Son, of this city, in an interview with a reporter of the Tribune said in answer to the question as to what extent the purchasing public had been victimized by unscrupulous manufacturers of and dealers in these wares:

"To a large extent," he said; "there was a time when a piece of silver marked with the word 'sterling' could be relied upon to be as represented. But the desire of unscrupulous manufacturers to cut prices and to get trade resulted in the stamping of the cheap plate articles such as thimbles, cane and umbrella heads and table articles with the word ' sterling,' and those dealers that had no more regard for the truth than the manufacturers bought and sold this product. The practice was discovered when the plating wore off the goods, and the people began to discredit all goods marked sterling, and the result was that honest manufacturers and dealers suffered the discredit that belonged to the guilty. The practice of disseminating spurious goods so injured the trade that reputable firms took the matter up, and the result was the passage of acts in the Legislature of New York, Senator McLaughliu's bill in this State and similar measures in other Statesmaking the sale of such goods a misdemeanor. The law will be invoked against any firms found selling plated goods marked or represented to be sterling. Until the dishonest mauufacturers are compeled to stop these practices, and confidence is once more restored in the word 'sterling,' all reputable dealers must give a guarantee that the goods they sell for sterling are as represented."

In an interview with THE CIRCULAR correspondent Mr. Roehm said: "As much of the same quality of goods as those that gave rise to the prosecutions in New York is being sold here, the guilty parties, unless they discontinue, will be proceeded against under the new law, one of the few good ones recently passed at Lansing, on a petition presented by us through Senator Mc-Laughlin and signed by the leading jewelers of the State."

The Michigan law under which the jewelers here will proceed, is similar to that of New York, and was drafted by THE JEWEL-ERS' CIRCULAR.



70 cents doz.

BELT BUCKLES. \$0=\$24 doz.

AND MANY OTHER ARTICLES AT LOW PRICES. Every article guaranteed 925-1000 fine, mechanical and soldered parts excepted.

#### The Cases Against the New York Department Stores.

Frederick R. Coudert, counsel for the proprietors of the New York department stores indicted for selling falsely stamped silverware, stated to a CIRCULAR reporter Monday, that no date had yet been set by the Court for the argument of the demurrers to the indictments interposed last week by his clients. He believed nothing would now be done until next Fall.

#### The Son of Jeweler Frederick Baehr Killed by a Negro Lad.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 6.-Herman Baehr, the 16 year old son of Frederick Baehr, jeweler, 1403 Market St., was shot and instantly killed at 10.45 o'clock P. M. on the 4th by a 17 year old colored lad named lake Busch.

The tragedy was enacted at the corner of Ridge and Academy Aves., which is a short distance from the Baehr residence, 5107 Minerva Ave. Busch worked for a family who lived near the Baehrs and Herman knew him quite well. They were frequently together. Thursday night, Baehr and Edward Slayton met Busch and his brother Dave, and they started home together. The boys joked in a friendly way with each other. They all deny, however, that there was any trouble.

When the party reached the corner of Ridge and Academy Aves. somebody said : "What do you mean?" Busch pulled his revolver and fired a shot and Baehr dropped with a mortal wound. The shot was fired from behind and entered the base of Baehr's brain. He was carried home, but died in fifteen minutes. Busch fled after the shooting but was arrested next day. He says it was an accident.

#### A Receiver Appointed for Loftis & Foster.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 6,-Judge Hutchinson has appointed George W. Henderson receiver for Loftis & Foster, Columbus Memorial building. This was done upon the application of Samuel T. Loftis, a member of the firm. In his bill Mr. Loftis says that he entered into partnership with George W. Foster February 1st last. The partnership was to extend for five years and the business has prospered. On the morning of June 27th when the complainant went down to his place of business he found a notice on the door that the partnership was dissolved. This was news to him, he declared, but Foster, he discovered, had locked the doors and carried off the books of the firm. As the partnership was on an equal; basis Mr. Loftis asked for a receiver in order to protect his interests. He says that the concern is perfectly solvent.

Massive old English candlesticks with curving volutes as the only ornament, have been shown as new importations.

#### The Forthcoming Jewelers' Conventions in St. Louis.

As a souvenir of the fifth annual convention of the Retail Jewelers' Association of Missouri, and the third annual convention of the National Retail Jewelers' Association of the United States, both to be held in St. Louis, Mo., from July 16 to July 19, a handsome book has been issued, containing views and descriptions of salient features of St. Louis, besides matters relating to the associations and many trade advertisements. The book is a good specimen of printers' and engravers' work.

The programmes of the conventions are as follows:

#### MISSOURI STATE CONVENTION.

SOUTHERN HOTEL. JULY 16TH, 1895.

9.30 A. M.—Officers and Reception Committee Report to the President.

Informal Reception of Members and Visiting Jewelers.

- 10 00 A. M.—Opening of Convention by the President. Address by Mr. O. H. Oberbeck :
  - (a) Why Retail Jewelers Should Or-
  - ganize.
  - (b) The Benefits of Organization(c) What Our Organization Has
- Accomplished. 12 00 M. — Recess and Dinner at Southern Hotel.

2.00, P. M.—Afternoon Session — Routine Business;

Reports of Officers and Committees; New Business and Election of Officers.

5.00 P. M.-Adjournment, sine die.
8.00 P M.-Lecture at Havlin's Theatre, on the "American Watch and Its Manufacture," by H. E. Duncan, of the American Waltham Watch Co.

#### NATIONAL CONVENTION.

#### SOUTHERN HOTEL.

JULY 17th.

- 9.30 A. M.—Opening of Convention by National President. Presentation of Delegates' Credentials to National Secretary. Rol call of National Officers and Delegates. Reading of Minutes of Previous Convention.
- 10.30 A. M.—Reports of Officers and Standing Committees.

12.00 M. —Recess and Dinner at Southern Hotel.

- 2.00 P. M.-Delegates reconvene.
- 2.30 P. M. Reports of Delegates and Presenting of Resolutions and Recommendations to the Convention.
- 3 30 P. M.—Appointing of Special Committees to take these under advisement.
- 4.00 P. M.—Addresses by Members and Visiting Jewelers.
- 5.00 P. M.-Adjournment.

#### 8.00 P. M.—Opera Entertainment at Uhrig's Cave. Attraction: "Princess of Trebizonde." IULY 18th

#### 9.30 A. M.—Delegates reconvene in Executive Session. SHARP. Reports of Special Committee and action upon all business apportioned to this

- Session. 12.00 M. —Recess and Dinner at Southern Hotel.
- 2.00 P M -Delegates reconvene.
- 3.30 P. M.-Election of Officers.
- 4.30 P. M —Selection of next meeting place for National Convention.
- 5.00 P. M.-Adjournment.
- 7 oo P. M.-Banquet at Mercantile Club.

JULY 19th.

- 9.30 A M.—Delegates reconvene. Unfinished business and other matters it may be desired to bring before the Convention.
- 12.00 M -- Adjournment, sine die.
- 12.30 P M.-Dinner at Southern Hotel.
- 2 00 P. M.—Carriage drive to points of interest of the city, parks and boulevards.

#### MeetIng of the Creditors of Budd & Kite.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 9.—A meeting of the creditors of Budd & Kite will be held at the office of Assignee Aull, on Thursday. Meanwhile the members of the firm refrain from making public any estimates of either assets or liabilities. Mr. Budd, however, says that the firm is in a position to enter into a satisfactory arrangement with the creditors, and that the business will most likely be carried on. He also says the creditors will be paid dollar for dollar.

#### Washington.

L. E. Cole, watchmaker and jeweler, at present situated at 38 H. St., N. W., will open, in a few days, a new store on F. St., N. W.

Adolph Kann has opened an optical department in connection with his jewelry business. He is closing out his general lines of small goods, and intends to keep strictly to the sale of watches and optical goods.

Orme & Linton have opened a retail jewelry store at 611 7th St., N. W. Mr. Linton is a practical watchmaker and Mr. Orme is a diamond expert, having been associated with Robert M. Dobbins, who has closed up his old place of business on 9th St., and has taken an office for a time. Mr. Dobbins is making collections preparatory to going out of business.

#### Last Week's Arrivals.

THE CIRCULAR has perfected arrangements for obtaining the names and hotel addresses of all the latest buyers visiting New York, and each day posts in its office, 189 Broadway, a bulletin which every member of the trade is cordially invited to copy.

The following out-of-town dealers were registered in New York during the past week: C. Hadenfeldt, San Francisco, Cal., Astor H.; J. Newman, San Francisco, Cal., Astor H.; A. Hahn, Cincinnati, O., H. Marlborough; G. H. Kettman, Louisville, Ky., Astor H.; D. Auer, Albany, N. Y., Astor H.; W. B. Mix, Albany, N. Y., Grand Union H.; L. O. and R. Levison, San Francisco, Cal., H. Imperial; E. A. Doyle, Lynn, Mass., Gilsey H.; A. Kiefer, Indianapolis, Ind., Murray Hill H.; J. F. Trible, Baltimore, Md., H. Marlborough; S. Davis, Pittsburgh, Pa., Astor H.; W. L. Ballou, Providence, R. I., Murray Hill H.; A. Kurtzeborn, St. Louis, Mo., St. James H.; B. V. Arnstine, Cleveland, O., H. Imperial; G. A. Gay, jewelry buyer for Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn., 120 Franklin St.; Chas. Hasenohr, jewelry buyer for Levy & Stern, Cleveland, O., 529 Broadway; E. A. Eisele, Buffalo, N. Y., H. Imperial; E. Scheuer, Toronto, Ont., Astor H.; H. E. Hall, jewelry buyer for Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass., 120 Franklin St.; L. A. Lallance, jewelry buyer for J. S. Naylor & Co., Wheeling, W. Va., 101 Franklin St.; L. Shuttles, Dallas, Tex., Astor H.; S. H. Lee, Toronto, Can., Albert H.; A. H. Bonnet, Columbus, O.; D. N. Lathrop, Syracuse, N. Y., Continental H.; J. P. Trafton, Los Angeles, Cal., Astor H.

F. E. Margot has opened an office in Margot Bros.' shop, Boston, Mass., for the repairing of watches and optical work of all kinds.

Thomas J. Brough, Manchester, Conn. will start from his home Aug. 2nd, on a trip around the world. Mr. Brough will ride a 21-pound "Columbus" bicycle, for which S. F. Myers & Co., New York, are the sole wholesale agents.

## A/E ARE CUTTING 5000 CARATS OF DIAMONDS

which will be finished so that our repesentatives will show them on their early Fall trips.

Abiding strictly to our previous standard of only selling the best made goods, we believe it will be to the interest of the trade to see our goods before purchasing.

# JACOBSON BROTHERS,

CUTTERS OF DIAMONDS,

OUR STOCKS OF MELEES AND COLORED STONES WERE NEVER MORE COMPLETE.

COR. JOHN AND NASSAU STS., N. Y.

#### Providence.

All communications for this column, directed to P. O. Box 1093, Providence, R.I., will receive prempt attention.

#### TRADE CONDITIONS.

The manufacturers in this vicinity are at present experiencing the usual dull period at this season of the year. A majority of the shops have been closed down the past week and nearly all of the salesmen are at home, preparing for their Fall trips. Trade has been very good for several weeks, and the prospects are very encouraging for a brisk trade until after the holidays.

Fred. E. Pearce is now traveling for Lambert, Schofield & Co.

George Becker and family are at their Summer cottage, Riverside.

John Hagan, of this city, is now carrying the grip for A. Shydecker, Chelsea, Mass.

Oren C. Devereux and family are spending the heated season at Prudence Island.

It is rumored that a collection bureau for jewelers and kindred tradesmen is to be established in this city soon.

Crossin & Tucker have been massing all of their plant on the fourth floor of their building at 409 Pine St.

Robert Barton has given a mortgage on real estate on Weybosset St. to Frederic Daune, New York, for \$50,000.

Joshua Lothorp ct ux, have given a mortgage on land on West Ave., Pawtucket, to James R. Payne, for \$4,800.

John Nelson *et ux.* have mortgaged land in Pawtucket to J. F. Sunderland for \$2,000, also land in this city to S. S. Lapham for \$500.

The statement published in a local trade paper to the effect that Sylvester Eastman had removed from Dorrance St. to 27 Aborn St. is misleading. He has not removed, but simply opened an optical parlor at the latter place.

Henry T. Salisbury, formerly of the manufacturing firms of Salisbury & Phillips and Salisbury & Chase, has started in the manufacture of findings at 186 Cottage St., Pawtucket. He will be represented on the market by Arnold C. Messler, formerly of the manufacturing jewelry concern of Messler & Macon.

John H. McPherson went before Justice Wilbur, in the Common Pleas Court, Wednesday, and pleaded *nolo contendere* to an indictment charging him with having taken from the Gorham Mfg. Co. silver to the amount of \$426 on or about Jan. 1, 1895. The prisoner is a young Nova Scotian, the main support and stay of his mother. A number of prominent citizens of this city appeared in his behalf as to his good reputation hitherto. The Court, after lecturing the prisoner, said he was disposed to be lenient on account of the family. He therefore sentenced the prisoner to pay a fine of \$125 and costs.

#### Philadelphia.

H. Wolf has opened a store at 1235 S. 2d St.

J. Morris Knight is a weekly visitor to Atlantic City.

George W. Scherr has returned from a short trip to Atlantic City.

Otto Winnig has removed his engraving establishment from 722 to 716 Chestnut St.

Harry Barry, of James W. Barry & Son, has gone to the seashore for his vacation.

Charles P. Sutton, of B. Frank Sutton & Son, is camping among the Thousand Islands.

George W. Banks, of the Bailey, Banks & Biddle Co., is sojourning with his wife and daughters at Sagamore, Lake George.

Chas. E. Gale, formerly with Simons, Bro. & Co., has entered business as diamond setter to the trade.

The International School of Horology, Martin E. Harmstead, principal, has removed from 7th and Sansom Sts. to Camden, N. J.

Jeweler J. B. Bear, Camden, N. J., has presented the Calvary Presbyterian Church of that place with a solid silver communion service, consisting of cups, pitcher and plates.

In the Quarter Sessions Court a few days ago John Heiss pleaded guilty to obtaining silverware on forged orders from A. R. Justice & Co. Sentence was suspended and the defendant discharged.

Out-of-town buyers here the past week included: Howard Fitzsimmons, West Chester, Pa.; B. C. Foster, Bristol, Pa.; R. G. Porter, Woodbury, N. J.; John Dewar, Bryn Mawr, Pa.; Robert Steel, Hammonton, N. J., and W. W. Frances, Ardmore, Pa.

Joseph L. Budd and Wilson J. Kite, trading as Budd & Kite, 22 N. 13th St., have made an assignment for the benefit of creditors to Charles E. Aull, a member of the bar. The deed is dated July 5th, and conveys no real estate. Mr. Aull is not yet able to give an estimate of the assets and liabilities.

John Newman was arrested last week on the charge of robbing the jewelry store of Paul Horwitz, 2254 Richmond St., of 33 cheap grade silver watches and other articles of a total value of \$120. Newman had a hearing before Magistrate Lloyd, and was held for a further hearing. Mr. Horwitz testified that a hole had been made in the side of his store in the alleyway with a crowbar that was afterward found.

A tray of jewelry was stolen from the store of Mrs. Margaret Martin, 3416 Lancaster Ave., on Friday. The police and pawnbrokers were at once notified. Later in the day a turquoise ring was offered to one of the latter, a policeman was telephoned for and the man was arrested. His name was George Wallace, and he named Thomas Hunter as his accomplice. Most of the jewelry was recovered from the men, and on Saturday they were committed at the City Hall for trial.

#### Pittsburgh.

G. B. Barrett & Co. will begin this week to take stock.

J. C. Rhodes and C. H. Adelman, both of Homestead, Pa., were here last week.

Maurice Baer, representative here for Einstein & Co., has returned from the east.

Thomas Martin, with D. J. Reed Optical Co., was married July 2 to Miss H. Kinney, of Allegheny.

A cablegram received last week announces the safe arrival of J. Harvey Wattles and party at Glasgow.

James M. Zeigler has invested in a handsome piece of property at Idlewood, where he will build an elegant home.

S. Wise, lately a jeweler of Greensburg, Pa., is now with B. E. Arons. Mr. Arons left last week for Canada and the east.

S. L. Ginsburg will remove from Allegheny to a central location in this city where he will open a fancy jewelry store.

Joseph Kelly was arrested in Henry Terheyden's store July 2, for trying to dispose of several gold chalices. Kelly hails from New York.

Wm. Biggard, who represents I. Ollendorf, west of Pittsburgh, returned east last week for new samples preparatory to starting out on the road.

#### Syracuse.

Simon Lesser leaves for Scranton Monday morning.

S. Lou Goldstein, Grand Rapids, Mich., was in town last week.

E. C. Howe re.urned July 9th noon from Frontenac, Round Island.

Charles L. Becker spent last week at Otter Lake in the North Woods.

C. S. Ball left Wednesday to spend some time at his cottage on Round Island.

Dr. R. Mendelsohn has gone to New York to take a course of optics with Dr. Heath.

J. A. Cheney, of Ludwig Nissen & Co., New York, took his family to their Summer home on the St. Lawrence river July 3d to stay the remainder of the season.

Hannon Bros., manufacturing jewelers, Monroe block, have dissolved partnership. T. G. Hannon will continue the business at the present location, and John Hannon has opened a repair shop at No. 127 in the Monroe building.

There is locked up a man who it is believed is either A. H. King or Charles H. Hastings who were with Marcus Marks when the latter robbed Becker & Lathrop's jewelry store of a tray of diamond rings, a few months ago. The three had previously robbed a jewelry store in Utica of about \$500 worth of diamonds.

#### News Gleanings.

Bert Witham has opened a repair shop in Bluehill, Me.

A. L. Miller has opened a repair shop in Lincoln, Kan.

Chas. Seifert will open a jewelry store in High Bridge, N. J.

Geo. Blanchard will remove from Portage, Wis., to Belvidere, Ill.

J. D. Grant, Lowell, Mass., has bought out H. W. Ordway, of the same city.

W. W. Schermerhorn has purchased the jewelry business of E. H. Colver, Lena, Ill.

Henry C. Graffe, jeweler, Fort Wayne, Ind., has purchased a plot of ground in that city.

Urban J. Kilmer, jeweler, Womelsdorf, Pa., will engage in the sewing machine business.

B. I. Wehrle, Indiana, Pa., will erect a new building on the site of his present jewelry store.

E. H. Lemley has opened a jewelry business near Fourth Ave. and 9th St., Huntington, W. Va.

The stock of jewelry of C. W. Freeman, Scranton, Pa., was sold at sheriff's sale last Tuesday morning.

F. H. Coffin, Peterboro, N. H., has failed. His liabilities are about \$3,500, and assets in the vicinity of \$1,000.

George A. Caplan, jeweler, Hazelton, Pa., was married June 30th to Miss Henrietta Cohen, of New York.

T. E. Thompson, Galveston, Tex., has gone out of business, and has been succeeded by Fred. Allen & Co.

A substantial fund has been raised for Alfred Kunz, jeweler, Masillon, O., who was recently robbed of all he had.

Rudoph Eisenbach, with H. C. Kachlein, Lafayette, Ind., has left on a trip to Germany where he expects to visit during the next two months.

Burglars entered the jewelry store of A. Hyde, Colesburg, Ia., a few nights ago, blew open the safe, and took some papers and three watches.

Louis S. Frisard June 29th sold to August Frisard his stock of jewelry and chattels at 443 7th St. S. W., Washington, D. C. The price paid was \$400.

A. Simard, Lowell, Mass., is reported as seeking a settlement with creditors through insolvency proceedings, at 25 cents on the dollar. He owes about \$3,500.

Joseph S. Finney, jeweler for Lynn & Leedy, Wabash, Ind., has been appointed watch inspector for this point of the Michigan division of the Big Four road.

The Williamsport (Pa.) *Gazette*, of June 29th, contained sketches and portraits of jewelers Rubenstein Brothers, H. E. Herman & Co., John B. Dayton, and W. D. Edkin.

J.-Dickerson, jeweler, Dallas, Tex., a few

days ago killed a 16 year old boy who he claims was a burglar. The body was identified as that of John F. Reeves, son of a rich planter. Conspiracy is alleged.

Ralph Clark, Anderson, Ind., has sold his fixtures to W. S. Shirk, and the stock is being sold out at auction by J. H. Haville. Mr. Clark will remove to Indianapolis, and Mr. Shirk will open a jewelry store in Anderson.

The jewelry store of E. W. Clark, Tallahassee, Fla., was recently broken into, the thieves entering through a back window. All the valuable jewelry being locked in a safe they did not secure a large amount of booty.

J. Gray, a jeweler of Jeffersonville, O., followed Elmer Long and G. W. Wooley to Springfield, O., and with the assistance of the police captured them and found some jewelry on their persons. His store was robbed of \$500 worth of jewelry a few days ago.

The jewelry store of D. Stephen Davies, Remsen, N. Y., was burglarized last Sunday evening. An opening was made in the front door with a chisel, through which the burglars.entered. About \$50 worth of silverware was taken. There is a clue to the burglars.

The Mexican Onyx Co., with a capital of \$30,000, have filed articles of incorporation in New Jersey. The incorporators are H. M. Sciple, H. P. Sayford and James W. Park. The principal offices of the company will be at Bordentown, N. J., and the City of Mexico.

On July 1, J. J. Freeman, Toledo, O., associated with himself in business N. E. Hascall and M. D. Teal, under the firm name of J. J. Freeman & Co. The new firm will continue business in the old location occupied by Mr. Freeman for 17 years, and will make extensive alterations and improvements in the room.

An unsuccessful game was tried on jeweler William Black, Birmingham, Ala., a few days ago, by a clerical looking negro. The negro walked into Mr. Black's store and asked to look at some fine gold watches and a trayful was shown him. Mr. Black turned his back for a moment and when he looked around again his quick eye detected that a watch was missing. A detective was summoned and the watch found after an exhaustive search, in the negro's socks.

William T. Gardiner, jeweler, Paterson, N. J., who was recently acquitted of the charge of receiving stolen goods, has turned the tables on a man who helped to get him in trouble. The man in question is John Wilson, who went with the boy who had stolen the watch that caused the trouble, and on whose recommendation Gardiner bought the timepiece. Since Gardiner's acquittal he has been looking for Wilson, and hearing he was to be found went before Justice Cluss and caused his arrest. Not being able to give security Wilson was committed to jail.

#### Canada and the Provinces.

Herman Levy, of Levy Bros. Co., Hamilton, Ont., was in Toronto last week.

M. Bilsky, jeweler, Ottawa, Ont., was in Toronto last week and placed some good orders.

F. Steinman, representing the F. W. Gesswein estate, New York, has been in Canada for some days.

Mr. Higbee, representing the Jewelers' League, was in Torohto a few days since and wrote up several policies.

In a fire in Midland, Ont., July 2d, J. P. Johnston, jeweler, lost on stock \$100, and on building \$300; no insurance.

Walter J. Barr, of the Goldsmith's Stock Co., left on the 2d inst. for New York and Providence, R. I., on his usual purchasing trip for the Fall trade.

The loss to the stock of E. & A. Gunther, wholesale clock and jewelry dealers, by fire in their premises, Wellington St. E., Toronto, on June 28th, is estimated at about \$900.

Manufacturers and the wholesale trade say that business during June this year was better than for some seasons previous and look forward hopefully to a brisk Fall trade. Retail business is, of course, dull at this season, with the exception of the tourist trade, and there continues to be an active demand for diamonds among American visitors, tempted by the prospect of evading the duty on their return.

#### Springfield, Mass.

Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Robinson are spending a two weeks' vacation at the Belcher House, Belchertown, Mass.

In the mercantile parade held in this city on the 4th F. A. Hubbard had one of the finest displays in line. It was a huge watch of pasteboard elaborately gilded, and was carried by a man who walked with the form set down over his body and changed the hours on a small roll inside as he progressed.

F. E. Ladd has been given the contract to supply Springfield Commandery of Knights Templar with the badges to be used at the triennial conclave to be held in Boston Aug. 26 to 30th. The badges will be of his own designing. The tops of the badge will be a fac-simile of the Springfield rifle with the words, "Springfield Commandery" on the barrel. The pendant will be supported by a black and white ribbon, and will have on one side a cross and crown and on the other a representation of the local Masonic building. The medal will be of fine French bronze.

There is only one quality of silver plate made by the Middletown Plate Co., Middletown, Conn., and that is the best. Some handsome and attractive designs in toilet ware appear on another page. Poor plated ware is dear at any price, while reliable goods invariably are satisfactory to both buyer and seller.

#### Sanada and the Drawinger

## CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### All Advertisements are entitled to one insertion under proper heading. Extra insertions, \$6.00 per annum. Extra Headings, \$12.00 per annum.

Assayers	8z	Refiners.
----------	----	-----------

Baker, Geo. M., Providence, R. 1..... .. 32 Goldsmith Bros., 63 & 65 Washington St., Chicago, Ill..... 25 Lelong, L. & Bro., Newark, N J ..... 36 Rathbone, J., 1-9 Mathewson St., Providence, 

#### Auctioneers.

Boyle, S. A. & Co., Washington, D.C..... 14 Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y. French, J. H., P. O. Box 2775, N. Y..... 31 Rich, H. M. & Co., 21 School St., Boston, 

#### Badges, Medals, Etc.

Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y ..... 32

#### Chains.

Bigney, S. O., & Co., Attleboro, Mass..... 

#### Clocks, French, English and American.

Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St., 

#### Cut Glass.

Empire Cut Glass Co., 35 Murray St., N. Y.... 9

#### Diamond & Precious Stone Importers.

Disselkoen, John N., 5.7 Maiden Lane, N.Y.. Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. L., N.Y 36 Fera, Henry, Prescott Bldg., N. Y ..... 10 Hedges, Wm. S. & Co . 170 Broadway, N. Y ... 10 Kahn, L. & M. & Co., 172 Broadway, N. Y.... 36 Kipling, E. E., 182 Broadway, N. Y..... 36 Kipling, R. A., Hays Bldg., N. Y. ..... 10 Lorsch, Albert. & Co., 37 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 36 Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane, N. Y ..... .... 11 Rich & Allen, State and Madison Sts., Chicago 25 Smith, Alfred H. & Co., 182 Broadway, N.Y.. 10

#### Diamond Cutters.

Jacobson Bros., Prescott Bldg., N. Y. ..... 19 Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, Prescott Bldg., N. Y.... Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane 11

#### Diamond Mountings.

Oppenheimer, H. E. & Co., 14 Maiden Lane, N. Y..... 36

#### Enamelers.

Bishop, Victor, & Co.. 21 Maiden Lane, N. Y.. 14

#### Engraving School.

Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Chicago.... 25

#### Fine Engraving.

The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassau St., N. Y ... 8

#### Fine Stationery.

Parsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St., N.Y... 35

#### Gold and Silver Platers.

Tuttle, T. F., Silver Co., 488 Washington St., Boston, Mass..... Supplement

Page	Gold Jewelry.
	dold bowelly.

Aikin, Lambert & Co., 10 Maiden Lane... , 2-32 Ball, Wm. H. & Co., 15 John St., N. Y ..... 23 Carter, Sloan & Co., 15 Maiden Lane, N. Y .. 11

#### Gold and Rolled Plate Jewelry.

Smith, Wm., & Co., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y... 36

#### Horological Schools.

Parson's School for Watchmakers, Peoria, Ill. 26

#### Jobbers, Watches, Diamonds, Etc.

Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., 10 Maiden Lane .2-32 Friedlander, R., L. & M., Ltd. 30 Maiden Lane, N. Y..... Lapp & Flershem, 92-98 State St., Chicago.... 25 Myers, S. F. & Co., 48 Maiden Lane, N. Y .... 36

#### Lawvers.

Emmons Associated Law Offices, Portland, Ore....

#### Musical Boxes.

Jacot & Son, 39 Union Square, N. Y..... 2

#### Muslin Buffs.

Williamsville Mfg. Co., 18 S. Water St., Providence, R. 1.....

#### Optical Goods.

Geneva Optical Co., Chicago, Ills..... 25 Globe Optical Co., 414 Washington St., Boston, Mass..... Supplement

#### **Optical Schools.**

Chicago Ophthalmic College..... 25 Knowles, Dr., Neponset Cottage, Peak's Island, Casco Bay, Portland, Me..... 36

#### Paneled Metal Ceilings.

Northrop, A. & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa..... 2

#### Pens, Pencils, etc.

Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 2-32 Mabie, Todd & Bard, New York....

#### Ring Makers.

Bonner, Rich & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N. Y... 36 Bowden, J. B. & Co., 192 Broadway, N.Y.... 10 Bryant, M. B., & Co., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 32 Smith, L. B. & H. H., 53 Maiden Lane, N. Y.. 34

#### Safes.

Mosler, Bahmann & Co., 518 B'way, N. Y .... 8

#### Sample Trunks,

Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y .... 29

#### Scales.

Kohlbusch, Herman, Sr., 59 Nassau St., N. Y. 10

Show Cases.

Page.

2

9

Page.

Melishek & Petter, 128 Maiden Lane, N. Y... 4

#### Silver Plated Ware.

King Hugh E., 908 Masonic Temple, Chicago, 111..... Middletowa Plate Co., Middletown, Conn..... 3 Rogers & Bro., 16 Cortlandt St., N. Y. .... 13 The Wm. Rogers Mtg. Co., Hartford, Conn... 29

#### Sterling Silver Novelties.

Codding Bros. & Heilborn, North Attleboro Mass..... Inman, J. T., Attleboro, Mass..... 13 Richards, E, Ira, & Co., 68-70 Nassau St., N. Y. 18

#### Sterling Silverware.

Dominick & Haff, Union Square, N. Y..... Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 808-810 Greenwich St., N. Y..... Knowles, J. B. & S. M. Co., Providence, R. I.

Shiebler, Geo. W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N. Y. Towle Mfg. Co., Newburyport, Mass...... Whiting, F. M., Co., North Attleboro, Mass.. Whiting Mfg. Co., Broadway & 18th St., N. Y. 17 Wood & Hughes, 16 John St., N. Y.....

#### Thimbles.

Ketcham & McDougall, 198 Broadway, N. Y.. 32

#### Tool Manufacturers and Dealers.

American Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass .. 32 Mossberg Mfg. Co., Attleboro, Mass..... 35

#### Trunks and Traveling Bags.

Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y.... 29

#### Watch Case Manufacturers.

Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton, O..... 35 Fahys, Jos., & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N.Y. Jacobson, F. H. & Co., 96 State St., Chicago . 25 Margot Bros., 11 Franklin St., Boston, Mass.. ..... Supplement

#### Watch Case Materials.

Newark Watch Case Material Co., Newark, N. J..... 2

#### Watch Case Repairers.

Felix, N. J., 17 John St., N. Y. ..... 36 Henry, Peter, Cincinnati, O..... 26

#### Watch Importers.

Hyde's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y.. 34

#### Watch Manufacturers.

Dueber Hampden Co., Canton, O.....

## Special Notices.

Rates 75c. per Insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines(25 words); additional words 2 cents each. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per cent off; four insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertion, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. II answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

#### Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. If answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

POSITION at once by practical jeweler, six years' experience; best of references. Address T., care T. L. Evans, Williams, Iowa.

FIRST-CLASS watchmaker, jeweler, engraver and salesman desires position with good house; 18 years' experience; good references. Address Box 143, Gainesville, Tex.

SIDE LINE WANTED on commission for New England, New York State and Pennsylvania, by salesman-with good trade. Address "Sales." care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

POSITION by practical young man, experienced clock and jewelry jobber, ordinary watch repairer and salesman; tools; reference former employer. Lock Box 488, Saugerties, N. Y.

POSITION WANTED as jeweler and repairer; can do some setting; ring making a specialty; 14 years at bench; best of reference from last employer. Address J. W., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED-By young man of experience, and thoroughly understanding the manufacturing and diamond business, position as resident or traveling salesman. Address "W.", care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR.

SITUATION WANTED by an engraver, chaser and designer on silver or gold; has had charge of engraving department in large factory; first-class references. Address J. W. A., care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR.

A JEWELRY FOREMAN and first-class designer on diamond and general jewelry, capable of taking entire charge of factory, wants a position. Address A. Smith, care E. P. Reichhelm & Co., 80 Nassau St., New York City.

WANTED, A POSITION as salesman in a retail or wholesale jewelry business; have been engaged for the past 5 years with one of the leading retail houses in New York City; best of references. Address A. B. C., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

Help Wanted.

ONE GOOD WORKMAN on gold optical goods state experience and salary ; one polisher on gold optical goods. Address Optical, Box 2816, New York City.

WANTED, WATCHMAKER and jeweler, must be a salesman, in a New England store; best of references required; price moderate. Address New England, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED-A first-class watchmaker; one who can do plain hard soldering and jewelry repairing. Address, with references, stating experience and salary to Theo. Borgstrom, Susquehanna, Pa.

A TRAVELING SALESMAN for the Middle States only; to sell in connection with his present line, a first-class line of jewelry to retail jewelers exclusively. Address N. B., care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR, SALESMAN WANTED in jewelry store; one who understands the business; of good address, a worker, honest and sober; can have permanent situation at good wages. Address, with reference, E. A. Thrall, 3 Maiden Lane, New York.

#### Business Opportunities.

J EWELRY BUSINESS for sale; 13 years established; owner going abroad Apply to Fisher & Sons, 63 Nassau St., New York.

 $\begin{array}{l} For SALE-Old \ established \ jewelry \ business \ in \\ one \ of \ the best towns on the Pacific coast at a big \\ bargain \ ; \ sickness the cause for selling. \ Address \ H., \\ care \ Jewellers' \ CIRCULAR. \end{array}$ 

FOR SALE—A well equipped steam power shop for making diamond mountings; two years' lease and established business; everything in first-class running order. Address F. C., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE-Plant formerly conducted by Hagan, White & Co., for the manufacturing of jewelry, novelties, cane and umbrella heads, fully equipped with most approved machinery, dies, etc., and in complete running order; can be bought at an extremely low figure and on most favorable terms. Apply to S. Gumprecht, 248 W. 23d St., New York.

FOR SALE—One-third or one-half interest in a well established jewelry store in the large and growing city of Atlanta, Ga.; store situated in the very best location for business in the city ; inspection invited; correspondence solicited; reasons for selling, want more help and capital for our Exposition, which will be a "hummer." Here is a chance for some good party to make money. No attention will be paid to letters written out of idle curiosity. Address Business, care JEWELLERS' CIRCULAR.

To Let.

TO LET-At 915 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, five beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators; suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china or glass importer. Apply to C. Dorflinger & Sons, 36 Murray St., New York.

#### Miscellaneous

WANTED you to know that the genuine "Moseley Lathe" equals the best of the very best. When interested write your jobber for new price list, or to the manufacturers, Moseley & Co., Elgin, Ill.

 $L_{\rm OST-Hunting}$ -case solid gold watch, 18 size. W. T. H. Rosen on the dial, with a plated chain; if offered for sale stop it, notify police and communicate with Theo. Rosen, 588 Amsterdam Ave., N. Y.

\$3,000 will buy a Jewelry business in a Connecticut city, well located. Stock and fixtures will inventory over \$5,000. Terms easy. Owner has other business.

Address, L. J. SAXTON, Norwichtown, Conn.

Wm. H. Ball & Company,

Gold Bracelets,

15 John Street, NEW YORK. <sup>T</sup>H<sub>E</sub> SPECIAL NI COLUMNS

O

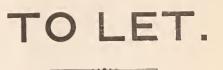
T

C

Jewelers' Circular Bring Better Results for a Small Outlay of money than any medium in the Jewelry Trade.

OF THE -

#### TRY THEM.



Two fine large floors in factory building, St. Marks and Underhill avenues, Brooklyn. Solid floors. Light all around; power in abundance.

Fire proof vaults built in on each floor. Elevator, Stairs, Transmitting Room and Plumbing in separate extension.

Apply to

GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO., 179 Broadway,

NEW YORK.

## THE PRACTICAL ELECTRO • PLATER.

By MARTIN BRUNOR.

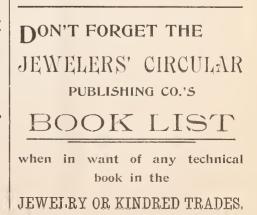
A comprehensive treatise on Electro Plating, covering every branch of the trade, with notes on ancient and modern gilding and formulas for new solutions.

300 PAGES, FULLY ILLUSTRATED. Securely bound in cloth and half morocco.

PRICE. \$10.00.

FOR SALE BY

THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, 189 broadway, New York.





Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

#### CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JULY 10, 1895.

NO. 23

#### St. Louis.

VOL. XXX.

The jewelry store of N. G. Good, at Middletown, was entered a few nights ago and \$300 worth of jewelry carried off. There is no clue to the identity of the thieves.

The following retail jewelers have agreed to close their stores on Saturdays at 1 o'clock from July 1 to Sept. 1: Merrick, Walsh & Phelps Jewelry Co.; A. Kurtzeborn & Sons, E. Jaccard Jewelry Co., Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., J. Bolland Jewelry Co. and Hess & Culbertson.

#### Minneapolis and St. Paul.

Out-of-town jewelers visiting the Twin Cities the past week were: D. L. Nixon, Farmington, Minn.; Lucien Diacon, Chaska, Minn.; A. L. Mealey, Delano, Minn.; Louis Idzol, Gibbon, Minn.; Jacob Segerstone, Rhinelander, Wis.; J. B. Kessler, Edgeley, N. Dak.; Theo. G. Mahler, Le Sueur, Minn.

All of the Twin Cities' traveling salesmen returned the 1st inst. to spend the 4th with their families and friends. None of the jobbing houses will send out their representatives until after August 1st, when the Fall trade is expected to commence. The crops are fine throughout the northwest and promise a bountiful yield. A big trade this Fall is expected, which will, no doubt, exceed that of the last three years. Collections are fair.

Proposals opened for putting in the big clock in the new Court House and City Hall of Minneapolis show that widely varying prices were quoted. The Self-Winding Clock Co., New York, made a price of \$1,-500 but did not include a tower clock. The Johnson Electric Service Co., Milwaukee, offered their pneumatic system, including a tower clock, for \$6,000, while J. B. Hudson, the local jeweler, made two bids, one of \$16,825, and the other of \$10,825. Both were on tower clocks in addition to the others required. The construction committee has decided that haste means waste in the matter of awarding contracts for the clocks in the new court house, and, therefore, new contract will be deferred until a larger number of manufacturers can have time to bid on the revised plans and specifications.

#### Cincinnati.

Jos. Homan, of the Homan Silver Plate Co., joins his wife at Cape May this week.

O. E. Bell & Co. are getting their silver factory into shape to supply the trade with Fall goods.

F. W. Birchard, jeweler, Tiffin, O., formerly of Cincinnati, spent some days last week among friends in this city.

Fred Pieper, the Covington jeweler, has sold his building on Madison Ave. at Pike St. to the Citizens' National Bank.

O. E. Bell & Co. have sued the Wells-Fargo Co. for loss of a package of jewelry entrusted to the plaintiff for delivery.

Albert Bros. have put in new cases, and have added an attractive line of sterling silver goods. Louis Albert will go east this week to buy goods.

C. J. F. Bene, of Bene, Lindenberg & Co., is in Amsterdam, buying the diamond supply for his house. He will bring over also an elegant line of novelties.

Dave Feiss, formerly with the Western Jewelry Co., St. Louis, Mo., has engaged with the H. Keck Mfg. Co., and will represent them in the southern and western territory.

The Homan Silver Plate Co. have turned out this year three times the quantity of goods they ever produced in the same period of their career. They are now working on stock for the Fall trade.

The Cincinnati delegation to the National Retail Jewelers' Association meeting, in St. Louis, Mo., July 16 to 19th, will be quite large and enthusiastic. H. H. Mithoe fer and Louis Hummel are the delegates proper.

A. G. Schwab was the *courier avant* of the Cincinnati travelers on a trip last week showing new goods. D. Schroder and Eugene Frohmyer, of D. Schroder & Co., start out this week, followed next week by the whole list from every house.

#### Sale of the Stanford Diamonds.

THE jewels which Mrs. Leland Stanford, of San Francisco, will dispose of in Paris, have always figured prominently among the possessions of the late California millionaire. There are few choicer collec-

tions of gems, even among the royal families of the Old World, and their value has been variously estimated at from \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000. Mr. Stanford bought four sets of diamonds for his wife when the valuables of Queen Isabella of Spain were sold in Paris, and paid upward of \$600,000 for the four. One set is of the stones known as "blue diamonds," as they emit violet rays by day; another has pluk rays in its stones; the third set is of yellow diamonds, as yellow as topaz, and the fourth is of flawless white stones. Each set has a tiara or a necklace, pendant, brooch, earrings, from four to six bracelets, and some finger rings, all of the same style of make, and of corresponding stones. In addition to these, Mrs. Stanford has some genuine black diamonds, cut pearlshaped, and numerous other diamond ornaments in a variety of styles.

One necklace, not belonging to any of the sets above named, is valued at \$100,000, and its pendants at \$30,000. This was manufactured to order by Tiffany & Co. and consists of large colored diamonds intermixed with small white diamonds, rubies, sapphires and emeralds, all of the purest water. A band of large yellow diamonds encircles the throat, each set in smaller white stones. Below this band is placed a floriated design in small white diamonds and colored stones extending in deep points. Between each of these points is suspended an immense yellow diamond set in white diamonds and attached to the upper part of the necklace by a ruby, emerald or sapphire. There are five of these pendants, the central one being the largest and having once figured in the collection of the Duke of Brunswick. This jewel is accompanied by a comb, a brooch, and a pair of earrings to match, and the necklace itself takes to pieces, and can be converted into pins, hair ornaments, etc., while the upper row of diamonds can be worn as a necklace, without the pendants and the pointed floriated band.

Mrs. Stanford has also over 60 diamond finger rings, which she keeps on a string of black tape. To accommodate all these jewels she has a case of steel, with cast iron handles and burglar-proof locks. The case has a separate drawer for each set of diamonds, and is, of course, nearly all the time deposited in bank.

#### Detroit.

Nichols Brothers, since 1877 in business in Saline, Mich., have sold their business to B. F. Sheeden and W. N. Lister.

John Mutchler has purchased the jewelry business of L. P. Husan, Hartford, Mich., and has removed the stock and fixtures to Bangor, Mich.

Nels Johnson, tower clock manufacturer, Manistee, Mich., expects to get the contract for furnishing the new city hall building in Milwaukee with a clock.

W. J. Iliffe, who has conducted a jewelry business in Gladstone for several years, has closed it up and removed to Green Bay, where he will start again. M. H. Bell, jeweler, Kalamazoo, Mich., passed through this city last week on his way east. He leaves L. L. Dean, recently inspector of watches in the Rockford Watch Co.'s factory, in charge.

The Grand Rapids & Indiana Railróad last werk appointed a jeweler in every town and city on its route as an inspector of watches. The road has raised the standard of the timepieces and a large number of employes have been compeled to purchase new ones.

The consolidation of F. G. Smith & Sons and Sturgeon & Co., reported at length in last week's CIRCULAR, unites two of the oldest firms in Detroit. The former was started in 1858, and the latter a few years later. F. G. Smith, Sr., has been with the former firm since its birth. With the recent reorganization he retired from active business life.

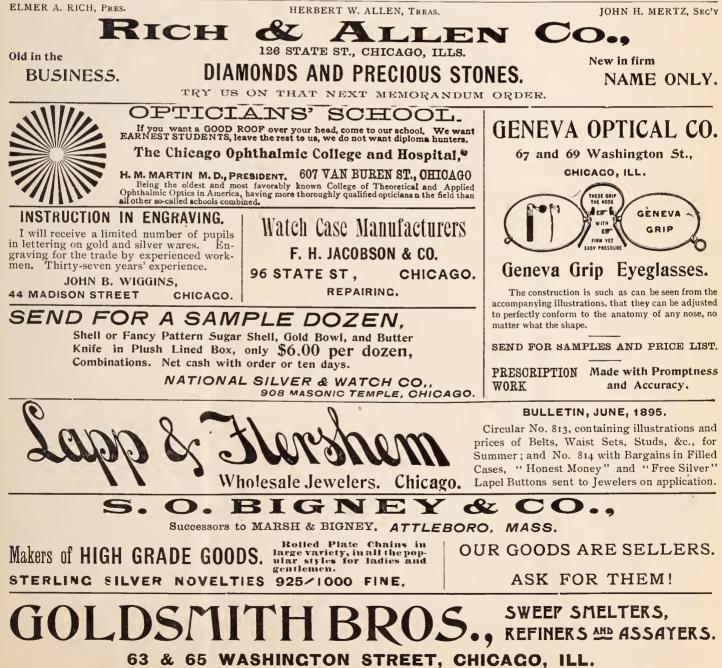
# San Francisco.

Geo. Thomas, Auburn, Cal., has moved his stock to this city and will open a store on 17th St.

Fred. Ewart, Woodland, Cal., was in town last week purchasing goods. He will add an optical department to his store.

Stephen C. Howard, of the Howard Sterling Co., Providence, R. I., is in town. He is accompanied by his wife and combines pleasure with business.

# REPRESENTATIVE CHICAGO HOUSES.



---- ' FSTIMATES GIVEN ON GOLD AND SILVER. IF NOT SATISFACTORY WE WILL RETURN SHIPMENT INTACT AND PAY ALL CHARGES."----

Ernest Block, representing W. & S. Blackinton, New York, has been in town.

It is reported upon high authority that Mrs. Leland Stanford will soon go to Europe to sell her jewels and apply the proceeds to carrying on the Leland Stanford Jr. University, Palo Alto, the institution being, it is said, in need of ready money. The jewels are valued at over \$1,000,000.

#### Pacific Coast Notes.

C. H. Clark has opened a jewelry store in Quincy, Cal.

Peter Johnston has opened a store in Angels Camp.

Roy Summers, Pomona, Cal., has given up the jewelry business.

Mr. Capo, jeweler, Tucson, Ariz., has gone east on a three months' vacation.

Y. H. Beaudrian, Modesto, Cal., who sold out is opening a new store in Chico, Cal.

Tebachepi, Cal., will soon have a jewelry store owned and managed by A. R. Martin, recently of Oregon.

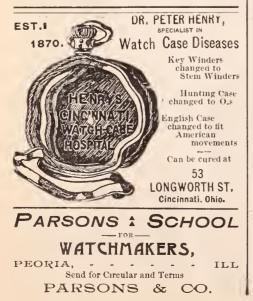
Mrs. A. J. Nichols has opened a jewelry store in Lompoc, Cal. It was formerly conducted by her husband, deceased.

N. A. Stevens, engaged in the jewelry business in San Pedro, Cal., will pass the Summer months at Perris, on account of ill health.

Richard McDonald, jeweler, Visalia, Cal., died recently. There is a contest over the will, by which only a small estate was bequeathed.

Many towns and cities in California elect a Goddess of Liberty in order to celebrate the Fourth of July. At San Bernardino the Goddess this year wore a crown and necklace of gold, ornamented with precious stones. George Jordan furnished the jewelry for the occasion.

A census of the industries of Salt Lake City, Utah, has just been made. From the returns it appears that there are jewelry houses in that city, representing an investment of \$150.000, with annual sales of



\$177.500, with 22 employes who received total salaries of \$22,748.

#### Kansas City.

H. P. Hall, formerly of Wellington, Kan., has removed to Carthage, Mo.

M. E. Tobias, Wichita, Kan., has located in Carrollton, Mo., where he has opened a large stock of jewelry.

Levi Harris who until recently was located in Denver, Col., has removed to this city and opened on 12th St.

The stock and fixtures of the Jaccard Watch & Jewelry Co. were sold at auction to D. C. Jaccard, St. Louis, for \$23,625. Mr. Jaccard is selling the stock at private sale, as heretofore.

C. B. Norton, of J. A. Norton & Son, manufacturing jewelers, took possession last week on a chattel mortgage of the stock of Harry G. De Jagers, who did business in the Shiedley building, under the firm name of De Jagers & Matthews. The chattel mortgage was for \$1,121.10. After the Norton mortgage another one was filed in favor of Hugh Oppenheimer for \$685.76.

Among the country buyers in town last week were: J. S. Kelley, Marshall, Mo.; G.S. Catchadal, Superior, Neb.; O. Kolstadt, Pleasant Hill, Mo.; S. J. Huey, Excelsior Springs, Mo.; E. E. Hoffman, Paillipsburg, Kan.; Frank Wuerth, Leavenworth, Kan.; H. P. Hall, Carthage, Mo; C. E. Wardin, Topeka, Kan.; J. B. Hayden, Topeka, Kan.; J. B. Lowe, Independence, Mo.; J. L. Grady, St. Louis, Mo.; E. L. Sloan, Nomego, Kan.; I. Eller, Richmond, Mo.; J. L. Brown, Augusta, Kan.; M. L. Wadell, Clinton, Mo; J. A. Schmidt, Leavenworth, Kan.

#### Herman Keck Mfg. Co.'s Shipment of Rough Diamonds.

CINCINNATI. O., July 3.—The newspapers of this city, *Commercial Gazette*, *Enquirer* and *Tribune*, report that there has just been passed through the Cincinnati Custom House the first lot of diamonds in the rough consigned direct from Africa to the Herman Keck Mfg. Co., who recently established their diamond cutting plant in this city.

The amount of the shipment is \$150,000, and will be cut by some of the finest cutters in the world. Franz Van Reeth is manager of the cutting works. He received a gold medal at the Paris Exposition in 1885, and the highest award in 1889 and 1894 at Antwerp.

In a letter to THE CIRCULAR from the Dueber Watch Case Mfg. Co., Canton, O., the statements in the item in the Elgin *Courrier* reprinted in these columns last week are mainly confirmed. Mr. Dueber in addition to making watch cases and movements will engage largely in the manufacture of high grade bicycles, the factory devoted to which will also be controled by Mr. Dueber. The product will be sold to the retail watch trade. The Hampden Watch Co. will not make the bicycles as stated in the *Courier*, but Mr. Dueber himself.

#### Indianapolis.

July 1st Walter M. Robertson entered into partnership with Wm. E. Long, Terre Haute, Ind.

Chas. W. Lauer, of Otto Young & Co., Chicago, is spending his vacation in this city with his family.

David J. Reagan has been called to Kokomo, Ind., on account of the serious illness of his aged mother.

Mid-summer quiet has settled down upon the jobbing houses. Travelers are either taking their vacations or preparing samples for their first Fall trip. All speak hopefully of a good Fall season.

#### Princess Helene's Silver Pot= au=feu.

NE of the gifts to the Princess Hélène upon her recent marriage to the Duke of Aosta was a pot-au-feu from a royalist luncheon club called La Ponte-au-Pot, says a writer in the New York Sun. The potau-feu is of silver, upon a model of one of Henry IV.'s time, which form is still preserved in the earthen pot-au-feu of the French peasants. Upon one bulging side is a medallion bust of Henry IV., who is an ancestor of the Princess, surrounded with a laurel wreath. Upon the other side is the crown of Lombardy surmounting the arms of France and of Savoy. The cover of the pot has for button a hen sitting upon a nest of straw. This is in token of the Popte-au-Pot Club. The pot sits in a shallow silver saucer.

The whole is wrought in artistic fashion, but is likely to prove less useful than beautiful, as it is essential for practical purposes that the pot-au-feu be of earthenware, or some such non-conductor of heat, rather than of metal. The pot-au-feu, as served at a few French restaurants in this town, always excites the interest and envy of those not acquainted with the French culinary institution.

To Put a Watch in Beat .--- To put the lever watch in beat the most perfectly, wind the spring a quarter or half turn, and stop the balance with a tooth of the wheel on the impulse face of the pallet, allow it to pass off, and note the stopping point on the other pallet; if not equal, make them so, or if difficult to get just equal let it pass off the entrance pallet the freest. Same with the cylinder escapement; if not equal, let the tooth pass freest going into the cylinder, rather than out of it. A duplex will be very nearly in beat if it starts off when loosening the balance at the point of first and third drops. A chronometer should start off letting go the balance at the point where the jewel passes away from the gold spring, and where the tooth passes off the pallet.

A Tioga wag in sending a haudsome clock as a wedding gift, tacked a card to it which read: "This is to assure you a good time." —Philadelphia *Record*.



Traveling representatives may consider these columns open for the publication of any news or items of interest regarding themselves or their confreres.

JAMES D. HUGHES is one of the best known and popular traveling salesmen with headquarters in Philadelphia, Pa. He was born and educated in that city, and later removed with his parents to Phœnixville,

Pa. In 1884 he returned to Philadelphia and entered the establishment of L. A. Scherr & Co. as entry clerk. His ability



him steady promotion, and he is now one of the principal salesmen of the firm, his field of operations being Pennsylvania and the Southern States which he has worked very

and attention to

business earned

JAMES D. HUGHES. successfully.

G. A. Felber, New England traveling man for A. Paul & Co., Boston Mass., is enjoying a vacation outing at Norway, Me.

The travelers in Kansas City last week were: Mr. Loeb, Wadsworth Watch Case Co.; Isidor Elbe, Isidor Elbe & Co.; R. L. Moorhead, R. L. Moorhead & Co.

Commercial tourists were a scarce commodity in Pittsburgh, Pa., last week. Aniong the few who registered there were: M. Rodenberg, S. & B. Lederer; M. L. Jacoby, Providence Stock Co.; H. Tallman, Irons & Russell; Edw. W. Drury, Non-Retailing Co.

Travelers visiting the Boston trade during the week were not very numerous, the 4th of July holiday cutting business operations short. Among those in town were: Irving Smith, Crescent Watch Case Co.; Walter Gardiner, D. Wilcox & Co.; A. A. Wood, Howard Sterling Co.; Heibert Slater, Champenois & Co.

Hustling representatives of the jewelry trade in Syracuse, N. Y., during the past week were: Joseph T. Brennan, Buffalo Watch Co.; Mr. Sheridan, Horton, Angell & Co.; M. L. Jacoby, Providence Stock Co.; H. R. Mount, Carter, Sloan & Co.; Mr. Harris, for J. Goldberg; Mr. Lee, W. E. Webster & Co.; F. Beatty, Waite, Mathewson & Co.; Mr. Kingman, G. A. Dean & Co.; M. L. Hammel, Keller, Ettinger & Fink.

The following traveling representatives passed through Detroit last week: C. M.

Dillion, Meriden Cutlery Co.; E. S. Shepherd, R. F. Simmons & Co.; Leon Bloch, L. D. Bloch & Co.; J. M. Chandler, the J. M. Chandler Co.; George J. Kirby, George J. Kirby & Co.; H. B. Richardson, G. A. Dean & Co.; M. S. Rodenberg, S. & B. Lederer; M. L. Jacoby, The Providence Stock Co.; H. B. Kennion, H. D. Merritt & Co.; E. I. Rogers, Parks Bros. & Rogers.

#### A Pilfering Watchmaker at Length Comes to Grief.

GRAND FORKS, N. Dak., July 5.—During the holidays of the present year the Gansl Mfg. Co., conducting a jewelry business here, and D. M. Holmes & Co., druggists, both occupying the same store, found they were missing various sums of money from the money drawers and goods from their respective stores. The Gansl Co. had in their employ Thomas Porte, watchmaker and salesman, and T. S. Foster, watchmaker and repairer. In due time Mr. Gansl caused the arrest of Porte upon the charge of larceny of money and goods. After a tedious trial Porte was discharged, completely vindicated of the charge.

During the trial Gansl was assisted and supported in his allegations against Porte by the evidence of the other employe, Foster. After the trial and acquittal of Porte, Gansl and Holmes continued to lose at various times several small sums of money from their respective drawers. Suspicion finally fell upon Foster. Marked coins were placed in both money drawers and a careful watch kept upon them and Foster's movements. The drug firm was soon rewarded in seeing Foster make repeated visits to Mr. Gansl's money drawer and take therefrom various small pieces of silver coin. Information was at once conveyed to the Chief of Police who again placed marked coins in the two money tills. Last week, while Foster was at a restaurant, and was in the act of handing for payment of his dinner a 50 cent piece, he was placed under arrest and when the 50-cent piece was examined it was found to be one of the identical pieces previously placed in the drawer by the Chief of Police. When taken to the city lock-up Foster made a full confession, and stated that he had taken in all about \$500.

While the total amount which Foster took cannot be definitely arrived at, a deal was made with both firms whereby Foster returns the goods taken from Gansl's store, pays Holmes & Co. back what money he has and gives security on his tools for an additional amount.

BILLY—Maw, I should think it would be a heap more careless to cast pearls before chickens than to cast 'em before swine.

HIS MOTHER-Why so, Billy?

BILLY — 'Cause they'd eat 'em. — Ex-change,

#### Connecticut.

The Mériden Britannia Co. have declared a five per cent. dividend.

E. C. Lewis was July 3d elected a director of the Waterbury Watch Co, in place of the late Israel Holmes.

Maltby, Stevens & Curtiss Co., and Biggins-Rodgers Co., Wallingford, shut down June 29th for two weeks.

The German silver department of the Meriden Britannia Co. reopened July 8th after a four days' shut down.

The Morgan Silver Plate Co., Winsted, shut down June 29th for one week, to make repairs and to take inventory.

The Eagle Sterling Co., Glastonbury, closed their mill July 3d and work will not be resumed for about two weeks.

Jeweler R. N. Johnquest, Ansonia, has returned from Somerville, Mass., where he attended the funeral of his brother, Charles Johnquest.

Representative W. H. Watrous, of Hartford, left Tuesday last with Mrs. Watrous and a party of friends for a 10 days' cruise on his yacht *Judie*.

George H.Hurlburt, president of the Middletown Plate Co., has been elected a director of the Middletown National Bank, to succeed Elijah N. Hubbard, deceased.

The Derby Silver Co.'s shop closed in nearly all departments June 28th for a three weeks'vacation. The past Spring has been a very good one and the outlook for the Fall is excellent.

Jeweler S. S. Newton, Winsted, who was terribly injured two weeks ago in a collision with a team when out driving, sat up for the first time July 2d. He is slowly improving, but, owing to his prostrated state, his broken arm has not yet been set.

#### Frederick F. Seeland Not Proved to be Dead.

NEWBURG, N. Y., July 6.—Frederick F. Seeland, a watchmaker, living in Newark, N. J., aud employed in New York, disappeared last November, leaving a wife and three children, who have not since heard from him. An administrator of an estate had deposited with the Treasurer of Orange County some money for Seeland. Seeland's oldest daughter, Irene, instituted an action against her father to get his money for the family, and the Court was asked to declare Seeland dead.

Judge Brown, in the Special Term of the Supreme Court to-day, after hearing the testimony, said that the Court could not presume the man to be dead. The records showed cases where men had returned after an absence of 20 even 40 years. The Judge also said that when the Brooklyn Theatre was burned men probably perished who were reported missing, yet death could not be proved, and families could not get their property. The Court, however, gave counsel an indefinite period in which to produce proof and to offer briefs.

## MATTERS IN JEWELRY STOREKEEPING.

That this department shall prove mutually beneficial to our readers, it is desirable that the members of the trade generally communicate with THE CIRCULAR regarding any advantageous device or plan that they are utilizing in connection with their business.

#### Deriding Cheap Watch Work.

N the window of S. H. Joseph & Co., Atlanta, Ga., is an ingenious arrangement of mechanical figures which serves as a forceful argument against the cutting of prices in watch work, etc.

An old watchmaker with a bellows is engaged blowing dirt out of a clock; the older son hammers on a watch, while the younger son swings a watch up and down in order to keep it from stopping. The figures are life-like and are kept in motion by clock work. A sign over the group reads:

THIS IS THE WAY CHEAP WORK IS DONE.

.

impossible to see into the shop. Everybody knows that you must hold a magnifying glass very close to the eyes to see anything through it. Nevertheless, for some time, at all events, the enterprising proprietor did a roaring trade.—*Answers* (London.)

#### Advertising Ideas in Brief.

W. H. Mortimer, jeweler, Pottsville, Pa., presented a gold medal to the Anthracite Homing Pigeon Club, to be contested for in a series of races commencing July 16th, between Philadelphia and Pottsville. A vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Mortimer.

Breckbill & Benedict, jewelers, Bridgeport, Conn., celebrated their second anniversary June 28th by giving a souvenir card to each purchase. The card is a handsome representation of a basket of flowers.

#### Jewelry and Silver of the Sum= mer Season.

A LADY'S RAMBLES AMONG THE JEWELERS.

The constantly increasing use of enamel is the most obvious tendency in ornamentation.

A number of imported little earthenware cups rimmed with silver are shown for mustard pots, with the inscription, "They're English, you know."

A stick pin that holds its own through various modifications is the little pretzellike coil of gold or silver, either by itself or ensnaring a tiny stone.

An enterprising firm has produced all manner of little kitchen utensils in silver, and piercing their covers, has transformed them into cunning little pepper boxes.

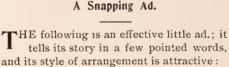
Punch ladles are enjoying prominence. Those of silver gilt, with Bacchantes and loves in enamel on the handle surrounded by raised work are very fine.

Some wonderful old silver tankards have been seen this week. They are tall, narrow, slightly barrel shaped, and are finished top and bottom with the simulacrum on barrel hoops.

#### SOME POINTED RETAIL JEWELER'S ADVERTISEMENTS.



O NE of the most extraordinary devices for attracting custom on record was that of a fruiterer in a midland town. Instead of the ordinary plate glass, a large number of rough magnifying glasses formed the window. Seen through one of these panes, an orange looked as large as a pumpkin and cherries as large as apples. A great disadvantage attached to this novelty was the fact that at the distance of a few yards from the window it was quite





The great flat hearts that the young women are wearing attached to long silver chains have been christened—who would believe it—" Trilby hearts." THE OLDEST Married Couple. Not the couple that have been married

Not the couple that have been married the longest, but the couple that are the oldest, the oldest man, the oldest woman-man and wife. I will present to the oldest married couple in Canadian county, "Five Dollars" worth of goods selected from my stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, etc.

This offer will remain until Saturday, March 30th, to give all an opportunity of coming in, or sending in their names and ages.

CHAS. E. ROSE, "The Jeweler."

ĕ

Ages of oldest married couple received— Man δ7, woman δ1. Are there any older ?

Twin serpents interlaced are among the various designs for necklet bars; slender spirals starred with tiny lilies, each end terminating in a fleur-de-lis, is another design; little wheels with curving spokes and a large stone for the hub is a third.

A glorified dog collar is the favorite necklace. Instead of strings of pearls and stones held together by bars which only the rich may possess, folds of tulle clasped by three jeweled bars in front and one at the back would be very attractive for the Summer months when velvet and thick materials are out of the question. ELSIE BEE.

#### Ocular Refraction,

### AS RELATES TO THE CORRECTION OF VISUAL DEFECTS.\*

BY R. H. KNOWLES, M. D.

**NOTE**—The purpose of this series of articles is to give to the student without his having had any previous technical education, a clear and practical course of instruction in optics with its application to the fitting of g'asses. The Correspondence Column is open to all readers of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR. All questions asked will be fully answered.

XI.

(Commenced Feb. 27, 1895.) CHAPTER IV.

#### AMETROPIA-(CONTINUED.)

C HILDREN who suffer from convergent squint generally suffer also from hypermetropia. This is owing to the fact that the two functions, accommodation and convergence, are closely related, as the third pair of nerves or the motor oculi controls the sphincter iris and the internal rectus muscle; also because of the nice adjustment between these two muscles.

In axiel hyperopia there is a proportionate weakness of the external rectus, as the motor oculi or third pair of nerves controls the sphincter iris and the internal rectus, so that for every diopter of hyperopia there is at least four degrees of esophoria. With the Wilson phorometer this fact may be easily demonstrated.

If the eyes will straighten after using atropine, and the proper glasses are prescribed after testing the eyes by means of this mydrialic, the eyes will remain approximately in equilibrium when the correction is worn.

For the convenience of study Hypermetropia is subdivided as follows :

Hypermetropia. { Manifest. Latent. Absolute.

*Manifest Hypermetropia*, or Facultative hyperopia, applies to that state or condition wherein the eyes may appear to be normal as to vision, but owing to the fact that a convex sphere will be accepted it is demonstrated that the eye is Ametropic. This is due to hyperactivity of the muscle of accommodation.

Sometimes a convex sphere of  $4 \cdot D$  is placed before the eyes of a child of 12 years, and in addition to this a concave sphere of  $3 \cdot D$  may be employed, and if by this means the patient's vision is improved we have hyperopia, which requires a convex sphere of  $1 \cdot D$  for a correction. We already give the strongest convex spheres with which an hyperopic eye will see as well, at least, as the naked eye. This rule applies only to hyperopia, and this statement is made at this point, as many suppose that presbyobia and hyperopia are the same, whereas, hypermetropia applies to a condition in which the axiel diameter of the eyeball is too short, while in presbyopia the eyeball may be of the proper length, but the crystalline lens is toughened, so that the muscle of accommodation cannot render the crystalline lens convex enough for the near point—two very different conditions altogether.

#### (To be Continued.)

#### Optical Correspondence.

Can you give me any information how it is possible to grind three kinds of lenses upon two surfaces, that is, how can a prescription calling for a sphere and crossed cylinders be filled ?

I ask this question, as I have a prescription sent me by a young ophthalmic surgeon who, no doubt, expects me to fill the prescription, and I do not feel like telling him that it cannot be done without getting all the information I can find upon the subject.

The prescription is this:

Return the prescription with the answer by mail. By doing so you will greatly oblige, R. G. K.

ANSWER :—Your formula may be reduced very easily, although it is not easy to give you in print what might possibly be an easy thing to do, if you received the explanation orally. We reduce the cylindro-cylindrical lenses to sphero-cylinders. Change the convex cylinder to a sphero; add to the concave cylinder the same power as the convex sphere, which will neutralize the sphere in that one meridian. The cylinders when reduced will read as follows:

 $+ I.D^{\circ} \bigcirc - 3.D.^{\circ}$  ax. 180°.

By adding the  $\pm 2.D^{s}$  your prescription now will read:

 $O.D. \\ O.D. \\ +3.D^{s} \bigcirc -3.D^{\circ} ax. 180^{\circ}.$ 

This may be reduced still further. The concave cylinder will neutralize the sphere in one meridian, leaving the opposite meridian non-neutralized. Your formula when thus changed will read :

 $O D. (+ 3. D^{\circ} + 3. D^{\circ})$  ax. 90°.

"These are hard times," remarked the quarryman as he unearthed a couple of petrified watches.—Philadelphia *Record*.

#### The Adjustment of Repeating Watches.

#### (Continued from p. 29, July 3) THE BELLS.

A FTER the case work the bells must be made; the two hammers are to be put in, their springs, counter-springs, the adjusting screws, which ought to be adjusted without shake in the plate and act against the counter-springs in such a manner that the hammers lift sufficiently where they are screwed to the bottom.

One of the bars or cocks should be put on, that is farthest from the head of the bells, for preference that of the escape wheel, when the screw is near the tail. When the spring bar is placed outside the circumference of the bars without being sunk in the thickness of the plate, it should be put in its place. The spring of the bell ought to pass over with sufficient space for the vibration.

Make sure that the frame fits without shake, in the middle part, and that the case and screws bind well; they ought to form a right angle with the blocks, so that in screwing and unscrewing they shall not cut them. The plate will then remain well fixed in the band.

#### EXAMINATION OF THE CASE WORK (Extracts).

In hunting cases it should be ascertained that the shoulder of the winder in pushing the lock spring does not eatch in the edge of the hole; this is a bad fault, which can only be corrected by changing the position of the spring in the band, or stopping up the hole which has been made too large.

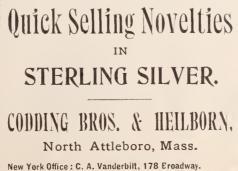
Make sure that the head of the spring does not touch the edge of the dial, or of the bezel when it is pushed in.

The winder should not have more shake with the cover shut than when it is open; and if the shake is considerable, the head of the spring must be filed to allow it to follow up to the shoulder of the winder when the cover is shut.

The set-hand spring should act freely and bring back the sliding pinion in such a manner that the teeth go to the bottom of those on the crown pinion.

When there is a locking arrangement for setting the hands the spring ought to be firm, and to keep the depth of the sliding pinion with the set-hands pinion down to





Chicago Office: F. A. Buck, 805 Masonic Temple. Philadelphia Office: J. C. Buck, 15 North 6th Street.





WM. ROGERS M'F'G CO., HARTFORD CONN.

Copyrighted, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

the bottom of the teeth, should the former be small, and at a moderate depth, if it is comparatively small.

The opening in the plate should be large enough to allow the winding and sliding pinions to be put in and taken out from the dial side.

#### ACTION OF THE SLIDE.

If in pushing the slide in such a manner that the arm of the rack is just supported against the snail or the twelfth hour, this pressure takes off the freedom of the star; the run of the slide is sufficient to reach over twelve hours. On the return the rods should join the line marked on the face of the plate.

The slide ought to be perfectly free, and almost without shake, the screw being well home. It should be tried with the band alone, and also with the case complete. If it is tight, take it to pieces; and if provided with a return spring, ease the steel arm on which it runs. Examine the band with care, and if it has been put out of truth, send it back to the case-maker to make right. If one of the edges is slightly bent, it can be easily made right by the help of a piece of bone or hard wood.

Then put the slide against the band and if light can be seen, either at the middle or at the ends, it must be made to agree with it by careful bending. The band is often unequal or externally ornamented. It is better in this case to file and stone it in such a manner that the gold exactly adjusts itself against the circumference. The block of the slide ought to have a little shake in every part of its run in the opening of the band. It is a good condition for it to be equally free with the case open or shut.

The piece of steel which acts in the inside of the band being well cleaned, put it in with the slide, taking care to screw it home. Work it backward and forward in order that the steel shall mark the parts where it touches the hand, from which the solder should be removed with a sharp graver of a convenient shape. Then take the slide to pieces, and remove with a file all traces of rubbing on the steel, on which should be left no sharp edges; remount it after having well polished and cleaned it, and recommence the operation until it is completely successful.

It sometimes happens that when the slide is screwed on, the gold does not lie close up to the band, although when tried alone it follows the shape exactly. This proves that the block is not filed in agreement with the notch in the steel, or perhaps it cannot be screwed to the bottom; it may be that it fits too close in the opening of the band, or that the screws or steady pins, being too long, touch the bottom.

To ascertain this, the steel piece and the slides should be screwed together without the middle part of the case, and then examined to see that the screw, the steady pins, or the sides of the block do not bind, and in the case where the curves of the steel piece and of the slide are not concentric, this fault should be by filing the part of the block which lies against the steel piece be corrected in such a manner that the slide shall agree with the band in its whole length. Freedom should be obtained by proceeding in the manner here specified.

The guide of the return spring should be put in agreement of height and circumference with the hole in which it works, when the slide is pushed, so as not to restrain the liberty of the latter. Pay attention that this spring does not touch the band or the steel of the slides.\*

The screws of the dial work ought to be shortened, also the rods of the hammers; the finger which brings back will be pinned on after it has been ascertained if the rack pinion placed at the bottom of the small barrel arbor is sufficiently low that the 12 tooth ratchet may lie a little below the plate, in order that the rack can never touch it. The square and pivot of the arbor should likewise be shortened. Then the rack should be freed under the bridge. It is important that this can be readily taken off, the piece being in the case; the arm should not be bound on any point. The depth in the pinion should be verified, which should have a little shake, and then smooth the teeth. In order that the oil may remain in the depth, and that the teeth of the rack do not rub on the plate, a circle should be turned underneath them. The small wheels ought to be perfectly in order before passing to the action of the repeating work; oil must not be neglected to be put to all the pivots and the coils of the spring in the small barrel. When the holes have been attended to the examiner ought to arrange the necessary freedom between the various wheels and the small barrel in such a manner that there shall be no friction during the running down of the spring.

(To be continued.)

#### Timepiece Constructed in 8 Hrs.

THE following story is told of Jules Curzon, a Polish mechanic, who was presented with a gold medal for his inventions. It appears that the Czar of Russia, hearing of the marvelous inventive genius of Curzon, determined to put him to the test, and forwarded him a box containing a few copper nails, some wood chippings, a piece of broken glass, an old cracked china cup, some wire and a few cribbage board pegs, with a request that he should transform them into a timepiece. Nothing daunted and perceiving a golden opportunity for winning favor at the court, Curzon set about his task with euthusiasm, and in the almost incredibly short space of eight hours had dispatched a wonderfully constructed watch to the Czar, who was so surprised and delighted at the work that he sent for the maker, and conferred upon him several distinctions, as well as grantiug him a pension. The case of the watch was made of china, while the works were simply composed of the odds and ends accompanying the old cup. Not only did it keep good time, but only required winding once every three or four days. This remarkable watch is believed to be still in the possession of the Russian royal family.

#### Workshop Notes.

**Gilding on Marble.**—To gild on marble, mix white lead to a proper consistency with fat oil, and then with turps; paint the portion to be gilded with the mixture, afterward sizing it with japanner's gol 1 size, and when it is dry applying the gold leaf, the best material being employed.

**Shape of Pivots.**—It is somewhat of a disputed question what is the best shape for pivots that turn on cap jewels. In my opinion the cylindrical; decidedly is, but the bearings should be conical. Not only does this shape give more solidity, as pivots with rectangular bearing are always more liable to break than the former, but the conical pivots can always be made shorter and consequently finer. They also present less surface for capillary attraction, and there is less likelihood of the oil running from the pivot hole.

Meaning of Capillarity.—Capillarity is the property which all liquid bodies have of adhering to the sides of vessels at a greater elevation than their own surface. When a capillary tube is inserted in a vessel containing any liquid, this will rise in the tube to a certain height, and the smaller the tube the higher it will ascend. Oil possesses this capillarity in a marked degree, and readily settles in the depressions beside the pivot holes. If the rectangular bearing enters the hole jewels horizontally, the oil adheres more firmly than if the bearing were hollow turned.

To Replace Roller Jewel.-The roller jewel requires careful attention in fitting it, as a great deal in the motion of the watch depends on it. Select a jewel that fits the fork, for if it is too small the watch will not take a good motion. Now place it in the hole of the roller, putting a small piece of shellac behind it; the tool I use for heat is one of my own contrivance, and in my estimation, it is ahead of anything I have come across. Take a piece of brass about as thick as a five cent piece, about one-eighth of one inch wide, and about half an inch long; take a small round rat-tail file, put the piece of brass in a pin vise and file a half circle in the end of it. Now from the center of this half circle file a slit a little further down, make the slit wide enough so it will take in a very wide roller jewel without touching it. Now shape up the outside hard, solder the other end to a heavy piece of wire for a handle. Heat this a little and lay it on the roller table with the roller jewel fitting in the slit and the wider part of the staff. You will be pleased to see how nicely the shellac will run around the jewel.

<sup>\*</sup> Most English repeaters have a return spring under the dial, acting directly on the rack. The gold sides are also sunk in the thickness of the band.

## AND HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

#### The Latest Patents.

#### ISSUE OF JULY 2, 1895.

541,957. NOSE-PIECE FOR EYEGLASSES. HENRY BORSCH, Chicago, Ill.—Filed April 13, 1894. Serial No. 507,416. (No model)



As an improved article of manufacture, a blank for nose-pieces for eyeglasses formed of one piece of wire and having an attaching eye at one end, a frame at the other end and a coiled spring formed between said attaching eye and said frame and forming an active part of said nose piece.

541,958. NOSE-PIECE FOR EYEGLASSES. HENRY BORSCH, Chicago, Ill.—Filed April 13, 1894. Serial No. 507,417. (No model.)



As an improved article of manufacture, a blank for nose-pieces for eyeglasses formed of one piece of wire with its central portion bent to form an attaching eye B, the wire being then bent outwardly from said eye and having a frame bent in each of the extremities of said wire.

541,959. NOSE-PIECE FOR EYEGLASSES. HENRY BORSCH, Chicago, Ill.-Filed April 13, 1894. Serial No. 507,418. (No model)



As an improved article of manufacture, a blank for nose-piece for eyeglasses, formed of one piece of wire with its central portion bent to form an attaching eye B, the wire being then bent outwardly from said eye, and having arms substantially in line with each other.

541,960. NOSE-PIECE FOR EYEGLASSES. HENRY BORSCH, Chicago, Ill.—Filed April 13, 1894. Serial No. 507.419. (No model.)

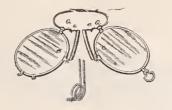


A nose-piece for eyeglasses formed of one piece of spring wire and having an eye at one end, the wire being continued around and having a facing secured thereto, and having its other end arranged to slide back and forth through said eye.

541,961. NOSE-PIECE FOR EYEGLASSES. HENRY BORSCH, Chicago, Ill.—Filed May 5, 1894. Serial No. 510,195. (No model.)

The combination in an eyeglass, of the metallic back  ${\bf E}$  and the cushion F, with a spring C, having its

upper portion inclosed between the back and the cushion, its lower portion connected to the rim of the lens, and a double coil between the cushion and



lens, whereby great freedom of motion is allowed in one direction and comparatively little in the other.
512,015. EYE-SHADE. ISADORE GOODMAN, Scranton, Pa.-Filed Feb. 25, 1895. Serial No. 539,569. (No model.)



The combination with a spectacle frame, of a shade composed of a sheet of suitable material of a length not less than the width of the frame, having its rear edge concave to fit the forehead of the wearer, and provided adjacent to each end with a double catch, one part being in front of the other, and each adapted to engage with the adjacent bow of the spectacle frame, so as to hold the shade in 'position independently of any other support.

DESIGN 21,412. SPOON OR FORK. GEORGE C. LUNT, Greenfield, Mass., assignor to the A.



F. Towle & Son Company, same place.—Filed June 6, 1895. Serial No. 551,910. Term of patent 7 years.

DESIGN 24,143. BADGE. MICHAEL J. SULLI-



VAN, Chicago, Ill.—Filed May 20, 1895. Serial No. 550,001. Term of patent 3½ years. DESIGN 24,414. BUCKLE. DAVID STONE, New



York, N. Y.—Filed May 18, 1895. Serial No. 549,-838. Term of patent 7 years. DESIGN 24,416. HAND FOR TIMEPIECES.

WEBSTER C. BALL, Cleveland, Ohio. - Filed



Mar. 22, 1895. Serial No. 542,856. Term of patent 14 years.



DESIGN 21,450. KNIFE - HANDLE. DAMON GREENLEAF and JOSEPH H. CROSEY, Jacksonville, Fla.—Filed May 4, 1895. Serial No. 548,163. Term of patent 7 years.

Watch Cleaning. - The number of recipes for watch cleaning is legion. I commence by taking down the watch; first removing the hands, then the balance bridge and balance. I next let the watch down, unscrew the barrel bridge and pillow screws. Then lift off the plate and bridge carefully. I take out the lever, escape, third and fourth wheels in the order named; then the barrel. Take off the dial and remove the dial wheels. Take off the cannon pinion and remove center wheel. If a stem-winder I take out all the wheels in that connection. Take out the end stones or cap jewels, as they are commonly called, and the watch is ready for cleaning, except examining the wheels and other parts to see if they need repairing. If so, I do that in the usual way; procure a strictly pure article of benzine and immerse all the parts except the lever and balance in this fluid for half an hour, previously brushing all loose particles of dust from the wheel; I then take out and dry with a soft cloth. I peg out all the holes and pinion leaves and immerse again in pure alcohol for a few minutes, and then dry, and I have a perfectly clean watch.



SPECIALTY: SALES OF JEWELRY BRIC-À-BRAC AND ARTICLES OF VERTU

# HAPPY THE WOMAN WHO CAN COUNT HER RINGS

A NEW ONE FOR EVERY PLEASANT ANNIVERSARY, AND A FEW EXTRAS FOR OTHER HAPPY DAYS.



NOW SO WELL KNOWN, OUGHT TO BE FOUND IN GOOD VARIETY IN EVERY CAREFUL JEWELER'S STOCK, AND ARE AT THEIR

COMMAND AT THE HANDS OF OUR SEVERAL TRAVELERS, OR MAY BE ORDERED DIRECT FROM

# M. B. BRYANT&CO.,

10 MAIDEN LANE, .... NEW YORK.





#### The Rambler's Notes.

WHAT THE RAMBLER SAW AND HEARD AMDNG THE LEALERS IN ART POTTERY, CUT GLASS, BRDNZES, ETC.

NOVEL PRODUCTIONS A NOVEL WARE in smokers' articles and desk appoint-

ments now shown by a prominent New York jewelry firm is the product of the Doulton Co. The ware is porcelain, but so closely imitates iron that the match boxes, cigar holders, ink stands, paper weights, etc., in the shape of dumb bells, cannon balls, weights and other iron objects appear to be made from the real material. The novelties are said to have made a success abroad.

ARTISTIC NOVELTY IN ROYAL WORCESTER.

J<sup>EWELERS</sup> handling art pottery will be interested in

importations of Royal Worcester with new prismatic effects in decorations. The new goods show the richest shaded colorings running through each piece, on which appear beautiful floral designs outlined with raised gold. A fine assortment of the new vases, bouquet and flower holders may be seen at the warerooms of Ferd. Bing & Co., 106 Grand St., New York.

#### NEW DESIGNS IN CUT GLASS.

THE "Milton" and "Estelle" cuttings just introduced by the

Empire Cut Glass Co., Para Building, Church and Warren Sts., New York, will surprise many jewelers who have not understood that a deep cut pattern elaborate in design can be purchased at popular prices. The design of the "Milton" and "Estelle," as well as the new "Albert," which is proving very popular, consists principally of many pointed, deep cut stars, combined with strawberry and checker work. A feature of the "Milton" cutting lies in the absence of a fan in its design.

FALL LINES IN Pottery, etc. THE complete Fall display of art pot-

glass, clocks and bronzes, to be made by Levy, Dreyfus & Co., 11 Maiden Lane, New York, will be ready in about two weeks. Many of the lines are now complete and goods are being received by almost every steamer. An unusual variety of novelties and hand painted plates and sets is promised, together with the largest assortment of vases in all the leading wares that this firm have ever shown.

BRADLEY & HUBBARD'S MANY additions have been made NEW FALL GOODS. during the past two weeks to the Fall goods of the Bradley & Hubbard Mfg. Co., Park Place and Church and Barclay Sts., New York. A number of new subjects in the small ornamental pieces and three new styles in onyx and brass tables are among the goods added, while several patterns in silver finished fern dishes have been introduced by this company for the first 'time. In the small candelabra a large new assortment of the silver and gilt styles with bodies showing the Imperial, Pompeiian, Byzantine, Antique and other finishes has been added.

## DECORATED FRENCH

descriu

**F**<sup>RENCH</sup> china novelties of all descriptions are now

being decorated in *bleu de feur* by the Royal China Decorating Co., Jersey City, N. J. The articles shown at the company's warerooms, 35 Warren St., New York, contain many beautiful floral panels which add to the beauty of the blue and gold. Among the principal pieces in this decoration are pen, pin, ring, comb and brush, and other trays; powder boxes, inkstands and plates. A success has been scored by this company with the lilac decoration, consisting of sprays of white and blue lilacs.

THE RAMBLER.

#### Mosaics of St. Sophia.

THE dome, arch, or conch, was built with brick or stone, and rendered rough with plaster to make a key for subsequent coatings. Then a strong and fine plaster nearly an inch thick was put upon it. Cartoons or drawings were made to assist in transferring the subjects to the wall, or they were drawn on the plaster itself; then, beginning with the most important part, the artist knocked out with his chisel a piece of the plaster corresponding in size to that which would be occupied by a few tesseræ. He then went to the trays in the compartments of which the colored glasses were sorted, and selected a piece of the vitreous material of the proper color, which ' might be of the size of a circle five or six inches diameter and half an inch thick. To cut this to a particular shape he used a particular apparatus. Placing the piece of mosaic upon a sharp edge of iron, and striking it with an edge tool exactly plumb with the under iron he fractured it in a direct line between the two edges. This was the later method, but an earlier one was to draw a hot iron along the line in which it was desired that the material should be fractured.

Having thus the small piece he wanted, the artist took some fresh cement (made of one part of lime with two of marble dust). inserted the piece, and pressed it till it was flush with the adjoining plaster, and he could see whether more cement was wanted and how the mosaic was bedded, and so he proceeded till he had finished a face or some other leading feature, when he left off to commence in another place, allowing an inferior hand to work upon the draperies, etc. In the ancient mosaics the cement was made as above described. In the Middle Ages it was made with lime and travertine stone, and still later, where the work was very fine, and it was wished to retard the setting, lime and linseed oil were used, so that the mastic remained soft all day, and the mosaics might be eased as they were respectively bedded.

There is one peculiarity of treatment which was universally observed-namely, if the artist had to execute a profile of any kind, all the longitudinal joints of the flesh would be parallel to the contour, but instead of the joints of the gold ground abutting directly upon the contour, they followed round it parallel to those of the outer flesh color series; the great object of this line of gold ground mosaic was to prevent interference by the joint-lines of the general ground with the repose of the heads. An inferior workman, who had his cubes of gold ground mosaic ready cut to a rough square on the surface, then put them in as fast as possible. That completed the work, and it set.

#### A Horological Discussion.

N interesting question involving the psychology of a town clock is reported from Kalamazoo, Mich. Can a town clock be depended on to say what it means? And, more important still, can it be trusted to mean to say the truth, or must we ignore its public remarks and search out its hidden motives, and its springs, not to mention weights, of action? Has a town clock a dual nature, and have we among us town clocks which are decaydents and Jekyll-Hydes?

The focusing of the white light of publicity on the heretofore unsuspected town clock was brought about indirectly by that more modern mechanical contrivance, the bicycle. At Kalamazoo there lives a man bearing the somewhat remarkable name of Snort-" Jim" Snort. Mr. Snort, it further appears, is an extremely expert bicycle rider. He loves to mount his bicycle on all fours and, so to say, bunt his head into distance. A "Century" for "Jim" Snort is merely an appetizer ; and when he takes the handle-bar in his teeth and rests his hands on the hubs of the forward wheel it is said that no man in Kalamazoo can keep within hailing distance of him.

As may be suspected, this rapid and flexible Snort is much given to riding for a wager, either with other coiled-up gentlemen or against the old adversary, Time. Indeed, Mr. Snort may be described as rich with the spoils of Time, since he has raced against him so often and usually come out ahead. Time may be still a-flying, but he lacks pneumatic tires and other modern improvements in a contest with "Jim" Snort, of Kalamazoo. But whether this was exemplified in the last race with him is not yet decided; which is where the extraordinary double-dealing of the Kalamazoo town clock comes in.

The other day, then, Mr. Snort made a wager that he could start at 9 o'clock A. M., ride to some more or less distant point (Detroit, perhaps, or Chicago-we know not), and get back before 1 P. M. by the town clock. Promptly at 9 he started, and shot off up the street in a position which reminded the spectators of an old-fashioned doughnut. An interested group of friends and other townspeople sat on the courthouse steps, saw him off and awaited his return. The hours passed, and the long hand of the town clock began to creep up toward the zenith of the dial for the hour of 1. The crowd peered up the street for the top of the head of Snort. The hand moved on. But one minute remained. Suddenly there was a shout. Out of a cloud of dust there protruded a head. On it came like a cannonball. But when still twenty feet from the courthouse steps, the inexorable town clock struck a single hollow boom. "Lost !" shouted the crowd. "Foul !" roared "Jim" Snort, as he shot across the line, stopped and pointed to the long hand of the treacherous clock, still lacking a line of resting upon the twelve-mark. The crowd

saw it, and instantly took sides on the question: Is it a given hour by a clock when it strikes or when it points?

The discussion has been going on ever since, and is not yet settled. Snort's friends, of course, set up the claim that not till a clock points to the hour is the hour come. The other side, partisans of the man who bet with Snort, ask pertinently if a clock doesn't know what it is talking about. Why should a clock be to the trouble of striking if people are going to pay no attention to it? As well, say they, in starting a race, ignore the voice of the man who shouts "go!" and get off when his jaw is seen to close. The others reply that the striking of a clock is a mere accident, that we have to depend on its pointing between hours and therefore ought to do the same at the hours; and, they continue, if the controversy is going to be enriched with analogies among human kind, observe how much safer it is in the case of a member of the legislature for instance, to get at his true thoughts and beliefs by watching his actions than by listening to his speeches. The others answer that precisely the best time to read a legislator aright is when he makes a strike; but this is considered a poor joke and unworthy a situation so serious.

As a possible way out of the difficulty an appeal was had to a local jeweler, but the local jeweler, after taking the speaking-tube nozzle out of his eye and observing that he had several good customers in each party, remarked sagaciously, in effect, that it all depended on the personal equation of the clock under consideration, something of which he had no knowledge, since the town clock had been put up by a man from Detroit, since deceased. He closed with the somewhat irrelevant suggestion that the insidious timepiece be thrown into the ashheap and a trustworthy article be erected in its place by himself. He then put the napkin-ring back in his eye and returned to reeling the spring out of a Waterbury watch. The company filed out, and Snort and the man who had bet with him went home. Their partisans, however, retired to Woodcock's grocery store, and continued to wrangle over the question till the poor town clock struck 9, when they, too, retired, though, as one adherent of the rapid Snort remarked, "It might be 9 or it might be that that durned clock was striking through its hat again."

As for the "rights" of the controversy we shall not venture to express an opinion, though we hope to see the matter settled and a precedent established. In the mean time the Tribune clock will continue to point out the correct time without fear or favor, so that even he that runs to get out of the way of the cable cars may read, but without making any foolish oral remarks about it and incurring the risk of being misunderstood.-New York Tribune.

An authority says a good thing to stir up a girl's sluggish affection is an ice cream spoon .- Philadelphia Times.

#### MAKERS OF

SMITH,

L. B.

H.H.

Fine Wedding Rings

SUCCESSORS TO

Hildreth Mfg. Co.,

53 Maiden Lane,

NEW YORK.

\*\*\*\*

Send for our original designs in



**A** Complete Establishment

MEANS

PERFECT WORK

In every detail of

ASSAYING,

REFINING

AND SMELTING. The proof that mine is such lies In the prompt and satisfactory returns invariably given all my customers. ARE YOU ONE ?

HIGHEST MARKET RATES FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER.

J. RATHBONE.

Nos. 1 to 9 Matthewson St., cor. Cove, Providence, R. I.

# Jules Jürgensen

of COPENHAGEN. The reputation these watches have maintained for Fifty Vears has never been equalled, being made on strictly scientific principles and no expense spared to give the Best results in mechanism and timekeebing gualities.

John G. Hyde's Sons, NO. 22 MAIDEN LANE.

**FOR** FAST RUNNING.

> Our Rolling Mills are of the latest design and embody several ideas never before introduced on this class of machinery.

> Cut gears are used for all driving mechanism, and herring bone gears are used in the housings. The Mossberg Anti-Friction Roller Bearing is fitted to the journals of the rolls. This latter feature enables us to build a mill which will do its work double as fast as the ordinary mill with less than one quarter of the driving power, and positively no heating of the rolls.

> Examine our 1895 Catalogue for recent improvements in Jewelers' and Silversmiths' Machinery.

PATENTED.

MOSSBERG

ATTLEBOR

MFG.CO MASS.USA

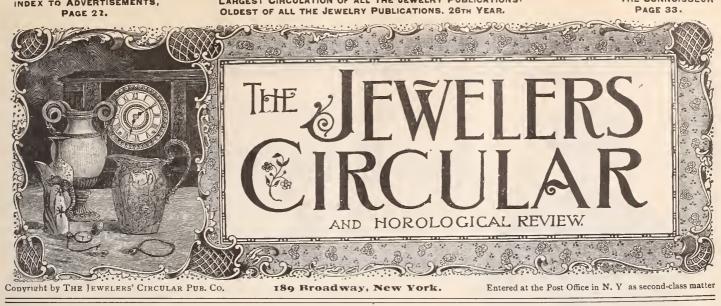
# MOSSBERG M'F'G CO., Attleboro, Mass.



H. M. RICH & CO., Jewelry · Auctioneers, 21 School Street, BOSTON. MASS.







VOL. XXX.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 17, 1895.

No. 24.



THE LARCHMONT CUP FOR SCHOONERS, 1895 .-- SEE PAGE 6.

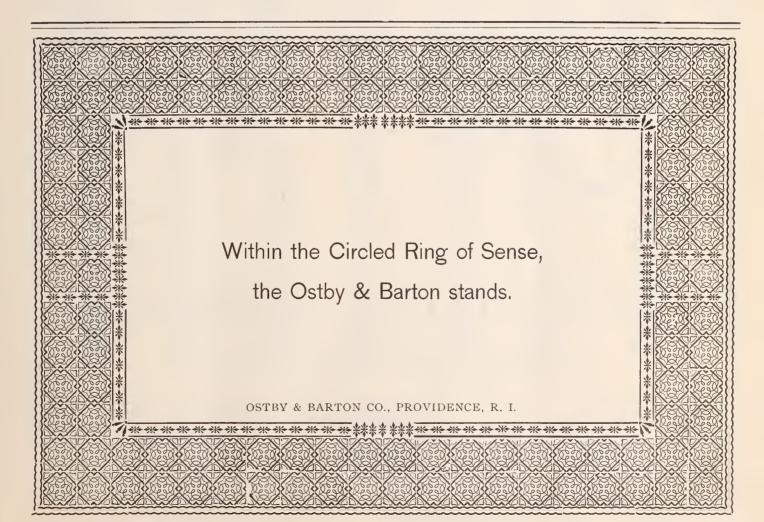
2



Messrs. Krementz & Co., beg leave to call the attention of the trade to their complete line of Lorgnettes in gold, silver and tortoise shell. Also to their high grade stock of tortoise shell goods made of selected material, in artistic designs and the best workmanship. These goods are manufactured exclusively for the fine retail jewelry trade.

## KREMENTZ & CO.,

49 Chestnut Street, NEWARK, N. J.





SILVERSMITHS.

Factory and Main Office,

4

NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS.



New York Office,



Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withhold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.



## BEING AN HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DAY.\*

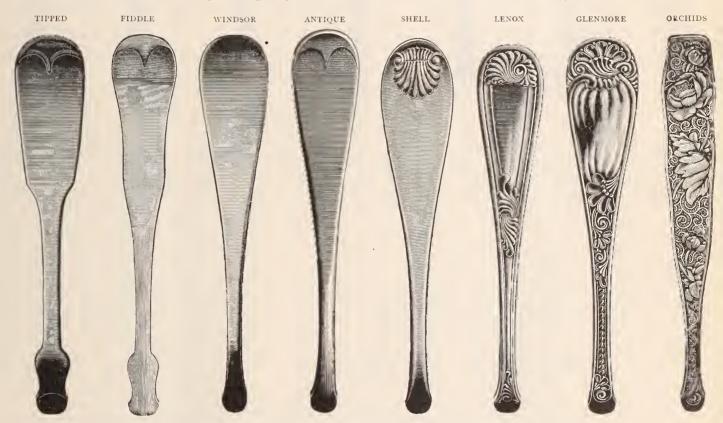
PART XV.

HE Towle Mfg. Co. are an indirect outgrowth of the efforts of individuals and co-operative industries established as early as the 17th century. In the vicinity of Newburyport, Mass., the silversmith's art has been practiced for over 200 years, greatly increased owing to the marvelous

silversmiths; Frank Titcomb, George Greenleaf, Wm. P. Jones, and others, come to notice.

The Towle Mfg. Co., incorporated in 1880, with a capital of \$20,000, which has been

Lenox, Glenmore, Orchids, Diana, Victor, No. 128, Arlington, Hamptor, Pomona, Princess, Old English, and Empire, which are all die patterns; and the No. 38, No. 39, No. 43, No. 50, No. 62, No. 63 Scroll, Florence, Lily, Clifton, Clover, Gladys, and



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE TOWLE MFG. CO.

the culmination of these efforts being the notable business of the Towle Mfg. Co. In tracing the origin of this company, the names of William Moulton 2d, who made silver shoe buckles about 1690; James Perkins, born in 1766, silver shoe buckle maker; Bradbury & Bros., manufacturers of silverware, 1800; Nathaniel and Thomas Foster,

expansion of the business the amount of money invested being upward of threequarters of a million dollars. The product of the factory has been mainly sterling silver flatware. The work turned out has been its own sponsor, and the trade has recognized its integrity. In the flatware line at least 30 patterns have been produced, named as follows:

Tipped, Fiddle, Windsor, Antique, Shell,

Argyll, all engraved patterns. Of these 30 patterns 15, are here illustrated, the remainder being reserved for the next instalment of this series.

The Tipped, Fiddle, Windsor, Antique and Shell have been made by the Towle Mfg Co. after models essentially the same as those followed by other silversmiths.

The Lenox follows the Oval Thread in outline, the addition of the shell details at.

Copyrighted, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

the tip and the stem, lending chaste beauty to the general effect.

The Glenmore, in outline and in some features of its decorative scheme, resembles the Lenox. Both these patterns possess ago. The die work is admirable. The No. 38, No. 39, No. 43 and No. 50 consist of a Windsor handle with a pretty floral design engraved thereon. The No. 62, No. 63 and Scroll consist of a flattened

#### The Larchmont Cup for Schoo= ners, 1895.

O<sup>CCASIONALLY</sup> there is produced by the silversmiths of America a piece



ENGRAVED FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE TOWLE MFG. CO.

beauty appealing to a refined taste. The Orchids, as to outline, follows no established model. It is an expression of the demand for floral patterns about eight years tip Windsor handle with designs engraved thereon, the last showing a combination of scrolls which give the pattern its name. (Series to be continued.)

## Dominick & Haff,

MAKERSOF WARES IN

#### STERLING SILVER,

FOR THE TRADE ONLY;

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK,

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES

which maintains the assertion often made in these columns that silversmithing is an art, and not a handicraft as some limpid æsthetes are inclined to consider it. The Larchmont Yacht Club's cup for schooners for 1895 is such a piece, and reflects the highest credit upon its designers and manufacturers, the Whiting Mfg. Co., New York.

The trophy is a two handled loving cup, measuring 13 inches high and 14 inches at its its widest part. The piece, considered as a whole, is bold, symmetrical, perfectly proportioned and striking. The body has a graceful, waving swell, admirably adapted for the adjustment of the main decorative feature, the handles. The lower part of the bowl swirls at the front and back into conventional waves, pleasingly suggestive of the ocean. This is quite a new water motif, and we would not be surp: ised to note its extensive use in subsequent works.

The salient features of the cup are the handles which represent mermaids riding sea horses. The combination and individual expression and posture are spirited and realistic. The groups merge so perfectly with the body of the cup, as to appear to be a part of it. They convey not the remotest impression of having been put on. The modeling of the mermaids is of a high character. On the front the words "Larchmont Cup," are beautifully chased in letters harmonizing with the marine feeling of the piece, while on the back, the words, "For Schooners," chased in a similar style appear. Heightening the decorative scheme is the distribution over the surface of the body, of conventionalized sea weed in chased work. The four feet and the rim are in harmony with the main details of the cup. Altogether the Larchmont Cup for Schooners is a thoroughly characteristic yachting trophy, manipulated in the highest style of the silversmith's art. mary statement of imports and exports for the month ending May 31, 1895, and the eleven months ending the same date, compared with the corresponding periods of 1894, has been issued and contains the accompanying figures relative to the jewelry trade.

#### Incorporation of the Anderton & Eberhardt Co.

DAYTON, O., July 12.—The Anderton & Eberhardt Co., of this city, have incorpor-

	MAY		APRIL	ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING MAY.	
	1895.	1894.	1894.	1895.	1894.
IMPORTS.					
Diamonds and other pre- cious stones, rough or uncut, including min- ers', glaziers' and en- gravers' diamonds not set, and jewels to be used in the manufac- ture of watches.	\$ 6 713	\$52 879	<b>\$</b> 9 934	\$553 792	\$505 477
Clocks and parts of.	16 941	2 196	31 032	289 391	99 735
Watches, and parts of, and watch materials and movements.	79 158	85 970	82 032	935 595	I 030 692
Jewelry, and manufac- tures of gold and silver.	40 401	15 083	97 289	589 411	483 319
Precious stones, and imitations of, not set.	373 495	737 999	625 339	6 233 98I	4 067 443
EXPORTS.					
Clocks, and parts of.	68 919	66 768	62 734	766 224	845 921
Watches, and parts of.	41 622	31 434	35 281	329 759	357 643
Jewelry, and manufac- tures of gold and silver.	79 525	74 437	59 292	674 952	777 548
Plated Ware.	30 194	16 798	24 365	314 757	263 710
EXPORTS OF FOREIGN MERCHANDISE.					
Diamonds and other precious stones, rough and uncut, etc.	2 141	2 200		2 141	2 220
Clocks, and parts of.		57		137	371
Watches, and parts of, etc.	16	125	2	129	48 845
Jewelry, and manufac- tures of gold and silver.	I 295	3 952	3 396	68 018	21 843
Precious Stones, and imitations of, not set.	5	411		14 509	313 473

and the Preceding Eleven Months. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 10.—The sum-

# IMPORTERS OF

ated for the buying, selling, manufacturing and dealing in watches, clocks, jewelry, diamonds, etc,

JOBBERS IN Watches, Jewelry, Chains, NOVELTIES ETC. Latest Designs. Lowest Prices.

The capital stock is \$40,000, in single shares of \$100, and the promoters are: Jas. W. Anderton, Jno. C. Eberhardt, Jno. E. Weiffenbach, Hugo C. C. Weiffenbach and Samuel Weller.

#### Mosaics Are Not Precious Stones, But What Are They?

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 12.—A case has come before the United States General Appraisers having reference to mosaics. The merchandise in question is two mosaic picture frames imported by Peter Gibson, per steamer *Alecto*. They were classed for duty by the Collector at Cincinnati under paragraph 78 of the tariff of Aug. 23, 1894, which reads as follows: "Tiles \*\*\* ornamented, glazed, painted, enameled, vitrified, or decorated and encaustic, 40 per centum ad valorem."

Against this decision a protest was entered before the United States Board of General Appraisers in New York, under the plea that the frames ought to have been assessed for duty under paragraph 338 as "Precious stones \*\*\* if set, and not specially provided for in this Act, \*\*\* 30 per centum ad valorem."

While the Board, in an opinion offered by General Appraiser Sharretts, did not seem to know how to class the merchandise, still there seemed to be no reasonable grounds upon which to base the claim that they were dutiable as "precious stones, etc.," and though the protest was overruled, the Board failed to decide whether they were properly dutiable as classified by the Collector.

#### Death of an old New York State jeweler.

DANSVILLE, N. Y., July 10.—Leman G. Ripley, one of Dansville's oldest and most respected citizens, died last week of heart failure, aged 79 years. He had been in feeble health for the past nine years, the result of a severe attack of grip.

Deceased was a son of Tyrannus Ripley, one of the pioneers identified with the early settlement of western New York, who came from Dedham, Mass., and settled upon the shore of Conesus Lake, about the year Tyrannus Ripley served as a soldier 1810. during the war of 1812. Leman G. Ripley came to Dansville in 1838, and engaged in the jewelry business, which he carried on till the time of his illness. He held office for several years as trustee of the village. He was a member of St. Peter's Episcopal Church, and was a vestryman for a long period. He was also a member of Phœnix Lodge, F. & A. M., of Canaseraga Lodge, I. O. O. F., and of the Equitable Aid Union.





J. B. BOWDEN & Co., Makers of Finger Rings of every Description. Removed from Broadway and John Street,  $\sim 3$  MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

#### Jewelry and Silver of the Sum= mer Season.

#### A LADY'S RAMBLES AMONG THE JEWELERS.

A Moorish belt buckle has appeared. It consists of a crescent covered with Moorish inscriptions in white enamel. Above this in the oval the space is filled with the portrait of some Moorish beauty in brilliant enamel.

It is interesting to note the extension of plain surfaces and beading to all articles which will submit to this chaste treatment. A beautiful set of candelabra with two rows of branching arms was finished in this manner. Numbers of small articles, trays, extinguishers, funnels and boxes were also seen in this style.

Speaking of trophies, sleeve buttons are immensely popular, and are designed to fill a place in every sport. A baseball pitcher with a pearl for a ball and his face in a mask will form one link, and the bat the other. The tennis player in blazer and racket and ball of pearl makes one link, the racket another.

It is a healthy sign to note that the Frenchv reproductions in enamel on cigarette and match cases are giving away before accurate and spirited representations of popular sports. How much more interesting these will be as heirlooms than the nineteenth century idea of goddesses and Olympus!

The newest brooch is the cluster. The word must convey a new idea. The cluster once signified a symmetrical arrangement; now it means a natural grouping. It is a happy adaptation of a bit of Japanese fertility of invention. In fact, the form, while irregular, is most happily balanced. A cluster of little gold butterflies, as if they had just swarmed for the moment, forms one of these new brooches. Each is a dainty piece of work. It is of gold with metallic stains on the wings and each has a different stone for a body. A group of little gold dogs in full cry is another brooch. Each of these has a jeweled eye.

A number of new wreath brooches have appeared during the week. The wreath is the brooch of the moment, although it does not rival the popularity of the bow knot and the sword in their heyday. One of the new designs is of butterflies' wings in couples separated by a pearl. The wings are of enamel and the brooch has the effect of groups of autumn leaves, although the forms are much more novel. Other wreaths have white velvety leaves separated by stones. The leaves have the texture of the edelweis. These are charming. Another wreath was of little diamond leaves and fruit of pearl lying on a bed of brilliant green enamel. Elsie Bee.

#### Jeweler Rickenbacher Robbed of a Tray of Watches in Broad Daylight.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 12.—One of the boldest robberies that has occurred in Washington for a long time was perpetrated yesterday, and consisted in the abstraction of 17 gold watches valued at about \$600, from the jewelry store of D. Rickenbacher, 1213 G St., N. W., in broad daylight, shortly after 11 o'clock.

A man said to be about five feet eight inches high, of stout build, about 45 or 50 years of age, with ruddy complexion and blond mustache and wearing gold spectacles, light clothes and a straw hat, was the last customer waited upon by Mr. Rickenbacher before the discovery of the robbery; he had asked to be shown a watch, selected one worth \$65 and said he would call and purchase it on the 18th. The watches were replaced by the jeweler, who closed the case and retired to a room at the rear of the store. A few minutes later he re-entered the store, and noting that the door of the show case was hanging down, fastened it without looking in the case, and returned to the rear room. A few minutes later he discovered that the store door was open. closed it, and, upon turning around, was amazed to note the empty watch tray in the case.

An inspection of the case showed that nothing else had been molested. The police were immediately notified. While suspicion at first pointed to the last customer, it was learned later that a negro had been seen coming from the store about the time of the robbery, and the police think he is the party wanted.

#### Liberal Reward Offered for this Man's Capture,

KANSAS CITY, Mo, July 12.-Col. L. E. Irwin, Chief of Police of Kansas City, has offered a liberal reward for the arrest of Herman Konrad who is wanted for blowing the safe and stealing \$3,500 worth of diamonds from C. H. Harsch's jewelry store several weeks ago.

He is about 21 years old; is about 5 feet 9 inches tall; has light hair;light gray eyes, with a watery look and showing red on the inside of the lower lids; small, light mustache; German accent.

#### Rogers Silver Plate Co. Get a Judgment Against Jennings Bros.

MERIDEN, Conn., July 12.—A decision was handed down in the Superior Court, at Bridgeport, yesterday, in the case of the Rogers Silver Plating Co., of Danbury, against Erwin M. Jennings and others, the jewelers who conducted a store in that city during holiday times. Judgment is given for the plaintiffs to recover \$5.210.90 and costs. The suit arose over alleged breach of contract for the delivery of silver plated ware. The defendants dealt largely in this merchandise and some trouble arose between them and the manufacturers which ended in the suit.

The Rogers Silver Plate Co. are man

## ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS. RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS, importers of

# DIAMONDS,

AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

#### FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

DIAMOND JEWELRY,

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

58 Nassau Street,

- 29 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK.
- I Tulp Straat,

I St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus, LONDON, E. C.





CARTER, SLOAN & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

# MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY,

#### No. 15 MAIDEN LANE,

#### NEW YORK.

A. CARTER JR. A. K. SLOAN. C. E. HASTINGS.

GEO. R. HOWE WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH.

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.







9

aged by N. Burton Rogers, formerly of this city. C. Rogers & Bros., of this city, are interested in the concern, and in a talk with Cephas Rogers last evening, he said to a reporter that the result of the case had been expected all along. "The case was brought for a breach of contract," said Mr. Rogers. "The Jennings concern contracted to take \$50,000 worth of the Rogers Silver Plate Co. goods during the year of 1892, but failed to keep their end of the agreement. They dropped the goods, so the suit was the result."

#### Death of a Progressive Young Jeweler.

CARLISLE, Pa., July 10.—Word was received in Carlisle last week that E. Raum Totton, who had been ill for several weeks with intermitteut fever, had died on July 5 at his home in Shippensburg. The deceased, who was a son of ex-sheriff David Totton, was a jeweler and was aged about 30 years. He was unmarried.

Mr. Totton was one of Shippensburg's most popular young business men and exerted a progressive feeling in the town. He was a member of the Odd Fellows and the Royal Arcanum.

#### Proceedings of the Jewelers' Security Alliance.

The regular monthly meeting of the executive committee of the Jewelers' Security Alliance was held at the Alliance Office, on the 11th inst. There were present, H. H. Butts, chairman; J. B. Bowden, president; Bernard Karsh, treasurer; Messrs, Kroeber, Abbott and Benton and Geo, H. Hodenpyl secretary.

The following firms were admitted to membership: Cutler & Granbery, No. Attleboro, Mass.; Davis & Merrell, Kane, Pa.; Juergens & Andersen Co., 125–127 State St., Chicago, Ill.; F. L. Trepagnier & Bro., Plaquemine, La; F. L. Trepagnier & Bro., Donaldsonville, La.; Ernest Wolff, 2280 Eighth Ave., New York.

#### Gasoline Stove Causes a Fierce Fire.

MINNEAPOLIS. Minn. July 13 -O.T. Thompson, suffered a loss by fire July 7th, amounting to between \$300 and \$500. The blaze started from an explosion of a gasoline stove in the rear end of the store, and before the fire department arrived the whole lower floor was in flames. One half of the store was occupied by a drug firm, whose stock caused the fire to spread rapidly. Mr. Thompson's loss is covered by an insurance of \$600 on stck and fixtures. Mr. Thompson will continue at the old stand as soon as repairs are completed.

The statement made by a trade contemporary in its issue of July 10, that there had been a change effected in style of Warren Prior & Son, Fayetteville, N. C., is denounced by this firm as absolutely untrue. Such a thing has never been mentioned nor thought of.

# WE ARE CUTTING 5,000 CARATS

of Diamonds, which will be finished so that our representatives will show them on their early Fall trips. : : :

> Abiding strictly by our previous standard of only selling the **best made** goods, we believe it will be to the interest of the Trade to see our goods before purchasing.

# JACOBSON BROS.,

CUTTERS OF DIAMONDS,

Prescott Bld'g. cor. John and Nassau Sts., N. Y.

OUR STOCK OF MELÉES AND COLORED STONES WAS NEVER MORE COMPLETE.

#### Trying to Straighten out the Affairs of Ozias Riley.

CHICAGO, 111., July 13.-A meeting of creditors of Ozias Riley, Champaign, Ill., was held at the Lexington Hotel the 10th inst., with about three-quarters of the indebtedness represented either by creditors in person or by attorneys. The creditors organized with H. H. Gleason, of C. H. Knights & Co., as chairman. George W. Philbrick represented Mr. Riley, and stated that the latter had \$18,000 to \$19,000 liabilities and \$5 000 assets; that the merchandise (stock and fixtures) was sold to Riley's brother and his two brothers-in-law (Buseys) for \$12,500 on indebtedness of \$8,000 due them as individuals and \$4,000 due the Champaign National Bank, whose paper was taken up by the Buseys. Attorney Philbrick offered the creditors 20 per cent. of claims which was unanimously rejected.

Mr. Riley was then called into the committee room and questioned as to his losses and increasing indebtedness. Mr. Riley said that the shrinkage in his stock, his buying goods on long time and paying full prices, and his paying interest on \$8,000 to \$10,000 borrowed money had used up his assets. His sales had been \$25,000 to \$30,-000 a year, and his ptofits 25 per cent. He had rent of \$900 a year, salaries of four clerks, living expenses, and interest on borrowed money to pay, and this caused him a loss of \$5,000 a year.

After hearing his statement the creditors found little could be accomplished with so many in consultation and appointed a committee of three to confer with Riley and his attorney next morning, to see what they would do toward raising the percentage. This committee consisted of J. A. Todd, C. M. Fitch, an attorney representing the St. Louis interests, and C. A. Lauer, a Chicago attorney.

The committee met Mr. Riley Thursday at the rooms of the Chicago Jewelers' Association and submitted several propositions which it would recommend to the creditors. The last of these, which Mr. Riley thought he would accept providing he could get the required security on the paper, was Io per cent. cash, Io per cent. Jan. 1, Io per cent. Mar. 1, and Io per cent. Sept. 1, mak ing a total of 40 per cent., of which amounts the March and September paper was to carry 5 per cent. interest.

Mr. Riley left for Champaign Thursday night to secure, if possible, the required security on this proposition.

John C. Freeman, formerly with the E. Kirstein's Sons Co., Rochester, N. Y., has bought the stock of O. C. C. Adams & Co., Worcester, Mass., together with the right to use the old firm name, and the copartnership heretofore existing between the daughters of the late O. C. C. Adams is dissolved.

The store of D. N. Griffin, Beverly, Mass. was entered by thieves on the night of July 11 through a rear window, and \$75 worth of jewelry and all the change in the money drawer were taken.

#### A. G. Barber Speaks Regarding the Optical Department of a Jewelry Store.

Boston, Mass., July 13.-The address of A. G. Barber, of the Globe Optical Co., of this city, at the meeting of the Retail Jewelers' Association of Massachusetts, on the oth inst, reported at length in the last issue of THE CIRCULAR, contained a number of suggestions for jewelers regarding the optical department of their business, which are outlined in the following abstract reserved for this issue in order that more space might be devoted thereto. After expressing his gratification at meeting the members of a society in so many respects akin to the association of opticians of which he is a member, Mr. Barber said in substance :

" I observe on the announcements sent out prior to the meeting by your secretary that I am expected to speak on the relations between the optical jobber and the retail jeweler. Those relations, I am glad to say, are very close now, yet I desire to see them still closer. Before coming here I had the curiosity to look up the matter a little, and found that 78 per cent. of our company's customers were jewelers. The balance is made up of opticians, oculists, some general stores, and a few other lines of business, including one commission merchant whose specialty is onions and apples, I believe. (Laughter). The department stores, of which we hear so much nowadays, were not in it.

" In the New England Association of Opticians, to which I have the honor to belong, for I believe in associations, there has been considerable discussion as to where the optical business belongs. There are oculists who claim that opticians should merely fill their prescriptions. On the other hand there are opticians who say that the oculist should only be called in special cases. Then there are others who stoutly maintain that opticians should be competent to do all the details, determine the defects in sight, and adjust glasses to all needs. It has been further held that there should be a board of examiners to pass upon the qualifications of persons intending to do an optical business, and none should be allowed to enter upon this line of word unless certified as competent by a State board, similar to the · board of registration in pharmacy or the examiners in dentistry. So you see there is about as much discussion going on among opticians on this point as there is among jewelers over the stamping legislation proposed.

"It seems to me that, in smaller cities and towns especially, where the optical business is not extensive enough to be carried on alone and must of necessity be allied with some other business, the jeweler is best adapted to maintain such an alliance. He has a certain amount of practical and mechanical training which enables him readily to use the tools and appliances which are required in the business, and by keeping up with the times in his study of details he will be more than likely to make a success of the combination. He will need a trial set of lenses, instruments for detecting errors, some instruction in the use of them by an expert and a preparatory study of the eye and its defects. The public will expect this of him, for it has been educated to a point where it requires different and more modern methods instead of those formerly in vogue.

"I have in mind now some of the younger men in the ranks of the jewelers in such places, who have succeeded remarkably well and are giving more satisfaction in the communities where they are located than their older competitors do, because they are working with modern methods.

"Inasmuch as the day may not be far distant when legislation will be demanded by the public regulating the carrying on of the business of opticians, and defining the qualifications of all who would practice the science of optics. it would be well for all who intend to follow the business to be prepared to meet such a condition if it arises

"To be successful a man should be able to measure frames as well as lenses. He should observe faces, note whether a Roman nose or the opposite type is to be fitted and be able to use the devices which enable him to determine the height and width of nose pieces or bridges. He should know how to measure lenses, so that if a customer comes in with a broken lens or wants a pair duplicated he can fill the order correctly. Little details in the writing of prescriptions or orders should be attended to. They are apt to be important. Formulas should be kept. Let it be understood that you can duplicate an order if necessary and your customer will feel like giving you the original order, knowing that if there is any loss or breakage or necessity of ordering again from any cause you can be relied upon to attend to

the matter accurately. This will help you to hold your trade.

"But it will be asked: Isn't the business overcrowded?' No, not with competent men. There are many who start out with it who find that they are not adapted to it and give it up. Others give it up because the public find out that they are not fitted for the business. But those who like it and take enough interest to keep on studying and perfecting themselves in their understanding of the details of the business will probably find that there is a demand for them and are more than likely to be successful." (Applause.)

#### Death of a One Time Prominent Philadelphia Jeweler.

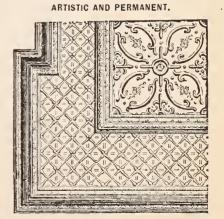
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 12.—Jedediah P. Clark, once a well known jeweler, died on Tuesday, at his residence, 914 Spruce St. The funeral services were held Wednesday afternoon, the interment being in Portland, Me.

Mr. Clark was born in Portland in 1833, and was descended from an old New England line. As a young man he was employed in the jewelry store of Caldwell & Co., this city, and during the war went to New York, where he was with Tiffany & Co. for several years. In 1865 he returned to Philadelphia, and with Samuel Biddle organized the jewelry firm of Clark & Biddle, which later on changed its name to Robbins, Clark & Biddle. Their office was at 712 Chestnut St.

Mr. Clark was a Mason and Odd Fellow, and was a member of the Clinton St. Presbyterian Church. For the last 20 years, however, he had been obliged by gout to retire from active life, and for eight years prior to his death was confined to an armchair. He leaves a widow and one daughter.



PATENT PANELED METAL CEILINCS Stamped Raised Panels.



Easily applied in new buildings, and over old broken plaster or wood Ceilings. If interested in building or repairing, send stamp for illustrated Catalogue, and state if CHURCH, HALL, STORE, OFFICE, or SCHOOL Ceiling is wanted. Address A. NORTHROP & CO., Pittsburg, Pa.

#### Letters to the Editor.

#### WORDS OF APPRECIATION FROM THE ALABAMA RETAIL JEWELERS' ASSOCIATION.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 9, 1895.

Editor of The Jewelers' Circular :

As official representative of the Retail Jewelers' Association of Alabama, I desire to extend to you the hearty thanks of this Association for the kindly encouragement which you saw fit to give us in your editorial in THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR of July 3d.

Our Association is working vigorously for the enforcement of those regulations which are designed to protect and benefit the trade and public alike.

Your co-operation in this matter is sure to be of incalculable benefit to us, as it encourages all members of the associations to greater activity.

We trust that you will continue to lend us your aid and encouragement.

Yours very truly, WM. ROSENSTIHL, JR., Secretary.

#### WATCHMAKER FORSTER MAKES A STATEMENT.

WINONA, Minn., July 6, 1895. *Editor of* The Jewelers' Circular :

As a story is now going the rounds of the press to the effect that I had been detected robbing one J. Gansl, of Grand Forks, N. Dak., by whom I was employed, and as such story does me gross injustice, I would ask the privilege of making a brief statement of the affair, not necessarily for publication, but to ask you before publishing anything, either as copy or comment, to write to responsible parties in Grand Forks for verification.

I went from Atlanta, Ga., to Grand Forks in May. 1893, to accept a position with Mr. Gansl and remained with him a little more than two years, during which time everything was satisfactory, except that his hours of work were longer than I had been accustomed to and he was at times slow pay, so much so that he had got in arrears with me \$481. This Spring I received an offer from Mr. Trowbridge, of this place, which I decided to accept. Mr. Gansl refused to pay me the money he owed, saying he knew I had been robbing him, and threatening to have me arrested. I had no money and no friends who could be of assistance to me, so could only pocket my loss and my indignation.

The version going the rounds of the press not only does me serious injury, but places Mr. Trowbridge in an unpleasant position. Feeling sure you will not willingly do an injustice, I ask you to inform yourself as to the truth before publishing anything.

I would suggest that you write to Thos. Porte, jeweler, with whom Gansl had the same trouble and under the same circumstances about six months since, or to Judge Jno. M. Cockrane, a leading attorney of Grand Forks, or any responsible party, saying only that some of Mr. Porte's over zealous friends have tried to complete his vindication by an assurance of my guilt, a course which does not meet his approval. Yours very truly, T. S. FORSTER.

#### THE SCOPE OF THE PHILADELPHIA HOROLOG-ICAL SOCIETY,

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 1, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular :

It is a source of considerable gratification to our society that the trade press, and THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR in particular, have so generously allowed us so much valuable space in their columns in assisting us in organizing a horological society in this city.

Of course it is a matter of some difficulty —although it may not appear so—in the formation of a society of watchmakers for the purpose of the dissemination of useful technical and practical knowledge among its members, as there seems to be so much indifference, lack of energy, and a deep rooted conservatism to overcome in securing this worthy object; without question it would surely benefit the members individually and be of some assistance to the profession generally.

There is no disputing the fact that the trade press obviously do all in their power in furthering the education of the craft, but there is still something lacking, and it seems to me that this can only be accomplished through the organization of societies in various cities of America with the aims and objects as set forth in our constitution. Previous efforts have been made in this direction, but for different reasons their days of usefulness soon began to decline and they gradually went out of existence.

Being yet in a formative period we may not be able to contribute much reading matter at present, but we hope in the near future to secure some valuable essays which may prove of interest to the professional reader.

The Philadeiphia Horological Society desires, through their president, to express their thanks to the management of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR for their valuable assistance, so kindly furnished, in giving our transactions such wide publicity. Any advice or comments you should find desirable to state in your editoria' columns would receive the serious consideration of our society, and they would greatly assist us along the way to success and prosperity.

#### Respectfully,

WM. T. LEWIS, President.

CHAS. MURSET, Secretary.

Charles A. Belder and Walter Wilhelm, boys arrested at Niagara Falls, N. Y., for stealing watches and diamonds from George B. Johonnot of Sweet & Johonnot, were arraigned before Judge King, in Buffalo, last week. Wilhelm was discharged, it being shown that he was not implicated in the theft but had gone along with Belden at the latter's invitation. Belden was held for trial at the Court of Sessions.

#### Inventory of the Estate of the Late Clemens Hellebush.

CINCINNATI, O., July 13.—The anticipated inventory of the estate of Clemens Hellebush has been filed. It does not differ substantially in the total valuation from that put upon the property by the estate in its proposition made to the trustees of the Commercial Bank for a settlement some weeks ago, and which failed of ratification because of the strenuous opposition made. It was then thought the personalty, that is to say the stock in the Hellebush store, was worth about \$65,000, and the real estate about \$35,000. The appraisers' return, as filed, shows the valuation of every article in stock to be \$65,653.44.

Besides the general stock, valued as above, there are three special lots appraised and the value returned on special sheets, A, B and C. Special A consists of about 30 lots of precious stones of all kinds, valued at \$6,037.29. These, the appraisers explain, are claimed to be held by the trustees of the Commercial Bank as collateral security for claims in favor of the bank against the Clemens Hellebush estate. They are supposed to be the diamonds referred to by Mr. Foote as held by the bank to secure loans advanced and turned over to Mr. Hellebush to sell for them, and which were represented to him to be worth about \$30,000.

The other special lots of diamonds and jewelry shown on special sheets B and C, and valued at \$17,956.23, are certified by the appraisers to be claimed by Alph Hellebush, as trustee for Lucia E. Hellebush, as collateral security to her for amounts advanced the firm by her in the settlement and payment of the claims of the creditors of Clemens Hellebush.

Besides the actual stock in the store valued at 65,653.44, there are book accounts valued at 4,111.63, and bills receivable appraised at 6,476,83, making a grand total of personal assets of 76,241.90.

The real estate, of which there are three pieces, is valued as follows : The Hackberry St. property, 188 by 254 feet, \$16,920; the Klein St. property at \$7,800, and the triangular lot, corner of Court and Broadway at \$15,000. Total realty, \$39,720.

The total valuation of personalty and realty of the Clemens Hellebush estate, *cs* shown by the inventory, is \$115,961.90.

The executors of the Hellebush estate some time ago filed suits to sell the property to pay the debts. Counter-suits were also filed for the same purpose by the trustees of the Commercial Bank.

Fire broke out a few days ago in the cellar of L. V. Stone's jewelry store, a brick building, on Main St., Conneaut, O., but all goods were removed without much damage resulting. Probably \$500 will cover all loss; insurance on stock \$6,000.

The boiler of a new steam yacht belonging to E. W. Knowlton, jeweler, Malone, N. Y., exploded on Lake Titus, last week, badly cutting Mr. Knowlton about the head.

#### A National Stamping Law Discussed by Lawyers.

From the 60 letters from silversmiths and jewelers, published in THE CIRCULAR of June 26. July 3, and July 10, it is to be concluded that the trade is unanimously in favor of a common or National law throughout the Union regulating the stamping of wares of gold or silver or of metals purporting to be gold or silver.

THE CIRCULAR, while believing that a National law would be the best form which this legislation could assume has, however, always doubted the authority of Congress to pass such an act, and has, therefore, put forth every effort in furthering the passage by as many States as possible, of a law similar to that passed by the New York and Massachusetts Legislatures. The results of these efforts are already well known to THE CIRCULAR's readers, seven other States having passed acts drafted on the lines of the New York and Massachusetts laws.

The resolution adopted by the Massachusetts Retail Jewelers' Association as published in the last issue of THE CIRCULAR, induced this journal to send one of its staff among prominent constitutional lawyers of New York and seek their views as to whether or not Congress has power to pass a National stamping law.

Not only among the prominent lawyers, but also among those less known but by reason of their experience, competent to speak on the subject, the opinion was unanimous that Congress has absolutely no power to pass such an act as has been proposed. Among the 17 powers delegated to the Federal Government, there is none, in their opinion, which covers this case. The following are a few of the opinions of lawyers who expressed their views:

Frederick R. Coudert stated that he believed Congress had absolutely no power to pass the act. When asked to express his opinion for publication he said: "You may say, though I have not looked into the case carefully, that I would be very much obliged to anyone who would show me where or how the power to legislate in this way has been given to Congress." Mr. Coudert explained that he had been retained in fighting the celebrated oleomargerine laws, but these acts were only intended to come under the police power and revenue laws, and bore no resemblance to the act such as proposed by the jewelry trade.

Wilbur Larremore, a lawyer and writer on legal topics, who is the editor of the New York Law Journal, stated emphatically that any attempt by Congress to pass a national law making it a penal offense to falsely mark silver would be clearly unconstitutional. He seemed surprised that there should be any doubt on the subject. "The power to pass such a law," said he, "was not included in the provisions for legislation committed to the Federal Government by the Constitution, but belongs rather to those powers reserved generally to the States and the people, and therefore any direct legislation to such end by Congress would be unauthorized."

United States District Attorney Wallace MacFarland believed it was entirely out of the power of Congress to pass the proposed bill. "I don't see how Congress could pass such a bill," he continued, "as that power lies with the States." When asked if any act of regulation of this kind had ever been passed, he called attention to the trade mark laws where, though Congress had a colorable right to legislate, the law was declared unconstitutional, except in those cases where the marks were used in foreign commerce. "A bill might be hatched up," said he, "that could not be enforced; but you can safely state that no effective legislation by Congress may 'be had on this subject."

Harold A. West explained that only in patents, trademarks, copyrights and the revenue laws has the Federal Government been given any control of this kind by the States. "If it had the right to regulate the stamping of silverware, it would have an equal right to regulate all other trades, and even say what chemicals should go into the manufacture of ink."

"Can't do it," said Edmund T. Oldham. "Why, when Congress even attempted to regulate lotteries it found it was power.ess and could do nothing except to prevent these companies from using the mails." Henry Wilbur, his partner, expressed the same views.

Silver Polishing Powder.-Polishing is an important process with all precious metal workers. It is applied for the production of *surface* to their wares, and in proportion to the smoothness required upon the work, so should be the fineness of the material employed in effecting it. The polishing powders are emery, powdered pumice, crocus, rottenstone, putty of tin, and rouge. In the best work, scratches are removed with a smooth and rather dark grey stone, Water-of-Ayr stone; it is then polished in the lathe with a stiff brush, and the application of a little fine polishing mixture. We have placed the materials for polishing in their respective order of smoothness or fineness, beginning with emery, which is the coarsest. A very good mixture for ordinary work consists of equal portions of emery, pumice and crocus, with oil added to the consistence of a thick paste. Good work does not want much polishing, for the beauty of it depends more on its being executed by a well trained workman; whereas, rough and badly executed work requires much polishing, and for this the coarser powders are preferable, or a mixture of them; but for the smoother work the fine powders should be employed.

The new patriotic fervor has brought out a number of buckles bearing the different insignia of the army and navy, with appropriate belting.

#### Silver Stamping Legislation to be Pushed in Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 13 .- At the coming session of the General Assembly in January, 1896, an effort will be made to have both branches of that body pass the Sterling Silver law. This law, which has now been passed in several States, originated with secretary J. E. P. Lawton, of the Gorham Mfg Co., and was introduced into the Senate at the session in 1893 and passed it. It was sent to the House of Representatives for concurrence and was passed without any hearing. The following day, however, upon motion of Heary G. Thresher, of Waite, Thresher Co., Representative from Lincoln, the matter was recalled and re ferred to the Judiciary Committee and several public hearings held. Finally the bill was non-concurred in, as it was claimed that any such law should be made by Congress and not by State Legislatures.

The success that has been attained in other States by the passage of this law has led the framers and advocates to seek to bring it before the January session with hopes of its passage. One thing is certain, it will receive a more unanimous support from the manufacturers in this vicinity than it did when first introduced.

#### India-American Company to Wind Up their Affairs.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 13.—At the January session of the General Assembly, 1894. there was chartered a corporation known as the India-American Company, with a capital stock of \$25,000. The stock was all owned by manufacturers in this city, and Louis Lawton and Fred Brown, two young men, went from this city to India to represent the company. The object of the corporation was to establish an import and export business. After an absence of more than a year Mr. Brown has returned, and it is stated that Mr. Lawton will soon arrive and the affairs of the company be wound up.

When the company began business a number of the manufacturers of this city and New York were to be represented, and several sent shipments of goods to Calcutta. The business at the Indian end, however, did not come up to expectations, and the amount of capital invested was not sufficient to enable the company to continue. A large number of agencies were established, with headquarters at Calcutta, but it was soon found that the scheme would tie up a large amount of money, because of the time required to get the invoices from this country to India and convert the merchandise into cash.

Among those who took hold of the matter at its inception were several manufacturing jewelers, among whom were C. G. Bloomer & Son (The Aluminum Novelty Co.), Kent & Stanley Co., O. C. Devereux & Co., Parks Bros. & Rogers, Brown & Dean, of this city, and L. E. Waterman, fountain pens, New York,

#### Providence.

All communications for this column, directed to P. O. Box 1093, Providence, R.I., will receive prompt attention.

#### TRADE CONDITIONS.

Business is temporarily at a stand-still, customary at this period of the year. Some impetus has been given to those manufacturers who deal in badges, by the convention of the Christian Endeavor, in Boston, and the coming triennial conclave of the Knights Templar, in the same city, next month. Silver novelties, especially in waist sets, still hold the day. There is as yet but little movement toward holiday goods and probably there will not be for a couple of months to come. As a whole, manufacturers are satisfied and encouraged.

J. C. Marshall has started in the retail business at 323 Weybosset St.

C. W. Clough has removed from 3 N. Union St. to 13 High St., Pawtucket.

D. C. Fink, of D. C. & H. S. Fink, was in New York last week purchasing goods.

Walter J. Barr, of the Goldsmiths' Stock Co., Toronto, was in town the past week.

J. Rathbone is moving his refinery business from the corner of Cove and Mathewson Sts., to larger quarters at 13 Mathewson St.

Real estate belonging to H. F. Payton, formerly of Payton & Greene, has been sold by mortgagee to Edgar T. Knowles for \$11,100.

George R. Lenau, formerly with W. S. Hough, Jr., & Co., has started in the engraving and stone setting business for himself at 151 Pine St.

The Nicholson File Co. have posted a notice in their works, both in this city and Pawtucket, announcing the cheering news of an advance in wages. This action is voluntary on the part of the company.

1837.

Harry Fulford, for many years a designer, diesinker and jewelers' toolmaker, and Fred S. Reynolds, formerly of the Reynolds Jewelry Co., have formed a copartnership as Fulford & Reynolds, for the manufacture of fancy ornaments and figured wares in gold, silver, brass, and German silver.

#### Philadelphia.

Joseph H. Brazier, of J. E. Caldwell & Co., is spending his vacation at Atlantic City.

Geo. W. Scherr and William Wildemore have returned from a prolonged fishing excursion.

The following retail jewelers on 8th St. between Chestnut and Arch have agreed to close their stores at 2 o'clock on Saturdays during the remainder of July and in August: J. Warren Hutchins, J. C. Hutchins, I. Herzberg & Bro., Elwood Bailey, Wm. H. Thompson, C. S. Powell and J. S. Mitchell.

Purchasing visitors here during the last few days were: Mr. Bovard, Manayunk, Pa.; E. Bolte, Atlantic City. N. J.; John Dewar, Bryn Mawr, Pa.; Robert Steele, Hammonton, N. J.; B. C. Foster, Bristol, Pa.; Howard Fitzsimmons, West Chester, Pa.; George Press, Oxford, Pa.; F. Rudolph, Wilmington, Del.; W. W. Francis, Ardmore, Pa., and John Fish, Bryn Mawr, Pa.

Jeweler John A. Shoemaker, York, Pa., passed through Philadelphia last week on a bicycle trip over the country. During his travels he contemplates making the figure 8, which will take him two to three years to do. He is now on his way to Maine, whence he travels to Canada, Niagara Falls, Mexico, California, Florida and back to Pennsylvania.

Oskamp, Nolting & Co., Cincinnati, O. are working on their catalogue. Retailers should send for a copy of this harbinger of good things.

#### Trade Gossip.

The Queen City Watch Case Co., Cincinnati,O., have received numerous unsolicited letters regarding their work, especially in the repair department; but one recently received from H. J. Nomrich, a leading eweler of Huntington W. Va., is especially commendatory.

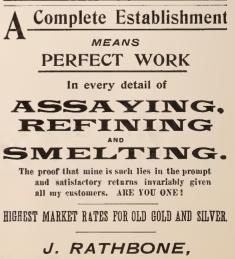
Ino. W. Sherwood, jobber of watches, 3 Maiden Lane, New York, believes in protection that protects the retail jeweler. Mr. Sherwood announces that he will soon place on the market a line of watch cases made expressly for him which will comprise styles and designs suited to all localities and contain only such patterns as are acknowledged to be good sellers. The jeweler will find no competition from outside parties in these goods as they are sold only to the legitimate retail jeweler. Mr. Sherwood hopes by this method to help in building up the watch business of his customers to the desired standard.

#### A Band of Robbers Assume Ownership of Southfield, Conn.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 15 .- A gang of robbers, presumably the same that visited Norwalk last week, took possession of Southfield on Friday night. The result of their work was the cracking of two safes, and the robbery of four residences. The robbers waited some time to find out if anyone was inclined to dispute their ownership of the town. No one appeared on the streets and the safe crackers then forced an entrance into Turner's jewelry store.

A man had been looking hungrily at some trays of watches in Mr. 'Turner's show window the day before, and Mr. Turner, as a mere matter of precaution, had carried home some of his valuables. The burglars drilled a hole in Mr. Turner's safe and soon there was an explosion; still nobody stirred, and the robbers took their time in picking out \$5 worth.of jewelry and then left. They had begun operations shortly before midnight and it was still far from morning, so the band turned their attention to private residences.





#### The Proceedings of the Philadelphia Horological Society.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 11.—The first Thursday of the month being a holiday, the regular meeting of the Philadelphia Horological Society was held this evening at Bank Hall, Broad St. and Columbia Ave., where the regular and social meetings of the organization will be held until further notice. There was a good attendance of members, who expressed themselves as highly pleased with their cozy meeting room.

The president, W. T. Lewis, presided. The following applicants were unanimously elected: Life member, W. T. Lewis; active members, H. C. Jensen, Newburgh, N. Y.; Abram Herzberg, Isaac Herzberg, R. H. Krischker, Chas. Cushen, Arthur F. Bowman, E. E. Beach, Philadelphia, Pa.; associate member, Jos. F. Weyll, North Cramer Hill, N. J.

The committees on organization, location and expense, and constitution and by-laws were then exempted from further duty, and the thanks of the society were tendered them for their faithful exertions in organizing and establishing a horological society in this city. The progress so far is gratifying to the members, and it is desired that the profession will take a lively interest in the society's continued welfare.

There being no amendments to the constitution and by-laws presented, they stand as adopted at the June meeting.

A new and pleasing feature will be introduced at the next regular meeting, on Aug. 1st, namely a Question Box. Members on entering the room may deposit a question within the scope of the objects of the society, which on the same evening will be thoroughly discussed.

It is expected that the questions will be of a kind that apply to the every day work of the watchmaker, and such as can be readily answered without the use of drawings. They are not to take the place of carefully prepared essays and papers.

It is desired that manufacturers or dealers of watches, and tools and appliances of all kinds used in repairing, will exhibit new devices at any meeting and explain their merits, either in person or by representative, or if neither is convenient, by sending the devices to the secretary with an explanatory letter, circulars, catalogues, etc.

It is further hoped that manufacturers and others interested will assist the society in extending its usefulness, by lectures or essays in their special departments or branches allied to watchmaking or repairing.

#### Jeweler Wood Arrives Home in the Nick of Time.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 15.—The residence of S. H. Wood, jeweler, W. Main St., New Britain, was entered by burglars, early this morning, and the place thoroughly ransacked. The men, three in number, gained an entrance to the house by a rear window and proceeded to Mrs. Wood's room. Here they took her jewelry box and everything of value, and then went to the dining room, where they appropriated all the silverware and a tablecloth. The last they laid on the floor and placed their booty in it.

At this point Mr. Wood, who had been detained at his office until after midnight returned and stepped on the veranda. The burglars were alarmed and, leaving the treasure on the floor, they made their escape unseen through a side door. Mr. Wood found the property, which was intact, and secured it. Had he not arrived as he did several hundred dollars worth of jewelry and plate would have been stolen.

#### Organized Smuggling Scheme on the Pacific Coast.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 12.—The Customs officials are anticipating a plan by which the smuggling of jewels will be made a feature of the illicit traffic carried on at this port. When the steerage passengers who came from China on the *Rio de Janeiro* were leaving the vessel on Friday last Inspector Sprague, of the Customs Service, noticed a Cingalese among the number. As precious stones have been found on every Cingalese coming to this port lately, Sprague, who is in charge of the Mail dock force, ordered Inspector Barry to be extra careful in searching the man.

The fellow, who gave the name of Logalis, had some indecent Japanese pictures in his effects, but nothing contraband could be found. Inspector Barry searched Logalis' person carefully, and in one of his pockets he got about a dozen precious stones, mostly opals. As there was no positive attempt to smuggle the jewels, Logalis was not arrested. The value of the stones is unknown. They were sent to the Custom House for appraisement, after which Logalis will be allowed to pay duty and secure them.

#### Boston.

Mr. Barnett, of Barnett Bros., St. Louis, was a visitor here the past week.

O. C. Dow, who has been on the sick list for a fortnight, has so far recovered as to be able to return to business.

A. A. Marcus & Son, diamond brokers, whose case has been pending a long time in the Insolvency Court, were refused a discharge at the meeting last Friday.

Alice Bennett has been found guilty of the charge of forgery of five orders, on which she obtained from the Metropolitan Mfg. Co. jewelry merchandise to the value of \$317, a few weeks ago.

A. S. Hirschberg, who removed to 386 Washington St., shortly after July I, has admitted as a partner in the business S. Carro, formerly for many years in the employ of Brooks & Pike. The name of the new firm is Hirschberg & Carro.

The proprietor of Keene's Mammoth Watch House, 1301 Washington St.—Chas. A. Keene—and wife, Sunday morning, at 10.30 o'clock, boarded the Chicago limited express for a six weeks' vacation in the far west, stopping at Seattle, San Francisco and Pike's Peak.

F. F. Davidson, of Thomas Long & Co., is one of the committee of arrangements that had direct supervision of the Christian Endeavor convention plans and outlined all the details of the work of receiving and entertaining the Hub's visitors in connection with the affair.

Many of the hands of the American Waltham Watch Co. returned to work last Monday morning. This cut their vacation short about two weeks, but the majority of them were more than pleased to get a chance to go back. This change in the company's plans was due to the fact that the special work on the main shafting was completed much earlier than was anticipated.

Buyers in town the past week included: Eben Perkins, Ellsworth, Me.; R. Quimby, of Quimby & Quimby, Claremont, N. H.; A. F. Grimes, Peterboro, N. H.; E. Pervear, Leominster; Cyrus N. Gibbs, South Framingham; Mr. Monroe, of Carter & Co.. Southbridge; W. M. Bixby, Ludlow, Vt.; H. Davis, of H. Davis & Son, London, Ont.

The big Christian Endeavor Society Convention, which agitated Boston from hub to outer rim the past week, brought many jewelers to town and inspired local dealers to decorate their establishments in honor of the occasion. Where so many have had elaborate and even elegant displays of flags, bunting and window designs, special mention would hardly be in order, but it may be stated that the retailers of prominence have made very creditable showings, and have attracted considerable trade by so doing.

The list of vacationists from the various Boston jobbing houses is an unusually long one this week. Charles F. Morrill, in his capacity of commodore of the South Boston Yacht Club, has been leading his fleet on a cruise along the north shore as far as Camden, Me.; with him were Mrs. Morrill, Miss L. Bruce, bookkeeper for Morrill Bros., George E. Morrill, traveler for the house, and other friends. Frederick Harwood is at Camden, Me.; F. W. Ruggles, superinten. dent of the material department of Robbins, Appleton & Co., has his outing in western Massachusetts; Fred. C. Graves, of the same establishment, goes on a north shore yachting trip; E. H. Saxton is getting material for fish stories at North Bridgton, Me.; E. E. Hardy and F. E. Buffum, of D. C. Percival & Co., take a fortnight's outing; C. H. Ramsdell, of Smith, Patterson & Co.. goes to York Beach, Me.; Arthur E. Fisk, of this house, is on a brief outing; Emil Streicker, head clock maker for Nelson H. Brown, goes to Canada on his vacation; George E. Merrill, entry clerk for Nelson H. Brown, is at Holliston, Mass.; E. H. Litch, of Ripley-Howland Mfg. Co.'s office, is taking a two weeks' rest; E. W. Stone, salesman for E. H. Saxton Co., has his annual outing this week.

## SUMMER SPORTS ???







THE GORHAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY, SILVERSMITHS, BROADWAY AND NINETEENTH ST., New YORK, are making a special exhibit of artistic sterling silver products designed particularly as PRIZES, TROPHIES and SOUVENIRS for SUMMER SPORTS. Unconventional PRIZE CUPS and objects emblematic of all field and aquatic pastimes have been prepared on an extensive scale. The manufacture of these articles will be continued through the OUTING SEASON, with the constant introduction of new features.

The Stock now ready for delivery consists of

STERLING SILVER

LOVING CUPS, PITCHERS, TANKARDS, PUNCH BOWLS,

GOBLETS, TRAYS, SHIELDS, FLASKS, VASES, JARDINIÈRES.

A large variety of Silver Mounted Glass. Full line of Silver Mounted Leather Goods. Unlimited assortment of Silver Novelties. Designs and Estimates furnished to the trade upon application.

### GORHAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

BROADWAY AND 19TH STREET, NEW YORK. 137 STATE STREET, CHICACO, ILL. 23 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK. 120 SUTTER STREET, SANIFRANCISCO, CAL,

## The Jewelers' Circular HOROLOGICAL REVIEW. PUBLISHED ZVERY WEDNESDAY BY

#### THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO.,

189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A IOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF IEWELERS. WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS, ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALL ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of interest or value to our readers. Adver-tising matter will not be printed as news. Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal. Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

#### INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

#### Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid.

	PE	R ANNUM.
United States and Canada,		\$2.00
Foreign Countries in Postal Union,	•	- 400
Single Copies, - *		.10

Member of the American Trade Press Association.

Vol. XXX.	July	17,	1895.	No. 24.

Every line of reading matter in THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written exclusively for this journal. Each issue of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR is copyrighted.

#### FEATURES OF THIS NUMBER.

Page 33-THE CONNOISSEUR

- Page 20-OUR TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVES. Page 28-Page of Advantageous Hints to
- RETAILERS. Pages 5, 6-SPOON PATTERNS OF AMERICAN
- SILVERSMITHS. Page 8 - JEWELRY AND SILVER OF THE
- SUMMER SEASON.

Page 29-PAGE OF TECHNICAL MATTER. Page 30-WORKSHOP NOTES.

- Frontispiece-LARCHMONT CUP FOR SCHOON-ERS, 1895.
- Page 12-LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.
- Page 13-INTERVIEWS WITH NOTED LAW-YERS ON NATIONAL SILVER STAMPING LEGISLATION.

A JEWELER of Bowling Green, O., has arranged a contrivance which will overwhelm and suffocate a burglar who gets into his store. Undoubtedly the first victim will be the jeweler himself. Asphyxial and electrocutional devices, spring guns and traps, are not the proper weapons of warfare against burglars. The life of even a burglar is of greater moment than his plunder; and though it were not, the jeweler or other individual must not assume the responsibility of depriving him of it.

THE Pacific coast press say that there is nothing new in the statement made by Geo. F. Kunz, in his report to the United States Geological Survey, that small diamonds in appreciable quantities are found in the auriferous gravels of California and particularly in the region of Placerville. The trouble has been, according to these newspapers, that not one miner in a thousand would recognize a diamond if he should discover one, particularly as in California there is so great an abundance of quartz crystal in the gold bearing regions. The forms of crystallization of these two substances are markedly different, but still an expert knowledge is required to distinguish them. It would be the eighth wonder of the world if the abandoned placer diggings of California should be discovered to carry diamonds of a value surpassing that of the gold which has been taken from them.

Trade in 1895 and in 1892.

THE summary statement of imports and exports for the month ending May 31,

1895, and May 31, 1894, brings out some interesting figures, which, however, are tantalizing when it is desired to make deductions from them. The commercial status of the past two years has been so low and the jewelry industry particularly has been so beset with demoralizing influences that statistics covering this period have little meaning. For comparison purposes the year 1892 should be taken as the basis; 1893 and 1894 were panic years, though the first part of the former year showed an inflation owing to the occurrence of the World's Fair. The salient import figures are those referring to precious stones and imitations of, not set. In May, 1895, \$373.495 worth was imported against \$737,999 in the same month of 1894, a falling off of 50 per cent. However, the 1894 figures show an inflation owing to the then prospective increase in the tariff duties on precious stones. Yet what a poor showing even the larger figures make when compared to those of 1892 and 1891, which were \$1,300,958 and \$1,075,355 respectively. How much larger the 1895 figures would be were the duties collected on all the precious stones brought into the United States during May, it is impossible to guess. An interesting table of figures would be that showing the losses to the Government and the gains to unscrupulous operators by smuggling.

Notwithstanding the great increase in the cutting of diamonds in America, the figures of 1895 relating to diamonds and other precious stones, rough and uncut, show a decided decrease from those of 1892, they being \$6,713 and \$111,514 respectively. It is to be remarked that the imports of clocks during May, 1895, about equal those of 1892, while of jewelry and manufactures of gold and silver, the imports during May, 1895, were about 70 per cent. greater than in May, 1892. Imports of watches have declined, the figures for May, 1895, being \$79,-158, and for May, 1892, \$139,685, or a decrease of over 40 per cent.

Regarding exports the comparative exhibit, naturally, is not so perplexing nor discouraging. In May, 1895, the values of watches and jewelry exported were greater than in May, 1892, the excess in the former case being over 2co per cent., and in the latter 58 per cent. Exports of plated ware were about the same in value in both months, while of clocks about 7 per cent. less in value was exported in May, 1895. than in May, 1892.

From this exhibit of figures the truth of the prevailing opinion that the tariff duties on precious stones imposed by the Wilson bill have had a baleful influence upon the diamond importing industry, receives additional confirmation.

#### Bureau of

THE Bureau of American Re-

American Republics. publics, in its last annual report, re-

corded the completion of the series of handbooks of the republics forming the International Union. The list of publications shows that much interesting and valuable information regarding the South and Central American republics has been distributed by the Bureau. The publications have sold well, and the demand for them is growing. The policy of putting a price on the books has been more than justified, and the large sales show the degree of interest taken in the trade relations of the American nations. The "Code of Nomenclature "prepared by the Bureau, now complete, has been compiled on the recommendation of the International American Congress so that a common nomenclature should be adopted to designate in equivalent terms in English, Portuguese and Spanish the commodities on which import duties are levied by the respective American republics, and to be used in manifests, consular invoices, clearance papers and other customs documents. This code is a work of great value and importance to international commerce.

Ella Clark Royce, who conducted a jewelry store at 79 Monticello Ave., Jersey City, died Saturday. She was the widow of C. E. Royce, an old and well known watch maker of New York, who died in 1886. Her funeral took place from her late residence, 598 Bramhall Ave, Monday evening.

S. Firuski & Son have filed a judgment for \$1,904.36 against John Lavery.

D. H. Lowman, of Lessauer & Co., returned from a successful trip last week.

A judgment for \$117,13 has been entered against Martin and Emile Brunor in favor of J. B. Jackson.

Laubheim Bros., formerly at 79 Nassau St., removed Friday to more commodious quarters in the Prescott building, John and Nassau Sts.

Stephen Avery, jobber of watches and jewelry, 68 Nassau St., has applied for membership in the New York Jewelers' Board of Trade.

Mahlmeister & Kuntz, 628 Fourth Ave., Brooklyn, have given a chattel mortgage on silversmith's machinery to Catherine Mahlmeister for \$500.

Many jewelers from Maiden Lane and vicinity were at the West End, Long Branch, Sunday. "In numbers," said one of them, "we were enough to comprise a well attended convention."

The firm of L. S. Friedberger & Co., jobbers of jewelry, 484 Broadway, dissolved July 13th by mutual consent, S. B. Segree withdrawing. L. S. Friedberger continues the business and signs in liquidation.

Creditors of William Walther, lately conducting business as a manufacturing jeweler under the name of Jos. Wienhold & Co., are notified by his assignee, Augustus F. De Jonge, to present their claims at his office, 24 John St., on or before Sept. 16th.

Louis Hirsch and Herbert Reichman, travelers for Lissauer & Co., 12 Maiden Lane, started out on the road Monday. The former goes to the northwest and the latter through the east. J. Engel started through New York State in the interest of the same firm.

A notice to the stockholders of the New York Standard Watch Co., signed J. F. Lutz, calls a meeting of the members of the corporation to be held at the office of the company, 11 John St., on Friday, July 19th at 9 o'clock A. M., for he purpose of electing directors.

Johonnot Brothers, of New York, have been incorporated to manufacture and deal in watches, silverware, jewelry and bric.àbrac. The capital stock is \$10,000, and the directors are Frank B. Johonnot, of Jersey City, and Charles O. Johonnot and L. D. Quimby, of New York.

The New York Jewelers' Board of Trade announce that dividends have been paid to creditors of J. H. Flanagan, Washington, D. C., and of C. A. Rausch, Baltimore, Md. Mr. Flanagan's assignee paid a first dividend of 6½ cents, while Mr. Rausch's trustee paid slightly more than 10 per cent. on the creditors' claims.

The Spencer Optical Mfg. Co. have satisfied the judgments for \$160.52 and \$219.18 entered by C. E. Remick, as sheriff. The judgments resulted from replevin suits brought by the Spencer Co. and other creditors against C. L. Wells, Oneida, N. Y., which were decided against the creditors last December.

Henry Vanderzee, of 7 W. 84th St., while intoxicated, Sunday, fell through the plate glass window in William Block's jewelry store at 557 Eighth Ave. In Jefferson Market Court, Monday, Magistrate Flammer fined him \$10 and told Mr. Block to sue him in a civil court on account of the glass.

A motion made last week to dismiss the action commenced in the City Court, in October, 1891, by Freudenheim & Abramson against Moses and Philip Ginsburg, for want of prosecution, was denied by Judge Van Wyck. The suit was brought on notes to recover \$176 with interest from Oct. 8, 1887, for goods sold and delivered.

Judge Van Wyck, of the City Court, Wednesday appointed Harry R. Farjeon receiver for Duncan E. Cameron, son of Sir Roderick Cameron, in supplementary proceedings brought by Henry Lewis, an English jeweler, upon a judgment for  $\$_{1,-360,60}$  for jewelry. The judgment was obtained on a draft for  $\pounds 239$  17s., dated May 20, 1891, and given for jewelry purchased in 1888. The jewelry was given away in presents to friends in London.

The police of Washington, D. C., have succeeded in locating all the watches stolen from D. Rickenbacher, as reported elsewhere in this issue, and also the thieves, who are three colored men. The watches, which it is now claimed were worth \$2,500, were carried by one of the men, William Jones, to Baltimore, where three were disposed of, and the balance turned over to a man named Poindexter, who shipped them by Adams Express to himself, in New York, where they were secured by the police, as he and another man, William Meyers alias William Lewis, were in the act of claiming the satchel at the express office. The Grand Jury in Washington have brought in an indictment against all three men, and the necessary requisition papers have been sent to New York for Meyers and Poindexter, Jones having surrendered himself to the Washington police.

#### Last Week's Trans-Atlantic Voyagers. TO EUROPE.

Westcott Bailey, Philadelphia, Pa., sailed Saturday on the *Lucania*.

Jacob Muhr, of Jacob Muhr & Bro., Philadelphia, Pa., sailed Saturday on *La Touraine*.

FROM EUROPE.

Geo. H. Shreve, of Shreve & Co., San Francisco, Cal., and Moses Wineburg, Utica, N. Y., were among the passengers who returned from Europe on the *St. Louis* 

S. S. Battin, Jr., of Battin & Co., Newark, N. J., and S. Konign, New York, arrived last week on the *Elruria*.

Harry Ryrie, of Ryrie Bros., Toronto, Can., has returned from Europe.

#### Last Week's Arrivals.

THE CIRCULAR has perfected arrangements for obtaining the names and hotel addresses of all the latest buyers visiting New York, and each day posts in its office, 189 Broadway, a bulletin which every member of the trade is cordially invited to copy

The following out-of-town dealers were registered in New York during the past week: J. Newman, San Francisco, Cal., Astor H.; D. Auer, Albany, N. Y., Astor H.; S. Aloe, St. Louis, Mo., H. Marlborough; W. F. Fischer, Chattanooga, Tenn., H. Imperial; D. D. Chandler, Chicago, Ill., Astor H.; G. H. Kettmann, Louisville, Ky., Grand Union H.; G. W. Johnson, Detroit, Mich., Colonnade H.; B. Ginsberg, Boston, Mass., H. Normandie: O. R. Rick and C. R. Muir, jewelry buyers for Adam, Meldrum & Anderson, Buffalo, N. Y., 120 Franklin St.; H. Rosencrantz, San Francisco, Cal., H. Marlborough; W. J. Weichel, Scranton, Pa., H. Westminster; M. Eiseman, Chicago, Ill., Broadway Central H.; N. B. Levy, Scranton, Pa., Astor H.; B. Streicher, Kansas City, Mo., H. Imperial; H. C. Klein, Muncie, Ind., Sturtevant H.; J. Liepold, jewelry buyer for Liepold Bros., Selma, Ala., H. Marlborough; J. Clancy, buyer of art novelties for Pettis Dry Goods Co., Indianapolis, Ind, 120 Franklin St. L. H. Albert, Cincinnati, O., St. Denis H.; H. and A. M. Kohn, Hartford, Conn., Astor H.; G. M. Tibbs, jewelry buyer for M. E. Smith & Co., Omaha, Neb., 338 Broadway.

#### Seamless Stock Company Assign.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 13.—A few days ago the Seamless Stock Co., formerly doing business at 98 Point St., this city, made an assignment to James Harris for the benefit of their creditors.

At the January session 1893 of the General Assembly, the charter of the Oakland Silk Co. was amended upon application of William J. Walcott, Jabez Walcott, Stephen C. Harris, E. F. Kent and J. Rathbone, for the purpose of forming a company for the manufacture of seamless wire and hollow balls. This company organized, according to the returns filed with the Secretary of State, with Jabez Walcott as president and Stephen C. Harris as secretary. The capital stock was \$12,500, of which \$2,500 was paid in June 3, 1893, \$7,500 on Nov. 1, 1893, and \$2,500 on Feb. 12, 1894. The returns were filed March 1, 1894. When the corporation returns were made in January 1895, the capital stock was given the same, with personal assets of \$25,478.15 and liabilities at \$13,828.32.

No statement of the present amount of the assets or liabilities can be obtained.

The O. E. Bell Co., Cincinnati, O., are getting out a new circular. Every retail jeweler should see it.



"GOELET" SCHOONER CUP.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS CONCERNING ARTICLES STAMPED STERLING SERVE TO EMPHASIZE THE IMPORTANCE OF OBSERVING THE

MAKER'S MARK.

WE MAKE SOLID SILVER ONLY OF STERLING QUALITY, 925 FINE EVERY ARTICLE BEARING OUR TRADE MARK. THEREFORE PURCHASERS SECURE ENTIRE FREEDOM FROM FALSE IMPRESSIONS.



MASSACHUSETTS NAVAL BRIGADE TROPHY

## Solid Silver

(Exclusively.)



## WHITING M'F'G CO.

Silversmiths,

Broadway & 18th St.,

NEW YORK.



Representatives may consider these columns open for the publication of any news or liems of interest regarding themselves or their confreres.

FRED. CLARKSON, representing Snow & Westcott, Havemeyer building, New York, left on the 15th for a month's vacation, visiting the different pleasure resorts. The following traveling salesmen passed through

Detroit last week: R. L. Moorhead, R. L. Moorhead & Co.; W. P. Stowe, W. H. Wilmarth & Co.; Mr. Cook. July 5, 1895.

#### Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

Possibly you would like to show your friendliness to the drummers and at the same time let the dealers know that they become attached to their customers:

'Tis a big thing to be a drummer And ride in first-class cars. To have a vacation in Summer On the ocean with jolly tars, To be admired by bright eyes In spite of her gruff old papa, Who is afraid one can magnetize When he is off on his trip so far. He is expected to send in orders Be trade good, bad or indifferent, But good nature and grit he solders And the two are one in intent. His customers do for him all they can, Wishing it were much more; He stirs them up with some new plan, Some new idea not known before : After him is one, alas! who is no sleeper, It is the firm's bookkeeper. This methodical man is kept on the raw, By the genial drummer's disdain for the law

Laid down for collections fully due, Before of himself he thinks of me and you. W. W. S.

Frank Matthauer, representing Kennedy & Co, Detroit, has returned from a month s trip through Ohio. He reports a good trade. Gecrge L Lowe, for the same firm, started out last week to visit the firm's trade in Upper Michigan.

At the annual meeting of the Castine Yacht Club, Castine, Me., Chas. W. Noyes, traveling salesman for Ehrlich & Sinnock, Newark, N. J., was re-elected measurer and chairman of the regatta committee. The Castine Club has an enviable reputation for seamanship and sharp handling, its boats, sloops of from 22 to 33 feet waterline, being manned by Penobscot Bay sailors, from among whom the crew of *Defender* were selected.

F. G. Burgess, representing John Scheidig & Co., and D. Gruen, representing D. Gruen & Son, were in Syracuse, N. Y., last week.

Among the travelers in Philadelphia, Pa., during the past week were: Chas. Duffy, Enos Richardson & Co.; Frank Locklin, Unger Bros.; Mr. Frazer, H. D. Merritt & Co.; Ira Barrows, H. F. Barrows & Co.; S. Blackinton, W. & S. Blackinton; Geo. W. Reed, William B. Kerr & Co.; William H. Tarlton, Wightman & Hough Co.

The New England jewelry traveling men are looking forward to a very pleasurable outing on Saturday next, when they are to take an excursion in Boston harbor and dinner at Nantasket, the trip to the beach being made with Commodore Morrill as host in the yacht Navarch.

Travelers visiting their customers in Boston, Mass., during the past week included: I. L. Russell, L. Tannenbaum & Co.; W. W. Oliver; E. W. Martin, Martin, Copeland & Co.; Louis Jones, R. F. Simmons & Co.; Otto Wormser, A. J. Grinberg & Co.; Ben. Posner, Wallach & Schiele.

Traveling men in Pittsburg, Pa., last week were: F. S. Sherry, Jos. Fahys & Co.; Mr. Noyes, Bates & Bacon; P. Schwartz, Nicholas Muller's Sons; J. M. Chandler, J. M. Chandler Co.; W. R. Bristol, C. Rogers & Bros.; A. Kiersky, Roeder & Kiersky; A. L. Stearns, Roy Watch Case Co.; Harry J. Hildebrand, for H. C. Lindol; Mr. Posner, Wallach & Schiele; Mr. Sheridan, Horton, Angell & Co.; Joe Fowler, Fowler Bros.; H. B. Richardson, G. A. Dean & Co.

#### Pittsburgh.

M. Bonn has returned from his eastern trip.

Harry Heeren is convalescent after a siege of gastric fever.

G. Teplitz has started in business in Duquesne, Pa.

Mr. Noyes, of Bates & Bacon, visited the city last week after an absence of several years.

Sam Sipe, donated a silver and gold cup, value \$200, to the winner of the *Press* Road Race.

Ed. Bubb, of E. J. Bubb & Son, sailed last week for Europe, to be gone four months.

H. Randall., Salem, O., has called a special meeting of his creditors to appoint a trustee to effect a settlement.

Visiting jewelers last week included : J. C. Rhodes, Homestead ; B. Neville, Dawson ; Wm. Hunt, Uniontown, O.

R. T. McGeagh, 710 Fifth Ave., suffered the loss of a valuable plate glass window, broken by raising a desk to the second story.

W. J. Johnston, of W. J. Johnston & Co., has returned from New York. Philip Gillespie, connected with this firm, has gone to California.

Grafner Bros. have been making extensive improvements in their store. Emanuel Grafner is recuperating slowly after his long illness.

Louis Evans, who recently went into business on Fifth Ave., has taken his sister into partnership. The firm is now known as Louis Evans & Co.

#### News Gleanings.

Albert E. Palmer has opened a jewelry store in Owosso, Mich.

A. Wilton, Jr., has opened a jewelry store in Neche, Minn.

J. A. Schrott, jeweler, Herkimer, N. Y., will shortly occupy a new store.

C. P. Morse is a new jeweler in Alma, Mich.

H. N. Crane and a Mr. Morris have fitted up a new jewelry store in Mt. Pleasant, Ia.

Mount & Replogle have given up their store in Clarinda, Pa., but continue their store in Shenandoah, Pa.

The jewelers of Erie, Pa., have all joined the early closing movement, which went into effect July 5.

G. H. Glarner, the oldest jeweler in Sauk County, Wis., died at Prairie du Sac, Wis., aged 74 years, last week.

In a fire in Newton Falls, O., a few days ago, the jewelry business of C. F. Gardner was burned out.

Jas. B. Hayden, jeweler, Topeka, Kan., will remove to 727 Kansas Ave., August 15th.

R. T. Larcher, Webster, Mass., has recovered from a serious illness in which symptoms of poisoning were apparent.

J. D. Grant, jeweler, Lowell, Mass. has removed to 64 Merrimack St., formerly the location of jeweler W. H. Ordway.

W. E. Chamberlain, jeweler, Great Falls, Mont, has been attached for \$5,000. In January his stock inventoried \$13,500.

John Starbuck, Turners' Falls, Mass., has sold out the balance of his stock to H. H. Kunsley, of Rutland, Vt., who opened the store this week.

Burglars recently entered the store of A. Anderson, Milan, Minn., and got away with about \$400 worth of jewelry and silverware. No clue.

Thorsrud & Strait, Eureka, S. Dak., on July 1st dissolved partnership by mutual consent. D. B. Strait will continue in the business.

C. H. Young has purchased the fixtures of the jewelry store of H. L. Wood, St. Regis Falls, N. Y., and has opened a jewelry store at the corner of Webb's block, that city.

Burglars carried off over \$300 worth of watches, cutlery and jewelry from T. H. Keller's store, Newark, O., early one morning recently, entrance being gained by a rear window.

J. F. Wachtel, Williamsport, Pa., left last week for Philadelphia and New York. Mr. Wacthel will open a store in Williamsport in the near future and went east to purchase a stock of jewelry and musical instruments. He will open on W. 4th St. near Court. P. F. Egan, St. Paul, Minn., sustained a loss of 600 to 1,000 by fire in his residence, on July 4th. The fire was caused by fireworks being discharged in the rear of the house.

Christian H. Boetz, a jeweler, ill, despondent and out of work, hung himself in the cellar of his home, 212 Webster Ave., Jersey City, N. J., on the morning of July 12.

W. C. Masterman, assignee of W. L. Stein, Stillwater, Minn., has filed a statement of the assets and liabilities of the insolvent. The assets amount to \$9,164,37, consisting largely of a stock of watches and jewelry, and the liabilities aggregate \$10,800.14.

#### Descent Into a Diamond Mine.

N African diamond mine is about as dark, dirty, and repulsive looking a place as an ordinary coal mine, and not by any means such "a hall of dazzling light" as is pictured in the popular imagination. At the mouth of the shaft, which is inclined and not perpendicular, there is the "cage," which, to the stranger, looks as much like a wooden coffin as anything in the world. Into this box you get as best you can, and you are then launched into darkness with an awful and perplexing speed. After you have been dropped some 700 feet you are brought to a full stop, possibly somewhat to your satisfaction. The sensation of the descent as you lie in the coffin is not at all exhilarating.

# GOLCONDA GEM.

The nearest approach to a genuine diamond ever produced, is mounted **solely by us** in a complete and handsome line of

### DROPS, STUDS, SCARFPINS, &c., &c.,

in Solid Gold and Rolled Plate.

The words GOLCONDA GEM (Trade Mark appear on every card.

#### DON'T BE DECEIVED BY IMITATIONS.

We are the originators and the only mounters of this popular stone.

Ask your jobber to show you our fall line.

R. L. GRIFFITH & SON,

Providence, R. I.

Arrived at the bottom, or perhaps only at the first level, the visitor will probably be bewildered and confounded with the noise, the smoke, the unwholesome vapor, the lurid gleams of hundreds of candles, and the uncouth and unnatural appearance of the naked native laborers, who flit about like so many gnomes. He will see dirty trucks, into which dirty, dusky, perspiring, greasy niggers shovel dirty earth, which is hauled to the surface as is coal from a mine.

It is unlikely that the visitor will see anything to even remind him of precious gems; of diamonds not one coul I he discover if he tried. The precious gems are encased in the lumps of dirty earth he sees sent to the surface to be exposed to the light of day after being embedded for ages in these caverns of darkness. The spectacle is somewhat disappointing, and removes many of the romantic illusions regarding the appearance of a diamond mine.

The brilliant gems that adorn the fairest of the human race are won from the dirt and darkness and amid dangers to life and limb which would dismay a timorous mortal. As is now so well understood, the dirt which is locally known as "blue ground." from its peculiar dark blue color, is brought from the mine to the surface, and in it the real search for the diamond takes place. This ground is pulverised by the action of the atmosphere, and by machinery, washed and sorted so carefully that it is a great wonder if even the tiniest little gem escapes notice.

## POWER SHEARS Rapid Production.

MOSSBERG MFG. CO.

These Shears are built extra heavy for the work for which they are designed, as we find that the cutters are dulled more by springing and rubbing against each other than by actual work stripping stock.

The upper cutter is adjustable in order to give more or less lap for the different thicknesses of stock. The gauge for width can be quickly moved, and has a screw adjustment for exactness. When running by power the machine can be started or stopped at will of the operator by means of a clutch on the driving pulley operated by a foot lever, thus leaving both hands for grinding the stock.

This machine is built as a hand shears when power is not required.

#### No. 2.

Diameter of Cutters,	4 in.
Weight.	250 lbs.
Will Cut Brass. Nos. 8 to	10 stock.
Space occupied,	17x23 in.

#### Examine our 1895 Catalogue

for recent improvements in Jewelers' and Silversmiths' Machinery.

### CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Advertisements are entitled to one insertion under proper heading. Extra insertions, \$6.00 per annum. Extra Headings, \$12.00 per annum.

•					
Assayers & Refiners.	e Gold Je	welry.	Page.	Show Cases.	÷ 0 ·
Goldsmith Bros., 63 & 65 Washington St., Chicago, Ill Platt, Chas S., 29 Gold St., N. Y Rathbone, J., 1-9 Mathewson St., Providence, R. I	25 Ball, V 14 Carter Hedge 14 Kreme	Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lar /m. H. & Co., 15 John St., N. Sloan & Co., 15 Maiden Lane, , A. J., & Co., 6 Maiden Lane, ntz & Co., 49 Chestnut St.,	Y 23 N. V 9 , N. Y 27 Newark,	Melishek & Petter, 128 Maiden Lane, N. Y Silver Plated Ware. King, Hugh E., 908 Masonic Temple, Chicago,	30
Auctioneers.	Gold an	d Rolled Plate Jewelry		III	
Boyle, S. A. & Co., Washington, D.C Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y Rich, H. M. & Co., 21 School St., Boston,	31 Griffith 36 Waite	, R. L. & Son, Providence, R. Thresher Co., Providence, R.	I 21	Rogers & Bro., 16 Cortlandt St., N. Y The Wm. Rogers Mig. Co., Hartford, Conn	
Mass		ical Schools.		Skeletons and Steel Goods.	
Badges, Medals, Etc.		's School for Watchmakers, Pe	eoria, Ill. 26	Schulder Bros., 545 Pearl St., N. Y	31
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y		Watches, Diamonds,	Etc.	Sterling Silver Novelties.	
Chains.		Lambert Jewelry Co., 19 Maider		Codding Bros. & Heilborn, North Attleboro	
Bigney, S. O., & Co., Attleboro, Mass		2 Flershem, 92-98 State St., Chi S. F. & Co., 48 Maiden Lane,		Mass Foster & Bailey, Providence, R.I	
Clocks, French, English and America	n. Lawyer	3.			
Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St.,	Ore.	ns Associated Law Offices, I		Sterling Silverware.	
N. Y Self-Winding Clock Co., 626 Broadway, N.Y		Power		Dominick & Haff, Union Square, N. Y Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 808-810 Greenwich St., N. Y	
Diamond & Precious Stone Importers.		È Son, 39 Union Square, N. Y.	26	Gorham Mfg. Co., B'way & 19th St., N. Y Knowles, J. B. & S. M. Co., Providence, R. I.	16
Disselkoen, John N., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y	9	s bout 34 e mon s daniel 111 1		Shiebler, Geo. W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N. Y. Towle Mfg. Co., Newburyport, Mass	4
	36 <b>Muslin</b> 8 36 Willia	Buffs. nsville Mfg. Co., 18 S. Water S e, R. I		Whiting, F. M., Co., North Attleboro, Mass Whiting Mfg. Co., Broadway & 18th St., N. Y. Wood & Hughes, 16 John St., N. Y.	4 19
Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane, N. Y.	9 Ontion	<b>-</b>			
Rich & Allen, State and Madison Sts., Chicago Smith, Alfred H. & Co., 182 Broadway, N. Y.	25 Optical			Tool Manufacturers and Dealers.	
Smith, Alleu H. & Co., 162 Bloauway, N. I	• Genev	optical Co., Chicago, Ills	25	American Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass Mossberg Mfg. Co., Providence, R. I	
Diamond Cutters.	Optical	Schools.		Mossberg Mig. Co., 1 lovidence, IC. 1	21
Jacobson Bros., Prescott Bldg., N. Y.		o Ophthalinic College es, Dr., Neponset Cottage,		Trunks and Traveling Bags.	
Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, Prescott Bldg., N. Y		d, Casco Bay, Portland, Me	31	Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y	20
Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane	9 Paneled	Metal Ceilings.			00
Diamond Mountings.	North	op, A. & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.	11	Watch Case Manufacturers.	
Oppenheimer, H. E. & Co., 14 Maiden Lane,		encils, etc.		Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton, O Fahys, Jos., & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N.Y	
N. Y	- AIRII,	Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lan Todd & Bard, New York		Illinois Watch Case Co., Elgin. Ill Jacobson, F. H. & Co., 96 State St., Chicago	2
Enamelers.	Ring M	akers.			
Wild, S. S. & Son, 179 Eddy St., Providence, R. I	31 Bowde	n, J. B. & Co., 192 Broadway, I	N.Y 10	Watch Case Repairers.	
		& Barton Co., Providence, R. 1		Felix, N. J., 17 John St., N. Y	36
Engraving School.	Safes.				
Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Chicago	Marvi	Safe Co., 2 Park Place, N. Y.		Watch Importers.	
Fine Engraving.		, Bahmann & Co., 518 B'way, N	N.Y 32	Hyde's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y Loveland, R. A., 177 Broadway, N. Y	32
The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassau St., N. Y		Trunks,	NI W	Mathey Bros., Mathez & Co., 21 and 23 Maiden Lane, N. Y	
	54 Crouch	& Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway,	N.Y 30		
Fine Stationery.	Scales.			Watch Manufacturers.	
Parsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St., N. Y	35 Kohlb	usch, Herman, Sr., 59 Nassau S	St., N. Y. 8	Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton, O	35

### Special Notices.

Rates 75c, per insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines (25 words); additional words 2 cents each. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per cent off; four insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertion, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. It answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

#### Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. If answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

POSITION at once by practical jeweler, six years' experience; best of references. Address T., care T. L. Evans, Williams, Iowa.

POSITION AUG. 1st by watchmaker and salesman; 10 years' experience; American, single, age 28. P., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

SIDE LINE WANTED on commission for New England, New York State and Pennsylvania, by salesman with good trade. Address "Sales." care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

POSITION by practical young man, experienced clock and jewelry jobber, ordinary watch repairer and salesman; tools; reference former employer. Lock Box 488, Saugerties, N. Y.

WANTED A POSITION as engraver in store ; can give best of references ; 20 years' experience ; prefer going south. Address H. care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

**EXPERIENCED** SALESMAN, with old established trade in the south and southwest, is open for a position as traveler. Address G., care JEWEL-ERS' CIRCULAR.

A LINE of medium price jewelry or jewelry and cheap watches on commission, by a young southerner for southern territory; can furnish best of references. Popularity, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

SITUATION WANTED-A High School graduate, 17 years old, good penman, would like a good office position; bonds if required. Address M. B., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED by a young man, a position with assayer and refiner; Swiss and American references; 14 years' experience. Address Henri Ferrier, 2680 Elghth Ave., New York city.

SITUATION WANTED by young man as watchmaker and optician; can take charge of store; own lathe; good references. Address M. E. Banks, Bradford, Vt.

SITUATION WANTED by an engraver, chaser and designer on silver or gold; has had charge of engraving department in large factory; first-class references. Address J. W. A., care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR.

A JEWELRY FOREMAN and first-class designer on diamond and general jewelry, capable of taking entire charge of factory, wants a position. Address A. Smith. care E. P. Keichhelm & Co., 80 Nassau St., New York City.

WANTED, A POSITION as salesman in a retail or wholesale jewelry business; have been ergaged for the past 5 years with one of the leading retail houses in New York City; best of references. Address A. B. C, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED-Position by a Southern young man, in either wholesale or retail business; six years' experience as watchmaker and salesman; best of references. Lem. Clarke, 328 Whitehall St, Atlanta, Ga.

A GENERAL repairer of watches, clocks and jewelry would like position by September or October 1st; could take full charge of store; on salary or commission; 15 years of practical experience; age, 34; married. Address Lock Box 12, North Creek, N. Y.

WANTED SITUATION as first-class clock and watchmaker; 18 years' experience; repair all kinds of fine watches, such as chronometers, chronographs, minute repeaters, French clocks, and some jewelry jobbing; speak German, French and English; full set of modern tools; best of references. Address Marchand, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, FIRST CLASS WATCHMAKER familiar with the highest grades of American and Swiss watches, full set of tools, best of references. wants a position. Address Chas. Weichert, 68 Railroad Ave., Jersey City, N. J.

BY a young man 22 years of age, with fair knowledge of the business, as watchmaker and salesman; best of references; 'ew York city or vicinity preferred. Address W. S. Macmillan, 34 Ferry St., Schenectady, N. Y.

#### Belp Wanted.

WANTED-Traveling salesman of experience for the west, who is acquainted with the retail jewelry and fancy goods trade; must be a man of good habits and fully qualified to fill the position; age about 30 preferred. Address Proficient, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

#### Business Opportunities.

FOR SALE-A well equipped steam power shop for making diamond mountings; two years' lease and established business; everything in first-class running order. Address F. C., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

FOR SALE—Plant formerly conducted by Hagan, White & Co., for the manufacturing of jewelry, novelties, cane and umbrella heads, fully equipped with most approved machinery, dies, etc., and in complete running order; can be bought at an extremely low figure and on most favorable terms. Apply to S. Gumprecht, 248 W. 23d St., New York.

A BUSINESS CHANCE in a live manufacturing town in Massachusetts; population 5.000, with a large country trade; stock has been reduced to about \$1.000; fixtures \$500; will reduce stock still further if desired; business established 12 years; very little competition, it will pay you to look it up, there's money in it; owner resides in another town. John H. Starbuck, 399 Main St., Worcester, Mass.

FOR SALE-One-third or one-half interest in a well established jewelry store in the large and growing city of Atlanta, Ga.; store situated in the very best location for business in the city ; inspection invited; correspondence solicited; reasons for selling, want more help and capital for our Exposition. which will be a "hummer." Here is a chance for some good party to make money. No attention will be paid to letters written out of idle curiosity. Address Business, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

### To Let.

TO LET—At 915 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, five beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators, suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china or glass importer. Apply to C. Dorflinger & Sons, 36 Murray St., New York.

TO LET-Very fine lofts with elegant light, steam heat, power and elevators; size 25x150 and 25x00; well adapted to jewelers' demands 'three silversmiths already in building); entrance at 114 E. 14th St. opposite Irving Place; terms moderate. Josef Scheina, 119 E. 13th St., New York.

#### For Sale.

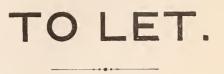
TO MANUFACTURERS OF WATCHES AND JEWELRY-For sale, excellent process, simple and practical, for oxidizing iron and steel in brilliant colors, varying from blue to black; adapted for watch cases and jewelry. Address Oscar Vogt, oxidizer, Granges, Soleure, Switzerland.

#### Miscellaneous

 $W^{\rm ANTED}$  you to know that the genuine "Moseley Lathe" equals the best of the very best. When interested write your jobber for new price list, or to the manufacturers, Moseley & Co., Elgin, Ill.

\$3,000 will buy a Jewelry business in a Connecticut city, well located. Stock and fixtures will inventory over \$5,000. Terms easy. Owner has other business. Address, L. J. SAXTON,

Norwichtown, Conn.



Two fine large floors in factory building, St. Marks and Underhill avenues, Brooklyn. Solid floors. Light all around; power in abundance.

Fire proof vaults built in on each floor. Elevator, Stairs, Transmitting Room and Plumbing in separate extension.

Apply to

GEO. W. SHIEBLER & CO., 179 Broadway,

NEW YORK.



book, and judge of its merits for

yourself.



Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

#### CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JULY 17, 1895.

No. 24

#### Chicago Notes.

VOL. XXX.

John T. Glover, Seth Thomas Clock Co., is on vacation in Iowa.

Mr. Homarth, watchmaker for A. E. Elbe, Bloomington, Ill., is resting here.

Philip Kerz, Mt. Carroll, Ill., was in town buying last week. He is seldom seen here in person.

A. L. Fuller, Towle Mfg. Co., returns the present week from two weeks of pleasure in Atlanta, Ga.

Elmer A. Rich, of Rich & Allen Co., with his wife and family, is sojourning in South Haven, Mich.

Miss Spencer, of John Spencer & Daughter, passed through the city en route to Boston last week.

H. F. Doan, Blissfield, Mich., is taking a course of instruction with John B. Wiggins, 44 Madison St., the well known engraver.

C. A. Barnum, C. P. Dungan and W. C.Wood, travelers for the Meriden Britannia Co., left Saturday for a week at the factory, later spending a week in New York.

J. W. Spence, Racine, Wis., was in town last week. He has purchased the property adjoining his factory, the Racine Jewelry Mfg. Co., and will enlarge his plant.

M. N. Burchard, just returned from an eastern pleasure trip, says the Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co. factory is looking for a fine Fall trade, with every indication of getting it.

D. E. Cole, at one time connected with A. Flomerfeldt & Co., has been resting in South Haven, Mich., and will leave the present week for the west with samples of eastern firms.

A. L. Sercomb and family are in the east-The present week Mr. Sercomb will put in at the Meriden Britannia Co.'s factory, the family later going to the New Jersey coast for a few weeks.

F. H. Putnam, assistant secretary of the Sercomb-Sperry Co., away on account of his health, has left Crystal Springs, Ind., for a fishing outing in the pineries of Wisconsin, at Fifield.

The Otto Young Baseball Club claim that since they defeated the Reed & Bartons they have been unable to get a game with any jewelry nine. How's this? Ed, Ahern is captain of the Youngs, Bids for the tower and secondary clocks for the city hall, Milwaukee, Wis., were opened Monday week and referred to the council committee of public buildings. Action will be taken by the city council next Monday.

The Towle Mfg. Co. will have two new patterns ready for delivery in September. As is usual with this company, the designs are handsome and finely executed, and the showing of samples will be awaited with interest by the trade.

The jewelry store of the late E. H. Goulding, Alton, Ill., was re-opened for business last week. An inventory of the stock has been taken, which has been purchased by Edward P. and Roy L. Goulding. The business will be continued at the old stand under the name of E. H. Goulding's Sons.

The specifications for the tower clock for the court house at Minneapolis, Minn., call for 22 feet 8 inch dials, and 30,000 pound bell. These are the largest dials put up in America so far, and the bell will be the largest ever cast in this country. The great Columbian Liberty bell weighed but 13,000 pounds.

A daring attempt to break into the jewelry store of Mayo & Co., in the Palmer House block, was made early on the morning of July 6th. A few minutes before 3 o'clock the officer who travels that beat passed in front of the jewelry store. Everything was in perfect order at the time, but when the officer returned shortly afterward he found that the window had been broken by a large cobble stone that was lying near. Inside the window was a mantle set valued at \$38 and several pieces of silverware. Nothing had been taken, however, as it is though that the approach of the officer had frightened the thief away.

Jeweler C. R. Gardner's house, 1111 Scott St., San Francisco, Cal., was robbed recently of about \$1,200 worth of diamonds and jewelry. Anna Johnson, aged 18, employed as a servant, is suspected of the theft. Mr. Gardner is in the east.

When S. Habea, jeweler, San Antonio, Tex., opened his store on the morning of July 8th he discovered that burglars had lifted several hundred dollars worth of opals and other jewels from his window.

#### Cincinnati,

Sigmund Strauss, of Frohman, Wise & Newman, returned last week from a three months' visit to Europe.

Dave Feiss, the new traveler for the Herman Keck Mfg. Co., has started out on the road. He will carry a stock of diamonds cut by his firm.

Louis Albert, of Albert Bros., accompanied by his wife, has gone to Old Point Comfort for a short vacation. He will return by way of New York where he will buy goods.

Harry Walton, of the Wadsworth Watch Case Co., and S. Lindenberg, of Bene, Lindenberg & Co., have returned from the east. They met in New York and both had an enjoyable and profitable trip.

The committee appointed by the Wholesale Jewelers' Association to devise plans for the organization of a board of trade report progress, and will have ready a full report for the meeting next week.

M. D. Geigerman, western salesman of Bloom & Phillips, started out last week with a large line of elegant goods. Messrs. Bloom and Phillips will start out this week on a trip of several weeks' duration.

The committee who will present the silver service to the cruiser *Cincinnati* will go to New York this week in the private car of General Manager Peabody, by invitation of this genial railroad magnate.

The Wholesale Jewelers' Association will give a picnic, July 19th, at the Lagoon. About 200 invitations have been issued to the trade. The committee, consisting of Messrs. Becker, Walton and Peck, have left nothing undone for the comfort and enjoyment of their guests.

The surprise among the trade is the retirement of the Duhme Co. from the wholesale business. E. & J. Swigart have bought their entire material department. The Duhme Co. will close up their wholesale quarters and will devote their attention exclusively to the retail business. They have been in the trade over half a century and their name is a synonym for reliability and honorable transactions. C. H. Ankeny, who has been at the head of the wholesale department, will return to Lafayette, Ind., his old home, and continue the business of C. H. Ankeny & Co. who have one of the leading stores in that city.

#### Kansas City.

Ed. Campbell, of Campbell Bros. Jewelry Co., is on a two weeks' vacation.

H. F. Wells, representing Woodstock, Hoefer & Co., left last week for northern Iowa.

H. F. Sloane, of Edwards & Sloane Jewelry Co., is in New York on a short business trip.

Fred. C. Merry, of the Julius King Optical Co., has gone to New York on a lengthy bu ness and pleasure trip.

W. A. Ware has started on the road through Missouri in the interest of Herman Oppenheimer.

Richard Moher has severed his connection

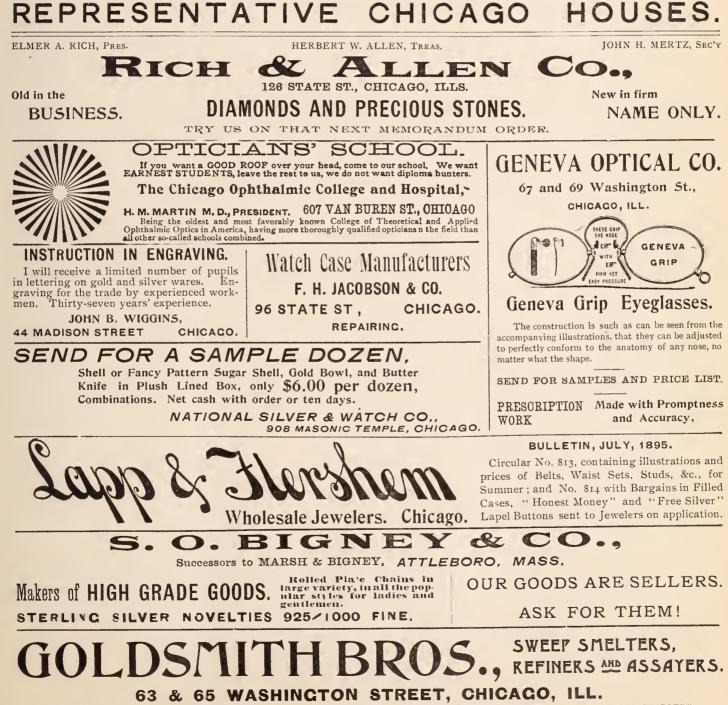
with the Streicher Watch and Jewelry Co., where he has been employed several years.

C. W. Bowman, the Kansas City jewelry auctioneer, is conducting a sale for the Rushmer Jewelry Co., Cripple Creek, Col.

M. Benjamin started this week on an extended business trip through Missouri and Kansas. E. S. Villanmore, of the same firm, has gone to Iowa.

A. M. Harsch and T. M. Harsch have purchased the entire stock of jewelry and diamonds transferred to the Metropolitan National Bank on a chattel mortgage given by their brother, Chas. H. Harsch. Chas. H. Harsch will run the old store as for merly, the firm name now being changed to Harsch Bros. By the purchase by D. C. Jaccard, of St. Louis, of the entire stock of the Jaccard Watch & Jewelry Co. at the receiver's sale, receiver R. W. Hocker was discharged and the business is once more in the hands of the Jaccards, and as such it is to continue in the city. Mr. Jaccard has announced his intention of retaining all the old force of salespeople and engravers. The store will be managed by Walter M. Jaccard, son of the purchaser.

The following country visitors were in town last week: W. Calvet. Washington, Kan.; W. G. Lyttle, Atchison, Kan.; Walter Sperling, Seneca, Kan.; M. A. Boyer, Hiawatha, Kan.; A. H. Eaton, Valley Falls, Kan.; W. J. Fowler, Endora, Kan.; T. P.



----- 'ESTIMATES GIVEN ON GOLD AND SILVER. HIF NOT SATISFACTORY WE WILL BETURN SHIPMENT INTACT AND PAY ALL CHARGES."-----

Owen, Adams, Neb.; G. H. Sherman, Paola, Kan., J. W. Paulen, Fredonia, Kan.; E. L. Sloan, Wamego, Kan.; H. W. W. Starcke, Junction City, Kan.,

#### San Francisco.

C. Hadenfeldt is in New York on business.

The report that Mrs. Leland Stanford was about to sell her marvelous collection of jewels is now denounced as untrue.

E. C. Marliave, of Phelps & Miller, is on his vacation. Col. W. E. Meadows, of this firm, has gone on an outing down to his place near the Mission San José.

H. A. Cobb, of Daggett & Clap, was in town recently. G. C. Hudson, of H. F. Barrows & Co.; J. A. Limbach, representing Foster & Bailey; and G. W. Wilkins, of Ostby & Barton Co., were also here.

#### Pacific Coast Notes.

E. W. Reynolds, Los Angeles, Cal., has gone east.

Charles Curtis has opened a jewelry store in Arbuckle, Cal.

Arthur Bob proposes to open a jewelry store in Tacoma, Wash.

S. A. Friend has opened a jewelry store in Angels, Calaveras County, Cal.

S. Nordlinger, Los Angeles, will take a business trip east soon. He intends to return by way of San Francisco.

W. Burger, 235 S. Spring St., Los Angeles, wanted to sell at auction \$2,500 worth of jewelry. The license for that privilege is \$2,500. This discovery astonished Mr. Burger, and it is reported that he will test the validity of the ordinance.

#### Detroit,

S. B. LeRoy, formerly with C. W. Teetzel, Benton Harbor, Mich., has opened a jewelry store in Coloma, Mich.

Tom F. Leonard, formerly a jeweler in Jackson, Mich., recently died in Ann Arbor. At the time he was sheriff of Washtenaw county.

Burglars last week entered Ernest C. Veysey's jewelry store Battle Creek, Mich., and took a gold watch, nine gold chains, and several smaller articles.

Judge Burlingame, of Grand Rapids, has granted a stay in proceedings in the case of John J. Hopkins, the diamond robber. His attorneys will move for a new trial. He was recently sentenced to four years in prison.

John M. Gallup, one of Battle Creek's prominent jewelers and business men, died last week of cancer. He was 74 years old



and leaves a wife and two sons. J. O. Gallup and William Gallup will continue the business.

The following Obio jewelers purchased goods here last week: J. P. Phillips, Pemberville; E. E. Starr, Bowling Green; and J. A. Konetzka, North Baltimore. Among the Michigan jewelers who were here were: W. E. Skinner, Milford; P. W. Doelle, Northville; and Eugene Wagner, of Wagner Bros., Monroe.

#### Louisville.

Geo. H. Kettmann, of Geo. H. Kettmann & Co., is in the east buying goods.

Justin Lemon is running an auction at his store on Market St., below 10th St.

Rich. G. Tafel has just returned from Cincinnati, where he has been purchasing goods.

Vic. Lorch has enhanced the appearance of his newly purchased store, by having the building painted.

M. Cline was arrested a few days ago on a charge of malicious shooting. Cline is a tailor and lives on Market between 10th and 11th Sts., and Ella Semon, who keeps a jewelry store, lives on the same square. She was formerly his sweetheart, but lately they quarreled, and last week they started the quarrel anew. He became so enraged that he drew a revolver and throwing one arm around her, he held her while he sent a bullet through her leg.

The quarterly inspection of watches, of all the railroads entering Louisville is now in progress. Win. Kendrick's Sons, who inspect for several of the roads including the Louisville & Nashville, the Louisville, St. Louis & Texas, and the Chesapeake, Ohio & Southwestern, report watches in better condition the than heretofore, the men being required to buy standard makes. The roads have issued orders that the strictest attention must be paid to the condition of watches during the heavy travel anticipated during the G. A. R. national encampment here in September, and require a weekly comparison of watches.

#### Columbus, 0.

Edward G. Savage is at Indian River.

A. H. Bonnet is in New York buying Fall stock.

R. E. Cole is spending his vacation along the lake shore.

Warren Bancroft and family have returned from Lakeside, Lake Erie.

Frank Bonnet and family will leave this week for an outing at Indian River.

The New Columbus Watch Co.'s factory is closed for the annual Summer vacation.

H. A. Nunnemacher, of Barnitz & Nunnemacher, is in Michigan with his family. A. H. Bancroft and Miss Florence Paul, employes of Frank Bonnet, were recently married.

O. Aune, of Aune & Wirschinger, has

withdrawn from the firm and is now with Mr. Bourquin. Mr. Aune will probably engage in business for himself in the near future. Mr. Wirschinger continues the business at the old place.

#### St. Louis.

The J. Bolland Jewelry Co. have just completed the erection of a large handsome clock outside their store.

The R. Lowenstein Jewelry Co., recently incorporated, have elected officers as follows: R. Lowenstein, president; and Al Berg, secretary.

H. Hirschberg, optician, will remove to the north west corner of 10th and Olive Sts., on or about July 20th. His new quarters are much larger and better than his former place.

In the matter of Bauman-Massa Jewelers' Supply Co. vs. W. C. Row, Judge Wood has ordered that the clerk pay the costs of the suit out of the \$446.29 on deposit with him and the balance thereof to the plaintiff.

At a directors' meeting of the E. Jaccard Jewelry Co., held on June 27th, Reid Northrop was elected director and vice-president of the company. Mr. Northrop has been connected with the firm for many years.

The Heymann-Achard Jewelry Co. have incorporated to do a general jewelry business. The capital stock is \$10,000, in 100 shares, all paid. The stock is divided as follows; Louis Shumann, 49 shares; H. M. Heymann, I share; Rose M. Achard, 45 shares; W. A. Achard, 4 shares and Edmund Achard I share.

#### Minneapolis and St Paul.

M. L. Cohen, Minneapolis, is the happy father of a pair of new twins—a boy and a girl.

F. J. Aicher, Minneapolis, formerly of Spaulding & Aicher, left last week for New York, Providence and the Attleboros to arrange with manufacturers to carry their lines on commission, with headquarters in Minneapolis.

Out-of-town jewelers visiting the Twin Cities the past week were: Albert Asleson, Sacred Heart, Minn; Mr. Ingraham, Menomonie, Wis.; L. E. Conger, Mora, Minn.; F. W. Hauenstein, New Ulm, Minn.; J. C. Hamil, Darlington, Minn.; H. A. Borenson, Ellsworth, Wis.

George Allen, a sneak thief, entered the jewelry store of Harris & Goldstein, Minneapolis, a few days ago, in the afternoon, and asked to be shown some Masonic rings. While the proprietor's back was turned, Allen slipped two rings into his pocket, but was detected. An officer was summoned, who searched Allen and found the rings, besides two gold watches and a revolver. The prisoner was tried the following morning in the Police Court and sentenced to pay a fine of \$25, or serve 30 days in the workhouse.

#### Connecticut.

July 17. 1895.

Oscar Zube, who did a watch business in Meriden years ago, has resumed busines<sup>s</sup> at 530 S. Colony St., that city.

Jeweler S. S. Newton, of Winsted, is slowly gaining in health, but the case is still a serious one, owing to the shock to his system and his advanced age.

N. L. Bradley and C. L. Rockwell, of Meriden, have been elected vice-presidents of the City Savings Bank of that city, and Gilbert Rogers one of the directors.

The Meriden Britannia Co.'s German silver department has resumed work with several good orders on hand, unusual at this time of the year, due to steamship companies fitting up their vessels.

Jeweler C. E. Katsch, New Haven, mourns the death of his aged mother, whose funeral occurred July 11th. She leaves, besides Mr. Katsch, a daughter who is the wife of Attorney Chas. Bollman, ex-superintendent of police in New Haven.

Although the New Haven Clock Co.'s manufactory is having its annual Summer shut-down, the hands employed in the watch department, about 100 in number, have been called back to work, a rush of orders for watches requiring this proceeding.

The American Optica! Co. have been organized in New Haven with a capital of \$125,000, in 1,250 shares of \$100 each. The subscribers are F. J. Kingsbury, D. F. Maltby, M. Z. Sperry and Henry M. Scoville, of Waterbury, each 250 shares; F. Kingsbury Curtis, New York, 240; W. I. Lincoln Adams, Montclair, N. J., and F. E. Tyng. New Haven, each five shares.

Edward Engel, New Haven, whose jewelry and pawnbroking business is one of the oldest in the State, is owing to advanccing age, being now near three score and ten, closing out his business and holding auction sales at his store nightly, at which S. A. Boyle, of New York, officiates as auctioneer. Mr. Engel has been in the jewelry and pawnbroking business in New Haven for 40 years and retires with a handsome fortune.

#### Toledo.

Roulet & Armstrong expect to be located in their new store at the corner of Adams and St. Clair Sts., within a few days.

I. I. Freeman, as reported in last week's CIRCULAR, has associated with him in the jewelry business W. E. Hascall and M. D. Teal, under the firm name of J. J. Freeman & Co. All these gentlemen are well and favorably known to the people of Toledo. Mr. Hascall has been for a number of years identified with the jewelry business with Mr. Freeman, as was formerly Mr. Teal. The reorganized firm will continue to do business at the location now occupied by Mr. Freeman, 313 Summit St. A number of improvements will be made in the store, and when finished it will be one of the most attractive establishments in the city.

#### Points of Law.

#### WHAT CONSTITUTES A CHATTEL MORTGAGE.

A contract for the sale of personal property, which provides that the title shall remain in the vendor until the price is paid, and that in case of default in any of the several payments, all payments shall at the option of the vendor become due, and the property may be retaken by him, is a chattel mortgage for the payment of the price. *Perkins v. Loan & Ex. Bank (Supreme* 

Ct. S. C.).

#### MONOPOLIES AND COMBINATIONS IN RESTRAINT OF TRADE.

In an action brought by a manufacturer of watch cases against numerous other manufacturers residing in various States, to recover treble damages under the act of Congress of July 2, 1890, prohibiting unlawful restraints and monopolies of interstate commerce, alleging that it operated an extensive factory, first in Kentucky and afterwards in Ohio; that previous to November 16, 1837, it sold all its goods to a number of dealers "throughout the United States and Canada ;" that prior to that date defendants had agreed with each other to maintain arbitrary and fixed prices for their watch cases ; that, for the purpose of compeling plaintiff to join with them, defendants on said date mutually agreed that they would not thereafter sell any goods to persons who bought or sold goods manufactured by plaintiff; that they caused notice to be served upon the many dealers in such goods throughout the United States and Canada, who had formerly dealt in plaintiff's goods, whereupon many of such dealers withdrew their patronage from plaintiff; that after the passage of the act of July 2, 1890, defendants ratified, renewed, and confirmed their previous agreements, and served notice of such ratification upon all said dealers in plaintiff's goods, whereby said dealers were compeled to refuse to purchase plaintiff's watch cases. It

was held that the complaint failed to state a cause of action under the statute, Lacombe, Circuit Judge, holding that no monopolizing or combination to monopolize interstate commerce, contrary to the second section of the act was shown, for the reason that the allegations did not preclude the inference that each defendant may have sold his entire stock where it was manufactured: and that the contracts did not produce an unlawful restraint of trade under the first section, because the combination and agreement to fix arbitrary prices did not appear to include all manufacturers of watch cases, but was only a partial restraint in respect to an article not of prime necessity, and therefore came within the recognized limits of lawful contracts; and that the further agreement not to sell to customers of plaintiff was a lawful means of enlarging and protecting the business of the defendants; Shipman, Circuit Judge, concurring on the more technical ground that the acts of the defendants, whether viewed as an attempt to create a monopoly or as a contract in restraint of trade, were not shown to concern interstate commerce, because there were no allegations showing the residence of any dealers who withdrew their patronage from complainant, and it therefore did not directly appear that any of them resided outside of the State where plaintiff's goods were manufactured; Wallace, Circuit Judge, dissenting on the ground that the allegations were sufficient to show that the attempts to monopolize and restrain did operate upon interstate commerce; and that, while the contracts might not be unlawful in themselves, yet the purpose for which they were alleged to be made, namely, to compel plaintiff to join in the agreement for fixing arbitrary prices, and to injure and destroy its business if it refused to do so, was oppressive and unjust, and rendered the acts of defendants unlawful under both sections of the statute.

Dueber Watch Case Mfg. Co. v. E. Howard Watch & Clock Co. (Circuit Court of Appeals, Second Circuit.)

## GOLD, VARIEGATED AND ENAMELED JEWELRY. Black and White Enameled Goods a Specialty.

A. J. HEDGES & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

VEIL PINS, SCARF PINS, HAT PINS, LACE PINS AND BROOCHES. GOLD AND SILVER GARTER BUCKLES. CHATELAINES, SIDE COMBS, LINK BUTTONS.

VEIL PIN.

6 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK. Factory: 90 Mechanic St., Newark, N J

### MATTERS IN JEWELRY STOREKEEPING.

That this department shall prove mutually beneficial to our readers, it is desirable that the members of the trade generally communicate with THE CIRCULAR regarding any advantageous device or plan that they are utilizing in connection with their business.

#### Advertising Ideas in Brief.

A handsome silver medal has been offered by E.Nichols, jeweler, Southington, Conn., to the winner of the 10-mile Y. M. C. A. road race next month.

G. A. Schlechter, jeweler, Reading, Pa., has offered a handsome souvenir gold medal to the most popular player on the Reading Base Ball team. The party who is entitled to the medal will be selected by a popular vote of the base ball patrons, who will decide the matter by voting with coupons clipped from the Reading *World*.

W. P. Ladomus, jeweler, Asbury Park, N. J., offered a cup as one of the parade prizes at the wheelmen's meet in that city, last week.

Advertising Addressed to Certain Persons.

**I**<sup>T</sup> is a good idea in advertising to appeal to a certain class of trade. Employes on trolley cars require watches and are ad. addressed to them will doutless prove effective.



**F**ROM their silverware counter, Tiffany & Co., New York, give to patrons a little folder entitled, "The Care of Silver." The directions within are :

"Silver articles, when not in use, should be kept in prepared cotton flannel bags, to protect them from the sulphuretted hydrogen of furnace and illuminating gas. They should be kept in a dry place, and, if to remain for a long time, care should be taken to have the silver perfectly clean, and the bags closely wrapped in stout paper.

"For daily care of silver use hot water, Castile soap, a stiff brush, and chamois leather. To restore the brilliancy and remove tarnish use Tiffany & Co.'s plate powder. This powder, after thirty years of use, is highly recommended, and, if solely used according to printed directions, will produce the soft, bluish tone so much admired in old English sterling silver.

"All acids, salts and alkalies corrode silver; parts  $\epsilon$ xposed to these should be heavily coated with pure yellow gold. Gilding should be rubbed as little as possible; wiping with a soft linen cloth moistened with ammonia is all that is necessary.

"Silver, etched, decorated with colored alloys, and oxidized, can be kept in condition by rubbing with a damp linen cloth; if tarnished, use a little of the plate powder on the cloth.

"Badly tarnished or damaged silver articles can be restored in Tiffany & Co.'s repairing department quickly, and at less expense than at home."

The distribution of such circulars is an effective mode of advertising.

#### Novel Anti-Burglarizing Device.

A JEWELER of Bowling Green, O., is reported to be arranging a contrivance which will overwhelm and suffocate a burglar who gets into his store. As soon as the door is opened the burglar is to get a whiff, and then he's a goner.

#### Queries by Circular Readers.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

Will you please inform us, or give us the address of party who we can get to make hair vest chains, and you will oblige

EASTON WATCH & JEWELRY CO. ANSWER:-W. E. Moutoux, 2345 Eighth Ave., New York, has for many years made hair jewelry.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

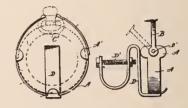
I notice in your last issue something in regard to a medal which Tiffany & Co. have made for the Society of Colonial Wars. Will you kindly send me the name and address of the secretary of said society, or of some other person from whom I can get some information in regard to the society. H. W. CURTIS.

ANSWER:-Howard Pell, 4 Warren St., New York, is Secretary-General of the Society of Colonial Wars; Edward Trench.ad, 56 Wall St., New York, is Deputy Secretary-General.

#### The Latest Patents.

#### ISSUE OF JULY 9, 1895.

- 542,445. WATCHMAN'S TIME RECORDER. CARL MULLER, Eberswalde, Germany. — Filed April 19, 1894. Serial No. 508,208. (No model.) Patented in England March 27, 1894. No. 6,192.
- 542,458. WATCH CARRIER. ARCHIBALD BANNATYNE, Waterbury, Conn., assignor to the Waterbury Clock Co., same place.—Filed April 29, 1895. Serial No. 547,512. (No model.)



In a watch carrier, the combination with a clip, of a pring stirrup adapted to receive a watch and grips the same by the edge thereof, and a bail pivotally connected with the upper ends of the stirrup, and adapted when swung into the plane thereof to engage with the watch pendant.

542,534. SPECTACLES OR EYEGLASSES. JOSEPH E. PARKER, Philadelphia, Pa., assignor to Ivan Fox, same place. — Filed Feb. 20, 1894. Serial No. 500,922. (No model.)



In an eyeglass or spectacle, a clasp for folding a lens, formed with side plates which embrace the edge of said lens and inclose or cover a hole formed through it and containing a filling, the extremities of which are fused, soldered or similarly united with the inner faces of said plates.

542,578. WORKMAN'S TIME RECORDER. CHARLES A. WIDMER, New York, N. Y., assignor to the Widmer Time Recorder Company of New Jersey.—Filed March 14, 1895. Serial No. 541,651. (No model.)

#### The Dueber-Hampden Co. Expect Good Fall Business.

CANTON, O., July 15.—The Dueber-Hampden works, which shut down June 29th for the regular Summer vacation. resumed operations to-day. The outlook for a good season is said to be very bright, and it is expected that the large force of employes will have steady work right along.

Seven students are now with Dr. R. H. Knowles at his Summer school of optics, at Peak's Island, Maine. The students are profiting by Dr. Knowles' lectures at the same time that they are reaping the benefits of an enjoyable outing at one of the most popular resorts in Casco Bay.

A J. Hedges & Co., 6 Maiden Lane, New York, in their advertisement, present an illustration of one of their new designs of veil pins. The firm have many new designs in scarf pins, lace pins, etc., which are certain to meet the taste of those who appreciate a high standard of rich jewelry.

#### The Adjustment of Repeating Watches.

#### (Continued from p. 30, July 10) PUTTING THE REPEATING WORK IN ACTION.

THE twelve toothed ratchet will be put in position as well as the liftings or pallets and their springs; the springs of the hammers and their countersprings and the adjusting screw. The liftings will be put in action, and the springs made of suitable strength in agreement with the weight of the hammers; their blades ought to be free of the plate and the acting part well smoothed.

The striking of the hours and quarters should be tried to see that the action of the hammers is not hindered by too much lifting. In this case, before going farther, either the cocks or the hammers may be filed as much as is necessary for the piece to strike. Remount the rack, the star, the finger which brings back the quarter piece and the long piece or "locking spring," and then put the frame in the case to make sure that the action of the slide is sufficient for 12 hours, and that the locking piece has space to return in leaving to the slide a little shake with the arm of the rack.

After that, the recoil of the hour snail against the arm of the rack on each of the 12 hours should be verified; note those that will require filing.

In the case where it will be too much the eleventh and twelfth hour, there will be no other recourse than to change the position of the snail on the star; and if, after this changing, the arm of the rack does not safely bear against the snail at the first it must be hammered out at the end.

Before making the verification of the striking of the hours, the canon pinion should be put in position, on which the quarter snail will be lightly riveted, and the "surprise" freely held by its collet, very nicely adjusted in the canon pinion. The sides of the pallet gearing with the star wheel should be slightly rounded; it ought to pass with certainty at the first hour (or one o'clock) in advance of the hour snail.

The curve of the long piece or "locking spring" should be adjusted at the commencement in such a manner that the lifting of this piece, produced by the play of the arm against the rack, after it has touched the snail, should be equal on every hour.

The passage of the lifting of the hours with the teeth of the twelve toothed ratchet, corresponding to each of the 12 steps in the hour snail, should then be verified; for this, the slide should be lightly pushed exactly to the point to make the quarter piece unlock from one to twelve hours. In the case where it sounds one hour too httle on every hour, the excess of the lifting of the long piece should be taken off, by fixing at their point of contact the arm of the rack or the small movable lever, or else the said lever at its points of contact with the unlocking spring. In the case where there

should not be an excess of lifting, the end of the arm of the rack should be filed, that is to say, the part which rests against the steps of the snail.

If in pushing very lightly, it strikes an hour too little on certain steps of the snail, these should be filed to bring them in agreement with the others, and the excess of the lifting of the long piece should be corrected by means of a pin fixed in the plate, against which the said piece will be stopped at the moment of unlocking. The arm of the rack might also be hammered, so as to diminish its play against this, after the moment that it has touched the snail.

If in pushing the slide with a certain force, it strikes an hour too much *on every hour*, the arm should be hammered, so as to diminish its play against the rack, or else at the part which rests against the snail.

If this part of the arm is found to be already weak, the first process is preferable; nevertheless, if in diminishing the play of the arm against the rack, it prevents it from striking an hour too much, this alteration diminishes on the other hand the lifting of the locking piece, produced by the small movable lever; and if the unlocking should not be able to be effected, when even it is pushed strongly, then the quarter piece or the long piece should be filed to diminish the amount of the locking, until the unlocking shall have taken place with certainty.

Then, if in pushing the same to the bottom, it strikes an hour too much on some hours only, the other steps on which it strikes correctly should be filed, to put them in agreement with the first. The snail being equalized it will strike an hour too much on every hour; this should be corrected by one of the means previously indicated.

When the arm of the rack rests on the step of the twelfth hour of the snail, it is necessary that the inside of the high part of this latter, corresponding to the first hour, is sufficiently taken back so that, when the star-wheel is turned until the snail is stopped by the arm, the point of the tooth of the star-wheel may have gone beyond the shifting point, so that the arm cannot touch against the high part of the snail before the star has shifted on ore hour.

After this overhauling, it should be ascertained that the piece strikes with regularity that nothing hinders the complete lifting of the hammers, that the quarters or five minutes are not too quick after the hours, and that in the minute pieces the quarters and minutes are in harmony with the striking of the hour.

The "overswinging" of the lifting of the hours should be verified, the quarter piece being pushed right up, and in making the hours strike without the quarters, it is necessary to examine if the pin of this lifting touches the quarter-piece. When this defect exists, if the lifting overswings more than is necessary for the passage of the twelve toothed ratchet, the part can be filed where the pin touches the quarter piece; otherwise the diameter of the quarter snail should be reduced as much as it can be done with safety, to prevent the contact of the lifting of the large hammer with the tooth of the quarter piece.

In striking one hour and three-quarters, the finger which brings back ought to be unlocked in such a manner as to permit the quarter piece to fall to the bottom of the snail.

The examiner may be called upon to increase the lifting of the hour hammer when the equalization of the hour has already been done. To avoid hammering the tooth of the lifting of the hours, it is possible to close it, after having tempered it, by putting an arbor in the hole and striking it on the side in order that it may be brought nearer lengthwise to the part which acts against the pin of the hammer; this plan is very efficacious and produces much effect without deranging the striking of the hours, the lifting or pallet not being lengthened.

In order to obtain harmony, it is sometimes necessary to increase the lifting of the hammers for striking the quarters. Do any means exist for doing it without hammering the teeth of the quarter piece?

If it were possible to close the liftings by hammering the part which acts against the pins of the hammer, it would be easy to obtain the desired effect, but this procedure is not always practicable, for the part to hammer is often very weak.

To surmount the difficulty the point of the teeth of the quarter piece in the center of the movement should be stretched by fixing the piece in two tongs, the one placed by the pile, and the other on the three teeth acting on the large or on the small hammer that it is necessary to stretch; the steel included between the two tongs should be heated until it changes color, in the meantime exercising a horizental pressure with the tongs. It is only necessary to stretch the points of the teeth a very little to considerably increase the lifting; in heating to a violet the effect should be obtained. This method requires care not to twist the quarter piece; if this happens it can be easily set square on a piece of lead.\*

(To be continued.)

**Treatment of Lemel.**—Lemel, that is the filings and turnings produced during the process of manufacture, should have quite a separate method of treatment. It is best prepared for the crucible by passing it through a fine sieve, afterward thoroughly burning it in an iron ladle, and then mixing it intimately with a flux of the following proportions: Silver dust, 24 parts; carbonate of soda, 4; common salt, 2; sal-enixum, 1. This latter prevents the rising of the mixture in the crucible; it also possesses a refining capacity, the same as saltpetre, and is much cheaper.

<sup>\*</sup> This appears to us to be rather a ticklish piece of business.

## Quick Selling Novelties STERLING SILVER.

## CODDING BROS. & HEILBORN,

North Attleboro, Mass.

New York Office : C. A. Vanderbilt, 178 Broadway. Chicago Office : F. A. Buck, 805 Masonic Temple. Philadelphia Office : J. C. Buck, 15 North 6th Street



### THE PRACTICAL ELECTRO • PLATER.

By MARTIN BRUNOR. A comprehensive treatise on Electro Plating, covering every branch of the trade, with notes on ancient and modern gilding and formulas for new solutions.

300 PAGES, FULLY ILLUSTRATED. Securely bound in cloth and half morocco.? PRICE, \$10.00. For SALE BY THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR,

189 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK,

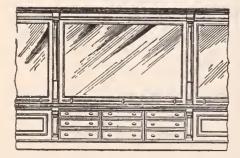
## MELISHEK & PETTER,

128 Maiden Lane, New York.

MANUFACTURERS OF

WALL AND COUNTER CASES.

FOR JEWELRY, SILVER-WARE, ETC.



W<sup>E</sup> make to order only, and guarattee our work to be Dust Proof and First-Class in all its details, and to have all the Latest Improvements as regards Shelf Artangements, Electric Lights, Etc. We will cneerfully furnish Estimates and Sketches for any store free of charge.

#### Workshop Notes.

**Scrap Silver.**—Scrap silver should be carefully sorted before undergoing the process of re-melting, and, if possible, all foreign substances removed. It may, if preferred to work in that way, be melted into a separate bar, or otherwise used as an addition to a new mixture.

**Barrel Hook.**—To put in a barrel hook, drill a hole into the barrel, and cut a screw into it; then cut a thread on a brass wire the same size as the hole, file under on one side to form a hook screw into the barrel, and cut off. Select a suitable spring, put it into the barrel; if an American, see that the catch on the end does not protrude too far or the balance will be apt to catch on it.

**Headless Screw From Plate.**—Take two pieces of steel wire, three-quarters of an inch in length, one size smaller than the screw; file one edge wedge shape. Put one piece in the head and the other in the tail stock of the lathe; push them near together with the plate between and the wire touching each end of the screw. Push hard, and turn the plate with your hand.

**Best Solder**.—The best solder will be found to be that with a little zinc. It may be laminated, rolled, or filed into dust; if the latter, it should be finely done, as this is better for every purpose. Too much zinc, however, should not be added under any condition, as it has a tendency to eat itself away during wear, thus rendering the articles partly useless either for ornamental or domestic purposes earlier than might be anticipated.

Silver Solder.—The silver or other metal to be operated upon by soldering being partly of a porous nature, the greater the heat required in the fusion of the solder the more closely are the atoms of the two metals brought into direct relationship; thus, greater solidity is given to the parts united, which are then capable of form ing the maximum of resistance. It is thus obvious that tin should not be employed in forming solders that shall possess the characteristics above described.

**Oil Adhering to Pivots.**—A high or projecting finish, flat pivots, and the inside and outside turned at an acute angle, make the oil adhere better and prevent it from spreading. In a case where the holes are wrinkled there is more room for the oil, and it is, therefore, more rapidly decomposed. The smaller the pivot, the less it is affected by changes in the oil, and, consequently, the less will it vary in its working in various positions. Pivots, however, should never be made so fine that their solidity will be jeopardized.

**Improving Color of Silver**.—For improving the color of silver and electro-plated wares the following mixture has been strongly recommended: Nitrate of silver, 4 pennyweights, cyanide of potassium, 5 ounces, and water, I quart; the ingredients should be well mixed together, and applied by means of a soft brush or sponge to the surface of the work. In using this cyanide solution the operator should carefully guard against a too frequent contact with it, as it is decidedly injurious to the hands, especially if there be any abrasion of the skin.

Danger to Goldsmiths .- Gold-workers are exposed to several pernicious vapors in the exercise of their trade, by far the worst being that which arises during the process of wet-coloring from the action of the hydrochloric acid upon the work and the other ingredients. The effluvia arising therefrom, in badly constructed workrooms, produces great distress to the operator, affecting the head, the stomach, and the whole nervous system. When the above symptoms present themselves, a good drink of new milk will counteract the evil, and act as a complete antidote to the mischievous effects of the poisonous and other noxious vapors taken into the stomach during the performance of any of these processes.

Whitening Silver .--- Various solutions being simple in their management and easy of preparation are employed as whiteners for silver. The following also is very practical: Take one ounce of the nitrate of silver, and dissolve it in one quart of pure distilled water, or if this cannot be procured, water which has been boiled by which it loses some of its impurities. When the the nitrate of silver has been dissolved thoroughly throw into the mixture a little powdered hyposulphite of soda; this will precipitate the silver, and when it has taken place a further addition of hyposulphite of soda should be made, which will eventually redissolve the precipitate, and the solution is then ready for use. To produce a good mixture, the salt of soda should be added slightly in excess. The solution is used by simply dipping a sponge in it and rubbing it over the surface of the articles to be coated, and this is continued until they have assumed the desired color.

Fluxes .- When separately melting scrap silver, a flux, such as carbonate of soda, may be employed on account of its cheapness, in small proportions to the charcoal flux. In brittle and troublesome alloys, charcoal and a small quantity of borax will be found to be extremely effective. Saltpetre is a very useful flux in dissolving impurities, but in some alloys its presence is injurious. Sandiver will remove iron or steel from the mixture. Corrosive sublimate destroys lead and tin. Subcarbonate of potash will be found one of the best fluxes for silver, when matters have not been quite so straight as they should be in the working of the metal; it is used in melting the difficult alloy of 18 gold, and is considered a karat secret not generally known to the trade. Sal ammoniac is an excellent flux for producing clean and bright ingots and tough alloys. We invariably use it with all our alloys, mixed in small quantities with charcoal, and prefer it to all others.

#### Fashionable Demand For Ivory Goods.

THE demand for toilet goods of ivory has increased rapidly among ultrafashionable people who aim to obtain articles pecuniarily out of the reach of the majority. This demand has been occasioned partly by the dearness of ivory and the cheapening of the other materials in which toilet goods have heretofore been made, and partly by the extreme beauty which ivory shows when well wrought into articles of utility and luxury.

No more beautiful specimens of work in tusk -ivory can be seen than those in the display of Deitsch Bros., 7 E. 17th St., New York. Since this firm purchased the plant and business of H. Grote & Co., they have possessed all the facilities for turning out beautiful work in ivory enjoyed by the former firm, and this circumstance coupled with their many years' experience in the manufacture of toilet articles, has enabled Deitsch Bros. to put forth one of the most perfect lines of ivory backed brushes, photograph frames, shoe horns, mirrors and powder boxes that the market has ever contained.

Particularly worthy of mention in this line are the assortments of photograph frames and mirrors. The former, which are said to be made of ivory now for the first time are in various sizes in antique styles.

GOLD FILLED

W

The frames are of one piece, and though they have no ornamentation, are most rich in effect. An advantage of the mirrors made by this firm lies in the fact that they are absolutely free from the most common defect noted in these articles, namely the liability of the frame to split owing to the expansion and contraction of the glass. As Deitsch Bros, control the patent for setting the glass formerly owned by H. Grote & Co., they are enabled to safely guarantee that their product will be free from this fault.

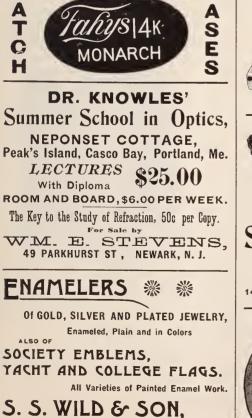
#### A Watch With a History.

**J** UDGE Frederick W. Moore of the Superior Court is the possessor of an heirloom in the shape of a watch that no amount of money would buy. And, besides its value as an heirloom, it has an historic interest.

The timepiece is of the open-face bull'seye pattern. As with all old style watches of the pattern mentioned, the outer case must be removed before it can be wound. The outer case of this watch is of hammered gold, and all the work on it was done by hand. While this is apparent from the workmanship, it is further proved by the date on the inside, which is 1754. There is an inscription on the inside as follows: "Daniel De St. Leu, Servant to Her Majesty, London." Her Majesty then was the Queen of George II., the then reigning King of England.

The authentic history of this valuable timepiece is this: In the years preceding 1754 William Augustus, Duke of Cumberland, the second son of George II., was the commander of the British armies. In the Scottish campaigns and in the campaigns against the Prussians and the Russians, and when he was at the head of the British, Hanoverian, and Danish forces of 50,000 men, Dr. Frederick William Schwartz, a Hanoverian, was on his staff as surgeon. At the close of the campaign against the Prussians and the Russians, the Duke had three watches made like the one Judge Moore has, and of which it is one. The watches were presented to three officers of the Duke's staff by him as a mark of his esteem. One went to Dr. Schwartz, as a Hanoverian; one to a British officer, and one to a Danish officer. The presentations weie made in 1755. After the Doctor's services had ended in 1757 and the Duke had returned to London, it was expected he would succeed to the throne, but the birth of a son to his elder brother cut him out.-St. Louis Republic.





179 Eddy Street, PROVIDENCE, R. I. Correspondence Solicited. Telephone Connection.







100 RICHMOND ST., PROVIDENCE, R. I.

## Manufacturing Jewelers and Silversmiths.

STERLING, 925/1000 FINE.

Headquarters for Manicure Goods and Sterling Novelties.



Having increased the size of our factory we are prepared to make larger quantities of goods than ever. Every pen carefully tested and fully warranted,

CHICAGO BRANCH: 103 State Street, S. N. JENKINS, Manager. CENERAL ACENTS FOR PAUL E. WIRT FOUNTAIN PENS. 1 19 Maiden Lane, New York



#### The Rambler's Notes.

WHAT THE RAMBLER SAW AND HEARD AMONG THE Dealers in art pottery, cut glass, bronzes, etc.

INTERESTING FEATURES NUMBER FIVE, of Oriental wares. Monthly, just out,

has its covers beautifully illustrated in colors and contains a highly colored center page giving glimpses of the Orient. This bright little magazine, which is published by A. A. Vantine & Co., importers of Oriental products, 877 Broadway, New York, contains many features which will interest jewelers handling bric-à-brac and art pottery. Among the many clever notes in this, the latest issue, is an article on Japanese porcelains and keramics, and a few remarks anent the netsuké.

Two NEW CUTTINGS IN STRAUS CUT GLASS. The cut glass of L. Straus & Sons, 42–48 Warren St., New York, are promised by that firm. The designs, which have not yet been named, will be among the richest ever shown in Straus cut glass and will be cut in a full line of handsome pieces. Work on these goods has already been commenced at the factory in Hoboken, N. J., and a full assortment will be shown at the New York warerooms in about two weeks,

#### FALL LINES OF

ENDEMANN & Churchill is the

DELINIERES CHINA style of the former firm of H. Endemann & Co. No change has been made in the members of the firm, which is still composed of H. Endemann and H. R. Churchill. Their Fall stock of the Limoges china of R. Delinières & Co., and Vienna and Berlin china of S. Reich & Co., for which they are the sole agents, will be on display about August 1st, at 58 Murray St., New York.

### BRONZES.

I<sup>N</sup> the bronzes which have just been opened by Leon J.

Glaenzer & Co., 80 Chambers St., New York, is an assortment of Napoleonic medallions imported especially for the jewelry trade. Some show an idealized full face of La Géneral Bonaparte, while others show the pro-

file of Emperor Napoleon. The medallions are in a variety of sizes in plain bronze and bronze and gilt frames, while some of the smaller pieces have the bronze head on a round onyx slab.

## PHOTO FRAMES

 $A^{\rm N} \stackrel{\rm assortment of}{{}_{\rm pretty \ Limoges}} \\ {}_{\rm multi-p \ ho \ to \ gr \ a \ p \ h}$ 

frames is shown by C. L. Dwenger, 35 Park Place, New York. The frames are of various sizes, containing spaces for two, three or six portraits. Several attractive flower decorations are to be found among the 20 different styles shown.

THE RAMBLER.

#### Parisian Novelties in Table= ware.

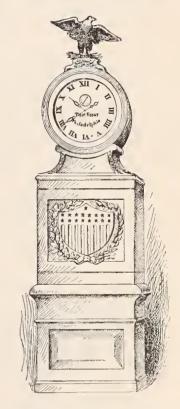
THE rich effects of cut glass on the table need not be mentioned, says the Diamant. Of late, however, there is a still more marked tendency to have a great deal of cut glass on the table, dainty bowls and vases for flowers, salt cellars, pepper boxes, oil and vinegar bottles, in fact, everything that can be made of glass suitably. The main articles of glass tableware, however, are the glasses, for at a French dinner there are three at every place-one for ordinary wine, one for Bordeaux, and one for champagne. The first is a rather large glass, either the ordinary angular or oval goblet shape. The lower part of the bowl is cut, and favorite designs are star and oval cutting, with occasionally a frosted design.

A number of exquisite designs in decoration are being made in colored glass. Fern leaves, briar roses, and other delicate designs in flowers, stars, and the familiar scroll cutting are favorites. One of the neatest designs is a thin glass with a narrow border of oak leaves around the rim. 1 ae champagne glass is a broad shallow glass with less decoration than the other two. The beauty of the champagne glass is to have a thin clear glass with some plain decorations.

#### Old Clocks in the U. S. Capitol.

N the corridor just outside the entrance to the Senate is the large clock represented in the drawing, says F. B. Brock, in *The Decorator and Furnisher*. This has been in the Capitol so long that the memory of man runneth not to the contrary.

Guides, in escorting visitors about the building, always point it out and say that it was originally from Independence Hall in Philadelphia. Employes of the Capitol discredit this story. The severe plainness of the sclemn looking old frame is relieved by a shield surrounded by a carved wreath, one side of laurel and the other of oak leaves. This shield displays 17 stars and the same number of stripes. Those stars certainly indicate the number of States in the Union when the clock was made. Ohio



was the seventeenth State and was admitted in 1802. The name Thos. Voigt, Philadelphia, appears on the face. Compared with an ordinary tall clock this is what might be called heroic size, bearing about the same relation to the usual hall clock that a heroic statue does to the life size.

Another very old clock hangs in the clerks' room, opposite the entrance to the Supreme Court. It was ordered by Judge Story from a Massachusetts firm and hung in the old Supreme Court downstairs. It has an enormous round face, nearly a yard across, with an ornamental gold frame and base, now slightly tarnished, and, like all the old clocks, is a good timekeeper.

July 17, 1895.

#### Stole the Hands of the Clock.

**V**ISITORS and the faculty at Dartmouth College, commencement day, this year, missed the hands of the old college clock, which for over 90 years had told the hours in the front gable of Dartmouth Hall. Much wonder was expressed at the disappearance. The clock was still running and striking.

It leaked out that one of the last acts of the class of '96 was to appoint a committee of three to get into the attic, remove the hands and divide them into 68 parts, and each of the graduating class has a souvenir which would be highly coveted by thousands of the alumni. The hands were of pine wood, each over three feet long.

#### Snakes That Tell Time.

HERE are a couple of curious snakes at "The Zoo," in Philadelphia, Pa. They are called the horoscopical snakes. These snakes actually turn themselves into a clock and keep time. They are two in number, one black as the ace of spades and the other alternate stripes of red and black. Both are about two feet long. The striped snake turns himself into a perfect circle, apparently putting the end of his tail in his mouth. The other ties a knot in his middle, places this knot in the center of the circle, made by his companion, puts his head and feet together and the couple are ready for business. The one with a knot in his body uses the portions on each side of the knotas the minute and hour hands of the clock. The tail is the minute hand and it glides along the dial made by the other snake. The stripes of the dial snake are, singular as it may seem, 12 in number, so that the hours can easily be distinguished. The point where the head and tail meet is 12, and of course it is easy to figure out the time from that.

The minute hand moves along almost as imperceptibly as the minute hand of a clock, and strange to say, almost as accu-

Take All The orders you CAN GET FOR WEDDING INVITATIONS, VISITING CARDS, MONOGRAMS and ADDRESS DIES, WE WILL FILL THEM AT A PROFIT TO YOU ! PROMPT SERVICE. RELIABLE WORK.

THE STATIONERS' ENGRAVING CO. 98-100-102 NASSAU STREET, N. Y. rately. When timed a few days ago there was only a difference of nine seconds and a half between the living clock and the chronometer used in timing it. Of course the snakes do not keep this up all the time. Sometimes they go for days without keeping time. Then the keepers humorously say that the clock has struck.

The horoscopical snakes have been known to keep pretty accurate time for four hours in a stretch. They avoid beginning at 12 o'clock, because the snake finds it rather difficult to get both hands closely together. Careful observation shows that the minute hand is not formed by the tail of the serpent all the time. Whenever the two hands would ordinarily cross each other in a clock the hands on this snake change places. For example, at 4.15 o'clock the tail will point the minute and the head the hour. When they meet at 20 minutes past, the head begins pointing the minute and the tail the hour. It is much easier on the snake.

There has been a great deal of speculation as to what causes this wonderful performance. It is almost certain that these snakes did not invent this trick. A solution is offered which is quite as plausible as the performance is simple. In their native place, it is said, the inhabitants used to place pegs in the sand to tell the time by the sun's shadow. As ornaments they made the dials out of ringed snakes and then tied black snakes around the peg for variety's sake. As the shadow moved around the snake moved with it, so as to keep in the shade all the time.

#### NATURAL INFERENCES.

MRS. JACKSON.—Did you see Mrs. Briggs' collection of rare old china?

 $J_{\rm ACKSON}.--{\rm Yes},$  her family must have been quite poor.

 $M \mbox{\scriptsize Rs}$  Jackson.—No ! Why do you think so ?

JACKSON.—Well, if they had been able to keep servants she never would have had that collection of rare old china.—Ex-change.



SPORTING TIME.

-Vogue.

"If life is a fitful dream, death must a sort of alarm clock," says the Manayunk Philosopher.—Philadelphia *Record*.

#### AT THE SEASIDE.

"Are there many men here?" asked the newcomer.

"No," replied the girl who had been there a week, as she tightened her belt, "not enough to go around."—*Truth*.

## Perhaps You Don't!

BUT IF YOU SHOULD USE **MUSLIN BUFFS**, TAKE ONLY THE A1 WILLIAMSVILLE BUFFS.

One Standard—INVARIABLE.

One Quality-THE BEST.

One Trial-ALWAYS USED.

PREPAID SAMPLES IF YOU WANT THEM!

#### WILLIAMSVILLE MFG. CO.

18 SOUTH WATER ST., - PROVIDENCE, R. I MILLS AT WILLIAMSVILLE, KILLINGLY, CONN.

## THE VALUE OF THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

The following unsolicited expressions of opinion were recently received: REGARDING THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

Enclosed find \$2 for another year's subscription to your valuable journal. Long live THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR is the wish of CHAS. TUCKER, Del Norte, Cal.

As soon as our subscription is out, we shall renew it. We shall take The CIRCULAR as long as we are in business.

MARKS & KRANK, Schenectady, N. Y.

I am *well pleased* with THE CIRCULAR and no man in this business can afford to be without it.

H. A. ANSTEAD, Massena, N. Y.

I would feel lost without THE CIRCULAR for it is the Heart of the jewelry trade. S. E. WILLIAMS, Gloversville, N. Y. THE CIRCULAR has been visiting me monthly and weekly for the past 18 years. H. H. ROBINSON, Presque Isle, Que.

It is *the* live jewelers' paper and keeps us in touch with the trade throughout the continent. We want it if only for the advertisements.

BRITTON BROS., Lindsay, Ontario.

We think it pays to keep posted. We read our CIRCULAR and find it to be one of our very useful helps.

BROWN, HIXON & Co., Lockport, N. Y.

It is the *Best* paper on the market and one cannot be without it.

R. J. TRUMBULL, What Cheer, Ia.

THE CIRCULAR has been the means of saving me considerable money in the last three years in buying goods from jewelers who advertise in it.

H. M. TURNEY, Goodland, Kan.

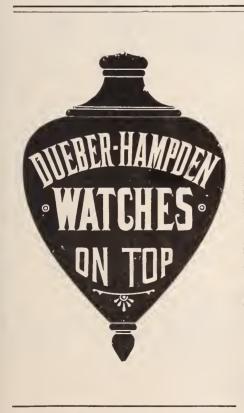
I always find THE CIRCULAR very interesting, and find many points of information in the same which have often proved to be quite valuable to me.

A. E. HAHN, Westerly, R. I.

Think each article you publish about "Window Decoration" worth the full price of your subscription, and trust you will have more of them this year.

> GEO. E. FEAGANS, Joliet, Ill.

THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR IS A COMPENDIUM OF NEWS, TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION AND VALUABLE SUGGESTIONS FOR THE CONDUCTING OF A JEWELRY BUSINESS.



H. M. RICH & CO., Jewelry · Auctioneers, 21 School Street, BOSTON, MASS.

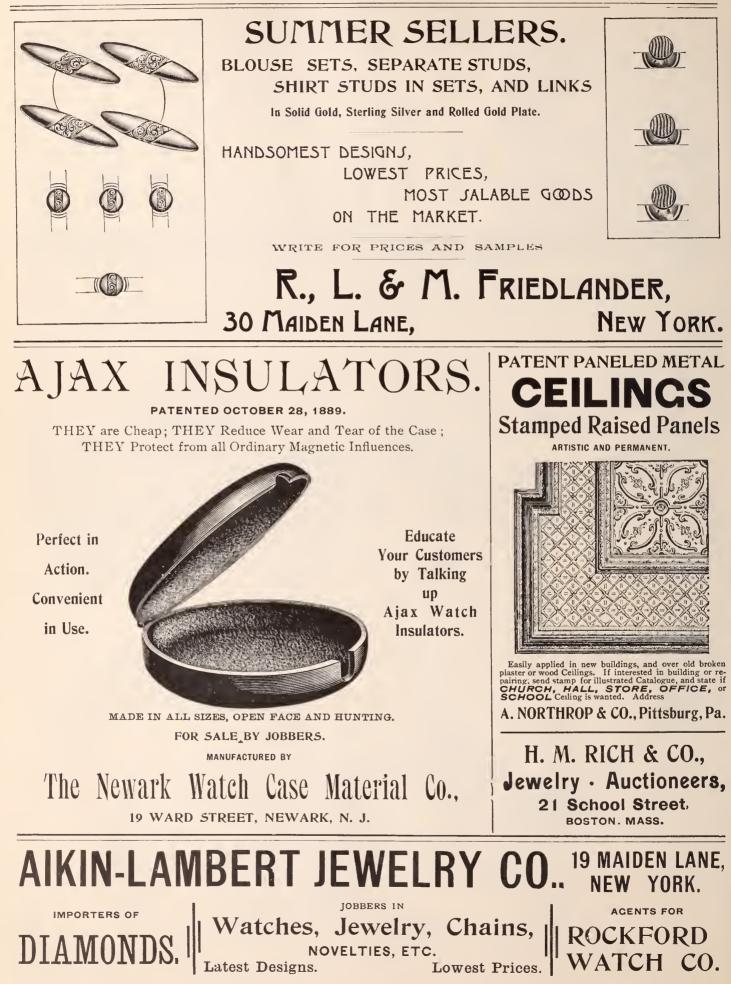






WEDDING PRESENTS TO PRINCESS HELENE-SEE PAGE 7.

2



Messrs. Krementz & Co., beg leave to call the attention of the trade to their complete line of Lorgnettes in gold, silver and tortoise shell. Also to their high grade stock of tortoise shell goods made of selected material, in artistic designs and the best workmanship. These goods are manufactured exclusively for the fine retail jewelry trade.

## KREMENTZ & CO.,

49 Chestnut Street, NEWARK, N. J.



July 24, 1895.



## F. M. WHITING COMPANY, SILVERSMITHS.

Factory and Main Office,





New York Office,



-ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO FACTORY .----

Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withhold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.



#### BEING AN HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DÂY.\*

#### PART XVI.

I<sup>N</sup> addition to the engraved patterns of the Towle Mfg. Co., described in the last instalment of this series of articles, we show on the next page the Florence, Clifton, Gladys, Lily, Clover and Argyll, engraved patterns, each of a distinct design, the basis

The entire front surface discloses a complete network of leaves, flowers, buds and twigs.

The Victor is founded on the Oval Thread, the decoration being a horseshoe shaped arrangement of diamond-like devices or rosettes, combined with a panel showing a the outline unbroken it would approach that of the Oval Thread.

The Hampton is of an original and graceful outline, while the ornamentation consists of simple, delicate scrolls. This pattern appeals to a refined taste.



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE TOWLE MFG. CO.

being the Antique or Windsor pattern.

The No. 128 shows a thin twisted handle. The die patterns of the Towle Mfg. Co. illustrated this week are the Arlington, Victor, Diana, Princess, Hampton, Pomona, Old English, Empire.

The Arlington is an embossed pattern, in outline being a flat topped Oval Thread.

Copyrighted, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

spray of flowers and leaves.

The Diana is a rich pattern, following no recognized model as to outline. The decorative scheme is an attractive combination of bold scrolls. The fluted detail at the tip is strikingly effective.

The Princess also is a rich pattern. The ornamentation consists of bold modernized rococco scrolls, combined with shell-like devices and sprays of forget-me-nots. Were The Pomona has been one of the most successful patterns produced by the Towle Mfg. Co. It has a delicate, waving outline, well calculated to set off the floral ornamental scheme. It will be noticed that the outline is a series of leaf-work which folds inward, enclosing the main decorative details.

The Old English has won a marvelous success. It is a purely artistic pattern based

upon the old King as to outline. The decorative details are rococco scrolls and full blown roses, which form a harmonious combination. The Old English has been has since been sold in large quantities. To obtain highly effective results with a few striking *motifs* was evidently the object of the company in their production of the Em-

The thread along the edges of the handle, the scroll, beads and shell of the upper part are truly Pompeiian, and lend themselves in the producing of an effect that is immedi-



FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE TOWLE MFG. CO.

one of the truly successful spoon patterns of American silversmiths.

The Empire, introduced last Fall, at once won favorable comment from the trade, and pire pattern. The style of art of the Empire period had for its prototype older Pompeiian decorations, some of the details of which find eloquent expression in this pattern.

### Dominick & Haff,

MAKERS OF WARES IN

#### STERLING SILVER,

FOR THE TRADE ONLY;

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK,

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES

ately suggestive of ancient styles of ornamentation. The decoration of the handle, the outline of which is graceful and unusual, resides principally at the top, the pattern thus being radically different from all the other recent designs.

(Series to be continued.)

#### The Residence of Chris. Strobel Robbed.

WATERBURY, Conn., July 16.—Burglars this morning entered the residence of Chris. Strobel, of Lake, Strobel & Co., and made a haul of \$1,000 or more. Entrance was made through a kitchen window into the room where Mr. Strobel was occupying a bed with his brother George, a salesman for the Waterbury Watch Co. From the pockets and clothes of Chris. Strobel were taken \$165 in money, a gold watch, a \$350 diamond stud and a diamond studded Elk watch charm valued at \$100. The clothes of George Strobel in the same room, with valuables to an equal amount, were not touched.

Traces of the burglars were found in other parts of the house, but little else is missing except some jewels, amount not known, which were taken from a jewel case belonging to Miss Emma Strobel, who is visiting in New York.

An alarm was sent out to police departments throughout this section of the country. A reward of \$100 is offered.

#### Among the African Diamond Mines.

#### THE DEBEERS COMPANY'S PROFITS FOR THE PAST YEAR-DIAMOND DISCOVERIES AT THE TRANSVAAL MINES.

KIMBERLEY, June 15, 1895.- The DeBeers Co. are at the close of another successful financial year. The revenue has been £3,204,000 and the expenditure £1,253,000, leaving a gross profit of £1,950,000. After providing for interest and sinking fund on debentures and all other obligations, there remains a net profit of £1,602,000, out of which two dividends of 121/2 per cent. each have been declared, absorbing about £1,000,-000. These figures are exclusive of the amount carried forward in the last balance sheet, £726,666, but include a decrease of 167,000 loads in the stock of blue ground, which still exceeds 3,000 loads.

The recent discovery of diamonds among the gold quartz at several of the Transvaal gold mines is regarded as curious, as the two precious commodities have not previously, in South Africa, at any rate, been in proximity. At Klerksdorp the intimation that diamonds were being recovered with the gold came as a revelation to the management of the concern. Gems continued to be found, chiefly in the cement cleaned out of the mortar boxes, leading to the inference that the larger diamonds had been pulverized by the powerful stamps used for crushing the gold quartz. Some of these stones have been polished and have proved to be gems of the first water, being pronounced by experts as almost unique in character. The consideration now is how the mines can be systematically worked. At Johannesburg, too, some valuable diamonds have lately been found imbedded in ST. GEORGE. the gold formation.

#### Wedding Gifts to Princ.ss He= lene.

#### (Illustrations on Page 1.)

NUMEROUS were the presents given to Princess Hélène de France, second daughter of the Comte de Paris, on the occasion of her marriage with the Duke d'Aoste, which took place on June 27. The bride received from the Countess de Paris a remarkable collection of precious stones, besides several articles of jewelry; from the Duke d'Orléans, a splendid diamond necklace, five emerald ear-rings, a diadem and an aigrette consisting of emeralds and diamonds. The Duke d'Aoste gave her a parure of pearls and diamonds, a necklace formed of 35 magnificent large pearls with a diamond clasp of an elegant design, a tight necklace consisting of eleven rows of pearls with a clasp of emeralds and diamonds, and another necklace exhibiting five large square diamonds and five emeralds in the shape of pearls, with a diamond clasp.

The Princess received also a lovely sapphire sent from the Queen of Italy, a pretty caduceus formed of diamonds, pearls and rubies from the Princess of Wales, a mantle clasp in the shape of sheaves, of diamonds from the Duchess de Montpensier, a seal of lapis-lazuli adorned with diamonds from Baroness Gustave de Rothschild, besides many bracelets, ear-rings, brooches, jeweled fans, sunshades and umbrellas with costly handles, etc., etc. Worthy of mention was a bag of Russian leather with gold mountings which belonged to Louis XVI, and a little oval box in gold most daintily chased, a relic of Queen Marie Antoinette.

ceived a diamond bracelet with a trefoil formed of rubies; from the Duke and Duchess de Chartres a necklace consisting of 13 rows of pearls, with five clasps showing the colors of France and Savoy, in sapphires, diamonds, rubies and emeralds; from the Duke d'Aumale a Louis XVI parure of a beautiful design, exhibiting large emeralds cut square surrounded with diamonds, also a very light and graceful diadem in the same style ; from the King of Italy a magnificent diamond tiara; from a group of French Royalist ladies an elegant





NEW YORK.

silver surtout, forming a jardiniere, finely chased in the Louis XIV style, as exhibited in the fountains of that period, with figures of naïads disporting in water (represented by mirrors), and cupids in niches; there is the French fleur-de-lis on one side, and the "silver cross" of Savoy on the other; also a pair of massive candelabra of a stately design from the same group of ladies.

A small body of Royalists, who meet and dine once a month at Durant's restaurant, Paris, gave a silver *marmite*, a kind of soup kettle, of the shape used in the time of Henri IV of France, who wished that each one of his subjects would have *une poule au pot* at least every Sunday. On one side there is a portrait of Henri IV in relief, framed with a laurel wreath, and on the other the French Royal arms; there is a fowl on the top of the cover. On the kettle are inscribed the words *La poule au pot*.

#### Connecticut Factories Start up on Full Time.

New HAVEN, Conn., July 19.—The Winsted clock shop, after having had extensive repairs and improvements made, started up work July 15.

The Middletown Plate Co. re-opened their shop July 15th after a rest of two weeks, during which the shop has been repaired. It will run on full time.

The Silver Plate Cutlery Co.'s factory, Shelton, started up July 15, with a large number of orders which seem to guarantee several month's steady work. This company are erecting a new storehouse.

The Derby Silver Co.'s works, Shelton, started up in part, July 15, and additional employes will be set at work daily, with the prospect that the factory will be running within a week or ten days.

The big addition to the Rogers Silver Plate Co.'s extensive plant in Danbury is rapidly nearing completion. When it is finished a number of new hands will be employed and the company's output will be considerably enlarged. Orders are reported numerous and the outlook for the future bright.

Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.'s big silver plate shops in Wallingford resumed operations July 15, after a shut-down of two weeks. They are running full time, 10 hours a day and six days per week. Before the shut-down they were running 32 hours per week. Orders are coming in rapidly and a busy season is anticipated.

The Waterbury Clock Co. have begun the enlarging of their plant.

In several of the departments of the Meriden Britannia Co.'s manufactory work was resumed July 16. Other departments were to resume work during the week.

Geo. H. Searle has opened a jewelry business in Augusta, Wis.

In a fire in Antioch, Cal., recently D, Christensen's jewelry store was destroyed.

## The Human Figure in the New Designs in Jewelry.

#### (See page 10.)

A. BONNIOL & SON, designers and die sinkers, who prepared the page of designs illustrated on page 10, write as follows:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 9, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: \* \* \* As you said truly in your June 26 number, "The embodiment of the human figure in the ornamental scheme \* \* \* is becoming monthly more and more prominent." You are right; we are cutting more work in that way than in ornaments or flowers alone.

This new turn in style in jewelry and silverware is now taking the lead. The human face or figure is introduced gracefully and artistically, some flowers being thrown in occasionally, but always soberly, to yield more gracefulness in the composition.

Some beautiful specimens of this work are to be seen in first-class stores, that no doubt the general retail trade will follow.

## The Old Conrad Complications Again in Court.

ERIE, Pa., July 16.—In the United States Circuit Court this week the equity case of Uriah R. Sigler, assignee in trust for the benefit of the creditors of J. O. Conrad vs. C. M. Conrad, will come up for a hearing.

The bill sets forth that on Nov. 14, 1892, one J. O. Conrad duly executed a deed of assignment to the relator for all of his property, which was duly filed in the Probate Court of Cuyahoga County, O. The indebtedness was \$100,000, and the full value of his assets were \$25,000, whereas his inventory covered \$70,000. The bill sets forth that J. O. Conrad is a young man and the respondent, his uncle, is a man of mature age and of large business experience. The aforesaid J. O. Conrad commenced business in Cleveland as a wholesale jeweler in December, 1888, under the firm name of J. M. Chandler & Co.; that on Nov. 11, 1892, J. O. Conrad became insolvent by the procurement of C. M. Conrad, and after bringing to Erie four trunks of jewelry of the value of \$75,000, J. O. Conrad confessed judgment to C. M. Conrad for \$21,797.64. The trunks, containing the greater part of Conrad's assets, were seized by the sheriff and sold.

The relator alleges that the note was given without consideration and for the purpose of defrauding the creditors of J. O. Conrad, and therefore pray, the court to vacate the judgment and set aside the sale.

Birely & Son, Oshkosh, Wis., have commenced the erection of a two-story 53-foot addition of brick to their store on Main St. The addition will give the firm one of the largest and most convenient jewelry stores in the State. The entire interior, 133 feet in length, will be remodeled with an eye to the prosecution of a high class jewelry business. Art rooms, office apartments and a watchmaking establishment in the rear of the building will be provided for.

## ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS. RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS.

IMPORTERS OF

## DIAMONDS,

AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

#### FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

DIAMOND JEWELRY,

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

58 Nassau Street,

- 29 Maiden Lane,
- I Tulp Straat,

1 St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus, LONDON, E. C.



TRADE MARK.

CARTER, SLOAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY,

ESTABLISHED 1841.

#### No. 15 MAIDEN LANE,

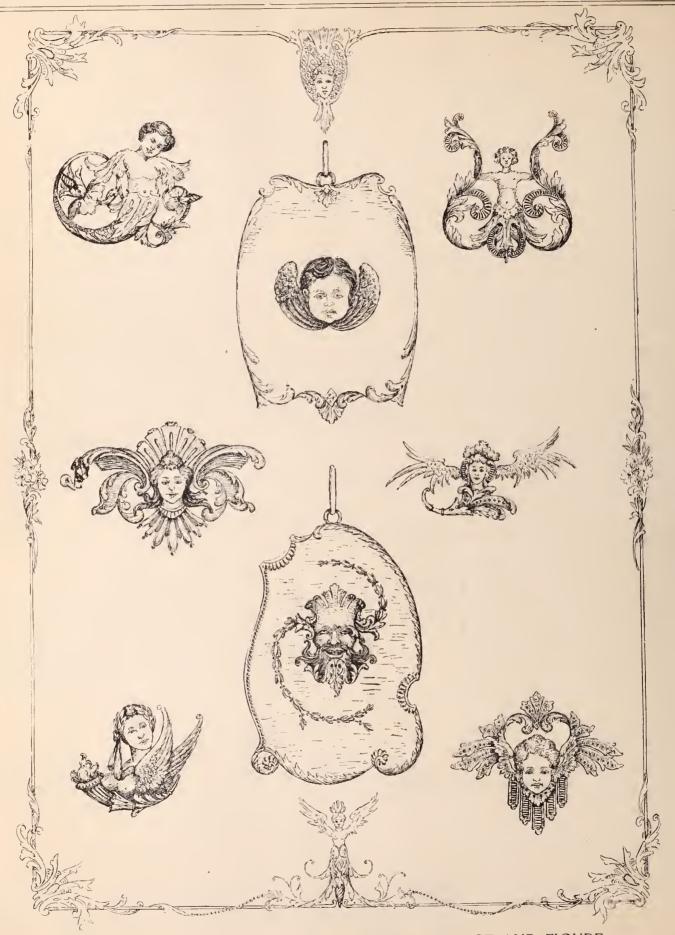
NEW YORK.

A. CARTER Jr. A. K. SLOAN. C. E. HASTINGS.

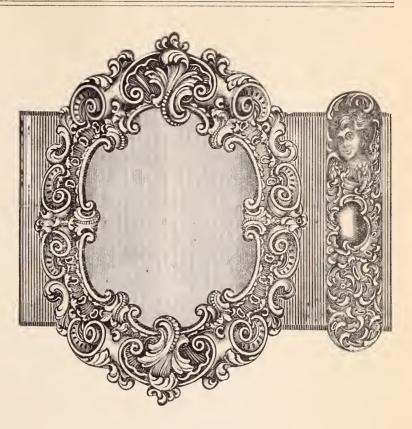
GEO. R. HOWE WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J





DESIGNS IN JEWELRY SHOWING THE HUMAN FACE AND FIGURE. Designed and drawn especially for The Jewelers' Circular BY A. BONNIOL & SON, DIE SINKERS, 119 ORANGE ST., PROVIDENCE, R. I. BEE PAGE 9. 6717 Oxidized.
6718 Old Gold Finish.
6719 Silver, Satin Finish.
6720 Roman Gold Finish.



6757 Roman GoldFinish.
6758 Old Gold Finish.
6759 Oxidized.
6760 Silver, Satin Finish.

THESE BUCKLES ARE ALL PROVIDED WITH OUR IN TERCHANGEABLE BELT ATTACHMENT.

## BIPPART & CO.,

Manufacturers of FINE JEWELRY IN 14 K. GOLD AND .925 FINE SILVER GOODS,

NEWARK, N. J.

#### New York Credit Men to Form an Organization.

Many of the credit men of New York have felt for some time past that there should be an organization among them, and accordingly some of them talked the matter over among themselves and then called a meeting for general discussion to take place at the Astor House, June 25. On July 15 a call for another meeting, as follows, was sent out:

#### OFFICE OF

#### Organization Committee N. Y. Credit Men.

#### ROOMS 175-6 TIMES BUILDING.

#### NEW YORK, July 15, 1895.

DEAR SIR—Many credit men of New York believe that an organization composed of gentlemen identified with the extension of mercantile credits would be of inestimable value and importance to the interests they represent. The matter has been made the subject of more or less discussion, and as a result an informal meeting was held at the Astor House, June 21st, 1895, with the view of bringing together the credit men for the purpose of ascertaining if such an organization would meet with their approval.

Those present were unanimously in favor of the proposition, and it was resolved that it would be advisable to seek expression of opinion from all credit men throughout the city as to whether they also would be disposed to support an organization of this character, and lend to the movement the benefit of their active co-operation and influence.

It seems to us that an association of this description would be influential and should call for the support of all sound and conservative business men. Especially would this be so should it be found advisable to effect a national organization. We are of the opinion that many needed reforms in the laws of the various States, affecting assignments and the rights of creditors, could be instituted and accomplished through such an agency.

The undersigned respectfully request your presence at a meeting of the credit men of this city to be held at the Broadway Central Hotel at 5.30 P. M., Tuesday, July 23d.

Will you have the kindness to favor us with a response to the above address at your earliest convenience, signifying whether the proposition meets with your approval, and stating if we can depend upon you to be in attendance at the meeting.

Very respectfully yours,

F. R. BOOCOCK, with Langdon, Batcheller & Co.

JOSEPH B. AARON, of Wm. Meyer & Co.

SAMUEL S. CONOVER, with Fourth National Bank. ROBERT T. FOWLER, with E. S. Jaffray & Co. "In Liquidation."

- CHAS. E. MEEK, with National Lead Co.
- J. SINSHEIMER, with Roth & Goldschmidt.
- T. A. ADAMS, with G. F. & E. C. Swift.

O. G. FESSENDEN, with Hayden W. Wheeler & Co. CHAS. I. LIGHTSTONE, with S. F. Myers & Co.

It will be noted from the foregoing that the jewelry trade is well represented in the movement in the persons of O. G. Fessen den, with Hayden W. Wheeler & Co., and Charles I. Lightstone, with S. F. Myers & Co.

The prime object of the proposed organij zation is to bring credit men into closer relations with one another. There will be regular meetings, at which the methods of the credit system will be thoroughly dis cussed. Out of the discussions it is hoped a general scheme governing the credits of all mercantile houses will be evolved. For instance, it is suggested that the association determine what amounts of credit, in proportion to a customer's assets, may be

# WE ARE CUTTING 5,000 CARATS

of Diamonds, which will be finished so that our representatives will show them on their early Fall trips. : : :

Abiding strictly by our previous standard of only selling the **best made** goods, we believe it will be to the interest of the Trade to see our goods before purchasing.

JACOBSON BROS.,

CUTTERS OF DIAMONDS,

Prescott Bld'g. cor. John and Nassau Sts., N. Y.

OUR STOCK OF MELÉES AND COLORED STONES WAS NEVER MORE COMPLETE.

given. It is also suggested that a regular table be made after the manner of that made by the actuary of an insurance company, in which credits shall be reckoned according to assets, and, when this table is adopted, all credit men shall govern the amount of credit to be given by it.

A matter of importance which may be regulated is the custom of "dating ahead," and it is hoped when the new organization is perfected, that this custom will be done away with. But that in which the credit men take the greatest interest is legislation looking to a change in the commercial laws by which there shall not be so great an opportunity for the debtor to evade his obligations. They favor a law which will prevent a debtor from disposing of his stock of goods without first advertising the sale for a given length of time before it takes place, or in some other way notifying his creditors of the contemplated disposition. They also favor a law which will prevent a debtor about to make an assignment from making preferences among his creditors.

It is expected that out of the organization will grow a national organization, and then the attempt will be made to secure laws which will be general throughout the country. At present the commercial laws of the States differ as widely as the number of States. Uniformity in laws is what is wanted.

#### Proceedings of the Jewelers' League.

At the regular monthly meeting of the executive committee of the Jewelers' League, held July 12th, the minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved. Eight requests for change of beneficiary were received and granted, and the following applicants were admitted to membership:

Sec. A.—Morris Bauman, St. Louis, Mo., recommended by Meyer Bauman and H. A. Barmeier; Geo. W. Chatterton, Springfield, Ill., by J. C. Klaholt and C. H. Higbee; Myrton A. Cutler, Fitchburg, Mass., by A. E. Rogers and F. L. Howe; J. S. Trepagnier, Plaquemine, La., by C. Dannenfelser and A. H. Lowenthal.

Sec. B.—George Horn, Toronto, Canada, by P. W. Ellis and M. C. Ellis; Walter E. Pearse, Anderson, Ind., by G. C. A. Greyer and E. F. Brickley.

Upon motion the meeting adjourned. The next meeting of the executive committee will be held Aug. 2, 1895.

H. C. Kachlein, jeweler, Lafayette, Ind., has purchased possession for five years of the premises at the corner Main and 4th sts. immediately east of his present location. The Kachlein establishment will occupy all three floors as sales rooms, introducing some new branches of trade in the upper stories. Mr. Kachlein will visit New York and Philadelphia to acquaint himself with the very latest ideas in the arrangement and furnishing of up-to-date jewelry establishments.

#### U. S. Civil Service Examinations for Examiner of Diamonds, etc. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

SIR:—Enclosed is a copy of the official notice which will be posted to-morrow of an examination for Examiner of Diamonds, Precious Stones, etc.

Very Respectfully,

THEO. BABCOCK JR., Secretary. The notice is as follows:

U. S Civil Service Examinations:-A competitive examination under the rules of the U.S. Civil Service Commission, of applicants for the grades of Examiner of Diamonds, Precious Stones and Imitations, Watches and Watch materials, in the classified Customs Service in this city, will be held on the twelfth day of August, 1895 commencing at 91/2 o'clock A. M. Applications for this examination must be made on blanks prescribed by the United States Civil Service Commission. Such blanks can be obtained at the custom house from the undersigned. Applications will not be accepted unless filed before the hour of closing business on August 5, 1895.

THEO. BABCOCK JR. Secretary Board of Examiners.

#### The Good Work Done by the Jewelers' Security Alliance.

The burglar McGowan, who was recently arrested by detectives in the employ of the Jewelers' Security Alliance for breaking the safe of A. Bourgeois, Jackson, Miss., was tried on July 13, convicted and sentenced to three years' imprisonment. Thus is "adjusted to position," so to speak, a dangerous character, and the effective work of the Alliance is again potently illustrated. Every jeweler not already a member of the Alliance should  $\varepsilon t$  once join this organization.

The Alliance is distributing to the trade a lengthy article reprinted from the Philadelphia *Evening Telegraph* of June 1st. The article treats of the workings of the organization.

#### Birmingham Jewelers in Litigation Over a Souvenir Spoon Design.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 19.—In the United States Court here, Harry Mercer, jeweler, has instituted suits against Emile Gluck and H. C. Abbott, two other jewelers enjoining them from disregarding a certain patent right granted him through the patent office. The Birmingham souvenir spoon is the cause of the trouble.

Mr. Mercer sets out that the patent was granted on Nov. 3, 1891, to run seven years. The spoon is so constructed that the handle is the semblance of a smoke stack, having shape of sheet metal, plates and rivet shaped heads in series parallel with lines having appearances of joints. The bowl of the spoon on the concave side is ornamented with a figure or group of figures representing or shaped like the buildings of a smelting or blast furnace, indicating the stack, two stoves, furnace and top, the cast house and a track or terminal.

Messrs. Gluck and Abbott have not yet filed their answers in the cases.



Extra Heavy Buckle, Bright Polished. Mounted on French Elastic Webbing in Black, White and Navy.

WIDTHS 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> AND 4 INCHES.

READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

UNGER BROS., 412-414 HALSEY ST., - NEWARK, N. J. Samples: New York Office, 192 BROADWAY.

SEND FOR 80 PAGE CATALOGUE OF SILVER NOVELTIES.

ALL SILVER GOODS GUARANTEED TO ASSAY 025/1000 PURE SILVER.

#### Noted Lawyers on the Constitutionality of National Stamping Legislation.

In addition to the interviews with noted constitutional lawyers on the question of the validity of national stamping legislation, published last week, the views of others are given below. Austin Abbott, among others, points out a way by which the jewelers may accomplish their object constitutionally.

#### AUSTIN ABBOTT'S OPINIONS.

When seen by a CIRCULAR reporter, Austin Abbott refused to express an opinion on the constitutionality of a national stamping law, nor would he state whether he thought the question was debatable. "I think," he said, "that the jewelers will not succeed in getting their bill passed." When the condition of affairs was explained by THE CIRCULAR's representative, Mr. Abbott became more communicative and gave what he truly said was worth more than a dozen legal opinions on the subject, namely, a suggestion as to how the object in view might be most effectually accomplished. Coming from Mr. Abbott, who drafted the anti-lottery law, the suggestion is of vast importance.

"You may quote me as saying," said he, "that the most effectual way to promote your object, and it appears to be one of public advantage, is to press your effort for State legislation in the various States and then to lay the facts in regard to the legislation already accomplished, and whatever light you can throw on the question as to what other States you have the best expecta tions of early success in, before the Committee on Uniform Legislation of the American Bar Association and before the State commissions on uniformity of legislation, and ask their co-operation. In connection with this main effort, ask legislalation of Congress forbidding interstate traffic in falsely marked spurious silver."

These were the lines, Mr. Abbot said, on which the legislation against lotteries was made effective.

#### VIEWS OF ROBERT SEWELL AND DE WITT WARNER.

Hon. Robert Sewell, when questioned about the proposed legislation, said he could hardly be expected to give an opinion on the constitutionality of a law in a five minutes' interview, but believed a law such as desired would be unconstitutional. " Congress has no power," he said, " to fix a standard for any metal outside of the coins of the United States. It would have the power, however, to pass a law that no silver of less fineness than it is stamped, be made the subject of inter-State commerce. The only way to accomplish the object," he said, " is as Mr. Abbott suggested - to pass your State laws and back them up by an inter-State provision."

As far as the desired law would regulate the manufacture and sale of falsely stamped articles within State lines, it was the opinion of Hon. Jno. De Witt Warner, a member of the last Congressional committee on manufactures, that no more unconstitutional provision could be imagined. It would not be hard under the inter-State commerce principle, to frame a law regulating the trade of these goods across State lines, but while this law would be constitutional, the question as to the policy of passing it, Mr. Warner said, was a very serious one. It would be practically impossible to frame an act regulating within State lines, which would not in letter and spirit be clearly unconstitutional. Mr. Warner is thoroughly familiar with the question involved as it had come up in the last Congress, before his committee on manufactures, when legislation to regulate the sweating system was proposed. The committee, Mr. Warner said, went carefully into the subject, and the members, Democratic and Republican, unanimously reported that Congress could leg slate only on the lines of their constitutional prerogative, to control inter-State commerce. The same principle, he said, applied in the stamping case.

#### INTERVIEW WITH FRANCIS FORBES.

Q. "Are you acquainted with the provision of the Penal Code of New York which states that false marking of articles, or the exposing for sale or selling of articles marked 'sterling' or 'sterling silver' or 'coin' or 'coin silver' is a misd-meanor?'

A. "I have seen the Act, which became a law in May, 1894."

Q "Do you think that such a law if passed by Congress would be constitutional ?"

"I do not. The only provision of the Constitu-Α. tion under which a modified law of the same character might fall would be that permitting Congress to regulate commerce between the States; but a special limitation to articles used in commerce between the States would, in that case, be necessary. Congress might perhaps tax such fraudulent articles to such an extent as to drive them out of the market. But it is quite a different thing to say that theoretically such a law might be passed, and to advocate the justice of its passage." Q. "How about the United States Trademark

law? That regulates the marking of goods."A. "Yes, but only goods used in commerce with foreign countries and the Indian tribes. The old trademark law was overthrown because it was unlimited, but the Court stated: 'In what we have here said we wish to be understood as leaving untouched the whole question of treaty making power over trade marks and of the duty of Congress to pass any laws necessary to carry treaties into effect.' It is well known, of course, that in 1881 there were many treaties with foreign nations in regard to trademarks, and the present law was passed in that year to save our national honor in this regard. The Supreme Court has lately said:

"'It is vital that the independence of the commercial power and of the police power, and the delimitation between them, however sometimes perplexing. should always be recognized and observed, for while the one furnishes the strongest bond of union, the other is essential to the preservation of the autonomy of the States as required by our dual form of government; and acknowledged evils, however grave and urgent they may appear to be, had better be borne, than the risk to be run, in the effort to suppress them, of more serious consequences by resort to expedients of even doubtful constitutionality.

"' It will be perceived how far-reaching the proposition is that the power of dealing with a monopoly directly may be exercised by the general government whenever interstate or international commerce may be ultimately affected. The regulation of commerce applies to the subjects of commerce and not to matters of internal police. Contracts to buy, sell or exchange goods to be transported among the several States. the transportation and its instrumentalities, and articles bought, sold or exchanged for the purposes of such transit among the States, or put in the way of transit, may be regulated, but this is because they form part of interstate trade or commerce.'

"The United States Trademark Association and the other associations which are trying to get an extension of the United States trademark law to all marks used in interstate commerce, claim that trademarks are instrumentalities of commerce forming part of the articles bought and sold for the purpose of transit between the States and therefore subject to the regulation of Congress."

Q. "Do you think that marks of quality like 'sterling ' come under the same rule?"

A. "That is the troublesome question. Trademarks are necessary instruments of trade, but goods can be sold without marks of quality and yet the manufacturer be known. Trademarks are recognized as property and are protected as such. They make up part of the value of the articles sold. There is no property in the designation of quality."

O. "Why has not the trademark law been amended so as to include trademarks used in interstate commerce ?'

A. "It was conceded by the members of the committee in the last Congress which had the trademark bills before it, that such an act would be constitutional, but as the advocate of the bill desired a penal clause introduced, nothing was done. The members were opposed to penal statutes, and said that such matters should be left to the States.

"By the way, jewelers ought to pay more attention than they do to trademarks. The mark which has been a brand of honesty before the public for years ought to be of the greater value in the face of the dishonest practices which the Act in New York, to which you have referred, provides against."

Among the authorities on constitutional law whom the reporter was unable to see, owing to their absence from New York, were: James C. Carter, of Carter & Ledyard; Joseph Choate, of Evarts, Choate & Beaman; Elihu Root, of Root & Clark; Clarence A. Seward, of Seward, Guthrie, Morawitz & Steele; Col. E. C. James; Geo. B. Newcomb, professor of constitutional law in the College of the City of New York, and Ino. W. Burgess, professor of constitutional law, in the law school of Columbia College.

#### **Republishing The Circular's Indictment** Articles.

#### Kasson, Minn., July 16, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

Kindly send us a reprint of your article in issue of June 12 entitled "Indictment Against New York Department Stores" to use in our local paper. We have no stampuse in our local paper. We have no stamp-ing law in this State, but are very anxious to see something done either by a national or State law. Yours truly,

#### E. E. FAIRCHILD & SON.

[The request of the correspondent was complied with. Jewelers should exercise their influence to have quoted in their local newspapers the articles appearing in THE CIRCULAR bearing upon the silver stamping agitation. Copies of THE CIRCULAR will be forwarded to any jeweler for this purpose. -ED.]

Ben Wurm, El Reao, O. T., was recently closed out under a mortgage held by the Mayor of the city. Mr. Wurm has gone to Cincinnati.

#### Death of an Old Time Providence Manufacturer.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 18. - Samuel Allen, a widely known citizen, died on the 13th, in his 85th year. He was born in Barrington, R. I., in 1811. He was one of the old time jewelers, learning his trade from Davis & Babbitt, who in 1825 were on N. Main St. After working elsewhere, Mr. Allen began in 1837 as a manufacturer on George St., removing thence to several places. His last location, at the corner of Eddy and Pine Sts., will be remembered by many jewelers now in the business.

As a manufacturer he was highly successful, and became in the 70's quite wealthy. He retired from business in 1882, and had not entered into any other business since. He was a member of the Common Council from 1852 to 1855, and served 12 years or more on the school committee, being especially interested in the success of the evening schools. The deceased leaves five daughters and one son. ad gleaning

#### Last Week's Arrivals.

THE CIRCULAR has perfected arrangements for obtaining the names and hotel addresses of all the latest buyers visiting New York, and each day posts in its office, 189 Broadway, a bulletin which every member of the trade is cordially invited to copy.

The following out-of-town jewelers were registered in New York during the past week: M. Eliassof, Albany, N. Y., H. Imperial; H. W. Freudenheim, Elmira, N. Y., Astor H.; C. H. Cutting, North Adams, Mass., Broadway Central H.; H. Rosenkrantz, San Francisco, Cal., H. Marlboro; R. W. Hess, St. Louis, Mo., Astor H.; I. Lehman, Cleveland, O., H. Imperial; H. H. Tammen, Denver, Col., Hoffman H.; W. F. Waters, jewelry buyer for Jordan, Marsh & Co, Boston, Mass., 8 Green St.; J. L. Davidson, jewelry buyer for L. Stix & Co., Cincinnati, O., 55 Franklin St.; D. Emery, Bradford, Pa., H. Gerlach; A. L. Sercomb, Chicago, Ill., H. Imperial; F. Auerbach, Salt Lake City, Utah, Plaza H.; I. Herzberg, Philadelphia, Pa., H. Marlborough; J. Kay, Detroit, Mich., H. Bartholdi; S. Weinhaus, Pittsburgh, Pa., H. Metropole; A. S. Mermod, St. Louis, Mo., Westminster H.; J. E. Burr, Carbondale, Pa., H. Metropole; C. Hadenfeldt, San Francisco, Cal., Astor H.; F. J. Leiter, Syracuse, N. Y., Union Sqaure H.; Miss L. Major, jewelry buyer for A. Lisner, Washington, D. C., H. Metropole.





"NO MORE SPIRAL STUDS FOR US"

Larter, Elcox & Co. Spring Back Stud.

Made only in 14k. in Great Variety, and Cheaper than Spirals. VERY EASY TO INSERT IN THE SHIRT.

VERY STRONG IN CONSTRUCTION. DOES NOT HURT THE WEARER LIKE A SPIRAL.

Retail Jewelers ALIVE TO THE INTERESTS OF THEIR BUSINESS should carry a full line of these Studs. Send for a selection package.

LARTER, ELCOX & CO., 21=23 Maiden Lane, New York,



THE JEWELERS' WEEKLY'S CONTENTION.

The Weekly deems it proper to publish the facts connected with a suit recently instituted by the Jew-elers' Mercantile Agency, of New York, against The Jewelers' Weekly Publishing Company. It is impelled to this action by the previous publication in one of the trade papers of statements not in accordance with the character and condition of the litigation.

The Jewelers' Mercantile Agency has instituted a suit for an injunction against The Jewelers' Weekly Publishing Company to restrain the latter from publishing matter contained in the reference book and notification sheets of the former in either The Jewelers' Weekly or The Jewelers' Weekly Complete Directory of the Jewelry and Kindred Trades. The original injunction was afterward so modified as to prohibit only the publication of matter obta ned from the reference book and sheets of the Mercantile Agency, which was satisfactory to The Jewelers' Weekly Publishing Company. In its present form, therefore, the injunction will not interfere with the publication of the *Weekly* or the Directory The Jewelers' Weekly Publishing Company

had not published in the Weekly or in the Complete Directory any information obtained from either the reference book or the notification sheets of the Jewelers' Mercantile Agency, and had no purpose of doing so. Its news and other matter are obtained from paid correspondents and other original sources, and a comparison of the information sheet filed with the complaint of the Jewelers' Mercantile Agency shows that ten of the items it contains had been previously published in the Weekly, some of them as much as four weeks before the date of the information sheet. The injunction was, as modified, afterward ordered continued pending a trial of the suit, and has not been made permanent, nor can it be until the issues are finally adjudicated.

Since a former suit between the Jewelers' Mercantile Agency and Alonzo Rothschild and Albert Ulmann, nearly four years ago, it has been a constant rule of the publishers of the Weekly to treat the publications of the Mercantile Agency as if they had no existence. The editorial force of the Weekly has not seen these publications within the last three years until the commencement of this suit. In compiling the Complete Directory explicit instructions not to copy from the reference book of the Mercantile Agency or those of other mercantile agencies were given and were faithfully observed. The Weekly and The Jewelers' Weekly Complete Directory are original productions, and as such will be published regularly, and will continue to deserve the confidence of the trade. The Jewelers' Weekly Publishing Company has a right, in view of the facts, to expect a final decision which will completely vindicate its methods .- From The Jewelers' Weekly, Feb. 17, 1892.

#### DECISION OF JUDGE PATTERSON

Of the Supreme Court, July 23, 1895.

The Jewelers' Mercantile Agency, Limited. v. Rothschild & Ulmann; Same v. The Jewelers' Weekly Pub-lishing Company, Rothschild & Ulmann- \* \* \*

lishing Company, Rothschild & Ulmann - \* \* \*
" The specific alleged acts of violation are that after the 3oth March, 1887, and prior to January, 1801, Rothschild & Ulmann employed one Richard Keller to compile a directory of the jewelers and kindred trades in the United States; that they, with Keller thereupon formed a corporation known as the Jewelers' Weekly Publishing Company, of which Rothschild & Ulmann were the principal stockholders, and thereupon Keller compiled the directory; it was printed, entitled "The Jewelers' Weekly Complete Directory of the jewelry and Kindred trades in the United States, 1891-1892," and issued. It contained information extracted from the plaintiff's publication for the month of July, 1800, which constituted an important and material part of the plaintiff's book. These facts must be regarded as established for they were found by the Court as facts on the decision of the second action, and the Court on appeal affirmed the judgment rendered in that second action. The first question arising on this motion is, did the acts of the decree of March, 1887? The contention of the glaintiff which had appeared anterior to the date of the decree; that decree related only to publications of the plaintiff which had appeared anterior to the date of right secured by the decree has been infringed. But it appears that the plaintiff's publication, and hence no right secured by the decree has been infringed. But it appears that the plaintiff's business and work, and not single numbers of its book alone.

the plaintiff's business and work, and not single numbers of its book alone. "Each publication was not an absolutely new and independent book; it was a continuous publication, cor-rected, added to or amended, as became necessary in the changing state of the people engaged in the jewelry business. But further than that, the decree in the second action settles the matter. In that decree the injunction in the first action is referred to and its terms set forth, and the acts of the defendant in 1891 are stated in direct connection with that injunction and its provisions, and are the motive of the relief provided for in that decree. The plaintiff did not have an injunction which prevented the defendants from carrying on the same kind of busi-ness it was engaged in, nor from getting information from any legitimate and proper source and circulating or selling it to subscribers, but the defendants knew exactly what the plaintiff's semi-annual books were, and that it was its general business that was to be protected by the injuction and decree by specifically forbidding at any time, the defendants to interfere there with or impair it by pirating matter from its periodical issues. But it is again urged by the learned counsel for the defendants that even if there were a violation of the decree in the first action the defendants cannot be punished for it, because the plaintiff shave forfeited the right to demand it by instituting the second suit, into which, as the very foundation of it, they have brough before the Court as grounds for another injunction the same acts which are made the bases of the application to punish for contempt in the first action. "This contention goes on the theory that " whatever damages the plaintiff suffered in respect to his reference

hrst action. "This contention goes on the theory that " whatever damages the plaintiff suffered in respect to his reference books published in 1890, he has sued for in the second suit and they are merged in the judgment in that suit." Concerning the general rule that a recovery in one action is a bar to another as to all that is or might have been adjudged under the pleadings in the prior suit, there can be no doubt. But what damages could the plaintiff have recovered in this second action? It seems to me only those that had accrued up to the time of the commence-ment of that second suit ; but if that is not so the plaintiff was not bound to prove them in that second action. In the matter of Morris (45 Hun, 167), it is said, "It is not sufficient to protect the party against proceedings and punishment by way of contempt that an action may on general principles be maintained for the same cause. It is clearly evinced by this section of the Code (sec. 284) that proceedings by way of contempt and the right to main-tain an action may be concurrent. \* \* \* "To leavely answer the proceedings because of the right to maintain an action for damages it must according

tain an action may be concurrent. **\*\*\*** "To legally answer the proceeding because of the right to maintain an action for damages, it must, according to the preceding portion of the section, be a case where the law has specially prescribed an action as the means of redress." This is not answered by simply referring to a clause of the prayer of the complaint that the plaintiff have the damages asstained by it, etc. That second suit was not framed for damages. There is no allegation of any damage anywhere in the complaint and there is no issue tendered of damage. I do not even find that it is averred that the defendants have sustained any, and certainly not what damage; and as to damages being ascertained as an incident to an account, no accounting is prayed for and was not within the scope of the judgment the relief afforded, in which was in strict conformity with the facts alleged in the complaint.

#### "I have critically examined all the voluminous record on this motion in the first action, and it appears to me conclusively that the defendants have wantonly defied the decree of the Court, and they stand without even a technical justification for so doing.

"It is the duty of the Court. therefore, to punish them. If actual loss or injury has been sustained by the aggrieved party a fine sufficient to indemnify him must be imposed. That such a loss has been occasioned to this plaintiff is clear. It consists at least in the expenses incurred in the second action of counsel fees and disbursements. These are generally stated to be about \$2,200, but I cannot award any sum on such a general statement.

ments. These are generally stated to be about \$2,200, but I cannot award any sum on such a general statement. "It is necessary that common law or competent proof be given of the value of the services of counsel and an itemized account of legitimate and necessary disbursements be furnished. All these matters may be proven before a referee. Concerning the second action (that against the *Jewele's' Weekly Co*, et. al.) affidavits are presented in exculpation of the defendants, and they make out a plausible case of innocence on the merits But before definitely passing upon it I think the affiants on behalf of the defendant should be subjected to a cross-examination, so that all the facts may be brought before the Court. It is claimed that the detendants' directory of 1895 was compiled from its new book for 1894, but was that, in any part, taken from the plaintiffs' book for 1892? The postal cards submitted go far to aid the defendants, but is there nothing connected with that areference be had of this motion to ascertain the facts, and that the refere report the testimony to the Court with his opinion thereupon. The same referee, Mr. William G. Davies, will be appointed in both motions. Orders may be settled on notice."

JEWELERS' MERCANTILE AGENCY, 214-216 Broadway, New York.

## July Book Now Ready.

#### 17

## The Jewelers' Circular HOROLOGICAL REVIEW. PUBLISHED ZVERV WEDNESDAV BV

#### THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO.,

189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF JEWELERS, WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS, ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALL ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of iuterest or value to our readers. Adver-tising matter will not be printed as news. Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal. Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

#### INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid. PER ANNUM.

United States and	d Ca	anada,		-		\$2.00
<b>Foreign Countrie</b>	s in	Postal	Unic	on,	- e	- 4.00
Single Copies,	- 3	• - ·	-	-	-	.10

Member	of	the	American	Trade	Press	Associati	0n.
Vol. X	XX	ζ.	July	24, 189	)5.	No. :	25.

Every line of reading matter in The JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, with the exception of JEWELERS CIRCULAR, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written ex-clusively for this journal. Each issue of The JEWELERS' CIRCULAR is copyrighted.

#### FEATURES OF THIS NUMBER.

- Page 33-OPTICAL ARTICLE.
- Page 37-THE CONNOISSEUR.
- Page 33-WORKSHOP NOTES.
- Page23-OUR TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVES. Page 34-PAGE OF TECHNICAL MATTER.
- Page 10-PAGE OF ORIGINAL DESIGNS IN JEWELRY.
- Pages 5, 6-Spoon Patterns of American S11.VERSMITHS.
- Frontispiece-Wedding Presents to Prin-CESS HÉLÈNE.
- Page 14-INTERVIEWS WITH NOTED LAW-YERS ON NATIONAL SILVER STAMPING LEGISLATION.
- Pages 21a 10 21d-FULI. REPORT ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE NATIONAL RETAIL JEWELERS' ASSOCIATION.

#### Stamping Legislation.

N the present agitation bearing upon the subject of legislation regulating

the stamping of wares of silver or of metal purporting to be silver, there is a disposition upon the part of some of the trade to allow their enthusiasm to steal away their judgment. The resolutions offered by a member of Massachusetts Retail Jewelers' Association, at their recent meeting, were utterly ridiculous, and evidenced a woful lack of knowledge of what has been achieved by the stamping laws passed in the various States. These resolutions would be unworthy of any comment, did they not express the ideas of a number of well meaning jewelers.

While THE CIRCULAR has admitted the desirability of a national law, it has always doubted the feasibility of its passage without a common law bearing upon the same subject having previously been passed by a majority of the States; and interviews with several noted constitutional lawyers, published in the last and the current issue of this journal, confirm us in our opinion. There is only one way to proceed to obtain national legislation on the subject, and this is set forth in the interview with Austin Abbott, dean of the law department of the University of the City of New York, the lawyer who drafted the anti-lottery law. We will re-quote Mr. Abbott here:

" The most effectual way to promote your object, and it appears to be one of public advantage, is to press your effort for State legislation in the various States, and then to lay the facts in regard to the legislation already accomplished, and whatever light you can throw on the question as to what other States you have the best expectations of early success in, before the Committee of Uniform Legislation of the American Bar Association, and before the State commissions on uniformity of legislation and ask their co-operation. In connection with this main effort, ask legislation of Congress forbidding interstate traffic in falsely marked spurious silver."

It is the plain duty of every jeweler to urge the legislature of his State to pass the stamping law now on the statute books of nine States. In the early part of September, 1894. THE CIRCULAR drafted an act similar to that passed in Massachusetts and New York a few months previous, and sent a copy, together with a letter soliciting cooperation, to the following firms: Pennsylvania.... J. E. Caldwell & Co. Ohio ..... Cowell & Hubbard Co. Indiana..... Julius C. Walk & Son. Michigan ...... Roehm & Son. California.....Shreve & Co. Kentucky.......Wm. Kendrick's Sons. Missouri......Mermod & Jaccard J'y. Co. Georgia.....J. P. Stevens & Bro. S. Carolina......]ames Allan & Co. Tennessee ..... B. H. Stief Jewelry Co. Iowa. .....William H. Beck. Louisiana......A. B. Griswold & Co. Connecticut......Geo. H. Ford Co.

VermontMarshall Bros.
Maine Wm. Senter & Co.
NebraskaC. S. Raymond.
New JerseyCook & Jacques.
FloridaGreenleaf & Crosby.
ArkansasSpott & Jefferson.
New Hampshire. Wm. B. Durgin.
MinnesotaMyers & Co.

The firms selected entered heartily into the work, with the result that the following States adopted the law in addition to Massachusetts and New York:

Michigan, Missouri, South Carolina. Maine, Arkansas, New Hampshire, Connecticut.

In the remaining States, with the exception of Minnesota, no action has been taken as yet, the principal reason being that there was no legislative session in 1894 in the majority of the States. The legislatures of the following States will convene this Fall:

STATE.					CONVE	NE.
Iowa, -		-	-	-	Nov. 5,	1895.
Kentucky, -		-	-	-	Nov. 5,	1895.
Maryland, -		-	-	-	Nov. 5,	1895.
Mississippi,		-	-	-	Nov. 5,	1895.
New Jersey,		-	-		Nov. 5.	
Ohio, -		-	-	-	Nov. 5,	1895.
Pennsylvani	а,	-	-		Nov. 5,	
Virginia, -		-	-	-	Nov. 5,	1895.
Utah, -		-	-		Nov. 5,	

To co-operate in obtaining legislation in these States, the following firms are selected: Will H. Beck, Sioux City, Iowa; Wm. Kendrick's Sons, Louisville, Ky.; Samuel Kirk & Son, Baltimore, Md.; E. V. Seutter, Jackson, Miss.; Cowell & Hubbard Co., Cleveland, O.; J. E. Caldwell & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.; C. F. Greenwood & Bro., Norfolk, Va.; and Joslin & Park, Salt Lake City, Utah. To these, together with a draft of the bill was sent the following letter:

We understand that the Legislature of your State convenes on November 5th, and we have selected your concern to cooperate with us in the passage of the enclosed act.

While THE CIRCULAR would be pleased to see a National law enacted, if it was possible, we understand, as you will infer from the enclosed article, that it is necessary that a law, such as the accompanying, must be passed in a majority of the States before Congress can take any cognizance of the demand of the jewelers.

We hope you will forward the bill to the representative of your district in the State Legislature and use whatever other means at your command to further the consummation of the matter. It may be well to send with the enclosed, a petition, signed by the jewelers of your city, urging prompt attention on the bill.

The remedy for the existing evil, as far as the jewelers of your State are concerned, can be found in the passage of the enclosed bill, whether Congress later on passes a National law or not.

Prospects of the passage of the law by the Rhode Island legislature at the next session, are bright, and if a fair proportion of the afore-enumerated States whose legislatures will meet in the Fall adopt the measure, the jewelry trade will be in a position to carry out effectually the suggestion of Mr. Abbott and the other lawyers whose views coincide with this gentleman's. To urge national legislation without the common voice of the States is procrastination, which will prove dangerous to the interests of the jewelry trade.

#### Organization of Credit Men.

THE trade will be interested in the report printed

in another portion

of this issue of a movement looking toward the formation of an association of credit men of New York. These men have always acted upon their own responsibility and independently of one another, but now an organization among them is in perspective. The movement, it seems to us, should be indorsed by every wholesale house. The objects of the association as outlined in the report are laudable, though it is questionable whether some of them can be practically carried out. The proposal made that the association determine what amount of credit in proportion to a customer's assets may be given, and that a table be formulated in which credits shall be reckoned according to assets, all credit men governing by it the amount of credit given to a customer, is, we feel certain, untenable. O. G. Fessenden, with Hayden W. Wheeler & Co., effectively sums up the difficulty in this particular in the following words:

"I do not agree with some of the expressions I have heard, that it would be well to organize a sort of Board of Trade or Exchange that will give us help in determining the details of credits in our various lines. I take the position that you, Mr. Chairman, for instance, cannot help me in determining a credit rating of a jeweler any more than I could help you in determining what credit you would give to a dry goods dealer. But the mere basing of credits is a very small part of an organization such as we have in mind. All these items will adjust themselves. Let us organize first, detail afterwards."

However, there is no doubt that many important matters could be better regulated were credit men to act in concert. The sore custom of dating ahead could be reformed, and the present pernicious extent to which the system is carried could doubtless be considerably reduced. The abuse of the system is particularly apparent in the jewelry and kindred trades. But, as detailed in the report, that in which the credit men take the greatest interest is legislation looking to a change in the commercial laws by which there shall not be so great an opportunity for the debtor to evade his obligations. The credit men favor a law which will prevent a debtor from disposing of his stock of goods without first advertising the sale for a given length of time before it takes place, or in some other way notifying his creditors of the contemplated disposition; also a law which will prevent a debtor about to make an assignment from making preferences among his creditors. In the words of one of the men at the initial meeting:

"There are innumerable laws upon our statute books which experience has taught us should be changed, and yet it is questionable whether such will ever be the case until there is a concerted movement made to that end. The law has always shielded the debtor, and to such an extent that swindling has become prevalent and is committed under such permissive laws that the creditor cannot secure his rights. This condition should be upset and the creditors given an opportunity to protect themselves. Place behind our various legislatures the lever of a powerful credit men's organization, and a result will be obtained that will be of wonderful benefit to the entire country."

Thus is expressed the broader purpose of the organization. The entire wholesale commercial world demands national legislation bearing upon the subject of bankruptwy. If an association as proposed, organized locally, could be found of influence in New York, very soon a national organization would come, and the legislation desired would be readily obtained.

THE above, an abstract from a letter received by us from a friend, may serve as a text for a commercial sermon on the necessity of carefulness in the distribution of trade literature. Firms that solicit business by means of catalogues and circulars should exercise every care to have their mailing lists as correct and truthful as possible. They should constantly revise these lists from authenticated records such as THE CIRCULAR, which week after week reports many changes in the trade directory. Sending trade literature to men who are dead, or retired, or removed, or otherwise not in a position to receive it, must produce a baleful effect upon the industry in general, for the matter is bound to fall into the hands of outsiders who are apt to trade on knowledge thus obtained, to the disadvantage of the legitimate jewelers.

WE follow this week, the page of Napoleonic designs in jewelry and small wares printed in the issue of June 12, with a page of designs showing the human face or figure, a style that is now taking the lead in jewelry and silverware. The trade should be on the *qui vive* for this feature of THE CIRCULAR. The designs offered are not the harum-scarum imaginings of impractical artists, but are conceptions of reigning or prospective fashions, expressed by experienced designers and die cutters.

A N example of the prompt workings of the Jewelers' League of New York is afforded in the case of William Billing. This member died on May 11, 1895; proof of death was accepted on June 7th; the beneficiary, the deceased's wife, was paid at her request \$1,000 on July 1st and on July 18th the balance due her, \$4,000.

#### New York Notes.

William W. Stewart has been granted a generic patent for self-filling fountain pens, dated July 9, 1895.

The Waterbury Watch Co., Waterbury, Conn., have applied for membership in the New York Jewelers' Association.

A. Wolff, dealer in musical boxes, formerly at 194 Broadway, has removed to the Lincoln building, 14th St. and Union Square.

The Self Winding Clock Co. have been awarded the contract for fitting the New York Wool Exchange building with a system of self-winding, synchronized clocks.

Ferd. Bing & Co., importers of bric-àbrac and art goods, have arranged to remove their New York warerooms, now at 106 Grand St., to 10 Washington Place, where they will occupy the entire building. The removal will take place about February 1, 1896.

William H. Ricketts, receiver of the defunct Craighead Mfg. Co., advertises for all persons indebted to or holding property of the corporation to pay or deliver the same to him at the office of Chas. Strauss, 237 Broadway, on or before Aug. 26th. Creditors of the company are notified to present their claims verified, at the same time and place.

Wednesday evening two men, well dressed, entered the jewelry store of David Folkart, 26 Hoyt St., Brooklyn, and asked to look at some diamonds. One of the men engaged Mr. Folkart's attention, and the other opened a small wooden gate and walked to the show window, where he stole three watches and 19 rings, worth altogether \$120. The police are looking for the young men.

John Saunders, the pal of Davis recently convicted of robbing the jewelry store of Constantin Lucius, 841 Sixth Ave., on March 23, was up for trial before Judge Fitzgerald last week. Davis drove up to the store and called out the clerk. While Davis held the clerk in conversation Saunders sneaked into the store and stole \$5,000 worth of jewelry. Saunders was found guilty by the jury after a quarter of an hour's deliberation. He and Davis will be sentenced this week.

The silver service illustrated and described in THE CIRCULAR, April 24, which was donated by the city of Cincinnati to the cruiser Cincinnati, was formally presented to the officers of this vessel Wednesday at Brooklyn Navy Yard by a delegation who had come from Cincinnati to New York for that purpose. Mayor Caldwell, of Cincinnati made the presentation speech. In the absence of Secretary of the Navy Herbert, Rear Admiral Bunce thanked the gentlemen for the present, and expressed the nope that the Cincinnati would be found always ready in time of the country's need. The silver service was made by Dominick & Haff.

The trade should know that Ben Wurm is no longer in business in El Reno, to prevent catalogues and circulars being sent here and falling into the hands of outsiders.



MASSACHUSETTS NAVAL BRIGADE TROPHY.

## Solid Silver

(Exclusively.)



## WHITING M'F'G CO.

Silversmiths,

Broadway & 18th St.,

NEW YORK.

The Union Bank of Winchester have filed a judgment for \$906.78 against Henry Carter.

J. J. Cohn, 63 Nassau St., has applied for membership in the New York Jewelers' Board of Trade.

Edward R. Cohn, son of Richard Cohn, 180 Bowery, and Miss Julie M. Rosendorff, were married Sunday.

The Bradley & Hubbard Mfg. Co. have entered a judgment for \$107.25 against Edward S. and Corinne Churchill.

The Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., 19 Maiden Lane, have now the New York agency for the Rockford Watch Co., and will carry a full line of this company's products.

Max Freund, of Max Freund & Co., and Monroe Engelsman, New York, and Moses Straus, of Brooklyn, were passengers on the *Campania*, which arrived from Europe Friday night.

S. & B. Oppenheimer, attorneys for Martin Frank & Co., announced Monday that their clients had effected a settlement, the creditors having accepted the offer of 33 cents, payable in endorsed promissory notes due in four, eight and twelve months.

Luigi Lolli, a steerage passenger from Genoa, on board the *IVerra*, which arrived here Monday, evidently desired to start on the road to fortune immediately upon landing on American soil, for he was fitted out with a complete jewelry store. Inspector James Webb discovered Lolli's outfit, and cheap jewelry worth \$2,000 was seized. It was found concealed in Lolli's clothing and in his trunks. He was detained at Ellis Island.

An order by Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court, Wednesday, permits the Dueber Watch Case Mfg.

A CONTROL

Co., in their action against the co-operating manufacturers of watch movements and cases to serve a third amended complaint, on payment of the costs of the action to date to those defendants who demurred to the former complaint. The complaint is to be served within 20 days after the date of the order.

On consent of counsel Judge Bischoff, of the Court of Common Pleas, Thursday granted an order in the suit of the New York Standard Watch Co. against the H. B. Claffin Co., directing that the defendants serve the plaintiffs with a bill of particulars of the counter-claim set up in the answer. The bill is to be served within 20 days and is to show the amounts claimed to have been paid by the defendants for hire of extra salesmen, for advertising, and for clerical labor and the loss on sales.

Jacob Adler, of L. & J. Adler & Co., 51 Maiden Lane, was a witness in the trial of Police Capt. Eakins, before the Police Commissioners. He was called by the defence to testify against the character of Wm. H. Soyer, a witness for the prosecution. Mr. Adler said that several years ago he sent on memorandum to various parties by order of Soyer diamonds valued at \$200. He hadn't received a cent in payment until a few weeks ago, when Soyer, whom he held responsible for the debt, paid the debt in cash and notes.

Two nines composed of the employes of F. W. Gesswein, played a game of ball at Prospect Park Parade grounds, Brooklyn, Saturday afternoon. The players displayed an amount of ginger that led the large crowd of spectators to show their appreciation by loudly applauding the many sharp, brilliant plays. Nine No. 1 composed of



If you wish the **BEST GOODS**, which will satisfy your customers and build up your reputation as a reliable dealer, insist upon having those bearing the above trade mark. They are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. For sale by leading jobbers throughout the country and made exclusively by

#### ROGERS & BROTHER,

Waterbury, Conn.

16 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

Messrs. Fisher, Frank, Moore, Zeigler, Hasschmeyer, Thornton, Ingham, Startett and Miller defeated by a score of 19 to 15, Nine No. 2 composed of Messrs. Nessler, Raymond, Jones, Addoms, Wells, Masterson, Ruppel, Earle and Boyce.

Monroe Engelsman arrived from Europe, Friday on the Campania after a five months' stay on the continent. Mr. Engelsman has formed a partnership with Louis Weil, under the firm name of Louis Weil & Co., to do the business of importers and cutters of diamonds. Mr. Weil has been for many years identified with the Amsterdam diamond trade as a dealer in rough; while Mr. Engelsman has numerous friends in the American jewelry trade, gained by a long experience on the road. The European branch of Louis Weil & Co. is at 10 Tulpstraat, Amsterdam, under the management of Mr. Weil, while the New York office at 45 Maiden Lane, will be managed by Mr. Engelsman.

#### Last Week's Trans-Atlantic Voyagers.

FROM EUROPE.

A. S. Mermod, of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., St. Louis, Mo., returned on the *Spree*.

M. Guggenheim, of Guggenheim, Alkan & Co., Buffalo, N. Y., and John Kay, of Wright, Kay & Co., Detroit, Mich., returned on the *Majestic*.

Max Freund, of Max Freund & Co., New York, Monroe Engelsman, of Louis Weil & Co., Amsterdam and New York, Moses Straus, Brooklyn, N. Y., were among the passengers on the *Campania*, which arrived Friday night.

#### TO EUROPE.

A. H. Burley, Chicago, Ill., sailed Wednesday on the *Britannic*.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Buhler, New York, sailed Saturday on *La Normandie*.

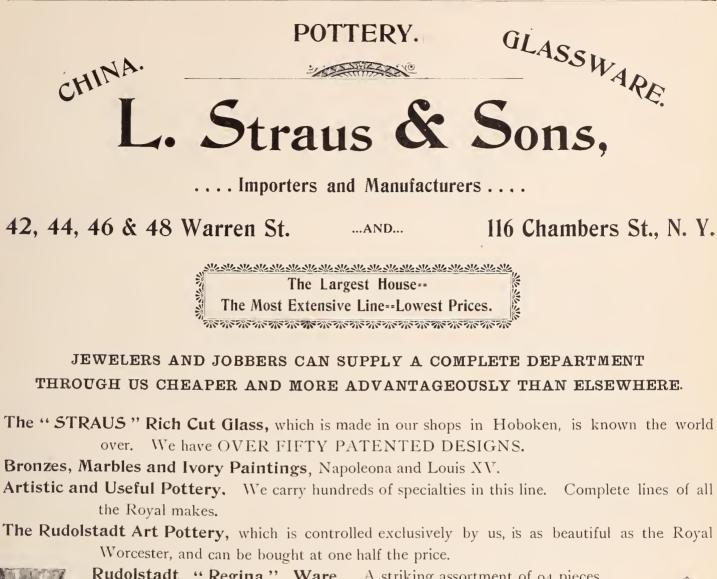
Herman Unger, Unger Bros., New York, was a passenger on the *Normannia* which sailed Thursday.

Elmer E. Wood, of Chas. F. Wood & Co., New York, will return from Europe on the *St. Louis*, which will sail Saturday from Southampton.

#### The Manager of the J. W. Knox Jewelry Co. Disappears.

DENVER, Col., July 22.—Frederick L. Smith, manager of the John W. Knox Jewelry Co., has been missing four days and his friends have abandoned hope of his voluntary return. It is believed that he was accompanied in his flight by a woman. Mr. Knox, who is Mr. Smith's father-in-law, is not yet prepared to say whether his son-inlaw's accounts with the firm are correct or not.

H. E. Cobb, Daggett & Clap, just returned from the Pacific coast, says he finds things about the same there as east, and that the trade is feeling satisfied.



Rudolstadt "Regina" Ware. A striking assortment of 94 pieces, vases, ewers, etc., for \$86.50.

Royal Hanover Ware, assorted case, consisting of 22 varieties in shapes and designs ; 98 pieces for \$51 83.

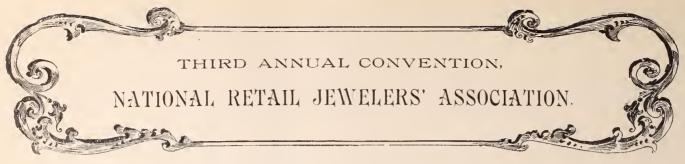
Silk Lamp Shades from our own works, after the newest French Designs.

We are not a "sample" house, and carry a full stock from which you can draw your supplies the

year around.

Articles suitable for trophies and

prizes.



#### AT SOUTHERN HOTEL, ST. LOUIS, MO., JULY 17, 18, 19.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 20. — The retail jewelers owned the town this week. They had a State and a National convention here, and a jolly good time besides. The local retail jewelers proved good entertainers, giving the visitors banquets, carriage rides and theatre parties galore.



#### HERMAN MAUCH, PRESIDENT-ELECT

The convention of the Retail Jewelers' Association of Missouri was held Tuesday, and that of the National Retail Jewelers' As-ociation, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. Many of the visitors stayed over Saturday and Sunday, and all expressed themselves as pleased with St. Louis and St. Louis hospitality.

The delegates registered were: C. S. Poole, Joplin, Mo.; Richard O'Neil, Lincoln, Neb.; F. Hoefer, Aurora, Neb.; John Baumer, Omaha, Neb.; Lee Oberdorfer, Henderson, Ky.; G. L. Kingsbury, Chicago; John Prochaska, Toledo, O.; Louis F. E. Hammel, Cincinnati, O.; H. H. Mithoefer, Cincinnati, O.; Ed. G. Lohmeyer, Newport, Ky; J. H. Lentz, Cincinnati, O.; Peter Henry, Cincinnati, O.; F. Pieper, Covington, Ky.; R. Manning Walker, Monroe Citv, Mo.; Fred. Noterman, Hillsboro, Ill.; A. S. Warnwood, Springfield, Ill ; Philip D. Herbert, Murphysboro, Ill.

#### THE STATE CONVENTION.

The Missouri Retail Jewelers' Association opened their fifth annual convention in the par'ors of the Southern, Tuesday, at 10 o'clock A M Some 75 members were present. Forty of this number were from Missouri and the remainder from Illinois towns tributary to St. Louis,

In well chosen words of greeting, president Herman Mauch, of St. Louis, opened the meeting and welcomed the visitors. He introduced O. F. Oberbeck, of the Retail Grocers' Association, who made a lengthy address on the advantages of organization.

Mr. Oberbeck spoke for over an hour and impressed the delegates with his earnestness. He has made a life study of the question of organization among tradesmen, and his remarks were listened to with great interest. He spoke first of organization in general, and then of its advantages to jewelers in particular. In no trade, he said, was organization more necessary than in that of the jeweler. It was through the medium of such organization alone that manufacturers could be restrained from selling direct to the consumer, to the detriment of the retail dealer. He then gave a comprehensive review of the history of the National Retail Jewelers' Association and the great good which it had accomplished in preventing encroachments by the manufacturers upon the field of the retailer.

President Mauch's popularity was attested during the morning session by the receipt of two lovely tributes. A desk was presented him by the association and a floral offering by two firms, Low, Weinberg & Co., New York, and the Pairpoint Mfg. Co., Chicago. Mr. Oberback made the presentation speech in both cases.

At the conclusion of these speeches President Mauch led the procession of delegates to the grand dining hall. After dinner the delegates assembled to hear the old officers' reports and elect new officers.

Treasurer Bierbaum reported that during the receipts the year had been \$866.53, the expenditures \$347.17, and balance on hand \$529.16. Committee reports showed that several members have been dropped who began to transact a pawnbroker's business, and one or two left because they were unsuccessful in having a boycott declared on certain manufadturers and jobbers. It was reported that many department stores had abolished their jewelry departments and that a greater demand had been created for honest goods. The placing on the statute books of the law regulating the stamping of silver goods was credited to the efforts of the association, which also se-

cured the passage of a similar law regarding gold goods, but which was vetoed because of clerical errors.

It was also reported that by various assays of watch cases and novelties, it had been found not to be a good policy to take the word of jobbers or manufacturers as to the quality of these goods, and it was recommended that only such jobbers and manufacturers as were known to represent their goods properly were worthy of the confidence of the members.

Mr. Proshaska, of Toledo, delivered an address on the importance of the optical branch of the jewelry business, and was followed on the same subject by O. O. Stillman.

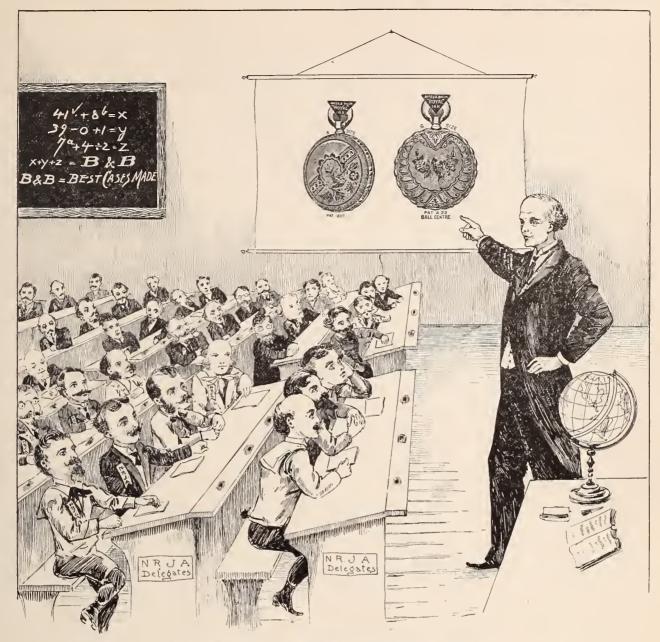
The following new officers were elected almost unanimously: William F. Kemper,



JOHN D. SMITH, RETIRING PRESIDENT

president; Gerhard Eckhardt, first vicepresident; O. Kortkamp, second vice-president; F. W. Baier, secretary; Arnold, Zerweck, financial secretary; and F. W. Bierbaum treasurer; directors—H. Mauch, E. Boehmer, William Henckler, Geo. Stumpf, John Schmidt, W. Mauch, F. H. Niehaus, C. Osterhorn and Charles Derleth.

After admitting several new members and deciding to hold the association's an-



SCENE IN THE JEWELERS' BUSINESS COLLECE.



#### PROFESSOR LEVELHEAD :---

Now Gentlemen, after having so clearly demonstrated to you that the BATES & BACON CASES possess superior merits and are by all odds the best on the market, there remains but one thing for you to do. Look through your stock when you get home, see what you need, then send an order for B. & B. CASES to your nearest jobber. This class is now dismissed with thanks for your gratifying attention.

11 JOHN STREET, New York.

167 DEARBORN STREET, Chicago, Ills.



Bates & Bacon,

Manufacturers of

GOLD FILLED WATCH CASES.

nual picnic at Creve Coeur Lake, Aug. 25th, the meeting adjourned.

Tuesday night the jewelers attended a lecture at Havlin's Theatre, by H. E. Dunncan, on "The American Watch and its Manufacture."

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

John D. Smith, Union City, Ind., was in the chair at the opening of the National convention. In his opening address he said that last year was the most disastrous the jewelers had ever experienced. He also said that the most important business to come before the convention would be the selection of a successor to the late president, Arthur S. Goodman, of Philadelphia, who died during the year.

On behalf of St. Louis, Acting Mayor Charles Nagel then welcomed the delegates in a very "timely" and "silvery" speech. Mr. Nagel was heartily applauded.

The first order of business was the presentation of credentials to Secretary Kemper. Forty-two delegates responded. They represented all the States in the association except. New York and Mississippi and the delegates from these were reported to be in the city. A committee of three, comprising H. Mauch, St. Louis; A, C. Collier, Plainfield, N. J.; and H. H. Mithoefer, Cincinnati, O., were appointed to examine credentials. While they were meeting the convention adjourned and the delegates were introduced to one another. The delegates and alternates present were:

Kansas-W. E. Mellen, F. W. Meyer, J. R. Mercer, J. R. Gleason.

Pennsylvania – A. C. Collier. O. O. Stillman, R. Pinkstone.

Alabama-J. L. Schweizer, C. L. Ruth.

Iowa - E. G. Bowger, C. A. Cole, M. Wollman, Theo. L. Rugg,

Massachusetts — W. H. Newcomb, R. E. Eldridge, F. E. Ladd, F. A. Robbins.

Nebraska — John Baumer, E. A. Polley, Rich. O'Neil, F. A. Hannis, Fritz Hoefer, George Arkwright.

Ohio—J. H. Lentz, Charles B. Bargman, H. H. Mithoefer, H. Rohs, L.F. E. Hummel, Fred. Pieper.

Illinois – Ed. E. Bausenbach, Franz Lorenz, Fred. Scholer, H. C. Pitz.

Wisconsin —George Durner, Rich. Seidel. Missouri— Frank Bafer, G. Eckhardt, H. Mauch, George Stumpf, Ed. Bachman, Charles Derleth.

The report of the committee that these gentlemen be seated was adopted.

Delegate Richard A. O'Neil offered a resolution setting aside an hour of Thursday afternoon for eulogies in memory of Mr. Goodman. The resolution being seconded by Mr. Schweizer, was adopted by a rising vote. Messrs. O'Neil. Lorenz, Mithoefer, Stillman and Robbins were appointed a committee to draft suitable resolutions.

On motion of Mr. O'Neil a resolution

## NOTICE TO THE TRADE!

Mr. Louis Weil, of Amsterdam, Holland, and Mr. Monroe Engelsman, of New York, N. Y, have this day formed a co-partnership under the firm name of

## LOUIS WEIL & CO., Importers and Cutters of **DIAMONDS**.

The European branch of the firm's business, located at No. 10 Tulpstraat, Amsterdam, will be managed, as for many years past. under the experienced guidance of Mr. Louis Weil, and in like manner Mr. Monroe Engelsman will conduct the affairs of the American branch located at

#### 45 MAIDEN LANE, N. Y.

Yours Respectfully,

LOUIS WEIL, M. ENGELSMAN. was adopted that, hereafter, all resolutions offered relative to changing, amending or altering the constitution and by-laws should be presented in duplicate. This, Mr. O'Neil explained, was for the reason that frequently the wording of original resolutions was changed in the committee, and he desired to see it obviated.

On motion of Mr. Mauch, Messrs. Mauch, O'Neil and Collier were appointed a committee on rules. Then adjournment for dinner was had.

On reconvening the delegates went into executive session. It was learned that all resolutions referring to constitutional changes were ordered referred to a committee of three which the incoming president is to appoint and which shall have in charge the formation of a constitution that shall conform more strictly to the declared objects of the association.

After adjournment Secretary Kemper gave out the following list of committees which had been appointed:

Laws—Richard O'Neil of Nebraska, F.W. Meyer of Kansas and O. O. Stillman of Pennsylvania.

Ways and Means—George Durner of Wisconsin, Richard Seidel of Wisconsin, and Ed Polley of Nebraska.

Assay—George Stumpf of Missouri, Richard Pinkstone of Pennsylvania, and Gerhart Eckhardt of Missouri.

Grievances—F. A. Robbins of Massachusetts, F. E. Ladd of Massachusetts, and C. A. Cole of Iowa.

Finance—Herman Mauch of Missouri, Ed Boehmer of Missouri, and F. W. Meyer of Kansas.

Mileage—L. F. E. Hummel of Ohio, Asa Collier of Pennsylvania and Ed E. Bausenbach of Illinois.

Wednesday night, the delegates witnessed the performance of "King Ollanns," at Uhrig's Cave.

At Thursday's session the grievance committee made a report favoring the dropping of New York State from the National organization. The New York State organization, it seems, is writhing in the throes of internal dissensions. The report was not adopted, but was referred to the new officers with the recommendation that they try to re-organize the State Association.

These resolutions were then unanimously adopted:

That we protest against the sending of price lists, notices of change of prices and any other matter referring to the prices of watches, jewelry and kindred articles by mail.

That we condemn the promiscuous circulation of catalogues by manufacturers and jobbers of watches, clocks and jewelry

*Resolve*, That this convention emphatically protest against the printing of any prices of any article of merchandise used by the retail jeweler in the jewelry trade journals.

A communication from O. K. Conly was read asking the co-operation of the Association in making the International Exposition to be held in the City of Mexico in April, 1899, a success. It was agreed to try to have the jewelry and allied trades represented.

The election of officers was then held. Everybody nominated was elected without a dissenting voice. Here is the slate: President, Herman Mauch, of St. Louis; first vice-president, O. O. Stillman, Philadelphia; second vice-president, Richard O'Neil, Lincoln, Neb.; secretary, W. F. Kemper, St. Louis; treasurer, Ed. G. Lohmeyer, Newport, Ky.

Mr. O'Neil presided at the special memorial meeting in honor of Mr. Goodman. A number of the delegates made eulogistic speeches and appropriate resolutions of regret were adopted.

Thursday night the delegates were dined at the Mercantile Club. The members of Missouri Retail Jewelers' Association were the hosts. The menu was toothsome.

After welcoming the guests, toastmaster Herman Mauch proposed the toast, "The Vacant Chair," referring to the empty chair by his side which was appropriately draped. A silent toast was then drank to Mr. Goodman's memory after which Richard A. O'Neil made an eloquent response. He said:

"The vacant chair has been an emblem of sorrow, a constant reminder of departed friends. It has its place in the peasant's hut, stands in its own solitude in the homes of wealth and visits the palaces of Kings.

"The sadness surrounding the vacant chair of the wayward boy is as great as that which surrounds the



E. G. LOHMEYER,

TREASURER.

chair that governs a nation. But the love that nestles in the rounds and arms of a chair made vacant by the departing of one who has by honest endeavor and unselfish motives gathered to himself friends not only around his own fireside, not only in the city of his residence, but coming from every quarter—from the flowing of the ocean's billows, from the lakes on the north, the gulf on the south, makes us pause and rather look with pleasure on this emblem of sorrow than contemplate it in the sense that makes mourners of us all.

"The chair made vacant by the death of our late president, Arthur S. Goodman, is a reminder of times when the sky of success is clear, when the storms of life seem to have passed away, when the plans for future years have been made, when the builder has finished his home, he remains not to enter, but is called away.

"But, as has been truly said, the age of man is numbered not by days or years, but by heart throbs. Then our late president has lived years unnumbered. His memory will live as long as business organizations shall succeed. Near those who take up his work, however, his spirit still hovers, inspiring them and urging them on to the success of our enterprise.

"' Tis the wink of an eye—the draft of the breath, From the blossoms of life to the paleness of death— From the gilded salon to the river and shroud— Oh, why should the spirit of mortal be proud?" "

Other toasts were as follows:

" Our State," Lieutenant Governor Johr B. O'Meara.

" Our National Association," O. F. Overbeck of St. Louis.

"Our City," Acting Mayor Charles Nagel.

"The Manufacturer, Jobber and Retailer," G. H. Moll, of St. Louis.

"Our Women," Charles F. Krone. "The Better To-Morrow," Loren

"The Better To-Morrow," Loren J. Boyle.

At a late hour the merry party adjourned. Friday morning the delegates spent an hour discussing this resolution which they finally adopted:

"We believe a national law should be enacted requiring all gold and silver articles of jewelry, or other articles of commerce offered for sale or kept by dealers in their salesrooms or factories, bearing any mark to indicate the quality or fineness of the article so stamped or branded, should be of the grade or quality as indicated by the brand or stamp. We further believe that the Government should control and have direct supervision over all stamps or brands indicating the fineness of all goods so stamped or branded, and manufactured or offered for sale by any person. We further believe that this law should be so enacted that it would not compel any dealer, person or company in manufacturing or keeping for sale any article of gold or silver and disposing of the same so long as the goods are as represented, but such goods should be subject to the same provisions and the same penalties should be attached to the dealer or person who sells such goods as is imposed on dealers in stamped or branded articles.

"We further believe that this law would be the means of restoring to the l-gitimate jewelers and tradesmen the entire trade in the various lines of gold and silver articles, for the reason that the 'bargain counter' and the department store enterprises have prospered by the sale of goods of a lower grade, and in imitation of the standard goods manufactured and sold by the legitimate dealer."

Then after the usual votes of thanks, the convention adjourned to meet next year in Atlantic City, N. J.

#### An Organized System to Rob the Goldsmiths' Stock Co.

TORONTO, Can., July 19.—The Goidsmiths' Stock Co. have for some time been the victims of an organized system of robbery, carried on by two employes and some outside parties. One of the guilty parties had access to the vault whence from time to time he abstracted articles of jewelry, passing them to his confederate in the warehouse, by whom they were forwarded to parties outside the city for sale. The low prices at which the stolen goods were offered led to the detection of the scheme. The son of a prominent citizen of Kingston, Ont., offered for sale a number of gold and silver watches at prices so low as to lead to the supposition that they must have been stolen. Finally A. C. Johnston, jew-



SECRETARY.

eler, of that city, discovered that the goods were manufactured by the Goldsmiths' Stock Co., and at once communicated with the manager, Walter J. Barr. As the result of an inquiry F. Roots, an employe of the company, and F. W. Smyth, a printer of Toronto, were arrested. The latter confessed that he had sent 10 watches and a ring to Kingston. Warrants are also out for the young man who managed the Kingston end of the business and another of the company's employes who is implicated, but they have disappeared. A large quantity of the stolen property has been recovered.

#### Souvenir Medal of the Cotton States and International Exposition.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 22 .- The design for the official Souvenir Medal of the Cotton States and International Exposition was forwarded to Washington last week, where the medals will be minted from the Government coin press. The medals will be made from bronze and will be the exact size of a silver quarter. On the face of the medal will be a bale of cotton, on which is perched with outstretched wings, a phœnix. Under the bale of cotton are shown the rays of the fire of 1865, with the year 1865 printed. Above are the figures 1895. Around the edges of the medal are printed the words: "Cotton States and International Exposition," and at the lower side of the coin are the words, "Atlanta, Ga., U. S. A., September 18th, December 31, 1895."

#### Trade Gossip.

Wm. H. Ball & Co., 15 John St., New York, make a specialty of gold bracelets. They carry a very complete line.

"Quick selling novelties" in sterling silver are offered in endless variety by Codding Bros. & Heilborn, No. Attleboro, Mass.

For an AI pattern with all around merit the Apollo of the J. B. & S. M. Knowles Co. fills the bill. All this company's popular patterns are offered at the regular market price.

S. O. Bigney & Co., Attleboro, Mass., make high grade goods only. They offer rolled plate chains in all the popular styles for ladies and gentlemen in infinite variety, and also show a handsome line of sterling silver novelties 925-1000 fine.

Each genuine Golconda gem bears on the card the words "Golconda Gem Trademark." These gems are the nearest approach to genuine diamonds produced. Do not be deceived by imitations. Mounted in a complete line of drops, studs, scarf pins etc., solely by R. L. Griffith & Son, Providence, R. I.

The continued and increasing success achieved by the Royal 14 kt. case, the latest production from the busy factory of Bates & Bacon, is no more than is deserved by goods of such excellent and satisfactory qualities. The manufacturers guarantee the Royal 14 kt. cases to give complete satisfaction and state positively that they will outwear any case at a similar price on the market. One of the best proofs of their sterling worth is that every dealer who has handled the Royal 14 kt. invariably has wanted more. Bates & Bacon's line also includes the ever popular Favorite, the Peer and the Puritan cases, all well known and universally liked for their many good qualities. They can be had in all sizes. Order from any jobber.

#### St. Louis.

A number of jewelers have formed a bicycle club.

S. H. Thompson, a traveling jewelry fakir. was last week fined \$10 and costs in St. Charles for plying his vocation without a license.

The Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co. have been selected by the Government to furnish the official time for the United States Courts, Custom House and Post Office, also to wind, regulate and keep in repair the clocks.

In a fire in Greenville, Tenn., last week, the jewelry store of Rosenbaum & Co. was burned out.

The death occurred, last week, of Mrs. Emily M. Seymour, wife of Joseph Seymour, the well known silversmith of Syracuse, N. Y., to whom she was married in 1848. She leaves three sons, Joseph, Jr., Edwin G., and Charles H. Mrs. Seymour was a gentlewoman of the old school, one whose memory will be cherished by coming generations.

#### Providence.

All communications for this column, directed to P. O. Box 1093, Providence, R.I., will receive prompt attention.

#### TRADE CONDITIONS.

The usual July shut-down is now over with a majority of the shops, and the indications are that business will continue to increase in volume until after the holidays. The silver novelties and Summer goods have had their run and the better class of gold and plated goods are now coming in for their share of patronage. Many of the manufacturers are running overtime and there is hardly a jeweler of any ability who is without work. Advertisements in the daily papers for help are frequent, and one large manufacturer stated, the past week, that he was unable to procure as many workmen as he desired, and that he was willing to pay even as high as \$4 per day for such men as he wanted.

George T. Brown has given a real estate mortgage for \$2,500.

Isaac Mitchell, Kingston, Ont., called upon the local trade recently.

E. E. Hosmer has opened a branch store at 147 Thames St., Newport.

G. M. Kittredge has removed from 45 Mathewson St., to 326 Westminster St.

E. Wertheimer, of E. Wertheimer & Co., New York, was in town the past week.

J. P. Trafton, Los Angeles, Cal., was in town the past week, and placed several orders.

Hoffman S. Dorchester *et u.x.* have mortgaged real estate in the town of Warwick, to the Weybosset National Bank, for 10, 500.

A large new building is soon to be erected on Pine St. for jewelers' purposes. The building will have a frontage of 240 feet on Pine St., 135 feet on Richmond and about 100 on Page St.

H. L. Manchester has started in the jobbing business 86 Weybosset St. Mr. Manchester was for more than a decade a traveling salesman for Albert Walker.

G. J. Corey, manager of the Pairpoint Mfg. Co., Chicago, who has been spending his vacation at Narragansett Pier, has returned to his home.

John H. Bongartz has given a chattel mortgage to Charles Matteson for \$1,098.15. The mortgage covers all of the stock, tools and fixtures in the store at 325 S. Main St.

Clark & Coombs are having a very good run on their new line of aluminum *Defender* novelties that are made from the punchings from the material used in the sheathing of the cup defender. They are also getting out a striking line of Little Red School-house souvenirs.

Clarence L. Watson, Fred. A. Newell, Joseph F. Ripley, Edward L. Gowen have been granted acts of incorporation as the Watson & Newell Co for the manufacture of all kinds of jewelry. These gentlemen comprised the manufacturing firm of Watson & Newell, Attleboro, and the style is now changed to the corporation title. The capital stock is \$500,000. There is an unsubstantiated rumor that the company have been incorporated in this State as the concern intend moving to this city in a short time.

The manufacturing jewelry business heretofore carried on by John T. Mauran and the estate of John T. Mauran will be continued by the John T. Mauran Mfg. Co., who will maintain the same high standard of excellence as that which has characterized the John T. Mauran goods for the past quarter of a century. W. L. Mauran has been elected president and treasurer, and Fred. V. Kennon secretary. The business will be continued at 61 Peck St., this city, and 3 Maiden Lane, New York. The company have organized under a charter granted about five years ago and the change was made in order to settle up the estate of John T. Mauran.

#### Philadelphia.

James W. Barry has returned from a week's cruise on the yacht *Minerva*.

Jewelers T. Morris, O. Knight and Frank Block are summering at Atlantic City.

Louis Beconne, of L. A. Scherr & Co., has gone to Chicago to study the operations of the Horological Society in that city, so as to utilize its best features in connection with the organization recently established in Philadelphia.

The reorganized Muhr firm consists of Jacob Muhr, Harry Schimpf, and R. Binder, and will be known under the old firm name, H. Muhr's Sons. The store at 7th and Chestnut Sts. is being magnificently fitted up. The new establishment will have no connection with the factory.

A valuable and unique collection consisting of various peculiar counterfeit gems has recently been obtained by the University of Pennsylvania. Many of the stones are remarkable products of skilled hands and so closely resemble the genuine gems that an expert is required to detect the counterfeit. The bulk of the collection came originally from Idar.

A. R. Justice & Co. have won their case against the city for actual money loss, but not for loss of profits, occasioned by the widening of Chestnut St. between 7th and 8th Sts. A. R. Justice & Co., as well as many other houses in the trade, were, it will be recollected, considerably embarrassed when the house line on "Jewelers' Row" was set back by the city.

A letter has been received by Supt. Linden from A. A. Howlett, Syracuse, N. Y., offering a reward of \$250 for a package of diamonds lost, mislaid or stolen in May last. The police have also been requested to look out for G. W. Cohen, of the E. G. Morris Safe Co., of Boston, who is said to have repaired the safe containing the missing diamonds.



Traveling representatives may consider these columns open for the publication of any news or items of interest regarding themselves or their confreres.

BOSTON, Mass., July 20. —With her prow pointed toward the open sea, and all steam on to speed her over the undulating surface, swiftly the handsome yacht Navarch bore the members of the Jewelry Travelers' Association of

New England on their annual mid-Summer outing to day.

Relaxation from business was made easy by the dreamy southern breeze, a hazy sky and the poetry of motion. Promptly at high noon the first turn of the propeller started the yacht from the moorings of the South Boston Yacht Club, and a moment later the parting salute had been fired.

The run was first to Nantasket, where a banquet was in order at the Rockland House. Set speeches after the dinner had been omitted from the programme by the executive committee, whose opinion that the annual meeting in December would be a more appropriate time for oratorical features was approved by all present. President Wales, however, after the menu had been read, discussed and approved, to use a parliamentary expression, took occasion to thank the host, Chas. F. Morrill, of the Morrill Bros. Co., who is commodore of the South Boston Yacht Club, for his courtesy in placing his flagship, fleetest steam yacht of the harbor, at the disposal of the Travelers' Association in this and previous years.

Commodore Morrill responded briefly, assuring the members that, whether as host on his yacht or as guest at their banquet table, he was glad to be with them and share in the enjoyments of the occasion. Next year, if the association had an outing, he hoped to see them on board the *Navarch* once more for she was at their disposal in 1896.

Toasts were proposed and the health of Mr. Morrill, President Wales, the executive committee in whose hands were the arrangements for the features of the day, and ex-president John L. Shepherd were honored.

"Bob" Hamilton's rendition of the song, "Phœbe, where are your berries, child?" was, all things considered, perhaps the gem of the occasion, but the versatility of some of the party when assuming the role of entertainers was remarkable and at times rather startling.

At 4 o'clock, after a stroll on the beach the cruise was resumed and a delightful run of about two hours' duration brought the outing to a close.

The participants were:

Commodore Charles F. Morrill, president

William C. Wales, executive committee E. H. A. Pingree, Harry F. Hayes and Col. John L. Shepherd, secretary-treasurer William S. Tiffany, Frank A. Balcom, Fred S, Sweet, Edward H. Litch, Frank E. Buffum, Fred R. Holister, Frank H. Elliott, Fred C. Graves, Robert M. Hamilton' Joseph Battles, Wade W. Williams, J. Frank Sumner, John C. Pendleton, J. Elmer Cunningham, Fred V. Kennon, Mark B. Flanders, Harry Pitcher, James H. Conner Herbert W. Smith, William L. Russell, Nicholas I. Farrion, E. D. Cole, Walter B. Ballou, Maj. Herbert S. Tanner, William B. Tompkins, George N. Kingsbury, Jr., J. F. Hayes, and THE CIRCULAR correspondent.

The travelers in Kansas City, Mo., last week were: Albert Kahn, American Watch Case Co.; David Beer, Bernheim, Cohen & Beer; H. L. Alfred, Geo. B. Hurd & Co.; Louis Freund, Max Freund & Co.; J. K. Eaton, Bradley & Son.

Travelers last week in Pittsburgh, Pa., included: W. R. Eliot, Meriden, Conn.; A. Peabody, New York; Eugene H. Phillips, H. L. Judd & Co.; L. Stern, Young & Stern; L. Stern, Stern Bros. & Co.; Chas. F. Ketcham, Riker Bros.; G. F. Kaiser, Henry Froehlich & Co.; Chas. F. Langhaar, Hancock, Becker & Co.

The following traveling salesmen passed through Detroit last week: A. O. Waterman, Pairpoint Mfg. Co.; L. Seligsberger, Adelphi Silver Plate Co.; G. F. Kaiser, Henry Froehlich & Co.; D. Wile, Volker & Friedholdt; Jule Franklin L., Tannenbaum & Co.; Mr. Roberts, Williams Bros.; and E. A. Porter, R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co.

#### Springfield, Mass.

F. E. Ladd, of this city, and F. A. Robbins, Pittsfield, attended the National Retail Jewelers' Association convention, in St. Louis, Mo., last week.

R. E. Cooper, Westfield, was seriously injured in a bicycle accident recently. He, in company with a friend, was riding on a tandem bicycle and had nearly reached home when the machine collapsed and both riders were thrown. Mr. Cooper was the more seriously injured. He was cut and bruised about the head and his jaw was dislocated.

#### Pittsburgh.

J. Alex. Hardy and Mrs. Hardy, Steele F. Robertson, and O. E. Heineman are at Atlantic City.

Mr. Keller will take Mr. Crawford's place as traveling representative for G. B. Barrett & Co. about Aug. J. Mr. Keller is a well known man on the road.

On the morning of July 17 a disastrous fire broke out in the building numbered 608-616 Fifth Ave., owned by R. T. McGeagh, jeweler; loss \$16,000. The building was partially insured.

Visiting jewelers last week were: J. C. Rhodes, Homestead; Charles Adelman, Homestead; W. W. Hyde, West Middlesex; D. L. Cleland, Butler; H. H. Weyham, Kittanning; Meyer Samuel, Youngstown, Ohio.

E. E. Ross, jeweler, Braddock, returned from Connellsville last week, and reported the capture of Peter Malone, Harry Zimmerman, John Wilson and an unknown, charged with robbing several stores in Connellsville.

#### Boston.

J. C. Donnell, of the Ripley-Howland Mfg. Co., is at Bar Harbor.

D. C. Percival, Jr., of D. C. Percival & Co., has returned from an extended yachting trip.

Harry F. Hayes, for many years salesman for E. B. Floyd & Co., has accepted a position with the Howard Sterling Co.

Some of the jewelers in Boston and other cities are interested in the whereabouts of a smooth operator who took an office, so he claimed, a short time ago in the Carter building, Water St. He ordered goods from various wholesalers, under the name of Bowman & Co., but the checks went back protested to the receivers of them, and the dealers cannot find their customer at the address given.

#### Encouraging Reports Prom the American Watch Co.

WALTHAM, Mass., July 22.—The American Watch Co. started up their works to-day after the annual vacation, which this year was three weeks in length. Owing to the improved outlook and better condition of the country, and to fill outside orders, the employes of the balance, pivoting, mainspring and dial rooms enjoyed only a week's vacation, while those of the plate department had only two weeks. Those in the machine shop worked the entire vacation.

When the factory closed down June 28th for the vacation, there were over 1,700 hands on the time roll. It is said that the prospects for a good trade next Fall are very bright. The company have under way two new models of watches, a new 14 size and a 12 size. The models are not yet completed, but as soon as they are and the company are ready to commence work on them, more hands will be given employment.

Small Grindstones .- When it is necessary to remove a good deal from the face of a graver the operation will take too long on the oil stone, and there would be considerable difficulty in maintaining the face flat; recourse must then be had to the grindstone, but it should be remembered that care is needful when using it. The grindstone must always be thoroughly wet in order to avoid heating the graver, as its cutting power would then be destroyed. Emery wheels may be used for this purpose, but they are, for the most part, inconvenient on account of the rapid increase they occasion in the temperature of the metal. Some forms of emery wheels, however, can be moistened just like a grindstone.

### CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Advertisements are entitled to one insertion under proper heading. Extra insertions, \$6.00 per annum. Extra Headings, \$12.00 per annum.

Art Pottery, Bric-a-brac, etc.	age
Hinrichs & Co., 29-31 Park Place, N. V	39
Assayers & Refiners.	
Baker, Geo. M., Providence, R. 1 Goldsmith Bros., 63 & 65 Washington St., Chicago, Ill	
Lelong, L. & Bro., Newark, N J Rathbone, J., 1-9 Mathewson St., Providence R. I	,
Auctioneers.	
Boyle, S. A. & Co., Washington, D.C Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y. French, J. H., P. O. Box 2775, N. Y. Rich, H. M. & Co., 21 School St., Boston Mass.	39 38
Badges, Medals, Etc.	
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y	36
Chains.	- 0
Bigney, S. O., & Co., Attleboro, Mass	
Clocks, French, English and Americ	
Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St. N. Y	39
Cut Glass.	
Empire Cut Glass Co., 35 Murray St., N. V Straus, L. & Sons, 42-48 Warren St., N. Y	
Diamond & Precious Stone Importer	в.
Disselkoen, John N., 5·7 Maiden Lane, N. Y Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. L., N.Y. Hedges, Wm. S. & Co., 170 Broadway, N. Y Kahn, L. & M. & Co., 172 Broadway, N. Y Kipling, E. E., 182 Broadway, N. Y Kipling, R. A., Hays Bldg., N. Y	39 8 39 39
Lorsch, Albert, & Co., 37 Maiden Lane, N. Y Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane N. Y Rich & Allen, State and Madison Sts., Chicago Smith, Alfred H. & Co., 182 Broadway, N. Y. Weil, Louis, & Co., 45 Maiden Lane, N. Y	, 9 29 8
Diamond Cutters.	
Coeterman, Henrichs, Keck Co., Cincinnati, O Fera, Henry, Prescott Bldg., N. Y Fox Bros. & Co., 18 E. 4th St., Cincinnati, O. Jacobson Bros., Prescott Bldg., N. Y. Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, Prescott Bldg. N. Y.	8 31 12 35
Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane	e 9
Diamond Mountings,	
Oppenheimer, H. E. & Co., 14 Maiden Lane N. Y	
Engraving School.	
Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Chicago	- 29

#### Fine Engraving.

The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassau 

#### Fine Stationerv.

Parsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St., N.Y... 3

Gold	Jew	elry
------	-----	------

Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane... 2-36 Ball, Wm. H. & Co., 15 John St., N. Y ..... 25 Carter, Sloan & Co., 15 Maiden Lane, N. V .. 9 Hedges, A. J., & Co., 6 Maiden Lane, N. Y...

Krementz & Co., 49 Chestnut St., Newark, N. J.... Larter, Elcox & Co., 21-23 Maiden Lane, N. Y 15

#### Gold and Rolled Plate Jewelry.

Greene, Geo. F. & Co., 111 & 113 Point St., Providence, R. 1..... 39 Griffith, R. L. & Son, Providence, R. I ...... 30 Smith, Wm., & Co., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y... 39

#### Horological Schools.

Parson's School for Watchmakers, Peoria, Ill. 30

#### Jobbers, Watches, Diamonds, Etc.

Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., 19 Maiden Lane .2	-36
Lapp & Flershem, 92-98 State St., Chicago	29
Friedlander, R., L. & M., Ltd. 30 Maiden Lane,	
N. Y	2
Myers, S. F. & Co., 48 Maiden Lane, N. Y	39

#### Lawyers.

Emmons Associated Law Offices, Portland, Ore.... 34

#### Musical Boxes.

Jacot & Son, 39 Union Square, N. Y ...... 39

#### Muslin Buffs.

Williamsville Mfg. Co., 18 S. Water St., Providence, R. I..... 35

#### Optical Goods.

Geneva Optical Co., Chicago, Ills..... 29

#### Optical Schools.

Chicago Ophthalmic College..... 29 Knowles, Dr., Neponset Cottage, Peak's Island, Casco Bay, Portland, Me..... 39

#### Paneled Metal Ceilings.

Northrop, A. & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa..... 2

#### Pens, Pencils, etc.

Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 2-36 Mabie, Todd & Bard, New York ...... 34

#### Ring Makers.

Bonner, Rich & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N. Y... 39 Bowden, J. B. & Co., 192 Broadway, N. Y..... Bryant, M. B., & Co., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 36 Smith, L. B. & H. H., 53 Maiden Lane, N. Y.. 32

#### Safes.

Marvin Safe Co., 12 Park Place, N. Y..... 34 Mosler, Bahmann & Co., 518 B'way, N. Y .... 3

#### Sample Trunks,

Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y ....

#### Scales.

Kohlbusch, Herman, Sr., 59 Nassau St., N. Y. 8

Show	Cases.	

Page.

7

Melishek & Petter, 128 Maiden Lane, N. Y ... 34

#### Silver Plated Ware.

National Silver & Watch Co., 908 Masonic Temple, Chicago, 111..... 29 Rogers & Bro., 16 Cortlandt St., N. Y. ..... 20 The Wm. Rogers Mtg. Co., Hartford, Conn... 3

#### Sterling Silver Novelties.

Bippart & Co.,	Newark, N. J.		11
Codding Bros.	& Heilborn,	North Attleboro	
Mass			

- Howard & Cockshaw, 220 Fourth Ave., N. Y. 32 Richards, E. Ira, & Co., 68-70 Nassau St., N. Y. 7
- Unger Bros., 412 Halsey St., Newark, N. J .... 13

#### Sterling Silverware.

Dominick & Haff, Union Square, N. Y	6
Fuchs, Ferd. & Bros., 808-810 Greenwich St.,	
N. Y	4
Knowles, J. B. & S. M. Co., Providence, R. I.	4
Shiebler, Geo. W. & Co., 179 Broadway, N. Y.	4
Towle Mfg. Co., Newburyport, Mass	4
Whiting, F. M., Co., North Attleboro, Mass.	4
Whiting Mfg. Co., Broadway & 18th St., N. Y.	19
Wood & Hughes, 16 John St., N. Y	4

#### Thimbles.

Ketcham & McDougall, 198 Broadway, N. Y.. 36

#### Tool Manufacturers and Dealers.

American Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass .. 36

#### Trunks and Traveling Bags.

Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y .... 4

#### Watch Case Manufacturers.

Bates & Bacon, 11 John St., N. Y..... 21b Dueber Hampden Co., Canton, O..... 39 Fahys, Jos., & Co., 41 Maiden Lane, N.Y. ... 15 Jacobson, F. H. & Co., 96 State St., Chicago . 29

#### Watch Case Materials.

Newark Watch Case Material Co., Newark, N. J.....

#### Watch Case Repairers.

Felix, N. J., 17 John St., N. Y..... 39 Henry, Peter, Cincinnati, O..... 30

#### Watch Importers.

4

Haldemann, E. A., 33 Maiden Lane, N. Y ..... 27 Hyde's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y.. 4

#### Watch Manufacturers.

Dueber Hampden Co., Canton, O..... 39

### Special Notices.

Rates 75c. per insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines (25 words); additional words 2 cents each. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per cent off; four insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertions, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. If answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

### Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. If answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

A<sup>T</sup> once, young man can do all ordinary watch, clock and jewelry repairing; 7 years' experience. Particulars in first letter. Address Clarence Martin, Bowen, 111.

A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT WATCH-MAKER, German, best of references, wants position Address H. G., care JEWELERS' CIRCU-LAR.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN, with old established trade in the south and southwest, is open for a position as traveler. Address G., care JEWEL-ERS' CIRCULAR.

SITUATION WANTED-A High School graduate, 17 years old, good penman, would like a good office position; bonds if required. Address M. B., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED, SITUATION by young man 4 years' experience, watchmaker, clock repairer, jobbing and salesman; best of references. Address H. M., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

OPTICIAN and salesman, also can do common watch, clock and jewelry repairing. Have com plete test case. Would like position at once. Address "Strong," North Creek, N.Y.

WANTED by a young man, a position with assayer and refiner; Swiss and American references; 14 years' experience. Address Henri Ferrier, 2680 Elghth Ave., New York city.

A FIRST-CLASS WATCHMAKER desires a situation in a reliable house, city preferred; worked for 6 years in a reliable house as first hand. Address J. S., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

SALESMAN AND JEWELER wishes position in first-class retail store about Sept. 1st; 8 years' experience; good references; New York preferred. Address B. A., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A GOOD watchmaker and engraver, with tools, would like permanent position. Graduate in pharmacy. Experienced. Steady habits, single, best references Harry Allen, Morenci, Mich.

A JEWELRY FOREMAN and first-class designer on diamond and general jewelry, capable of taking entire charge of factory, wants a position. Address A. Smith, care E. P. Reichhelm & Co., 80 Nassau St., New York City.

WANTED, A SITUATION by a watchmaker of eleven years' experience; no specialist but good all-round workman; have my own tools; single, strictly sober, first-class references. Percy, care JEW-ELERS' CIRCULAR.

A COMPETENT, reliable and energetic traveling or resident salesman. At present with large silverware house, is open for engagement Aug. 1st.; can handle silverware, watches and general jewelry. L., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED, A POSITION as salesman in a retail or wholesale jewelry business; have been ergaged for the past 5 years with one of the leading retail houses in New York City; best of references. Address A. B. C., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR. BY a young man 22 years of age, with fair knowledge of the business, as watchmaker and salesman; best of references; New York city or vicinity preferred. Address W. S. Macmillan, 34 Ferry St., Schenectady, N.Y.

#### Belp Wanted.

WANTED, AN "UP TO DATE" optical sales man for South and Southwest. Address, stating age, experience and references to O. K., care JEWEL-ERS' CIRCULAR.

A YOUNG MAN about 20 to clean and re-card stock in retail store; chance to advance; give references and former employer. Astig, care JEW-ELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED, A REPRESENTATIVE in Boston and New England States to sell our goods on commission to jewelers. Address B. L. Co., care JEW-ELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED, SURFACE GRINDER, one who can also do general optical repair work preferred. Reference required. Address "E. Kirstein's Sons Co.," Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED, WATCHMAKER and jeweler, must be a s.lesman, in a New England store; best of references required; price moderate. Address New England, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED, A TRAVELER for Kansas, Colorado. Missouri, Montana and part of Illinois, to carry our goods as a side line on commission. We sell to the jewelry trade only. Address L. P. Co., care JEWELERS'CIRCULAR.

#### Business Opportunities.

A LIVE MAN can have retail jewelry store on lower Broadway at very low price; up to date stock of about \$4,000. Hermo, care JEWELERS CIR-CULAR.

A BUSINESS CHANCE in a live manufacturing town in Massachusetts; population 5.000, with a large country trade; stock has been reduced to about \$1.000; fixtures \$500; will reduce stock still further if desired; business established 12 years; very little competition, it will pay you to look it up, there's money in it; owner resides in another town. John H. Starbuck, 399 Main St., Worcester, Mass.

FOR SALE-One-third or one-half interest in a well established jewelry store in the large and growing city of Atlanta, Ga.; store situated in the very best location for business in the city : inspection invited; correspondence solicited; reasons for selling, want more help and capital for our Exposition. which will be a "hummer." Here is a chance for some good party to make money. No attention will be paid to letters written out of idle curiosity. Address Business, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

#### To Let.

T O LET-At 915 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, five beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators; suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china or glass importer. Apply to C. Dorflinger & Sons, 36 Murray St., New York.

TO LET-Very fine lofts with elegant light, steam heat, power and elevators; size 25x150 and 25x00; well adapted to jewelers' demands three silversmiths already in building); entrance at 114 E. 14th St. opposite Irving Place; terms moderate. Josef Scheina, 119 E. 13th St., New York.

#### Miscellaneous

A GOOD CHANCE for some one; jewelry business for sale reasonably; test of reasons for selling. Address P. H., care Baur & Kocher, 33 John St., New York.

WANTED you to know that the genuine "Moseley Lathe" equals the best of the very best. When interested write your jobber for new price list, or to the manufacturers, Moseley & Co., Elgin, Ill.

#### For Sale.

8-DAY CHRUNOMETER for sale, or exchange for store fixtures; rate 3 seconds per month. Also want to buy an ophthalmometer .Address Pivoter B., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

### Wm. H. Ball & Company,

Gold Bracelets,

15 John Street, NEW YORK.



WORKSHOP NOTES. PARIS FASH-IONS. FASHIONS IN JEWELRY. THE CONNOISSEUR. PRACTI-CAL LESSONS FOR OPTI-CIANS. TECHNICAL ARTI-CLES. LATEST PAT-ENTS. MATTERS IN STORE KEEPINC.



## Workshop Notes.

200 PAGES BOUND IN CLOTH.

The most complete book of the kind ever published.

A perfect encyclopedia of information.

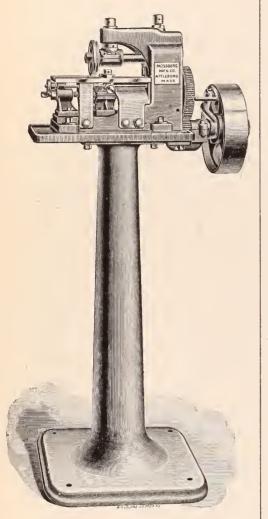
With a copy of Workshop Notes and 52 numbers of <u>The Jewelers'</u> <u>Circular</u> (a year's subscription price, \$2.00), any jeweler will have all the trade literature he needs.

SEND \$2.50 AND GET BOTH.

#### World of Invention.

#### POWER SHEARS FOR RAPID PRODUCTION.

The illustration depicts a power shears for rapid production. As will be remarked, the construction is specially substantial for the work for which they are designed. This, however, was purposely done for the



reason that experience has shown that the cutters are oftener dulled by springing and rubbing against each other than by actual work performed.

In order to give more or less lap for stock of different thicknesses, the upper cutter is adjustable. The width gauge can be quickly moved and has a screw adjustment for exactness. When running by power the machine can be readily stopped or started by the operator by a driving pulley clutch operated by a foot lever, thus leaving both hands free for guiding the stock. The machine is also built as a hand shears when desired.

The Mossberg Mfg. Co., Attleboro, Mass., who make this machine, also announce the early production of a new style automatic drop which will have many improvements over the present successful drops made by this company. Photographs of this new drop show a noticeable compactness and greater rigidity of construction. The new No. 1 or 100-pound hammer drop is also almost ready for shipment. A more detailed description of the new drop will appear in a subsequent issue.

CARRIAGE AND LIGHT WAGON WATCH POCKET.

In the advertising columns will be found an illustration of a new and useful article for horsemen and drivers on the road, who can by its use be always kept posted as to the time of day without the slightest trouble on their part. This invention consists of a watch in an attachable pocket, which is placed on the dashboard in front of the driver, thereby enabling him to see the time without the necessity of slowing his pace and fumbling about to get his watch from his pocket. Every horseman and driver will at once see the advantage of this.

The article is made in a substantial manner of either patent leather or pigskin, and is completely impervious to rain. It can be attached to the dashboard of any wagon and taken off or put on with the greatest ease. It is held on the dashboard by two strong steel springs, and is thus right before the eyes of the driver, who can see the time without moving his head. It is made in two sizes, to suit different sized watches: size No. 1, is five inches long, and size No. 2 is six inches long. E. A. Haldemann, 33 Maiden Lane, New York, is the importer, and further particulars regarding the article can be obtained by addressing him.

#### Exclusive Novelty in Belts.

THAT Paris is the arbiter of fashions in America, as far at least as woman's dress is concerned, is not to be gainsaid; and therefore manufacturers are always on the *qui vive* to detect reigning fads in the French capital. The fashion of wearing very broad elastic webbing belts with extra heavy buckles, bright polished, has the fair Parisienne by the waist, and it is another evidence of Unger Bros'. well known enterprise that they are the only firm in the market with this exclusive novelty, to supply the demand from American women.

The webbing is a scarce article in the market, and Unger Bros., Newark, N. J., and 192 Broadway, New York, have made arrangements for an unlimited supply. The firm furnish the novelty in black, white, and navy blue colors, and in widths 3¼ inches and 4 inches. The goods are ready for immediate delivery. The firm illustrate this novelty in belts on another page.

#### Mr. Howard, of Cork, Ireland, is a Swindler.

SALEM, Mass., July 17.—A few days ago a man about 60 years of age, weighing 200 pounds, and dressed in a gray suit, called at the jewelry store of George A. Collins and asked to be shown some watches. He was a man of means, he stated, and expressed himself as particularly impressed with the beauty of a \$60 timepiece which was in Mr. Collins's showcase. The stranger exhibited a bank book from the Salem Savings Bank and also one of the Manchester National Bank and in payment for the watch handed over an \$82 check on the latter bank.

The check was accepted in payment and was sent on for collection, with the result that Mr. Collins has been notified that there is no money to the credit of T. H. Howard in that bank. Mr. Howard, for that is the name the stranger gave, claimed to be a resident of Cork, Ireland, and was in Salem seeing the sights.

#### Clarence W. Sedgwick Commits Suicide.

The death of Clarence W. Sedgwick, manufacturing jeweler, 25 E. 20th St., New York, was announced by cable dispatch, Friday, from Paris. Mr. Sedgwick committed suicide July 18 by cutting his throat with a razor at his lodgings in the Rue Bergere. Life was extinct when the suicide was discovered

Mr. Sedgwick left New York on the *Aurania* June 15, and arrived in Paris from London on Monday, July 15. He returned to his lodgings Thursday evening in a state of intoxication, telling his interpreter to return in an hour. In the meantime Mr. Sedgwick had committed suicide. The room in which he was found presented a horrible sight. The fatal blow had evidently been struck while he was lying on his bed, from which he staggered about the room with blood spurting from his neck all over the furniture and walls.

Papers found upon the body enabled the police to establish his identity. The sum of 15,000 francs was also found upon the suicide's person.

Clarence Wood Sedgwick was well known to the trade as a manufacturing jeweler. He was born in New York, Sept. 1, 1860, and was the son of the late John W. Sedgewick, a widely known jeweler and a member of the old firm of Cox & Sedgwick. Clarence W. Sedgwick first became connected with the jewelry trade in 1887, as a member of the Cox & Sedgwick Mfg. Co., successors of his father's firm. At the end of five years, on July 1, 1892, Mr. Sedgwick started in business for himself as a manufacturing jeweler at 11 E. 20 St., New York, where he remained until last May when the business was removed to its present location, 25 E. 20th St.

Seven years ago he married a Miss Mungels, of Brooklyn, who with his widowed mother survives him. Mr. Sedgwick was a member of the Larchmont Yacht Club, the Manhattan Athletic Club in its palmy days, and the New York Athletic Club. The trip which carried him abroad was undertaken for business. Since his departure from New York, on June 15, no communication had been received from him.

The remains will be shipped to this country for burial.

#### AND HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

#### Newark.

The employes of the Bassett Jewelry Co. have organized a ball nine which is making a creditable record among the shop nines of the city.

Ex-Assemblyman T. H. Pollock, lately of William Dixon & Co., manufacturers of jewelers' brushes, has resumed business for himself at 38 and 40 Crawford St.

Newark has alone 150 manufacturing jewelers, and while few of them have as much work on hand as they desire, almost all seem satisfied that once the Summer stagnation is tided over, business will prove healthier than it has for many a long day.

The Saturday half holiday closing agitation has made considerable progress in Newark. It now affects nearly every branch of industry. The majority of the manufacturing jewelers have been in the habit of closing their shops at noon on Saturday, during the Summer, for the last three or four years. It is only within the last few weeks that the retail dealers have shown any inclination to close their doors Saturday afternoon. Last Saturday afternoon a walk through the section in which the leading jewelry stores are located revealed the fact that but three were open: Jean Tack, J. Dombey Wadsworth and Christl Bros.

#### Canada and the Provinces.

F ed A. Milligan, Cornwall, Ont., has moved into a fine new store.

In a fire in Elmvale, Ont., recently Robinson's jewelry store was burned out.

Wilfred Laclere has started in the watchmaking business in St. Raymond, Que.

H. Birks, Jr., of Henry Birks & Sons, Montreal, has gone to Europe on a purchasing tour.

Mr. Tobin, of Aston & Tobin, Pictou, N. B., has been dangerously ill, but is about again.

Harvey Ryrie, Toronto, recently returned from a lengthy purchasing trip to Europe.

Julius Saunders, of H. & A. Saunders, Toronto, has just returned from a buying trip to Europe.

Miss Carrie Filton, daughter of Thomas Filton, jeweler, Exeter, Ont., was married last week to ]. Thom.

A. R. Harmon, representing the American Waltham Watch Co., has been stopping at the Rossin House, Toronto, for some time.

Miller & Bremer, Montreal, one of the oldest firms in the city, have opened a branch store on St. Catherine St., which is in charge of Mr. Bremer.

Arthur Shute, of S. F. Shute estate, Fredericton, N. B., has returned from the Spencer Optical Institute, New York, and brought his diploma with him.

Joseph Gagne, jeweler, Sherbrooke, Que., one of the passengers wounded at the Craig's Road accident last week has taken

an action for \$500 damages against the Grand Trunk Railway Co.

Among recent visitors to Toronto were: M. Schwob, Schwob Bros., Montreal; C. H. A. Grant, president Montreal Watch Case Co.; A. Cooper, London, Ont.; P. L. Woods, Brampton, Ont., and J. C. Fox, Orangeville. Ont.

Ephriam Frappier, for several years watchmaker and jeweler, of North Gower, Ont., passed away in death a few days ago. His trouble began with a severe cold which he neglected, and he had been lingering for some time.

Some of the leading Toronto retail jewelers are preparing to make brilliant displays at the Toronto Industrial Exhibition, which commences on Sept. 2d. The increased interest taken in this annual fair by jewelers in common with other classes of merchants is a hopeful sign of the improvement of trade conditions.

Notice is given of application for letters patent to incorporate the Crescent Watch Case Co; headquarters Montreal, capital \$25,000. The applicants are John M. Graham, banker, and Alvin T. Morrell, jeweler, both of Boston, Mass.; Hon. John S. Hall, Albert J. Brown, advocates; and Jno. S. Stanley, bookkeeper, of Montreal, of whom the said Hon. John S. Hall, Albert I. Brown and John S. Stanley are to be the first or provisional directors.

#### Cleveland.

Retailers report trade quite but encouraging.

A. L. Miller, of Malta, a leading jeweler of Morgan county, was stricken by paralysis last week, and is seriously ill. Mr. Miller is a prominent and wealthy citizen.

Burglars entered the jewelry store of A. S. Keeler & Bro., Marion, last Monday night, and got away with \$30 worth of booty. Entrance was made through a rear window, and they were scared away before

they had time to do a thorough job.

The retail jewelers of the city are following the movement of the better class of merchants to Euclid Ave., and some of the wholesalers are moving there also. Cowell & Hubbard Co. were followed by the Siglers, and Henry Welf is established in a ground floor room just around the corner on Bond Street.



CARRIAGE DASHBOARD TIMEPIECE. E. A: HALDEMANN, IMPORTER OF Swiss Watches, and Dealer in American Watches, 33 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK. -Send for Descriptive Circular and Price List -



LAKEWOOD FLARED-SHAPED BOWL.



Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building,

#### CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1895.

No. 25.

#### Chicago Notes.

VOL. XXX.

G. W. Marquardt, Sr., Des Moines, Ia, is visiting the Chicago house.

O. R. Ryan, Towle Mfg. Co., has started on his northwestern trip.

Mr. Adams, Reed & Barton, is on his way to the Pacific Coast States and Territories.

G. A. Schneider, Hammel, Riglander & Co., Thursday returned to Chicago from New York.

Colonel Moore, of the Dueber factory, spent the week here on business affairs, and left for the west Thursday.

E. A. Rich, of Rich & Allen Co, and family, returned from a two weeks' pleasure trip to South Haven, Mich., Monday.

The Allen brothers, Bert and Fred, and secretary John H. Mertz, of Rich & Allen Co., spent Sunday at Fox Lake, awheel—a too mile run there and back.

The representative of Albert Miller, Dundee, Ill., was numbered among the buyers of the past week. Mr. Miller has not yet returned from his European tour.

C. J. Noack, Sacramento, Cal., is visiting his old home, Watertown, Wis., where he was a long time with W. D. Sproesser, and will call on the New York trade before his return to the coast.

G. H. Anderson, 103 Garfield boulevard, died of pneumonia, the 11th inst., after a short illness. Mr. Anderson was formerly with Benj. Allen & Co., and engaged in business for himself about 18 months ago.

A. E. Bently, United States Watch Co., Waltham, Mass., is well pleased with his introductory visit to Canadian jewelers and will again enter the Dominion in August. Trade there is reported moderately quiet with a fair volume of Fall business looked for.

Joseph H. Crawford has engaged with H. F. Hahn & Co., to cover Pennsylvania, Ohio and part of Indiana and leaves the present week for his territory. Mr. Crawford has spent a lifetime in the trade, the past 16 years in the territory above named. It is a venture showing that eastward the course of Chicago trade takes its way.

The proposition to settle the affairs of Ozias Riley, Champaign, Ill., has been changed slightly, as follows: 10 cents cash, 10 cents Jan. 1st, 10 cents April 1st, and 10 cents Sept. 1st; the last payment a secured one. Mr. Riley agrees to the terms, and the committee has sent letters to all creditors recommending acceptance of the proposition.

Recent buyers who gave encouragement to "hot weather" business included: H. Applebaum, Lemont, Ill.; George F. Beach, Valparaiso, Ind.; F. A. Bartlett, Lockport, Ill.; J. G. Bodenschatz, Lemont, Ill.; John E. Bayles, Chillicothe, Ill.; J. W. Burkett, Arlington Heights, Ill.; L. H. Bauer, Elgin, Ill.; John Anderson, Harvey, Ill.; E. E. Chandler, Boone, Ia.; Mr. Carpenter, Rockford, Ill.; W. W. Denny, Aurora, Ill.; Eggerman & Son, Aurora, Ill.; C. W. Gearhardt, Oregon, Ill.; A. Gullbrandson, Rockford, Ill.; W. W. Houghton, Seattle, Wash.; R. E. Ingal, Laporte, Ind.; J. F. Ingalls & Son, Waukegan, Ill.; E. Keller, So. Chicago, Ill.; M. C. Knudson, Evanston, Ill. Mr. Kemmis, Rawlins, Wyo., H. Laderach & Bro. Hammond, Ind ; L. Luchtemeyer; Blue Isl nd, Ill.; E. C. Soug, Shabbona, Ill., representative of Albert Miller, Dundee, Ill.; A. Meyer, Grand Island, Ne b.; C. A. McGregor, Pontiac, Ill.; J. H. Nelson, Toronto, S. D.; A. B. Orners, Whiting, Ind.; Milo Putney, Ottawa, Ill.; C. J. Peterson, St. Charles, Ill.; F. J. Page, Oskaloosa, Ia.; C. Oesterle, Joliet, Ill; Racine Jewelry Mfg. Co., Racine, Wis.; Mrs. F. J. Reamer, So. Chicago, Ill.; S. J. R. Smith, Berlin, Wis., representative of Smythe & Lawrence, Elgin, Ill.; John Rehorst & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; B. P. Richmond, Lansing, Mich.; H. C. Simons, Coldwater, Mich.; W. & E. Schmidt, Milwaukee, Wis.; J. R. Schneider, Evanston, Ill.; A. H. Stecher, Milwaukee, Wis.; L. A. Stehle, Linden, Mich.; Secord-Hopkins Co., Kensington, Ill.; H. K. Thuneman, Newark, Ill ; J. Watson (representative), Pekin, Ill.; R. E. Winter, Highwood, Ill.; W. P. Yeoman, Waukegan, Ill.

#### Minneapolis and St Paul.

E. S. Houghton, Cannon Falls, Minn., and L. P. Sandberg, Red Wing, Minn., were the out-of-town jewelers in the Twin Cities last week.

A new jewelry store will be opened about Aug. 1st, in one of the store rooms in the Metropolitan Theatre building, First Ave. S., between 3d and 4th Sts., Minneapolis. W. H. Green, manager.

Robert Reed, secretary of the Reed & De-Mars Jewelry Mfg. Co., Minneapolis recently had a design patented for a free silver 16 to 1 lapel button. The design is a hand hold ing a pair of scales, one plate showing gold and the other silver. An inscription on the outer circle reads: "Free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver."



STERLING SILVER NOVELTIES 925/1000 FINE.

OUR COODS ARE SELLERS. ASK FOR THEM.

#### Pacific Coast Notes.

Peter Hoy, Fresno, Cal., has sold out.

Julius F. Fruling has fitted up a jewelry establishment in Alameda, Cal.

A new jewelry store has been opened by Y. H. Boudrea, in Chico, Cal.

Marshall Appliger, San Luis Obispo, Cal., has bought out the fixtures of Mr. Duprey, of the same place.

A branch jewelry store has been opened in Northport, B. C., by John McLeod, of John McLeod & Co., Davenport, Wash.

#### San Francisco.

H. C. Ray, Visala, Cal.; Chas. E. Graebe, San Jose, Cal., have been in town.

W. P. Morgan, of the Meriden Britannia Co., recently returned from a trip east.

Ernest Block, representing W. & S. Blackinton, has been in town, as was also Mr. Hudson, of H. F. Barrows & Co.

Phelps & Miller who recently became

#### Pacific Coast agents for the Elgin National Watch Co., are busy handling a large stock of watches just received.

#### Rockford.

G. S. Bartholomew, foreman of the Rockford Silver Plate Co., has given up his position and removed to Aurora.

The Rockford Watch Co. will probably at an early date begin the manufacture of bicycles in connection with their present business. They have the facilities for turning out a high grade wheel.

S. Fletcher Coan, for years an employe of the Rockford Silver Plate Co., and one of the best known traveling representatives, has severed his connection with the company. Mr. Coan has purchased a wholesale stationery business here.

#### Detroit.

J. L. Chapman, late instructor in the Elgin Watchmakers' School, has started a store and repair shop in Ann Arbor, Mich. The stocks of Sturgeon & Co. and F. G. Smith & Sons have been arranged in a new store, which now presents a rich and substantial appearance.

John Kay, of Wright, Kay & Co., returned from a four months' trip to Europe last week. He purchased a stock of novelties for the holiday and Winter trade.

Fishchel Brothers, of Chicago, have erected a one-story building in Petoskey, the famous Michigan Summer resort, and on July 15th put in a complete line of jewelry and novelties.

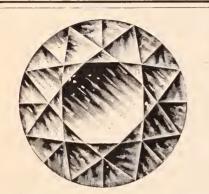
A bold thief entered Leon Cohen's store, Port Huron, Mich., last week and succeeded in getting away with one gold and eight silver watches while the proprietor was not looking. He priced nearly everything in the store.

George W. Johnston, jeweler and manufacturer of electrical street clocks, 93 Grand River Ave., recently placed an electric clock in front of the store of George Schaffner, corner of Woodward Ave. and Wilcox



St. This is the first electric clock ever built in this city.

The jewelry stock of C. C. Younglove, Newberry, Mich., waslast Saturday sold at public auction. Detroit firms are interested. Eugene Deimel, of this city, attended the sale. The creditors will probably get 25



## Looks Good, Doesn't It?

But you ought to see our

GOLCONDA GEM.

The nearest approach to a genuine diamond ever produced, is mounted **solely by us** in a complete and handsome line of

#### DROPS, STUDS, SCARFPINS, &c., &c.,

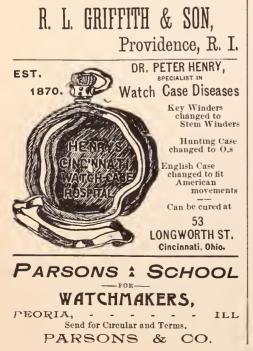
in Solid Gold and Rolled Plate.

The words GOLCONDA GEM (Trade Mark) appear on every card.

#### DON'T BE DECEIVED BY IMITATIONS.

We are the originators and the only mounters of this popular stone.

Ask your jobber to show you our fall line.



cents on the dollar. The principal creditors are located in Cleveland.

#### Kansas City.

C. C. Hoefer, of Woodstock, Hoefer & Co., has left for a short trip to Iowa.

M. Newhouse, of Chicago, has gone on the road for Herman Oppenheimer & Co., this city.

The following jewelers were in town a few days last week en route to the National Retail Jewelers' Association convention in St. Louis: E. A. Polley and wife, Sevana, Neb.; Fritz Hoefer, Aurora, Neb.; Richard O'Neil, Lincoln, Neb.; S. J. Huey and wife, Excelsior Springs, Mo.

The following out-of-town buyers were here last week: J. B. Lowe, Independence, Mo.; F. L. Hester, Lawrence, Kan.; Geo. Essig, Plattsburg, Mo.; C. Dickenson, Lawrence, Kan.; A. J. Kibler, Wellsville, Mo.; W. J. Lewis, with J. B. Hayden, Topeka, Kan.; O. Kolstad, Pleasant Hill, Mo.; J. H. Whitesides, Liberty, Mo.; J. H. Baker, Butler, Mo.

#### The Failure of Charles Otero.

Charles Otero, Pueblo, Col., is reported to have assigned. His liabilities are estimated at \$20,000, and his assets at \$20,500. His creditors number 35 and are almost all in New York and Newark, N. J. Mrs. Charles Otero is a creditor for \$500. The principal other creditors are:

Keller & Untermeyer Mfg. Co., \$1,212 10; Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, \$1,212.07; Carter, Sloan & Co., \$370; J. B. Bowden & Co., \$408; Spencer Optical Mfg. Co., \$230; Riker Bros., \$440; Green Bros., \$228; Bernheim, Cohen & Beer, \$129; Meriden Silver Plate Co., \$294; Simons, Bro. & Co., \$672; and Reed & Barton, \$686.

Geo. F. Greene & Co., Providence, R. I., are showing some excellent and salable novelties in their Fall line. Illustrated elsewhere in this issue are two of these sellers. The bicycle brooch, with free turning wheels, daintily enameled in various colors to simulate the popular makes of wheels, will be a winner in every event where entered. The material is a white metal of the firm's own production, of excellent body, in finish exactly like silver, and, perhaps, superior when engraved and in wearing qualities. It has everywhere won the highest commendations. This same metal is also used in the line of initial pins shown in their announcement. They are in various finishes-plain, engraved, satin, bright cut, enameled in black and white with gilt backs, etc., etc. Each pin is neatly carded, with this announcement on it: " If this isn't your initial, 'we have others.'" The bicycle cards are also all marked: "Class B., L. A. W. 1895." If your jobber doesn't handle these goods send your address to the manufacturers.

#### Cincinnati.

Otto Marion, Findley, O., was in Cincinnati last week buying goods.

Capt. Lovell, with C. Hellebush, has gone to the lakes, in camp with the O. N. G.

H. C. Pflafflin, of O. E. Bell Co., will call on his patrons this week with a new line.

The Wholesale Jewelers' Association held their outing at the Lagoon, Friday, July 19th.

Chas. Rauch, Louis Rauch and C, B. Goldsmith, of Stern & Co., are on the road this week.

Eugene Swigart is spending his vacation at the 'northern lakes, and will resume his trip Aug. 1st.

L. H. Becker and J. Koch, travelers for R. Jacobs, John Solar and J. C. Francis, with E. & J. Swigart, go out this week.

Geo. Seeger, the popular clerk of the Gibson House, is seriously ill. As soon as he is able to travel, he will be taken to a cool mountain resort, as recovery here is doubtful.

Jos. Noterman and his daughters are in Brussels, visiting relatives and taking a rest after climbing the Alps. Jos. Noterman while in Paris made some elegant selections of fine novelties and jewelry which will be shown the trade this Fall.

Two strangers were arrested in Hamilton last week with \$700 worth of diamonds in their possession. They had a quantity of lockets and other jewelry. The boxes bore Oskamp's label. They were trying to dispose of the goods when arrested, and could not give a good account of themselves. Several jewelers examined the stock, but it is still unidentified.

#### Skilled American Watchmakers go to Japan.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 20.—The Soo line this week carried through Minneapolis a party of 18 skilled mechanics from the various large watchmaking establishments of the country, bound for Japan and under contract to work there for three years. The men will not be required to work with the Japanese or to teach them their trades, and after three years will be free to hire as many of them as they care to if they decide to remain in the Flowery Kingdom.

The superintendent of the new factory, which will be located at Osaka, Japan, is to be P. H. Wheeler, late of the Otay Watch Co., of California. Some of the workmen in the party were: Charles Gassier, Springfield, Ill., formerly employed in the Illinois Watch factory; Charles Flick, Columbus, O.; Frank Birch, Springfield; Henry Barbier, Columbus; Bert Schultz, Waltham, Mass.; George Cassidy, Rockford, Ill., and others whose names were not learned from Elgin and other watch manufacturing points. The men left their families behind, and most of them expect to come back again after the three years have expired.

#### News Gleanings.

Mr. Thompson has opened a jewelry store Sterling, Ill.

Chas. J. Adams has opened a jewelry store in Milton, Fla.

W. C. Branning has opened a shop in West Palm Beach, Fla.

Fred. Haas has removed from Dodge, Neb., to Scribner, Neb.

W. H. Alexander will open a stock of jewelry in Gilmore, Mo.

M. Hendelman, Towanda, Pa., is having his store remodeled and renovated.

Feiker & Klatenback is the name of a new jewelry firm on E. State St., Racine, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Graffe, Fort Wayne, Ind., have left for Maxinkuckee for a vacation.

Morris Bernstein has closed his jewelry rooms in Bath, N. Y., and has gone to Hornellsville, N. Y.

In a fire in Greenville, Tenn., last week the jewelry store of Rosenbaum & Co. was burned out.

D. N. Redburn, Pattonburg, Mo., has closed his jewelry shop and has gone back to Grant City, Mo.

D. R. Edmond, Plattsburgh, N. Y., has closed his jewelry business there and has returned to Cohocton, N. Y. R. G. Fowler, Tarpon Springs, Fla., has removed his jewelry stock to his own store on the south side of Tarpon Ave.

F. A. Hannis, jeweler, York, Pa., who was closed some time ago on chattel mortgages, has opened his store again.

H. E. Adams, Sanford, Fla., has just opened a branch jewelry and optical goods store in Lakeland, Fla., with Henry Mc-Laughlin as manager.

An organized band of thieves is operating in and about Clarksdale, Miss. J. P. Barter's jewelry store was robbed last week of about \$200 in merchandise.

The jewelry store of E. R. Totton, Shippenburg, Pa., deceased, has been sold to Lee H. Deihl and Harry Kappes, who will conduct the business in the future.

The building occupied by H. C. Kachlein, Lafayette, Ind., will not be torn down, but Mr.Kachlein was fortunate in obtaining a five years lease on the corner room.

R. Brunow, 1622 Main St., Fort Worth, Tex., has given a chattel mortgage on his entire stock of jewelry, furniture and fixtures to Sophia Quickenstadt, for \$1,000.

The music and jewelry store of Victor Jacobs & Co., Jacksonville, Fla., was entered July 15 by a burglar, who was frightened away by Mr. Jacobs, who sleeps in the rear of the store, before anything was secured. William Thompson, a farmer living a few miles northwest of Eldorado, Ia., on the Iowa river, has found valuable pearls in clams. The pearls are of lavender color and of perfect shape, A Chicago jewelry house is reported to have purchased several at prices ranging from \$to to \$50 each.

Lewis B. Cummings, jeweler, San Francisco, Cal., is no longer in jail under the order adjudging him guilty of contempt for failure to pay alimony to his divorced wife. Cummings secured his release a few days ago by making oath that he was a pauper.

A posse of 75 residents of Bettsville, O., captured two desperadoes July 17th. The men were robbing the jewelry store of M. K. Seitz when surprised by the village marshal, and the two opened fire on the official and discharged about 80 shots at him before making an escape. After they were captured, about four miles from town, the men gave their names as William Raymond and William Johnson.

E. R. Wright was arrested charged with swindling N. B. Levy & Bros., of Scranton, Pa., of diamonds and jewelry to the amount of \$700, through misrepresenting the status of his finances. The firm learned that Wright had made false statements, and put a detective upon his track. He was found at Easton, where he was taken before Alderman Fenicle, who took his father, Alfred Wright, as bail in \$1,400 for his appearance.

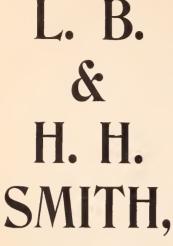
## **Of Interest To Diamond Buyers!**

We announce to the **Trade** that we have finished one of the largest and most complete stocks of Diamonds cut and polished in our own Diamond Cutting Works which is one of the most modern and best equipped Lapidaries in the country, operated only by the highest skilled workmen, and with our inside facilities for the purchase of "Rough" enables us to furnish the most perfect cut Diamonds in parcels of all grades and sizes, at such excellent advantage to "buyers" that is certain to yield them ready and also profitable sales.

EASTERN IMPORTERS WILL DO WELL BY COMMUNICATING WITH US.

WE RECUT OLD GEMS, GIVING THEM THE MODERN FINISH.

## FOX BROS. & CO., DIAMOND CUTTING AND POLISHING WORKS, 18, 20 & 22 EAST 4th ST., CINCINNATI, O.



#### MAKERS OF

**Fine Wedding Rings** 

SUCCESSORS TO

Hildreth Mfg. Co.,

53 Maiden Lane,

NEW YORK.

.....

Send for our original designs in

Class **Rings.** 

DON'T FORGET THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB-LISHING CO.'S BOOK LIST when in want of any technical book in the Jewelry or Kindred Trades. The Seth Thomas Clock Co.'s factory is closed from July 13th to August 15th.

The Optical Novelty Co., New Haven, gave notice of an increase in their capital stock from \$2,000 to \$4,500.

Judge Charles Taintor, Judge of the Police Court of New York, under Mayor Grace's regimé, has bought the rubber plant in Colchester with all the dwellings, and will convert the same into a silver plating concern. He will employ about 600 hands.

The Phelps & Bartholomew Co., Ansonia, needing more room for the expansion of their business, have taken the top floor of their factory, which has hitherto been occupied by the Union Fabric Co. The vacated floor will be used by the Phelps & Bartholomew Co. for their lamp department. The company will soon begin manufacturing watches.

A 20 horse-power engine is being put into the plating room at the Wilcox Silver Plate Co.'s factory, Meriden, in order to have this department independent of the others at the works. This plan is being pursued by all the leading silver plate factories in the country. By having this department divorced from the other rooms it gives it the privilege of running when the rest of the power is idle, and far better results can be obtained therefrom.

A novel collection of watches, 100 years old, has been on exhibition in the window of R. S. Gardner's store, Shelton. They were procured in Constantinople by a tourist. They are of English make and the dials are ornamented with the Arabian characters. Each watch has three cases. The outer one is of tortoise shell, trimmed with silver, and the other two are solid silver. There are four different patterns and they bear a close resemblance to the modern timepieces.

#### Queries by Circular Readers.

NOTE.—Questions under this department will be answered as promptly as possible. Some queries require careful investigation before a satisfactory answer can be given; hence such answers are often seemingly delayed. THE CHECULAR desires every jeweler to take advantage of the department.

#### Denver, Col., July 11, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

Some six months ago or more we read a notice in your publication referring to an invention by which the front door of a store might be closed by simply pressing a button, which might prove useful in case of a thief attempting torush out. As we have forgotten the address, you will do us a great favor by handing this letter to that party, as we wish to learn some further particulars about that invention.

GOTTESLEBEN & SONS.

ANSWER:—The inventor of the device referred to is F. Morganthaler, 2d and Smith Sts., Brooklyn, N. Y. We have handed our correspondent's letter to this party as requested.

#### BROWNSVILLE, Pa., July 3, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

If you could give me any information as to the age of the watch I have it would be of great assistance to me. It is a hunting case gold watch, made by Delachaux Frères, Locle; No. 717; independent seconds, double time, 21 jewels, anchor escapement, gold dial, two mainsprings, the two small dials being both the same size, with raised gold figures.

W. F. KAISER.

ANSWER:—The watch undoubtedly is of modern make, the introduction of the double barrel extending back only about 25 years. We have looked up the name, Delachaux Frères, in directories of the Swiss watchmaking industry for five years back, and have failed to alight upon it. We have also submitted correspondent's letter to a collector and connoisseur of watches who fails to identify the watch. If correspondent will forward us the watch, we may be able to give him more definite information regarding it. Can any reader of THE CIRCULAR throw light upon the subject?



#### **Ocular** Refraction,

#### AS RELATES TO THE CORRECTION OF VISUAL DEFECTS

BY R. H. KNOWLES, M. D.

**NOTE**—The purpose of this series of articles is to give to the student without his having had any previous technical education, a clear and practical course of in-struction in optics with its application to the fitting of g'asses. The Correspondence Column is open to all readers of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR. All questions asked will be fully answered.

XII. (Commenced Feb. 27, 1895.) CHAPTER IV.

#### AMETROPIA-(CONTINUED.)

ATENT Hypermetropia : It will be seen in Manifest Hyperopia that the muscle of accommodation in a state of activity will not reveal the exact condition of affairs as relates to vision, inasmuch as the muscle of accommodation should be in a state of rest. We can suspend the accommo lation by means of the mydriatic atropine, and when the muscle is thus suspended the concealed error will be revealed. This is therefore called Latent (or hidden) Hypermetropia.

A good rule to follow as relates to the lenses which should be prescribed is to add one half of the latent to that of the manifest, for this is as much of the correction that a patient will stand. The following example may serve our purpose in explaining the rule :

The patient's name is P. J. S.; age, 16 years.

THE MANIFEST.

 $\left. \begin{array}{c} R. \, E. \, V. \\ L. \, E. \, V. \end{array} \right\} {\scriptstyle \frac{20}{20} \, : \, \frac{20}{20} \, w \, + \, \text{i. D}} \, . \label{eq:rescaled_eq}$ 

After using a four grain solution of atropine for three times daily for three days the examination revealed the following :

 $\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{R.~E.~V.}\\ \mathrm{L.~E.~V.} \end{array} \right) \begin{smallmatrix} 20\\70\\70 \end{smallmatrix} : \begin{smallmatrix} 20\\20\\20 \end{smallmatrix} w + 2.~\mathrm{D}^{\mathfrak{s}}. \end{array}$ 

The difference between the manifest and the latent is the difference between the +1. Ds. and the +2. Ds. which is +1. Ds: one half of +1. Ds. = +.50 Ds. which added to the manifest + 1. Ds. = + 1.50 Ds. We therefore prescribe for constant use in this instance.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O. D.} \\ \text{O. S.} \end{array} \right\} + 1.50 \text{ Ds.}$$

It has been proven again and again that the lenses prescribed for the latent are too strong and the patient rebels against wearing them, although there can be no doubt that atropine has made a correct revelation as to the error.

It is the writer's belief that the muscle of accommodation is an over-developed muscle in just about the same proportion as the eyeball itself is not developed. If the lower extremities are not developed the upper extremities will be over-developed, and it is not an entire explanation that the upper extremities are excessively employed although this may be an important factor. It seems to be the part of nature to make up for deficiencies like the above by directing her forces to other parts; so that if a full correction were given under atropine it is doubtful if the eye would tolerate it.

Copyrighted, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

In very young children the eye may develop as the rest of the body develops; so that a child who may be hyperopic at the age of six may be emmetropic at twelve, possibly over-developed and become near sighted at eighteen.

Absolute Hypermetropia: This form is simply the total amount of hyperopia or the manifest added to the latent. We will in closing remark what we should have stated in the beginning, that all children at birth are hyperopic and that as the child grows the eyes also develop. The head develops in size much earlier than the rest of the body, as a boy at the age of twelve usually wears a hat as large as a man and it may be that this is the reason why the eyes themselves are developed at an early age. Children should not be forced to attend school at too early an age, not only for the reason just given, but because the eyes are very sensitive and a future of usefulness may be limited by a too early application of the eve in reading.

The condition of hyperopia in old people is due to the crystalline lens being flatter than it should be, so that at the sixtieth year a convex sphere for the distance of one diopter will make up for the loss of convexity of the crystalline lens.

(To be Continued.)

#### **Optical Correspondence.**

I have given a patient his proper correction, but there is a difficulty about the same which puzzles me and annoys him. Here is his case:

Mr. S., aged 30 years

R. E. V.  $\frac{20}{40}$  ;  $\frac{20}{20}$  w + 1. Dc ax .45% L. E. V.  $\frac{20}{40}$  :  $\frac{20}{20}$  w + I. Dc ax .135°. For general utility:

> R O. D. + 1. Dc ax 45<sup>e</sup>.  $0. S. + 1. Dc ax 135^{\circ}$ .

The difficulty lies right here: a book looks wider at the top than it does at the bottom; as he describes it his book looks like the shape of a perfect keystone. What are we going to do to remove this secondary phenomenon. M. K.

ANSWER: If there is no doubt in your mind as to your formula, the apparent defect of which you write is not serious and can be explained only in this way: Your patient is astigmatic, requiring cylinders with an axis in an off meridian. Objects through his distorted cornea have always appeared natural, and now that the correction is applied everything appears distorted. This secondary defect will pass away in due time.

New Ingot Moulds .- New ingot moulds should be well greased before using to prevent the gold adhering to them. It is much better and safer to close them up and pour in a solution of salt and water, and let them remain for a day or two before using them; this causes oxidation-or rust-of the surfaces, and is an excellent preventive to the gold sticking, which is sometimes found to be so obstinate as to cause chipping of the mould, thus rendering it useless for further operations.

#### Workshop Notes.

Testing Gold .- A mild test for ascertaining the quality of some of the various alloys of gold is prepared in the following manner, and applied to a clean or filed part of the article: Nitric acid, 8 drachms; water, 4 drachms. Keep the preparation in a small glass phial with a long stopper dipping into the acid, which is most convenient for conveying the liquor from the phial to the work to be tested. This test will have no effect with the higher alloys of gold, but it is a more simple and ready test for the lower qualities, causing very slight discoloration in alloys of 8 or 9 karats, if properly alloyed. It will be found, therefore, more suitable for the general jeweler, when these qualities are brought under his special notice. The nitric acid employed should be of the greatest chemical purity.

Melting Lemel .- A good plan, and one which has found great favor with some manufacturers, is to put the lemel in an ordinary melting pot, with a very little flux, such as carbonate of potash or soda; and when it is well melted, the crucible must be withdrawn and the contents poured into a casting mould. The lemel bar may at once be sent to the refiner or exchanged for new gold. By adopting this plan, goldsmiths are not subjected to so much loss through having had an indifferent working gold, as no lemel will be in these bars. Lemel is the principal cause of bad gold, the unworkable qualities of which are to be adjudged more from the presence of this than any other reason.

Alloys of Gold.—The alloys of gold should not be overheated, and ought to be poured almost immediately after complete fusion has taken place; the latter may be easily ascertained by stirring with an iron rod, previously heated to just redness; the time of pouring, that is, when the fused mass is ready, is generally arrived at by the touch, it having more of a watery touch, and not at all cloggy, like it has when not properly fused. The ingot moulds should be rather slanting and not quite straight, the former being more convenient to pour into; and it also prevents spitting into the face of the operator when that irregularity takes place.

Lemel.-Lemel is subjected to various kinds of treatment in the different workshops, every one claiming to employ the best method for its recovery. There is, however, a great deal yet to be learned before the economical processes (as they might be called) belonging to the jewelers' trade have attained perfection; at least, so far as some houses are concerned. A good way of treating lemel is: Sift it well through a fine sieve to separate the small portions of gold from the dust, letting the lemel fall on to a clean sheet of paper provided for the purpose; this should then be carefully put into the iron ladle and heated until all the organic matter is entirely destroyed. When the burnt lemel has sufficiently cooled, put the magnet through it in order to collect and remove whatever iron or steel filings may be contained therein. This should be a part of the responsible duties of each workman, and ought to be strictly enforced. The scrap should always be separated from the lemel.

#### The Adjustment of Repeating Watches.

#### (Continued from p. 29, July 17)

HESE operations will be terminated by the examination of the star, and of the snail or the quarters or five minutes. In the first place it should be verified if the division of the plate is exact, and a band should be placed on the canon pinion or at the end of the set arbor, so that the differences of the jumping of the star before or behind sixteen minutes may be divided. When the teeth are sharp at the points a burr will sometimes partly correct the difference; they should be made correct at the last by being bent at the ends, at the part where the pallet or *bouton* of the "surprise" does not touch them; if the ends of the teeth are thick, those which jump too late should be filed on the side opposite to the way of the rotation of the star without touching the part with which the pallet of the surprise gears.

The hand should afterward be placed in agreement with that notch of the quarter snail which is most distant comparatively with the others, in such a manner that the quarter, or five-minute piece falls just at the moment when the hand arrives on the point of the division corresponding to this notch. Note should be taken of the difference shown by the hand on each of the notches, in like manner as that of jumping of the star with the sixteen minutes point, and the notches should be equalized from the one that is deepest. Before finishing this operation it will be well to make sure that the arm of the quarter, or five minutes piece, is filed very squarely and disengaged from the side where it escapes from the corner of the notch to fall on the following quarter.

Afterward, the jumping of the star should be put in agreement with the quarters, or five minutes, in the case where it should jump too soon; the passage behind the "surprise" should be increased by filing the opening where the pin passes which is fixed in the snail. If, on the contrary, it jumps too late, the point of the jumping of the star should be put out of the center in the opposite way to its movement of gyration.

After the "jumping" on the hour has been put in agreement with the quarters or five minutes, the snail should be removed, the "surprise" being placed behind against the pin so that when the quarter or five minutes piece has fallen on the threequarters, or on the eleventh notch of the five minutes snail, the hand placed on the canon pinion can nearly pass the sixteen minutes point, in making it pass until the snail touches the arm of the quarter or five minutes piece resting on the snail.

After the adjustment of the star and of the snail is finished, the forward play of the "surprise" should be sufficiently increased so that at the same moment the jumping of the star is just going to take place the pallet may be disengaged from the pressure of the tooth which it has pushed forward.

If the concentric part of the surprise was not prolonged below the snail, so as to allow the forward play to be increased, without

THE SWAN FOUNTAIN PEN.

having an interruption between the snail and the surprise, the back of the pallet where the star touches immediately after the jumping, should be filed, thus, diminishing the breadth of the pallet too much at the points where it gears with the star to make it jump backward and forward.

For minute pieces the same course should be adopted, by taking for the starting point of the examination the first notch of the minute snail corresponding to one minute. After having carefully verified the divisions of the dial, the hand should be placed exactly in agreement with the first division after each quarter, and after the jumping of the twelve teeth of the star has been separatly equalized by the points, and that of the four quarters by the talons of the surprise, the jumping of the star and that of the surprise will be put in agreement on the hour, and on the quarters with the first minute by their two pieces (cantoirs). It should be equally ascertained that the hand passes the points of the four quarters when the canon pinion is turned forward, the minute piece resting on fourteen minutes.

If the hand does not pass the point at the moment when one of the forearms of the minute snail is just stopping against that of the minute piece, the examiner should file as much as possible before each of the arms of the snail and the part of the arm of the minute piece with which it is in contact will concentric to its center movement.

(To be Continued)

C. D. Davis, the absconding president of the Exchange Bank, East Peru, Ia, among others leaves I. Jacobs, Des Moines creditor for \$300 to \$600 worth of diamonds.

### MELISHEK & PETTER,

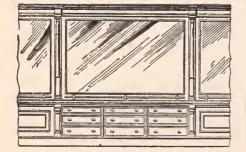
128 Maiden Lane, New York.

MANUFACTURERS OF

WALL AND COUNTER CASES,

FOR JEWELRY, SILVER-

WARE, ETC.



W<sup>E</sup> make to order only, and guarantee our work to be Dust Proof and First-Class in all its details, and to have all the Latest Improvements as regards Shelf Arrangements, Electric Lights, Etc. We will cheerfully furnish Estimates and Sketches for any store free of charge. Reputation World Wide. Made upon Distinct Principles. Is a Compressed Air Pump. Simply wet the Insides to Provoke an Energy.

W. W. Stewart, Inventor & Patentee

MABIE, TODD & BARD, MANUFACTURERS. New York & London. Net Prices not Published, but Sent, upon

Application, to Dealers.

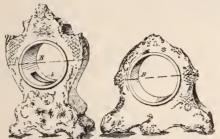
- - EMMONS - -ASSOCIATED LAW OFFICES. PORTLAND, SEATTLE, TACOMA, Oregon. Wash. Wash. Foreign Business a Specialty.



#### The Latest Patents.

#### ISSUE OF JULY 16, 1895.

- 542.676. MICROMETER-CALIPERS. JOHN BYSTROM, Chicago, Ill. - Filed Nov. 22, 1894. Serial No. 529,574. (No model.)
- 542,780. CLOCK-CASE. REINHOLD SCHLEG-ELMILCH, Suhl, Germany. assignor to George Borgfeldt & Co., New York, N. Y.-Filed Dec. 29, 1894. Serial No. 533,298. (No model.)



A hollow clock case consisting of a front wall, a rear wall, a continuous side and top wall connected with the front and rear wall, a transverse tube extending through the case from the front to the rear wall, all of said parts being composed of one integral piece of burnt ceramic ware.

542,804. OPTICAL TOY. HENRY V. PIAGET, Jersey City, N. J.-Filed Apr. 3, 1895. Serial No. 544,234. (No model.)



In an optical toy, the combination with a casing of two prisms located in the same, both being triangular in cross section and held at an inclination to each other, the base of one prism being along the apex of the other prism.

542.863. ESCAPEMENT - CRUTCH FOR CLOCKS. WILSON E. PORTER, New Haven,



Con.1., assignor to the New Haven Clock Company, same place .- Filed May 13, 1895. Serial No. 549,129. (No model.)



A crutch for the escapement mechanism of clocks, formed from a single piece of sheet-metal, and comprising a reach or body-portion, and a yoke located at the upper end thereof, and comprising a central portion adapted to have a verge connected with it, and two perforated arms, the perforations of which are located in line for the reception of the pin or stud upon which the crutch oscillates.

- 542.902. ENGRAVING-MACHINE. WILLIAM TAYLOR, Leicester, England, assignor of twothirds to Thomas Smithies Taylor and Herbert William Hobson, same place. - Filed May 28, 1894. Serial No. 512,790. (No model.) Patented in England Mar. 30, 1894, No. 6,420, and in Germany Apr. 8, 1894, No. 80,915.
- 542,910. TIME-RECORDER FOR WATER-GAGES. EDWARD P. WELLS, Highlands, and EDWARD R. HUBBARD, Walden, Colo .- Filed Feb. 25, 1895. Serial No. 539,592. (No model.)
- TRADEMARK 26, \$35. WATCH-MOVEMENTS. HAMPDEN WATCH COMPANY, Canton, Ohio .-Filed June 3, 1895.



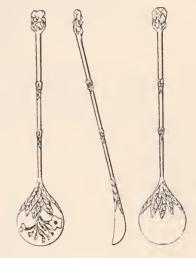
Essential feature.—The representation of a waving pennant bearing the word " $H \land M P D \in N$ ," whose initial letter incloses the letters "CO." Used since January 1, 1895.

TRADEMARK 26.836. BICYCLES AND AT-TACHMENTS. S. F. MYERS & Co., New York, N. Y.-Filed Apr. 29, 1895.



Essential feature .- The representation of a bust of Columbus and the word "COLUMBUS." Used since August 10, 1894.

DESIGN 24,467. SPOON. ALFRED PIRTLE,



Louisville, Ky.-Filed Mar 23, 1895. Serial No. 542,990. 'Term of patent 31/2 years.

The Washington Jewelry Co., Washington, D. C., have been incorporated for five years by C. A. Herbert, said to be a bookkeeper, living at 607 3rd St., N. W; J. F. Brooks, 650 L St., N. E., and John W. Watson, of Langdon. The capital stock is \$5,000, divided into 50 shares, and the three trustees are the incorporators.

## Perhaps You Don't!

BUT IF YOU SHOULD USE MUSLIN BUFFS, TAKE ONLY THE A1 WILLIAMSVILLE BUFFS.

One Standard-INVARIABLE.

One Quality-THE BEST.

One Trial-ALWAYS USED.

PREPAID SAMPLES IF YOU WANT THEM!

WILLIAMSVILLE MFG. CO.

18 SOUTH WATER ST., PROVIDENCE, R. I MILLS AT WILLIAMSVILLE, KILLINGLY, CONN.

**OPPENHEIMER BROS. & VEITH,** 

NASSAU AND JOHN STS., PRESCOTT BLDG., NEW YORK.

**CUTTERS AND IMPORTERS OF** 

DIAMONDS.

DEALERS IN

WATCHES.

## HAPPY THE WOMAN WHO CAN COUNT HER RINGS

A NEW ONE FOR EVERY PLEASANT ANNIVERSARY, AND A FEW EXTRAS FOR OTHER HAPPY DAYS.



NOW 50 WELL KNOWN, OUGHT TO BE FOUND IN GOOD VARIETY IN EVERY CAREFUL JEWELER'S STOCK, AND ARE AT THEIR

COMMAND AT THE HANDS OF OUR SEVERAL TRAVELERS, OR MAY BE ORDERED DIRECT FROM

M. B. BRYANT&CO.,

10 MAIDEN LANE, .... NEW YORK.





#### The Rambler's Notes.

THE RAMBLER SAW AND HEARD AMONG THE DEALERS IN ART POTTERY, CUT GLASS. BRONZES. ETC.

ITALIAN WARES FOR FALL TRADE.

already announced in these columns, Italian

wares will this Fall be a specialty with Chas. Ahrenfeldt & Son, 52 Murray St., New York. The new goods which have already been received will be brought out in a few weeks. This display will contain not only the wares of Passann, Salvini and Torrelli, previously described in these columns, but also a carefully selected assortment of the products of other Italian manufacturers new to this market. It is confidently expected that the new wares will be successful with the jewelry trade.

#### THE Empire Cut "EMPIRE " PATTERN Glass Co., whose IN CUT GLASS.

showrooms are in the Para building, Church and Warren Sts., New York, have removed their factory from Eleventh Ave. and 22d St. to W. 38th St. Their new location will afford them facilities for turning out the finest grade goods, as well as an increased product. Their latest cutting, the "Empire," is both beautiful and brilliant, and is claimed by the manufacturers to be one of the finest productions in cut glass ever offered to the jewelry trade.

### NEW GOODS IN ROYAL

BAWO & DOT. TER, 26-32 Bar-

WORCESTER. clay St., New York, are displaying a fine line of the new shot enamel Royal Worcester pieces, which will take the eye of every jeweler. The beautiful new tints of shaded pink, blue, yellow, green and ivory, give the article they ornament an unusally brilliant lustre, while retaining the soft and delicate effect for which Royal Worcester is famous. In the new decorations are contained all the staple and fancy articles common to this ware.

EXTENSIVE LINES IN DELFT STYLES.

**P**ROBABLY the most extensive line at present shown by Hinrichs & Co., 29-31 Park Place, New York, is their assortment of

bric-à-brac, pottery and table novelties in the old Delft shapes and decorations. The extraordinary popularity which pieces in Delft style have attained this season is well-known, and Hinrichs & Co.'s enterprise in making a specialty of sample lots of these articles suitable to the jewelers' trade will no doubt meet with a hearty response. The bric-à-brac includes everything from the miniature furniture to the large plaques, while the assortment of pottery and table novelties is both large and varied. The designs consist principally of the windmill and ship scenes peculiar to this ware.

NEW consign-NEW INVOICE OF A ment of Bohe-BOHEMIAN CUT GLASS. mian cut glass was opened last week by Lazarus, Rosenfeld & Lehmann, and is now displayed at their warerooms, 60 Murray St., New York. Nearly all the pieces, which are principally flower holders, show the strawberry, diamond and fan cuttings. The vases are in white and red glass, and in many shapes and sizes, ranging from two to 18 inches high. Among the newest pieces shown by

#### Greek Pottery.

this firm are princess lamps, ice tubs and

cheese dishes.

THE RAMBLER.

HE Greeks and Romans employed two distinct materials in their pottery, one of which yielded a coarse, almost granular, not very homogeneous or uniformly colored and very porous mass; and the other, which yielded a body beautifully homogeneous, a porcelain-like grain, and very dense. The amphoræ, cinereal and lachrymal urns, in which the ashes were placed in the tombs, were made of the first mentioned substance. The amphoræ were often of gigantic size, sometimes from 8 to 10 feet in height and 3 feet in diameter. The celebrated tub of Diogenes was an amphoræ of this kind.

In Spain enormous jars, called tinajas, are made for holding wine, oil, flour, etc.; two localities are especially celebrated for these articles, Castel'o de los Jarrès and Colmenar de Oréja, not far from the celebrated royal residence of Aranjuez, where jars 13 feet high and 71/2 feet in diameter are made. Similar vessels are also used in the south of France and in Italy, and, indeed, in all the Mediterranean countries, though, perhaps, not of such a remarkable size as the Spanish ones. The statues and finer vases and tazzas of antiquity were frequently colored in the clay, some black, some brownish-red, and others of a beautiful sealing-wax red, hence named terra sigillata. In addition to this color of the body the surface was also usually colored; the statues, architectural ornaments and tombs being often green or blue, and the vases or tazzas being sometimes ornamented with black silhouette-like figures on the red body, these being considered the most ancient; while those with the figures in red, buff and white on a black ground belong to the highest period of Greek art.

Three different classes may be noticed, those with black figures on a red ground; those with brownish-red figures on a black ground; and yellowish-white or buff-colored figures on a black ground. The body in all cases is red, in imitation of terra sigillata, the black figures being made in a sort of clay pigment, worked up with quick-drying oils, and subjected to a considerable temperature, the black color being thus produced by charcoal. Many of the old vases were also covered with an exceedingly thin glaze or glass, consisting of silica, iron and soda, which must have been very pretty. This glaze has been found to consist of a combination of silica and soda, or rather of clay, with that substance being, in fact, a true glass; but it is doubtful whether, like our modern salt-glazed ware, it was formed with salt. This species of glazing appears to have been known at a very early period, for many articles, especially bricks, glazed in this way, have been found at Nineveh, some even of various colors; and Herodotus mentions that the walls of the palaces of Ecbatana, in the empire of the Medes, were painted of seven colors, meaning, in all probability, walls built of these colored and glazed bricks.

The Greeks and Romans do not appear, as far as is known, to have used glazed pottery (although well acquainted with it) to the same extent as the Eastern nations; they did not, consequently, make any improvements, at least none which have reached us.

-Puck.

The Summer girl serenely angles Beneath the sun beneath the moon, And lands her fishes on a hooklet That has to it attached a spoon.





JEWELRY BRIC-À-BRAC

## THE PRACTICAL ELECTRO • PLATER.

By MARTIN BRUNOR.

A comprehensive treatise on Electro Plating, covering every branch of the trade, with notes on ancient and modern gilding and formulas for new solutions.

#### 300 PAGES, FULLY ILLUSTRATED.

Securely bound in cloth and half morocco.

PRICE, \$10.00.

FOR SALE BY

### THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR,

189 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

#### Jewels of Society Women.

HEN Mrs. William B. Astor chooses she may, from her jewel casket, literally almost cover herself with gems, and sometimes at the opera she seems to do so. Among her jewels there is a wondrous tiara of diamonds which rumor has valued at \$50,000. Then about her throat there is a velvet band attached to which are seven superb brilliants, which cost \$10,000 each. This grand dame has three great diamond necklaces appraised at \$130,000. Next there is a stomacher ablaze with \$50,000 worth of diamonds. Mrs. Astor's pins and rings, brooches and odds and ends of precious stones, excepting her earrings, which may have cost \$10,000, are numerous and beautiful. Value them at \$25,000, which is easily within bounds, and you have the interesting total of \$338,000. Mrs. John Jacob Astor, usually at the opera, clings to diamonds and sapphires, and possesses fully \$100,000 worth in various settings. Including the jewels of the late Mrs. Roosevelt, of Mrs. Drayton and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Mrs. Astor's daughters, this family has possibly \$1,000,000 invested in gems.

Mrs. William H. Vanderbilt owns a collection of jewels second, perhaps, to none in America. Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Sloane, Mrs. Twombly and Mrs. Shepard also have almost inexhaustible jewel caskets, with not unimportant collections of rare stones of many sorts. Mrs. Alva Vanderbilt, among her treasures, has a great rope or chain, two and a half yards long, composed of diamonds of no mean size, perfectly matched, and bored so that they may be strung, touching one another like beads. Her jewels are valued at \$500,-000, the chain alone being appraised at \$100 000. Mrs. W. Seward Webb has a chain of diamonds, almost the counterpart of the one just mentioned and probably quite as costly, with coronets, tiaras, sunbursts and the other trifles. It would be safe probably to say that \$2,500,000 would be approximately near the value of the jewels of the eight Vanderbilt women, including Mrs. Alva as one.

Mrs. Levi P. Morton is noted for her superb diamond stars, Mrs. Henry Clews for a very beautiful collar of remarkably pure pearls, Mrs. George Gould for her splendid diamond crown, a mass of large white stones set in an open circle, and forming a series of inverted V's. This is said to be valued at \$50.000. The jewels of Mrs.

Bradley-Martin are eclipsed by those of no other woman in America. They are wonderful artistically for their size and value, and in many cases for their history. Her tiara of thirty-six points, dazzling in its magnificence, made up of hundreds of diamonds of all sizes and shapes is valued at \$250,000. That same modest figure applies to one of Mrs. Hicks-Lord's five diamond necklaces. This monstrous mass of fire is said to be more valuable from its large flawless stones than any other in the world. The contents of this woman's jewel casket are valued at more than \$500,000. Mrs. Burke-Roche's diamonds and turquoises, Mrs. Ogden Mills' diamonds and rubies, Mrs. Webster's portion of the French crown jewels, the late Mrs. Paran Stevens' diamonds, Mr. Huntington's rubies-the money value of them all is certainly appalling.

#### The Explanation of it.

A LITTLE Jap was on trial in the Police Court for defrauding an innkeeper. He had testified in his own behalf that he had paid his room rent for a month.

"How much did you pay?" asked the prosecuting attorney.

The little Jap sat and stared at his questioner.

The query was repeated.

"Quarter of 'leven."

Everybody glanced at the clock and observed that the time was correctly given.

"Yes, it's a quarter to eleven, but I want to know how much room rent you paid."

"Quarter of 'leven," repeated the Jap.

"You don't understand. How much money did you pay?"

" I tell you, quarter of 'leven."

The question was repeated in various forms, but that was the only answer the Jap would give, and he grew more vehement with every repetition.

He was locked up in a padded cell in the Receiving Hospital and examined before the Commissioners of Insanity when it was learned that he paid \$10.75 for his room.— San Francisco *Post*.

#### A PAIR OF WHYS.

SHE (coming down late).—Why do you always wear that yachting cap? You are never on a yacht.

HE.—Why do you wear that watch? You are never on time.—Detroit *Free Press*.









## Initial Brooch Pins.

SILVER PLATE ROMAN PLATE BLACK ENAMEL WHITE ENAMEL

> All New Designs! Bound to Sell!



## Jobbers only ....



WE HAVE WHAT YOU WANT, IT IS A DECIDED NOVELTY. IT IS CHEAP. --- IT IS NEW.

What? Why our **DICYCLE BADGE** OR PIN . . .

IT SELLS, FOR THE WHEELS TURN. ASSORTED ENAMELED FRAMES AND WHITE ENAMELED TIRES.



GEO F. GREENE & CO., Manufacturing Jewelers. 111 & 113 Point St., Providence, R. I.



If your jobber does not carry these goods, write us and we will send you the names of jobbers in your vicinity who do.





THE GERMAN RENAISSANCE STYLE IN SILVERSMITHING.

cially those of German inclinations, were deeply interested in the developments of the big Schuetzenfest at Glendale Park, L. I. The marksmanship was of a high character, and prizes of the value of about \$55,000 were offered, composing the handsomest lot of trophies ever given in a shooting competition in this country.

The first prize was an inscribed sterling silver beer tankard valued at \$1,500, and donated by George Ehret, of New York. The trophy was made by the Mauser Mfg. Co., 14 E. 15th St., New York, and is illustrated here. The tankard measures 36 inches high, weighs 275 ounces, and is entirely of silver. The ornamental work truthfully follows the German Renaissance of the 14th and 15th centuries. A distinctive feature is the surmounting silver gilt eagle, which is a fine piece of modeling, the globe upon which it stands being of blue enamel, the stars of silver showing through. The front discloses the entwined German and American flags of enamel applied to the silver. Surrounding the flags is applied work representing oak and laurel leaves and hops and barley intertwined. In the center is a representation of a target in enamel. The main body of the piece is polished; the applied work, which is in high relief, is in silver gilt. The base and center are oxidized, and the lettering is sawed out and applied.

Altogether, the first prize of the Schuetzenfest is one of the showiest pieces of silversmith's work ever produced in America and reflects high credit upon its designers and makers, the Mauser Mfg. Co. This company made in all for the festival about \$7,000 worth of prizes, producing besides the work described 151 silver goblets, showing on the bowl a view of the Brooklyn Bridge and the New York coat of arms, besides the inscription, the other ornamental feature being a combination of modern rococco scrolls.

Another prize manufactured by the Mau-

FEW weeks ago all persons pos- | high, weighing 100 ounces, and worth \$350. | sessing the sporting instinct, espe- An equestrian figure of Rienzi, finely



FIRST PRIZE OF THE SCHUETZENFEST.

modeled, ornaments the front of the cup. ser Mfg. Co. was the Rienzi cup, 15 inches | A goat's head adorns the lever of the lid,

the lid itself being surmounted by a well conceived bacchanalian figure.

#### Find of Pompeiian Silverware.

RECENT find of much importance has just been made at Bosco-Reale, between Torre-Annunziata and Pompeii. It is a treasure in silverware, consisting of not less than 50 pieces. The entire collection had been enveloped in a woolen stuff, and the probability is that it was hidden when the ashes from Vesuvius first threatened Pompeii in 79. The silver looks as if it had belonged to a wealthy Roman who was living in some villa on the shores of the Gulf of Naples. The major part of the silver would be classed as tableware, but there are some fine vases.

The most remarkable object is a large patera, decorated with a female figure representing Africa. Another patera of about the same size is ornamented with the bust of a man. There is a drinking cup, representing a Roman Emperor surrounded by his soldiers. Two goblets bear curious designs. Skeletons, with Greek inscriptions, and garlands of flowers contrast with the melancholy of the osseous design. There are salt or spice boxes, of the most graceful and elegant form. There are large spoons, the handles elaborately worked up. All the pieces are not perfect, but still there are many in an excellent state of preservation. The entire collection was purchased by Mr. Edward de Rothschild, and presented by him to the French National Museum .- New York Times.

Defender is to the fore. A chain named after the yacht on which our hopes are placed is a double, short chain, moving on a pulley and anchored at the other end. Midway on one of the chains, as if ready to be hoisted, are the pennant of the New York Yacht Club and another signal. These are in both gold and silver. Speaking of yachting, a new sleeve link design has a gold wheel for one and a coil of rope for the other link.



7





100 RICHMOND ST., PROVIDENCE, R. I.

## Manufacturing Jewelers and Silversmiths.

STERLING, 925/1000 FINE.

## Headquarters for Manicure Goods and Sterling Novelties.

We sell to the legitimate Jewelry and Stationery trade only.



For Correspondence, Wedding and Business Use, handsomely boxed, specially suited to the Jewelry Trade

**18 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.** 



Large Assortment Always on Hand. Send for our Representative. Special Safes to Order. Jewelers' Safes a Specialty.





SIS THE CENUINE. WM. ROGERS M'F'G CO., HARTFORD CONN.



Having increased the size of our factory we are prepared to make larger quantities of goods than ever. Every pen carefully tested and fully warranted

CHICAGO BRANCH: 103 State Street, S. N. JENKINS, Manager.

CENERAL ACENTS FOR PAUL E. WIRT FOUNTAIN PENS

19 Maiden Lane, New York



Initial Brooch Pins.

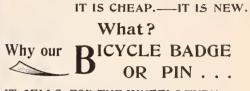
SILVER PLATE ROMAN PLATE **BLACK ENAMEL** WHITE ENAMEL

All New Designs! Bound to Sell! ALSO A NEW LINE OF





WE HAVE WHAT YOU WANT, IT IS A DECIDED NOVELTY.

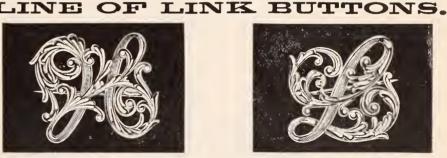


IT SELLS, FOR THE WHEELS TURN. ASSORTED ENAMELED FRAMES AND WHITE ENAMELED TIRES.



### Jobbers only . . .

FROM



FOR

STRAWBERRY



## GEO. F. GREENE & CO.,



If your jobber does not carry these goods, write us and we will send you the names of jobbers in your vicinity who do.

Manufacturing Jewelers.

III & II3 Point St., Providence, R. I.

## THE GENUINE ROGERS ELECTRO SILVER PLATE

SPOONS, FORKS, KNIVES, &c.

THE ORIGINAL AND CENUINE

STAR  $\star$  BRAND

which has been manufactured continuously for HALF A CENTURY and made the name of ROGERS on Electro Silver Plate celebrated, is stamped

## ★ROGERS & BRO., A. 1.

If you wish the **BEST GOODS**, which will satisfy your customers and build up your reputation as a re-liable dealer, insist upon having those bearing the above trade mark. They are guaranteed to give per fect satisfaction. For sale by leading jobbers through-out the country and made exclusively by

#### ROGERS & BROTHER,

Waterbury, Conn.

16 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

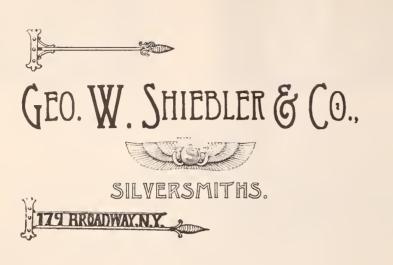


47 Cortlandt St., to 10 Maiden Lane. BADGES CHARLES G. BRAXNAR MANUFACTURING Nº 10 MAIDEN LANE DIAMOND & OTHER FINE JEWELP SEND FOR CATALOGUE NEW QUARTERS.

Come and see us.



July 31, 1895.



## Dominick & Haff,

MAKERS OF WARES IN

#### STERLING SILVER,

FOR THE TRADE ONLY,

Broadway & Seventeenth Street,

UNION SQUARE,

NEW YORK,

NEW DESIGNS IN ALL LINES



STERLING SILVERWARE MANUFACTUBERS New York Agents for the Derby Silver Co-FINE QUADRUPLE PLATED WARE, No. 16 JOHN STREET, - NEW YORK-206 Kearney St., San Francisco, Cal. HASKELL & MUEGGE, Agents,

### FERD. FUCHS & BROS. SILVERSMITHS, MAKLRS OF STERLING SILVERWARE,

808-810 Greenwich St., . New York.

Jules Jürgensen of copenhagen.

The reputation these watches have maintained for Fifty Years has never been equalled, being made on strictly scientific principles and no expense spared to give the Best results in mechanism and timekeeping qualities.

bole agents. John E. Hyűc's Sons, No. 22 Maiden Lane.

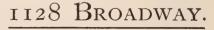
## F. M. WHITING COMPANY, SILVERSMITHS.

Factory and Main Office,





New York Office,



----ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TUI, FACTORY.----

Our new NEAPOLITAN pattern is now ready. Dealers will do well to withhold all orders until they have inspected this new and artistic design in flatware.



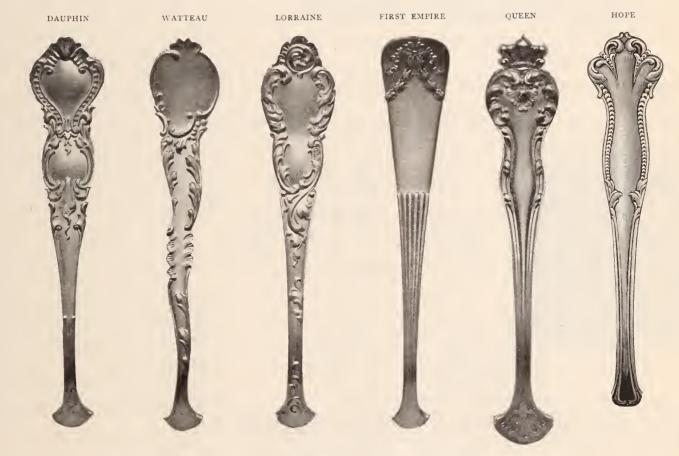
BEING AN HISTORICAL, ILLUSTRATIVE AND DESCRIPTIVE REVIEW OF AMERICAN STERLING SILVER FLATWARE PATTERNS, FROM THE MIDDLE OF THIS CENTURY TO THE PRESENT DAY.\*

#### PART XVII.

**O**<sup>NE</sup> of the youngest of the extensive silversmithing concerns, though at the same time one of the foremost in the high standard of its products, is the Howard Sterling Co., Providence, R. I. The firm started as jewelry manufacturers in

plated goods branch of the business was disposed of to another firm, and the name of the corporation was changed to the Howard Sterling Co. From that time the entire attention of the concern has been devoted to the development of the silver

the handle being a variation of the Antique In its decorative treatment it follows the main features of the style of art prevailing during the first Empire, these being founded upon the older Pompeiian style. The columnar effect and the festoon are highly



THE FLATWARE PATTERNS OF THE HOWARD STERLING CO.

1878 as H. Howard & Co. The business rapidly grew, and in July, 1886, a department was established for the manufacture of wares of sterling silver. This department was conducted under the title of The Sterling Co. In January, 1891, the concern was granted an act of incorporation as the Howard & Son Co., and continued under this title until December, 1891, when the

Copyrighted, 1895, by The Jewelers' Circular Pub. Co.

department.

In 1891 the company began the manufacture of souvenir spoons and several noted patterns emanated from their works. It was not long before they were in the market with three beautiful patterns in flatware the First Empire, Lorraine and Dauphin. These have been followed in succession by the Watteau, Queen, Hope and Washington.

The First Empire, patented Feb. 9, 1892, is a simple, refined pattern, the outline of attractive, and reflect true artistic instinct upon the part of the designer.

The Dauphin was patented March 29, 1892. It has the Fiddle outline seen in the old King pattern, the decorative scheme being a beautiful combination of conventional leaves, beading and rococco details.

The Lorraine, patented Sept. 6, 1892, met, as did its predecessors, with a hearty approval from the best trade in the country. It, too, follows the King in outline. The

## WE ARE CUTTING 5,000 CARATS

of Diamonds, which will be finished so that our representatives will show them on their early Fall trips. : : :

> Abiding strictly by our previous standard of only selling the **best made** goods, we believe it will be to the interest of the Trade to see our goods before purchasing.

## JACOBSON BROS.,

CUTTERS OF DIAMONDS,

Prescott Bld'g. cor. John and Nassau Sts., N. Y.

OUR STOCK OF MELÉES AND COLORED STONES WAS NEVER MORE COMPLETE



# Towle MFG. Co.,

NEWBURYPORT, MASS.

149=151 State St., Chicago, III.

## A. J. HEDGES & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD, VARIEGATED AND ENAMELED JEWELRY.



VEIL PIN.

Black and White Enameled Goods a Specialty.

VEIL PINS, SCARF PINS, HAT PINS, LACE PINS AND BROOCHES. GOLD AND SILVER GARTER BUCKLES. CHATELAINES, SIDE COMBS, LINK BUTTONS.

6 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK. Factory: 90 Mechanic St., Newark, N. ornamental features are artistically applied, and render the whole a beautiful and refined pattern appealing to the best taste.

The Watteau, also introduced in 1892, was aptly named, it reflecting the environment of the very delicate and unique style of art which Watteau made his own. The pattern is unsymmetrical, but this very asymmetry is its attractive feature.

The Queen's outline is based upon the old King pattern, which has ever been considered the ne plus ultra of sterling silver spoon designing. Notwithstanding the regal significance as implied by the name of the old pattern the King had never been crowned, and it, therefore, occurred to the mind of the designer for Howard Sterling Co. that an adaptation of the King, embodying some of the elements of its design together with a crown might prove an appropriate consort for the best and most popular, though nearly the oldest pattern in flatware. The Queen was the result of a year's study and experiment. The decorative treatment, taken as a whole, is of the artistic period of Louis XIV. The ornamentation is bold, yet harmonious. In a few words, it may be said the Queen has both art and reason in its design, and has won marked success. It was patented on Aug. 22, 1893.

The Hope is the latest pattern produced by the Howard Sterling Co., a patent covering it having been applied for. The outline is very attractive, being a suggestion of that of the old King. The bead work is artistically introduced. A particularly handsome part of the design is the tip of the handle. The Hope has elicited much favorable comment since its introduction, and is already enjoying a good sale.

(Series to be continued.)

#### German Silver Forks and Spoons for the New York Navy Yard.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 25.—Bids were opened at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, July 23d, for furnishing the New York Navy Yard with 5,000 forks and 5,000 spoons, the same to be of pure white German silver. The bidders were as follows:

Louis Wechester, \$975; Manhattan Supply Co., \$940; John H. Tissott, Jr., \$928; Francis Harral, \$1,140; John Wanamaker, \$862.50.

#### A Jewelry Store as a Speak Easy.

*e Enameled e Enameled e Enameled e Enameled Police Commissioner Andrews on Sunday, July 21, rode as far as Tarry town, N.Y. on his bicycle. He said next day that he found on the road nearly all the saloons outside New York city doing business, in some cases very openly. At Dobbs' Ferry he saw a sign in front of a jewelry store which read, "Milk Shake." On entering, he was ushered from the jewelry store, by a rear yard, to a saloon six doors away, where there was a lively sale of intoxicating drinks going on. All customers took the same path.* 

#### Is this an Established Diamond Smuggling Scheme?

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 23.—R. G. Lamb, who is suspected by the local customs authorities of being an extensive smuggler of diamonds and other precious stones, and who is the owner of the three brilliants seized by Special Hess last week, arrived in Buffalo Monday forenoon. He came on the early train from Tonawanda, where he has been located for the past two years. He emphatically denied all the allegations made by the authorities and threatened to 'make it hot" for the officials responsible for the seizure of his diamonds and the trouble which has followed.

Mr. Lamb said to a reporter that Deputy Collector Collins, Special Hess, and a couple of customs inspectors, were in Tonawanda on Saturday and Sunday watching him and guarding his store. He was informed that it was the intention of the authorities to search his place for smuggled goods and also place him under arrest.

- "Why, if I had smuggled stones in my store I would have had plenty of time to have removed them," he said. "The officers hadn't been in town ten minutes before their presence there was known by me and everybody in the neighborhood. They did not search my place or make any attempt to arrest me. I came to Buffalo openly and if they want me all they have got to do is to arrest me."

Mr. Lamb is an Englishman by birth, about 40 years of age, of medium height and wears a gray mustache. He talks with a marked English accent. According to his story he came to this country from England about thirteen years ago. He is an artist, making a specialty of painting figures and portraits. He was in Buffalo a few years ago and assisted in painting the Music Hall cyclorama. He says he is well acquainted here and can furnish any number of recommendations from reputable business men. About two years ago he went to Tonawanda. He received a contract to design a cyclorama, which was to be conducted by a stock company. The company collapsed and the stockholders were notified that they would be sued unless they settled with him, so Jeweler Dockham, one of the heaviest stockholders, assigned a part interest in his store to Lamb. This, Mr. Lamb explains, is how he came to be in the jewelry business.

On May 4th last Mr. Lamb went to Europe. He returned two weeks ago Monday. He said he has never been in Africa, as has been stated. "The stones which were seized were bought by me of a peddler in Tonawanda. When I went before Deputy Collins I told him all the facts. He asked me if I had just returned from Europe. I said yes, and then he wanted to know if I had the diamonds with me. I said that I took them over with me, set in three rings, and brought them back."

J. William Brown has purchased Al Bolsta's jewelry stock, Ortonville, Minn.

# A Rising Market In Diamonds.

# THE FOLLOWING ARE FACTS COMMUNICATED TO US BY CABLE FROM THE MOST DIRECT SOURCES:

- The London syndicate has renewed its contract with the De Beers Mining Company for their entire output of Rough Diamonds until 1897. The prices have been advanced.
- We have anticipated the above-mentioned conditions and consummated extensive purchases of Rough Diamonds previous to the advance mentioned
- It will be to the benefit of parties interested to bear in mind our advantageous position in reference to this rise, as well as to remember that we operate what we believe to be the most complete, best equipped and most extensive cutting works in this country, having few rivals, if any, in Europe. We employ only the highest grade of skilled labor and the most improved machinery. The works are under our personal supervision, and every stone is subjected to a critical examination before being placed on sale.

We believe that these facilities constitute a factor that cannot fail to be recognized.

# Stern Bros. & Co.

68 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

LONDON OFFICE: 29 ELY PLACE. . . . . . . .

CUTTING WORKS: 27=31 GOLD ST., NEW YORK.



Makers of Finger Rings of every Description. Removed from Broadway and John Street, <u>PO 3 MAIDEN LANE,</u> NEW YORK.

#### Jewelry and Silver of the Sum= mer Season.

A LADY'S RAMBLES AMONG THE JEWELERS.

The new jewel boxes are of lustrous white with borders of pierced work in silver gilt.

Egyptian sphinx wings with a scarabæus in the center have appeared as silver garter clasps.

Numbers of goblets for ice water are seen and all are without ornamentation, the greater number being of dull or frosted silver.

A new sleeve button of white enamel delicately rimmed with gold, has in the center a gold yacht under full sail. It is as pretty as a picture.

A silver heart in the center of a ribbon bow has been christened the "Trilby" fan holder. A long hook depending from the heart secures the fan chain or ribbon.

Charming brooches have appeared in which the foundations are graceful arrangements of thin gold lines punctuated by diamonds of equal and reasonable size.

A curious combination of insignia was sphinx wings with a horseshoe astride the center, and in the center of the horse shoe, a star with a diamond in its center. The rest of the ornament was in small pearls.

Is invention flagging or has everything practicable already been made of silver, that the week chronicles nothing new? The manifestations of old things are still interesting and varied.

It was a relief to the eye, bewildered by so many forms and devices in buckles, to rest on a simple slender rectangular buckle composed of small pearls set between slender lines of gold, and fastened with the old fashioned three curving teeth.

The use of strong colors in dress newly arrived from France is already met by the new belt buckles in which brilliant blues, greens, reds and purples mingle with the gold. One was seen combining all these tints in checker board designs enclosed in raised gold work.

The beauty and fitness of white enamel were never more aptly shown than this season. Among the most charming of many charming things are those in which white enamel mingles with gold. Its manifestations are numerous, but chiefly prevail in sleeve buttons, belt buckles and belt pins.

A really very funny frog, as large as its daughter, the tadpole, was seen made of parallel lines of small pearls set in gold with emerald eyes. It was so large that its place as an ornament seemed equivocal except as an eccentricity or a trophy for some frog catching or frog eating competition.

Elsie Bee.

The death occured recently of Isaac C. Abbott, a former watch and clock maker of Concord, N. H.

#### Letters in Reference to the Failure of Chas. Otero.

The following letters have been received bearing upon the failure of Charles Otero, Pueblo, Col.:

PUEBLO, Colorado, July 17, 1895.

JEWELERS' CIRCULAR,

New York City, N. Y.

DEAR SIRS-You will please take notice, that on the 15th day of July, 1895, Charles Otero, of the city and county of Pueblo. State of Colorado, made an assignment of all of his property for the benefit of all of his creditors in proportion to their respective demands, under the provisions of the laws of the State of Colorado in reference to assignments for the benefit of creditors.

That in and by said deed of assignment, the undersigned was and is named as assignee for the benefit of the creditors of said Charles Otero.

That the estimated aggregate value of all of the property of said Charles Otero, is twenty thousand (\$20,000) dollars.

That the estimated amount of liabilities of said assignor is twenty thousand forty-six and 10-100 dollars (\$20,046.10.)

Under the laws of the State of Colorado in relation to assignments for the benefit of creditors, each creditor of the assignor must present his claim under oath, to the assignee within three months from the date of the mailing of this notice, which would be three months from the date hereof, and the creditors of said assignor who shall so file their claims within three months from this date, shall have priority over those who file their claims thereafter.

All claims duly authenticated and directed to the undersigned at Pueblo, Colorado, will reach me safely and receive prompt attention.

I have employed M. G. Saunders, Esq., to represent me and look after the legal interests of the estate. The law provides that a majority in number and value of the creditors of the assignor may, in writing, appoint an attorney-at-law to represent said estate, and if my selection of attorney shall prove unsatisfactory to the creditors, they may so appoint an attorney of their choice and I can then dispense with further services of the attorney employed by me. I shall be glad to communicate to you any further facts within my knowledge pertaining to the estate. Very truly,

#### M. STUDINSKI, Assignee.

JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, New York, July 19, 1895.

DEAR SIRS :-- On the 15th inst. I made a general deed of assignment of all my property for the benefit of all my creditors to M. Studzinski, assignee; the close times, my inability to collect, and heavy rate of interest I was paying, rendered it impossible for me to continue longer, and I felt that it would be best for all concerned to take this course. My heaviest creditor, the American National Bank, is here; the assignment, however, is general, for the benefit of all, and without preference to anyone. My assets, as the assignee's complete inventory will disclose, are a little in excess of my liabilities, and, with judicious management, the creditors should receive a good per cent. on their claims I d sire to thank you for your kindness, and to say that I exceedingly regret my inability to pay you in full at this time. Very truly,

CHAS. OTERO.

#### Rothchild, the Jewelry Thief, at Length Extradited.

TORONTO, Can., July 25 .- Abe Rothchild alias Hutton, known as "Diamond Charlie," after preliminary proceedings involving months of delay was extradited on Tuesday, leaving Toronto, in charge of G. B. Simpson, superintendent of the Wells Fargo Express Co., and detective George S. Sutton, of St. Louis, for that city, where he will be placed on trial on the charge of defrauding several jewelers.

# ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS. RANDEL, BAREMORE & BILLINGS.

IMPORTERS OF

# DIAMONDS.

AND OTHER PRECIOUS STONES.

## FINE PEARLS A SPECIALTY.

MANUFACTURERS OF

DIAMOND JEWELRY.

IN THE LATEST DESIGNS.

Diamonds Recut in Modern Styles or Repaired on Premises.

58 Nassau Street, 29 Maiden Lane, NEW YORK.

1 Tulp Straat, AMSTERDAM.

1 St. Andrews St., Holborn Circus, LONDON, E. C.





TRADE MARK.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

# CARTER, SLOAN & CO.,

# MANUFACTURERS OF GOLD JEWELRY.

## No. 15 MAIDEN LANE.

NEW YORK.

A. CARTER JR. A. K. SLOAN. C. E: HASTINGS.

GEO. R. HOWE. WM. T. CARTER WM. T. GOUGH.

FACTORY, NEWARK, N. J.







The delay since the granting of the order for extradition was caused by an error in the extradition papers. The prisoner was wanted by several States, and the application from Washington to the Canadian government did not give all the names of the officers whom the several States named as the parties to whom they wished the prisoner handed over, but simply gave one name. This was inserted in the documents issued by the Canadian government, but it happened that this officer was not the one who arrived in Toronto to take charge of Rothchild, and it took some time to rectify the mistake.

The prisoner was very well behaved during his sojourn in prison here. The carrying out of the plan devised by his friends for

The Holmes & Edwards Silver Co. wish to announce to their customers and the many people who are using their silver plated ware, that—

The silver inlaid in the back of the bowls and handles of spoons and forks is 925/1000 fine, which is the standard of Sterling Silver. The trade=mark stamped on the Sterling Silver Inlaid goods is

#### "E STERLING INLAID HE."

The silver used in electro silver plating on all of Holmes & Edwards goods is pure silver of the United States Government assay. People buying Holmes & Edwards Sterling Silver Inlaid or Silver Plated Ware are assured of the quality of the silver used, and no question will ever arise in regard to quality where the name or trade-mark of Holmes & Edwards appears.

SALESROOMS: 2 Maiden Lane, New York. 65 Washington Street, Chicago, Ill 120 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal. 307 North 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

THE HOLMES & EDWARDS SILVER CO., BRIDGEPORT, CONN. his escape was not attempted owing to the vigilance of the authorities. A few days after he had been lodged in jail he sent for the governor and handed him two very fine saws capable of cutting through iron bars, which he said had been given him by another prisoner, whose name he refused to divulge, adding that he had no use for them. He stated that he fully expected a heavy sentence if returned to the United States.

#### Proposals for Plated Ware for the New York Navy Yard.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29.—Sealed proposals are being invited until Aug. 6th for furnishing the New York Navy Yard with silver plated ware, as follows:

One set silver plated ware, wardroom, for Gunboat No. 7, to consist of meat dishes, knives, forks, spoons, trays, etc.

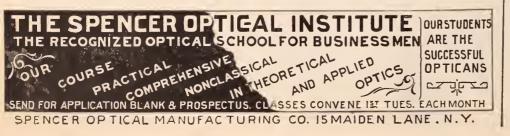
Two sets plated ware, wardroom, for Gunboats 8 and 9; three sets plated ware, captain, for Gunboats 7, 8 and 9.

All the above plated ware is to be delivered within 30 days after date of contract. For all articles except ice pitchers the base metal shall be hard metal, known as nickel silver, the same to contain as much nickel as is practicable to work in the combination. For ice pitchers the base metal to be what is known as white metal. The hollow ware is to carry the heaviest silver plate made in this country; the flat ware is to be silver plated as follows: The base metal containing at least 18 per cent. of nickel; tablespoons and forks, 18 ounces to the gross; tea spoons, 9 ounces to the gross.

The marks upon hollow ware are to be engraved, and those upon the flat ware are to be engraved or stamped, as shown on the samples.

About \$300 worth of goods was stolen from C. W. Rau's jewelry store, Allentown Pa., last week.

The supposed principal of the conspiracy by which the Goldsmiths' Stock Co. Toronto, Can., was systematically robbed by their employes is Gerard A. Fudger, clerk in the service of the company and nephew of the president, H. H. Fudger. He is now in New York, avoiding a warrant issued for his arrest. George Metcalfe is the name of th Kingston man to whom the stolen goods were consigned for sale, and who has also disappeared. All the parties to the robbery are youths of respectable parentage.



#### The Semi-Annual Meeting of the Connecticut Jewelers' Association.

New Haven, Conn., July 27 .- The Connecticut Jewelers' and Opticians' Association will hold their semi-annual convention at Savin Rock, near New Haven, on Wednesday next, July 31st. President Geo. H. Ford, of the association, said to-day that the meeting would discuss various matters of importance to the trade. A matter which is a subject for pride and congratulation, and of which the meeting will take cognizance is that, through the efforts of the association, Connecticut has taken the first place among the States of the Union in the reform movement regarding the stamping of gold and silver goods, owing to the fact that it is the first and thus far the only State in the Union that requires by law that all articles partly of gold, as well as those partly of silver, shall be properly stamped in order to prevent fraud and imposition upon the public.

The association have cause for congratulation over the excellent work they have accomplished in this important matter during the short period of their existence. The business meeting on Wednesday will open at 11 o'clock and three hours are allowed for discussion and sociality. The meeting will be held at the Hills Homestead, a famous shore dinner resort. At 2 o'clock one of the finest shore dinners the house affords will be disposed of. An attendance of about 50 is expected, and all parts of the State will be represented.

#### W. P. Hamlin Confesses Heavy Judgments.

Rochester, N. Y., July 27.—W. P. Hamlin, jeweler doing business at 22 State St., filed confessions of judgment in the county clerk's office this morning aggregating nearly \$4,000, His total liabilities are estimated at over \$10,000.

The first confession, for \$1,331.50, is to Francis Fitzgibbon, the other, for \$2,605.79, is to secure judgment to Charles G. Rochat, against a contingent liability. An execution for \$840 in favor of Francis Fitzgibbon was placed in the hands of the sheriff this morning, but as yet no levy has been made. The jewelry store, it is stated, will not be closed.

The present embarrassment of Mr. Hamlin, it is said, will not affect the Metropolitan Storage and Transfer Co., of which he is the secretary and treasurer. Mr. Hamlin has done a fairly large jewelry business, but has lost considerable money, it is said, in the business of note saving. Mr. Hamlin is in New York to-day, and it is understood that he will endeavor to make an arrangement while there to take care of his liabilities.

Some days ago Mr. Hamlin drew a bill of sale of his jewelry business in favor of his wife. Mrs. Hamlin has been in charge of the State St. store for nearly a week and is there to-day.

# New York Credit Men Pass Resolutions of Organization.

In response to the call published in THE CIRCULAR last week to the credit men of the wholesale houses of New York, soliciting attendance at a meeting for the organization of an association of credit men, about 100 gentlemen representing the financial departments of as many different firms in New York and elsewhere, assembled at the Broadway Central Hotel, Tuesday last, at 5:30 o'clock P. M.

F. R. Boocock, with Langdon, Batcheller & Co., was elected permanent chairman, and S. S. Conover, with the Fourth National Bank, was elected secretary. Mr. Boocock, opening the proceedings, stated that the want of an organization for mutual conference and coöperation among those handling the credits of the great commercial houses of New York and other cities had been severely felt. After referring to the chaotic condition of the laws of the various States affecting assignments, preferences and insolvency matters in general, Mr. Boocock said he thought that by their getting together influence could be brought to bear upon the Legislatures to pass remedial measures.

Letters expressing concurrence with the objects of the meeting were read from many firms, among them being Max Freund & Co. and other jewelry houses.

A discussion next took place on the scope of the assistance the members of the association should be required to give to each other. No action was taken on the question. The following resolutions were passed and committees appointed to report at a future meeting to be called by the chair:

That this meeting resolve itself into an organized body of credit men, to be known as the New York Credit Men's Association, under such rules and regu<sup>\*</sup> lations as shall be prepared by a committee of five on by-laws, to be appointed by the chairman; and further, that to avoid misapprehension, the purposes of this association are hereby declared to be:

First—Mutual, social and business association, bringing all of us in close touch with each other and the business conditions surrounding us.

Second—To seek to effect reforms in the collection laws of the various States and the United States, to the end of uniformity of statutes and protection of creditors against fraud and overreaching.

Third-To bring about mutual improvements, greater unifor ity in business customs and the habits of the credit office, whereby the question of credit  $ex^{-}$  tension may be reduced to one of science, as nearly as may be.

WHEREAS, A national convention of lawyers and credit men will be held in the city of Detroit, Mich., on August 13th, 14th and 15th, having for its objects the formation of an association for the promotion of the common interests of commercial lawyers and their clients, most of whom are the wholesale houses and manufacturers of the United States.

Resolved, That we, the credit men of New York, hereby extend to this convention the assurance of our hearty interest in their work and our belief that much good may be effected through its instrumentality in the correction of abuses existing in the commercial law systems of the country, and in bringing about clover relations between the attorneys and clients, and n instituting measures looking to the enactment of commercial law, as far as practicable, in all

of the States of the Union.

The chair appointed a committee on by-

laws and organization as follows: M. E. Bannin, Converse, Stanton & Cullen; Samuel S. Conover, Fourth National Bank; William Naumburg, Naumburg, Kraus & Co.; Charles E. Meek, National Lead Co.; Wm. M. Haines, Faulkner, Page & Co., and F. R. Boocock, Langdon, Batcheller & Co. The nominating committee, appointed for the selection of permanent officers, was composed of the following: R. T. Fowler, E. S. Jaffray & Co. (in liquidation); R. P. Messiter, Minot, Hooper & Co.; O. G. Fessenden, Hayden W. Wheeler & Co.; T. A. Adams, G. F. & C. E. Swift; George W. Stidfole, Bennett, Sloan & Co.; S. E. A. Stern, S. Stein & Co., and Mr. Brush, Colgate & Co. The meeting then adjourned.

#### The Death of Adolphus B. Spier.

There are many persons in the jewelry trade who will learn with regret of the death of Adolphus B. Spier. His death occurred at Eatontown, N. J., on July 22, the cause being heart failure. The deceased had been actively identified with the trade for about 25 years.

Mr. Spier was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., 61 years ago. He was a member of the 7th Reg't of New York State, which went to Washington, D. C., and served 30 days there, at the beginning of the civil war. He subsequently was with Farragut at the capturing of New Orleans in 1862. Here he got his discharge from the navy and went into the commission business, his

# This is the Receipt BY WHICH WE PRODUCE 9270 SILVER

# OUR STERLING SILVER.

ALL THE SILVER USED IN OUR STERLING SILVER GOODS IS MADE BY THIS FORMULA.

WAITE, THRESHER COMPANY,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

firm shipping the first bale of free labor cotton sent north. About the year 1870 Mr. Spier returned to New York.

Mr. Spier traveled over southern territory for many years for Carter, Howkins & Dodd, predecessors of Carter, Sloan & Co. His next move was to form a partnership with Mr. Post, also a traveler for Carter, Howkens & Dodd, as Post & Spier; their business was located at Broadway and John Sts., and they did a jobbing business. The firm made a sensational failure, and Mr. Spier took the lines of Hodenpyl & Sons, Randel, Baremore & Billings, Sinnock & Sherrill and Gilbert T. Woglom, representing these firms simultaneously until about 1886, when he engaged with Champenois & Co. as southern traveler. With this firm he remained until about one and a half years ago, when he traveled for himself, carrying several lines.

The deceased had many friends in the south, being one of the most popular travelers in that section. The funeral took place at 3 o'clock P. M., July 25th, from his late residence in Elizabeth, N. J.

#### A Neat Game Worked on E. L. Entrekin.

CLEVELAND, O., July 27.—E. L. Entrekin, a prominent jeweler of Findlay, is calculating as to how badly he has been victimized by purchasing "doctored" diamonds. Yesterday a stranger giving the name of Huffman called at the Farmers' National Bank, at Findlay, and attempted to negotiate a loan of \$1,000 on the stones, which were represented to be worth four times that amount. Cashier Hull refused to take the stones as security for a loan of any size. Huffman and a companion then called on Jeweler Entrekin and negotiated a \$900 loan for 30 days. After they had secured the money Entrekin subjected the diamonds to a more severe test than he had used at first, and they changed from a clear white to a yellow hue. An attempt was made to locate Huffman, but it failed. He came here with the races. Entrekin hopes the diamonds will be redeemed, but that is not likely. The stones are four in number and quite large, and he may be able to get considerable of his money out of them even as yellow diamonds.

#### A. F. Robbins Goes into Insolvency.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 29.—A. F. Robbins, a jeweler in Orange, has gone into insolvency. E. C. Fowler has been appointed receiver and the stock will be sold this week by W. E. Wyman, mortgagee. The schedule of Mr. Robbins' real and personal estate includes the stock, furniture and fixtures in his store in Mann's block, mortgaged to William E. Wyman for \$3,500; his place on High St., mortgaged to the Orange National bank for \$1,200, Mrs. Lewis for \$1,200 and Fowler & Waters for \$380; his household furniture mortgaged to Charles Chase for \$300; and his book accounts.

The first meeting of creditors will be held at 2 o'clock P. M. Aug. 6. The heaviest creditors are: notes, E. A. Whitney Co. Boston, \$1,000; D. C. Percival & Co., \$146; William Fenton, \$282; A. Lounsbury & Sons; New York, \$251; Charles Chase, Orange, \$300; bills, Globe Optical Co., Boston, \$100; Nelson H. Brown, Boston, \$96; I. C. Sawyer, Boston, \$109; Aikin, Lambert & Co., New York, \$69; Frank W. Smith, Gardner, \$53; H. F. Carpenter, Providence, \$83; Place, Peterson & Co., Providence, \$75; Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., Wallingford, Conn.; \$86; mortgages, Sidney Mann, Orange, \$100; William E. Wyman, Charlestown, \$3,500; Orange Na-



Perhaps You Don't!

BUT IF YOU SHOULD USE **MUSLIN BUFFS**, TAKE ONLY THE A1 **WILLIAMSVILLE BUFFS**.

One Standard—INVARIABLE. One Quality—THE BEST. One Trial—ALWAYS USED.

PREPAID SAMPLES IF YOU WANT THEM!

# WILLIAMSVILLE MFG. CO.

18 SOUTH WATER ST., - PROVIDENCE, R. I. MILLS AT WILLIAMSVILLE, KILLINGLY, CONN.

tional bank, \$1,200; Mrs. Lewis, \$1,200; Fowler & Waters, \$800, minus a payment of \$220.

#### The Provisions of the Will of John J. Fry.

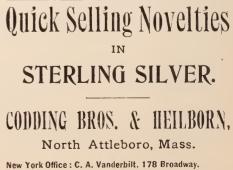
PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 26.—The will o the late John J. Fry, of B. A. Ballou & Co. was probated in the Municipal Court, Tues day, Louis L. Angell being appointed executor, with bonds placed at \$60,000. By its provisions John J. Fry, a nephew of the testator, receives \$1,500; Eleanor Fry, a niece, \$1,500, and Esther C. Fry, \$500, especially for educational purposes. After all just debts and legacies are paid, the residue of the estate is given to the widow of the testator, Rachel E. Fry.

Mr. Fry had provided in his will in case his wife died before him that the Union for Christian Work should receive \$1,000; East Greenwich Library Association, \$1,000; Rhode Island Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, \$1,000, and the Providence Shelter for Colored Children, \$1,000. As Mrs. Fry survives these legacies cannot be claimed, as the estate is bequeathed to her, her assigns and heirs forever.

#### J. E. Caldwell & Co., Have a Suit Against a Countess.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., July 27.-Counsel for J. E. Caldwell & Co., have issued a foreign attachment from Common Pleas Court against the Countess Folchi-Vici, formerly Lily Macalester, and summoned the Fidelity Insurance and Safe Deposit Co. as trustee. Bail was placed at \$849.50, and the action is brought to recover for a bill of jewelry, etc., aggregating half of that amount. The Countess Folchi-Vici is a granddaughter of the late Charles Macalester, who died shortly after the war, leaving a large fortune. His granddaughter, the Countess, lives in Italy and contracted the bill for jewelry while in this country about four years ago. Part of her income arises from a marriage contract trust of which the Fidelity Co. are trustee, and as the Countess but rarely visits this country, the only method possible to collect the bill is by making a claim for its payment out of this trust estate.

I. C. Ganow, jeweler, Chenango Forks, N. Y., was married a few days ago.



Chicago Office: F. A. Buck, 805 Masonic Temple. Philadelphia Office: J. C. Buck, 15 North 6th Street

12

#### Gold and Silver Stamping Legis= lation in New Jersey.

It is likely that at the next session of the New Jersey Legislature endeavors will be made to have laws passed bearing upon the subject of stamping wares of gold and silver. This is one of the most important States in this connection, and as the manufacturers of Newark have always borne a high reputation for the reliability of the qualities of their products, THE CIRCULAR deemed it advisable to hear the voice of the manufacturers, and therefore sent out the following letter:

Gentlemen:—In view of the possibility that there will be opposition to the pas sage of a stamping law by the next session of the New Jersey Legislature. Jan. 8th, 1896, we deem it desirable that a consensus of opinion be obtained from the trade of your State. We therefore submit to you

your State. We therefore submit to you the following questions: First—Do you believe that the New Jersey Legislature should pass a law regulating the stamping of silverware? Second—Do you believe the Legislature should pass a law regulating the stamp-ing of gold goods? Third—Do you believe that a system similar to the Hall Mark of England is practicable, and could prove effective? These questions are being submitted to the manufacturers of New Jersey, and the consensus of opinion on this present agitating subject may serve as a guide for the next session of the State Legisla-ture. ture

Write your answers on a separate sheet of paper. We would like to receive your views in extenso.

Yours Truly, THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB. CO.

The subjoined answers have already been received:

#### Favor a Law like that Passed in Con= necticut.

NEWARK, N. J., July 27, 1895.

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR : Replying to your questions of 25th inst., would say First. Yes.

First. Fes. Second. Yes. Third. From what we understand of the "Hall Mark" system, we think it would not be for the best interest of either the manufacturer or dealer to adopt that system in this country.

We do think a law similar to that recently passed in Connecticut, with some alter-ations, would, if enforced, do good. Yours very truly,

KREMENTZ & CO.

#### A Stamping Law Welcome to All Manu= facturers.

NEWARK, N. J., July 26, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular: Your favor of the 25th inst. at hand.

In answer would say that we believe a national stamping law, or some system or laws making it dangerous to sell goods un-der false representations, would be welcomed by all honest manufacturers

In reference to your first and second questions, we believe that such laws should be national if possible, as there would then be uniformity in them all over the States, but if Congress should refuse to act it seems to us the State Legislature should protect the parchaser and the honest dealer in some way.

We have not given the subject enough thought, however, to feel our opinion in this matter particularly valuable. Very truly yours

BIPPART & Co.

#### General Government Should Pass Stamping Laws.

NEWARK, N. J., JU'Y 26, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' Circular:

In reply to your circular, it is our opinion there should be a law enacted by the general government and not by the separate States, each different and in conflict with one another, to make it effective. But we would prefer to leave this matter, as hereto-fore, to take care of itself without any special legislation, it having worked all right in the past years, when the jewelry business was most prosperous. Respectfully yours

Respectfully yours,

KEER & KINGSLAND.

#### Heartily Approve any Law to Insure Honest Quality.

NEWARK, N. J., July 29, 1895. Editor of The Jewelers' CIRCULAR: In answer to the questions submitted

In answer to the questions submitted to us regarding the advisability of the Legislature of New Jersey passing an act requiring the stamping of silver and gold goods, we would say that we heartily approve of any law passed that would in-sure an honest quality of goods, and sin-cerely hope that such laws will be passed at an early date both for silver and gold an early date, both for silver and gold articles.

The fact of such laws being in existence for many years in England, proves that they are efficient in keeping up the standard of the goods. This being the sole aim of such law, it clearly demonstrates its practi-cability. Yours respectfully, N. E. WHITESIDE & Co.

#### Endorse any Law That Will Compel Honest Manufacture.

NEW YORK, July 25, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

In reply to yours of the 25th inst., would say that we thoroughly believe in the pass-ing of any laws that will help to place

upon the markets goods exactly as they are. We therefore vote in the affirmative on all three questions, and take pleasure in wishing you success in the agitation of the Yours, etc., T. W. Adams & Co. subject.

#### New Jersey Should Pass a Stamping Law.

NEWARK N. J. July 30, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR :

Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR: In reply to your letter of the 25th inst. desiring our views on the three important questions now before the trade, we cheer-fully send the following answer: *First*. We certainly do believe that the New Jersey Legislature should pass a suit-able act compeling the stamping of all articles' made of silver, including jewelry, silverware, etc., MANUFACTURED, SOLD or OFFERED FOR SALE within the limits of the State. Each and every article made should be stamped the quality of the silver used in making such an article.

making such an article. Second. We believe that articles of what-ever kind, including all kinds of jewelry, etc., made of *solid* gold should be stamped the karat gold used in making such articles. The Legislature of our State should pass an act compeling the manufacturers of solid gold goods to stamp the karat gold in a plain form on each article manufactured, and we believe that any article made of part gold, with brass or any inferior article used as "filling" or "stiffening," manu-factured, sold or offered for sale in the State of New Jersey should be left without any karat gold stamp, and it should be a

*Third.* We do not think that the "Hall Mark" of England practicable for this country. Our legislatures can prepare some kind of a system far more modern. What we do believe is, that without legislation all manufacturers should have a trademark and a list of such trademarks could be published in the trade journals from time to time, so that each jeweler throughout the list for reference. Very truly, throughout the United States could have a

### SAWYER & FAHR. (More letters next week.)

#### Death of a Prominent Southern Jeweler.

JACKSON, Tenn., July 24.-E. H. Kelley, who has been a prominent jeweler in this city for the past 28 years, died at his home here last night in the 54th year of his age.

Assistant Manager Brown, of the Holmes & Edwards Silver and Manhattan Silver Plate Companies, Chicago, is much improved in health as the result of a rest at Delavan, Wis.

N. E. WHITESIDE & CO., MAKERS OF FINE ENAMEL GOODS, 93 & 95 Green St., Newark, N. J.

SILVER GOODS GUARANTEED 937-1000 FINE. **GOLD GOODS BETTER THAN 14K**,

93 & 95 Green St., Newark, N. J. ... SAWYER & FAHR.

TO THE TRADE: Goods manufactured by us to

be strictly 14kt., and all our Silver Goods Sterling  $\frac{925}{1000}$  fine.

#### July 31, 1895.

# Death of Hon. Thomas Davis.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 27.-Hon. Thomas Davis, the oldest manufacturing jeweler in this city, if not in the country, passed peacefully away at his new residence, near the corner of Broad St. and Norwood Ave., Edgewood, at 5 o'clock yesterday morning, after a brief illness. Just on the verge of his 90th year, Death's summons came to him rather as a call to his reward than as something to be resisted, and calmly and peacefully he answered the call, his life going out without a struggle. He had fought the good fight and no one can say aught against the unblemished character of a man who was for so long a prominent figure in the public life of this State.

It is the old story of the poor boy who crossed the great ocean to carve out a place for himself in the New World. Thomas Davis was born in Ireland on December 18, 1806. His boyhood days were spent in Thomaston, one of the quiet villages of Killarney. As a barefooted lad he romped with another boy, who was later to also become an honored man in the little New England State so far from his early home. That boy became Bishop Hendricken, of the Diocese of Rhode Island. Friends all through life were they, sinking the prejudices of creed and substituting for them a brotherly love which naught ever disturbed. Mr. Davis was a Protestant, but was beloved by every Catholic who knew him.

When the deceased was six or seven years old he came to America with his father and younger brother. The family settled in North Providence, where they continued to reside during the remainder of their lives. Mr. Davis removed to Edgewood only two weeks ago. The father died a few years after his arrival here. The sons received a common school education, and then entered the jewelry business, at which they worked steadily during the larger part of their lives. Thomas was the abler of the two, and as he forged ahead faster, he was compeled at times to assist his younger brother, who died about 12 years ago.

In 1817, being then but 11 years of age, he apprenticed himself to G. & A. Richmond, the owners and occupants of the old Richmond building, situated on Hydraulion St., now the site of the present Industrial Trust Co. building. He served his apprenticeship with this house and continued in their employ as a journeyman until their removal from the city about 1830. At that time the ambitious lad decided to enter the manufacturing arena for himself, and purchased at a nominal price the tools and fixtures of the retiring firm, and with but a small sum of money remaining he made his start in life as a business man in the little old shop which the Richmonds had vacated, and in which he had learned his trade. He worked hard and lived frugally, and by careful management and persistent effort he established a paying business. He became one of the best known business men of this city for years, and his reputation extended all over the world as being one of the largest manufacturers of jewelry in the United States.

The products of this pioneer were chiefly earrings, breastpins, watch seals and chains, etc., and these he introduced throughout the New England and Middle States. In addition to these he carried other lines manufactured by various concerns. In the disposal of his goods he visited Boston,



THE LATE HON. THOMAS DAVIS.

New York, Philadelphia and other cities. These trips were made by carriage or sleigh, the longest of them consuming about a month. Thus in the 40's his goods became very popular, and their manufacture yielded good returns. Year after year passed, increasing the reputation, success and wealth of the young man. Finally, in 1847, Adnah Sackett, who had learned the business with John C. Jenckes and had been in the manufacturing jewelry business since 1823, persuaded Mr. Davis to enter into a copartnership with him, the firm name becoming Sackett, Davis & Co., Jarius Putney, who many years later was a well-known optician on Westminster St., being the company.

Mr. Sackett was one of the largest, prosperous and successful manufacturers of that time and the union between the two men was a strong one. By their energy, tact and sagacity the business soon prospered immensely. They were soon forced to enlarge their plant and the large factory building at the corner of Friendship and Richmond Sts. was erected and the firm became one of the influential manufacturing jewelry concerns of the city. Shortly afterwards two brothers, Americus V. and Robt. W. Potter, were admitted to the firm, which became Sackett, Davis & Potter. In 1857 the Potters proposed to Messrs. Sackett and Davis to either sell their intercst or buy that of their partners. Mr. Davis had a large experience in the business and an extensive acquaintance with the

jobbers and buyers far and near. Accordingly he and Mr. Sackett decided to continue the business and they became the purchasers, the business being reorganized under the former firm name of Sackett, Davis & Co., which continued until the failure in 1879.

It was at this reorganization that new members were admitted to the firm. These included Lauriston Towne, a bright mechanic and the inventor of the first machine for making chains, and who is now living in the 82d year of his age; George H. Sackett, a nephew of the senior member of the firm, and George P. Tew, who had been salesman for the old house for several years. Both of these partners are also living. With this influx of new and younger blood Mr. Davis gradually retired from the active participation in the management of the business. The elder Sackett died in 1860, but the firm name remained nuchanged in consequence of the membership of George H. Sackett. During the war period, from 1861 to 1865, which crippled many of the manufacturers of jewelry throughout the country, this firm remained sound and, with the exception of the first two years, successful.

Immediately after the close of the war Mr. Davis continued to show his interest in all matters pertaining to the welfare of the business, and by his wise counsel did much to advance the interests of the firm. Advancing years and the accumulation of a comfortable fortune led him to gradually relax the reins of management, the result . of which in a few years was painfully apparent. During the last few years of its existence the business was injudiciously managed, many vertures in connection therewith entailing a great loss. It was also said that the caution, economy and devotion displayed by the founders of this house were not practised by their successors, and hence the downfall which occurred in 1874.

When the crash came, the sterling character of the deceased was displayed. He came forward with his resources and assumed a large proportion of the obligations of the house. Five years after the collapse the firm went into liquidation, Mr. Davis paying 100 cents on the dollar on his individual account, and the firm settling for 50 cents on the dollar. An attempt was made to continue the business under the management of a receiver, but that scheme was subsequently abandoned. Later the firm became merged into that of Foster & Bailey, and Mr. Davis practically retired from active business life, although retaining a lively interest in its affairs.

Among those who served their apprenticeship under the deceased were the Hon. Charles Sydney Smith, who a few years since was the Mayor of this city; John M. Buffinton, of Potter & Buffinton, and Robert L. Griffith, of R. L. Griffith & Son.

The deceased was an honored guest at the banquet of the Manufacturing Jewelers' Board of Trade on the evening of Dec. 29 last, at the celebration of its 10th anniver

#### July 31, 1895.

sary. He was the dean of the assemblage, and as he took his seat, after addressing the company in a clear, full voice, the orchestra played "Auld Lang Syne" with great effect. The occasion will long be treasured by those who were present.

He was twice married. His first wife was a Miss Chase, daughter of William Chase, of North Providence. His second wife was Mrs. Pauline Wright, a literary woman, who died about 12 years ago. He had two adopted daughters, both of whom survive him. One married Theodore W. Foster, of Foster & Bailey, who now occupy the factory building erected by the old firm of Sackett, Davis & Co., and the other is the wife of Arthur Scott, a merchant of Danielson, Conn. Deceased was a Unitarian in belief, although not a regular member of any church.

[A full account of the interesting and effective part that the Hon. Thomas Davis played in the political arena during his long life will be published in the next issue of this journal.-ED.]

#### Connecticut.

A. L. Sercomb, of Chicago, has been visiting Meriden.

Major C. H. Case, Hartford, is home from a stay in Boston.

C. H. Tibbitts and family, Wallingford, are in the White Mountains.

The Charles Parker Co., Meriden, are building an addition to their works.

The silversmithing department of Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.'s factory is rushed with orders.

H. D. Pierce, western representative of the Winsted Optical Co., is spending his Summer vacation in Winsted.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving Ingraham, of Bristol, has sailed for Hainfieldt, Austria, where Mrs. Ingraham owns much property.

W. H. Watrous, Hartford, and family are again at their Middle Beach cottage, this time for the remainder of the season.

The Meriden Britannia Co.'s factory, which shut down June 28th, is again busy in all departments eight hours a day six days a week.

A spur track is being built in Wallingford by the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co. for the special accommodation of the R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co.'s and the Biggins-Rodgers Co.'s factories.

The Derby Silver Co. anticipate a prosperous season and work in all departments will be speedily resumed. Rumor in Shelton has it that when the big factory starts again it will be on a 10 hour six days per week schedule.

At the New Haven Clock Co.'s factory work has been resumed in all departments on full time nine hours a day six days per week. The watch department had only one week's shut-down and the 100 hands in that depart-. ment are very busy filling numerous orders.

At the annual meeting of the Southington Cutlery Co., July 23d, the old board of

directors was re-elected: M. C. Ogden, J. W. Gridley, George Munson, W. R. Walkley, J. F. Gratt, C. D. Barnes and J. H. Baldwin. A dividend of I per cent. was declared.

Waterbury men announce that they are prepared to organize a company with New Haven capitalists to manufacture in New Haven a cheap watch to be sold to a trade which will offer it as premiums. It is stated that patents of the long-wind Waterbury watch which expire shortly will be used.

Gen. George H. Ford, president of the Connecticut Jewelers' and Opticians' Association has been elected acting president and has served as such since June 1st., of the Merchants' National Bank, New Haven, during the three months' absence in Europe of President Merrick. The Merchants' is one of the most prosperous banks in New Haven, having a capital stock of \$500,000 and deposits of about \$1,000,000.

The optical goods business in New Haven conducted for 40 years by the now venerable Paul Roessler, is the oldest in Connecticut. The business in which for several years past ex-selectman Wm. F. Sternberg and his brother R. F. Sternberg were partners, has passed into the hands of Mr. Roessler and his son Fritz, under the firm name of Paul Roessler's Son. Fritz Roessler has been identified with his father's store almost from his boyhood. His father's health, which was for several years seriously impaired, is now so much improved that he assists at the store daily.

The Spencer Lens Co., of Buffalo, N. Y., to manufacture and sell high grade optical goods, have incorporated; capital, \$20,000; directors, Rosewell Park, Henry R. Hopkins, William H. Glenny, Frank H. Goodyear, and Bert L. Jones, of Buffalo.

George T. Beeland, Macon, Ga., has leased for a number of years and will have renovated a building on the south end of Triangular block. He will occupy the whole building and the store will be one of the handsomest in the trade in the State.

#### Trade Gossip.

Have you taken advantage of the good things offered on another page by Geo. F. Greene & Co., 111-113 Point St., Providence, R. I.?

Enameling in all its branches on gold, silver or plated jewelry, plain or colored, is done in the very best manner by S. S. Wild & Son, Providence, R. I.

Dr. Knowles is meeting with unusual success with his Summer School of Optics at Peak's Island, Casco Bay, Me. He has already instructed a delegation of nine students.

If you need anything in the line of badges, medals, society pins, rings, charms or emblems don't fail to see Charles G. Braxmar, in his handsome new offices, at 10 Maiden Lane, New York. Mr. Braxmar has perhaps the very best assortment in his line in this country.

Among the most popular gold filled cases on the market to-day is Bates & Bacon's Royal 14 karat, which, by reason of its many excellent qualities, has made for itself hosts of friends. This case is guaranteed to outwear anything on the market at a similar price, and invariably gives complete satisfaction.

The Williamsville Mfg. Co., 18 S. Water St., Providence, R. I., make the AI muslin buffs, but they don't keep them. The paradox is explained by the fact that they sell them. If you should be one of the unfortunates who are unaware of the good qualities of the AI buffs write for samples; you'll get them prepaid.

Nine hundred and twenty-seven ounces of United States government silver and 73 ounces of pure copper form the receipt by which the Waite, Thresher Co., Providence, R. I., produce all the stock used in the manufacture of their popular line of silver goods. Their announcement on another page is the best possible pictorial answer to the question of the day: "Are your silver goods sterling?" It is, therefore, no wonder that all Waite, Thresher Co.'s goods sell.

We also carry a complete line of

Diamond Papers, Wallets, Tweezers, Tags,

Scales, Washing Cups, Shovels, Sieves,

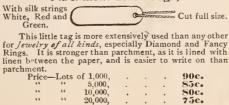
Plates, Holders, Gauges, &c., &c.,

GREEN BROS. II MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK, ARE Headquarters for DIAMOND TRADE Supplies.



NOTE.-We have just received a consignment of the FINEST DIAMOND TWEEZERS ever imported, in all shapes and sizes, Price only \$7.50 per dozen. Send for a selection package.

#### Parchment Linen Tags,



20,000,

• •

OF BEST QUALITY ONLY. "Send for our latest illustrated Price List."

#### Newark.

Frank Lebkuecher, of Krementz & Co., is at Asbury Park.

John C. Day, senior member of Day, Clark & Co., is with his family stopping at the Metropolitan, Asbury Park.

Reeves & Sillcocks have begun an extensive addition to their factory in the rear of 50 Walnut St. The addition will be a two-story brick structure, 36 by 50 feet in dimensions, to cost \$4,500. The architect is Herman Kreitler. The capacity of the plant will be about doubled. The original building was part of the old Horace Alling factory.

The Courvoisier-Wilcox Mfg. Co. are adding two extensions to their watch case factory on Sixth Ave. between 12th and 13th Sts. One addition will be two stories, 10 by 36 feet, and the other two and onehalf stories, 16 by 23 feet. They will be used as offices for the present, but are to be so constructed that they can be used for factory purposes. The improvements will cost about \$4,500.

Jacob Goldbach, a Ferry St. jeweler, disposes of a good many watches to the motormen and conductors on the trolley cars that pass his place. Last October he sold a watch to James A. Walsh on the instalment plan, but Walsh soon tired of paying the instalments. Goldbach made several efforts to find Walsh but failed until last week, when he was told that Walsh was again working on a South Orange Ave. car. Goldbach found that it was another man with the same name, but the jeweler soon traced his man. Walsh No. 1 swore he was a Fred. Smith, but was finally prevailed on to show the watch, whereupon jeweler Goldbach promptly identified it by its number. The jeweler threatened to have Walsh arrested, whereupon the motorman gave up the timepiece.

#### Philadelphia.

S. M. Fridenberg and Mrs. Fridenberg are at Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

Diamond dealer E. W. Bailey is making a tour of the New Jersey seaside resorts.

Geo. Eakins & Son expect to be able to close out their business by September 15th.

James Riley and Joseph H. Brazier, of J. E. Caldwell & Co., are summering at Atlantic City.

Henry Gerlach, 2631 Germantown Ave., will occupy his cottage at Ocean City the remainder of the Summer.

Mr. Zineman sailed for Europe last week. Dr. W. Zineman, of the same firm, is resting at Atlantic City, after an extended trip through the east.

The construction of Hamilton & Diesinger's new building at 12th and Chestnut Sts. has been deferred indefinitely, owing to difficulty about the lease of the present occupants.

The inventory and appraisement of the assigned estate of Budd & Kite, transferred

to Charles E. Aull for the benefit of creditors on July 5, was filed last week in the Common Pleas Court. The appraisement aggregates \$4,031.37, including a stock of jewelry, etc., valued at \$2,137.75, and book accounts appraised at \$1,893.62.

On Saturday Henry Trumbore, executor of the estate of Louis H. Spellier, deceased, the well known electric clock inventor, filed exceptions in the Orphan's Court to sundry rulings made in the settlement of the affairs of the estate. The exceptions are to the overcharge made against him of interest; to awarding the legatees, Emily Stankowitch, Willis Lindes and Wm. Schumberg interest and income on the legacies; to not allowing the accountant a credit of \$247.39; to not allowing him credit for the amount of interest and income received by the several legatees, and to the amount of the awards made in the adjudication by the court to the legatees.

Harry Stites Maree, at one time a wellknown jewelry manufacturer in this city, died at his home, 2615 N. 11th St., on Friday. He was born at the Falls of Schuylkill, July 31, 1819. On completing his apprenticeship as a jeweler he opened a factory on 3d St. below Walnut St. He subsequently removed to Poplar St. below 6th, where he continued till early in the sixties, when he accepted the proffer by Henry Gwinner, the 'general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, of a clerkship in the railroad office, which position he held up to the time of his death. In his early manhood he was married to Rebecca Smith, of Manayunk, a member of an old Quaker family, who died some ten years ago. Mrs. Virginia Hendry, a daughter, is the sole survivor of the family.

#### Syracuse.

H. J. Howe returned Thursday from a stay of two weeks at Henderson Harbor.

M. H. Rees has been making alterations in his store, enlarging the optical department, etc.

James H. Morse leaves the last of this week for a trip to the Thousand Islands and other resorts.

The New York State Association of Opticians held a successful meeting this month, the subject of discussion being "The Muscles and General Anatomy of the Eye."

E. Gilbert Lathrop, of Becker & Lathrop, has said that he expected to recover the jewels stolen from the firm's store last October, but would not say how or in what time.

Charles L. Becker returned Tuesday morning from a two weeks' sojourn at Otter Lake, in the North Woods. Mr. Becker's family will remain at the Lake until Sept. 1st., and he will return the middle of August for a two weeks' engagement with the deer.

#### Providence.

All communications for this column, directed to P. O. Box 1093, Providence, R.I., will receive prompt attention.

#### TRADE CONDITIONS.

The indications appear to brighten for a good Fall trade. The majority of the shops have started up actively since the annual July shut-down and some are even working nights. Several salesmen started west the past week, and those who have visited New York recently announce a better feeling. Business to the first of July has been way ahead of what it was a year ago.

C. N. Ober will start in business as agent at 1184 Westminster St., about Aug. 1st.

Samuel Moore has given a \$1,000 mortgage on real estate to the Providence Institution for Savings.

C. A. Fraser is now representing J. G. Fuller & Co. on the road. He was formerly salesman for Hancock, Becker & Co.

H. Benham, buyer for H. Benham & Co., Toronto, was here all the past week. He will be in New York at the Grand Union Hotel this week.

The Burdon Wire Supply Co. have sold real estate on Summer and Meadow Sts., to Allen A. Presbrey, upon which Mr. Presbrey has given a mortgage of \$30,000.

E. L. Logee & Co., J. M. Chandler & Co., and Irons & Russell are driven to their fullest capacity on orders for Masonic badges and emblems for the Triennial Conclave at Boston next month.

It is said on good authority that William Loeb, of William Loeb & Co., and a New York capitalist will shortly embark in the manufacture of aluminum goods on a very extensive scale.

Davis & Sullivan is the style of a new firm of die sinkers, tool makers and designers at 112 Dorrance St. Both have had extended experience, Mr. Davis with E. L. Logee & Co. and R. L. Moorhead & Co., and Mr. Sullivan with Irons & Russell.

Stephen C. Howard reached New York on Friday last, after a particularly pleasant and successful journey to the Pacific coast. Mr. Howard looks much improved in health, and confidently expects a rushing Fall business in the Howard Sterling Co.s wares.

Arnold C. Messler, formerly of Messler & Macon, and later in business at 192 Cottage St., Pawtucket, under the style of Vici Co., has purchased the tools, fixtures. etc., belonging to H. T. Salisbury & Co., manufacturers of jewelers' findings, 186 Cottage St., Pawtucket. Mr. Messler will continue the business as the A. C. Messler Co.

In a fire in a hat store on 16th St., Denver, Col., July 19, the jewelry store of Gottesleben & Sons was smoked but no damage ensued, as all the wares were under glass and could not suffer from smoke.

# The Jewelers' Circular HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

PUBLISHED ZVERV WEDNESDAY BY

#### THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB'G CO.,

189 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

A JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF IEWELERS. WATCHMAKERS, SILVERSMITHS, ELECTRO-PLATE MANUFACTURERS, AND ALL ENGAGED IN KINDRED BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY.

Our Editorial columns will contain our own opinions only, and we shall present in other columns only what we consider of interest or value to our readers. Adver-

we consider of interest or value to our readers. Adver-tising matter will not be printed as news. Advertising rates in THE CIRCULAR are lower, considering the number of tradesmen reached by its large circulation, than in any other jewelry journal. Notices of changes in standing advertisements must be received one week in advance; new matter can be received up to Monday.

#### INFORMATION FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

Terms of Subscription, Postage Prepaid.

		PER	ANNUM.
United States and Canada,			\$2.00
Foreign Countries in Postal	Union,	- 、 ・	4.00
Single Copies. • * •		-	.10

Member of	the	American	Trade	Press	Associa	tion.
Vol. XX	Х.	July	31, 189	95.	No.	26.

Every line of reading matter in The JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, with the exception of the few brief extracts from exchanges always properly credited, is written exclusively for this journal. Each issue of The Jewelers' Circular is copyrighted.

#### FEATURES OF THIS NUMBER.

Page 33-THE CONNOISSEUR.

- Page 30-WORKSHOP NOTES.
- Page 29-PAGE OF TECHNICAL MATTER.
- Page 21-OUR TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVES.
- Page 31-REIGNING PARIS FASHIONS IN JEWELRY.
- Pages 5, 6-Spoon PATTERNS OF AMERICAN SILVERSMITHS.
- Frontispiece-GERMAN RENAISSANCE IN SIL-VERSMITHING.
- Page 8-SUMMER FASHIONS IN JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.
- Page 13-THE VOICE OF THE NEWARK MANUFACTURERS ON GOLD AND SILVER STAMPING LEGISLATION.

Work for the Credit Men's As-

sociation.

THE National As sociation of credit men, an account of whose preliminary organization

proceedings has appeared in the current and the last issues of THE CIRCULAR, will achieve much good if it decreases by even a small percentage the fraudulent and quasi-fraudulent failures that beset every branch of commercial activity. The nature of the lines carried by the retail jeweler necessitates the manufacturer taking great financial risks in the disposal of his product through legitimate channels, and this condition is but too often taken advantage of by unscrupulous retailers. A failure case has come to our attention, the circumstances of which, while they may not serve as direct evidence that fraud was committed in the failure, cast a shade upon the integrity of the insolvents, to say the least. These people, who conducted in the west a business of considerable magnitude, when they failed, pleaded poverty and wanted to settle with their creditors at 20 per cent. The property had been so disposed of that the creditors thought they would get nothing if they did not accept this offer. However, some of the creditors combined and through the New York Jewelers' Association made an investigation of the case, with the result that a suit was instituted to set aside the assignment. This proceeding evidently frightened the insolvent firm for they rapidly settled with the Association's creditors at 75 per cent. It appears that the investigation brought forth the fact that, in a statement made some time ago by this firm showing in what good credit they were, a little item of \$50,000 indebtedness was omitted from their liabilities, and the firm at this late date apologize for the "oversight." If the National Association of Credit Men could minimize the number of such failures it would prove a boon to the commercial world.

A<sup>T</sup> the suggestion of Austin Abbott, who, with other noted New York lawyers, expressed in the last issue of THE CIRCULAR his views on the constitutionality of National stamping legislation, and offered valuable suggestions as to the means by which uniformity of legislation might be obtained throughout the States, reprints of the views referred to have been sent to each member of the Committee of Uniform Legislation of the American Bar Association, which is composed of the following gentlemen:

Hon. Lyman D. Brewster, Danbury, Conn.; Hon. D. S. Troy, Montgomery, Ala.; Hon. M. M. Cohn, Little Rock, Ark.; Hon. Robert J. Hayne, San Francisco, Cal; Hon. George J. Boal, Denver, Col.; Hon. Ignatius C. Grubb, Wilmington, Del.; Hon. Hor. Wise Garnett, Washington, D. C.; Hon. R. W. Williams, Tallahassee, Fla.; Hon. P. W. Meldrim, Savannah, Ga.; Hon. Henry Stuart Gregory, Wallace, Idaho; Hon. Edwin Burrett Smith, Chicago, Ill.; Hon. J. W. McLoud, South McAlester, Ind. Ter.; Hon. W. P. Fishback, Indianapolis, Ind.; Hon. Emlin McClair Iowa City, Iowa; Hon. John D. Milliken, McPherson, Kan.; Hon. Geo. M. Davie, Louisville, Ky.; Hon. Ernest B. Kruttschmitt, New Orleans, La.; Hon. A. A. Strout, Portland, Me.; Hon. Skipwith Wilmer, Baltimore, Md.; Hon. T. J. O'Brien, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Hon. Bradley G. Schley, Milwaukee, Wis.; Hon. John W. Lacey, Cheyenne, Wyo.; Hon. Geo. B. Young, St. Paul, Minn.; Hon. R. A. Hill, Oxford, Miss.; Hon. W. F. Sanders, Helena, Mont.; Hon Jas. M. Woolworth, Omaha, Neb.; Hon. Jas. F. Colby, Hanover, N. H.; Hon. R. Wayne Parker, Newark, N. J.; Hon. Chas. Henry Butler, New York; Hon. John L. Bridgers, Tarboro, N. C.; Hon. Chas. C. Baldwin, Cleveland, O.; Hon. Chas. H. Carey, Portland, Ore.; Hon. Hampton L. Carson, Philadelphia, Pa.; Hon. Jas. Tillinghast, Providence, R. I.; Hon. H. E. Young, Charleston, S. C.; Hon. J. W. Wright, Clark, S. Dak.; Hon. B. M. Estes, Memphis, Tenn.; Hon. J. H. McLeary, San Antonio, Tex.; Hon. Rich. B. Shepard, Salt Lake City, Utah; Hon. Wm. E. Johnson, Woodstock, Vt; Hon. Jas. Lyons, Richmond, Va.; Hon. E. C. Hughes, Seattle, Wash.; Hon. J. A. Hutchinson, Parkersburg, W. Va.; Henry M. Mac Cracken, D.D., Pine Hill, N. Y .; James B. Thayer, LL.D., Cambridge, Mass.; Isaac T. Russell, LL.D., 120 Broadway, New York; Geo. M. Sharp, Esq., 12 E. Lexington St., Baltimore, Md.; Hon. Henry Wade Rogers, Evanston, 111.; Prof. Chas. A. Graves, Lexington, Va.; Hon. Wm. Wirt Howe, New Orleans, La.; Wm. L. Snyder, Esq., 5 Beekman St., New York; Leonard A. Jones, Esq., Boston, Mass ; Hon. Simeon E. Baldwin, New Haven, Conn ; Hon. David Banks, New London, Conn.

THE American watch industry is not suffering from a plethora of trade with Russia. According to the last consular report upon the subject, the imports of American watches, gold and other, aggregated \$120 in 1891, \$40 in 1892, and \$205 in 1893. We are quite curious to learn what the figures for 1894 will be.

#### Request for The Circular for the Smithsonian Institute.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 23, 1895. GENTLEMEN:-The Secretary authorizes me to say that he is desirous of obtaining for the library of the Smithsonian Institution THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, and will be glad to send regularly in exchange the Smithsonian Annual Reports. If a complete series can be secured, the Institution will be glad to send in return a selection from its own publications.

Very respectfully yours,

CYRUS ADLER, Librarian. THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR PUB. Co., New York.

#### Geo. H. Wood Sandbagged at His Home.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 27.-George H. Wood, of Wood, Bicknall & Potter, at an early hour this morning was overpowered in his sleeping room at his home, 5 Charles Field St., drugged, bound hand and foot, and gagged, after being stunned by a blow upon the head with a sand bag, by two burglars, who afterwards ransacked the residence from the basement to the second story.

The burglars were looking for valuable booty and they found it, but were unsuccessful in getting away with it. They had nearly all of the silverware in the house, valued at about \$2,000, tied up in newspapers preparatory to taking it away when they were frightened aby away neighboring resident entering the house.

#### New York Notes.

Tiffany & Co. have obtained a judgment for \$224.71 against Thomas J. French.

T. B. Starr has entered a judgment against Robert H. Silverman for \$98.15.

The Fahys Watch Case Co.'s factory, Sag Harbor, L. I., commenced working on full time on Monday last.

Mrs. M. C. Eppenstein, wife of M. C. Eppenstein. Chicago, is in New York, stopping at the Holland House.

William Kleinschmitt, lately with John F. Saunders, has commenced business on his own account at 189 Broadway. He will sail for Europe to-day on the *Paris* to purchase goods.

The New York *Herald* of July 28 contained an excellent portrait of W. C. Roberts, of the New York Standard Watch Co., as one of the leading spirits in the social life of Long Branch this Summer.

Daniel G. Stites, late of the Stites Jewelry Co., now out of business, has engaged with the Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., and will go on the road at an early day, calling on his old customers with a fresh line of goods. Chas. G. Schwitter, also late of the Stites Jewelry Co., is now with Aikin, Lambert & Co.

Catherine A. Moneypenny is suing jeweler Robert I. Moneypenny, Brooklyn, for a separation, and Judge Clement, of the City Court, July 25th granted her \$8 a week alimony and \$25 counsel fee. She accuses her husband of throwing the contents of a frying pan in her face and of dragging her around the house by the hair of the head.

John Saunders and John Davis, who stole \$5,000 worth of jewelry from the store of Constantine Lucius, 841 Sixth Ave., by the trick of a buggy and enticing the clerk to the sidewalk, were Thursday sentenced to nine years each in State prison by Judge Fitzgerald. The Judge had given them a week in which to decide whether or not they would tell where the stolen jewelry is located and thus receive a reduction of sentence. The thieves decided not to tell, and the Judge sentenced them to the long term of nine years.

Luigi Zolli was held in \$2,500 bail by Commissioner Shields Saturday on a charge of smuggling jewelry. He landed last Monday from the *Werra*. Although many articles of jewelry were discovered in Zolli's possession by the Customs House officers, he was not arrested until Saturday. The seized list includes brooches, rings, pins, necklaces and the like, all of unique patterns. Zolli says the articles are heirlooms of his family, which is one of the oldest in Italy.

Samuel J. K. Adler, indicted in February last for attempted grand larceny and impersonation in trying to swindle by a bogus mortgage real estate transaction, David Keller, of Keller, Ettinger & Fink, and who has been posing as an attorney, under forged certificates, in several States, was last Tuesday sentenced to two years and ten months in the penitentiary by Recorder Goff, in Part I., General Sessions. Adler had pleaded guilty. He had to be carried into court, as he recently suffered a stroke of paralysis while in the Tombs.

Detective Claugher, of Coney Island, found two men, who said they were Morris Levy, of 103 Stanton St., and Israel Cohn, of 142 E. 14th St., offering for sale in Surf Ave., Coney Island, Wednesday morning, a lot of jewelry, and arrested them. They said they were dealers in second-hand jewelry, which they peddled. They had 12 pawn tickets from various pawn shops of this city, showing that \$1,525 had been borrowed on the articles in pawn. The police of Coney Island believe that the jewelry had been stolen. The two men declare that they got it legitimately. The men were locked up pending an investigation.

Wm. MacNice, a young man employed by the Alvin Mfg. Co., 4 Maiden Lane, last Tuesday showed J. Verschuur, with the same company, two diamonds which he had found in the street at the corner of Liberty Place and Maiden Lane. Mr. Verschuur at once recognized the stones to be valuable. being about 41/2 karats each, and detected the name H. E. Oppenheimer & Co. on the paper containing them. Mr. Verschuur called upon the diamond firm and asked them if they missed the pair of stones. The firm replied that they had missed the stones about two hours previously, but had no idea they had been blown out of the window. Mr. Oppenheimer handed \$10 with thanks to Mr. Verschuur to be given to the Alvin & Co.'s honest young man.

Detectives Cuff and McNaught Thursday arrested Henry Meyer, jeweler, 68 Nassau St., on a charge of extortion. The complainant, Mrs. Annie Abrahams, alleges that Meyer went to her on June 28 and under threat of having her son-in-law, Samuel Gross, arrested, induced her to give him \$250. Meyer states that Gross went to his place on June 21 to select some jewelry for his wife. He picked out a diamond ring and small diamond sword worth \$300, saying he wanted his wife to choose one of them. He paid \$50 down. He did not return. Meyer then called on Mrs. Abrahams, who gave him the sword and some pawn tickets, which she supposed were for the ring. As the tickets did not call for the ring, Meyer went again to Mrs. Abrahams and told her he would have Gross arrested. She then gave him \$250.

#### Last Week's Trans-Atlantic Voyagers. FROM EUROPE.

S. Lindenborn, New York, and Isaac Swope, St. Louis, Mo., arrived on the *Havel*.

C. H. Dorflinger, C. Dorflinger & Sons, New York, arrived on the *Paris*.

TO EUROPE.

Chas. Thierry, Wm. B. Kerr & Co., Newark, N. J., sailed on *La Champagne*. TO ARRIVE.

E. E. Wood, Chas. F. Wood & Co., New York, is due Aug. 2d, on the *St. Louis*.

#### Reorganization of the Kent & Stanley Co. Completed.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 26.—After several months of patient effort the work of reorganizing the Kent & Stanley Co. has been practically consummated, and the affairs of the old concern are in a fair way of settlement. Some time will, however, yet be necessary to complete all of the details.

The charter petitioners of the proposed new company held a meeting some time ago in the rooms of the company and effected a temporary organization with Edward A. Greene as chairman, and Charles E. Pervear as secretary. Previous to this, stock to the amount of \$150,000 was subscribed for by former stockholders, and a sufficient amount in addition has been accepted by the creditors of the old company to the extent of about 40 per cent. of their respective claims. It is understood that these claims have been accepted in varying offers ranging from 25 per cent. cash and 75 per cent. in notes, to 40 per cent. cash, 40 per cent. stock and 20 per cent. notes.

An adjourned meeting was held a few days ago and the other subscribers to the preferred stock were elected as associate members of the company. After accepting the charter granted by the General Assembly at the recent session, E. C. Huxley, who has been managing the company's affairs since the trouble commenced, was elected treasurer *pro tem.* and was authorized to call for the payment of 50 per cent. of the cash subscriptions, according to the terms of reorganization. In a short time notices will be issued for all of the stockholders to meet and choose officers and a board of directors.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the old Kent & Stanley Co. was also held and largely attended. It was found that under Mr. Huxley's management the concern has made money during the past six months. His report showed that there had been a great increase in the production of goods with a considerable decrease in the expenses, the latter being economically adjusted. The rent receipts have increased to such an extent that they are now sufficient to pay the current expenses of the building and to take up the interest on the mortgage as it becomes due.

It will be remembered that the new company were formed with a capital stock of \$500,000, of which \$300,000 which has been practically subscribed, is preferred stock, leaving \$200,000 common stock to be divided among the old stockholders. The preferred stock has been sold to cash subscribers and creditors for 85 cents on the dollar which is a remarkably low price, and the stock being worth par, practically means two dividends in advance. So favorably received was this plan that several of the old creditors have taken the whole amount of their claims in the preferred stock.

It will be seen from these circumstances that the new company start off with the most brilliant prospects.

#### July 31, 1895.

## AND HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.



"GOELET" SCHOONER CUP.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS CONCERNING ARTICLES STAMPED STERLING SERVE TO EMPHASIZE THE IMPORTANCE OF OBSERVING THE

MAKER'S MARK.

WE MAKE SOLID SILVER ONLY OF STERLING QUALITY, <sup>925</sup>/<sub>1000</sub> FINE EVERY ARTICLE BEARING OUR TRADE MARK. THEREFORE PURCHASERS SECURE ENTIRE FREEDOM FROM FALSE IMPRESSIONS.



MASSACHUSETTS NAVAL BRIGADE TROPHY.

# Solid Silver

(Exclusively.)



# WHITING M'F'G CO.

Silversmiths,

Broadway & 18th St.,

NEW YORK.

Titte

#### News Gleanings.

H. G. Ray has opened a jewelry factory in East Des Moines, Ia.

Benjamin Lee will open a jewelry store in East Stroudsburg, Pa.

McIndoo Bros., Lyons. Ind., are building a business room for a jewelry stock.

Joe Loeb, diamond broket, Reading, Pa., is visiting Atlantic city and Philadelphia.

Jeweler Beach, Valparaiso, Ind., is making some improvements at his store.

Jeweler Harrison has commenced business in the Champlin building, Chatham, N. Y.

In a destructive fire in Minerva, O., last week, the jewelry store of John Kurtz was burned.

A fire occurred in Winn's jewelry store, Perry, Ga., last week, which completely consumed it.

C. W. Freeman, Scranton, Pa., who rec.ntly failed, has opened a repair shop at 311 Spruce St.

The Ambelang Mfg. Co., Green Bay, Wis., have opened a manufacturing jewelry and engraving establishment.

Louis Megede, Jr., has removed from Richmond, Mo., to Norborne, Mo., where he will engage in the jewelry business.

It is thought Frederick L. Smith, the missing manager of the J. W. Knox Jewelry Co., Denver, Col., has fled to Mexico, on his way to Japan.

Mr. and Mrs. Berg have moved from Cloquet, Minn., to Duluth, Minn., where Mr. Berg has opened a jewelry store on W. Superior St. and 20th ave.

John Schmidt, the hotel keeper in Homestead, Pa., whose jewelry store was robbed by the notorious thief Fitzsimmons, was closed by the sheriff recently.

N. S. Plank, Iowa City, Ia., is improving, but he will probably not be able to leave his home for a month, having been compeled to undergo an important operation.

Brown & Kubey, wholesale and retail dealers in watches, clocks, jewelry and plated goods, have moved into the Arlington block, Hotel St., Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Hubbard, Springfield, Mass., have been spending a few days at Newport, R. I. Mr. Hubbard combines business with pleasure. He was formerly located there, but has not visited the city in 10 years.

J. M. Kimball, a jeweler and optician of Lancaster, N. H., for the past 20 years, has sold out his jewelry department on account of failing health. Mr. Kimball will continue in the optical business at the old stand.

August Morck, Jr., Warren, Pa., is in Philadelphia, Pa., pursuing a course of special instruction at the Philadelphia Optical College. Mr. Morck is widely known as the patentee of several valuable inventions in spectacles. The Johnson Electric Service Co., Detroit, Mich., have been awarded the contract by the council committee on city hall and library, of Milwaukee, Wis.. for the clock to be placed in the tower of the new city hall. The contract price is \$1,900.

Wachtel's jewelry store, 16 W. 4th St., Williamsport, Pa., was opened July 20th with a good line of watches, jewelry and musical instruments. The business will be under the management of J. F. Wachtel, lately with Sylvester Mussina.

Charles Smith, a jeweler of Central Square, N. Y., while out driving last week suddenly leaned over in front as if he was trying to look over the dashboard of the wagon. His companion spoke to him, but as he got no answer he raised him up and found that he was dead. Mr. Smith leaves an invalid widow.

A. J. Rand, Holyoke, Mass., has just placed in position in front of the new Phœnix block, the largest street clock in the city. It was purchased of the Thomas Clock Co. The clock has four dials, and the upper part in which the works are located weighs 1,000 pounds. The dials are three feet in diameter and the clock stands 15 feet high.

Chas. M. Waring, jeweler, DeWitt, Ia., died recently, aged 62 years. He had been ill nearly a year. Mr. Waring was born in Vermont. In 1853 he went to DeWitt, where he remained a year and then moved to Michigan. A few years ago he went back to DeWitt, and had since been engaged in the jewelry business. He was a prominent Mason, belonging to both lodge and chapter.

#### Pittsburgh.

C. C. Will has gone to Lake Conneaut on a three weeks' trip.

Max Nieman, of Teplitz & Nieman, Mc-Keesport, Pa., will join the benedicts on Aug. 20.

Fred. G. Stieren sold three lots in the East End last week at \$60 per foot, and also placed a mortgage loan for \$8,000.

Jacob Bubbs has retired from the active management of the Scottdale Jewelry Co., Scottdale, Pa., Mr. Berryhill taking his place.

Allegheny boasts of a woman watchmaker in the person of Miss Jean Thresher, who is now with E. Thresher, Anderson St.

• Heeren Bros. & Co., have received the contract for making 1,000 gold charms for the Knights Templar conclave, at Boston, Mass.

C. Merz, formerly of Grogan & Merz, a well known firm of this city, has taken bench room with C. J. Petgen, 27 Fifth Ave., as watchmaker.

Visiting jewelers last week included: F. H. Marshall, Derry Sta.; B. Neville, Dawson; F. N. Hayes, Washington, Pa.; Geo. V. Brady, Washington, Pa.; C. Snyder, New Brighton; C. Sloan, Wilmerding,

#### Boston.

Optician William H. Doleman is revisiting his old home in Nova Scotia.

D. J. Ingraham, optician, has gone to Europe and will be abroad until Aug. 25th.

Treasurer B. L. Bogle, of Bogle Bros. Co., who has been in Vermont on his vacation outing, returned this week.

E. A. Cowan is on a trip to Savannah, Ga., combining pleasure and business, and making a stay of about a week in the southern city.

The engagement of Edmund W. Byram, salesman in the Boston office of the E. Howard Watch & Clock Co., to Miss Malleson, of Chelsea, is announced.

Edward E. Hall, formerly with E. H. Saxton & Co., and until recently located in Washington, D. C., has returned to Boston and will relocate in this city.

Treasurer William A. Bates, of the Ripley-Howland Mfg. Co., has returned from a fishing trip\_in northern Maine. President Nathaniel L. Ripley, of the company, is in New York.

John W. Sherwood, New York, has opened a Boston branch in room 5, 383 Washington St., and will carry a line of watches and diamonds, making a specialty of Dueber-Hampden goods.

H. A. Carr, head of the material department of D. C. Percival & Co., has been suffering from an attack of malaria and has been granted a month's leave of absence, which he will pass in New Hampshire.

George A. DeWitt, formerly in the jewelry business at 265 Washington St., has returned to Boston after several months' absence, and resumed business at 277 Washington St. under the name of George A. DeWitt & Co.

Reginald C. Robbins, who is commodore of the Beverly Yacht Club, is on a cruise along the north shore in his yacht *Koorali*. In the party with him is Fred C. Graves, salesman in the office of Robbins, Appleton & Co.

The board of directors of the New England Association of Opticians has under consideration the expediency of obliging candidates for admissiou to the society to pass an examination. A meeting of the directors was scheduled for July 30th, with this proposition as the topic for discussion.

Harry Camp alias Henry Babcock, who has just completed a sentence of six months in the House of Correction for fraudulently conveying jewelry purchased on lease from Frank G. Butler, a Boston dealer, was taken to New York July 24th to answer to charges of a similar character. His transactions in that city are said to foot up about \$15.ooo. Charles Seeley & Co. are among the losers by his operations, and there are a number of other firms that would like to recover property obtained from them by Camp. In New York he had an office in W. 59th St.



JAMES RICHARD BROWN is the patronymic given him just 25 years ago, but "Jimmie" is the more happy appellative bestowed upon him by his numerous friends. Fourteen years ago a delicate lad of 11 years ap

plied to G. B. Barrett, Pittsburgh, Pa., for, as he called it, a "job," and he was engaged as entry clerk. He remained with G. B. Barrett & Co. until 1890, when he engaged with Max Nathan, New York, and



spent a year on the road. In 1891, Mr. Brown returned to Barrett's, and as representative for this firm ever since has been known as an active and conscientious salesman. He is of a prepossessing appear-

JAMES R. BROWN.

ance and lays claim to a fund of good humor that is not purchasable. Two years ago Mr. Brown married Miss Sadie Reed, of Pittsburgh, a popular and charming young lady.

William E. Cohn, traveler for E. A. Cowan & Co., Boston, Mass., is enjoying an outing at Saratoga, N. Y.

Joseph W. McClannin is to travel hereafter for John W. Sherwood, New York, covering his route from the Boston office recently established.

S. N. Jenkins in the northwest, and A. S. Riley and W. A. Farrell in the east, are making short and successful trips for Aikin, Lambert & Co., New York. M. F. Thornton has started out in the northwest for this firm.

The travelers in Kansas City, Mo., the past week were: F. J. Carpenter, Battin & Co.; S. E. Bolles, M. B. Bryant & Co.; O. C. Lane, Reed & Barton; Albert Kahn, American Watch Case Co.; W. Lichenstein, Leopold Weil & Co.

W. H. Creveling, traveling salesman for the Reed & de Mars Jewelry Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, Minn., after a month's vacation at the lakes, starts out on his first trip for the Fall season throughout northern Minnesota and North Dakota the first week in August.

Eastern jobbers and manufacturers visiting the Twin Cities the past week were: Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., by W. F. Adams; C. Rogers & Bros., by W. R. Bristol; Waterbury Clock Co., by Fred. L. Pettee; Osborn Silver Plate Co, by H. E. Osborn; Foster & Bailey, by J. A. Limbach; Ostby & Barton Co., by D. A. Wilkins.

The following traveling salesmen passed through Detroit last week: H. I. Barber, the Eagle Sterling Co.; Mr. Kehl, F. H. Noble & Co.; H. L. Sherman, Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.; O. C. Lane, Reed & Barton; A. O. Waterman, Pairpoint Mfg. Co.; L. Seligsberger, Adelphi Silver Plate Co.; G. F. Kaiser, Henry Froehlich & Co.

Robbins, Appleton & Co.'s five American Waltham watch "missionaries" returned to Boston the past week after an absence of three to four months, and are now enjoying well earned vacations. Harry E. Duncan is in camp down in Maine with his family, David H. Wells has gone to Auburn, J. M. Curley takes a trip to western Massachusetts, B. B. Treen has his outing in Nova Scotia, and Fred. O. Fuller is in Warren, Me.

Recent travelers in Indianapolis, Ind., included the following: H. E. Vincent, Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.; Harry J. Hildebrand, for H. C. Lindol; A. L. Stearns, Roy Watch Case Co.; David Schwartz, Nicholas Muller's Sons & Co.; C. M. Fogg, Keystone Watch Case Co; Ernest Block, W. & S. Blackinton; Chas. Marsh, C. A. Marsh & Co.; A. Peabody, Peabody & Engelsman; J. S. Platt, Foster & Bailey.

Hustling representatives noticed in Syracuse, N. Y., during the last ten day included: George A. Schaefer, for H. C. Lindol; Mr. Lamb, T. I. Smith & Co.; J. M. Morrow, American Watch Case Co.; L. E. Van Horn, Philipp Zellenka & Son; Frank G. Moyer, Max Freund & Co.; A. F. Bailey, Martin, Copeland & Co.; Thomas I. Taylor; W. S. Dudley, Rogers, Smith & Co.; George S. Benedict, Geneva Optical Co.; Jos. Friedlander, Jos. Friedlander & Bro.; Frank W. Levy, Rest Fenner Smith Co.; J. Engel, Lissauer & Co.; M. Cohen, Cohen & Hirshfield; T. S. Richter, Bruhl Bros. & Co.; George C. Moody, Trier Bros.; Mr. Gallagher, Sinnock & Sherrill.

Traveling men in Pittsburgh, Pa., last week were: Mr. Smith, Holmes & Edwards Silver Co.; J. D. Barber, Landers, Frary & Clark; G. Hofman, Ansonia Clock Co.; S. Sickel, Eichberg & Co.; Mr. Kennion, John T. Mauran Mfg. Co.; W. R. Eliot, Bergen Cut Glass Co.; C. M. Dillon, Meriden Cutlery Co.; Gus. M. Strandberg, E. L. Spencer & Co.; A. W. Atwater, Brooklyn Watch Case Co.; J. F. Townley, Ripley-Howland Mfg. Co.; E. L. Mumford, Waite, Thresher Co.; C. F. Brinck, Crescent Watch Case Co.; Jos. Beach, Wilcox Silver Plate Co.; E. T. Hopkins, Meriden Silver Plate Co.; G. G. Berry, S. O. Bigney & Co.; W. S. Strauss, Jacob Strauss & Sons.

Travelers in Boston, Mass., the past week included: Charles F. Irons, Irons & Russell; Mr. Kurtz, George W. Cheever & Co.; Louis Blackinton, W. & S. Blackinton; Mr. Ripley, Watson & Newell Co.; Henry G. Thresher, Waite, Thresher Co.; Mr. Schaefer, for H. C. Lindol; Joseph Fowler, Fowler Bros.; William H. Jones, Jones & Woodland; H. Barker, John W. Reddall Co.; Charles LeB. Snedeker, E. Aug. Neresheimer & Co.; W. D. Elcox, Larter, Elcox & Co.; C. H. Barney, Middletown Plate Co.; L. G. Call, Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.; T. B. Wilcox, Jr., Pairpoint Mfg. Co; Mr. Stanley, T. I. Smith & Co.; A. Kaufman, Bruhl Bros. & Co.; Mr. Steere, Arnold & Steere; treasurer F. L. Funck, Fidelity Watch Case Co.

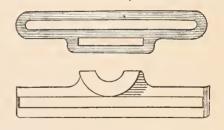
#### Canada and the Provinces.

Charles Loup, jeweler, Kentville, N. S., has a fine collection of agates and amethysts from Mount Bloundon, Nova Scotia. Mr. Loup recently selected '12 handsome stones and had them polished and set in rings.

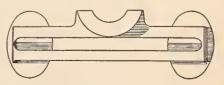
Two more arrests have been made in connection with the robberies from the Goldsmith's Stock Co., Toronto. The prisoners are Francis Wurster, jobbing jeweler, who has a store at 470 Queen St. W., and Frank Cable, a clerk. A portion of the missing property was found in Wurster's store.

The diamond cutting factory of Stern Bros. & Co., 27-31 Gold St., New York, is at present, it is said, employing more men than any other similar shop in the country. The factory has been running full time every day since January 1, and it gets busier daily. As for the quality of work produced by Stern Bros. & Co., it has long ranked among the very highest.

R. J. MFG. CO., RACINE, WIS.



## BELT BUCKLE LOOPS and HOOKS.



HOOKS FOR SOFT SOLDERING. Silver, \$3.00, G. S., 75c per doz.

ALL JOBBERS.

# CLASSIFIED INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

All Advertisements are entitled to one insertion under proper heading. Extra insertions, \$6.00 per annum. Extra Headings, \$12.00 per annum.

Art Pottery, Bric-a-brac, etc.	Page	Gło
Hinrichs & Co., 29-31 Park Place, N. Y	• 35	
Assayers & Refiners.		
Goldsmith Bros., 63 & 65 Washington St., Chicago, Ill	. 25	
Rathbone, J., 1-9 Mathewson St., Providence R. I		Gro
Auctioneers.		
Boyle, S. A. & Co., 14 Maiden Lane, N. Y Comrie, A. J., 22 John St., N. Y. Rich, H. M. & Co., 21 School St., Bostor	. 36 1,	
Mass	. 36	Ħ
Badges, Medals, Etc.		
Braxmar, C. G., 10 Maiden Lane, N. Y	• 3	Je
Bigney, S. O., & Co., Attleboro, Mass		Jo
Clocks, French, English and Americ	1	
Jacques, Chas., Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St. N. Y		
Self-Winding Clock Co., 26 Broadway, N.Y		La
Diamond & Precious Stone Importer	8.	
Disselkoen, John N., 5-7 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Falkenau, Oppenheimer & Co., 40 M. L., N. Y. Hedges, Wm. S. & Co., 170 Broadway, N. Y.	36 8	M
Kahn, L. & M. & Co., 172 Broadway, N. Y Kipling, R. A., Hays Bldg., N. Y Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lane N. Y	. 8 e,	M
Rich & Allen, State and Madison Sts., Chicag Smith, Alfred H. & Co., 182 Broadway, N. Y. Stern Bros. & Co., 68 Nassan St., N. Y.	0 25	Oŗ
Diamond Cutters.		
Jacobson Bros., Prescott Bldg., N. Y Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith, Prescott Bldg		Op
N. Y Randel, Baremore & Billings, 29 Maiden Lan		0 P
Diamond Mountings.		
Oppenheimer, H. E. & Co., 14 Maiden Lane N. Y		Pa
Inamelers.		D
Wild, S. S. & Son, 179 Eddy St., Providence R. I.	e, • 35	Pe
Inamel Goods.		Ri
N. E. Whiteside & Co., 93 & 95 Green Stree Newark, N. J.	t, . 13	
Engraving School.		Sa
Wiggins, Jno. B., 44 Madison St., Chicago	• 25	
Fine Engraving.		
The Stationers' Engraving Co., 98-102 Nassar St., N. Y	1 8	Sa
Fine Stationery.		Se

Parsons & Greene Co., 18 Murray St., N.Y... 2

Gold	Jewe	lry
------	------	-----

Aikin, Lambert & Co., 19 Maiden Lane 2	-31
Ball, Wm. H. & Co., 15 John St., N. Y	2
Carter, Sloan & Co., 15 Maiden Lane, N. Y	ē
Hedges, A. J., & Co., 6 Maiden Lane, N. Y	é
Sawyer & Fahr, 93 & 95 Green St., Newark,	
N I	

Schwartz, W. H., & Co., Newark, N. J. ..... 35

#### Gold and Rolled Plate Jewelry.

Greene, Geo. F. & Co., 111 & 113 Point St., Providence, R. 1..... 3 Griffith, R. L. & Son, Providence, R. I..... 34 Waite, Thresher Co., Providence, R. I..... 11

#### Horological Schools.

Parson's School for Watchmakers, Peoria, Ill. 15

#### Jewelers' Materials, &c.

Green Bros., 11 Maiden Lane, New York..... 15

#### Jobbers, Watches, Diamonds, Etc.

Aikin-Lambert Jewelry Co., 19 Maiden Lane .2.36 Lapp & Flershem, 92-98 State St., Chicago.... 25 Myers, S. F. & Co., 48 Maiden Lane, N. Y.... 36

#### Lawyers.

#### Musical Boxes.

Jacot & Son, 39 Union Square, N. Y..... 36

#### Muslin Buffs.

#### Optical Goods.

Geneva Optical Co., Chicago, Ills..... 25 Spencer Optical Mfg. Co., 15 Maiden L., N.Y. 10

#### Optical Schools.

#### Paneled Metal Ceilings.

Northrop, A. & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa..... 35

#### Pens, Pencils, etc.

#### Ring Makers.

Bowden, J. B. & Co., 192 Broadway, N. Y..... 8

#### Safes.

#### Sample Trunks.

Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y.... 35

#### Scales.

Kohlbusch, Herman, Sr., 59 Nassau St., N. Y. 8

S	hov	v C	as	68.

Page.

Page	)
------	---

Melishek & Petter, 128 Maiden Lane, N. Y... 30.

#### Silver Plated Ware.

Holmes & Edwards Silver Co., Bridgeport, Ct.	10
National Silver & Watch Co., 908 Masonic	
Temple, Chicago, Ill	25
Rogers & Bro., 16 Cortlandt St., N. Y	3
The Wm. Rogers Mtg. Co., Hartford, Conn	2

#### Skeletons and Steel Goods.

Schulder	Bros.,	545 Pearl	St., N.	Y	:	3
----------	--------	-----------	---------	---	---	---

#### Sterling Silver Novelties.

Codding Bros. & Heilborn, North Attleboro	
Mass	12
Foster & Bailey, Providence, R.I	2
Racine Jewelry Co., Racine, Wis	

#### Sterling Silverware.

#### Tool Manufacturers and Dealers.

American Watch Tool Co., Waltham, Mass.. 35

#### Trunks and Traveling Bags.

Crouch & Fitzgerald, 161 Broadway, N. Y.... 35

#### Watch Case Manufacturers.

#### Watch Case Repairers.

Felix, N. J., 17 John St., N. Y..... 36

#### Watch Importers.

Haldimann, E. A., 33 Maiden Lane, N. Y	29
Hyde's, J. E., Sons, 22 Maiden Lane, N. Y	4
Mathey Bros., Mathez & Co., 21 and 23 Maiden	
Lane, N. Y	36

#### Watch Manufacturers.

Dueber-Hampden Co., Canton, O..... 35

Rates 75c. per insertion for notices not exceeding 3 lines (25 words); additional words 2 cents each. If answers are to be forwarded, postage stamps must be enclosed. Two insertions, 15 per cent. off; three insertions, 20 per cent off; four insertions or more, 25 per cent. off. Payable strictly in advance. Display cards on this page will be charged at \$2.00 per inch for first insertions, subject to same discount as above for subsequent insertions.

Under the heading of Situations Wanted on this page advertisements will be inserted for One Cent a Word. This offer refers to Situations Wanted only. Payable strictly in advance. If answers are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

# Situations Wanted.

Notices under this heading ONLY are charged at one cent a word, payable strictly in advance. If answer are to be forwarded, postage must be enclosed.

POSITION WANTED by young man 18, to learn stone setting. Address W. J. B., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

SALESMAN with established trade wants a good line of goods on commission. Good reference, Address A., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

SITUATION wanted by watchmaker, clock and jewelry repairer; single man; 10 years' experience. Address No. 519 North St., Sidney, O.

A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT WATCH-MAKER, German, best of references, wants position. Address H. G., care JEWELERS' CIRCU-LAR.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN, with old established trade in the south and southwest, is open for a position as traveler. Address G., care JEWEL-ERS' CIRCULAR.

SITUATION WANTED-A High School graduate, 17 years old, good penman, would like a good office position; bonds if required. Address M. B., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WATCHMAKER'S ASSISTANT and salesman; can repair French clocks; wants situation, \$10 per week; can make money for employer. Address A. Jurgensen, Newport, R. I.

WANTED by a young man, a position with assayer and refiner; Swiss and American references; 14 years' experience. Address Henri Ferrier, 2680 Elghth Ave., New York city.

A JEWELRY FOREMAN and first-class designer on diamond and general jewelry, capable of taking entire charge of factory, wants a position. Address A. Smith, care E. P. Reichhelm & Co., 80 Nassau St., New York City.

WANTED, A SITUATION by a watchmaker of eleven years' experience; no specialist but good all-'round workman; have my own tools; single, strictly sober, first-class references. Percy, care Jew-ELERS' CIRCULAR.

A COMPETENT, reliable and energetic traveling or resident salesman. At present with large silverware house, is open for engagement Aug. 1st.; can handle silverware, watches and general jewelry. L., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

BY a young man 22 years of age, with fair knowledge of the business, as watchmaker and salesman; best of references; New York city or vicinity preferred. Address W. S. Macmillan, 34 Ferry St., Schenectady, N. Y.

WANTED, A POSITION as salesman in a retail or wholesale jewelry business; have been ergaged for the past 5 years with one of the leading retail houses in New York City; best of references. Address A. B. C., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WATCHMAKER, Swiss, 34. strictly first-class, makes all kinds of fine complicated watches, also jewelry work; full set of tools : wants situation ; two prizes in Geneva; first-class reference. H., care JEW-ELERS' CIRCULAR.

YOUNG MAN of 26 years would like a position at once as jewelry repairer, watchmaker and optician; good workman; samples of workmanship sent for inspection; east preferred; references O. K. F. McFadden, 63 Orange St., Waltham, Mass.

A GENTLEMAN thoroughly acquainted with the watch business desires position as manager or traveling salesman with manufacturing or jobbing house; has large and valuable acquaintance among jobbers and retailers. Address "Watches," care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR. WANTED by young man, 21 years of age, position in wholesale or retail diamond or jewelry busi ness; five years' experience; best of references. Address, L. L. O., 129 Lexington Ave., New York.

A GENTLEMAN. 38, of good address, having 15 years' experience in the jewelry business, wishes position as traveling salesman with wholesale watch and jewelry house; the best of references as to integ rity, ability, industry and sobriety. Address "H. D.,' Box 1786, Battle Creek, Mich.

TRAVELING SALESMAN-Wanted by a man of established trade, a position as traveling salesman for silver plated or sterling silver manufacturers; many vears' experience in the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk and Richmond, Va. Address "Success," care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

YOUNG MAN OF 24, GOOD HABITS, HELD PRESENT POSITION FOUR YEARS, ACQUAINTED OVER IOWA AND NEBRASKA WOULD LIKE TO TAKE SPECIALTY OR ANY LIGHT 'SAMPLES ON WHEEL THROUGH THE WEST; UNLIMITED REFERENCES, \$2,000 OR MORE. WILL C. MATTHEWS, ODEBOLT, IOWA.

## Belp Wanted.

WANTED, A REPRESENTATIVE in Boston and New England States to sell our goods on commission to jewelers. Address B. L. Co., care JEW-ELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED – A competent optical workman, who understands focus grinding also. Address stating age, experience, references and wages expected, S. G. O., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED, A TRAVELER for Kansas, Colorado, Missouri, Montana and part of Illinois, to carry our goods as a side line on commission. We sell to the jewelry trade only. Address L. P. Co., care JEWELERS'CIRCULAR.

WANTED, EXPERIENCED TRAVELING SALESMAN to carry spectacle and eyeglass frames to retail trade; goods are new and easily sold; occupy small space; liberal commission: good money acsured. Address, stating line now carried and references, C. G., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED a competent and strictly responsible watchmaker; must be experienced in complicated American and Swiss watches of highest grades, such as chronographs and chronometers; only skillful watchmakers with best references need apply. Address B., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

WANTED-An experienced jeweler to do general repairing for the trade; one who can do diamond setting and make diamond mountings; will pay salary of \$10 per week with prospect of increase; steady position; a good chance for the right man. Address The L. Burnett Jewelry Co., St. Joseph, Mo.

## Business Opportunities.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Old established jewelry store on Third Ave. New York; stock, fixtures and good will; good repairing trade; cause, other business and sickness. Gem, care Jewelers' Circular.

RARE OPPORTUNITY to purchase a good pay ing jewelry business, centrally located; splendid profits (not cut by competitors); established five years; beautiful store; well selected stock and fixtures; inventory net \$8,000; can reduce; good run of watch work and jobbing; can be doubled. Address "Opportunity," care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY--The advertiser having been engaged in the manufacture of a special line of goods connected with the jewelry interests, desires now to sell; not much money required; good reasons; a splendid opportunity for a son of a manufacturing jeweler or others; refer to CIRCULAR. Address Chance, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A BUSINESS CHANCE in a live manufacturing town in Massachusetts; population 5.000, with a large country trade; stock has been reduced to about \$1,000; fixtures \$500; will reduce stock still further if desired; business established 12 years; very little competition, it will pay you to look it up, there's money in it; owner resides in another town. John H. Starbuck, 399 Main St., Worcester, Mass.

FOR SALE-One-third or one-half interest in a well established jewelry store in the large and growing city of Atlanta, Ga.; store situated in the very best location for business in the city ; inspection invited ; correspondence solicited ; reasons for selling, want more help and capital for our Exposition. which will be a "hummer." Here is a chance for some good party to make money. No attention will be paid to letters written out of idle curiosity. Address Business, care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

A recent issue of the Cincinnati Merchant and Manufacturer contained a lengthy review of the diamond cutting business of the Coetermans-Henrichs-Keck Co., of that city. In the course of the article o ir contemporary says: "They have a plant that is thoroughly equipped with a full complement of machinery that represents nearly \$50,000, operated by a corps of workmen noted for their ability and proficiency and under the direct supervision of Mr. Van Reeth ,now recognized as the leading diamond cutter of the world. He received the gold medal at the Paris Exposition, 1889, for superior diamond cutting in competition with the world, and the highest and only awards at the Antwerp Exposi tions, 1885-1894, for scientific cutting Under his able direction it is only reasonable to assume that the work done in the factory of this company will be unrivaled."

A N OLD ESTABLISHED jeweler of Chicago would like propositions from jewelry auctioneers and others suggesting their specialty and ability to convert a stock of jewelry of about \$60.000 into cash. Address E., care JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

## To Let.

OFFICE TO LET in the Hays Building. 21 and 23 Maiden Lane, New York. Apply to janitor.

T<sup>O</sup> LET-Window for diamond setter or watchmaker; first floor, front, northern light. 36 John St., Room 3, New York.

TO LET-At 915 Broadway, near 21st St., New York, five beautiful lofts; steam heat; two elevators, suitable for large silver or jewelry concern, or china or glass importer. Apply to C. Dorflinger & Sons, 36 Murray St., New York.

TO LET-Very fine lofts with elegant light, steam heat, power and elevators; size 25x150 and 25x00; well adapted to jewelers' demands three silversmiths already in building); entrance at 114 E. 14th St. opposite lrving Place; terms moderate. Josef Scheina, 119 E. 13th St., New York.

## For Sale.

FOR SALE—Ten diamond polishing mills with laps. tongs. etc., complete: also C C motor. 7½ horse-power, and a diamond cutting machine, shafting pulleys, etc. Address Cutter, care JEWELERS' CIR-CULAR.

## Miscellaneous

WANTED you to know that the genuine "Moseley Lathe" equals the best of the very best. When interested write your jobber for new price list, or to the manufacturers, Moseley & Co., Elgin, Ill.

THE SOUTHERN HOROLOGICAL SCHOOL Atlanta, Ga., offers one-half rates to all students entering their school before Septemb. r 1st. Send for catalogue and full particulars. It is an offer of a lifetime.

Wm. H. Ball & Company, Gold Bracelets,

15 John Street, NEW YORK.

No jeweler or watch repairer should be without a copy of "WORKSHOP NOTES," a new and very useful book for the workshop. Send for circular containing a complete index of the book, and judge of its merits foyourself.



Chicago Office: Room 517, Inter-Ocean Building.

#### CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1895.

No. 26.

#### Chicago Notes.

Jobbers are all busy with their catalogue work.

Bruce Bonny, of the Gorham Mfg. Co., is spending a few weeks in New York.

A. L. Sercomb is expected back from New Jersey between Aug. 5 and Aug. 10.

M. L. Winans, Waco, Tex., is reported to have disposed of his jewelry interests there.

Mr. Wykkel, of Pyl & Wykkel, Kalamazoo, Mich., was in town buying goods last week.

Manager Mather, of Geo. H. Fuller & Sons, is on a five or six weeks' visit to the factory and New York.

Treasurer Schoenberger, of the Geneva Optical Co., left Saturday for a visit to Pennsylvania, his old home.

W. H. Barton, W. S. Willis and T. J. Jewett, of the Gorham Mfg. Co., have returned from a visit to the factory and New York.

The Gregory Clock Co., of Chicago, have incorporated with a capital stock of \$30,000; incorporators, A. C. Trumbo, Edwin T. Porter and Colin Fiffe.

S. K. Huston, agent for the New Columbus Watch Co., with offices at 807 Columbus building, is east on a business trip, lasting till the middle of August.

E. M. Lunt, of the Towle Mfg. Co., with his wife and baby, is spending two weeks in Ephraim, Wis. Mr. Fuller, of the same company, has returned from a vacation in Atlanta, Ga.

C. H. Bard, Sedalia, Mo., who has been east for a couple of weeks, visited the trade here on his way home. Mr. Bard reports the eastern jewelers in high feather over Fall prospects,

Julius Taussig, Rudolph Taussig and Olga Taussig have been issued a permit to incorporate and manufacture jewelry under the name of the Standard Jewelry Co., with a capital stock of \$12,000.

A contract for a tower clock for the High School building, Fort Madison, Ia., has been placed with the Seth Thomas Clock Co., through J. S. R. Scoville, Fort Madison. It will be a striking clock with sectional glass dials.

Charles Gassler, for 20 years with the Illinois Watch Co., passed through the city last week on his way to Japan. He said he was to take charge of one of the departments of the watch factory being established in the Mikado's empire.

"Business is better than it was last year," said A. C. Becken, "but that is not a fair criterion of the general business situation, as our business has increased every month for a long time now. Th.3 I attribute to extraordinary effort on our part, combined with an actual improvement in general business."

William F. Stanford is locked up charged with stealing \$200 worth of jewelry from his employer, Charles Kensman, Harvey, Ill. Stanford was employed as a clerk by Kensman. Most of the stolen goods was recovered in different pawnshops.

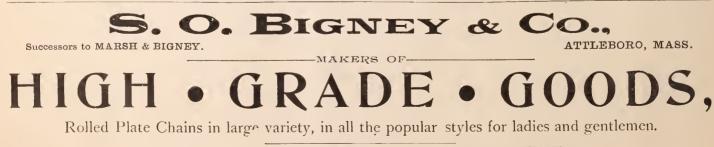
The signatures of tenants of 149-151 State St. have been secured and the owners will expend several thousand dollars on a handsome new front to the building. The tenants include Otto Young & Co., Seth Thomas Clock Co., Towle Mfg. Co., Stern Bros. & Co., Roy Watch Case Co., Roddin & Co., and G. W. Hook.

J. W. Daubenspeck loaned \$300 on a diamond on which jeweler E. M. Edgerton, it is said, had placed a value of \$500 for a man named Kirk. Experts later told Daubenspeck that the gem was imperfect and off color, and he had the parties to the transaction arrested. Mr. Edgerton says he appraised the stone to the best of his ability.

"The indications from every section of the country point to a good, substantial business the coming Fall. Many who spend a great deal of time pricing goods will be fortunate if they get the goods they want. We are already receiving orders and shipping flat ware up to the full capacity of the factory, and if this continues there will be a shortage very soon."—Mr. N. Burchard, Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co.

H. Muhr's Sons have opened an office at 34.36 Washington St., with J. R. Davidson in charge. Mr. Davidson was with the old firm for 18 years, the last five in charge of their Chicago office. The new firm have commodious offices at suite 311-312 Venetian building in quarters formerly occupied by Schauweker & Chalmers Co. Mr. Davidson retains the lines controled by him as manufacturers' agent.

T. Even, 1686 N. Clark St., was recently robbed of several rings by a sneak thief. Mr. Even was at dinner, and his brother, who was temporarily in charge of the store, had stepped to a rear room when he saw a man hurriedly passing out the front door. Six rings which the thief had snatched from a tray in a show case were missing. By the time Mr. Even had locked the store the thief had escaped.



STERLING SILVER NOVELTIES 925/1000 FINE.

OUR GOODS ARE SELLERS. ASK FOR THEM.

#### Detroit.

A. Landsberg, of L. Black & Co., is at Saratoga, N. Y.

C. P. Morse and N. J. McCoullough have opened a new jewelry store in Alma, Mich.

Jacob Teichner, who has been with F. G. Smith, Sons & Co. and F. G. Smith & Sons for many years, retired from the firm's employ, when the recent consolidation with Sturgeon & Co. took place.

Thomas Kennedy, formerly with Kennedy & Koester, who recently started a jewelry store and repair shop opposite the new post office building, has sold out his stock and gone out of business.

The attorneys of Henry I. Adams, who was sentenced to five years in prison for stealing diamonds from Burt & Hurlbat, have moved for a new trial. They have been given 30 days in which to file a bill of exceptions.

William Genicke has removed his stock from 43 Michigan Ave. to the corner of Shelby St. and Michigan Ave. His former

partner, Henry Caspary, will occupy the old quarters with a stock of jewelry about Sept. 1st.

Wright, Kay & Co. recently sold a street clock to the clothing firm of Mabley, Harvey & Co., valued at \$500. Last week this firm went to the wall and the jewelry house seized the timepiece on an attachment. The clock had fortunately for them not yet been accepted, or else it would have gone in with the firm's assets.

Both jobbers and retailers report that the July trade so far has been better than was expected. Collections, however, are still worrying merchants. Credits here are still in a contracted state. The following Michigan country jewelers were in Detroit last week: A. T. Selkirk, Charlotte; J. H. Morehouse, North Adams; George Chambers, Mt. Clemens; Eugene Parker, Durand; and L. F. Fexer, Cheboygan.

#### San Francisco.

G. Weiman, 622 Merchant St., has advertised his jewelry business for sale. It was established in 1868.

Jos., Isador and Leo Nordman, of Nordman Bros., have returned from their vacation outing in the country.

Harry Nordman, with the California Optical Co., and wife, have returned from a vacation trip to Monterey.

A few days ago Oscar Herzog, a salesman for the jewelry firm of Emil. Hirschfeld & Co., who have offices in the Crocker building, was driving along Franklin St. He stopped to go into a store near Turk St., leaving his conveyance directly in front of the door. When he returned a few moments later he found a case of samples which he valued at \$500 had been stolen.

#### Pacific Coast Notes.

George Smith, a jeweler of Madera, Cal., has been on a tour among the gold mines of Mariposa county. The mining business has improved and the demand for jewelry is correspondingly brisk.

The common council of Eureka, Cal., has



adopted an ordinance providing a license of \$100 per month for the business of selling jewelry.

W. D. Mehl, jeweler, Marysville, Cal., has established a repair shop in connection with his business.

H. C. Warren, Fresno, Cal., has gone to Pacific Grove, where he will do optical work for a couple of months with E. B. Lewis.

Charles Halsey, watchmaker, San Francisco, for a long time with J. W. Tucker & Co., has opened a small jewelry store in Oakland, Cal.

#### Indianapolis.

S. T. Nichols has sold his residence on N. Penn St.

E. C. Miller returned last week from Mackinac Island.

D. Bixler, Berne, Ind., was here last week buying new goods.

Carey Taylor has taken possession of his pretty new home on N. Illinois St.

Fletcher Medearis, of Medearis Bros., has gone north for a vacation of two weeks.

In Springfield, O., were arrested the burglars who recently robbed the jewelry store of J. Gray, Jeffersonville, Ind.

For the past month Jos. E. Reagan, of Baldwin, Miller & Co., has been confined to his bed by a severe attack of rheumatism.

J. T. Anderson, of Dayton, O., has just closed a very successful auction sale for W. J. Eisele, 42 W. Washington St. Mr. Eisele advertises that he is going out of the jewelry business.

Indianapolis is shortly to have a new wholesale house. Ralph B. Clark, a wellknown jeweler, of Anderson, Ind., will conduct the business, Wm. Shirk succeeding Mr. Clark in Anderson.

#### Kansas City.

Mr. Mann, Bedford, Ia., purchased goods here last week.

Mr. Joy, of the Joy Drug & Jewelry Co., La Junta, Col., was in town on a short visit last week.

H. N. O. Bryant, who was formerly in business in Rockford, Col., has opened a store in Armourdale, Kan., where he has a fine location.

Ed. Campbell, of Campbell Bros., jewelers, met with a very painful accident while in Moberly. Mo., last week. Mr. Campbell was attending a drill of the artillery of which he is a member, when by an accidental discharge of a cannon his thumb was torn off and his hand badly lacerated.

The following out-of-town customers were here last week: F. R. Parks, Thayer, Mo.;



T. A. Tower, Tower Jewelry Co., Coffeyville, Kan.; N. S. Lyth, Atchison, Kan.; J. A. Hart, Oskaloosa, Kan.; B. R. Smithers, Cameron, Mo.; Gus. Willman, Lawrence, Kan.; J. H. Singrich, Moberly, Mo.; A. W. Pettit, Bonner's Springs, Kan., J. B. Bryant, Lee's Summit, Mo.; G. H. Sherman, Paola, Kan.; Birt Bills, Vinton, Ia.; Fritz Hoefer, Aurora, Neb.; F. Beauhardt, Butler, Mo.; A. J. Kibler, Wellsville, Kan.; L. M. Townsley, Sedalia, Mo.; G. E. Patrick, Webb City, Mo.; J. B. Lowe, Independence, Mo.; Geo. Essig, Plattsburgh, Mo.; Mr. Everhardt, Warrensburgh, Mo.; O. Kolstad, Pleasant Hill, Mo.; B. F. Marshall, Argentine, Kan., and H. N. O. Bryant, formerly of Rockford, Col., now located in Armoundale, Kan.

#### Two Historic Works of Art.

HERE are two interesting historic bits of art in the possession of Julius R. Watts, jeweler, Atlanta, Ga. One is a handsome mosaic brooch, which is supposed to have been the property of Catherine II of Russia. It is certain that the brooch was brought from Moscow by an officer of Napoleon's army and was given to Pauline Bonaparte, who, in turn, gave it to a close friend, a lady of noble birth. Later it was carried to England by the lady's son, an exile, and was by him sold to the uncle, who was an exile also, of the present owner. It is an almost perfect specimen of mosaic work. At first glance it looks like a small oil painting, but seen through a magnifying glass its wonderful construction becomes apparent. The stones are all natural colors, and some of the bits are so small as to be indistinguishable with the naked eye. The owner of the brooch, who loaned it to Mr. Watts, has a wonderfully carved ivory fan of Chinese workmanship. Mr. Watts has this fan also at present. It was used by Marie Antoinette, and was presented by her to one of her ladies in waiting. The two articles are invaluable as works of art. while their historical associations make them all the more valuable and interesting.

J. W. Snoddy, jeweler, Warrensburgh, Mo., has received a letter from C. G. Shellenbarger, of Streator, Ill., asking what inducements that city would offer for the location of a large clock factory employing at least 200 hands. The letter was handed to the board of trade for investigation.

William. *alias* Blood Jones, the colored thief arrested for stealing \$600 worth of gold watches from Dominic Rickenbacker, jeweler, 1213 G St. N. W., Washington, D. C., was arraigned July 22 and pleaded guilty. He claims to have been on the outside of the building and to have assisted in disposing of the plunder. Levi Poindexter, alleged to have been Jones' pal, is in custody in New York and will be taken to Washington soon. Jones was remanded for sentence.

#### Cincinnati.

John Swigart has been in Toledo with his family for a few days.

Jos. Noterman and daughters will arrive home next week from Europe.

C. J. F. Bene, of Bene, Lindenberg & Co., has returned from Europe.

T. W. Agnew, of Chicago, will represent the O. E. Bell Co. in the northwest section.

Geo. Fox, of Fox Bros. & Co. is on the road with a large line of diamonds from their own cutting plant.

The Wadsworth Watch Case Co. are turning out some fine goods in decorated cases with fluted centers.

Oskamp, Nolting & Co. are still working on that new Fall catalogue. It will contain the finest grade of gold jewelry.

Major Dickinson, of the Elgin National Watch Co., and Col. Moore, of the Dueber-Hampden Co., were in town last week.

Sigmund Strauss, who traveled for Frohman, Wise & Newman last year, will represent his own firm this year, the Sig. Strauss Co.

The O. E. Bell Co. are out with an introductory circular of their new corporation, including a few of the new things the company will bring out.

A. G. Schwab has returned from a short prospecting trip. He reports business prospects very good and the people who have the right kind of goods will sell them.

Edward Peterson, Miamisburg, O., found a pearl in a Miami river mussel as large as a navy bean and perfect. Since then scores of people are hunting pearls. Many have found small ones.

A. G. Schwab & Bro., wholesale jewelers, swore out a writ of attachment July 19th against Sol Tobias, a non-resident stopping at the Gibson House, to recover \$54.65 and interest, alleged to be due for jewelry sold and delivered to him in September, 1892.

#### Minneapolis and St Paul.

Z. C. Tucker, salesman for Max Meyer & Bro. Co., Omaha, is visiting his family in Minneapolis.

Harry Aicher, representing the American Tool and Material Co., Minneapolis, started out on his northern trip last week.

E. H. Abbott, Minneapolis, has accepted the agency in this city for the Ide bicycles, manufactured by the F. F. Ide Mfg. Co., Peoria, Ill.

The Reed & de Mars Jewelry Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, are busy completing their new catalogue which they expect to issue about September 1st.

John Sinclair and Clarence Schlieker, both traveling representatives of S. H. Clausin & Co., Minneapolis, started out on their routes last week after spending a month at home.

#### The Latest Patents.

#### ISSUE OF JULY 23, 1895.

542,984. STEM WINDING AND SETTING WATCH. JOHN G. BLESSING, La Salle, Ill., assignor to the Western Clock Manufacturing Company, same place.—Filed Aug. 31, 1894. Serial No. 521,800. (No model.)

and the second s	1772
D B MANNE	Con Printer
E MANUE	

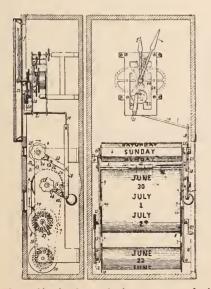
In a watch the combination of the following elements: a winding gear, a hand-setting pinion of greater diameter than the gear, the centers of the pinion and gear being substantially in the same vertical line passing through their planes, a reciprocating stem having two pinions rigid thereon, one adapted normally to engage the winding gear, the other adapted to engage the hand-setting pinion when the stem is moved so as to move the winding pinion out of engagement with the winding gear.

543,048. ALARM WATCH. JOHN W. NUNA-MAKER, Chicago, Ill.—Filed Aug. 9, 1894. Serial No. 519,814. (No model.)



In an alarm watch the combination with the mechanism for winding the watch, of independent mechanism for actuating the alarm constructed and arranged to co-operate with the winding mechanism so that in winding the watch the alarm spring is also brought to a state of tension.

543,235. CALENDAR - CLOCK. CHARLES I. FOWLER, New York, N. Y.-Filed Jan. 3, 1895. Serial Noi 533,721. (No model.)



The combination in a calendar movement, of a de-

AND HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.

livery roll, a take-up roll, a driving-roll arranged above the delivery-roll, a strip extending from the deliveryroll over the driving-roll and to the take-up roll, and weighted, gravitating pivoted arms adapted to swing in the arcs of circles and extending partially around the driving-roll to hold the strip in engagement therewith.

- 543,236. CALENDAR-CLOCK. CHARLES I. FOWLER, New York, N. Y.—Filed Feb. 19. 1895. Serial No. 538,998. (No model.)
- 543,237. CALENDAR-CLOCK. CHARLES I. FOWLER, New York, N. Y.—Filed Apr. 18, 1895. Serial No. 546,228. (No model.)
- 543,000. ELECTRICAL TIME ANNUNCI-ATOR. EDWARD M. EDGERTON, Chicago, Ill. -Filed Feb. 12, 1892. Serial No. 421,352. (No model.)
- 543,244. CUFF-BUTTON. JAMES E. HILLS, New York, N. Y.—Filed Feb. 20, 1895. Serial No. 539,078. (No model.)



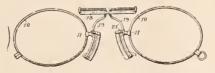
In a cuff button, the combination of two fixed heads set at an angle to each other, and a connecting post or bar, the latter being secured eccentrically to the heads at or near their outer edges and at that point on said edges where the heads come nearest together.

- 543,248. TIME-STAMP. WALTER S. JARBOE, Pittsburgh, Pa., assignor to the Time Transfer Printer Manufacturing Company, Chicago, Ill. --Filed July 24, 1893. Serial No. 481.310. (No model.)
- 543,325. CANNON-PINION FOR WATCHES. JACOB S. BAKER, Glen Rock, and Allen J. BAKER, Stewartstown, Pa.—Filed Apr. 9, 1895. Serial No. 545,055. (No model.)



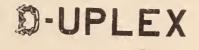
The center arbor; a sleeve on the arbor and split at one end; a cannou pinion around said split sleeve; and a screw device engaging the extremity of the arbor to retain both the cannon pinion and sleeve.

- 543,358. ELECTRIC CLOCK WINDING MECHANISM. LOUIS H. SPELLIER, Philadelphia, Pa.; Henry Trumbore executor of said Spellier, deceased. – Filed May 28, 1891. Serial No. 394,446. (No model.)
- 543,363. EYEGLASSES. ALBERT S. WEAVER. Provideuce, R. I., assignor of one-half to George M. Hobart, same place.—Filed Nov. 21, 1894. Serial No. 529,461. (No model.)



In spring-bar eyeglasses, the combination with the two lenses and the post, of two bent metal-blanks, each comprising a support for the nose-cushion and a spring-supporting bar, and a bar provided with ways for the bridge-pieces and abutments for the coilingspring; the whole adapted for automatic adjustment.

- 543,416. TIME-RECORDING APPARATUS. JOHN C. WILSON, Boston, Mass.—Filed Mar. 3, 1891. Serial No. 383,593. (No model.) Patented in England May 16, 1891. No. 4,973.
- TRADEMARK 26,846. LINK CUFF-BUTTONS. JAMES A. FLOMERFELT, New York, N. Y. Filed June 24, 1895.



*Essential feature.*—A prefix consisting of three or more representations of a curved link cuff-button combined to form the letter "D," a hyphen, and the wordsymbol "UPLEX." Used since April 24, 1895.

TRADEMARK 26,847. SCARF-PINS. ELBERT E. HICKOK, St. Louis, Mo. Filed June 27, 1895.

*Essential feature.*—The characters or symbols "16 2 1." Used since May 2, 1895.

TRADEMARK 26,848. WATCH CASES AND MOVEMENTS. THE DUEBER WATCH CASE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Canton, Ohio.— Filed May 28, 1895.

#### DUEBER

Essential feature. — An oblong figure with its pointed ends inclosing the work "DUEBER." Used since January I, 1895.

DESIGN 24,495. HANDLE FOR SPOONS. LUCIEN D. COLE, Newburyport. Mass., assignor



to the Towle Manufacturing Company, same place.—Filed Mar. 20, 1895. Serial No. 542,544. Term of patent 7 years.

#### Gold Lining in Rats.

N forming a company for the extraction of gold from the microbes which are supposed to attach themselves to that metal in countless millions, mature Frenchmen seem to have stolen an idea from thrifty Yankee boys, says the Chicago *Tribune*.

I. B. Lake, a representative of the Waltham Watch Company, in this city, says it is a common practice for the boys in watch and jewelry factories to kill rats and burn their bodies to get the gold from them, and that the amount thus obtained in the course of a year is considerable. In every large plant like that of the Waltham Watch Company many oiled rags are used in burnishing watch cases, and, in time, become strongly impregnated with gold. The boys about the factories are supposed to keep these rags out of reach of the rats, but they don't do so. On the contrary, knowing the keen appetite of the rodents for anything greasy, the boys carelessly leave these rubbing rags lying about where the rats can get at them and eat them. Six months of this kind of diet fills the interior mechanism of the rat with a gold plating he cannot get rid of. It sticks to him closely, and so long as the supply of oily rags holds out the rat sticks to the factory. In order to make sure the voracious rodents will have an inducement to gorge themselves with gold, sharp boys drop butter and fatty meats from their luncheons on the floors and rub them well into the wood by shuffling their feet on it. At night the rats come out and nibble the flooring. They don't care for the gold in it,

but the grease attracts them, and in getting at the grease they take a dressing of gold with it.

Twice a year the boys have a grand round-up. Rats are caught by the hundreds and after being killed are put into a crucible and burned. The intense heat drives off all animal substances, leaving the gold in the shape of a button. The amount collected in this way depends upon the number of rats the boys can catch. It is hardly large enough to attract an investment of capital, but it gives the ingenious youngsters considerable pocket money, and encourages business tactics. In some factories there are young Napoleons, who buy up in advance the shares of their fellowworkers in the rat colony. A scarcity of rats will depress the price of futures, while an overplus will advance it. Sharpers who understand these conditions are accused of having at times caused an artificial scarcity or oversupply, as it might be to their interest to bull or bear the market.

The French discoverers are a little behind the times with their microbe scheme.

#### London's Watch Trade.

T is not sufficiently known how London lost its trade in cheap watch manufacture. We find from Mr. Booth's book that this trade was lost, like ship-building on the Thames, through the obstinate stupidity of trade union workmen. Here is the passage:

"The Swiss maker contrived the horizontal escapement, but London makers would not budge, and, later, held out also against the Lancashire lever escapement. Nor would they hear of machine work. A company for the use of machinery was projected, but, opposed by Clerkenwell influence, it failed to obtain the charter then necessary; was transferred to the United States, and has been the pioneer of the modern factory system. This, the opening being given, other countries and places stepped in, and London lost the lead, never probably to be recovered."-Saturday Review.

#### The House was not Safe.

ORKINGMEN not only have the sen. sitiveness of other people about their personal integrity, but sometimes may have a neat way of replying to an imputation upon it.

A carpenter, sent to make some repairs in a private house, entered the apartment of the lady of the house with his apprentice.

"Mary," the lady called to her servant, "see that my jewel case is locked at once !"

The carpenter understood. He removed his watch and chain from his vest with a significant air, and gave them to his appren-

"John," he said, "take these right back to the shop. It seems that the house isn't safe."- Youth's Companion.

# MATTERS IN JEWELRY STOREKEEPING.

That this department shall prove mutually beneficial to our readers, it is desirable that the members of the trade generally communicate with THE CIRCULAR regarding any advantageous device or plan that they are utilizing in connection with their business.

3

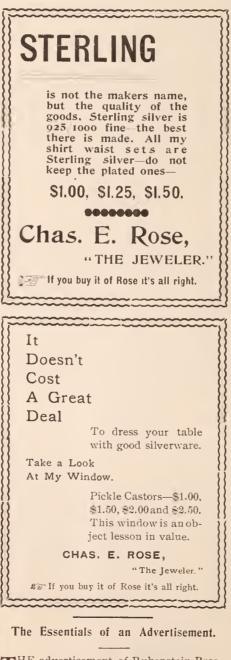
0000000

#### Effective Advertising in New Territory.

EL RENO, O. T., July 15, 1895. Editor of THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR:

I profit by the many good ads. in THE CIRCULAR, and am much pleased that many of mine are reproduced, but my head remains the same size. CHAS. E. ROSE.

Mr. Rose sends enclosed with his letter a batch of effective ads., each occupying about 5 inches single column. Among them we select the following :



THE advertisement of Rubenstein Bros,, Schenectady, N.Y., herewith reprinted embodies many of the essentials of effective advertising. It has an attractive catch line, and its philosophic introduction is readily

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

# FXTRAVAGAN

may lie in paying too much for a thing, or in paying too little, If you buy a watch for less than I ask, you'll not get as good quality. If you pay more, you pay too much, because I sell the best there is. The same rule applies to my jewelry and silverware. 00000 CHAS. E. ROSE, "The Jeweler," If you buy it of Rose, it's all right.

understandable and plausible. The enumeration of special items is a good feature, for nothing attracts so much as prices. Taken altogether, the ad. is well worded and finished, and worthy of being copied by other jewelers.

······

# ADVERTISEMENTS AND MEN

Are never alike. Don't expect dishonest advertise-

Are never alike. Don't expect dishonest advertise-ments from an honest man. Don't expect truth from an unreliable man. Don't take anybody's word without investigation. The man who objects to that is not a safe usan to deal with. Day after day we make statements in the papers – statements about our

# JEWELRY,

Our prices and our methods. They are true, every word, but we don't expect you to believe it till you've seen for yourself. Come to the store before you decide. We dou't care how skeptical you are, we merely want you to know the facts from your own observation.

#### Facts like These, for Instance:

Sterling silver buckles \$1. A large assortment of buckles at 25c. Belt pins 25c. A solid gold ladies' or gents' filled case watch, Elgin movement, \$13,50. A solid silver ladies' or boys' stem-winder watch, \$150

\$4.5

The best guitar, banjo or mandolin ever offered,

at \$5 A handsome banquet lamp and shade, complete,

52.75. Triple plated teaspoons. 75c per half dozeu. Triple plated knives and forks, \$1.25 per half doz Yon save the middleman's profit when you buy direct from us, as we retail all our goods at exactly wholesale prices. Mail orders will be given prompt attention.

**RUBENSTEIN BROS.** Manufacturing Jewelers.

#### The Adjustment of Repeating Watches.

#### (Continued from p. 34, July 24)

T may, perhaps, happen that the screwed stud on which the quarter and minute pieces act, has been placed by the repeating mechanism in such a position that, even filing as much as possible the arm of the minute snail and that of the minute piece. the watch stops at the moment that the jumping of the surprise is going to take place, and the hand is going to reach the point of the quarters, the snail being just resting against the arm of the minute piece before it is entirely brought back by the train. In this case the piece must be struck rapidly and made to jump on the four quarters a fifteenth of a minute before the points.

When the hour is struck at the moment that the star is going to jump, the arm of the quarter piece which follows the threequarter notch ought not to touch before the quarter snail, and when it is struck immediately after the jumping of the star, the snail, which is advanced before the surprise on which it is fixed, ought to pass the width of the arm which is resting on the high part corresponding to the *zero* quarter.

On each quarter, in making it strike upon the instant when the surprise is going to jump, the arm of the quarter piece ought, in falling on the snail, to rest its full width on the edge of the notches, and immediately after the jumping, the arm being narrower than the space passed over by the surprise, will fall on the following notch without touching on the preceding one.

It is important that the quarter snail is so filed that the arcs of the circle described from the center are rigorously followed in order to avoid the movement produced by the fall of the quarter piece, since at the moment that the surprise is on the point of jumping, it is only held, as well as the quarter snail on which it is screwed, by the weak pressure of its spring against its circumference.

It often happens that the notches of the quarter snail are too far back, that is to say, that the arm of the quarter piece is on the point of escaping from the edge of the notch when the surprise is ready to jump. As it is not easy to hammer this snail if the notches were not farther back than half the breadth of the arm, the repairer should be able to correct this defect in the following manner:

The hand being always placed on the first division after each quarter, in agreement with the one-minute notch of the minute snail, the star and the surprise of the minutes shall be made to jump about the third of a minute before the points, and that by their two springs; afterward the jumping should be confirmed just on the points by increasing the play behind the surprise and the snail, by the opening in which the pin of the minute snail acts. It will be understood that as the quarter piece is more than the third of a minute behind, at the moment of jumping, it falls fuller on the notch when the piece is made to strike some seconds before the jumping.

It should, however, be ascertained that just on the hour the arm of the quarter piece falls again with sufficient safety on the high part of the snail corresponding to the *zero* quarter; and if, immediately after the jumping of the star, the arm does not rest in all its width on the snail, the repairer ought to be able to easily hammer it, first tempering it.

In the minute pieces there is less room than in those striking only quarters or five minutes to obtain sufficient play before the surprise to disengage the pallet from the pressure of the tooth of the star which produces, aided by the push, and in spite of a sufficiently strong burr on the center arbor or the cannon pinion, a forward movement of the minute hand each time that the star jumps on sixteen.

In effect, the talon of the surprise cannot pass the edge of the snail where it finds the zero minute tooth, for the arm of the minute piece, which is disengaged to the end, should be able to act between the talon and this tooth; in making it strike at this moment, the piece should have given the hour and one minute before the hand has reached the first division after sixteen.

After the repairer has increased as much as possible the forward play, if he notices that the pallet of the surprise receives the blow of the tooth of the star, he should reduce it behind, at the part which the tooth touches again, immediately after the jumping.

The equalization and adjustment of the hours and quarters being finished, the verification of the minute snail now remains to be done. After having set in order the end of the arm of the minute piece, which should be filed square, entirely sharp on the inside, and disengaged so that the fall of one tooth to the following may be fairly made, the spring of this piece should be put to a suitable strength; it ought to touch very lightly on the surface to keep it up to its place, and when it is disconnected from the slide and the train, it ought to descend the scale successively on each of the thirteen notches after each quarter, agreeably to the manner in which the snail is turned.

The hand being always placed in agreement with the first minute, the notches which are too far back should be noticed. Those minutes can only be retouched which are backward in striking; if some are given too soon, they should be left so; for the remainder, the difference is not very considerable, and as the minute hand advances while the hours, quarters and minutes are striking, it is preferable, in all cases, that the following minutes shall be given before, and not after, the hand has arrived on the division.

The important point is that the center wheel should be perfectly upright, and the divisions of the dial equal from the center.

In making the minute piece descend the scale, it should be ascertained that the lifting does not remain over-swung, retained by the point of the preceding tooth; when on the four quarters it remains caught on a large number of teeth, it is sufficient to file the extremity of the arm of the minute piece, for it would be too much work to file the notches of the snail. When it only touches on a small number those notches may be touched up.

Sometimes the first of the fourteen minutes is too near the third quarter; this defect may be corrected by lengthening the two arms of the hook pivoting on the quarter piece, to hinder its descent in the cutting of the minute piece. This plan ought not to be resorted to unless the fourteenth minute strikes before the locking has taken place.

In the case where it strikes almost at the same time, it will be expedient to delay the moment when the locking is effected by lengthening the long piece which is coming to rest against the lifting of the large hammer, and last by increasing the action of the slide at the return.

#### (To be continued.)

CALLER. — Your coat-of-arms is very pretty, but couldn't any one else use it?

AMERICAN HOSTESS.—No, indeed! We paid the designer ten dollars to have it copyrighted.—New York Weekly.



33 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.

-Send for Descriptive Circular and Price List .-

29

#### Workshop Notes.

Turning .- Hardened steel that has been let down to a blue temper requires certain precautions. If the graver is found not to cut cleanly, it must at once be sharpened, and no attempt should be made to remove more metal by increasing the pressure of the hand, because the steel will burnish and become hard under a point or edge that is blunt, and the portions thus burnished are sometimes so hard as to resist the best gravers. The only way of attacking them is to begin at one side with a fine graver point which must be sharpened for each stroke; at times it becomes necessary to temper the metal afresh before it will yield. It is asserted that by moistening the point of the graver with petroleum, it becomes more able to attack hard substances, and that a mixture of two parts petroleum and one part turpentine enables it to turn very hard steel with comparative ease. Indeed, for all turning it is a common practice to moisten the graver with oil, water, turpentine, or by simple introduction into the mouth.

**The Stool.**—The stool used by workers at the bench is worthy of consideration. Those with cane seats are to be preferred. The height of the bench and stool should be so related that the muscles of the chest are not too much cramped, especially if the workman is engaged on an operation that occupies a long time and obliges him to maintain a stooping position. The stool with a screw is advantageous in this respect.

**The Bench.** — This should be fixed in front of a large window that affords a good light. The various hooks, recesses, etc., for holding the bows, files, hammers, etc.,

as well as the drawers, should be well in sight, not only in order that the hand can at once take hold of whatever tool is required but also to enable the workman to restore them to their places immediately after use. By doing so he will have no occasion to retain on the bench any but those tools that are very frequently or continuously in use.

**Files.**—Watchmakers often fix files into handles by driving them firmly into round holes in the handles; this practice leads to the handles being cracked, and the following method is preferable: Take an old worn out file or a piece of iron of the same form as the tail of the file to be fitted; heat it several times to bright redness and drive it, when so heated, into the handle, taking care to maintain it perpendicular. A hole will thus be formed of the required size in which the file will hold without there being any occasion to apply excessive force in fixing it in position.

Pliers, Tweezers, etc .-- It is advisable to have a considerable number of these, as their strength should always be proportional to the force that has to be applied to them. For example, if a pair of sliding tongues is used when a hand-vise is needed, the former will be strained beyond its limit of elasticity, and the tool becomes nearly useless. The same might occur with any other form of pliers or tweezers. In the hands of a good workman, they will last for a long time, but if used unintelligently, without proportioning the size of tool to the force that has to be applied, taking up the first that comes to hand, all the tools will soon become unsatisfactory and the work itself will suffer. It is very desirable to have one or more pairs of brass pliers and tweezers for handling metal work without the risk of scratching.

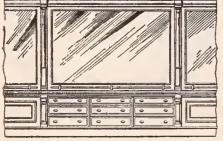
#### To Regulate a Fine Watch.

CORRESPONDENT addressed THE CIRCULAR some time ago to know how to regulate a very fine watch made by a celebrated English watchmaker. He stated that although he "had tried to alter the balance spring by taking up and letting out, vet he could not obtain the desired effect.' When a watch has no regulator, it is timed by the timing screws in the balance rim at the end of the center bar. They are turned very slightly inward to make the watch gain, and outward to lose. Both screws must be turned the same quantity or the balance will be thrown out of poise, and regular running will be impossible. Should the amount of regulation wanted be too much to be easily corrected by these screws, it shows that there is some fault in the movement which should be repaired.

This fault may be in the escapement or elsewhere. It is sometimes caused by the balance rim having been injured by careless handling. But the balance spring should never be disturbed in a fine watch, unless in some very exceptional circumstances. Its length and curvature have probably been carefully adjusted to secure isochronal vibrations of the balance, and taking it up or letting it out will at once destroy or damage isochronism.

Even taking up a balance spring and afterward putting it back where it was will often spoil it for fine running, because the shape of the spring and the condition of the metal have been so altered by the pressure of the pin in the hole, the bending or straightening of the coil, etc., as to unfit it for isochronal action.

MELISHEK & PETTER,	THE SWAN FOUNTAIN PEN.
128 Maiden Lane, New York.	
MANUFACTURERS OF WALL AND COUNTER CASES, FOR JEWELRY, SILVER-	Reputation World Wide. Made upon Distinct Principles. Is a Compressed Air Pump. Simply wet the Insides to Provoke an Energy.
WARE, ETC.	W. W. Stewart, Inventor & Patentee
And the second	



WE make to order only, and guarartee our work to be Dust Proof and First-Class in all its details, and to have all the Latest Improvements as regards Shelf Artangements, Electric Lights, Etc. We will cheerfully furnish Estimates and Sketches for any store free of charge. MABIE, TODD & BARD, MANUFACTURERS. New York & London. Net Prices not Published, but Sent, upon

Application, to Dealers.

- - EMMONS - -ASSOCIATED LAW OFFICES. PORTLAND, SEATTLE, TACOMA, Oregon. Wash. Wash. Foreign Business a Specialty.



#### Popularity of Jewelry in France.

IMITATION BRACES OF JEWELS WORN ON SUM-MER DRESSES JEWEIED CORSAGES AND STRAW HATS POPULARITY OF CHASED GOLD IN OPEN WORK — JEWELED HAT BUCKLES — RIBBON AND JEWELS COMBINED -THE REIGNING STYLE IN FASHIONABLE BRACELETS ----- JEWELED SHOES.

PARIS, France, July 18, 1895. Summer dresses of light colored material

#### work running from the neck to the waist. It is a rather narrow band, formed of varicolored precious stones, looking at once light and elegant. The crown of some straw hats is surrounded with ruffled lace, on which sparkle colored jeweled pins, sparingly thrust here and there.

Chased gold in openwork is very much worn as brooches or fichu pins, and as tippet clasps. Some exhibit a conventional foliage gracefully curled, others a griffin, a

rubies, sapphires, turquoises, emeralds or pearls, according to the age of the wearer or the color of the ribbon forming the bowknot.

Jeweled hair combs are also much worn with bows of ribbon, chiefly at garden parties. A ribbon gracefully arranged so that two ends rise on the top of the head like horns, forms the background of two elegant hair combs of gold openwork adorned with precious stones.

> Pear shaped cabochon emeralds, sapphires and rubies are much used as pendants hanging from a necklace, a brooch, or a bracelet.

Most fashionable bracelets consist of bent gold wires twisted so as to form a succession of round or oval rings exhibiting at regular intervals colored stones or pearls. Several seemto be made of bent stalks with clusters of blue, red, green, black, or white berries here and there. One consists of 12 small serpents entwined, with a brilliant encrusted in their flat heads, and a cabochon set in each open space.

On her wedding day Princess Hélène de France wore white satin shoes with her initials in pearls and brilliants embroidered on them. At garden parties many ladies wear on their shoes either initials, mottoes or a favorite flower made of gems. ASEUR.

JEWELER-Here, sir, is a clock which will, I

think, please æsthetic taste. At precisely ten o'clock every morning a chime of bells rings, and a bird hops out and sings a carol. CUSTOMER-I will take that if you will

make a few changes in it. JEWELER-With pleasure.

CUSTOMER-I have a daughter, and I wish the clock for the room where she entertains her company. Make it so that at 11 o'clock at night a milkman's bell will ring, and a newsboy will skip out and yell, "Morning papers!"

# **OPPENHEIMER BROS.** & VEITH, NASSAU AND JOHN STS., PRESCOTT BLDG., NEW YORK.

CUTTERS AND IMPORTERS OF

seaside places some

tending half way down and fastened in

front and at the back with jeweled buttons

in the shape of nails. Sapphires, rubies

and emeralds are used in this way. Some

ladies wear also small nail shaped jewels

running around the collar of the dress and

ladies wear corsages with a lace *plastron*,

adorned in the center with a jeweled net-

around the girdle.

At fashionable

knight in mediæval costume, a beauty of the eighteenth century on a swing, rosæcae delicately modeled and of a clear yet elaborate design. In the fancy line there are harlequins, pulcinellas, guitars, birds, insects, bicycles, riding trophies, tufts of feathers, etc.

Jeweled buckles for hats are varied in shape. They generally are fastened to a satin bowknot placed slightly on the side or at the back. They consist of brilliants,



have over the corsage imitation braces ex-

DIAMONDS.

DEALERS IN WATCHES.

## Early History of the New York Jewelry Trade.

Copyrighted, 1894, by Shipping & Commercial LIST Co.

THE Indians who originally inhabited this country, we are told, wore trinkets upon their persons. Those further to the south learned the art of making ornaments from gold and silver, and nothing surprised the Spaniards in Mexico and Peru more than the profusion of wrought gold and silver which was to be seen on every hand. The Dutch, who first settled the Island of Manhattan, were behind no nation in Europe in the use of the precious metals upon their persons and for articles of table use. Even to this day the casques of the women of Friesland and Groningen, two of the northern provinces of the Netherlands, strike the traveler with astonishment. They are generally of solid gold. While this custom was not transplanted here, we know from the names transmitted us of a hundren or hundred and fifty years ago that there were many silversmiths and jewelers during the colonial period.

John Adams, when he came as a delegate to the first Continental Congress, was struck with the richness of the table decorations that he saw in New York, far beyond what was common in Boston, and, as has been related in a previous chapter, the richness of the furnishings of the Walton House and the silver and gold upon its table afforded one of the reasons why Charles Townshend resolved that America must bear part of the burdens of the British empire. A country whose citizens were so rich could not object to paying its just proportion of taxes.

Maiden Lane was the center of the district occupied by the manufacturing jewelers in 1795, as it is now. The firms were not then distinguished beyond the ordinary. No name stands beyond others. They had sufficient capital, but not more than was necessary to carry on their enterprises. There was in each of them no fine warehouse or parlor in which goods were exhibited by attentive clerks, but the silversmith himself, very likely with bared arms, sold the articles which he had wrought. His profits were comparatively small, as he was much more distinctively an artisan than now. He rarely employed any one to draft a design, but each piece was sketched by himself and completed by his own hammer and chasing tools. Thus, while he rarely attained very high excellence in artistic features, his work was all good, honest work, and would last for centuries.

But for many reasons New York and the rest of the country were supplied with most of their goods from Europe. In the manufactures carried on in those countries, where each artisan makes a single thing all his life, no business man here can enter into competition. From two to three dollars a day must be paid in America for a workman who is no more skilful than one who can be obtained in Paris for a dollar for the same time, or in Switzerland or the Tyrol for half a dollar. The American workman will do a little more, as he is better fed and has a prospect of something better before him, but otherwise he has no advantage. Where this country has been successful is in devising machinery for performing simple things which are all the time recurring, so that one man in a department can do what six, eight or ten are scarcely equal to accomplishing abroad. Thus, on the whole, we are able to maintain an equality with the Old World. But in the early days of the Republic, when wealth was so much less, and when those who had traveled were comparatively few, there was not the stimulant to the genius of the manufacturer which now exists, nor could very much more have been sold.

The notable firms of former days were Ball & Black and Tiffany & Co. The former house began as Marquand & Co. and later becoming Ball, Tompkins & Black, was in 1846 at 181 Broadway. It was then over thirty years old. Tiffany & Co. began in 1837, in what would now be called fancy goods. Both the members of the firm were Connecticut Yankees, and one had never been in the city before he entered upon this business. They were at 259 Broadway. It was not until 1841 that they added jewelry; in 1848 they began making a specialty of diamonds, and in 1850 they found it necessary to have one of their partners reside in Paris. The next year silverware was manufactured by them. Among those who flourished in 1849, and who, or their successors, are still remembered to-day, were Ball, Tompkins & Black, Samuel W. Benedict, Gelston & Treadwell, Hayes & Robbins, Williams F. Ladd, Howard & Cochshaw and Randel, Baremore & Co.

# THE VALUE OF THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR, UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

The following unsolicited expressions of opinion were recently received: REGARDING THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR.

Enclosed find \$2 for another year's subscription to your valuable journal. Long live THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR is the wish of CHAS. TUCKER, Del Norte, Cal.

As soon as our subscription is out, we shall renew it. We shall take THE CIRCULAR as long as we are in business.

MARKS & KRANK, Schenectady, N. Y.

I am *well pleased* with THE CIRCULAR and no man in this business can afford to be without it.

H. A. ANSTEAD, Massena, N. Y.

I would feel lost without THE CIRCULAR for it is the Heart of the jewelry trade. S. E. WILLIAMS, Gloversville, N. Y. THE CIRCULAR has been visiting me monthly and weekly for the past 18 years. H. H. ROBINSON, Presque Isle, Que.

It is *the* live jewelers' paper and keeps us in touch with the trade throughout the continent. We want it if only for the advertisements.

BRITTON BROS., Lindsay, Ontario.

We think it pays to keep posted. We read our CIRCULAR and find it to be one of our very useful helps.

BROWN, HIXON & Co., Lockport, N. Y.

It is the *Best* paper on the market and one cannot be without it.

R. J. TRUMBULL, What Cheer, Ia.

THE CIRCULAR has been the means of saving me considerable money in the last three years in buying goods from jewelers who advertise in it.

H. M. TURNEY, Goodland, Kan.

I always find THE CIRCULAR very interesting, and find many points of information in the same which have often proved to be quite valuable to me.

A. E. HAHN, Westerly, R. I.

Think each article you publish about "Window Decoration" worth the full price of your subscription, and trust you will have more of them this year.

GEO. E. FEAGANS, Joliet, Ill.

THE JEWELERS' CIRCULAR IS A COMPENDIUM OF NEWS, TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION AND VALUABLE SUGGESTIONS FOR THE CONDUCTING OF A JEWELRY BUSINESS.



#### The Rambler's Notes.

WHAT THE RAMBLER SAW AND HEARD AMONG THE DEALERS IN ART POTTERY, CUT GLASS, BRONZES, ETC.

NEW MANTEL

CHIMING CLOCKS.

**S**<sup>OME</sup> new mantel chiming clocks recently received by

the Chas. Jacques Clock Co., 22 Cortlandt St., New York, are smaller than the sizes heretofore common in these clocks, and are therefore more suitable as mantel ornaments. The styles are also new though of the same general character as former products. The movements, striking Westminster and Whittington chimes, are contained in oak, ebony or mahogany cases, with mountings of gilt bronze.

THE FALL LINE OF WEDGT WOOD JASPER. New York, returned on the *Majestic* recently from Englard, where he has been visiting the factories of John Maddock & Son and Josiah Wedgwood's Sons. While at the latter factory he selected the Fall open stock of Wedgwood jasper ware which his firm will soon receive. The line will contain several novelties in addition to the staple pieces and specialties of other years. THE RAMBLER.

#### Holland Delft.

H OLLAND Delft, the real old blue ware, has come into high favor for decorative purposes, and large quantities of it are being imported. says an exchange. It appears in vases, jugs, mugs, plaques, trays, and many smaller pieces, which may be used for a variety of purposes. Large plaques, with windmills, dykes, landscapes and picturesque figures, are among the most attractive pieces, and are very decorative when hung on the walls or placed in cabinets.

The large plaques generally have a pair of stolid Dutch lovers, either walking together through low-lying fields or riding in queer shaped vehicles, the like of which was never seen this side of the water. Low tables, with landscapes on the tops, in the same blue coloring. are among the more expensive importations, and certainly are beautiful. The ware is all hand painted and the shades of blue are deftly blended. Rose jars, and others with wide mouths, to be placed in odd corners, are very pretty, while small fancy plates and quaint low receptacles, resembling water jugs, are equally pleasing.

From present indications, it would seem that the new ware is about to rival Japanese and Chinese ware that has been popular for so many years. There is the same cool, clear background to it that made the Japanese ware so much liked, and the soft, dull blues used to color it are equally attractive. It seems especially adapted to country houses, since it has that softness of tone that is at once cool and light looking. Sets for the dressing table or bureau are made of it, and many small trays and jugs may be put to use in bedroom or boudoir. Lamps are also seen with shades of blue and white figured crepe-like materials, which are colored to match the bowls of the lamps. These are to be used on Delft tables, and carry out the color scheme.

Perhaps it is proper to use the term "Holland Delft," but we cannot understand why a mistake of our ancestors should be perpetuated. When to own a set of Delft ware was the ambition and pride of the American housewife a century or two ago, it was abbreviated "deft," to distinguish it from other wares; but we need not continue to confuse the ware with the town in which it is made. Delft is an ancient town in Holland, and its principal industry, that of the manufacture of earthern ware, which was exported to almost all parts of the world, and caused a great anxiety among the potters in England a century and a half ago. If we use the term Holland Delft, we may just as correctly say, American Trenton, East Liverpool or Pittsburgh.

In several numbers we have referred to this ware and the growing interest in its favor. It is especially to be recommended to beginners in china painting, who have had no experience whatever. Not because better work can be done with the blue in this style of work, but because poor work will not look as badly as when done with a number of colors. To experienced china painters who desire to do monochrome work we would recommend the Royal Berlin style, which is really magnificent in effect, but which requires skill to accomplish.

#### The Waterloo Vase.

THIS magnificent specimen of art is now in the South Kensington Museum, London, having been removed from the National Gallery, where it was deposited before the completion of the last named building. The circumstances connected with the marble of which it is composed are noteworthy. Napoleon Bonaparte having seen the blocks in passing through Tuscany, in his progress to the Russian campaign, desired that they might be preserved in order that a trophy of the anticipated victory might be made from them by some eminent sculptor.

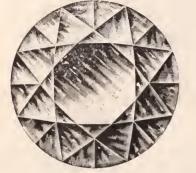
A few years afterwards the identical blocks of marble were sent to England by the Grand Duke of Tuscany, as a present to George IV., who had them sculptured into an enormous vase, to commemorate the victory at Waterloo. The height is about 16 feet, the diameter of the top between 9 and 10 feet. On one side is represented George IV. on his throne, with Fame presenting the palm of victory, on the other is Bonaparte dismounted; the remaining space is occupied by allegorical figures. This choice specimen of British art was the work of Westmacott, and is, without doubt, the largest and most elaborate vase in the world.

It was originally intended to adorn the "Waterloo Gallery" at Windsor Castle, but its enormous weight (about 20 tons) was considered too great to be safe in such a position. It was said that the then Emperor of Russia (Nicholas) desired a cast of the vase in bronze, but we are not told if this was executed.

#### The Secret of Making China.

THE secret of making china, as made by the Chinese, was not disclosed till 1720, when a French Catholic missionary priest discovered it. Father d'Entrecolles, who established a mission in most of the provinces of the Celestial Empire, long before any other religious denomination had thought of undertaking missionary work, writing in 1717, mentions the number of furnaces in a single province, that of Feouliang as having increased from 300 to 3,000, and the good priest having learnt from his





Looks Good, Doesn't It?

But you ought to see our

GOLCONDA GEM.

The nearest approach to a genuine diamond ever produced, is mounted **solely by us** in a complete and handsome line ot

## DROPS, STUDS, SCARFPINS, &c., &c.,

in Solid Gold and Rolled Plate.

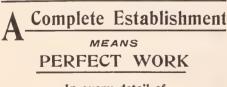
The words GOLCONDA GEM (Trade Mark) appear on every card.

## DON'T BE DECEIVED BY IMITATIONS.

We are the originators and the only mounters of this popular stone.

Ask your jobber to show you our fall line.

R. L. GRIFFITH & SON, Providence, R. I



In every detail of



all my customers. ARE YOU ONE ?

HIGHEST MARKET RATES FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER.

J. RATHBONE, Nos. 1 to 9 Matthewson St., cor. Cove, Providence, R. I. Chinese converts many particulars, imparted the secret of porcelain manufacture to his countrymen—notably to Father Orry at Paris—and from the information the Chinese missionary sent home, accompanied by specimens and a detailed list of specific instructions, the French laid the foundation of that famous manufactory at Sèvres.

The more crude form of porcelain, namely, majolica, had been known, however, to Europeans for quite a couple of centuries before.

## The Lorgnette.

S<sup>O</sup> many persons suffer from shortness of sight that the of sight that the lorgnette is more than a convenient adjunct to an out-of-door toilette; it is a positive necessity to a woman whose objection to the wearing of eyeglasses or spectacles is positive. Of course when an oculist orders these the most reluctant victim of myopia has only to obey, and when one thinks of the advantages which accompany normal sight, and the pleasures they miss, who grope their way in a purblind manner through a world of beautiful surprises, it seems singular that people object to glasses solely on the ground that they are unbecoming. Still, there are young women who cannot make up their minds, except under great pressure, to assume useful aids to sight. A popular but erroneous impression prevails that near and far sightedness and other derangements of vision cure themselves as people advance in years. The fact is that so delicate an organ as the eye, and one on which we are so very dependent for comfort and safety in going about, should be treated with respect, and cared for, if it be at all diseased, by the advice of science and the aid of the best appliances. Children's eyes should never be neglected, nor left to the haphazard of glasses chosen without a specified formula, should glasses be needed.

The lorgnette, sp easily carried, so quickly lifted into place, in itself so graceful, and capable of being used as effectively as a fan, is a great addition to one's outfit for a jaunt or one's preparation for theatre or opera. It suggests no creeping invasion of age, since youth and roses, equally with wrinkles and gray hairs, find it a satisfactory possession.

It is also, in silver or tortoise shell, a very charming gift, and one which can be adapted to the needs of a great variety of purses; the person receiving it adding the lenses to suit her eyes.—*Harper's Bazar*.

#### New Books of Interest.

Handbook for Opticians. A TREATISE ON THE OPTICAL TRADE, AND ITS MECHANICAL MANIPULATIONS. BY W. BOHNE——ILLUS-TRATIONS——THIRD EDITION.—276 PAGES. PUBLISHED BY THE AUTHOR.

The third volume of Mr. Bohne's notable book is a much more pretentious work than the initial volume, evidencing the remarkable progress of the optical science and the wide diffusion of knowledge bearing upon it during the past five years. The work has become a standard in the optical trade, its features of superiority over other publications being its conspicuous dealing with the technicalities of the trade, and its combination of the requirements of a practical and intelligible instructor. These advantages gained the favor of the profession to such a degree that the second edition was exhausted before the present one was ready for print.

The second edition was an expansion of the first, containing some information purposely omitted from the first. The essential difference between the third and second editions is an extension in the former of the chapter devoted to prominent opticians, scientists and inventors and that to miscellanies. Bohne's Handbook is one of the really practical works for the optician.

#### Publications Received.

REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1894-95, PRESENTED BY THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THE OB-SERVATORY OF YALE UNIVERSITY TO THE PRESIDENT AND FELLOWS.

The pamphlet contains the report of the secretary of the Yale University Obervatory, Robert Brown, and that of W. L. Elkin, astronomer in charge of the heliometer. The contributions to the library of the Observatory, enumerated in the secretary's report, were many, containing, perhaps, all the publications of the year devoted to astronomical study and investigation.

CONSULAR REPORTS, JULY, 1895. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

For several months past each issue of this publication has contained a salient feature, consisting of reports of consuls upon a common subject. The feature from the July reports istitled "Tenement Houses in Foreign Cities." There is little in the volume that is of direct interest to the jewelry trade.



AND HOROLOGICAL REVIEW.





.

•.

.

•

.



