

**Crystal Data:** Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2/m. As equant, thick tabular or short prismatic crystals with pyramid-like terminations to 30  $\mu\text{m}$  in crusts. Epitaxial on arsmirandite.

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* None. *Tenacity:* Brittle. *Fracture:* Uneven. Hardness = ~4.5 VHN = 339–537, 416 average (100 g load). D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 3.676

**Optical Properties:** Translucent to nearly opaque. *Color:* Dark grayish green to olive-greenish black, dark gray in reflected light. *Streak:* Grayish green with olive hue. *Luster:* Strong vitreous. *Optical Class:* Bireflectance: Weak with brown internal reflections. *Anisotropism:* Weak.

*Pleochroism:* None.

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>2</sub>: (470) 8.1-8.7, (546) 7.9-8.5, (589) 7.6-8.4, (650) 7.6-8.3

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:* C2/m. *a* = 10.8236(15) *b* = 21.1077(17) *c* = 11.8561(11)  $\beta$  = 117.195(8) $^\circ$  Z = 2

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Arsenatnaya fumarole, Tolbachik volcano, Kamchatka, Russia. 8.74 (100), 2.573 (98), 5.273 (74), 10.52 (65), 2.636 (43), 3.772 (37), 1.889 (33)

Chemistry:	(1)	(1)	
Na <sub>2</sub> O	20.62	SiO <sub>2</sub>	0.06
K <sub>2</sub> O	0.31	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	0.23
CaO	0.51	As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	33.04
CuO	34.25	SO <sub>3</sub>	0.43
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.63	Cl	7.13
TiO <sub>2</sub>	2.53	F	0.53
SnO <sub>2</sub>	0.62	<u>-O = Cl + F</u>	<u>1.85</u>
		Total	99.05

(1) Arsenatnaya fumarole, Tolbachik volcano, Kamchatka, Russia; average electron microprobe analysis supplemented by IR spectroscopy; corresponds to (Na<sub>17.92</sub>K<sub>0.18</sub>Ca<sub>0.24</sub>)<sub>Σ=18.34</sub>(Cu<sub>11.59</sub>Fe<sup>3+</sup><sub>0.92</sub>)<sub>Σ=11.80</sub>(Ti<sub>0.85</sub>Sn<sub>0.11</sub>)<sub>Σ=0.96</sub>(As<sub>7.74</sub>S<sub>0.14</sub>P<sub>0.09</sub>Si<sub>0.03</sub>)<sub>Σ=8.00</sub>O<sub>40.10</sub>F<sub>0.75</sub>Cl<sub>5.42</sub>.

**Occurrence:** A sublimate around an active volcanic fumarole.

**Association:** Arsmirandite, hematite, sanidine, sylvite, halite, tenorite, cassiterite, rutile, and 40 other species.

**Distribution:** From the Arsenatnaya fumarole, Second scoria cone, Tolbachik Fissure Eruption, Tolbachik volcano, Kamchatka, Russia.

**Name:** Honors Johann Gottlob *Lehmann* (1719-1767) Academician of the Royal Prussian Academy of Sciences (1754) and the Imperial Russian Academy of Sciences (1761); author of the first mineral description of a new species discovered in Russia - crocoite.

**Type Material:** A.E. Fersman Mineralogical Museum, RAS, Moscow, Russia (96255).

**References:** (1) Pekov, I.V., S.N. Britvin, V.O. Yapaskurt, N.N. Koshlyakova, Y.S. Polekhovsky, J. Göttlicher, N.V. Chukanov, M.F. Vigasina, S.V. Krivovichev, A.G. Turchkova, and E.G. Siderov (2020) Arsmirandite, Na<sub>18</sub>Cu<sub>12</sub>Fe<sup>3+</sup>O<sub>8</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>8</sub>Cl<sub>5</sub>, and lehmannite, Na<sub>18</sub>Cu<sub>12</sub>TiO<sub>8</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>8</sub>FCls, new minerals from fumerole exhalations of the Tolbachik Volcano, Kamchatka, Russia. Zap. Ross. Mineral. Obshch., 149(3), 1-17.