

**Manganvesuvianite**

**Crystal Data:** Tetragonal. *Point Group:* 6. As prismatic, often striated, crystals, to 1.5 cm, with {100} dominant, {110} minor, and {101} termination. *Twinning:* Merohedral{110}.

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* n.d. *Tenacity:* Brittle. *Fracture:* Subconchoidal. Hardness = 6-7  
D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = 3.404

**Optical Properties:** Transparent, opaque (thick crystals). *Color:* Maroon-red to black with dark red internal reflections. *Streak:* Colorless. *Luster:* Vitreous.

*Optical Class:* Uniaxial (-).  $\epsilon = 1.731(1)$   $\omega = 1.719(1)$  *Pleochroism:* Strong, *E* = yellowish, *O* = dark red.

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:* P4/n.  $a = 15.575(2)$   $c = 11.824(2)$

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** n.d. Chemically zoned material precluded a good pattern. Similar to other vesuvianite group members.

<b>Chemistry:</b>	(1)
SiO <sub>2</sub>	36.15
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	14.73
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1.12
Mn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	6.79
MgO	2.35
CaO	35.73
CuO	0.02
SrO	0.11
Na <sub>2</sub> O	0.03
F	0.12
Cl	0.01
H <sub>2</sub> O	[2.67]
<u>-O = (F, Cl)</u>	<u>0.07</u>
Total	99.76

(1) N'Chwaning II mine, South Africa; average electron microprobe analysis, H<sub>2</sub>O calculated; corresponds to simplified formula Ca<sub>19</sub>Mn<sup>3+</sup>(Al,Mn<sup>3+</sup>,Fe<sup>3+</sup>)<sub>10</sub>(Mg,Mn<sup>2+</sup>)<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>18</sub>O<sub>69</sub>(OH)<sub>9</sub>.

**Mineral Group:** Vesuvianite group.

**Occurrence:** In calc-silicate lenses formed by hydrothermal alteration of primary sedimentary and low-grade metamorphic manganese ores.

**Association:** Grossular, xonotlite, calcite, serandite-pectolite, strontioepimontite-tweedillite, mozartite, hydrogrossular, henritermierite.

**Distribution:** At the Wessels mine and N'Chwaning II mine [TL], Kalahari manganese fields, South Africa.

**Name:** Prefix, *mangan*, indicates a *vesuvianite* group mineral with the five-coordinated (Y') position occupied by Mn<sup>3+</sup>.

**Type Material:** Natural History Museum, Bern, Switzerland (NMBE 35474).

**References:** (1) Armbruster, T., E. Gnos, R. Dixon, J. Gutzmer, C. Hejny, N. Döbelin, and O. Medenbach (2003) Manganvesuvianite and tweddillite, two new Mn<sup>3+</sup>-silicate minerals from the Kalahari manganese fields, South Africa. *Mineral. Mag.*, 66(1), 137-150. (2) (2002) *Amer. Mineral.*, 88, 251-252 (abs. ref. 1).