

Crystal Data: Monoclinic. *Point Group:* 2. As rectangular tabular crystals flattened on {001} and modified by {100} and {101}, to 2 cm; in subparallel growths and fanlike aggregates.
Twinning: Lamellar twinning || {100} and {010} observed optically.

Physical Properties: *Cleavage:* Perfect on {001}; distinct on {010}. *Tenacity:* Thin plates are flexible. Hardness = 2-2.5 D(meas.) = 3.94 D(calc.) = 3.78 Radioactive.
Fluorescent green under SW and LW UV.

Optical Properties: Transparent to translucent. *Color:* Yellow, yellow-green. *Luster:* Waxy, pearly on {001}.
Optical Class: Biaxial (-). $\alpha = 1.610$ $\beta = 1.621-1.623$ $\gamma = 1.622-1.623$ $2V(\text{meas.}) = 0^\circ-45^\circ$
Pleochroism: X = colorless; Y = Z = pale canary yellow. *Orientation:* X = c. *Dispersion:* r > v.

Cell Data: *Space Group:* P2₁. a = 6.965(3) b = 6.964(2) c = 17.65(1) $\beta = 90^\circ$ Z = 2

X-ray Powder Pattern: Streuberg, Bergen, Germany. (ICDD 36-407).
8.82 (100), 4.410 (55), 3.723 (50), 2.708 (20), 2.205 (18), 1.4621 (18), 5.46 (15)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
UO ₃	56.86	58.65	BaO	14.57
P ₂ O ₅	15.06	14.55	H ₂ O	13.99
			Total	100.48
				100.00

(1) The Falkenstein, Germany. (2) Ba(UO₂)₂(PO₄)₂·6H₂O.

Mineral Group: Meta-autunite group.

Occurrence: Typically, a secondary mineral in the oxidized zone of some uranium deposits; may be primary in low-temperature veins.

Association: Autunite, torbernite.

Distribution: In Germany, from Bergen, near the Falkenstein, Vogtland, and from Schwarzenberg and Aue, Saxony; at Wölsendorf, Bavaria; and from Menzenschwand, Black Forest. A uranium ore at Cayrou, Entraygues, Aveyron, France. At the Bota-Burum uraninite-sulfide deposit, Kazakhstan. From Vinaninkarena, near Antsirabe, Madagascar. At the Mounana mine, Franceville, Gabon. In the USA, in the Honeycomb Hills, Juab Co., Utah; the Wind River Basin, Fremont Co., Wyoming; and from Annie Creek, Lawrence Co., South Dakota; found near Cameron, Coconino Co., Arizona.

Name: The prefix *meta* indicates the dehydration product of *uranocircite*, named for its content of *uranium*, and from the Greek for *falcon*, for its occurrence at the Falkenstein, Germany.

Type Material: State Museum for Mineralogy and Geology, Dresden; Mining Academy, Freiberg, Germany.

References: (1) Palache, C., H. Berman, and C. Frondel (1951) Dana's system of mineralogy, (7th edition), v. II, 987-988 [uranocircite = metauranocircite]. (2) Nuffield, E.W. and I.H. Milne (1953) Studies of radioactive compounds: VI - metauranocircite. *Amer. Mineral.*, 38, 476-488. (3) Frondel, C. (1958) Systematic mineralogy of uranium and thorium. *U.S. Geol. Sur. Bull.* 1064, 211-215. (4) Walenta, K. (1963) Über die Barium-Uranylphosphatmineralien Uranocircit I, Uranocircite II, Meta-uranocircit I und Meta-Uranocircite II von Menzenschwand im südlichen Schwarzwald. *Jahresheft geol. Landesamt Baden-Württemberg*, 6, 113-135 (in German). (5) Barinova, A.V., R.K. Rastsvetaeva, G.A. Sidorenko, N.V. Chukanov, D.Yu. Pushcharovskii, M. Pasero, and S. Merlino (2003) Crystal structure of metauranocircite Ba(UO₂)₂(PO₄)₂·6H₂O. *Doklady Chem.*, 398, 58-61. (6) (2004) *Amer. Mineral.*, 89(12), 1833 (abs. ref. 5). (7) Locock, A.J., P.C. Burns, and T.M. Flynn (2005) Structures of strontium- and barium-dominant compounds that contain the autunite-type sheet. *Can. Mineral.*, 43, 721-733. (8) (2005) *Amer. Mineral.*, 90(11), 1951 (abs. ref. 7).