

**Crystal Data:** Hexagonal. *Point Group:* 3m. As irregular grains to 0.3 mm; in nest-like accumulations of irregular form, thin veinlets, or small disseminations.

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* None. *Tenacity:* Brittle. *Fracture:* Uneven to conchoidal. Hardness = ~5 D(meas.) = 4.72 (partially metamict) D(calc.) = 2.423 Nonfluorescent.

**Optical Properties:** Transparent to translucent. *Color:* Brownish to reddish, orange-yellow in thin fragments. *Streak:* Light brown. *Luster:* Vitreous to greasy.  
*Optical Class:* Uniaxial (-).  $\omega = 1.734(2)$   $\epsilon = 1.728(2)$

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:* R3m.  $a = 10.7527(7)$   $c = 27.4002(18)$  Z = 3

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Tommot REE-Nb deposit, Yakutia, Russia.  
 2.968 (100b), 3.144 (77b), 3.028 (45b), 4.441 (36), 1.782 (32), 1.713 (32), 2.672 (30)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
Na <sub>2</sub> O	1.32	2.11	Tb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.36
MgO	n.d.	0.20	Dy <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	3.02
CaO	5.23	5.60	Ho <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.47
MnO	2.38	2.15	Er <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1.54
PbO	0.12	n.a.	Tm <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.38
B <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	4.08	n.d.	Yb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.91
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	n.d.	1.27	Lu <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.26
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	n.d.	3.69	SiO <sub>2</sub>	13.90
FeO	[2.19]	n.d.	TiO <sub>2</sub>	0.07
Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	15.30	14.01	ThO <sub>2</sub>	0.93
La <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	5.54	6.25	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	1.83
Ce <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	15.24	13.71	As <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	0.18
Pr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1.95	2.37	H <sub>2</sub> O	n.a.
Nd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	9.79	9.22	F	9.36
Sm <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	2.78	3.03	<u>-O = F-</u>	3.94
Eu <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.89	n.a.	Total	100.01
Gd <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	3.93	4.19	100.13	
			[n.a. = not analyzed n.d. = not detected]	

(1) Tommot REE-Nb deposit, Yakutia, Russia; average electron microprobe analysis, FeO from structure; corresponds to  $(\text{Y}_{3.70}\text{REE}_{7.54}\text{Ca}_{1.55}\text{Na}_{1.16}\text{Mn}_{0.77}\text{Th}_{0.10}\text{Pb}_{0.01})_{\Sigma=4.83}(\text{Fe}^{2+}_{0.83}\text{Mn}_{0.15}\text{Ti}_{0.02})_{\Sigma=1.00}\text{Ca}_{1.00}(\text{P}_{0.70}\text{Si}_{0.26}\text{As}_{0.04})_{\Sigma=1.00}\text{Si}_{6.05}\text{B}_{3.20}(\text{O}_{34.55}\text{F}_{13.45})_{\Sigma=48}$ . (2) Do.; wet chemical analysis.

**Mineral Group:** Vicanite group.

**Occurrence:** In pegmatites and the enclosing crystalline schists and aegirinized gneisses.

**Association:** Chevkinite, fergusonite, gadolinite, britholite, alkali amphibole, fluorite, pyrite, molybdenite.

**Distribution:** From the Tommot REE-Nb deposit in Yakutia, Russia.

**Name:** Honors Evgeniy Grigor'evich Proshchenko (1929-1996), Russian mineralogist and senior author of the first paper about the material now a new species. A suffix indicates the dominant rare earth element.

**Type Material:** Natural History Museum, University of Oslo, Norway (42029).

**References:** (1) Raade, G., J.D. Grice, M. Erambert, P. Kristiansson, and T. Witzke (2008) Proshchenkoite-(Y) from Russia - a new mineral species in the vicanite group: Descriptive data and crystal structure. Mineral. Mag., 72, 1071-1082.