**Crystal Data**: Monoclinic. *Point Group*: 2/m. Crystals tabular on {100}, to prismatic along [001], showing {100}, {110}, {011}, {010}, {101}, and {001}, to 4 cm; in rosettes and radial aggregates.

**Physical Properties**: Cleavage: Good on  $\{100\}$ . Hardness =  $\sim 4$  D(meas.) = 3.20-3.69 D(calc.) = 3.339

**Optical Properties**: Transparent. *Color*: Pale rose-red, orange-pink, colorless; colorless in transmitted light. *Streak*: White. *Luster*: Vitreous. *Optical Class*: Biaxial (-). *Pleochroism*: Moderate; X = very pale orange-pink; Y = exceedingly pale orange-pink; Z = pale orange-pink. *Orientation*: X = b;  $Y \land c = 30^{\circ}-40^{\circ}$ . *Absorption*: Z >> X > Y.  $\alpha = 1.660-1.713$   $\beta = 1.670-1.723$   $\gamma = 1.676-1.729$   $2V(\text{meas.}) = 70.5^{\circ}-76^{\circ}$   $2V(\text{calc.}) = 75^{\circ}-75.6^{\circ}$ 

**Cell Data**: *Space Group*: C2/c. a = 18.400(2) b = 9.4778(10) c = 9.9594(12)  $\beta = 96.587(3)^{\circ}$  Z = 4

**X-ray Powder Pattern**: Sainte-Marie-aux-Mines, France. 3.297 (100), 8.476 (90), 3.132 (60), 4.606 (50), 4.761 (40), 3.811 (40), 3.025 (40)

100.39

Chemistry:		(1)	(2)
	$As_2O_5$	52.99	50.6
	FeO		0.1
	MnO	22.40	36.2
	ZnO		2.9
	CaO	13.58	0.5
	$H_2O$	11.42	9.9

Total

(1) Sainte-Marie-aux-Mines, France; by electron microprobe, total Mn as MnO,  $H_2O$  by TGA; reducing  $H_2O$  to 10.7% by analogy to other group members, corresponds to  $(Mn^{2+}_{2.74}Ca_{2.10})_{\Sigma=4.84}$   $(H_2O)_4(AsO_3OH)_{2.31}(AsO_4)_{1.69}$ . (2) Mapimí, Mexico; by electron microprobe, average of five points over several crystals; total Mn as MnO,  $H_2O$  by moisture evolution analyzer; corresponds to  $(Mn_{4.62}Zn_{0.32}Ca_{0.08}Fe_{0.01})_{\Sigma=5.03}(AsO_4)_{2.08}(AsO_3OH)_{1.92}\cdot4.04H_2O$ .

100.2

Polymorphism & Series: Ordered intermediate member of the sainfeldite-miguelromeroite series.

**Occurrence**: A rare post-mine low-temperature reaction product of carbonate gangue with arsenical solutions derived from arsenic (Sainte-Marie-aux-Mines, France); on a museum specimen from the oxidized zone of an arsenic-rich base metal deposit (Mapimí, Mexico); on a single specimen from a metamorphosed stratiform zinc orebody (Sterling Hill, New Jersey, USA).

**Association**: Fluckite, picropharmacolite, pharmacolite, arsenic (Sainte-Marie-aux-Mines, France); ogdensburgite, arseniosiderite, chalcophanite, adamite, Fe-Mn oxides (Mapimí, Mexico); manganoan calcite, willemite, franklinite (Sterling Hill, New Jersey, USA).

**Distribution**: From Sainte-Marie-aux-Mines, Haut-Rhin, France. At Jáchymov (Joachimsthal), Czech Republic. Large crystals at the Ojuela mine, Mapimí, Durango, Mexico. In the Veta Negra mine, Pampa Larga district, Tierra Amarilla, southeast of Copiapó, Chile. From Sterling Hill, Ogdensburg, Sussex Co., New Jersey, USA. At the Gozaisho mine, Iwaki, Japan.

Name: Honors Dr. Villy Aellen, Director, Natural History Museum, Geneva, Switzerland.

**Type Material**: Natural History Museum, Geneva, Switzerland, 435/76.

**References**: (1) Sarp, H. (1984) Villyaellenite, H<sub>2</sub>(Mn, Ca)<sub>5</sub>(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>4</sub>·4H<sub>2</sub>O un nouveau minéral de Sainte-Marie aux Mines (France). Schweiz. Mineral. Petrog. Mitt., 64, 323-328 (in French with English abs.). (2) (1986) Amer. Mineral., 71, 1547 (abs. ref. 1). (3) Kampf, A.R. and C.R. Ross II (1988) End-member villyaellenite from Mapimi, Durango, Mexico: descriptive mineralogy, crystal structure, and implications for the ordering of Mn and Ca in type villyaellenite. Amer. Mineral., 73, 1172-1178. (4) Kampf, A.R. (2009) Miguelromeroite, the Mn analogue of sainfeldite, and redefinition of villyaellenite as an ordered intermediate in the sainfeldite-miguelromeroite series. Amer. Mineral., 94, 1535-1540.