

**Crystal Data:** Hexagonal. *Point Group:*  $\bar{3}$ . As trigonal prismatic crystals, displaying {110}, {001}, and elongated along [001], to 50  $\mu\text{m}$  (1*T* polytype). As curved disc-like tablets, to 20  $\mu\text{m}$ , flattened on {001} and bound by indistinct forms in the [001] zone; in rosettes to 50  $\mu\text{m}$  (9*R* polytype).

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:* On {001}. Hardness = n.d. D(meas.) = n.d. D(calc.) = n.d.

**Optical Properties:** Transparent. *Color:* Colorless (1*T*); pale blue (9*R*). *Streak:* White.

*Luster:* Vitreous.

*Optical Class:* Uniaxial (-).  $\omega = 1.647(2)$   $\varepsilon = 1.626(2)$  (9*R*)

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:*  $P\bar{3}$ .  $a = 5.321(1)$   $c = 9.786(2)$   $Z = 1$  (1*T*)

*Space Group:*  $R\bar{3}$ .  $a = 5.340(2)$   $c = 88.01(2)$   $Z = 9$  (9*R*)

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Lucchetti marble quarry, near Carrara, Apuan Alps, Tuscany, Italy. (1*T*) 4.987 (100), 2.343 (88), 4.180 (57), 1.806 (57), 4.615 (35), 2.667 (31), 3.366 (18)

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Monte Avanza mine, near Pierabec, Friuli-Venezia Giulia, Italy. (9*R*)

4.886 (100), 2.338 (73), 1.798 (43), 4.550 (28), 2.6625 (27), 9.811 (23), 1.539 (18)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)	(3)
Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	34.12	33.45	33.19
ZnO	32.34	33.66	18.61
CuO			14.56
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	11.39	10.54	11.27
SiO <sub>2</sub>	0.74		
H <sub>2</sub> O	[21.41]	22.35	[22.77]
Total	100.00	100.00	100.64

(1) Lucchetti marble quarry, near Carrara, Apuan Alps, Tuscany, Italy; average electron microprobe analysis, H<sub>2</sub>O by difference and OH<sup>-</sup> confirmed by structure analysis; corresponding to (Zn<sub>1.90</sub>Al<sub>1.08</sub>Sb<sub>1.02</sub>)O<sub>6.05</sub>·5.7H<sub>2</sub>O (1*T* polytype). (2) SbZn<sub>2</sub>Al(OH)<sub>12</sub> or Zn<sub>2</sub>Al(OH)<sub>6</sub>[Sb(OH)<sub>6</sub>]. (3) Monte Avanza mine, near Pierabec, Friuli-Venezia Giulia, Italy; electron microprobe analysis; corresponds to (Zn<sup>2+</sup><sub>1.09</sub>Cu<sup>2+</sup><sub>0.87</sub>Al<sub>0.04</sub>) $\Sigma=2.00$ Al<sub>1.01</sub>(Sb<sup>5+</sup><sub>0.97</sub>Si<sub>0.02</sub>) $\Sigma=0.99$ (OH)<sub>12</sub> (9*R* polytype).

**Polymorphism & Series:** 1*T* and 9*R* polytypes.

**Mineral Group:** Hydrotalcite supergroup, cualstibite group.

**Occurrence:** In cavities in marble likely an alteration product of different sulfides (sphalerite, zinkenite, stibioluzonite) by low-temperature Al-rich hydrothermal fluids (1*T*); a secondary mineral is the weathering zone of a tetrahedrite-tennantite, galena, sphalerite and pyrite deposit (9*R*).

**Association:** Mimetite, opal, an amorphous copper-silicate phase (1*T*); cyanophyllite, linarite, baryte, quartz, goethite (9*R*).

**Distribution:** From Italy, at the Lucchetti marble quarry, near Carrara, Apuan Alps, Tuscany (1*T* polytype) and the Monte Avanza Cu-Ag mine, southern side of Monte Avanza, near Pierabec, municipality of Forni Avoltri, Udine Province, Friuli-Venezia Giulia (9*R* polytype).

**Name:** For the composition, as a mineral with essential *zinc*, and structurally related to *cualstibite*.

**Type Material:** Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County, California, USA (63840). (9*R*)

**References:** (1) Bonaccorsi, E., S. Merlino, and P. Orlandi (2007) Zincalstibite, a new mineral, and cualstibite: Crystal chemical and structural relationships. *Amer. Mineral.*, 92, 198-203. (2) Mills, S.J., A.G. Christy, A.R. Kampf, R.M. Housley, G. Favreau, J.-C. Boulliard, and V. Bourgoin, (2012) Zincalstibite-9*R*: the first 9-layer polytype with the layered double hydroxide structure-type. *Mineral. Mag.*, 76, 1337-1345. (3) Mills, S.J., A.G. Christy, J.-M.R. Geñin, T. Kameda, and F. Colombo (2012) Nomenclature of the hydrotalcite supergroup: natural layered double hydroxides. *Mineral. Mag.*, 76(5), 1289-1336.