

Crystal Data: Triclinic. *Point Group:* 1 or $\bar{1}$. As crusts of hexagonal crystals, bladed to platy on (001), to 50 μm .

Physical Properties: *Cleavage:* None. *Fracture:* Irregular. *Tenacity:* Brittle. Hardness = 2 (estimated). D(meas.) = 2.21(3) D(calc.) = 2.287

Optical Properties: Translucent to transparent. *Color:* White. *Streak:* White. *Luster:* Pearly. *Optical Class:* Biaxial (-). α (calc.) = 1.556 β = 1.558(2) γ = 1.562(2) 2V (meas.) = 60-80° Orientation: $X \approx c$.

Cell Data: *Space Group:* P1 or $P\bar{1}$. $a = 7.460(1)$ $b = 7.737(1)$ $c = 12.385(5)$ $\alpha = 102.79(2)^\circ$ $\beta = 90.20(3)^\circ$ $\gamma = 116.33(2)^\circ$ $Z = 1$

X-ray Powder Pattern: Kobokobo pegmatite, Democratic Republic of the Congo. 11.990 (100), 6.868 (45), 3.552 (39), 6.006 (33), 3.081 (29), 3.714 (27), 3.028 (22)

Chemistry:	(1)	(2)
Na ₂ O	0.06	
CaO	0.18	
Mn	0.01	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.31	
Al ₂ O ₃	35.16	36.33
P ₂ O ₅	33.25	33.71
H ₂ O	29.52	29.96
F	0.76	
-O=F	0.32	
Total	99.93	100.00

(1) Kobokobo pegmatite, Democratic Republic of the Congo; average of 9 electron microprobe analyses, H₂O by CHN method, corresponding to $(\text{Al}_{5.85}\text{Fe}^{3+}_{0.14}\text{Ca}_{0.03}\text{Na}_{0.02})_{\Sigma=6.04}(\text{PO}_4)_{3.97}[(\text{OH})_{5.80}\text{F}_{0.34}]_{\Sigma=6.14} \cdot 10.98\text{H}_2\text{O}$. (2) $\text{Al}_6(\text{PO}_4)_4(\text{OH})_6 \cdot 11\text{H}_2\text{O}$.

Occurrence: A secondary mineral formed by weathering of the upper branch of a zoned albite-beryl-microcline pegmatite of the LCT family, rare-element class, Li subclass, beryl type, beryl-columbite/beryl-phosphate subtype.

Association: Frondelite, keckite, planerite, variscite, wavellite (“coeruleolactite”), muscovite-2M₂, evansite, apatite-(CaOH).

Distribution: Kobokobo pegmatite, South Kivu Province, Democratic Republic of the Congo.

Name: For the pegmatite body (*Kobokobo*) from which the first specimens were collected.

Type Material: Museum Victoria, Melbourne, Australia, (M49194).

References: (1) Mills, S.J., W.D. Birch, A.R. Kampf, and L. van Wambeke (2010) Kobokoboite, $\text{Al}_6(\text{PO}_4)_4(\text{OH})_6 \cdot 11\text{H}_2\text{O}$, a new mineral from the Kobokobo pegmatite, Democratic Republic of the Congo. *European Journal of Mineralogy*, 22, 305-308. (2) (2014) *Amer. Mineral.*, 99, 553-554 (abs. ref. 1).