

# Kostylevite

# $\text{K}_2\text{ZrSi}_3\text{O}_9 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$

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**Crystal Data:** Monoclinic. *Point Group:*  $2/m$ . As crystals elongated  $\parallel [001]$ , showing  $\{001\}$ ,  $\{010\}$ ,  $\{100\}$ , and  $\{011\}$ . *Twinning:* On  $\{100\}$ .

**Physical Properties:** *Cleavage:*  $\{110\}$ , perfect. *Hardness* =  $\sim 5$  *VHN* = 428–435  
 $D(\text{meas.}) = 2.74$   $D(\text{calc.}) = 2.79$

**Optical Properties:** Transparent. *Color:* Colorless. *Luster:* Vitreous.

*Optical Class:* Biaxial (+). *Orientation:*  $X = b$ ;  $Y \wedge c = 45^\circ$ . *Dispersion:*  $r < v$ , weak.  
 $\alpha = 1.595(2)$   $\beta = 1.598(2)$   $\gamma = 1.610(2)$   $2V(\text{meas.}) = 48^\circ$

**Cell Data:** *Space Group:*  $P2_1/a$ .  $a = 13.171(4)$   $b = 11.717(4)$   $c = 6.565(2)$   $\beta = 105.26^\circ$   
 $Z = 2$

**X-ray Powder Pattern:** Khibiny massif, Russia.  
3.087 (100), 5.60 (60), 3.336 (53), 2.802 (53), 6.42 (47), 5.86 (31), 5.24 (31)

## Chemistry:

	(1)	(2)
$\text{SiO}_2$	42.01	43.37
$\text{TiO}_2$	2.06	
$\text{ZrO}_2$	23.90	29.64
$\text{HfO}_2$	0.61	
$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$	0.02	
$\text{CaO}$	0.00	
$\text{Na}_2\text{O}$	0.00	
$\text{K}_2\text{O}$	22.14	22.66
$\text{H}_2\text{O}$		4.33
Total	90.74	100.00

(1) Khibiny massif, Russia; by electron microprobe. Presence of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  is shown by strong IR absorption bands; if 1.00  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  is assumed to satisfy structural requirements and measured density, note the analysis will then sum to only  $\sim 95\%$  however. (2) $\text{K}_2\text{ZrSi}_3\text{O}_9 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ .

**Polymorphism & Series:** Dimorphous with umbite.

**Occurrence:** In alkalic pegmatite in a differentiated alkalic massif.

**Association:** Umbite, wadeite, eudialyte, potassian feldspar, aegirine.

**Distribution:** In the valley of the Vuonnemiok River, Khibiny massif, Kola Peninsula, Russia.

**Name:** For Ekaterina Evtikhievna Kostyleva-Labuntsova (1894–1974), Russian mineralogist, Institute of Geology of Ore Deposits, Petrology, Mineralogy, and Geochemistry, Moscow, Russia.

**Type Material:** Geology Museum, Kola Branch, Academy of Sciences, Apatity; Mining Institute, St. Petersburg, 1634/1; A.E. Fersman Mineralogical Museum, Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia, 82757.

**References:** (1) Khomyakov, A.P., A.A. Voronkov, L.I Polezhaeva, and N.N. Smol'yaninova (1983) Kostylevite,  $\text{K}_4\text{Zr}_2\text{Si}_6\text{O}_{18} \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , a new mineral. *Zap. Vses. Mineral. Obshch.*, 112, 469–474 (in Russian). (2) Ilyushin, G.D., A.P. Khomyakov, N.V. Shumyatskaya, A.A. Voronkov, N.N. Nevezkii, V.V. Ilyukhin, and N.V. Belov (1981) Crystal structure of a new natural zirconosilicate,  $\text{K}_4\text{Zr}_2\text{Si}_6\text{O}_{18} \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . *Doklady Acad. Nauk SSSR*, 256, 860–863 (in Russian). (3) (1984) Amer. Mineral., 69, 812 (abs. refs. 1 and 2).