Crystal Data: Triclinic. *Point Group*: 1. As lenticular crystals, in aggregates to ~0.5 mm.

**Physical Properties**: Cleavage: None. Fracture: Curved. Tenacity: Brittle. Hardness =  $\sim$ 3.5 D(meas.) = 2.72(3) D(calc.) = 2.709 Quickly soluble in dilute (10%) HCl.

**Optical Properties**: Transparent. *Color*: White to colorless. *Streak*: White. *Luster*: Vitreous. *Optical Class*: Biaxial (–).  $\alpha = 1.556(1)$   $\beta = 1.581(1)$   $\gamma = 1.588(1)$  2V(meas.) = 54(1)° 2V(calc.) = 55.1° *Dispersion*: Weak, r > v. *Pleochroism*: None.

**Cell Data**: Space Group:  $P\bar{1}$  . a = 5.8207(4) b = 8.0959(6) c = 8.21296(6)  $\alpha = 95.8343(7)^{\circ}$   $\beta = 110.762(8)^{\circ}$   $\gamma = 104.012(7)^{\circ}$  Z = 1

**X-ray Powder Pattern**: Giftgrube mine, Rauenthal, Sainte-Marie-Aux-Mines district, France. 5.07 (100), 6.03 (60), 2.858 (51), 5.66 (47), 3.992 (43), 7.56 (41), 3.783 (36)

## **Chemistry**:

	(1)	(2)
CaO	17.34	17.07
$Sb_2O_5$	23.92	24.63
$SiO_2$	0.12	
$As_2O_5$	34.93	34.99
$H_2O$	[23.50]	23.31
Total	99.81	100.00

(1) Giftgrube mine, Rauenthal, Sainte-Marie-Aux-Mines district, France; average electron microprobe analysis supplemented by Raman spectroscopy, H<sub>2</sub>O calculated from structure; corresponds to Ca<sub>2.03</sub>Sb<sub>0.97</sub>(OH)<sub>4</sub>[H<sub>1.10</sub>(As<sub>1.99</sub>Si<sub>0.01</sub>O<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]•6H<sub>2</sub>O. (2) Ca<sub>2</sub>Sb(OH)<sub>4</sub>[H(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]•6H<sub>2</sub>O.

**Occurrence**: A supergene mineral from the oxidative weathering of primary As-mineralization [native arsenic, tennantite-tetrahedrite (fahlore), arsenides of Co and Ni, löllingite and chalcopyrite].

Association: Picropharmacolite, fluckite, pharmacolite, quartz, calcite, dolomite.

**Distribution**: From the Giftgrube mine, Rauenthal, Sainte-Marie-Aux-Mines district, Haut-Rhin department, Grand Est, France.

Name: From the acronym (SMAM) for the Sainte-Marie-aux-Mines district, were the mineral was found.

**Type Material**: Mineralogical Collection, Musée cantonal de géologie, University of Lausanne, Switzerland (MGL 093481, 093482, and 093483) and the Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County, Los Angeles, California, USA (67169).

**References**: (1) Plášil, J., A.R. Kampf, N. Meisser, C. Lheur, T. Brunsperger, and R. Škoda (2020) Smamite, Ca<sub>2</sub>Sb(OH)<sub>4</sub>[H(AsO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]·6H<sub>2</sub>O, a new mineral and a possible sink for Sb during weathering of fahlore. Amer. Mineral., 105(4), 555-560.