Blessings,

I pray this email finds you in good health.

I am often asked just how does MMS really work. Prior to being   
a dentist I was a chemistry major at University of Central   
Missouri so I used that basic understanding of chemistry and my   
observations, testing and extensive research of the literature of   
the observations of others to form this opinion and want to keep   
it as simple as possible. Paying careful attention to the 7   
details ensures that your mixture will be what you want it to be.

**The Action of MMS**  
MMS which is actually 22.4 % sodium chlorite, when combined with   
a weak acid such as Citric Acid then produces mostly 3 resultant   
products in varying amounts and others in minor amounts depending   
on purity of initial products.  
1--  chlorous acid  
2--  chlorite ion  
3--  chlorine dioxide

**There are 7 key details you must know to get the mixture right.**

Chlorine dioxide is believed to be the most active ingredient at   
the point of encounter with the infectious organism that does the  
disinfection or detoxing.

Upon careful observation though chlorine dioxide readily gets broken   
down after doing its job of disinfection. So for more disinfection to   
be done there needs to be a consistent supply of the chlorine dioxide   
so it can get to the areas where it is needed.

That is where it is believed to be that the chlorite ion   
comes into play. The chlorite ion when in contact with the   
acid waste by products of infectious bugs is able to be   
activated on site where needed to produce the chlorine dioxide.   
The chlorite ion unlike the chlorine dioxide does not readily   
break down and is able to pass through the stomach and be   
absorbed in the duodenum therefore able to circulate   
throughout the system.

So the chlorine dioxide is the disinfectant and the chlorite   
ion is the transporter and reserve potential producer of the   
chlorine dioxide.

Here is a simple test. Mix up some mms and activate it and test   
the chlorine dioxide ppm content with your test strips. Then put   
that mixture in your mouth and swish it around and then put it   
back it the glass and test it again. The ppm will be greatly   
reduced. Then come back in 10 minutes and test it again and   
you will see the ppm back up again.  The chlorite produced more   
chlorine dioxide, hence the chlorite is your reserve potential.

When using 22.4% sodium chlorite when you mix up a 3 drop dose    
of mms you can get a 50 ppm of Free chlorine dioxide if you do   
it right. The total potential though of 22.4% sodium chlorite   
is 224,000 ppm available chlorine dioxide.

So you can see that the chlorite ion has the stored potential   
to produce a lot of chlorine dioxide. Without the chlorite the   
amount of chlorine dioxide that you can absorb and circulate is   
greatly diminished.

But if you do not pay careful attention to the 7 Keys of   
mixing then you might not get what you set out to. We have   
observed some people only getting as low as 5 ppm and others   
50 ppm.

If you would like to know what these 7 critical areas are  
and specifically how they affect your MMS potency then   
pick up our newest guide: **MMS PLUS: Dozens of High-Beneficial**   
**Ways to Dramatically Increase Your Health by Adding to Your MMS**   
**Regimen.**

Follow this link: <http://www.voiceofmms.com/sp/12016-mms-plus>

Be sure to forward this email to your friends who use MMS so  
they too can reap the benefits.

Yours in health,

Dr Ron Neer

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